CITY BULLETIN.

PERSONAL TAX RECEIVERS.—Richard Peltz, Esq., has appointed the following receivers of the poll or personal taxes in the several wards:—

First Ward—Jesse Ronsall.
Second—Jos. Schively.
Third—E. C. Ronsall.
Fourth—John D. Hardy.
Fifth—James Markland.
Sixth—William A. Thorp.
Seventh—P. Bobb and Alderman Andrew Morrow.
Eighth—Charles A. Porter.
Ninth—James Thompson.
Tenth—Alderman L. Godfloss.
Eleventh—Jerome F. Neall.
Twelfth—Alderman William S. Toland.
Thirteenth—Alderman Joseph Passhinton.
Fourteenth—James McCalley.
Fifteenth—E. Haws.
Sixteenth—Edward A. Woods.
Seventeenth—W. Stevenson.
Eighteenth—Alderman J. P. Eggleton.
Nineteenth—George L. Deitz. Alex. McEwen and William B. Crawford.
Twentieth—M. Triol. C. H. Test, and Daniel McLean.
Twenty-first—Alderman J. P. Thompson, Alderman Joshua Hill, Alderman O. H. Rumsdell, and Andrew Markley.
Twenty-second—L. Donat, R. Thomas, B. M. Sinerly, and T. F. Middleton.
Twenty-fourth—Edward Lyster and William A. Fredericks.
Twenty-fifth—Joseph Erickson and George A. Reese.
Twenty-sixth—Alderman Thomas Dallas and Alderman Charles Mink.
Twenty-seventh—Joseph P. Boon and Joseph R. Glover.
Twenty-eighth—Alderman Joseph Fletcher and William D. Thomas.

I THE BOARD OF TRADE.—A stated meeting of the Board of Trade was held last evening, Vice President Frederick Fraley occupied the chair in the absence of Mr. Welsh. H. A. Perkins acted as Secretary.

The committee on direct importations without bond or entry at the port of first arrival, was continued on motion of Mr. Wood.

The committee in favor of abolishing the usury law was also continued.

The committee on the Merchants' Union Express Company reported that they had been discharged, on the ground that no arrangements for extending the facilities of that company to the city could at present be agreed upon.

A communication was received from the Louisville Board of Trade, favoring the abolishing of the three cents a pound tax on cotton. Laid on the table without debate.

The question of a fight between the Charleston Board of Trade and General Sickles upon the subject of contracts respecting the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors, and the abolishment of dismissed officers, was received and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Souder favored the appointment of a committee upon the subject of a line of steamers between Philadelphia and Liverpool.

A long discussion ensued, and a committee of five on the subject was appointed.

Messrs. Souder, Wood, James T. Young and Clap. Wheeler were named as the committee of the month; after which the Board adjourned.

THE PHILADELPHIA WATER WORKS.—The statement below shows the amount of water supplied by all the works belonging to the city during August:

	Gals. of Water Pumped.	Average No. of Gals. per day.
Fairmount	652,526,618	20,307,565
Schuylkill	107,456,718	9,302,817
Delaware	117,005,783	3,967,058
24th Ward	66,588,000	2,147,651
Germantown	16,494,400	610,901
Total	1,065,113,503	37,715,952

The reservoir at Roxborough is nearly completed, and the work of laying the distributing main, down the pike to Green lane, is commenced today. The pipe to supply Manayunk cannot be laid until an appropriation is made for that purpose. The new mill house at Flat Rock Dam is nearly completed, and workmen are now engaged in preparing the bed for the new Corliss engine.

STOVE DEALERS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of stove and range dealers was held last evening at Keim's Hall, North Fourth street. Mr. James Spear was called to the chair. The object of the meeting was to afford an opportunity for consultation, and to devise means whereby dealers can protect themselves, and regulate the price of their goods. It was stated that during the war foundrymen raised their prices, and the retail dealers having no protection, the price of stoves was not fixed at a uniform rate in consequence, dealers sold their stock at a loss. A scale of prices was presented to the meeting for consideration, but after discussion, the matter was indefinitely postponed, and the meeting soon afterwards adjourned.

THE DUNCANNON ROBBERY.—Morry Harris, a professional thief, was arrested on Saturday by Detective Constables J. H. Mitchell and J. H. Mooney, at Eighth and Chestnut streets, on the charge of having been concerned in the robbery of the Dunnannon Iron Works, in Northwest Ward, at which time a number of coupons of the North Pennsylvania Railroad, with other property, amounting to about $17,000, was stolen from the fire-proof. He was taken yesterday afternoon before Alderman Hurley, Harris was committed in default of $4,000 bail to answer at Court.

SHIPPERS TO NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE, &c.—The steamship Juniata, Captain Baker, has her berth, pier 18 south wharves, receiving freight for all prominent ports of the Gulf States and on the Mississippi river. Through bills of lading given to Galveston, Mobile, Vicksburg, Natchez, Memphis, Louisville and Cincinnati. For shippers and the traveling public this ship affords first-class facilities, and we trust our merchants will give her a large freight out on Saturday next. Full particulars can be had at the company's office, 351 South Delaware avenue.

LADIES!—John Slater was arraigned before Alderman Beitler, yesterday afternoon, charged with the larceny of printed sheets of books intended for publication. They were stored in a room of Vanking's, 727 Sansom street, and were the property of Mr. Willis P. Hazzard. Several rooms of the paper were also carried off, and the value of the entire property stolen was $1,000. The theft was committed about the 1st of July. In default of $800 bail, Slater was committed.

THE TAX RATE.—The Finance Committee of Councils met last evening and considered the probable rate of taxation for next year. As the estimates for 1868 were not received, the committee did not come to any conclusion, but it was understood by the members that the tax would not exceed $1 50 on the hundred, and might probably be reduced as low as $1 40.

THE ALMSHOUSE.—The population of the Almshouse, as reported to the Guardians of the Poor yesterday, is 2,866, an increase of 57 over the same period last year. Of the whole number 1,271 are males and 1,595 females.

The estimates for the expenses of the Board for the year 1868 are $725,000.

POINT BREEZE PARK.—On Thursday there will be a match for $200. Victoria and Ruby have been entered for the contest.

Armed Meetings in Louisiana.

The following order was issued in New Orleans yesterday:

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA, NEW ORLEANS, LA., September 16, 1867.—It having come to the knowledge of the General Commanding that meetings in various parts of the State for assembling of armed men for political or other purposes, are of frequent occurrence, and that well-disposed citizens are thus subjected to annoyance from armed persons posted as sentinels or videttes, it is hereby ordered that such practices, and all other acts tending to disorder and violence, must be at once discontinued. Commanders of posts, detachments and stations, within this command, will arrest and detain, until further orders, all armed men found posted as sentinels, pickets or videttes, or posted as sentinels on guard duty for any purpose, or by any authority not duly authorized by law.

By command of Brevet Major-General Joseph A. Mower:

Official—(Signed) NATHANIEL BURNAM, Second Lieutenant Thirty-seventh Infantry, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

TWO cholera has disappeared from Governor's Island, N. Y.

GEN. GRIFFIN'S order removing the Judges of the Supreme Court of Texas has been revoked.

The patents to be issued for the week ending September 24 will number 25.

THERE were 103 deaths from yellow fever on Saturday and Sunday in New Orleans.

J. F. DUNNON & CO., insurance agents and brokers, of Boston, have suspended. Their liabilities are reported at $200,000.

J. B. COLLINS, President of the United States Insurance Company, died in New York yesterday, aged 74.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL WOOD, Lieutenant Parker and two surgeons are lying dangerous ill with yellow fever at New Orleans.

A MAN named Gardenseer is reported to have been arrested in Holland with $500,000 in counterfeit United States securities in his possession. He is supposed to have accomplices elsewhere.

JUDGE KELLEY spoke at Terre Haute, Ind., on Saturday, and in St. Louis yesterday afternoon. At the conclusion of his Western campaign he is to make another tour of the South.

JUDGE BEVERS, of the United States District Court at Charleston, has ordered the census of colored as well as white citizens to be placed on the jury lists.

THE cotton crop of Texas will amount to about sixty thousand bales for Gulf shipment. The corn crop in some counties of the State is said to be enormous.

JAMES HEWITT & Co., of Liverpool, have suspended. The amount of the liabilities of the firm is not ascertained. The firm was largely engaged in American trade.

TWO United States vessels belonging to the Mediterranean squadron, which have been lying in the harbor of Cadiz, Spain, sailed yesterday for Greece.

JAMES BOIS, one of the Fenian leaders in Ireland, who has been concealed since the last outbreak, was freed on Hewth last week, and his escape quietly effected there yesterday by the police.

THE United States Consul at Naples informs the Secretary of State of the death, by cholera, in that city, of Mrs. Caroline Gould Hildreth, relict of the late Richard Hildreth, United States Consul at Trieste.

BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL JOSEPH A. MOWER will be in command of the Fifth Military District until the arrival of Gen. Hancock. Major-General J. J. Reynolds has been assigned to the command of the District of Texas.

THERESSA WIREMAN was murdered at Yonkers, N. Y., yesterday, by her lover, Frederick Schreibhauen, who afterwards committed suicide. Both resided at Yonkers. Unmodified affection is supposed to be the cause of the tragedy.

THE question of subscribing $1,000,000 to the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad was carried at the election in Richmond, Va., yesterday, by 2,000 majority. All the negroes voted for it. Its opponents propose to contest the legality of the election.

A Democratic Orator Confounded.

(From the Columbus (O.) Journal.)

We are informed that a village in one of the "blackbone" Democratic counties was the scene of a funny incident a few evenings since, whereby a Democratic orator was utterly confounded and brought to grief by men of his own party. The circumstances are as follows:

He had told them how the rich bondholder had reduced them to slavery in despite of the efforts of the Goddess of Liberty and several other personages, both human and celestial, till then unknown to the audience. He quoted extensively from George Francis Train's "demagogic" speech, and among other things the following:

"Work! work! work!
From the dawn to the dusk of day,
For your hopes are crushed with a weight of debt,
That the toil of your life won't pay!"

Having wrought up his hearers almost to madness, he left that branch of his subject, and proceeded to show up some of the Republican leaders, beginning with Ben Wade. "Why, fellow-citizens," said he, "there is Ben Wade, a regular agarian, who wants all the property divided so that every man will have an equal share." (Thundering applause, and cries of "Bully for him!" "That's the ticket!" "He's the man for me!") "Why, fellow-citizens," said he, "Ben Wade is a regular agarian!" (Thunders of applause, and yells of "Good for the Radical!" "Bully for the Jayhawker!")

The speaker was thunderstruck. Evidently, his hearers had never heard much of Ben Wade and the Radicals. They had been well stirred up against the rich, and they thought that radicalism was a species of democracy, of which Ben Wade was the champion.

"Gentlemen—fellow-citizens," continued the speaker, "I don't think you exactly understand me. Ben Wade is the rich man, the detested by the Radicals, and he is himself a Radical, and an agrarian land pirate, too! Why, what do you think? He proposes to take the rich man's property, for which he toiled in early life, and give it to those who have no property, even to those who do no work. What do you—

A Voice—"Three cheers for Ben. Wade!"

And in spite of all that two or three village seekers, candidates for constable and supervisor, could do, the crowd gave three hearty cheers for Ben. Wade and the "agrarian." The orator, finding that he had gone on the wrong track, abruptly brought his remarks to a close. A lie, in that instance, had fled, for the truth had pursued, and he scarcely feel like congratulating him on the acquisition.

A Photograph of the Coat Maximilian Wore When Shot.

(Paris Correspondence of the New York Post.)

It is curious to reflect that even while the Empress Eugenie is engaged in close and intimate conversation with her loving cousin, the Empress Elizabeth, the photographs advertised by Disderi as having been copied from the originals—the property of the Empress, for whom they were executed—have just been given to the public, and those photographs, which, no doubt, will be sold by thousands, represent, first, the court-yard of the convent of La Cruz, then the cost worn by Maximilian at the moment of his execution, and the waistcoat he wore, but his servant, for his own had been stolen by one of the Mexican officers as he was about over him in prison. It is a piteous sight to behold the riddled state of both these articles of raiment. The waistcoat is absolutely white where a ball has plowed a long furrow down the right side. When the Emperor, by whose orders, according to Disderi, these photographs were executed) examines the linen worn by the unfortunate market ball, she may be reminded of the scarlet ribbon of the Grand Cordon, which she placed with her own hands across the bosom of the unfortunate Maximilian just before his departure for Mexico. The coat, which is presented to the eye spread out with sleeves extended, bears the marks of having been pierced with seven balls; three have come out in a triangle just below the right shoulder, one has ripped up the right sleeve and the other passed out just below the collar; the stains upon the collar are distinctly visible in the photograph and the soul sickens as one remembers by what they have been caused.

The Cuban Question.

The Copperhead press have found another cause for rejoicing in a Conservative triumph in Montana territory. For the last three or four years Montana has been a sort of "Botany Bay," receiving large numbers of the undesirable people from Missouri and the Southwest, to whom the presence of Federal troops in Colorado, Arizona and the more Southern territories was distasteful. This class, not being distinctively, rose-tinted Copperhead in fact as naturally as ducks take to tar water.

The Malta *Times* says: "We are sorry to hear that American ships of war are coming into this harbor are much exposed to desertions from the crew, and that the American authorities here have no power to arrest them. This is evidently a drawback to American ships of war visiting this port, where much good feeling exists between the two countries, and where the expenditure of money should be of some importance to the people, especially in times like these, of drought and scarcity. When desertions from the crews of ships of war take place in large commerce ship, there is never any difficulty in filling the vacancies; but here, in this small place, such desertions are a serious loss, there being no sailors to ship in their place. It appears to us if an international treaty existed between Great Britain and the United States the evil would be remedied, and any sorrows arising from these occurrences would be altogether prevented."

Philadelphia Bank Statement.

The following is the weekly statement of the Philadelphia Banks, made up on Monday afternoon, which presents the following aggregates:

	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.
Jan. 7	48,241,401	895,222	9,255,414	31,945,979
July 7	48,996,905	863,454	9,225,414	37,942,979
1866.				
Jan. 1	48,312,825	903,633	10,395,839	41,309,371
Feb. 5	48,559,292	1,000,000	10,395,839	39,307,318
Mar. 5	48,722,900	1,000,000	10,395,839	39,767,318
April 2	50,246,362	893,146	10,051,539	34,192,398
May 7	51,054,983	896,633	10,038,695	32,374,098
June 4	50,747,308	881,393	10,037,132	31,321,144
July 2	52,583,982	865,137	10,036,854	32,614,584
Aug. 6	53,427,849	902,005	10,035,925	33,094,243
" 13	53,427,849	902,975	10,035,925	33,094,243
" 19	53,540,411	917,399	10,028,640	36,364,833
" 26	53,209,600	914,923	10,026,291	35,426,291
Sept. 2	53,784,651	907,658	10,025,356	36,323,356
" 9	54,176,487	875,714	10,024,456	36,024,456
" 16	53,791,263	862,601	10,023,731	35,953,317
Oct. 7	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 14	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 21	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 28	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
Nov. 4	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 11	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 18	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 25	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
Dec. 2	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 9	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 16	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 23	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 30	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
1867.				
Jan. 6	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 13	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 20	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 27	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
Feb. 3	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 10	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 17	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 24	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
Mar. 3	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 10	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 17	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 24	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 31	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
April 7	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 14	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 21	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 28	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
May 5	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 12	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 19	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 26	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
June 2	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 9	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 16	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 23	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 30	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
July 7	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 14	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 21	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 28	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
Aug. 4	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 11	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 18	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 25	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
Sept. 1	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 8	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000
" 15	53,426,000	848,000	10,022,000	36,000,000

Total, Sept. 16.....53,669,925 13 5,491,923.50

IMPORTATIONS.

Reported for the Philadelphia Exchange.

BREMEN—Bark, Jenny, Brandes—1456 boxes cigars Wm Weber, Bros 2 cases chemicals Rosengarten & Sons; 2 do under G J Evans; 38 gage mdse A Forster; 10 do Hirsch & Loeb; 1 do Kirsch & Gelbermann; 24 do Harris Bros; 7 do J C Eberhardt; 18 do Klemm & Bro; 45 do W H Horstmann & Sons; 19 do John Bell; 41 do A Schwartz; 12 5-8ch & 3sh; S Marxson & Wine; 5 do Weimann & Wiener; 5 do Schmidt & Schaffer; 2 do J Pennington & Son; 1 do Schmidt & Kessler; 25 cases mdse to order; 1 do Hessler & H Meyer; 1 do Schmidt & Schaffer; 1 do Wm Weber, Jr.

SAGU—Brig John Welsh, Jr, Smith—1000 bbls rosin order.

GOTHENBURG—Brig Mira, Holden—339 tons iron to Wm Cramp & Sons.

IVIGTUT—Brig Augusta, Klindtworth—240 tons kryolite Penna Salt Mfg Co.

LIVERPOOL—Brig Rebecca, Dennis—52 crates ctrs A F Sherman; 50 pkgs W G Wilcox; 18 pkgs Jas Asbury & Young; 25 chest tulle 200 kegs to card mdse to order; 1 case mdse Jas Lee; 1 do Jas Lee; 1 do Jas Lee; 1 do