BUSINESS NOTICES.

Best Stylish Clothing in Philadelphia,
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At Tower Hall,
At Tower Hall,
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Our stock is manufactured with special care for this season's sales. *We defy competition in extent and variety of assortment, and in style, fit and make of Goods. Prices always guaranteed lower than the lowest elsewhere, and full satisfaction guaranteed, every purchaser, or the value invoiced and money refunded.*

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A Treatise on Deafness, Catarrh, Consumption and Cancer; their causes, means of speedy relief, and ultimate cure, by a pupil of the Academy of Medicine, Paris, Sent free for 10 cents. Scrofulous diseases successfully treated. Dr. T. H. STILWELL, 25 East Washington Place, New York City, where all letters, to receive attention, must be addressed.

Dr. STILWELL, of New York, will be professionally at 1202 Pine street, Philadelphia, Tuesday next, from 9 to 4. oct24,tu,th,tf-3m

EVENING BULLETIN.

Thursday, October 31, 1867.

A WAR OF RACES.

The world has grown familiar with the old bugbear of the lovers of slavery, North and South, a war of races. Long before the question began, Northern men were warned that if slavery was interfered with, there would be a war of races—a war, that is, of negroes and whites. After the rebellion began, the copperheads of the North said that the design of the Republicans was to bring on a war of races. When President Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation appeared, the war of races was again predicted. When negro soldiers were employed by the United States, the war of races was sure to come. All these direful prophecies failed to intimidate the Government or the people that sustained it, and the rebellion was finished without the war of races.

During the process of reconstruction, the supporters of the Johnson policy, North and South, have revived the old alarm, and we are daily told that the war of races is bound to come if the Congressional policy of reconstruction is to be carried out. The Southern rebels, encouraged by Johnson, refuse to vote at the elections for State conventions, and the negroes and white radicals—the latter very few in number—are the only voters. Because the negroes recognize the authority of Congress, and vote according to their convictions, the non-voting whites declare that there must be a war of races. They begin it themselves, in a mild way, by refusing to employ the negroes in their factories, in their shops, and on their farms. This has been done in Tennessee, Louisiana and Virginia, to a considerable extent. The negroes have borne the injury patiently, widely waiting for Jordan shall return and the necessities of the country shall again give them work. As it takes two parties to make a quarrel, the war of races cannot get itself fairly begun. But the rebels do not yet give up all hope of it, and they are sending to Washington terrible stories of the arming of the blacks and an impending "repetition of all the atrocities of St. Domingo." This is meant to frighten Congress and to encourage the Southern Rebels. He is urged to "take steps for the protection of the defenceless whites," by sending a large military force into each State. It is ludicrous to represent that the Southern people, who were brave enough to face the cannon in defence of the loyal North for four years, are so dreadfully afraid of the poor, despised negroes, and of some whites who they believe to be. But the cry of a war of races must be kept up. It is almost the last hope of the opponents of the Congressional mode of reconstruction, and the vaunted chivalry is obliged to pretend to abject cowardice, for the sake of frightening the radicals and keeping up the President's perverse course of obstruction. In the meantime, the public would like to know when the promised war of races is to begin. The secret seems to be locked in the bosoms of the white race at the South. The blacks do not appear to know anything about it.

GIRARD COLLEGE.

The ten Directors of Girard College who have gained such unenviable prominence before the public by their arbitrary expulsion of the President of the College have at last been forced, by the pressure of public opinion, into a defence of their conduct, and a long statement of their case will be found in another column of to-day's BULLETIN. This extraordinary document is remarkable chiefly for two things: First, the entire avoidance of the accusations which are made against these ten Directors, and second, the vague and unspecific character of the charges which they bring against Major Smith.

The charges which these ten Directors have to meet are two-fold and are so exceedingly simple that no one can be misled about them. They are briefly these: *First, the expulsion of President Smith without show of trial, a privilege awarded to the lowest criminal in the community. Second, the refusal to permit President Smith to resign his post, when such resignation was demanded by his friends in the Board.* These charges have not and cannot be met, and until they are disposed of, the charge of "indelicacy and want of dignity" made by the Directors against Major Smith, because he has invoked the protection of the law, is absurd in the extreme.

In place of meeting these charges, the ten Directors have set forth an address to the public which will probably cause careless and credulous readers to shudder with horror. According to this document, Sodom and Gomorrah were types of all moral beauty compared with Girard College, and Nero and Caligula were the embodiments of all the purer virtues, compared with President Smith. We do not propose at this time to go into the details of this manifesto, but will call attention to one or two facts which may tend to abate the disgust of the community at this startling exhibition of wholesale cruelty and wickedness.

It is a fact that the Committee of Discipline and Discharge, under whose administration all these alleged abuses must have taken place, is composed mainly if not entirely out of the ten directors who sign the document. These individuals are, therefore, responsible for every abuse which is charged, as relates to discipline, absconding and expulsion...

It is a fact that the matron who had charge of the house, and was responsible for its cleanliness, was the selection of these same Directors, and they are, therefore, responsible for every abuse which occurred in her department.

It is a fact that the steward who has charge of the "economic condition of the institution" is the appointee and favorite of these Directors, and they are, therefore, responsible for retaining him in office, if he has "an entire want of brain" for his work.

It is a fact that the single case of excessive corporeal punishment that has been reported to the Board, was inflicted by a prefect who was, afterward, confirmed in his office by the Board, *in spite of President Smith's refusal to recommend such confirmation.*

And so we might go through this whole document. The official investigation which is now going on will fully expose the true state of this whole case, and it will be well for the public to suspend its judgment as to the management of Girard College until the results of that investigation are made known. The EVENING BULLETIN has never undertaken to defend President Smith's administration, for the simple reason that, under the action of the ten Directors has compelled some inquiry into the affairs of the College, we have known nothing about it. The question of merit is now made a direct issue by the swingeing charges of Mr. Boswell and his associates, and it will undoubtedly be met by the accused. Meanwhile, it needs little acquaintance with the practical workings of all large educational institutions, to induce the grave suspicion that in the document of the ten Directors, the state of Girard College is grossly exaggerated and misrepresented. All such institutions necessarily contain a certain proportion of bad boys, whose insubordinate and immoral habits require discipline of greater or less severity. There are always cases of absconding, and of unreasonable complaints from fond and thoughtless and fault-finding mothers. In an institution like Girard College, containing five hundred boys, many of whom come into it destitute of habits of cleanliness, honesty and obedience, it would be a miracle if they should all turn out paragons of neatness, honor and subordination. The unexamined violence of the statement of these ten Directors strongly confirms the conviction that their original action was as little justified by facts, as it was by the principles of honor and justice.

When the Jaffa colonists, dissatisfied with the privileges and the opportunities of American citizenship, sailed away from Maine to build up a colony in Palestine, very many persons exulted over the fact as an illustration of Yankee pluck and enterprise. There were plenty of prophecies that the waters of Jordan would soon be applied to working saw mills; that first-class watering places for hotels, with steamboats running to them twice a day, would be established upon the shores of the sea of Galilee; that a salt company would begin operations in the vicinity of Lot's petrified wife; that a company would commence boring for oil on the sites of Sodom and Gommorah, and that Yankee enterprise generally would transform the country and render it an easy prey to Mr. Seward's insatiable appetite for territory. Sadly enough, none of these extravagant expectations have been realized. The colonists were strangers in a strange land, and instead of infusing the people with new life and energy, they found themselves reduced to beggary and distress, and they are now glad to accept the charity of their countrymen and their government to enable them to return.

American pluck and enterprise have accomplished great things, both at home and abroad, but in the latter cases they have been always backed by immense capital. These colonists were poor men, who believed their opportunities to acquire wealth to be better in another land than they are here. The enchantment was borrowed from the distance. Common sense tells us, and experience proves, that there is no fairer and better field for labor than that afforded in this country, under this free government. The Southern gentlemen who endeavored to overthrow this Government and, failing to do so, left the country in disgust, and went to Brazil, only to return in an impoverished condition, learned a lesson which the story of the Jaffa colonists ought to impress more deeply on the minds of the discontented. Men only succeed in this world by industry and perseverance, and in no country on the earth are these more liberally rewarded than in this, while each individual, at the same time, enjoys a larger measure of personal liberty, and a better protection of his rights and property, than he can obtain elsewhere.

New York has been having a Mass Meeting in favor of the strict enforcement of the Excise and Sunday laws in that city, and it was addressed by a number of eminent advocates of the temperance and Sabbath cause, including Hon. Horace Greeley and Rev. Dr. Durbin. Rev. Dr. Newman Hall, of London, was also among the speakers, and he narrated a fact which speaks well for habits of close observation in London, but which proves that he moved in a very select circle in New York, or that he never ventured out of doors while in the "Commercial Metropolis." He said that "during the seven weeks that he had spent in New York he had seen only three or four drunken persons, while at home he would have met as many in a single evening." If Dr. Hall considers New York a cold-water Paradise, he has only to come to Philadelphia if he would visit the seventh-heaven of ice-total propriety. The amount of drunkenness in New York is two or three hundred per cent. greater than in this city, and the populations of both cities are about equal. We would like to "show the fair side to London," particularly with so estimable a gentleman as Dr. Hall as its representative; but truth is mighty and should prevail, and we have only to say that if the reverend gentleman, while making his stay in New York, desires to see something more than three or four drunken persons in the next seven weeks, let him go to Coney Island next Sunday; to Hoboken on the succeeding Sabbath; to the Five Points and Mackerelville at any time; to Tammany and Mozart Hall ditto, and finally, let him go around among the tipplehouses. Corporeal headquarters in pursuit of election returns on the night of the 5th proximo, and we will be greatly astonished if he does not return to his lodgings (if happily he gets there at all) with a more enlarged idea of New York capacity in the way of getting drunk; possibly with a general lightness in the regions of his watch-fob and his breeches-pocket, and not improbably with a sensation of promiscuous crackedness about the crown. Dr. Hall has spent seven weeks in New York; but it evidently was a rose-watery and not a whisky-and-watery experience.

Another of the loyal State Governors, who helped to sustain the Government of the United States in the trying time of the rebellion, has succumbed. John Albion Andrew, ex-Governor of Massachusetts, died yesterday in Boston, aged 49 years, having been born in Windham, Maine, on the 31st of May, 1818. Of those faithful Executives in the beginning of the war, there are, we believe, none now living except our own Curtin, and Morton of Indiana. Governor Curtin's health was broken down, too, but a visit to Europe has restored him. Governor Morton is a mere wreck of what he was.

Few people have an idea of the mental and physical trials that these noble public servants endured during the period of the war. Governor Andrew might be called *primus inter pares*, and his wise and energetic administration made the services of Massachusetts invaluable to the Republic. The well-equipped troops he sent so promptly to Washington, in the spring of 1861, suffered the first bloodshed in Baltimore, and were largely instrumental in saving the Capital and securing the inauguration of President Lincoln. His subsequent services were equally important, and in the various councils of the loyal Governors he was always courageous, energetic and wise. His death will be sincerely mourned, not only in New England, but by every true patriot in all parts of the country.

It is worth remarking, as a somewhat singular coincidence, that this thirty-first of October, 1867, when Garibaldi is hanging away at the gates of Rome, and threatening the destruction of the temporal power of the pontiff, is the three hundred and fifteenth anniversary of the day upon which Luther nailed his famous ninety-five Latin theses upon the door of the Schloskirch at Wittenberg, and aimed the first blow at the temporal power of the papacy. Although these theses admitted the sovereignty of the pontiff, they contained, virtually, the germ of Protestantism, and produced the deepest agitation throughout Europe. The coincidence possesses no peculiar significance, especially in view of the fact that Garibaldi's schemes are not likely to prove as successful as Luther's; but it is at least worthy of comment, if for no other object than to prove, by the contrast of the formidable temporal power of the Pope then, with the feeble power which remains in his possession at the present day, the fact that it is destined to terminate within a brief period, having served its only purpose, which was to protect and defend religion when it needed the support of a powerful arm.

Sales of Real Estate, by James A. Freeman, Auctioneer.

On our last and inside page, will be found a very extensive list of Real Estate, the sales of properties advertised by James A. Freeman, Auctioneer, comprising a number of desirable properties, to be sold by order of executors, trustees, assignees, administrators, and others. Persons desirous of closing estates, deceased, Mortgagees, and others, are also included.

DOWNINGS' AMERICAN LIQUID CEMENT. FOR mending furniture, crockery, glass, and other articles. Glass, China, Ivory, Wood, Marble, &c. No trouble to apply. Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. Always ready for use. JOHN D. DOWNING, Sole Agent, 102 South Eighth street, two doors above Walnut.

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WARRINGTON'S IMPROVED, VENTILATED and easy-fitting Hat. Also patent Ventilator, to prevent fastening of the sweat. Constantly on hand, cor. Ninth and Chestnut. oct31,1yrp

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Tinsel, Spangles, Gauze, Tinsel Lace, Fringe and Flake Lace, Gold Lace, Silks of Brilliants for theatre dresses, Fancy Goods for theatrical purposes, Gilt Leather for theatre boots, Gilt Leather for theatre sleeves, and superior Polish, for sale by CHARLES GOLDSMITH, 1102 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

MALLETS FOR TINNERS, BOTTLERS, CARPENTERS, etc. A heavy iron mallet, with hickory handle, for sale by THE SCOOP SHOVEL AND TOOL CO., No. 1 Dock street. Also, a full assortment of Tools, for sale by THE SCOOP SHOVEL AND TOOL CO., No. 1 Dock street, below Walnut.

OYSTER KNIVES, OYSTER KNIFE HANDLES, STEWING Pans, Stew Pans, at the store of THUMAN & SHAW, No. 1 Dock street, below Walnut. Also, Tinners' Tools.

DISTORT MARKET BASKETS, LARGE, MEDIUM, and small sizes. Dealers in Fancy Baskets, Willow ware, Cordage, Twine, and Wooden Ware, wholesale only, at the store of THUMAN & SHAW, No. 1 Dock street, below Walnut.

TO GENTLEMEN WHO WEAR LADIES' SIZES KID Gloves. I have placed on the counter for sale a dozen Light Yellow color Kid Gloves, a good shade for evening wear, in perfect order, which I may offer cheap on the wear, in perfect order, which I may offer cheap on the counter, to be sold at $1 per pair. JOHN WYCKOFF, No. 1102 Chestnut street.

PATENTED—PANTS CLEANED AND STRETCHED while you wait in five hours. MOTTO: Prompt Steam Drying and Scouring, 728 south Ninth street and 704 Lance street. Kid gloves cleaned every day.

COMPOUND CHARCOAL BISCUIT.

A valuable remedy for Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Waterbrash, Indigestion, and all other forms of Dyspepsia. The Genuine Without Charcoal and other chemical medicines are combined in the form of Bran Biscuits or as an very palatable, prepared only by JAMES SHINN, Apothecary, 84 corner Broad and Spruce streets. *Sold by druggists.*

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N. B.—We have a New and Cheap Article of Garden and Pavement Hose, very cheap, by which the sufferings of the public is relieved.

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WILL NOW BE
Glad to Receive his Friends
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Entrance on Sixth street.

J. E. GOULD
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SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

ATTEMPTED MURDER CASE.

A Murderer Convicted.

FROM PANAMA.

ARRIVAL OF GOLD.

The Revolt in Peru.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Effects of the Late Storm.

Numerous Marine Disasters.

Shooting Affair in New Jersey.

(Special Despatch to the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.)

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Oct. 31.—Last night, between nine and ten o'clock, Mrs. Chas. J. Walker shot her husband at Bound Brook, N.J., five miles east of this place. Mrs. W. sent her husband in a bar-room, and requested him to accompany her home. Upon his refusing, she drew a pistol and shot him in the forehead, the ball glancing and inflicting a severe, though not dangerous wound. The cause assigned for the act is considered him unfaithful to his marriage vows. The parties reside at New Brunswick, N. J., and occupy a respectable position in society.

The trial of Jacob Van Arsdale, for the murder of the boy Baird, in June last, was concluded here this morning. The jury, after being out about two hours and a half, returned with a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree," but recommend him to the mercy of the proper authorities.

From Panama.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Panama papers of the 23d inst., have been received by the steamer Henry Chauncey, which brings $146,000 in gold.

Guatemala has granted the privilege to certain parties to establish a National Bank, with a capital of 2,000,000.

Isaac H. Steinbergh, an American, was assaulted in Panama by three natives, one of whom shot him, causing a wound not fatal. The American Consul demanded the arrest of the assassins. A full investigation was ordered, in accordance therewith. The affair was undoubtedly premeditated, attempt at assassination.

The government Watrec arrived at Panama on the 16th, and returned to Callao after coaling.

The Chilian Legislature has given the revolution shifting a portion of the real estate tax to the commercial tax.

Central American advices notice severe storms of the great coast, and have caused great loss. Cholera is disappearing.

Valparaiso dates are to the 2d inst. The uncertainty as to the movements of the Spanish fleet had a depressing influence on business.

The treaty of commerce between Peru and Chilizie mutually an inauguration of free trade.

A line of steamers is to be established between Valparaiso and Liverpool.

Bolivia is seeking to annul the guano contract at the Mejillines Islands.

The cholera is still at Guayaquilla, Peru, continues. Troops have been sent there, but Caussco still remains in command, and no attack has yet been made upon him.

The Spanish Congress had an embroglio with the Government, but the matter was settled by the resignation of the Minister of the Interior.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 29.—The effect of the severe gale which visited the coast yesterday afternoon and evening, has manifested itself in the large number of vessels that have put into this port in distress. The British brig Boadicea was driven from her moorings, dragging her anchor and towed to Norfolk for repairs, having lost her mainmast.

The Prussian brig Lons has arrived from Rio de Janeiro with 1500 tons of guano for Baltimore. The squall struck her off Cape Hatteras, carrying away her mainmast and main top gallant mast. The sea ran very high, and the bad weather continued for some time. The vessel sustained no other injuries, and will no doubt be ready to proceed to her place of destination and discharge her cargo before repairing.

The steamer Prance, from New York for Wilmington, N. C., which put in here during the storm, had her smoke-stack blown away in the gale last night. The ship is now repairing, and will be ready to sail again to-morrow.

The steamer Roanoke, from New York for Charleston, put into Norfolk, this afternoon, with her smoke stack carried away. It is said she went by the board during the gale last evening. She will be ready to sail in a few days.

It is reported that the steamer Boston, bound for Baltimore, from Boston, ran aground on Kent Island, Bay, but the extent of her injuries has not as yet ascertained. A tug and lighters will go to her assistance in the morning.

The large number of vessels anchored in the Roads for the past week have, with a few exceptions, sailed for sea. The following is a list of the vessels: Among them were the ships Polar Star, for Bordeaux; Joseph Clark, for Panama; Soloota, for Mobile; Pacific, for Japan, and Freeman, for Baltimore; brigs Maude, for Baltimore, and Maggie Hammond, for Boston.

The revenue cutter Nemaha has passed up bound to Norfolk.

The weather is still unsettled with the wind at the southeast.

Marine Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Arrived—Steamer Minnesota, from Liverpool, 22d inst., and Isle of Wight, 23d inst.; steamer Cambria, from Aspinwall, and steamer Moro Castle, from Havana.

MEXICO.

The Indian Atrocities—Juarez Fails to Send Relief.

NEWPA, Mexico, October 1, by way of Havana, October 22.—The Comanches have killed over two thousand men which were urgently demanded to stop the Indian atrocities. The tribes have united.

CITY BULLETIN.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER THIS DAY AT THE BULLETIN OFFICE.

10 A. M.....45 deg. 12 M.....61 deg. 2 P. M.....70 deg.

Weather cloudy.

HALLOW EVE.—The time-honored festival of Hallow E'en, is rapidly falling into disuse with this generation. It is one of those relics of the dark ages which emerged along from Roman and Druid days, down through the local traditions of England, Ireland and Scotland, bearing with it its old myths of supernatural spirits and apparitions, mingled with the *Mary* revels of boys and girls, Christmas Eve and Twelfth Night for the future fortunes of their future lovers. In this country, the old traditions have faded out of the popular memory, and the observance of the eve in chief observance is maintained by roving bands of boys who, without rhyme or reason, ring door bells and pull at bells, without the faintest idea of any meaning in the act. The boys who were out at all on Hallow Eve, but Hollier Eve, a night to be kept with noise and confusion and disturbance to peaceful householders. It is somewhat remarkable that while every people in the civil observances and superstitions of Hallow E'en has passed into oblivion, and so attack has yet been made upon him.

The Spanish Congress had an embroglio with the Government, but the matter was settled by the resignation of the Minister of the Interior.

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THE HOLLINSWORTH SCHOOL.—The Hollingsworth school building on Locust street, west of Broad, which has just been completed and a description of which was published in the BULLETIN a few days ago, was opened to the public for inspection, this morning, and will be continued open until this evening at six o'clock. A large number of persons, ladies and gentlemen, visited the building during the morning, and the various improvements noted in the old style school houses were highly commended. The dedicatory exercises will take place this evening. Addresses will be delivered by Prof. Bolle, Mayor McMichael and Edward Shippen, Esq., President of the Board of Controllers of the Public Schools.

UNVEILING A STATUE.—This evening Mr. Hazelhurst's marble statue of Admiral Farragut, rewarding her Defenders will be unveiled at the Union League House, and the event will probably attract a large number of the Union League. We are requested to state, also, that Captain John L. Worden, U. S. N., of Monitor renown, will be the guest of the League this evening, and the members and their families will have an opportunity of paying their respects to him.

RESCUING A PRISONER.—Last night Policeman Kemble arrested a man on Sixth street, above Oxford, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. John Barry interfered, assaulted Officer Kemble and rescued the prisoner. He was arrested and locked up. This morning he had a hearing before Alderman Fitch, and was committed. In default of $1,000 bail 10 answer at Court.

ROBBERY OF A LIQUOR STORE.—The wine and liquor store of John Gallagher, at Twentieth and Catharine streets, was entered last night, and robbed of twenty-two gallons of brandy, valued at $200, and four barrels of whiskey. The plunder is supposed to have been carried away in a wagon.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—David Gardiner, a bakeman, in the employ of the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad, fell off of the six o'clock passenger train last evening at Gray's Ferry Bridge. He was badly injured, and was brought to his home in this city.

MACHINE SHOP ROBBED.—The machine shop of Fred. Gaskill, No. 1 Dock street, near Walnut, was entered last night by forcing open a back door. Brass and tools to the value of $20 were stolen.

SERVED RIGHT.—Two young men, who have been in the habit of throwing bad ones at Patrolman Kelly for some time past, were arrested yesterday, by the Park Police, and were held to bail for trial at Court.

MORE STREET WALKERS ARRESTED.—The Fifth District Police last night arrested six street walkers, in the vicinity of Ninth and Walnut streets. This morning the prisoners were committed by Alderman Sheriff.

"HOWEN'S GEM AGAINST SECRETS."—"A novel and elegant Collection for Coldie, Coughs, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption, prepared chiefly of horehound, colt's foot, comfrey and squills. Hold in the mouth and allowed to dissolve, or swallow the exudate cough and relief the throat and lungs. Manufactured only by Howen, Sixth and Vine streets.

CHILDREN Cutting their Teeth Hard, thereby enforcing intense pain, may be really relieved by applying a small quantity of Dr. Bigelow's Teething Powders.

WARRANTED TO CURE ON THE MONEY REFUNDED.—Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Remedy has cared 1,000 cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Gout in this city. Prepared at 29 South Fourth street.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES AND PERFUMERY.—Dyes, Brushes, Sponges & Perfumery, Wholesale. 22 South Eighth street.

BENSON'S SOAP.—Elder Flower, Turtle Oil, Glycerine, Lettuce, Sunflower, Musk, Rose, &c. Benson & Bro., Druggists, 22 South Eighth street.

GOLD MEDAL PERFUMERY.—Highest premium awarded the Prize Medal, at the Paris Exposition, 1867, to Lazell, Marvin & Co. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers—for sale by all the principal Jobbers. Depot, 48 Maiden Lane, New York.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Sales at the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

$500 US 5-20s '65	105½	300 sh Catawa pf	30
500 Penna 6s	100	560 sh Catawa	34
5000 do 3d mtg 6s	93½	100 sh do	34
2000 do	93½	100 sh do	34
500 do	93½	100 sh Hestonville	31
1000