PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1868.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

VOLUME XXI.—NO. 272.

THE EVENING BULLETIN

TRUBERD RVERY EVENING (Sundays excepted), AT THE NEW BULLETEN BUILDING, 607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,

EVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION. EVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION.
GIBSON PEACOOR:
EKNEST C. WALLACE,
E. LETHERBTON, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON,
CASPER SOUDER, Jr., FRANCIE WELLS.
The BOLLETIN is served to subcriber in the city at 18
cents per week, payable to the carriers, or 88 per cannum.

INVITATIONS FOR WEDDINGS, PARTIES, &c., executed to a superior manner by DREKA, 1933 CHESTNUT STREET, 1620-tfs

DIEKA 103 CHESTAUT TIREET. 122-US

NE OUNCE. OF GOLD WILL BE GIVEN FOR
every ounce of adulteration found in B. T. BABBITT'S LION COFFFE. This Coffee is roasted, ground
and seales bernstelled the season of the coffee presents a rich, glossy appearance. Every
family should use it, as it is diffeen to twenty per cent,
stronger than other pure coffee. One can in every twenty
contains a Ore Dollar Greenback. For sale everywhere,
if your grocer does not keep this Coffee, and will not set
to for you, eend your orders direct to B. T. BAB-SITT, Noz.
et, 65, 65, 67, 66, 62, 77, 72 and 54 Washington street, New
York, or HENRY C. KELLEGIG, S. W. corner Water and
Chestrut streets, Philadelphia. fe22-as, 135

LAPSLEY.—On the 30th isst., Joseph B. Lapsley, in the 20d year of his age and friends of the family are respectfully noted to attend the funeral from his late residence. No. 718 Sprace street, on Monday morning, 24th inst., at 0.0°Clock. To proceed to Lawrel Hill Cometery.
LLUY D.—At Germantows, on the morning of the 20th mat., Ann Williams, daughter of hierry P. and Annabella W. Lloyd. In the 32d year of her sage.
The friends of the family are respectfully invited to strend her funeral, from the residence of her grandfather, to 47 The beach of the grandfather, at 10 0°clock. Interment at Laurel Hill.
MILLIGAN.—Un the 10th inst., Wm. C. Milligan, in the 20th year of his age.
The retaives and friends are invited to attend the uneval, from the 10th inst., wm. C. Milligan, in the 20th year of his age.
The retaives and friends are invited to attend the uneval, from his late residence, near Haddonfield. N. J., in Monday, the 24th inst., at ten a. M.
Interiment at laurel Hill Cometory.

1 M. Interiment at laurel Hill Cometory.
1 Prichett, and daughter of the late F. N. Patrullo, it his city.
The relatives and friends of the tausity are respectfully. .-On the 20th inst., Joseph R. Lapsley, in the

Princets and unaganese this city. The relatives and friends of the tamily are respectfully. The relatives and friends of the tamily are respectfully as ten in attend her impersi, from the residence of her aband, No. 116 Bouth, Ninctesuita street, on Monday, thingt, at horizont, without further notice. WaGNER—On the 19th lost, Tobias Wagner, in the

ith jear of this age.

Ills mair t tends are invited to attend his funeral, from its late residence. 1604 Chestaut street, this (Baturday) itemsoon. 22d just, at 3 o'clock, without further notice. INTE & LANDELL OPEN TO DAY THE LIGHT shades of Spring Poplins for the Farhionable Walking Bicel Colored Poplina. Mode Colored Poplina. Bler arek Exact Shada.

BELIGIOUS NOTICES. HE PHARISEE AND PUBLICAN."

By exercise to the YOL NE MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, RIN, T. DE WITT TALMAGE Will preach on the above as bject in TO MORROW (*UNDAY) EVENING, at The York Cook SEATS FREE.

SEATS FREE.

OCEAN INCIDENTS: OR THE GREAT EAST.
ERN WITH RROKEN RUDDER IN A HURRIGANE.—Lecture by Rev. 3. W. BONHAM a pas-enger,
in Lecture From of the Church of the intercessor. Spring
Graden street, below Bread, on TUESTAY EVENING.
February 25th, at 7.28 o'clock. Tekets 5s cents. May be
obtained at W. MANN'S, 43 South Fourth street, and at
the door.

1023-30rp*

the door. Thi: LAST OF THE SERIES OF SERMONS TO Medical Students by the Bishops and Clergy of the Protestant Episconal Church, will be delive ed by the R. Kev. Bishop Sedell at the Church of the Epiphany, Fifteenth and Chestnut streets, on Sunday Evening next, at 78 Oct look. o't lock. seath in the middle sink will be reserved for Stu-lto

dente.

FROM JOPPA TO THE JORDAN "-OWING to the inclement weather of last Monday evening the Lecture on the above supject, by Dr. Wm. Mason Turner, a nonneed for that evening, was postponed until Thursday evening, 27th inst., at which time it will be delivered in the Novil Raptiet Church Eighth street, above Master, commencing at 14 before 8 o'clock. MIBSIONARY ANNIVERSARY.—AT TRIN.TY
M. E. Church. Eighth street, above Baca, to-morrow (Sunc ay), Feb. 23d, freaching at 10% A. M., by Roy.
J. P. Dorbin, D.D.; at 7% P. M., by Roy. J. F. McCiciland,
The Sunday School will bold its anniversary at 3 P. M.
Bishop Sunpson will be present.
Exercises by the children of an interesting character. Its

Pastor First Baptist Church, Philadelphia, will preach the Fifth Sermon of the Conce, before the Young People's Association of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, Chestnut street, west of Eighteeuth, Sunday evening, February 250, at 7% o'clock. Subject, The Despised Eightright."

GITHEIGHT.

GENTENARY M. E. GBURGH, MORGAN'S Hall Camden. N.J. On Sunday February 22d, the New, G. B. Garrow, D. D., will preach in the morning and administer the Holy Communion. Service to commence at 10% o'clock. The Rev. H. daker, M. A., Pastor, will preach in the evening. Service at 7% o'clock.

A NIGHT STORM ON THE SEA OF GALILEE.

In the Bible." by Rev. Lr. March. to morrow (Sunday) evening, at 7% o'clock, in the Clinton Street Church, Tenth street, below Spruce. All persons cordially invited. If

ST. DAVID'S CHURCH, MANAYUNK - OPENing of the Organ, on MOND Y EVENING, 24th inst. Service to commence at 7% o'clock. A special train will leave for Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock, for the account modation of those who return to the city. modation of those who return to the city.

OLD PINE STREET CHURCH, FOURTH AND Pine. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. R. H. Allen, 10% A. M., and 7% P. M. Subject in the evening, "The cicneral Judgment." All invited.

UNION BIBLE CLASS AND PRAYER MESTing Tenight. Young Men's Christian Association, 2210 Chestaut street, at 80 clock. Bible Lesson, 1st chapter Acts. All invited.

ANNIVERSARY OF SUNDAY SCHOOL OF Church of the Intercency, Spring Garden, below Broad, on Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The evening vervice will be omitted. ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH. TWENTIETH

CALVARY PRESSYTERIAN CHURCH, LO-cust street, above Filteenth.—Freaching To-morrow coorning and evening by Rev.Dr. Butler, of this city. Its TRINITY CHURCH, CATHARINE, ABOVE Second street Roy. John W. Brown, Rector. Services to-morrow at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M. 1t* WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SEV. enteenth and Filbert streets.—Rov. Mr. Bridells will greach Sabbath morning and afternoon.

NORTH BROAD STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church.—Rev. Mr. Stitt, of Maryland, will preach to motrow at 16% A. M., and \$% P. M. FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WASH ington square. The Rev. S. E. Adams, D. D., will preach to morrow, 10% A. M. and 8% P. M. Dr. SEISS ON THE APOCALYPSE-SOULS under the Altar-To-morrow evening, 7% o'clock, at St. John's, Race street below Sixth. ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-THIRD. BELOW Welaut-will be open as usual To-morrow Even-

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A NEW LECTURE

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Thursday Evening, February 27, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION. Subject. "THE PURSUIT OF HAPPINESS."
Admission to all parts of the house, 50 cents. No extra
harpe for Reserved Stats, Tikets for sale at 1. E.
GOULD'S New Plano. Store, 223 CHESTNUT street.
Doors open at 7. Lecture begins at 8. fe30-3trp

SELECT ENTERTAINMENT. TOWN HALL, GERMANTOWN. READINGS AND IMPERSONATIONS.

From Shakespeare, Dicken, &c.,

TUFSDAY EVENING, February 25th, 1868, at 8 o'clock.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL CORNER OF FRANKFURD ROAD and FALMER STREET COPPOSITE OF THE STREET COPPOSITE OF THE STREET Accident cross received if brought immediately after-teeption of injury.

Lying in cases received at a moderate rate of board. The medical and surgical advice given on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons between 4 and 6 octs. feiz tire and Saturday Atternoons Detween 4 and 6 o'clk. felt tipe DOCH will take place at CONCERT HALL on MONDAY EVENING, February 24th, 1888, when he will mend choice selections of poetry and prose, Admission forents. For sale at TRUMPLER'S, No. Reserved seats 75 cents. For sale at TRUMPLER'S, No. 6th Cheatant street; BONER & CO., 102 Cheatant street, and at the Hall.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

REPRESENTATION AND THE COLUMN A

MO HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY. The second Concert of the season will be given at the Academy of Muele, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, February 25, when the Oratorio of

DAVID Will be performed, with the assistance of Mrs. FOPH A MOZART, Soprane, Mr. GEORGE SIMPSON and Mr. J. GRAF, Touors, Mr. A. R. TAYLER and Mr. GILCHRIST, Bassos, And CARL SENTZ, Grand Orchestra. Subscribers can obtain their tickets at Trumpler's, their seats having been located in the order of their subscribers will be taken for the two remaining concerts.

concerta.

The box sheet will be open on Tuesday, 18th inst. Admittance, One Dollar. Reserved seats, One Dollar and Fifty cents.

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, January 30, 1869.
This Company is prepared to purchase its Loan due in 1870, at par. BOLOMON SHEPHERD, Treasurer. No. 122 South Second Street. ja20-tfrp

J. KNOX. OF PITTSBURGH, CAN BE SEEN at 277 Market street, Philadelphia, ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY, the 24th and 55th inst., by thos: wishing to consult him in reference to Small Fruit Culture, or a supply of choice vices and plants. HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518 AND 1520
Lombard street, Dispensary Department.—Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the

POLITICAL NOTICES.

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN CITY EX

In accordance with the call of the Republican State Ex ecutive Committee, the Republican citizens of Phila, delphia will meet in their respective election divisions on the 4th TUESDAY of February, 25th inst., between the hours of 6 and 8 o'clock P. M., to elect one delegate from each division to a Congressional Convention, said Convention to elect two delegates and two alternates from each Congressional District to the National Convention to be held in Chicago, on the 20th day of May next, ito nominate a candidate for President and Vice President of

the United States.

Also, one Senatorial and one Representative delegate from each division to the several Senatorial and Representative Conventions, to elect delegates to the State Convention to be held in Philadelphia, on the 11th day of March next, which Convention shall nominate candi dates for Auditor and Burveyor-General, elect four dele gates to the National Convention, and form the Electoral

Eaid Conventions shall meet the following morning February 26th, at 10 o'clock, at such places as are provided for in Rule Teath of the Rules for the government of the Union Republican Party. Except the Second Congressional, and the First and Fifth Representative Conven tions, which shall meet as follows:

Second Congressional Convention at No. 18 South Broad

Fifth Representative Convention at northwest corner o Sixth and Sansom etreets.

These elections shall be held in conformity with the

Supplementary Rules adopted Feb. 4th, 1868. By order of the Republican City Executive Committee WM. R. LEEGS, President.

JOHN L. HILL. Secretaries. John L. Hill.
Frace Moberne.

TO THE REPUBLICAN VOTERS OF TENTH
WARD.—Agreeably to the call of the UNION REPUBLICAN CITY EXECUTIVE COMMITTER, the
Republican citizens of the Tenth Ward will assemble in
their respective Election Divisions on TLESDAY EVEN.
ING. February 25, between the bours of 6 and 8 o'clock,
and elect one Delegate from each Livision to the Congressional, Senatorial and Representative Conventions.
First Division—No. 141 N. Ninth atreet.
Second Division—N. W. corner Ninth and Cherry.
Third Division—S. W. cor. Eleventh and Vine streets.
Fourth Division—S. W. cor. Eleventh and Race.
Fifth Division—S. W. cor. Broad and Race streets.
Seventh Division—S. W. cor. Statemth and Cherry.
Righth Division—S. W. cor. Twenty-irist and Cherry.
Ninth Division—S. W. cor. Twenty-irist and Cherry.
HENRY C. HOWELL, President.
HENRY C. HOWELL, President. fel9-6trps

AMUSEMENTS.

THE THEATRES.—At the Chestnut, this evening, The Flying Scud, and Black-Eyed Susan will be performed. At the Walnut, Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams will close their engagement with Connie Soogah and Par's Blunders. At the Arch Under the Gaslight for the last time. The American presents a varied bill.

TESTIMONIAL.—The complimentary testimonial which has been tendered to Mr. S. K. Murdoch by a large number of well-known citizens promises to be a complete and gratifying success. The ises to be a complete and gratifying success. The gentlemen who have this matter in hand were induced to take action in it, because of their appre-ciation of Mr. Murdoch's arduous services in behalf of our soldiers during the war. Mr. M. did a great and noble work in the camps and hospitals, and raised large sums of money for the relief of the necessities of those who were defending the country. He is a fine elecutionist, and as his selections are of the best

character, the entertainment on Monday nex cannot fail to be more than usually attractive. Assembly Bulldings.—Mr. Alf. Burnett will give one of his original and peculiar entertainments at Assembly Buildings this evening. Mr. Burnett is a mimic of extraordinary powers, and he manages to personate a dozen different indi-viduals in quick succession, with marvelous skill. His performance is very amusing and it cannot fail to draw a full house.

ELEVISTIC STURET OFFICE HOUSE. This evening the burlesque of Ours; or Maximilian's Avengers will be given at this Opera House. A number of other burlesques are also announced, together with farce, extravaganza, singing, dancing and Ethiopian comicalities.

Philadelphia Opera House.—The sensation

burlesque "Under the Lamp post," is announced for to-night, with startling stage effects and a great cast. There will be the usual medley of negro delineations, vocal and instrumental music, dancing, extravaganza, farce, &c., &c. The en-tertainment at this house is an excellent one. BLITZ.—Signor Blitz will give performances at Athletic Hall, Thirteenth and Jofferson streets,

this evening. Reading at Town Hall, Germantown, on Tuesday

Street Pavements.

Editor Evening Bulletin:-It gives me great pleasure to notice through your columns that the proper steps are about to be taken by the Councils of Philadelphia to obtain the best plan the Proper steps are about to be taken by the Councils of Philadelphia to obtain the best plan of pavement for the city, a subject of so much importance as to warrant the offer of a handsome premium for the best plan. Through my anxiety in behalf of my native city, I, though now a resident of Baltimore, hasten to add my mite. Thirty years experience have suggested the following desiderate: First—Durability. Sciond—Tenacity. Third—Facility of Draught. Fourth—Absence of Noise. Fifth—Absence of Dust. These I hold to be the generally conceded requisites, and the plan combining these advantages the desideratum not to be found in any pavement at present in use, the nearest approach being the French, the next, I believe, the Nicolson, which is susceptible of improvement. But the pavement most serviceable, combining the most essential features, facility of draught, durability and tonacity, is small, rough, hard, granite block pavement of 8 to 5 inches wide, and 6 to 9 inches long, bevelled 3/2 inch all around, affording thereby a surface joint of 1/2 inches, and to render this fully effectual, the following pre-requisites are necessary: 1st. A firm foundation for the bed, of the same curve that you elect for the surface, necessary: 1st. A firm foundation for the bed, of the same curve that you elect for the surface, place thereon not less than 15 inches of coarse gravel, being careful as to proper under-drainage, then pave with blocks as above, and ram well. This would make the best, most durable and serviceable road, beside enabling a horse to pull a much heavier load than upon any other pavement. But to combine in any one plan the necessary requisites would, I prosume, afford the desideratum aimed at, and which, if this be acceptable, would furnish a basis for another comceptable, would furnish a basis for another con-munication front

EXTRA

FIFTH EDITION

4:00 O'Clock.

IMPEACHMENT

BY TELEGRAPH.

THADDEUS STEVENS'S DAY COME.

THE PRESIDENT IMPEACHED. REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

STANTON AND THOMAS

The Interview at the War Office.

Impeachment Begun.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.-At 10 minutes past two o'clock, Mr. Thaddeus Stevens arose and presented the report of the Committee on Reconstruction. The document was sent to the Speaker's desk, and read by the Hon. Edward McPherson, Clerk of the House,

The report states that the Committee on Reconstruction to whom was referred the resolution of the House, inquiring if any person or persons had combined to defeat the Reconstruction laws of Congress, and also the correspondence between President Johnson and General Grant, together with the communication from the Secretary of War, laid before the House yesterday, report that, having considered the several subjects referred to the committee, they submit the follow_ ing report:

The Committee find that on the 21st of February,1868, the President of the United States signed and issued a communication or letter, authorizing one Lorenzo Thomas to perform the duties of the Secretary of War, and directing said Thomas to take possession of the books and other papers and property in the War Depart-

The committee then give a copy of the President's order to Gen. Thomas, authorizing him to take possession of the War Office. The report then states that upon the evidence collected by the committee, which is herewith presented, they are of the opinion that Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, ought to be impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors.

The report is signed by Thaddeus Stevens, John A. Bingham, John F. Farnsworth, Calvin T. Hulburd, H. E. Paine, and Fernando C. Beaman, all Republican members of the Committee. Appended to the report is the following resolu-

Resolved. That Andrew Johnson. President of the United States, oc impeached of high crimes and misdemeanor in office.

At the close of the reading of the report, Thaddeus Stevens arose and said it was not his intention to make any remarks or to discuss the report of the Committee at length.

If there was any desire upon the Democratic side to discuss, he would allow them ample time, otherwise his side of the House, the Republicans, were ready to proceed with the report at once.

James Brooks, of New York, also a member of the Reconstruction Committee, then arose and those who served in the war of 1812 received deproceeded to make a lengthy speech against imprevates only EIGHT DOLLARS per month.

The President Impeached by the House.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The House Committee on Reconstruction has just presented a bill of impeachment against President Johnson. It is being read, and a vote will be had on it immedi-

The Two Ministers of War. WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—There were present at Secretary Stanton's office, this morning, repre-sentatives Moorehead and Kelley, of Pennsylvania. Van Horn and Van Wyck, of New York, Dodge of Iowa, Ames of Massachusetts, Free-

man Clarke of New York, and ex-member of Congress Delano of Ohio. About 11.30 General Lorenzo Thomas, just having been released on bail by Judge Cartter, presented himself at the door and told Mr. Stanton he would like to see him.

Mr. Stanton requested him to proceed with anything he had to say. General Thomas remarked that he had come to

discharge the duties of Secretary of War, ad interim, having been ordered to do so by the President of the United States. Mr. Stanton replied that he could do no such thing, and ordered him to his room to perform

his duties as Adjutant General. General Thomas replied that he had been or dered by the President to act as Secretary of War, and he intended to do it.

Mr. Stanton again replied that he should not, and again ordered him to his own room, and denied the power of the President to make any such drder. General Thomas said he would not go; that he

should obey the orders of the President and not obey the orders of Mr. Stanton. Mr. Stanton remarked : "As Secretary of War. I order you to repair to your own place as Adju-

tant-General."

General Thomas—I shall not do so. Mr. Stanton-Then you may stay there as leng as you please, if the President orders you, but you cannot act as Secretary of War. General Thomas-I shall act as Secretary of

General Thomas then withdrew into a room opposite, being General Springer's room.

you claim to be here as Secretary of War, and refuse to obey my orders."

quire the mails for the War Department to be delivered to me, and shall At this juncture General Grant came in, and said playfully to Mr. Stanton's friends, "I am surprised to find you here—I supposed you would be at my headquarters for protection."

The Impeachment. Washington, Feb. 22.-Mr. Brooks spoke one hour, and on concluding, he was followed by Judge Spaulding, of Ohio, who commenced by saying that when the Democrats endeavored to scare the Republican members, they were mistaken as to their men.

He said that he had from the beginning of the agitation of impeachment opposed the question, but now the President had openly placed himself in direct opposition to the laws of Congress, and now he, for one, did not propose to hesitate to perform his duty and vote for impeach-So long as we submit ment. to these assaults upon Congress there can be no peace, and it behooves every Republican to come up and vote for this resolution.

On concluding several Democrats asked when it was proposed to take a vote on this question, and Thaddens Stevens replied by saying that they wanted a vote before adjourning to-day. Judge Bingham then took the floor in support of the articles reported by the Committee.

CITY BULLET IN.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

Its Celebration in the City. The 136th anniversary of the birth of Washington is being duly observed in this city to-day. Upon all the public buildings, and, in fact, wherever there is a flag staff, the stars and stripes are displayed. The banks, public offices and some business houses are closed, in honor of the some business houses are closed, in honor of the day, which has been declared a holiday by Act of Assembly, and this afternoon there will probably be a general closing up. The weather is bright and clear, and although the wind is sharp and cuttung, promenading is very pleasant, and Chestnut street will doubtless be through this afternoon. The day was ushered in by the firing of cannon and a general ringing of the church bells.

The undersigned, citizens of -----, respectfully

represent.
That the founders of our government intended its defence mainly to rest on the Volunteers and Militia, and not upon large Standing Armies, which are at all times expensive to the people. We therefore respectfully and carnestly ask, that in order to encourage the Volunteers and Militia in order to encourage the Volunteers and Militia to prompt and energetic action, and as an act of justice to the survivors of the War of 1812, that all who served in said war, whether as Soldiers or Sailors, or were actually engaged in action, and the surviving Widows of any who have died, or who may hereafter die, may be placed on the Pension Roll of the United States. It now being FIFTY-THREE, YEARS since the termination of said war, while the soldiers who served being FIFTY-THREE, YEARS since the termina-tion of said war; while the soldiers who served in the Recolutionary War with Great Britain, were placed on the Pension Roll in 1818, being only THIRTY-FIVE YEARS after peace was de-clared. Besides, ALL the Revolutionary Pen-sioners under that Act have since Died, and only live in the memory of a grateful country. only live in the memory of a grateful country. The soldiers of the late war have been rewarded with a munificence unexampled in the history o nations. They received, in most instances, bounties hitherto unheard of; liberal pay and sufficient clothing from the government. Cities, Counties and States yied with each other in con tributing to their comforts—and the nation did immortal honor to itself in thus rewardings its gallant defenders. But how was it with the Sol-diers of 1812? They did not receive one cent of Bounty. The Volunteers provided their uniforms, the Officers their side-arms, and the Militiamen their clothing, at their own expense. They were not paid till four or five months, or even a longer period, after the government alleged they were discharged; whereas the soldiers of the late wa were paid when discharged, in PAR MONEY, while An examination of the list of members of "The Penusylvania Association of Soldiers of 1812," shows that atdeast five-sixths of the number are above seventy live years of age, many above eighty, and very fow indeed below seventy. This will, no doubt, hold good as to the ages of all the old veterans throughout the Union. From the above data Congress can very readily judge how soon these old veterans will disappear; many or

whom have been living for years dependant or the clay-cold charity of their relatives or friends and some of them have been and are now inmates

of our Almshouses.
With this statement of facts, Congress cannot consistently refuse placing on the Pension Roll the gallant old veterans of the War of 1812, now on the verge of the grave, and the Widows of anch as are deceased.

The memorial was adopted.

A memorial to be sent to the Legislature asking for the renewal of the annuities was also sub-

for the renewal of the annuities was also submitted and approved.

Col. John Thompson of the Execution Committee, presented the following resolutions:

Resolved. That the Soldiers of the War of 1812, residing in Philadelphia, cordially nuite with their follow-citizens throughout the Union, in doing honor to the memory of the immortal Washington, who stands unsurpassed by any hero of ancient or modern times, for pure, enlightened and disinterested patrictism.

Resolved. That whiles we cannot but regret that the National House of Representatives has, in our opinion, without any preent necessity, required from soldiers of the war of 1812, a public confession and proof of extreme roverty, as an absolute presquisite in order to entitle them to the national hounty, we sincerely thank that body for the passage of the bill granting pensions to certain soldiers of the war of 1812, because, in a limited degree, it will alleviate the distress and smooth the pillows of some who are now entirely dependent on public or private charity for mensof subsistence; and we trust that the bill, even with this very objectionable feature, will receive the prompt sanction of the Senate.

Resolved That the cordial thanks of this Association are due, and are hereby tendered, to the Hon. Mr. Miller, of Pennsylvania, of the National House of Representatives, for this uniform and persavering exertions in behalf of the soldiers of 1813; and to Representatives U'Nell'Loam, and others, for their able advocacy and support of the bill for resuntances. The resentatives of the law for 1813; who are in necessitive circumstances, and not to passe by, unnoticed and unbonored, the few who are not absolutely dependant on their relatives and friends, or on public charity, for support.

The resolutions were unantimously adopted.

The resolutions were unantinously adopted.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted. The following tosses were read and approyed:

1. The 2st of Ferruary.—A national festival, in honor of the only man whom the American people have deemed worthy of such a high distinction.

2. Washington.—I first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen.

3. The Frestient of the United States.

4. The General of Tite.—With consummate wisdom they isid the foundation of a mighty kepublic; which, we firmly believe, is destined to be the model for all free institutions throughout the world.

6. The United and Saldiers of the Revolutionary. War.—They have passed away, but the recollection of their valor, their sufferings and their toils will incurse in immortal youth. their valor, their sufferings and their volus will immortal youth,
7. The Officers and Soldiers of the War. of 1842.—We

Mr. Stanton immediately followed him, and after some conversation, Mr. Stanton said, "then you claim to be here as Secretary of War, and refuse to obey my orders."

General Thomas—I do so, sir. I shall require the mails for the War Dopartment to be delivered to me, and shall ransact all the business of the War Department.

At this juncture General Grant came in, and said planting to Mr. Stantons follows the first stantons of the war dependent of pure, honest and independent stantons. The first stantons in the first strugges are stantons of the Union, erretuate and indivible—control of the first stantons of the war Department.

It is a stanton immediately followed him, and said the first some conversation, Mr. Stantons followed him, and said the property of the seasons of the first stantons of the first stantons of the first stantons of the first stantons of the strongest rafes unared of the people's rights.

It is a season to be fell in defence of our national rights stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of our national rights stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of our national rights stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of our national rights stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of our national rights stanton in the season in the first stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of or the samilt so for ign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of the minute stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of the minute stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of the minute stanton in the season in the stanton in their description of a fortign fee—ve love those who fell in defence of a fortign fee—ve love these stanton in the feeling spain.

In the Union, Stanton in their description of a fortign fee —ve love these stanton in their descri 18 always he was the continuous party than the pendent men.

12. Our Eviends in the National and State Legislatures.

—Next to the consciousness of having faithfully performed their duty, their highest reward, the gratifude of those whom they have protected and relieved.

13. Woman.—The first, last and truest friend of man on any the first, last and truest friend of man on the first of the state of the st

Matthew Newkirk, Esq., in a few appropriate matther Newerra, 1884, in a few appropriate remarks, announced the death of Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoil, a member of the association, and on his motion, a committee, consisting of the President, Secretary and Chairman of the Executive Committee, was appointed to make a suitable minute relative to the decease of Mr. Ingersoil. The roll was called and eighty members answered to their names.

The following new members were elected.

The following new members were elected:—Sallow Dunlap, Jacob Stockman, Solomon Myers.

The following deaths since last meeting were reported:—Benj. Hubbard, Hon. Jos. R. Ingersoll, John Lentz, Job Wilson, John H. McCarty, Geo. F. Hagner, John C. Montgomery, John E. Budd, Daniel Stroup, Robt. Govett, David Rose, Chas. Kibby, Thomas Bealer, Geo. Sincs, Jonathan Rhoades, Jos. M. Tacy. Total, 16.

Col. John S. Warner read Washington's Farewell Address:

After the transaction of some unimportant business, the meeting adjourned.
POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE.

The students of the Polytechnic College of Pennsylvania assembled this morning in the new college building on Market street, west of Seventeenth street, to celebrate the day. The room was appropriately decorated for the occasion. The order of exercises was as follows:

Reading of selections from "Washington's Farewell Address," Mr. Alfred Monroe (First-Veamen).

Yeamen). Address—Mr. Herman H. Mund (Second-Year men). Recitation— Wm. C. Wetherill (Scientific School).
The exercises were interesting, and passed off

successfully. mccessfully.

The committee having charge of the arrangements was composed of Alfred Curtis, of Delaware: Samuel Hunt, Pennsylvania; Benj. P. Howell, N. J.; T. H. Phillips, Pennsylvania; Wm. L. Bell, Virginia; Wm. C. Stevenson, Pennsylvania; Wm. Ellis, Brazil, S. A.; C, Fortner, N. J.; Henry Townsend, Pennsylvania.

Henry Townsend, Pennsylvania.

THE MILITARY.

The Washington Greys, accompanied by an excellent drum corps, will turn-out this afternoon, as they never allow the occasion to pass without a parade.

The 1st Regiment Grey Reserves, Colonel Wm. McMichael, commanding, with the Liberty Cormet Band, will also make a parade. general ringing of the church bells.

SOLDERS OF THE WAR OF 1812.

A meeting of the Soldiers of the War of 1813 percent Lyle, commanding, and other military was held this morning in the Supreme Court, organizations will likewise celebrate the day.

Peter Hay. President, was in the chair, and John the military was at his post.

Mr. Frick, Esq., Secretary, was at his post.

Mr. Frick, from the Committee on Memorial, reported the following, to be signed and sent to Congress:

The understance of the church bells.

Mr. Brick, from the Committee on Memorial, reported the following, to be signed and sent to Congress:

The understance a parade.

Mr. Brick, from the Committee on Memorial, reported the following, to be signed and sent to Congress:

The understance of the church bells.

Mr. Brick, from the Committee on Memorial, reported the following, to be signed and sent to Congress:

NEW JERSEY MATTERS. ATLANTIC CITY .- The few days of spring-like weather which have been experienced have aroused the vital energies of the people in Atlan-tic City, and called out a spirit of improvement which, by the time the season opens, will make many additions to the handsome residences there. nany additions to the nandsome residences there.

Nor are the citizens any less active in their
patriotism and political labors. The Union
League is the central attraction of the
city, for it is composed of the true and
loyal elements there. On Thursday evening last this organization gave its second annual grand supper, and it was truly an attractive atlair. The ladies exerted thomselves to the most praiseworthy extent in preparing the choice viands, and the gentlemen also did their choice viands, and the gentlemen also did their duty. At nine o'clock about three hundred persons sat down to the table of the Alhambra, and did justice to everything before them. On the removal of the cloth the President of the League, Lewis Evans, Esq., called the meeting to order, and after the singing of a patriotic song by the choir, under the able lead of Mr. Jonah Wootton, Hon. George W. N. Custing of Camden, took the floor, and held the onof Mr. Jonah Wootton, Hon. George W. N. Custis, of Camden, took the floor, and held the audience enchained with an eloquent and powerful spech. He was followed by Messrs. James Buchanan, of Trenton; D. B. Snow of Hammonton; J. Somers Risley, Surrogate of Atlantic county; Lewis Evans. D. W. Bellsle, Jonas Higbee, Jos. Reed Edward S. Reed, Rev. A. J. Gregory, Dr. Thomas K. Reed, and several others in thrilling. Thomas K. Reed, and several others, in thrilling addresses, all of which were received with unbounded applause. At intervals soul-stirring Union songs were given, which added g reatly to the patriotism of the occasion, and at a late hour the party dispersed, feeling that they had enjoyed a true and profitable "feast of reason and flow of soul." The Union League of Atlantic Union League of Union Lea tic City is intensely alive to the interests involved in the coming campaign, and will do their duty.

House Romenx.—During the temporary absence of the 'amily of the Rev. L. C. Baker, sence of the family of the Rev. L. C. Baker, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Camden, a few days since, some expert thicf or thiever entered his house and carried away an overcost.

DELEGATE MEETINGS .- On Tuesday evening next, the 25th instant, the Republicans of Cam-den will hold their delegate meetings in order to choose delegates to the City and State Con-

GRANT CLUB.—The newly organized Grant club, of South Ward, is rapidly increasing in membership and usefulness. Every meeting night its list is largely increased by active soldiers in the cause of freedom.

Mysterious Affair in Pittsburgh—Au-other Man Missing—Foul Piay Sus-pected.

[From the Pittsburgh Gazette of Feb. 31st.]

Mysterious disappearances are occurring so frequently of late as to demand some measure on the part of the authorities to investigate the mat-ter, and if, as there is every reason to believe, the part of the authorides to investigate the matter, and if, as there is every reason to believe, "foul play" has been resorted to in any of the recent cases reported, to bring the offenders to punishment. Several weeks have elapsed since the disappearance of Mr. Freyvogle, yet not the slightest clue to his whereabouts has been obtained. A week or two later a Mr. Merritt left his home in this city, since when nothing has been heard of him, and Saturday evening last a citizen of the Second ward, Allegheny, left his home in perfect health, expecting to be absent but a few hours, but has not yet returned, nor can his family learn aught of his whereabouts. The last case referred to is that of Mr. Robert Kincaid, a blacksmith, formerly employed at Mr. Hunter's blacksmith shop, at the corner of Beaver street and Gay alley, Allegheny. Shortly after supper Saturday evening Mr. Kincaid left his home, itelling his wife he would return between ten and eleven o'clock. He had when he left home between eighty and one hundred dollars in ten and eleven o'clock. He had when he left home between eighty and one hundred dollars in his possession. The only information in regard to him after leaving home is derived from a Mr. Cook, who states that he met Kincaid on Federal street. Allegheny, and proceeded with him to Penn street, Pittsburgh, where they parted, Kincaid saying he was going to Temperanceville, to purchase a blacksmith shop, and that he had eighty dollars in his pocket to pay for it. There can be no cause assigned for his disapappearance, other than "foul play," as his domestic relations are said to have been of the most mestic relations are said to have been of the most leasant character, and he was a strictly tempo

rate man.

Diligent search has been made by the family and his friends, but nothing has been heard of him other than what we have stated. The matter

SIXTH EDITION

4:45 O'Olook.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

Further Debate on the Impeachment.

The Impeachment Debate. Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletia. WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—During Mr. Bingham's speech, he said that certain facts had come to the knowledge of the Committee, not contained in the report of the Committee to-day. He said the Gen. Thomas presented himself at the War Office and told Mr. Stanton that he should not recognize him as Secretary of War, would refuse to obey him, would take possession of the malls,

THE STANTON-JOHNSON QUARREL.

and consider only himself as Secretary of War.

All this he did by orders of President Johnson.

Opinions of the New York Press. The removal of Stanton of Itself was an act of defiance against the expressed will of Congress sufficiently astounding to both Houses; but coupled with these promotions of the old ministerial. General Thomas and of "the man who never lost a battle," the "Rock of Gibraltar," the figuiting General Thomas, there was enough to satisfy the Senate and the House that there was mischief in the wind, and that the case of "the man at the other end of the avenue" has assumed a phase which admitted of no delay.

Now, this looks like bringing the conflict between King and Parliament to a crisis. There is a great gathering of the Democratic leaders from

a great gathering of the Democratic leaders from all parts of the country in Washington at this time, dancing attendance upon Mr. Belmont and his National Executive Committee, in reference to the appointment of the time and place for the National Democratic Convention. Have these contistent been required to the secondary that the secondary th National Democratic Convention. Have these gentlemen been pointing out the way to Mr. Johnson, and are they with him in those movements of yesterday? Are these proceedings part of an arranged Presidential programme involving the nomination of Mr. Johnson? It is difficult to believe that, single-handed, he has undertaken to challenge directly in Congress the force of a law of Congress on the imprescription. force of a law of Congress on the impeachment question. The Tenure of Office law may be dagrantly unconstitutional; but if the two houses nagrantly unconstitutional; but if the two houses concur in adjudging a defiance of this law "a high crime and inisdemenner," and that this removal of Stanton, so soon after his reinstatement under this law is an act of culpable defiance of the law, where is the compensation of Mr. Johnson? Does he propose to head off the impeachment penalty by an appeal to the Supreme Court?

The case at Washington as it now stands is simply this:—If the Radicals fail to act promptly and decisively they are gone; if they attempt to act decisively they may fall; and from their fall are Andrew Johnson may cut out all competitors and walk over the broken fragments of the Republican party into the next Presidency.

[From the N. Y. Tribme.]
The President has again vindicated his reputation for obstinacy, which had suffered some decline during the last three or four days from the absence of anything either absurd or criminal in his conduct. His second attempt to remove Secretary Stanton can have no other motive than to assert his pretended right to make appointments and removals, not only without the consent of the Senate, but in defiance of their expressed.

That Mr. Johnson would go to so much pains to butt once more against a stone wall would seem remarkable were it not that it is exactly seem remarkable were it not that it is exactly what he has been doing ever since he has been in office. While as an official act it is inexplicably stupid, as a political dodge it is easy to see Mr. Johnson's motive. The magnates of the Democratic party are now assembled in Washington to fix the time and place—and to a great degree the candidate—of the next Democratic National Convention. It is quite in accordance with Antrew Lohnson's grade of political conductions and the properties of the next Democratic National Convention. cordance with Andrew Johnson's grade of politi-cal cunning to desire at such a time to make an impression on these gentlemen. They are buzzing around the White House, and would delight in any coup detat that would either make A. J. available as a Cæsar, or get him off their hands altogether. But Mr. Johnson will achieve no coup detat. Nature, in denying him the courage proportioned to his venity has made him proof against great crimes. vanity has made him proof against great crimes.
His forte lies entirely in peccadilloes. When
Congress concludes to impeach him for petty
misdemennors, it will find plenty of them. But
if it waits for high crimes, he will serve out his
time in feverish peacefolness, and empty feints.

(From to day's World.)

We suppose the President will make no immediate attempt to eject Stanton by force; and
that the ridiculous treplication of Congress is alittle premature. But when the proper time

little premature. But when the proper time comes for a forcible ejection, Grant's disobedience of orders will be but a slight obstacle. He dience of orders will be but a siight obstacle. He
is bound to obey the orders of the Prealdent, it
is a duty from which Congress can no more release him than it can divest the President of the
chief command of the army. The right
of command implies the duty of obedience; if Congress tells General Grant not
to obey, it thereby attempts to strip the President
of the command of the army; an attempt which
can succeed only by the overthrow of the Constilution. If General Grant notuses to obey
orders, he is amenable to military discipline. It
will be the duty of the President to cause his arrest for insubordination and mutiny, and organize a court-martial to try him. The President
can at the same time order or brovet general
to take possession of the headquarters of the

army. We do not suppose the President will guite yet exert his full authority in this form. He will probably first apply to the Supreme Court, who will summon Mr. Stanton to show by what authority he assumes to retain the office from which he has been removed. There is every reason to believe that the Court will adjudge the Tenure-of-Office bill unconstitutional. With Tenure-of-Office bill unconstitutional. With what face will Stanton go before the Court and contend that the Tenure-of-Office bill is not repugnant to the Constitution, when it is notorious that he held the contrary opinion at the time of its passage? Nav. he advised the President to veto it for unconstitutionslity, and furnished points for the veto message. It is not to be supposed that the Supreme Court will render a partisan decision in his favor, when the case is so clear against him that he is on record as having decided against his present claim.

When the Court has rendered its decision, if General Grant refuses to obey orders the time

General Grant rafuses to obey orders, the time will have come to put him under arrest. He has indeed no more right to refuse obedience now than he will have then; but it is probably expedient for the President to await the decision of dient for the President to await the decision of the Court before recording to force. Yet the right of the President to eject Stanton torthwith is perfectly clear. If he should do so, Stanton would have his remedy if he is wronged, in applying to the Court to reinstate him. The certainty that the cent would not do so, is the reason why Grant entered into collusion with Stanton to deliver up the office; and is also the reason why Congress is thrown into such a flutrice by the order of the President. If the Republicans did not suppose the Court to be against them in this matter, they would not take such preposterous pains to evade a judicial decision.