BUSINESS NOTICES.

We have reduced all prices
We have reduced all prices
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Gr Summer Clothing to Close Out Stock.

Half way between MARKET AND CHESTNUT Streets. ROCKHILL & WILSON, No. 518 MARKET STREET. 518
4 and 6 BROADWAY, New York.

BULLETIN BOOK and JOB PRINTING,

BY CAUTHEY BERRY AND OR JAYNE STREET, (BULLETIN BUILDING) PHILADELPHIA.

We have facilities for the prompt and superior execution of all work that may be required, and at rates as low as those of any other establishment in the city.

We are Practical Printers, and the business is entirely under our own control and management; which, in view of the fact that our experience has an extent of more than twenty-five years, we can assure our patrons in accordance with the demands of the greatest possible skill.

ALEXANDER C. BERRON,
JOSEPH B. BERRON.

MEYER'S NEWLY IMPROVED CRESCENT GYESTRING PIANOS.

Acknowledged by the best Judges of Fine Model and Elegant Finish, to be the best. Ladies' Fine Model and Elegant Finish, Rosewood Piano, warranted, received. MELODEONS AND ORGANS. WAREROOMS, 22 Arch st., below Second. J. E. WEAVER.

EVENING BULLETIN.

Wednesday, August 7, 1867.

THE BUSINESS SEASON.

Notwithstanding the general depression in all kinds of business, which has lasted for many months, intelligent people are predicting a prosperous season during the coming autumn and winter. The crops, which are the main source of wealth and prosperity, are so remarkably good, all over the country, that they are certain to bring our farming up to a better condition than has been known since our amiable Southern brethren took it into their heads to try and raise cotton by rebellion. The wheat, oats, rye and hay harvests have been glorious. Corn is maturing splendidly, and there will be probably many superfluous millions of bushels to export, in case of a dearth in Europe. The cotton crop was somewhat damaged by the July rains, and speculators and manufacturers have been doing their best to create an impression that there would be less produced than was estimated. But it is quite certain that the crop will be large and valuable one, and it will go far to set up the Southern people again.

The moving of the crops will put a large amount of money into circulation, which is now lying idle in the banks. The sale of them will enable the farmers to pay their debts to merchants and stores, and to purchase goods of all descriptions. Prices ought to go down, and probably will. The good effect of an abundant harvest will soon be felt all over the country. The prospect of the fall trade is already encouraging, and many of our business men, in anticipation of it, have laid in far more extensive large stocks of goods of every description. A dull season is generally the best time for such preparations, and a dull season is also very often a good time for purchasers, for the wholesale dealers are acting upon this idea, and as the sea-shore season is nearly over, our business men will soon be all back in the city, and making their presence known by advertising their goods. Those that are earliest, most liberal and most judicious will derive the greatest advantage. In a little while the advertising columns of the best papers will be full of the evidences of such a lively and prosperous trade as has been predicted by many intelligent observers.

MEN VS. MEASURES.

"I was present," says a correspondent of the *Cheraton Courier*, "upon General Washington gave his last vote. It was in the spring of 1799, in the town of Alexandria. He died the 14th of December following. The Court-house of Fairfax county was then over the market-house; and immediately fronting Gadsby's tavern. The entrance into it was by a slight flight of easy steps on the outside. The election was progressing, several thousands of persons in the court-house yard and immediate neighboring tavern, and I was standing on Gadsby's steps, when the Father of his Country drove up, and immediately approached the court-house; and when within a yard or two of them, I saw eight or ten good-looking men, from different directions, certainly not in the best concert, spring simultaneously and place themselves in positions to uphold and support the steps should they fall" in the General's ascent of them. I was immediately at his back, and in that position entered the court-room—followed in his wake, through a dense crowd, to the polls —heard him vote—returned with him to the outward crowd—heard him cheered by more than two thousand persons as he entered his carriage, and saw his departure. There were five or six candidates on the bench sitting, and, as the General approached them, they arose in a body and bowed smilingly; and, the salutation having been returned very gracefully, the General immediately cast his eyes towards the registry of the polls, when Colonel Denskid, I think it was, said: 'Well, General, how do you vote?' The General looked at the candidates and said: 'Gentlemen, I vote for measures, not for men;' and turning to the recording table, audibly pronounced his vote—saw it entered—made a graceful bow and retired."

That plain, heroic magnitude of mind, which distinguished Washington above all other men of his time, was evident in all his actions. There is a vast amount of practical wisdom in that remark, "Gentlemen, I vote for measures, not for men," which those who are called to vote upon the great issues now agitating the country would do well to consider.

Measures are the grand end to be looked at in selecting a candidate. A man may possess great ability, but if that ability be directed in a wrong channel, it only increases the possessor's power for mischief. The Democratic party have adopted for their ticket as candidate for the Supreme Bench the name of a man whose abilities have never been questioned by either party, with the hope that his personal popularity may atone for the criminal platform upon which he stands. But this clap-trap mode of proceeding will avail them nothing. The record of Judge Sharswood is the record of the Democratic party. He is identified with every plank of its platform. He is pledged to every article of its creed. His infamous legal tender decisions are fresh in the minds of the people, and his utterances in regard to the construction of our Government are but the echo of those of Judge Taney himself. He is a member of the States Rights' school, of full standing, and believes, with Jeremiah Black, that "the Government has no power to coerce a State," even though the State may be engaged in open, defiant rebellion. Even conceding all the superiority which the Democrats claim for their candidate, we could not support Judge Sharswood with such a record clinging to him. In the words of the lodger of our republic, we "vote for measures, not for men." But such a concession is not necessary. We have presented to the people a candidate to the equal in every general attribute of his distinguished opponent, while his political record is all that could be desired—full, complete and satisfactory. There can be no pretext for this issue in this contest. Both candidates are gentlemen of the highest order. Perpetual union on the one hand, State sovereignty on the other, are the questions to be determined. Let the people decide.

SOUTHERN TRADE.

With the establishment of a regular and quick line of steamers from this port to Savannah, Southern merchants are rapidly appreciating the advantages offered by Philadelphia merchants and manufacturers, and there is a good prospect that, ere long, the old scandal of Philadelphia products being carried to New York and Boston, and there sold and shipped to the Southern market with big among the things that were. The steamers of the Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Company are now making their weekly trips with perfect regularity and precision, and in most excellent time. We have lately seen letters from merchants in Atlanta, Georgia, stating that goods shipped to them from Philadelphia, by the Wyoming on her trip of the 15th ult., were in store at Atlanta, Georgia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 10th ult., just five days after leaving here. This is the quickest time on record and settles the fact that Philadelphia can offer facilities to the Southern trade, unsurpassed by any Northern port. The enormous manufactories of Philadelphia are calculated to supply every commercial want of the South, and as fast as Southern merchants are prepared to re-open the channels of trade, they will find that in the variety and quality of goods and in certainty and rapidity of transportation, their interests will be promoted by dealing in the Philadelphia market.

The Hon. Benjamin G. Harris, of Maryland, is well known to the public, not for the possession of remarkable talents, but for the position he held in that circle of virulent Copperheads, of which Vallandigham was the Head Centre during the war. In Congress, Harris was the persistent organ of every measure proposed for effectively carrying on the war against the rebels. He used every means in his power to embarrass the action of the Government, and whether it was to vote supplies, grant additional powers to the President, raise troops, or congratulate the nation upon a victory, he cast his vote in favor of the enemies of his country. His voice was still for peace, and his puny arm, "David Rittenhouse Porter, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania, died at his residence in Harrisburg yesterday afternoon, in the 70th year of his age. The name of Porter has for several generations been prominent in Pennsylvania, and the late ex-Governor possessed many of the qualities that gave it this prominence. He was a son of General Andrew Porter, who was distinguished in the revolutionary war, and was Surveyor General of the State under Governor Snyder. David R. Porter was born at his father's farm-house near Norristown. He settled in Huntingdon county, and was several times chosen to represent it in the Legislature. He was a resident of Huntingdon county in 1836, when the Democratic party nominated him for Governor, and he was elected by a large majority over Ritner. He was again elected in 1844. He was a man of ability, but he was a thorough partisan, and he was bitter and unscrupulous in his partisanship to the close of his life. After his terms of office had expired, he erected the first anthracite iron furnace in Harrisburg, and has resided there ever since. He was a brother of the late General George B. Porter of Lancaster, who was appointed Governor of the Territory of Michigan by President Jackson. Another brother was the late Hon. James Madison Porter, of Easton, who was Secretary of War under Tyler, and father of ex-Governor Porter's sons in Ron. William A. Porter of this city, and another is Brigadier General Horace Porter, of Gen. Grant's staff.

Last night the lamplighters again failed to do their duty, and pedestrians were forced to plod through the streets in utter darkness. This thing is carried too far. It is as much a nuisance the character of a most decided nuisance. The citizens are taxed for the use of the gas and they are entitled to light at all occasions when the moon is not shining. The convenience or the wishes of the lamplighters are not of any consequence in the matter; it is their simple duty to light the lamps, and if they have not discretion enough to distinguish when a necessity comes, or common sense enough to know that the moon will illuminate the city upon a cloudy night, they had better be discharged, that more competent men may fill their places. An utterly dark city is not only dismal, but it is dangerous. Crimes of all kinds is perpetrated under cover of the shadows of the night, and the streets, unsafe as they are for ladies even when lighted, are more than ever the haunts of cowardly scoundrels who make it their special business to insult women who may be without an escort. The proper officials should give this matter immediate attention and compel the lamplighters to do their duty in a more efficient manner.

The City Solicitor has some doubts as to the power of Councils to impeach an Alderman of Philadelphia, no matter how gross his offences against law and decency may be. Fortunately there is no question as to the power of the Court of Quarter Sessions to punish offenders, and as that Court is now in session, and the charge of riot is a matter of public record against Alderman William McMullin, of the Fourth Ward, there should be no delay in bringing him to justice. This man has defied law and propriety quite long enough, and it is high time that the question shall be decided whether Philadelphia shall be governed by decent men, or by ruffians, who have not half the less personals than revolvers, black-jacks and brick-bats. The community is heartily sick of Killer rule, even in a single Ward of the city. Will the Court of Quarter Sessions promptly vouchsafe us the relief that all decent men so earnestly pray for?

Daily newspapers, in Pennsylvania, were unknown outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, until within a few years. Now there are about a dozen, published at Reading, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Erie, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Williamsport and Scranton. When a town grows large enough to support one or two daily newspapers, it generally gets itself promoted to the dignity of a city, with Mayor, Councilmen and other city dignitaries. But the daily newspaper is an evidence of substantial prosperity that is worth more than titles or municipal rank. Every one of the inland cities of Pennsylvania, where daily papers are printed and supported, is growing rapidly in wealth and population. The paper is an evidence of this prosperity, as well as an aid to it. The people of each city do well to give a liberal support to their local dailies, by subscription as well as by advertising.

Members of the Republican party, who wish to vote at the delegate elections, are reminded that they must register their names at the respective precinct houses between this time and Friday night. The fact has been advertised, but we fear that very few have registered except the managing politicians. If all good citizens would attend to this duty, and then go and vote at the time of the delegate elections, we should have much better nominations made for the Legislature and other offices.

Prize-fighters are to be disfranchised in Michigan. It would be a blessed thing if the same rule was to be established in this State, and not only prize-fighters, but referees and other aiders and abetters of prize-fighting be disfranchised. As it is, our municipal laws permit us to make referees at prize-fights Aldermen, and common rioters Common Councilmen.

John B. Myers & Co., Auctioneers, No. 232 and 234 Market street, will hold on to-morrow morning, commencing at 10 o'clock, 1,000 lots of boots, shoes, brogans, balmorals, &c., to which they invite the attention of buyers, comprising a large and important sale of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, embracing 500 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs, 500 pieces Fancy Cambrics and Jaconets, 300 pieces Linen Damasks, Brown Linens, Sheetings, Shirtings, Linen Cambrics, Linen Table Covers, Napkins, Towels, Towelings, Linen Crash, Linen Sheets, Pillow Cases, Linen Quilts, 10 pieces Black Silks, 500 dozen Cotton Hosiery, 500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Linen Cambric, 500 dozen Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Linens and Cottons, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Linsey Kentucky Jeans, A No. 200 package Domestics, for cash.

On Friday, August 9, by catalogue, at 11 o'clock, for account of whom it may concern, 50 pieces Venetian Linens, Cottage, List and Ingrain Carpetings, &c.

Auction Notice—Sale of Boots and Shoes.

The special attention of the trade is called to the large sale of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Balmorals, &c., to be sold on Thursday morning, August 8, commencing at 10 o'clock precisely, to-day at 10 o'clock, by order of Messrs. Goodyear's Metallic Rubber Shoe Company, Boston, Mass., and returning goods, by order of Messrs. Thomas & Co., successors to Philip Ford & Co., Auctioneers, 50 Market street.

MARKING WITH INDELIBLE INK, EMBROIDERY, lines, Branding, Stamping, &c.
M. A. TORRY, 1826 Filbert street.

OPERA GLASSES—
Of the finest Notes, made by M. Barden, of Paris. Imported and for sale by
C. W. A. TRUMPLER, Seventh and Chestnut streets.

LOST.

Certificates No. 447 B. for 50 Shares, Mech. and Dis. Bank.

Certificates of Stock in the Ferry Passenger Railway Stock, both in my name, have been lost or mislaid, and persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating said certificates as application has been made for the renewal. S. SHOOK NOT.
jy24,w3m 108 Church-street.

THE TRAVELING SUITS,
The White Duck Vests,
The Colored Duck Suits,
The Alpaca Coats,
The Drab Cloth Sacks,
The Short Duck Sacks,
The Linen Duster Suits,
Light Cassimere Suits,
The Stylish Suits,
are all popular at this time, because they are just the thing for this hot weather. Our styles are as elegant as in any custom establishment. Our prices are as low, people buy with great satisfaction.
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE,
OAK HALL,
THE CORNER OF SIXTH AND MARKET STS.

REMOVAL.

WM. E. HARPUR,
Chronometer and Watchmaker,
Respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has REMOVED from over Messrs. Bailey & Co.'s, 819 Chestnut street, to

407 Chestnut Street,

Where he intends to keep on hand a supply of first quality Watches, commonly collected, Ladies' and Gents' Gold Chains, Seals, Keys, &c. Chronometers rated by Sidereal and Sidereal Transits. Especial attention given to repairing Watches. 1p23m rp

REMOVAL.

C. M. STOUT & CO.,
LATE 1026 CHESTNUT ST.,
HAVE REMOVED TO
1106 Chestnut Street,
Where they now offer bargains in
LACE CURTAINS,
HYDRAULIC AND COMMON SHADES,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
MOSQUITO NETS,
HOUSE-FURNISHING LINENS.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
AT LOWEST PRICES.
my1-w6m rp

A. F. SABINE,
of the late firm of
SABINE, DUY & HOLLINSHEAD,
Will continue the business of INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY, as heretofore.
OFFICE,
No. 419 Walnut Street.
ap4m w f 6tip

NORTH MISSOURI R.
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Keeps the finest goods for all seasons of the year always on hand, at his new and cheaper rooms in the
NEW BULLETIN BUILDING,
607 CHESTNUT STREET,
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FIRST MORTGAGE
7 PER CENT. BONDS.
Having purchased $60,000 OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE COUPON BONDS OF THE NORTH MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY, bearing 7 per cent. interest, having 20 years to run, we are now prepared to sell the same at the low rate of 85, and the accrued interest from this date, thus paying the investor over 8 per cent. interest, which is payable here semi-annually.
The Loan is secured by a First Mortgage upon the Company's R. R., free from all prior encumbrance, to the amount of $1,000 per mile, and is additional to a portion of the Loan which has been negotiated in Holland, and upon which the Company receive the money at the rate of 90 and accrued interest. The Road is now in full operation, and is the only Road in Northern and Central Missouri.
Subscriptions will be given on application to either of the undersigned.
JAY COOKE & CO.
DREXEL & CO.
P. S.—Parties holding other securities, and wishing to exchange for this Loan, can do so at market rates.
jy18 1m rp

LOOKING GLASSES
OF THE VERY BEST
QUALITY,
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE
PRICES.
JAMES S. EARLE & SONS,
816 CHESTNUT STREET.

WAGNER'S CONGRESS HALL,
NO. 237 CHESTNUT STREET, opposite the State House
Is now open for the reception of visitors.
T. WAGNER, SONS, PHILADELPHIA.
Formerly of Congress Hall, Cape May. jy15-1m4d rp

INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
No. 708 Chestnut Street.
MANUFACTURERS AGENCY.
Valcanite, Gutta Percha, Rubber Belting, Packing, Cut Springs, Hose, Boots, Shoes, Vulcanite Jewelry, Dringelle Goods, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest factory prices.
RICHARD LEVICK.
ap6tuth2

PATENT WIRE WORK
FOR BANKERS, STORE FRONTS, PARLORS, PARTITIONS, &c.
COAL SCREENS, FOUNDERS' WIRE, &c.
Manufactured by
M. WALKER & SONS,
No. 11 North Sixth Street.
feb20-m4m

GOLD'S IMPROVED
PATENT LOW STEAM
HOT WATER APPARATUS,
FOR WARMING AND VENTILATING WITH PURE EXTERNAL AIR
UNION STEAM AND WATER HEATING CO.,
JAMES P. WOOD & CO.,
No. 41 S. FOURTH Street.
B. M. FELTWELL, Supt. feb3m rpp

POSTPONED RACE.
EXCURSION TO CAPE MAY.
SEA BATH, &c.
DOUBLE TEAM RACE.
To start from Market street wharf at 6 o'clock A. M. returning at 7 P. M.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 9.
EXCURSION FARE, $2.00.
aug7-2t rp

INDIA RUBBER MACHINE BELTING, STEAM Packing Hose, &c.
The Subscribers would find a full assortment of Goodyear's Patent Vulcanized Rubber Belting, Packing Hose, &c., at the Manufacturer's Headquarters.
GOODYEAR'S,
No. 308 Chestnut street.
N. B.—We have a New and Cheap Article of Garden and Suction Hose, very superior for Ships' Decks, &c.

CANNED FRUIT, VEGETABLES, &c.—1,000 CASES Fresh Canned Peaches; 500 cases fresh Canned Pine Apples; 500 cases Fresh Green Gages; 500 cases Fresh Green Corn and Green Peas; 500 cases Fresh Tomatoes; 500 cases; 50 cases fresh Green Gages; 500 cases Cherries in syrup; 500 cases Raspberries in syrup; 500 cases Strawberries in syrup; 500 cases Peaches in syrup; 500 cases Pears in syrup; 500 cases Plums in syrup; 500 cases Damsons in syrup; 500 cases Assorted Preserves; 500 cases Red Kidney Beans, for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

CANTON PRESERVED GINGER — PRESERVED Ginger, in syrup, of the celebrated Chinkiang brand, for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

NEW TURKEY PRUNES, CURRANTS, &c.—New Turkey Prunes, new crop; Currants, new crop; Figs, in Drums and Layers; Fresh Citron, Lemon, Orange and Lemon Peel; Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Pecans and Brazils, for sale by JOS. B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

STILL FURTHER
REDUCTION IN PRICES.
Fine 31c. Cambric Lawns Reduced to 15 cents.
Fine French Lawns reduced to 25 and 31 cents.
Fine Jaconet Lawns, from 25 cents, reduced prices.
Fine 4 silk Grenadines at reduced prices.
50c. Plaid Mohairs Reduced to 25c.
50 cent Plaid Grenadine Barages reduced to 25 cents.
$1 Plaid Velvet Worsted Mohairs reduced to 50c.
Shawls at Reduced Prices.
Woolens and Linens for men' and boys' wear at reduced prices.
75 cent Plaid Shirting Flannels reduced to 40 cents.
Flannels, Muslins and Prints at very low prices.
H. STEEL & SON,
Nos. 713 and 715 N. Tenth Street.

D. S. LANE,
CARRIAGE BUILDER, 508 MARKET Street, Philadelphia, manufacturer and dealer in Carriages, Wagons, &c. Constantly on hand, of superior built Carriages, Wagons, &c., which I offer at the lowest cash prices. Repository, 508 Market street. ap3-m 2 m rp

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AND
WHERE TO GET IT.
The Largest, Best and Cheapest Place
IN THE CITY.
LEACH'S,
N. E. cor Ninth and Chestnut Streets,
Prices Greatly Reduced.
Gentlemen accompanying rooms can obtain their meals at most satisfactory rates. ap4 3m 4p*

J. HENRY EHRLICHER,
NO. 612 CHESTNUT STREET,
Complete assortment of choice
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
REDUCED PRICES.
PATTERN COATS, AND CLOTHS NOT CALLED FOR, FOR SALE BELOW COST.
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THOMAS WEBB,
(Successor to Wm. P. Hunter,)
PORKS OF SECOND AND CHRISTIAN STREETS.
BALED, FRESH, SALT AND PACKING HAY.
BALED, WHEAT, OAT AND RYE STRAW,
FOR
SHIPPING AND CITY USE.
my24 w6mrp

THE FINE SHIRT EMPORIUM
OF
JOHN C. ARRISON,
Nos. 1 and 3 N. Sixth Street,
Importer, Manufacturer
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Dealer in every description of
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In great variety and at
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Particular attention given to the manufacture of Fine Shirts, Collars, &c., warranted to give satisfaction.
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CARLILE & JOY,
House and Sign Painters and Glaziers,
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Glazing and Jobbing attended to with promptness and despatch. Give us a call.
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FITLER, WEAVER & CO.
NEW CORDAGE FACTORY
NOW IN FULL OPERATION.
No. 22 N. WATER and 22 N. DEL. wtem6p

FINE WATCHES.
We offer a full assortment of warranted Time-Keepers, at greatly reduced prices.
FARRAS & BROTHER,
Importers of Watches, Jewelry, Musical Boxes, etc.,
522 Chestnut street, below Fourth.

T. STEWART BROWN,
S.E. Corner of
FOURTH and CHESTNUT STS.
MANUFACTURER OF
TRUNKS, VALISES, BAGS, RETICULES, and every description of Traveling Goods.
TRUNKS and BAGS Repaired.

BORDEN'S BEEF TEA.—HALF AN OUNCE OF THIS Extract will make a pint of excellent Beef Tea in a few minutes. Always on hand and for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

SECOND EDITION.
BY TELEGRAPH.
LATEST BY THE CABLE.
Unfavorable Prospects for Crops.
Financial and Commercial Quotations.
WASHINGTON
THE SURRATT TRIAL.
The Charge to the Jury.
By the Atlantic Telegraph.
NOON REPORT.
LONDON, August 7, Noon.—Consols, 94 for money. United States Five-twenties, 73 1-16; Erie Railroad, 46¾; Illinois Central, 77; Atlantic & Great Western Railroad, 22¾.
LIVERPOOL, Aug. 7, Noon.—Cotton is quiet and unchanged; the sales for to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales. Uplands Middlings, 10¼@10¾; Orleans Middling, 10¾d.
Breadstuffs—The weather continues unfavorable for the crops. Wheat has advanced to 3s. 3d.
ANTWERP, Aug. 7.—Petroleum 42f. 50c.
SOUTHAMPTON, August 7, Noon.—The steamer Allemania, from New York on the 27th, arrived here at 2 A. M.
LONDONDERRY, August 7.—The steamer Belgian, from Quebec, has arrived here on her way for Liverpool.

THE DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.—PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1867. 5

THIRD EDITION.
2:15 O'Clock.
BY TELEGRAPH.
LATER FROM WASHINGTON.
JUDGE FISHER'S CHARGE.
THE JURY OUT.
A NATIONAL FAIR TO BE HELD.
LATE NEWS FROM THE WEST
The Surratt Trial.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Judge Fisher completed the delivery of his charge to the jury in the Surratt case about 12 o'clock, and they repaired to their room for the purpose of deliberation.
The National Agricultural Exhibition.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—A grand national agricultural exhibition and horse fair is to be held on the National race course, near Washington, commencing on October 28th. Premium lists, in money and medals, to the amount of $20,000, will be awarded. The managers, who represent Northern and Southern States, are now making arrangements to secure the attendance of most of the celebrated trotting and running horses now on the turf, and preparing sheds for the display of agricultural implements and mechanism.
A Severe Storm in Milwaukee.
MILWAUKEE, Aug. 7.—Messrs. Frankenton & Armour, while shipping a quantity of pork and lard yesterday, were surprised at their loss, by leakage, the thermometer standing at ninety degrees. The mystery was solved with an auger, when the barrels were found to contain sand and salt. The swindle was perpetrated by E. White, a pork-packer, last spring, and by it he realized some $20,000. White was arrested last night, while returning from a pic-nic.
The Surratt Trial.
[Without Transcript from Second Edition.]
Judge Fisher said that the defence could do this morning was to make corrections of misstatements of fact.
Mr. Merrick said he then wanted to make an explanation in regard to the charge of the testimony of the record when he spoke of Sergeant Dye being failing in health. Upon examining the record it was found that the case had been withdrawn or abandoned, and he had made a mistake. He was shown, too, that the prosecutor withdrew the charge upon the payment of the money which had been passed upon him as counterfeit.
Certain alleged misstatements of testimony were then read, and Mr. Merrick was about to speak upon them, when he was interrupted by the Court.
Mr. Merrick asked if he could correct some statements as to Cass's testimony.
Mr. Pierrepont said that testimony was all read.
Mr. Merrick said some of the testimony was omitted in the reading.
Judge Fisher said the counsel had a right to read either from the stenographer's notes, and part of it as he chose.
Mr. Merrick said he wanted to make a personal explanation as to his statement of the ruling of the Supreme Court on the subject of Military Commissions. He (Mr. M.) contended that the Military Commission had jurisdiction.
Mr. Carrington, interrupting, said this was opening up the whole question, and he insisted that it is not in order.
Judge Fisher thought these explanations could be made outside of the presence of the jury.
Mr. Merrick then made a statement with regard to the alleged misconduct of Mr. Bergner's mother, in the court-room, and said that he had been informed that the report was false.
After some other corrections Judge Fisher delivered the following charge to the jury:
Gentlemen of the Jury: "Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed"—so spake the Almighty to his servant Noah, when the great deluge had receded, and the ark had safely rested upon Ararat, upon which rolling waters, Divine is God's own law, and its wisdom is acknowledged by all civilized men. Now and then some wild and sentimental philosophers who think themselves wise above what is written, and who deem it their duty to lift up their voices in condemnation of this fiat of Deity, and although they have made but few disciples, yet enough converts to their perilous doctrine have not unfrequently succeeded in creating in the minds of honest and unobstructed judgments, a doubt and uncertainty which leads them too often to shut their ears and close their hearts against the cries of one to the gentle, kindly whisperings of mercy. Forgetting that more than ten times justice is the innocent. With such sentimentality you have as jurors nothing whatever to do. It is no matter of yours to inquire whether the prisoner at the bar is a proper subject of Executive clemency. If you believe him guilty of the crime in the crime with which he stands charged

I. E. WALRAVEN,
MASONIC HALL,
719 Chestnut Street,
HAS NOW OPEN A FULL LINE OF
LACE CURTAINS,
From the best Manufactories;
Embracing the Newest Designs
Nottingham Lace Curtains,
OF VERY BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS.
MOSQUITO NETS,
WHITE AND IN COLORS. WITH THE MOST APPROVED FIXTURES.
WINDOW SHADES,
A Large Assortment.
ALL OFFERED AT IVERY REASONABLE PRICES.
ap26-tf

THE UNDERSIGNED
HAVE PURCHASED THE
NEW SIX PER CENT.
REGISTERED LOAN
OF THE
Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company,
DUE IN 1897.
INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY,
FREE OF UNITED STATES AND STATE TAXES,
AND OFFER IT FOR SALE AT THE LOW PRICE OF
NINETY-TWO,
And Accrued Interest from May 1.
This LOAN is secured by a first mortgage on the Company's Railroad, constructed and to be constructed, extending from the southern boundary of the borough of Mauch Chunk to the Delaware River at Easton, including the extensive coal lands and real estate property of Company, and the entire equipment of the Road, including all locomotives, cars, and other appurtenances. Its Road, Railroad and Bridge.
Copies of the mortgage may be had on application at the office of the Company, or to either of the undersigned.
DREXEL & CO.
E. W. CLARK & CO.
JAY COOKE & CO.
W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & ASTMEN
jel7tf 4m

NEW STATE LOAN.
THE NEW SIX PER CENT.
STATE LOAN,
FREE FROM ALL
State, County and Municipal Taxation,
WILL BE PURCHASED
INSUMS TO SUIT,
ON IAPPLICATION TO EITHER OF THE UNDERSIGNED.
JAY COOKE & CO.,
DREXEL & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO.
jel2t 4m 4tep
7-30'S,
CONVERTED INTO
5-20'S
BY
DREXEL & CO.,
34 South Third Street.

NATIONAL
BANK OF THE REPUBLIC
500 AND 511 CHESTNUT STREET.
PHILADELPHIA.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000.
DIRECTORS:
Joseph T. Bailey, Samuel A. Bispham, Joseph Welsh,
Nathan Hilles, Edward Lafourcade, Thomas Dickey,
Benj. Rowland, Jr., William Evans, Jos. H. Shaw,
WM. H. HILAND, President.
JOS. P. MUMFORD, Cashier.
ap22 1y Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
JAY COOKE & CO.
112 and 114 So. THIRD ST. PHILAD'A.
Dealers in all Government Securities.
jy26 3m rpp

RITTER & FERRIS,
N. W. corner Eleventh and Chestnut,
Entrance 56 S. Eleventh street,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
White Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Linens, etc.,
HAVE OPEN AND FOR SALE
SLARGE LOT OF
SWISS AND JACONET
ALICIENNES,
OR
Puffed Muslins,
AT MUCH BELOW THE COST OF IMPORTATION.
aug 6 m 1tp

SHAKER SWEET CORN—36 BARRELS JUST RECEIVED and for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

NEW PECANS—10 BARRELS NEW CROP PECANS just received and for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

SALT.—2,000 SACKS LIVERPOOL GROUND SALT, in store and for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 South Delaware avenue.

WALNUTS AND ALMONDS—NEW CROP CHEP, in sack. Walnuts and Paper Shell Almonds, for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 Delaware avenue.

WHITE CASTILE SOAP.—100 BOXES GENUINE White Castile Soap, in store and for sale by JOSEPH B. BUSSIER & CO., 16 Delaware avenue.

BONDS BOSTON BISCUIT.—BONDS BOSTON BUT for sale and 100 Bbls. Bonds, receipts from steamer Nepsigit and for sale by JOS. B. BUSSIER & CO., Agents for Bond Bonds, 16 South Delaware avenue.

FOURTH EDITION
3:00 O'Clock.
BY TELEGRAPH.
LATER CABLE NEWS.
State of the Markets.
FROM WASHINGTON.
The Trial of Surratt Continued.
By Atlantic Telegraph.
LONDON, Aug. 7, 2 P. M.—U. S. 5-20's, 73 5-16; Illinois Central, 76½; Erie Railroad, 45¾. Others unchanged.
LIVERPOOL, Aug. 7, 2 P. M.—Bacon, 44s. Common Rosin, 7s. 6d. Spirits Petroleum, 65d.; Refined Petroleum, 1s. 4d.; Spirits Turpentine, 33s. 3d.; Fine Rosin, 35s.
ANTWERP, Aug. 7, Noon.—Petroleum market nominal.
GLASGOW, Aug. 7, 2 P. M.—Steamer St. Patrick, from Quebec, arrived here to-day.
The Surratt Trial.
Continued from Third Edition.
One of the conspirators who took the life of the President, Abraham Lincoln, on the 14th day of April, 1865, has who fired the fatal shot, in his flight from the scene of the murder, was overtaken by the vengeance of the Almighty, and died at the hands of his pursuers. Others charged as co-conspirators in this memorable crime were tried two years ago by a military commission. Some of them were condemned to expiate their guilt upon the gallows, and others doomed to suffer imprisonment for life in the Dry Tortugas. You have been sitting, gentlemen, in judgment on a charge that those who were tried before that Military Commission, and hung upon its findings, were themselves the victims of a base conspiracy. Your verdict, if true, gallant and honest soldiers of their country, have long since been pronounced by the unbiased judgment of mankind to be a Inhuman butchers of innocent men. It has been said in argument, in mitigation of the conduct of the Judge Advocate, that the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Milligan, had declared that the Military Court which tried Harold and others for the murder of Abraham Lincoln was an illegal tribunal, or rather, that without law, without right and without warrant in the constitution, was convened a military court, which had no jurisdiction to try the crime committed to them by President Johnson, and in the case of Milligan it was convoked not to try but to condemn. In that case the Supreme Court of the United States made no such decision. If so, why have not the friends of the prisoner at the bar, who are charged for complicity in the greatest crime of the age been arraigned before a military commission, and sentenced to the gallows? Why have not the friends of Harold been sought out, and their decision in the direction of their discharge, and they could not have remained there? The offer a decision has been made to the effect that they were unlawfully restricted of their liberty. If I understand the decision in Milligan's case aright, it went upon the ground that the commission which tried Milligan was not organized in obedience to the act of Congress providing for the punishment of offences to be was charged with conspiring; and the opinion of the majority of the Court was to the effect that no Military Court could be convened the self of Indiana at the time when Milligan was arraigned before the tribunal there and that therefore that tribunal was constituted, not for acts of treason committed in that State had no jurisdiction to try the conspiracy of which the whole nation was involved in the most terrible struggle for life. The opinion proceeds to bring this predicated upon a possession of a Military tribunal, which could not perhaps have looked for a more rightful decision. Unprepared, however, as all loyal hearts were for such an announcement, the people would be yet more astounded to have it declared by any court in the country that the Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy, the President of the United States, has no power in time of war to institute a military commission for the purpose of trying a case in which the United States is a party, and they within the entrenched encumpments of the nation, which to take the life of the Chief of the Army and Navy, to assassinate all the heads of the executive department in the interest of the rebellion and to which the Federal government was engaged in war.
They who maintain such a doctrine profess to defend it upon the ground that no such power is delegated by the Constitution, as they did when could find no warrant there to coerce seceding States into submission to the Federal authority. But the day has passed by when honest statesmen may, if they please, deny the sovereignty of the Federal Union as possessing no other powers save those expressly enumerated in its Constitution.
Commercial.
NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Cotton quiet at 29 for middling. Flour dull and lower; 8,000 bbls. sold. State, $5 75@5 90; Ohio, $6 10@6 75; Western, $6 20@11 80. Wheat dull at $2 26; White Southern, $2 40@2 50. Corn 1@2c. lower; 18,000 bushels sold at $1 13@1 15. Oats steady and quiet. Pork dull; 500 bbls. sold at $28 75. Beef quiet. Lard dull. Whiskey quiet.
Philadelphia Stock Exchange.
$3000 Cam & Amboy 109 ab Read R 53½
100 ab Read R 53½
$500 U S 5-20s '65 cp 106½
100 ab Leh Nav 61
100 ab Leh Nav 61
$200 U S 5-20s '65 cp 106½
$500 Cam & Am 6s coupon 102½
$1000 City 6s new issue 100
$1000 do 100
$1000 do 100
$1000 do