VOLUME XXI.—NO. 177.

THE EVENING BULLETIN PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING (Sundays excepted),

AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING. 607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, EVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION.

GIBSON PEACOCK. ERNEST C. WALLACE, FL FETHERSTON, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON, CASPER SOUDER, Jr., FRANCIS WELLS. The Bulleris is served to subscribers in the city at 18 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8 per annum.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED OR Written; new styles of French and English Papers and Envelopes.

W. G. PERRY, Stationer, 728 Arch street.

MARRIED. BONSALL—BRADY.—On the Sist ultime, by the Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Mordecai 8. Borsali to Mary E., daughter of James D. Brady, of Philadelphia. COALE-GARTER.—In Weshington City, October 29th, by the Rev. Dr. Pinckney, D. D., John H. Coale, U. S. A., and Emity Carter, of Washington, D. C. HOWELL—CAMPBELL—On Thursday, October Sist, in Old Pine Street Church, by Rev. R. H. Allen, Zophar I. Howell and Miss Anna Bell Campbell, all of this city. HUBSON—CARPENTEL—At New York, on Tucsday, Oct. 29th, by the Rev. Francis E. Lawrence, Rector of the Church of the Hely Communion, Lieutmant-Colonel Edward Bick. Hudson. U. S. Army, to Emily P., youngest daughter of the late Samuel H. Carpenter, formerly of this city.

DIED.

ALTEMUS.—On the morning of the 28th ult., in the 83d year of her age. Charlotte Elizabeth, wife of Samuel T. Altemus, and daughter of the late Franklin Lee, Esq.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her brother. George F. Lee, No. 722 Franklin street, corner of Brown, on Saturday morning, the 2d inst., at 10 o'clock, without further notice. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

BRINTON.—On the evening of the 28th olt., Emily, eldest daughter of Cube J. and Elizabeth Brinton, in the 19th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her agency. No. 1698 Wood street, on Saturday morning, Nov. Principles of net age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her finderal from the residence of her parents. No. 1629 Wood street, on Saturday morning. Nov. 2d. at 16% o'clock. To proceed to Monanoth Cemetery.

HAVES.—On the Site inst., Thomas He.cen, in the 8th year of his age, formerly of Pertenouth. N. H. Interment at Mount Alman, Mar.

HOLMES.—Suddenly, on the 30th inst., of disease of the heart. Ambrose W. Holmer, een of Edmund A. Holmer, in the 22d year of his age.

His relatives and male friends are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, \$23 Chestnut street, on Saturday morning. Nevember 2d, at 10 clock.

JACKSON.—On the evening of the 28th instant, Lewis B. Jackson, in the 28th very of his age.

The relatives and his male friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, November 2d, at 20 clock. P. M., from his late residence, 122 Constresseratest. To proceed to Laurel Hill.

STEPLE.—On the 9th ult., on board the United States steamer De Soto, off Vera Cruz, Mexico, Arthur Gale Steele, Assistant Engineer U. S. N., in the 33d year of his age.

WARD.—On the 31st ultimo, Ellen C., second daughter WARD.—On the 31st ultimo, Ellen C., second daughter of the 1ste James Ward, Esq., of Leesburg, New Jersey.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her mother, 120 North Nineteenth street, on Monday morning, at 8% o'clock. Funeral service at Cathedral.

BURIAL CASKET.

PATENT FOR DESIGN GRANTED JULY 9, 1867.

E. S. FLELEY, UNDERTAKER,

S. F. GORNER OF TENTH AND GREEN STREETS.

I claim that my new improved and only patented BURIAL CASKET is far more beautiful in form and finish than the old unsightly and republive coffin, and that its construction adds to its strength and durability.

bility. We the undersigned, having had occasion to use in our families E. B. EARLEY'S PATENT BURIAL CASKET, would not in the future use, any other if they could be ob-

ined. Simpson.
H. Schenck, M. D.,
om. J. Marston, U. S. N.,
erj. Orne.
W. Claghorne,
D. Claghorne,
D. N. Simn.
Oct. S. Hurdsall,
Geo. W. Evans,
Wm. Hicks,
D. N. Simn.
Oct. S. Marston,
E. J. Crippen.
Jacob S. Hurdsall,
Geo. W. Evans,
Wm. Hicks,
D. N. Simn.
Oct. S. Marston
Oct. S. Marsto EYRE & LANDELL HAVE THE FIRST QUALITY
Lyons Velvets for Clocks.
Lyons Velvets, 28-inch, for Sacks.

YRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND ARCH, KEEP A fine associment of Cassimeres for Boys' Clothes, Cassirers for Boxiness Suits.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST MATINEE

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. Saturday, Nov. 2d, at 3% o'clock.
Doors open at halt-past two.
Single tickets, one dollar.
Subscription for Twenty Matinees, 310.
At Gould'a, Trumpler's, Andre's, Lee & Walker's, and

at the door.
Pupils Extra Tickets, 50 cents each. May be obtained only at the office of the Conservatory and at the door.
Becthoven's Grand Sonate in A Minor, and Mozart's Clarbett Quintetto, etc., will be performed by Messrs. Carl Georther. Charles H. Jarvis and the Philadelphia Classical Quintette Club.

TO THE REPUBLICAN CITIZENS OF THE TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

A meeting will be held in the Town Hall, Germantown, on FRIDAY, November 1, 1857, at 7% o'clock, P. M., of those who favor the nomination of General U. S. Grant for Precident. This meeting is called in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting held on last Saturday evening, and is for the object of forming a Grant Club for the ward. All who cordially endorse the movement now being inaugurated all over tho land, to nominate this distinguished soldier as the standard-bearer of the Republican party in the coming Presidential contest, are invited to attend.

JOSHUA T. OWEN,

JOSHUA T. OWEN, GEORGE W. HAMMERSLY, JOSEPH T. FURD, Com, on Town Meetings.

oc31.5t5 Com. on Town accungs.

MASONIC NOTICE. - THE OFFICEES AND Members of Concordia Lodge; No. 67, A. Y. M., and the order in general, are especially requested to meet at the Masonic Hail, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, LEWIS B. JACKSON. By order of the W. M.

ROBERT HUTCHIFSON, See'y. A COURSE OF SEVEN PUBLIC LECTURES
ON GEOLOGY will be delivered in the Scientific
and Classical Institute, S. E. cor. of Seventeesth and
Poplar streets, on the afternoons of Thursday, commencing Nov. 7th, at quarter before 4 o'clock. Introductory,
Free. By
no1-4t*

ACOURSE OF SEVEN PUBLIC LECTURES
ON GEOLOGY
OF SEVEN PUBLIC LECTURES
OF SEVEN PUB

*** NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, PHILADELPHIA, NOV. I, 1877.

The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend of Three Per Cent for the last six months, clear of taxes,

PHILADELPHIA, NOVEMBER 1, 1867.— WE have this day formed a co-partnership under the name of AUSTIN & OBERGE, for the transaction of the Commission Stock Business, at No. 318 Walnut street.

J. BELLAUSTIN, nov1.5trp CHAS. H. OBERGE.

HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518 AND 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the

EVENING BULLETIN MAY ALWAYS BE found at the Cigar and Periodical Store, No. 341 South Fifteenth street, a few doors below Locust. nol.2t

Criestial Obsequies.—A Chinaman's funeral occurred in Carson on Sunday afternoon. The ceremony observed on the occasion is reported as a mixture of half-civilized and heathenish performances. Judging from the noise and gabble in that locality, Chinatown was a fair representation of one's idea of Pandemonium. The body being placed in a box, a Chinaman roared unintelligible jargon—at least so it seemed to those not versed in the language he used—for the space of about half an hour. Then a Chinaman threw liquid about the head of the coffin and ran away of about half an hour. Then a Chinaman threw liquid about the head of the coffln and ran away as if he thought an evil spirit was in pursuit. A chinawoman, hired for the purpose, howled terribly. The hearse, and three carriages filled with Chinawoman composed the present of the group. men, composed the procession to the grave. On the route "Josh" papers—small slips perforated as if with a knife—were distributed in the road. the route "Josh" papers—small slips perforated as if with a knife—were distributed in the road. Arriving at the grave, the hired mourner, dressed in white, with white cambric cap over her head and face, threw herself upon the ground, and rolled and tumbled, over the dump of earth thrown out of the grave, making as much dismal noise as possible. Candles were set up around the grave, and after burial, cigars were passed around, and the ceremony at that place ended in smoke. Returning to Chinatown, a table was set out containing roast and boiled pig.

Carson Appeal. Carson Appeal.

St. Louis.—The message of the Mayor of St. Louis states that the total bonded debt of St. Louis is \$7,521,000. The total revenue of the city from April 9th to Sept. 30th was \$1,425,360, and expenditures, \$1,369,040. The city owns real estate, exclusive of wharf land; valued at \$3,097,160. The Harbor Master's report for the above-mentioned time shows the arrival of the 17,112 tonnage, 552,077. steam-boats to be 17,112, tonnage, 552,077; amount of wharfage collected, \$41,278; expenses,

ended in smoke. Recurring wo onnawn, table was set out containing roast and boiled pig.

and affairs assumed a festive appearance. Fur ther particulars we are not disposed to record.—

FROM MEXICO.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin. Mexico, Oct. 14.—The result of the elections has been favorable to Juarez, much beyond expectation; not only in the capital, but In San Luis Potosi, Vera Cruz, Orizaba, Queretaro, Cordova and San Juan del Rio. General Canales has disbanded the troops under his command, at Matamoras, in compliance with superior orders, and is about to retire into private life. General Trevino has suddenly left the capital for the frontier, where his immediate presence is required for matters of the greatest importance. Juan Trevino and Manuel Lozada, two companions of General Quiroya have been captured and taken to Durango, where a Court Martial will decide about their fate. Quiroya is still at large and supposed to be in the vicinity of Salinas, but active search has been made, and he will probably not escape the vigilance of those sent in pursuit.

The Apache Indians in Sonora are exceedingly troublesome. They are constantly stealing herds

of cattle and sheep, killing or wounding every person who has the misfortune of falling into their hands. The postal service in the capital is in the ut-most disorder, and complaints are made daily about persons not receiving the mail matter intended for them. The cotton crop in the vicinty of Durango and

Chihuahua is said to be almost a complete failure.

[Correspondence of the New York Times.] CITY OF MEXICO, Wednesday, Oct. 10, 1867.— Last Sunday saw the consummation of an event upon which the die for Mexico's future was cast, and placed in power for four more consecutive years the men and party of non-progress—the haters of civilization and reform. Don Benito Juarez, who for nine years has been the recog-nized head of the "Liberal" Party in this counnized nead of the "Liberal Party in this country, has again been, in the words of his organ, the Picaria Official, "declared as the choice of the popular will, and all he has done in the name of the people during the terrible years of the past has been endorsed by this their voluntary action." There is no doubt that the Juaris is have carried the day, and the day of the control of the day. action. There is no doubt that the stury is have carried the day, and the "Progressive Party," headed by Diaz, Suzman and Mendez, have been completely defeated. Gen. Diaz has as yet only carried the single State of Vera Cruz. Oaxaca will doubtless give him a vast majority: but from San Luis, Zacatecas, Monterey, Queretaro, Cuernavaca, Tlaxcala, Toluca and other points, the reports have come in for Juarez as President, with Sebastian Lerdo de Tejada, Chief-Justice and Vice-President exafficio. The reforms proposed by Juarez, of giving the clergy and lower grades of Imperialists the franchise, establishing a Senate, conferring the veto power apon the President, have all been defeated by great majorities: while every electoral college

that has yet been heard from sends in its protest to the President against the extraordinary powers which he assumed. And among other matters spoken of in these protests is the sweeping decree of Jan. 25th, 1862, under which Maximilian was tried and executed, as well as all other vic-tims of the fall of the Empire, and, too, under which Santa Anna has just been tried and con-Maximilian's Remains.

Admiral Tegethoff has become tired of dancing attendance upon the President and his amiable attendance upon the President and his amiable Minister of State, Lerdo, and has retired to the Cuernevaca Valley, where Maximilian had an estate, and used to spend a portion of his time. Here he will await instructions from Austria. Each day the change in the remains of the late Arch-dnke is visible, and shortly it will be found necessary to adopt other means than those taken to preserve them. It is rumored upon the street that they will be placed in the cathedral to-morrow, when the public will be admitted to see

them.

Santa Anna's "trial" has been concluded, and, as I predicted, he has been condemned to death. Through his counsel he has saked to be pardoned and banished, a prayer which the press call upon the President to grant, declaring that it would be a terrible act to execute the General, in view of some of the good and valiant deeds he has performed for Mexico, and brutal to carry out the sentence of death upon an old and decrepid man. His fate has not, up to this hour, been decided, but he will probably be banished or imprisoned for life.

Citizens Required to Serve in the Army Five Years Imperial Prisoners at Mexico City. Advices from the city of Mexico to the 19th inst. have been received. By a recent decree all citizens are required to serve in the army for five citizens are required to serve in the army for five vears. A boat of the United States steamer Yantic was capsized in the harbor of Tampico, and two seamen were drowned. The duty on foreign and native cotton has been reduced to fifty cents per one hundred rounds when entered for consumption in Mexico. Gen. Prim wrote from Brussels to President Juarez, congratulating him upon the triumph of the Li-

berals. The Imperial prisoners, Prince Salm Salm and General Castillo, arrived at the city of Mexico from Queretaro on the 13th instant. The brig Samuel Hesse, from New York, with war reaterial from the government, was wrecked near Vera Cruz on the 12th inst. The crew were saved in a boat.

FROM CENTRAL AND SOUTH AME-Complete tranquility exists throughout the different republics. On the Central American

coast the weather has lately been very severe and stormy. In Nicaragua the cholera is rapidly disappearing. VALPARAISO, Oct. 2, 1867 .- The uncertainty as to the movement of the Spanish fleet had a depressing influence on commerce, although it was generally believed that the fleet would remain on

the Eastern coast, but now that their departure is known, more confidence is perceptible in business circles, and the prospects are bright. The treaty of commerce with Peru, the inauguration of free trade between the two Republics, is another link to bind them firmly together. steamer line direct from Liverpool for Valpa-ralso has been established by the way of the Straits of Magellan to commence in about six months hence

Peru.—The insurrection at Arequipa still continues; the Government has sent large bodies of troops to Islay, but from latest advices no at-tempt had been made to take Arequipa from the hands of Causeco, the leader of the rebels. President Prado has left the capital, leaving the affairs in the hands of General La Puerta, and has joined the troops. It is to be hoped that the revolution will not spread North or South, otherwise there is no predicting what may happen.

EQUADOR. — Two Senators and 103 Deputies

were arrested in Quito on the 25th of September, under the charge of conspiracy. The Government refused to accede to the demands of Conment refused to accede to the demands of Congress to release the prisoners, and arrested another Senator. Thereupon Congress resolved to submit the President and Ministry to a trial. Troops were sent by the Government to disband' Congress, but failed in their purpose as the Vice President exhorted eyery member to die in his place, and never to yield. At midnight the Government sent the Minister of War to promise that no members of Congress should be arrested; the troops were soon afterwards withdrawn. The next day the Minister of the Interior resigned, and the Senators and Deputies arrested were released. This terminated the struggle between the leased. This terminated the struggle between the two bowers, after much excitement and fears of bloodshed.

COLOMBIA, Panama, Oct. 23.—A highly re-Colombia, Panama, Oct. 23.—A highly respected American citizen, named J. H. Sternbergh, who had lived in this place manylycars, was brutally shot by a native on the 18th instruce had been a previous misunderstanding between Mr. Sternbergh and a brace of brothers named Casanova, and in the evening, as the former was crossing the plaza with his hands full of parcels, he was accested by one of the pair. The demand of the latter for an explanation was calmly listened to by the former and a proper answer was vouchsafed, but Casanova, evidently bent on assassination, struck Sternbergh in the mouth. As the latter turned to rePHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1. 1867.

treat from odds, the second brother stepped forward with a drawn revolver, and fired at Stern-bergh Just as he was entering the door of the Grand Hotel. The ball took effect in the back of the unfortunate victim, and passing entirely through his body, was found by the surgeons lying just under the skin. Mr. Sternbergh's condition was precarious at first, but he is now said to be convalescent. His assassin escaped.

VALPARAISO, Oct. 3d, 1867.—The flagship
Powhattan, of our South Pacific squadron, arrived here last week. Admiral Dahlgren was
enthusiastically received and purposes remaining
in the bay several months. Mrs. Dahlgren, in the bay several months. Mrs. Danigren, whose health is not very good, came down from Peru on the mail steamer, and will shortly occupy a fine residence rented by the Admiral for the term of his sojourn in this vicinity. All are well on the flagship. The Nyack, Commander Pendergrast, salled on Saturday last for Callao. On the 24th the Italian corvette Magenta, twenty came arrived from Callao. She will leave twenty guns, arrived from Callao. She will leave

FROM THE WEST INDIES.

for Montevideo in a few days.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin "JAMAICA, Oct. 8.—It is expectted that the Government will soon receive public offers for the issue of a contract for the establishment of a steamer line between Kingston and New Orleans. The fact of the Special Commissioners of the Legislative Council not having published their

report about immigration from the Southern States, creates much dissatisfaction all over the Hayti papers state that the Dominican Government has temporarily given up to the United States a tract of land in the bay of Sa-

mana; others again, say that the bay is sold to that Republic for five million dollars. The Government of Salnave is said to be very insecure, and may not last more than a few weeks. The Haytlens desire Gen Leon Montez to be their President. Salnave, however, has ordered him to be imprisoned and chained, on the ground of having fought against the present President at the Cape, in 1865. President Geffrard is in Paris. HAYMA. Oct. 26, 1867.—According to the latest news received from Madrid, the Council of Minis Lersundi for the Government of Cuba. The lat ter was expected to proceed at once to the capital. The reports about his acceptance are contra dictory, but the majority believe that he will event nally accept the appointment. The island is otherwise very quiet, and it is to be hoped that no disturbance will be created in consequence of the increased taxes, which, up to date, are paid without resistance, although the rumor prevails that several commercial houses have had to sus-pend payment for not being able to stand the increased taxes. It is also believed here that Marshal Narvaez's reign will not last much longer, and that trouble may come out of a change of

A few days ago a sad accident happened to a gang of Chinese, employed by the city corpora-tion for destroying old army forts and leveling to the ground a frame house on the ditch. Just as gave way and buried them under its ruins, killing four men on the spot, and inflicting bad wounds on seventeen more, out of which number two have already died. The accident was owing to the carelessness of the overseer.

The sugar market has been rather dull. Buy-

Ministry, in the old country as well as on the

The sugar market has been rather dum. Buy-ers offer from 8 to 8½ reals for No. 12, accord-ing to quality and condition. Few sales have taken place during the week. The exportation was only 5,158 boxes. Total from January 1st to date, 1,031,804 boxes and 18,676 hhds. Moto date, 1,031,804 doxes and 18,506 finds. Molasses is very scarce in the market and in other parts of the island. Prices extremely firm, from 434 to 5 reals per bbl. of clayed, and 534 to 6 for Muscovado. Exchange on the U.S. long sight (currency) 2534 to 26 discount ditto in gold, 4 to 434 premium short sight. Gold 6 to 634 premium.

NEW ENGLAND.

The Death of Governor Andrew. Boston, Oct. 31.—The death of Governor Andrew causes profound sorrow among all classes Flags are at half-mast on all the public and on many of the private buildings.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, and the State authorities will unite in paying honors to his memory. There will be a military escort and probably a civic procession.

The Boston papers give the following details of the death of Governer Andrew:

Mr. Andrew had been apparently in unusually good health for several weeks past. On Tuesday he was absent from the city on legal business, and returned to his residence early in the even ing. Just after he had taken tea a friend called ing. Just after he had taken tea a friend called at his house, and was met at the door by Mr. Andrew, who conducted him to his study. It is thought that the premonitory symptoms of the attack were then beginning to manifest themselves, as Mr. Andrew raised a window and sat down near it, replying to a cautionary remark of his triend that he felt no apprehension of taking cold. In a few moments he rose and started to walk across the room, when he and started to waik across the room, when he suddenly staggered, as if he had lost the support of his right leg. The visitor at first supposed that one of the children in the room had stumbled against the father, but perceiving, immediately across the room for the children in the state. diately, that this was not the case, sprang forward and assisted Mr. Andrew to the sofa. The ward and assisted Mr. Andrew to the sofa. The stricken man at once expressed apprehension that he was attacked with apoplexy, and desired his friend to call Dr. Derby, at the same time requesting that Mrs. Andrew, who had previously retired from the room, might not be alarmed. Dr. Derby was immediately called, and on his arrival was recognized by Mr. Andrew, who had already lost the rower of encesting the property of the prope and on his arrival was recognized by Mr. Andrew, who had already lost the power of speech. His right side being paralyzed, he made signs with his left hand, as if he desired to write; but when writing materials were provided he was unable to use them. In a few moments more he had lost all consciousness.

had lost all consciousness.

The Boston Advertiser says;—"The shock felt vesterday at the announcement of the alarming illness of Mr. Andrew, and the gloom which the intelligence threw over the entire city, sending men into the street to hear the last tidings from the sick chamber of the distinguished statesman and beloved citizen, were fremarkable proofs of the depth of the popular feeling in regard to the irretrievable loss which impended over the Commonwealth. Seldom, if ever, has there been in the history of Massachusetts a more brilliant career than that of the late more brilliant career than that of the late Governor during the last ten years of his life; and the contrast between the doubts and suspicion intermixed with the ridicule of political opponents, which marked his entrance upon the duties of the Executive office in January, 1861, and the grief and sense of impending calamity, universally felt at the news of his fatal illness, shows a triumph of intellectual power, independence of character, and firmness of principle over lence of character, and firmness of principle over the fears of friends and the depreciation, sneers and obloquy of foes, such as is uparalleled in the life of any recent American states man except Mr. Lincoln. * * He is some than except Mr. Lincoln. He is gone-the most beloved, the coin. * * He is gone—the most beloved, the most trusted, the most fearless of Massachusetts' statesmen, whose future seemed the most promising and brilliant, and on whom we most depended to meet future dangers. But the man who guided the Commonwealth so gloriously through the dark era of the civil war, needs no other claim more our affection or remembrance: other claim upon our affection or remembrance; and for that we shall ever look back with grate-

ful recollrction to the career of Gov. Andrew. THE PAPAR BYATES.—At the meeting of the International Statistical Congress at Florence, Professor Slivagni said the area of the Papal States is at present 11,000 square kilometres, the length of coast 450 kilometres, and 50,000 hectares of land are marshy and uncultivated. The kilometre is 3,280,9167 feet; the hectare, 2,471 acres. Two-fifths of the buildings and a third of the land in Rome belong to the church. Since 1847 the lay population has increased from 175,000 to 215,000, and the clerical population has doubled. There has been no progress in the industry of the country in the last forty years. In 1813 there were thirty-nine wool factories, which still exist. The proportion of soldiers to the population is twenty-three in one thousand, which is greater than in Prussis. THE PAPAR STATES.—At the meeting of the Inim trusia.

CRIME. NEW JERSEY.

A Stern Parent Shoots His Daughter's On Wednesday evening quite a serious affair took place near Guttenberg, N. J., which came very near proving fatal to one of the parties. It appears that a young German named Henry Otterson, residing in New York, has been paying attention to the daughter of a German residing near Guttenberg, named Brentze. Otterson has been repeatedly warned by the father of the cirl near ordered warned by the father of the girl not to visit his house, and had forbidden his daughter to have anything to do with the young man. The two lovers, however, heeded not the threats of the old gentleman, and on Wednesday last Otterson stole quietly into the house, where he remained for some time. Mr. Brentze, however. discovered the two and caught Otterson by the collar and threw him out of doors. He then drew a pistol and fired one shot, the ball taking effect in Otterson's left side. The latter cried, "I am shot!" and fell on the sidewalk. Brentze, becoming alarmed, had the wounded man picked up and conveyed into the house, when a physician was sent for, who pronounced Otterson in a critical condition. The ball was extracted, and at last accounts he was somewhat improved. Every effort has been made to keep the matter quiet, as it is understood that Otterson has declined to make any charge, in hopes of recovery.

THE INDIANS.

Charge of the Cheyennes into the Commissioner's Camp—They are Warmly Received—A Treaty is Made, and Arms and Ammunition Presented to Them.

JUNCTION CITY, Kansas, Oct. 31, 1867.—The peace commissioners reached Fort Harker, this morning. Two thousand Cheyennes arrived at Medicine Lodge Creek on Sunday, including six hundred warriors. They approached in five bands, formed in line of battle and charged across the creek, yelling and firing their pistols. The Commissioners met them at the creek and shook

hands with the chiefs.

On Monday a treaty of peace was agreed upon and a reservation granted them. The reserva-tion is bounded east by the Arkansas river, south and west by the Semerone and north by Kansas, and contains about nine thousand square miles. The government gives them \$50,000 annually and a suit of clothing for each person in the tribe and builds houses for an agent, farmer, miller, the state of the state of the same physician, blacksmith, &c.

physician, blacksmith, &c.

The Indians agree to keep the peace and not molest railroads.

"Roman Nose" and "Medicine Arrow," two-head chiefs, were not present. A large quantity of presents was given them, including arms and ammunition. This concludes the treaties with Southern Indians.

The Commissioners payt visit North Platte and

The Commissioners next visit North Platte and

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 1 .- Gen. Sheridan, accompanied by his aids, Colonels. Forsyth and Moore, and Generals Butterfield and Ingalls, returned to this city at noon yesterday and took apartments at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The party left Montpeller, Vt., at eleven o'clock on Wednesday night. Immediately preceding his departure Gen. Sheridan attended a reunion of the officers of the volunteer regiments of the State of Vermont. The reunion was to have been held on the 24th of October, but was postponed to the 30th in honor of the General's arrival, so that the officers, in a body, might have an opportudity of paying their respects to their beloved chief, nearly all the regiments represented having been attached to General Sheridan's command. The trip from Montpelier to this city was intended to have been made as quietly as possible, but the General's departure was telegraphed to the stations at which the train stopped, and crowds assembled at midnight and through the still small hours, cheering, of the volunteer regiments of the State of Ver hurrahing and becoming so demonstrative that the General and party were compelled frequently to appear before they were allowed to proceed

on their journey, which was quite an ovation. General Sheridan will probably remain in this city for some time. Some three thousand men, headed by bands of music, and bearing flags and lanterns, met last evering at the Masonic Hall, Thirteenth street, evening at the Masonic Hall, Thirteenth atreet, and proceeded thence in procession to the Metropolitan Hotel, where they screnaded Captain Thomas Deasy, a member of the Fenian organization, who was arrested some time since in England, and subsequently rescued from the Man-chester Police by Irishmen in that city. He suc-ceeded in effecting his escape from England. His

arrival gave occasion for the demonstration of The democracy of the city and county of New York held a meeting for the ratification of the ticket of the party, at the Cooper fastitute, last evening. The gathering inside and outside the building was the largest brought together for political purposes for several years past. All the usual display of illuminated platforms for speakers, bands of music, calcium lights, disspeakers, bands of music, calcium lights, discharges of cannon, marching of processions to and off the ground, speeches and cheering marked the occasion. The ticket of the party was ratified

by acclamation.

The three hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Eeformation was celebrated at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, last evening. A large assemblage gathered there, and addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Philip Schaff, Rev. H. M. Gallaher, Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr. and others. A young man, twenty-five years of age, named John Ward, was yesterday found guilty, in the Brooklyn Court of Sessions, of burglary in the third degree, committed on the night of the 31st of July last in the house No. 258 Fulton avenue. Ward, who said he committed the crime when he was drunk and unconscious of what he was the Eeformation was celebrated at Plymouth was drunk and unconscious of what he was doing, was sentenced to two years in the State prison The investigation in the case of the collision

between the steamers Vanderbilt and Richmond was resumed yesterday. Several passengers on the Vanderbilt and the mate of that vessel gave their testimony.

Cambridge University.—An undergraduate of Cambridge informs the Pall Mall Gazette that the Whewell Hostel at Trinity College is rapidly approaching completion. The fine new chapel of St. John's College will be opened at some time during the May term. The first University select preacher is Rev. J. R. Woodford, M. A. of Pembroke College. Some vexed questions will probably be settled the ensuing term. It is likely that less composition in verse will be herelikely that less composition in verse will be here-after required in the Classical Tripos, and that magnetism and electricity will be added to the list of subjects for the Mathematical Tripos. The ladies are warned of a little unfriendly legislation The correspondent says: "As to the ladies, they have since the restoration of St. Mary's, had the best scats in the church, and both M. A.'s and persons in statu pupillari are often very much put about for room; a syndicate has reported somewhat unfavorably as to the ladies, and for the future it is proposed to give them a different set of seats, so that those for whom the service is especially intended will not be the last per-sons considered." Very ungallant, but very reasonable!

OUTCASTS LIVING IN A PUBLIC PARK.-TWO wretchedly-clad young women were recently ar-rested at Windsor, England, for vagrancy. From the evidence of the keeper of the Long Walk, it appeared that the prisoners had for some time made the Great Park their home, eleeping at night under the trees or whatever sheller they could find. Their ablutions were performed in the Deer Pond, in which piece of water they had also washed their clothes, and they ran about the park in a semi-nude state while their clothes were drying on the trees. As substitutes for combs, they used small pieces of wood or lucifer matches, and their rude tollettes had been performed without shame in the presence of the general public and ladies in carriages as they passed through the park. passed through the park. They were principally supported by, the soldiers, who brought them their rations, which they were enabled to take from the barracks without attracting observation by concealing the food within the lining of

CITY BULLETIN.

POLICE BUSINESS OF A MONTH.—During the month of October 4,125 arrests were made by the police of the city. The prisoners were divided

	among the several districts as follows:
3	First 266(Thirtcenth 60
t	Second 559 Fourteenth 31
	Third
	Fourth 329 Sixteenth 149
,	Fifth 201 Eighteenth. 151
?	Sixth 162 Reserve Corps. 183
1	Seventh 159 Harbor 46
1	Eighth 188 Park 5
	Ninth 260 Schuylkill Harbor. 17
9	Tenth 259 Chestnut Hill 8
,	Eleventh 146 Vagrant Detectives. 66
3	Twelfth 215
	Name Drawn name of Code

New Buildings .- During the month of October 447 permits for new buildings were issued by the Building Inspectors. Of that number two were four-story dwellings; 230 were for three-story dwellings and 117 for two-story dwellings. Boiler houses, 2; Churches, 1; Chapels, 2; Depot, I; Dye-houses, 2; Omittens, 1; Chapers, 2; Depot, 1; Dye-houses, 2; Factories, 5; Coach-houses, 5; Ice-houses, 2; Offices, 9; Sheds, 3; Slaughter houses, 2; School-houses, 2; Shops, 16; Steres, 12; Station-house, 1; Stables, 27; Store-houses, 2; Vault, 1. There were also 118 permits issued for alternative and additions. alterations and additions.

COUNTERFEIT MONEY .- A colored woman, named Hannah Bradly, was arrested last evening, for attempting to pass bogus fifty-cent notes at several stores on Pine street, near Sixth. Officer Webb, who made the arrest, was pretty roughly handled before he got his prisoner to the Police station. This morning the accused was taken before Alderman Morrow, and was held in \$600 hall to prayer at court. \$800 bail to answer at court.

A SINGULAR CASE.—Richard Marra was before Alderman Senix this morning, charged with receiving stolen goods. It seems that two men went out together, and ran up a bill. One had not the funds to settle his score, and stole the watch of the other. The stolen time-keeper was finally found in the possession of Marra. The accused was held in \$600 bail for trial.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- A man named Glennell, an employé of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was run over at the Depot, West Philadelphia, this morning, while engaged in shifting cars. He had a leg and arm taken off and was conveyed to the Pennsylvania Hospital. He belongs to Lancaster where he has a wife and two children residing.

DISHONEST DOMESTIC .- Julia Mullen was before Ald. Massey this morning, upon the charge of larceny. She was employed as a domestic in a house on Mt. Vernon street, above Twelfth, and is alleged to have stolen a gold watch and some clothing. She was held in \$800 ball for trial.

THE DEAF MUTE MISSION.—The annual report will be read, and an appeal made, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, on Sunday evening, November 3d, at 71/4 o'clock. Bishop Stevens, Reva.Dr. Gallaudet and Phillips Brooks will speak. The public are invited.

ROBBERY .- The residence of Mrs. Sarah-Bell, No. 1902 Market street, was ransacked last evening while the family were absent at church. Two gold watches, some small articles, and five or six dollars in money were stolen. It is supposed that the thieves secreted themselves upon the premises during the afternoon. ATTEMPTED RODBERY .- An attempt was made

to enter Vogel's shoe store, on Richmond street, above Frankford road. Several holes were bored in a back door and window, and the thieves then became frightened and ran off. THE EVENING BULLETIN.—Residents of the

western part of the city can always obtain the latest edition of the BULLETIN at the Cigar and News Depot, No. 241 South Fifteenth street.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

JUDILEE IN ST. ANDREW'S, ARCH AND BROAD. The large hall was crowded last evening, to celebrate the Seventh Jublilee of the Reformation Back of the pulpit, on one side, hung a large pic ture of Luther, on the other a picture of the test at Spires, both festooned with laurel. each side of the pulpit were vases with flowers and baskets of flowers here and there suspended from the ceiling.

The music by the choir and organ was appro-

priate. Two inbilee hymns were sung. Daring the evening addresses were made by Drs. Hutter and Albert, and the Revs. Dimm, Klinefelter and Dr. Stork said: The Church here, is just in the

springtime, and these few blushing flowers were tokens that the winter of their enterprize was past, and prophetic of a coming summer of waving harvests. He said this was not merely a Lutheran Jubilee—but the Jbbilee of Protestant Christendom. When Luther, with his great fire heart confronted an empire, it was not as the repre-sentative of a sect or denomination, but of man and liberty. Washington does not belong to America, but to the world. He paid a noble tribute to Zwingle for his sagacity and heroism. Said he towered above his countrymen and like the mountain peaks of his native Switzer-land first caught the light of the rising sum—the first glimpses of the truth, even before Luther came to an open rupture with Rome. He also spoke of the profound tearning and eloquence of Calvin, and how he took the truths evolved by the Reformation, and

crystalized them into a system of Divinity. He spoke of Luther as a man; quoted from Carlyle I will call this Luther a great man-great not as the hewn obelisk, but as an Alpine mountain, piercing far and wide into the heavens; yet, in the cletts of it, fountains, green and beautiful valleys with flowers, a true son of nature and fact, for whom centuries to come will be thankful to Heaven. He concluded by calling on all not to confine their thoughts and hearts to a narrow denominationalism, but to catch the spirit of a large and generous Christian catholicity. Take hold of the great ideas of the Reformation, and live and work and pray for the coming of Christ's kingdom of peace and righteousness and liberty. "Before the loftler throne of Heav'n The hand is raised, the pledge is given

One monarch to obey—one creed to own: That monarch Gop—that creed His word alone!

NEW JERSEY MATTERS.

POLITICAL.-A large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held at Blackwoodtown, N. J., last night, and was addressed by James M. Scovel and Charles Pryon, Esq. Dr. J. W. McCullough was chosen President of the meeting, and made a brief and pertinent speech. The meeting held till a late hour, and adjourned with cheers for the whole ticket.

THE LONDON PROOF-READBRS.—The Committee of the London "Association of Correctors of the Press" have published a report, in which there are some curious statistics. They receive an average of £2 0s. 5½d. each per week. There are one hundred and ninety-five of them, and of these only two receive £3 per week! and for this they work fifty-three hours. The report urges an increase of salary in consideration of the mental labor, the wear of eyesight, and the brain work really required by such readers. The averreader's life in England is a little over forty years.

THE CENSORSHIP IN POLAND. - The Russian. censor in Poland has suppressed a Polish prayer book. It had passed the hands of the regular inbook. It had passed the hands of the regular inspector of the press, and fifteen thousand copies
were printed. Subsequently a zealous official
discovered some passages which to his mind appeared improper. He lost no time in forwarding
intelligence to headquarters. All the copies were
selzed, and while the first censor was on the
point of dismissal, the other received high praises,
promotion, and "a high order" for excenitionally scalous fulfilment of his duties."

FACTS AND FANCIES.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

-Charles XV. of Sweden is recovering.

-Austin has been having a great negro ball. The Kansas girls have nominated George Francis Train for the Presidency.

-The French court went from Blarritz to St. Cloud, some 500 miles, in fifteen hours. -Patti is coming back home at the close of her St. Petersburg engagement.

-Pirate Semmes dislikes to wear boots, but he never objected to booty.

-Great numbers of Danes are said to be emigrating to Salt Lake City.

-Mr. Hamill, the oarsman, is a gentleman and —An English politician is quoted as saying that the Prince of Walco will never come to the throne if England keeps on as she is now going.

The Orleans family has been increased by the addition of a boy, the son of the Duke and Duchess De Chartress.

-One of the gardeners to the Queen has brought up in London five children on a salary of less than \$3 a week.

-The author of "Margaret and her Brides-maids" is about to publish a new novel entitled "Three Wives."

The Grand Duchess Olga is to receive \$129,000 on her marriage with George, King of the
Greeks, and the same amount yearly. —The Pyrences are sinking at a rate that will take them out of sight in 1,000 years. But tourists needn't hurry just yet.

—Suicides for love, says a statistican, rarely occur after thirty. At that age one has found there is more in the world than he once thought. —His Highness the Viceroy of Egypt has sent to the new Sailor's Home, in London, fifty pounds sterling.

-"General Sheridan," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "has been enthusiastically received at Newark, Cork and Brooklyn."

-The Fort Smith Herald says the Arkansas river is so low above that place that last week a drove of cows stopped to drink in it, and they

... In the printed instructions of the Overland Express Company to their agents occurs the following passage: "Wherever you see the Indian shoot him."

—A Naples paper says there is talk of building a bridge from Cape Guaziri in Sicily to Cape Pizzo, in Calabria. An English engineer, after careful study has declared that it can be done. -The Countess Paula Von Kollonitz, late

lady-in-waiting to the Empress Charlotte, is about to publish a work entitled "The Court of Mexico." —A London correspondent asks, regarding the Prince of Wales, "What would you think of the manners of a man who made a point of entering ladies' drawing-rooms with a cigar in his mouth?"

-Rumor says that Gortschakoff, aged 70, is to marry a divorced lady of 24. Alexander wants him to hurry, as a near relation of his is likely to do something foolish about the lady.

-It is said that at a little New England town, where Sheridan stopped a few minutes, the girls expressed their admiration by kisses. One lass failed to reach his lips. "It was a miss," said Sheridan, "but a good line shot."

The Universalist Society of Cavendish, Vt., has employed a Miss Damon to occupy its pulpit. She is pretty, and the young men are all becoming Universalists, and are anxious to play Pythias to Damon. -Mrs. Gen. Lander was presented, at Cincin-

nati, last week, at the close of her personation of Medea, with a badge of the Twelith Army Corps, by the survivors of the Fifth Ohio Volunteers, which regiment formed part of her husband's command. -A hand-organ grinder was lately noticed

turning away in disgust from the front of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Hartford. His audience, so to speak, consisted of one little boy, and he a deaf one, intently curious to see what he was turning the handle for. _M. Fetis, of Brussels, has studied the pictures of musical instruments on Assyrian and Egyptian monuments and constructed models of them. He

expects to revive ancient musical systems of this method and distinguish races by the same _Mrs. Velverton first met the perfidious Major. Yelverton in the Crimea, where she had gone on an errand of mercy with Florence Nightingale.

The Major was very ill-dangerously so the woman he has since repudiated nursed him night and day. The Paris Charivari publishes a caricature o Count Bismarck as the glant at a fair, his head surmounted by an enormous helmet, and a large club in his hand. He says to a little Daniel soldier, whose four limbs have just been cut off: "And now, my friend, what about the guaran-

-A young clerk lately made a sketch on the —A young cierk lately made a sketch on the wall of a room in the Paris Bourse where brokers clerks assembled. It depicted L. N., a la Blondin blindfolded, balancing Bismarck on one end of his pole, against Garibaldi on the other. The police found out the youth, prosecuted him and invited his employers to discharge him.

-An English Ritualist paper, the Church News, says in its "Notices to Correspondents:" "Cranmer, was not only an apostate, traitor, perjurer, robber and persecutor—so far he merely shared with Ridley, Latimer, Jewell, Bale, &c.—but he was a coward and time-server also, and therefore ranks even lower than they." -It has been determined to erect a statue to Mr. Peabody in Liverpool, and over 3,000 pounds have been subscribed. The committee decided by

an unanimous vote to extend the work to Mr.

Story. Mr. Peabody will give sittings in Romeand it is expected that the statue, which is to be in bronze, will be ready within eighteen months. —An English periodical gives this description of Dore's studio: "M. Dore's studio is situated in one of those quiet, clean, aristocratic little streets. one of those quiet, clean, aristocratic little streets, that open out of the Champs Elysees, to the right, as you go towards the Arc de l'Etolle from the Place de la Concorde. The room has an air of, we alth about it—indeed, it is so lofty and spacious that the epical pictures of the Sistines Chapel could almost find room to stand, against its east wall. The young painter's studio happens just now to be peculiarly worthy of attention, as its owner has this year collected topens just how to be peculiarly worth of a tion, as its owner has this year collected together several dozens of his most representative pictures, in order that they should be seen by any friends or admirers of his whom the Exposition might allure to Farls."

-Kit Carson is thus described by a correspon dent: Five feet six in his stockings, deep-chosted and squarely set, with the slightest stoop of the shoulders, feet and hands small, an oval face, shoulders, feet and hands small, an oval face, very young looking for its fifty-eight years of care; light blue eyes, gentle as a woman's and clear as a boy's; the mouth well cut, but with straight lines around the corners, and the appearance of having been made from harder material; than the rest of the face; the nose not remerkable, but the brow broad, rounding and smooth; with thoroughly Saxon hair falling to his shoulders, and looking a little thin on top and streaked with threads of silver; a moustache of the same light color was the only hair on his face. He wore his Brigadier-General's uniform in a caveless, half-Indian way that looked very comfort able.

The following story of Mr. Sothern's first ap-

his Brigadier-General's uniform in a carciers, half-Iudian way that looked very comfortable.

—The following story of Mr. Sothern's first appearance as an actor is told by Mr. D. P. Miller, an English manager, in a note to a Birmingham paper: "Some years ago, when I was proprietor of the Adelphi Theatre, Glasgow, one morning a young gentleman presented himself at the theatre. He wanted to act; would pay a handsome gratuity if his request, was complied with—only it must be that night. But the bills are out, and we cannot change the pieces. I observed. What do you play? he inquired. The Worder. Well, allow me to play "Don Felix," and I will take all your private boxes." His cingular and caracst manner interested me. I consented. He acted and gained great applause. Years clayed. I had the pleasure of meeting. Mr. Sothern upon his late visit to Birmingham. He inquired did I recollect the circumstance above narratod? I did. Thus Mr. Sothern made his first appearance on