BUSINESS NOTICES.

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READY MADE CLOTHING.
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PHILADELPHIA.
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Residence, 1206 HEALTH street; or address EVENING BULLETIN OFFICE.

EVENING BULLETIN.

Friday, October 11, 1867.

"STOP THIEF!"

The Copperhead organ of Philadelphia comes out with a characteristic cry of "Stop Thief!" to cover the well-known frauds which were perpetrated by the Democrats of the Fourth Ward and other localities, at the late election. The insinuation against Col. Frank Jordan, the Chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, is despicably mean. The idea that, because he is Secretary of State, he may tamper with the duplicate election returns, is almost unworthy of notice. It is known to our readers the fact that the Democratic chairman is a State Senator, and therefore one of the jury in the case of a contested election. None but those who are conscious of their own guilty frauds would have made the suggestion, as base as it is absurd, that Colonel Jordan's official position could be used to tamper with the returns.

ROME AND ITALY.

The Roman question seems to be on the eve of a final solution, and the action of the section on the sovereigns of three of the most important Catholic Powers, the Emperor of Prance, the Emperor of Austria and the King of Italy. A Prince Salzburg interview the two first-named monarchs are said to have come to an understanding on the subject of the Papacy; but nothing has been public except an agreement said to have been made as to the successor of Pope Pius IX. But now comes the announcement from Biarritz, where the French minister of Foreign affairs and the Italian ambassador at Paris have been in council with the Emperor, to the effect that the temporal power of the Pontiffcate is to cease at the death of the present Pope, and the Papal States are to become incorporated with the Kingdom of Italy, and Rome is to be its capital. Pope Pius is now in the 76th year of his age; he has reigned over twenty-one years, and as there is no instance, since St. Peter's time, of a Pope reigning over twenty-five years, it is not probable that his term will last much longer.

There is no important Catholic Power in Europe likely to oppose the arrangement made by the monarchs named, unless it is Spain, and she is powerless. Portugal is not important, and her government needs all interference in external questions. Prussia is Protestant, but her political influence is known to be in favor of the sovereignty of the King of Italy over all the peninsula. The minor German Catholic States could venture nothing without the consent of Prussia or Austria. Austria, Unless, therefore, some catastrophe should happen to the Emperor Napoleon or Victor Emmanuel, before the death of the present Pope, it is probable that the plan announced from Biarritz will be carried out literally, before a very great while. Thus will be realized the aspirations of every Italian lover of liberty, from the time of Dante to that of Garibaldi. From Venice to Sicily there will be but one government, and that will be a constitutional one, recognizing the rights and liberties of the people. Rome, the great capital of ancient civilization, will be the capital of free Italy, and this fact alone will reconcile the jealousies of the Turinese, the Milanese, the Venetians, the Florentines and the Neapolitans, who have each had aspirations respectively that the seat of government might be fixed in their own city. None of them, however, are jealous of Rome, and when Victor Emmanuel enters that ancient capital as its sovereign, there will be universal joy in Italy.

The friends of Garibaldi may fairly claim the great result now impending as his work. He liberated the Two Sicilies by his own hand. His name was the rallying cry under which the Austrians were driven from Lombardy, the Duchies, a large part of the Papal States and Venetia. Although not allowed to remain in the field this autumn, his followers carried on the movements about Rome which have led to the recent arrangements at Salzburg and Biarritz. As he has steadfastly refused all political or pecuniary reward for what he has done, people now recognize his services, and history will do him honor as the chief agent in the creation of the constitutional kingdom of Italy. He may be called a demagogue, a radical, a mischief-maker in general. But his bravery, his energy and his unselfishness must be acknowledged by all, and his character, when judged by his career, will take a high place among those of the world's heroes.

It is a mistaken idea that the Roman church will lose a particle of its dignity by the loss of its temporal power. The political government of Rome has, for a long time, ceased to be an honor to it. It was despotic, and it was detested by a great portion of the people. There was corruption in the public offices, which the best efforts of the best of Popes could not prevent. The annual revenues of the State have long been less than one-half of the expenses. The public debt, nearly two years ago, amounted to about sixty-seven millions of dollars, and it is now much larger. Even the annual interest on such a debt required a taxation which was intolerable in a population numbering only about 700,000 souls. This debt will now have to be assumed by the Kingdom of Italy, and the Italians, already heavily taxed, will have to pay a high price for their acquisition of Rome as their capital. But there can be no doubt that, under wise management, and with peace established permanently, the unification of Italy may be made to lead to a development of commerce, manufactures, agriculture and industry of all kinds, that will, before long, enable the government to begin the reduction of its debt.

Relieved of the responsibility of a political establishment, of a military and police force, and of the ignoble occupations of the politician, there is reason to expect that the Roman pontiffcate will acquire a dignity and command a respect that have been strangers to it for ages. The experience of the Roman Catholic Church in the United States, in Great Britain and in other free countries, is that it is purer and more prosperous than it is in countries where it is part of the State. In Rome with a free and secular government, future Popes and Cardinals, having only their religious offices to fulfill, may be able to attend to their duties with more benefit to the church and more comfort to themselves, than they have been able to do while they felt that a political revolution lurked beneath their feet, and that they were only safe under the guardianship of French bayonets. There is no danger that there will be a lack of money to sustain the Pope and carry on all the ceremonials for which Rome is famous, with the customary pomp and splendor; for the faithful in all parts of the world will contribute liberally to this object, and all the more so when they know that none of their contributions are to go for a political and anti-Christian establishment. That the Italian government will also find it to its interest to protect the head of the Roman church, is certain. It is to be expected, also, that in Rome, as well as in other parts of Italy, people that are not Catholics will be protected—in their right to worship according to their respective beliefs.

GIRARD COLLEGE.

Several weeks ago Select and Common Councils appointed a joint committee of ten to investigate the extraordinary proceedings of a small majority of the Board of Directors of Girard College, in the summary removal of the worthy President of that institution. The Committee consisted of Messrs. Smith, Cattell, Stokeley, Wagner and Marcus, of Select Council, and Messrs. Harper, Francisco, F. Martin, Littleton and Tyson, of Common Council. During the heat of the recent campaign this subject has been allowed to rest, but the public mind will not and should not consent to have it hushed up and overslaughed. There is scarcely a rightminded, high-toned, honorable man in Philadelphia that does not feel that, in the grossly unjust treatment of Mr. Stephen Smith, there was not only a grievous wrong done to the individual, but a discredit fastened upon the Republican party by a small number of its official representatives. There was really no need of an investigating Committee in this case. The facts of the treatment to which President Smith was subjected, are well-known and are not denied. Councils might, with entire propriety, have immediately removed the Directors who connected the disgraceful plot, and put gentlemen in their places, better fitted to appreciate and perform the duties of the position. Such prompt action would have been simple justice, and would have commended itself to the approbation of every good citizen, while it would have had the legitimate effect of removing the odium which was unjustly attached to the Republican party by their act.

The public ask for justice in this business, and they look to the Committee of Councils for prompt and honorable action in the case. They expect the case to be met fairly, openly and without favor or fear. A wrong has been done, and it should be righted in an honest, manly way. Every public man in Philadelphia should be warned by the late election that he is, in a certain sense, one of the public constituents. His course will be closely watched and carefully remembered, not only in the matter of Girard College, but as to all official acts. Those who fail to impress the fact of their integrity and ability upon the public mind, are certain to be retired to private life, while those who show themselves pure and fearless and just in their official acts will be rewarded by the continued confidence of the community.

Meantime, pending the action of this committee, there is time and opportunity for the Board itself to undo this mischief. While the majority of the ten Directors who offered this insult to President Smith are probably beyond the reach of any appeal for justice and redress, we have good reason to believe that there are two or three of them who might be named, who were led into this movement by the misrepresentations of others, who see the injustice that was done, and who have the moral courage to acknowledge their error and to redress the wrong. This can be done and ought to be done by a reconsideration of the vote of the Board. We call upon those gentlemen to procure a special meeting of the Board, to reconsider the whole disagreeable business before the end of this month, to reinstate President Smith in his office, and *then*, and not till then, will he be time for a thorough, searching investigation, not only of President's Smith's conduct, but of the whole management of every department of the College. We are aware that this is high ground to propose, but it is only a just and honorable one, and its adoption will be accepted by the public generally as an omen of good things to come, a proof that the Republican party will not willingly sanction a wrong to a single individual, public or private, rich or poor, high or low.

LINCOLN MONUMENTS.

It is gratifying to observe, as a proof that the memory of Abraham Lincoln is held in grateful remembrance by the American people, that several of the monuments projected at the time of his death are either already erected or in active course of preparation. A handsome monument has been raised at Springfield, Illinois, and a colossal bronze statue was recently completed in this city, for the public park in Brooklyn. The Lincoln Monument Association of this city is actively engaged in procuring designs from different artists for a bronze statue, which will probably be the most prominent monument erected in the country to Mr. Lincoln's memory. The common notion that this Association has been unnecessarily dilatory in its operations is a mistaken one. Its purpose is to present to the public such a monument as will be worthy of Philadelphia and of the great name which it is to perpetuate. To attain this end, time is necessary. Correspondence with European as well as American artists, and the preparation and examination of their designs is a work which cannot be done in a hurry. Much progress, however, has been made, and it is almost certain that, during the coming winter, the design adopted by the Association will be submitted to the public, and its execution commenced. It is already decided that the monument is to take the form of a bronze statue, which will be erected in some public place, where it will remain while Philadelphia is a city, to testify to coming generations the gratitude and reverence with which this generation of our citizens regarded the Martyr-President.

THE LATEST PHASE OF JENKINS.

The late N. P. Willis, for many years before his death, published a newspaper which was professedly devoted to the literary wants and interests of American ladies. Mr. Willis's idea of the intellectual tastes of American women were flattering, but by no means flattering. His paper belonged to the "Laura Matilda" school, and was crammed every week with sickly sentimentalism and namby-pamby sketches, poetry and stories. But it was, to a certain extent, respectable, and in all things decent. After his death his successors deported, in a large measure, from his policy, and began to publish descriptions of ladies' toilettes at public balls and private parties. This proved so popular with certain classes, that reporters were at last sent out to skirmish in Broadway and Central Park, with orders to examine ladies' costumes, ascertain their prices, and write out elaborate descriptions for their paper. But the proprietors are very enterprising, and desiring to go a step further, they have now a special Jenkins who makes it his business to overhear all the young lady talk at concerts, the opera and other places of amusement, and to glean from it what he can in regard to the "engagements in high life." Last week this social McCracken succeeded so well, that he published a list of a half column, containing the names of young ladies who have been wooed and won, in Philadelphia, Boston, and New York, with comments which can hardly be regarded as flattering when their source is considered.

The next step will probably be to give to the world the names of the ladies who are having "delicate attentions" paid to them, and Jenkins may arrive at such perfection as to be able to report the words which pass between the parties upon the momentous occasion when the important question is asked. After this, he will find an unoccupied field if he will undertake to tell his readers what private families have for dinner on certain days, with descriptions of the graceful manner in which the fair damsel of the household, perchance, helped the gravy. He can tell us, let us know how many times Jones quarrels with his wife, with an item or two, supported with illustrations, upon the relative merits of aristocratic New York ladies as dryers. If he intends to make a thoroughly despicable and contemptible key-hole Jenkins of himself, he must carry the thing to this or a similar extent. In the meantime, however, it will be well for the male friends of the ladies who have had their love affairs thus outrageously given to the world in public print, to watch for Jenkins, and when he is caught taking notes, to kick him down stairs. The result will probably be a description of the boot thus kicked him, but there will be a certain satisfaction arising from a knowledge of having done a good and righteous thing.

Extensive forgeries of U. S. 7-30 bonds have just been discovered in Washington, and the effect of the discovery is to cause well-grounded uneasiness in monied circles, and to excite general distrust and a want of confidence in respect to all Government securities. There is no more dangerous criminal than the counterfeiter, and our special laws, and still more merciful usage, tend to the encouragement of this class of criminals. There is now at large in some part of the country, and probably not far from this city, a forger whose skill is equal to his cunning and whose cunning is almost fox-like. We refer to Col. J. Buchanan Cross, who is so complete an adept in his rascally trade, that he actually forged a pardon for himself upon one occasion while in prison in New York, and at another time forged himself out of the Eastern Penitentiary, in this city. These have recently been two heavy forgeries in Philadelphia and at Camden, and in the shrewdness and cunning of their management they bear the marks of Cross, very decidedly. Now, this dangerous scoundrel is well known to the police, and we can discover no sufficient reason why he should not be permanently placed where his power to do mischief may be curtailed. Professional thieves and pickpockets are locked up for a season on general principles, even though they may not be charged with any special offence, and there is certainly no sufficient reason why such dangerous characters as Cross should be at liberty. In old times men who had no "visible means of support" were sent to jail as vagrants. If the police would set themselves to the work they could secure a few hundred such expensive nuisances on Chestnut street any fine morning; and an impartial "haul" would produce in their net a promiscuous assortment of scamps, from petty thieves, pickpockets, black-legs and policy dealers to the passers of heavy checks and the counterfeiters of thousand dollar bonds. These gentry are bound to have a free living out of the public, and the latter can support them much more cheaply inside of stone walls, than it can when they are at large, and they take the liberty to help themselves in their own way.

SAFETY RAILROAD SWITCH
MAIN TRACK UNBROKEN.

I am now prepared to furnish railroads throughout the use of which the main track *is never broken*, and it is impossible for any accident to occur from the misplacement of switches.

The track is safe, and the great saving in wear of the rolling stock, which is by this means provided with a level, smooth and firm track at switches in place of the usual rough rails and the consequent severe blows caused by the ordinary points and tongue rails, is a matter deserving the especial attention of all Railroad Companies, and a number of persons using this invention recently have to be tried to insure its adoption; but beyond the common *the period required to prove a brand-new and untried invention* switches is a subject not only of importance in respect to property and frequent destruction, but it concerns *the life and limb of all travelers upon Railroads.*

I refer to the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, and to the New York and Hamilton Railroad Co.

I am now filling orders for various other Railroad Companies, and I will gladly give any information in detail that may be desired.

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Office, No. 28 South Third Street, Philada.
Factory, Walnut above 31st St., Philada.
octo3m rpd

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French Calf, double sole, Boots, first quality, $18 00.
Do. do. single do. do. do. $16 00.
Do. do. double do. do. do. $14 00
Do. do. single do. do. do. $9 00.

BOYS' FINE BOOTS AND SHOES

At Very Low Prices.

BARTLETT,
33 S. SIXTH STREET,
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C. W. A. TRUMPLER
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Music Store
From Seventh and Chestnut Streets
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926 CHESTNUT STREET.
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AMERICAN
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SEWING & BUTTONHOLE MACHINE.
BEST IN THE WORLD.
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32 N. THIRD STREET,
IMPORTERS OF
FRENCH AND GERMAN CALF AND KIP SKINS,
CALF, KID AND PATENT LEATHER,
RED AND OAK SOLE LEATHER.
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BY USING THE
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In connection with a cupola furnace, to which it may be adapted at very little cost. For particulars address or call on the undersigned, or attend the foundry of the undersigned, daily, between 2 and 5 o'clock P. M., at the
HARRISON BOILER WORKS,
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PATENT LOW STEAM
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HOT WATER APPARATUS,
FOR WARMING AND VENTILATING WITH PURE
EXTERNAL AIR.
UNION STEAM AND WATER HEATING CO.,
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NEW CORDAGE FACTORY
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WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS OF OUR own make; warranted solid gold, JAS. A. BONSALL, 234 Chestnut street, below Fourth, lower side.

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N.E. Corner of
FOURTH & CHESTNUT STS.
MANUFACTURER OF
TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, SATCHELS, SHAWL STRAPS, HAT CASE & POCKET BOOKS, FLASKS and Travelers' Goods generally.

DRUGGISTS SUNDRIES.—GRADUATES—MORTAR, Ivy Pill Tiles, Combs, Brushes, Mirrors, Tweezers, Puff and Shaving Boxes, Lancets, Syringes, Spatulas, Trusses, Dental Cups, Chamois Skins, Vial Cases, Glass and Metal Syringes, &c., &c., at "Tom Thumb's Store," SNOWDEN & BIDDLE, 23 South Eighth street.

BEST STOCK OF FLANNELS IN THE CITY.—Red & White Flannel at 25, 31, 37, 44 and 50c. 10ps case all wool Shaker, very heavy, at 18c. full yard wide; Ballardvale at 25 and 30c., 1 and 2 wide. Extra fine and heavy at 44 and 50. Red, Grey, Blue and White Twilled Flannel, 25 to 75c. Best Canton Flannel, 25c. Canton Flannel, 12½c. Flannel in great variety. Casting Flannel in every quality, very cheap. These goods are worthy an examination.
ARMY FLANNEL, 1867 DEPOT,
1012 Market street, above Tenth.

BLANKETS BY THE SINGLE PAIR, AT WHOLESALE PRICES. HAMES BLANKET WAREHOUSE, 216 S. Second street, below Spruce.

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NEW AND LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY
OF
SUPERIOR LINEN GOODS
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LOWEST CASH PRICES.
FRONTING, SHEETING, PILLOW CASES AND SHEETING LINENS.
Also, a Linen Department attached to our LADIES' WEAR, all of celebrated makes.
Fine and elegant displays of opening
Double Damask Table Cloths,
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TABLE DAMASKS AND DIAPERS in all widths and qualities, very heavy.
NOVELTIES
In TABLE NAPKINS and DOYLIES of all sizes.
TOWELINGS of all descriptions, in every variety and quality, Huckaback, etc.
HUCK AND SPECKLED TOWELS, by the yard.
LINEN LAWNS for Surplices and Misses, and for Ruffing.
FLOOR and STAIR LINENS.
FURNITURE COVERINGS, both plain and striped.
Shepherd, Van Harlingen & Arrison,
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HURON BLANKETS.
We have now in store a complete assortment of the celebrated Huron Blankets, made expressly for our sales, which, for fineness of wool, size, weight and durability in price, excel any other Blanket in the market.
EIGHT HUNDRED PAIRS FINE BLANKETS, EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.
Some of these Blankets are so fine and lapped goods made, were elegantly called at the trade, and will be sold at about two-thirds of their value.
Allwool Blankets, $3 00.
Large size Blankets, $4 00.
Ure large Blankets, $5 00.
Very large Blankets, $6 00.
Buyers for Hotels, Boarding houses, Public Institutions and Private Families will do well to call and examine our immense stock and satisfy themselves as to the value of what we offer. Our goods speak for themselves.
All goods warranted as represented.
J. C. STRAWBRIDGE & CO.,
N. W. corner EIGHTH and MARKET Streets.
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POPULAR PRICES
IN
Silks, Shawls, Velvets, Poplins, Reps, Velour Busse, Merinoes, Nous Delaines, Alpacas, Mohairs, Alpaca Poplins, Chene Poplins, Merinos Poplins, Irish and French Poplins and Plaids.
Also, Bombazines, Biarritz, Tamise, and other Mourning Goods in great variety, together with the most extensive assortment of Miscellaneous Dry Goods in the Market.
Also, Blankets, Flannels, Linens, Housefurnishing Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, etc., in reliable qualities, at low prices.
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octl4 2t rpd No. 727 CHESTNUT Street.

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Dry Goods, by Piece or Package, at and under Market Rates.
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COOPER & CONARD
Heavy Fluted Shakes,
Heavy Fluted Ginghams,
Hyde Park Ginghams,
Norwalk Checkings,
Hyde Park Shirtings,
Dark Mixed Shirtings,
Black Cambric Velvetees,
Black Thibets,
Black Brocades,
Black Reps,
Black Poplins,
Brown Cambrics,
Light Colored Cambrics,
COLORED CAMBRIC DRESS BEAVERS, 45 cts.
FROSTED BEAVERS
Of the extra wool quality, in all the ties.
CASSIMERES,
An immense stock every make, style and price.
Tailors' Linings of every kind.
SHAWLS.
Finest display we have ever offered.
CLOAKS,
Now opening daily, new Winter styles.
BOYS' CLOTHING.
An unparalleled assortment strictly fine garments.
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FALLS SCHUYLKILL, COMBERLAND SWISS, WHITNEY, HOLLAND, MELTON, ENGLISH,
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Fine Ready-Made Clothing,
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Clothing Made to Order,
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ROCKHILL & WILSON,
Boys', Boys', Boys' Clothing,
603 AND 605 CHESTNUT STREET.

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Financial and Commercial Quotations.

By Atlantic Telegraph.

LONDON, October 10, Evening.—The decrease of bullion in the Bank of England for the past week has been 238,000 sterling, and the decrease in the Bank of France 25,000,000 francs.

Consols for money.....94⅝ ⅞
U. S. Five-twenties.....71 15-16
Illinois Central.....75¾
Erie Railroad.....43⅝
Atlantic and Great Western.....21¾

FRANKFORT, October 10, Evening.—U. S. Bonds, 74⅝.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 10.—Cotton is heavy and has declined ¼d. Upland Middling, 8¼d.; Orleans, 8¾d. Sales of 12,000 bales.

The Manchester advices are unfavorable.

Breadstuffs continue firm.

Uiseed cakes have declined to £10 15s. Other articles are unchanged.

FALMOUTH, Oct. 10.—The steamer Arago, from New York on the 28th, has arrived.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 10.—The ship Oriental, from Quebec, has been spoken at sea, disabled.

Fire in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 11.—Edward Finnerty was shot dead, last night, in a restaurant, on Broad street, by Robert Maguire, formerly of the Boston Fencery served as a Captain in the 9th Massachusetts regiment during the war. Maguire has been arrested.

THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

The Official Vote of Philadelphia.

Additional Returns from the Interior.

Meeting of the Return Judges.

The Return Judges of this city met yesterday morning, in the Supreme Court Room. The Board was organized by the selection of the following officers:

President—S. P. Hancock.
Clerks—Theo Ewing and Robt. T. Gill.
Doorkeeper—Jos. Kelly.
Messenger—Alfred Hall.

The following is a list of the Judges:

1. Jos. Crea.
2. Isaac J. Griffith.
3. Jno. C. McCall.
4. Jos. Bratton.
5. R. E. Winslow.
6. Wm. H. Kern.
7. D. M. Matthews.
8. Wm. Sommers.
9. A. J. Buckus.
10. S. P. Thomas.
11. Lewis C. Pierce.
12. Geo. F. Kidd.
13. Jno. B. Green.
14. Samuel Schlegel.
15. Wm. Seybert.
16. Jno. Ashton.
17. Michael Dougherty.
18. Jno. Hutchinson.
19. D. H. Jenkins.
20. Geo. W. Hall.
21. Ira Jones.
22. Thos. Macgarge, Jr.
23. Thomas Gegen.
24. H. L. Hagner.
25. Wm. Desmond.
26. W. F. Kelton.
27. Benjamin S. Biley.
28. Geo. A. Coates.

Alderman Beitler administered the oath to the President and Clerks.

The returns were then read, as follows:

State Ticket.

Judge Supreme Court.

Wards.	*Geary R.*	*Clapp D.*	*Dallas R.*	*Shark D.*
1.....	1596	1595	1777	1776
2.....	2387	2091	2604	2304
3.....	1256	1227	1118	2081
4.....	1341	1831	1272	1831
5.....	1087	1864	905	1866
6.....	1037	1215	1015	1219
7.....	2353	1724	2185	1857
8.....	1841	1455	1809	1453
9.....	1357	1429	1256	1543
10.....	1257	1146	1257	1146
11.....	1505	1475	1506	1475
12.....	1550	1417	1550	1417
13.....	1293	1631	1219	1722
14.....	1303	2723	1504	2723
15.....	1837	1584	1987	1945
16.....	1666	1278	1666	1278
17.....	1893	1591	1959	1686
18.....	2882	1139	2882	1139
19.....	3053	1595	3256	1595
20.....	3780	3759	3799	3718
21.....	1331	1838	1350	1838
22.....	2040	1451	2055	1459
23.....	1554	1541	1594	1541
24.....	1605	1686	1625	1663
25.....	1025	1489	1024	1493
26.....	2435	1809	2487	1853
27.....	980	889	996	954
28.....	731	738	738	730
Co. K, 1st	2	2	56	4
Co. K.....	52	2	52	8
	50185	51983	50112	51429
		50185		50112
Lech's majority,		1798	Mogary's maj.	1317
Aggregate vote,		101,368		101,541

CITY TREASURER, CITY COMMISSIONER, *Petrikin, Democrat. Bullitt, Union.*

Wards.	*Jones.*	*Petrikin.*	*Bullitt.*	*Fox.*
1.....	1591	1779	1593	1776
2.....	2119	2602	2103	2602
3.....	1166	2060	1161	2061
4.....	808	2013	801	2017
5.....	964	1969	949	1969
6.....	1013	1626	948	1631
7.....	2259	1761	2233	1765
8.....	1527	1425	1523	1425
9.....	1729	1522	1727	1568
10.....	1164	1164	1219	1168
11.....	969	1671	881	1676
12.....	1187	1382	1182	1382
13.....	1866	1774	1905	1731
14.....	2503	1470	2503	1470
15.....	1574	2021	1596	2026
16.....	1266	1278	1266	1281
17.....	1140	2279	1137	1279
18.....	2551	1897	2595	1898
19.....	2594	2595	2594	2595
20.....	3572	3891	3701	3751
21.....	1337	1605	1323	1603
22.....	2045	1453	2000	1441
23.....	1540	1540	1540	1541
24.....	1620	1661	1629	1659
25.....	1020	1474	997	1475
26.....	2426	1839	2435	1823
27.....	956	838	957	832
28.....	727	736	733	728
Co. K, 1st	13	49	23	49
U. S. Art.				
Co. L, 4th	2	46	2	46
U. S. Art.	58		58	
	49629	51862	49888	51622
		49629		49888
Petrikin's majority,		2232	Bullitt's maj.	1734
Aggregate vote,		101,491		101,510

SENATOR.
THIRD DISTRICT.
Hopkins, Rep. Naylor, Dem.

Wards.	*Hopkins.*	*Naylor.*
5.....	541	1,976
6.....	1,057	1,667
11.....	906	1,651
12.....	1,213	1,607
13.....	1,710	1,852
14.....	2,196	2,279
*18.....	2,287	1,486
Co. L, 4th U.S. A.	58	1
	12,290	12,520
	9,320	9,320
Naylor's majority,		2,970

*Eleventh and Twelfth Precincts are not included in the District.

REPRESENTATIVES.
FIRST DISTRICT.

Wards.	*Foy.*	*Myers.*
1.....	2155	2155
2.....	2952	2952
3.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
4.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
5.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
6.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
7.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
8.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
9.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
10.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
11.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
12.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
13.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
14.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
15.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
16.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
17.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
18.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
19.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
20.....	3[illegible]	3[illegible]
21.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
22.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
23.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
24.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
25.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
26.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
27.....	9[illegible]	9[illegible]
28.....	7[illegible]	7[illegible]
Co. K, 1st	2	56
Co. K.....	52	2
	50185	50112
		50185
Foy's majority,		73

SECOND DISTRICT.

Wards.	*John McMullen.*	*E. C. Tittermary, R.*
1.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
2.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
3.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
4.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
5.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
6.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
7.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
8.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
9.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
10.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
11.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
12.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
13.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
14.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
15.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
16.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
17.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
18.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
19.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
20.....	3[illegible]	3[illegible]
21.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
22.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
23.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
24.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
25.....	1[illegible]	1[illegible]
26.....	2[illegible]	2[illegible]
27.....	9[illegible]	9[illegible]
28.....	7[illegible]	7[illegible]
Co. K, 1st	2	56
Co. K.....	52	2
	50185	50112
		50185
Lech's majority,		1798
Aggregate vote,		101,368

THIRD DISTRICT.

Wards.	*Samuel Josephs, R.*	*A. M. Walkinshaw, R.*
1.....	1,871	2,081
2.....	2,081	1,871
3.....	2,703	2,703
4.....	1,767	963
5.....	2,241	1,175
6.....	1,549	1,469
7.....	1,363	1,455
8.....	1,467	2,514
9.....	1,313	1,676
10.....	1,217	1,017
11.....	1,721	1,728
12.....	1,277	1,230
13.....	1,966	1,617
14.....	2,921	2,939
15.....	1,904	1,672
16.....	1,288	1,286
17.....	1,881	1,585
18.....	2,577	2,579
19.....	3,759	3,718
20.....	1,350	1,350
21.....	1,464	1,459
22.....	1,541	1,594
23.....	1,686	1,625
24.....	1,489	1,629
25.....	1,809	1,853
26.....	889	996
27.....	738	738
28.....	2	56
Co. K.....	52	2
	51983	50112
	50185	
Lech's majority,	1798	Mogary's maj.
Aggregate vote,	101,368	

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Wards.	*Geo. T. Thorn, R.*	*Aquilla Haines, D.*
1.....	3,189	3,035
2.....	3,035	
3.....	1,754	
4.....	3,539	
5.....	3,229	
6.....	1,160	
7.....	1,126	
8.....	1,209	
9.....	1,241	
10.....	1,124	
11.....	1,631	
12.....	2,560	
13.....	700	
14.....	1,122	
15.....	2,167	
16.....	700	
17.....	1,122	
18.....	2,583	
19.....	1,828	
20.....	333	
21.....	1,200	
22.....	1,200	
23.....	1,475	
24.....	1,566	
25.....	1,444	
26.....	1,676	
27.....	1,017	
28.....	1,726	
Co. L, 4th U. S. A.	1,030	
	39,889	
	39,889	
Thorn's majority,	854	

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Wards.	*Thorn's.*	*Haines.*
1.....	3,718	3,718
2.....	1,350	1,350
3.....	1,459	1,459
4.....	1,594