# Daily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON, Publisher.

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PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1867.

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THE EVENING BULLETIN PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING. (Sundays excepted), AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING,

607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, EVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION. PREMING BULLETIN ABBOULATION.

PROPRIETORS.

ENNEST C. WALLACE,
ENNEST C. WALLACE,
THOS. J. WILLIAMBON,
OLBPER BOUDER, JR.,
The BULLEBIN is served to subscribers in the city at 13
gents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8 per annum. BCHOMACKER & CO.'S CELEBRATED
Pianos.—Acknowledged superior in all respects
to any made in this country, and sold on most liberal
terms. NEW AND SECOND HAND PIANOS constantly
on hand for rent. Tuning, moving and packing promptly
attended to. Warerooms, 1163 Chestnut street. Jola Sm.

MARRIED. ADAIR—WADSWORTH.—In Paris, May 30th, at the British Legation, by the Archbishop of Dublin, John Adair, Esq., of Belgrove, Kildare, Ireland, to Cornella Ritchie, eddest daughter of the late Brigadier-General J. S. Wadsworth, of Genesco, N. Y.

DIED.

BROWN.—Suddenly, on the 30th ult., Martha, wife of owns T. Brown, and daughter of the late John Elliot, of Chapel Brampton, Northauptonshire, England. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to trend-the-funeral from ker late realection, No. 525 Martial street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, 8d instant, at others. o'clack.—On the 2d inst., Willie H., son of Stephen C. FOULK.—On the 2d inst., Willie H., son of Stephen C. The rolatives and friends of the family are respectibly invited to attend the funeral, from his parents' relidence. No. 1015 Brown street, on Saturday afternoon, the , at 3 o'clock. —On the let inst., Marshall Hill, in the 58th year of if age.
The relatives and male friends of the family are respectonly invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence,
io. 1506 Arch street, on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock,
Interment at Laurel Hill. Portamouth, N. H., papers

HOWARD.—At Media, July 2d, Samuel Blake Howard, aged 28 years and 6 months.

His relatives, and mule friends are respectfully invited
to attend his funeral, from 22 South Eighteenth street,
on Friday, July 5th, at 11° M. Interment at Woodland On Frank, one of the latinst, Martha R, wife of John McBillott.—On the latinst, Martha R, wife of John McBillot, in the Ead year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son, John McCandless, 1728 Webster street, on the 3d inst. at 4 o'clock, without further notice. Intermedia at Mount Moriah Cemetery.

LYRE & LANDELL HAVE THE BEST ARTICLE OF Black fron Barege, two yards wide; also, the ordinary EYRE & LANDILL Have reduced all the Summer Silks and Spring Dress

ATLEE & CONNARD.
Paper Manufacturers, 44 N. Fifth street,
Manufacture to order the finest grades of Book; also,
Manufacture to order the finest grades of short nosecond quality Book and Newspapers, at short nomy22:3m5

SPECIAL NOTICES

GRAND FOURTH OF JULY DEMONSTRATION AT

Independence Square,

Thursday Morning, at 10 o'clock,

OF THE CITIZENS OF PHILADELPHIA,

Irrespective of Sect or Party The Citizens of Philadelphia, of all sects and parties, favorable to Temperance and Order, desirous of Sustaining and Enforcing the recent Enactment of the Legislature closing the drinking saleons on Bunday, are invited to assemble in Mass Meeting, on THURBDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock, in

INDEPENDENCE SQUARE.

The Declaration of Independence will be read, and proches and other exercises appropriate to the occasion by the range ingentiemen:
Rishop Singson
Rishop Sin

NATATORIUM AND PHYSICAL INSTITUTE dren and Gentlemen,
BROAD STREET, BELOW WALNUT. THE NATATORIUM AND THE FOURTH OF JULY.

THE SWIMMING DEPARTMENT ON THE "FOURTH" will be open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. A. for male swimmers exclusively. No indies' classes and no lessons given on that day.

On and after July 5th the hours for ladies will close at one o'clock. P.M.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAHLEOAD AND GRELN LANE STATION.—The understaned have a full supply of the hardest and purest Lehish Coal at the above place. No Schulykill coal kept. Parties in Germantown or vicinity who desire a superior article for present use, or the winter, can have it promptly supplied and delivered, by addressing to Box 22 Germantown Poet Office, or leaving orders at the Office, No, 16 South Seventh street, Phila.

BINES & SHEAFF.

BANK OF NORTH AMERICA DIVIDEND.

Bank of North America, July 1st, 1887.—The Directors have this day declared a Dividend, for the past six months, of Seven and a Half Per Cent., and an extra Dividend of Five Per Cent., together Twelve-and-a-Half Per Cent., free of United States income tax five per cent., payable on and after 5th instant.

J. HOCKLEY.

133-5t;

Cashler.

OFFICE UNION PASSENGER RAILWAY
Coupany, Twenty-third and Brown Streets, Phila
delphia, Jane 29, 1867.
The Coupons for Interest on Bonds of the Company, due
July let, 1867, will be paid (free of tax)-on presentation
at the Office of JACOB E. RIDGWAY, No.57 South Third
attreet, on and after July 1st.

Je28-64, pp. Treasurer.

Je28-68.TP

Treasurer.

Treasurer.

POST-OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLvania, July 2, 1887.—On July 4, 1867, this Office will be opened at 65 o'clock, and close at 11 o'clock, A. M. The follectiont at 6 o'clock, and delivery at 8 o'clock A. M., will be made by the carriers as usual, and also a collection at 5 o'clock I. M. HENRY H. BINGHAM, P. M.

THE EXHIBITION OF THE
PEABODY MINIATURE
OF QUEEN VICTORIA.
WILL BE CLOSED
On SATURDAY, July 6th.
EARLE'S GALLERIES.
816 Chestaut street.

LIBRARY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.
This Library will be closed from July lith to July 31st inclusive. By order of the Directors. LLOYDP. SMITH,

jy 3&9 rp SOLDIERS OF 1812 WILL CELEBRATE THE Fearth of July, on THURSDAY morning, at 10 octock, at the Supreme Court Itoom. General attendance PETER HAY, President.

TO THE PUBLIC.—FAMILIES ABOUT LEAVing the city can get the HIGHEST CASH PRICE
for their old Pamphlets, Books, Papers, etc., at 613
Jayne street.
jelf lmrpt

ATLANTIC CITY - SURF HOUSE. CARN-cross and Dixcy's full orchestra and brass band commence their summer ongagement at this hotel to-mor-lust.

HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518 AND 1520 Lombard Street, Dispensary Department—Medical treatment and medicines jurnished graduiteday to the

### AMUSEMENTS.

THE WALNUT.-This evening the drama of Uncle Tom's Cabin will be presented with all the accessories of the scenery, appropriate costumes and an excellent cast. To-morrow (Thursday) afternoon there will be a matinée performance, when the same play will be

THE ABOU.-Mr. G. L. Fox and his excellent troup will repeat their capital pantomime of Jack and Gill this evening. There will be a matine performance tomorrow afternoon, when the pantomime will be given. give another of their excellent entertainmenments at

THE CHESTAUL.—Skiff & Gaylord's minstrels will the Chestnut this evening. There will be a matine to-morrow affernoon, when a most attractive hill will

EASTWICK PARK .- To-morrow evening there will be a grand display of fireworks at Eastwick Park, under the direction of Professor Jackson. A more delightful place of resort than the Park cannot be imagined, and the opportunities for witnessing this flue display areso unusually good that there will probably be a very large

#### MAXIMILIAN.

Official Confirmation of His Execution-Miramon and Mejia Share His Fate---The Prince Shot with His Face to the Front, the Mexicans in the Back--His Last Words, "Poor Carlotta"---Strong Protest of the Prussian Minister Against the Execution of the Imperial Captive----Rejoicings Among the Mexicans,&c.,&c.

MATAMORAS, June 28th, 1867, by way of New Orleans, July 2d, 9,30 P. M.—Official information of the death of Maximilian, Miramon and Metawas received here yesterday. The report of Es-cobedo says they were condemned on the night of the 11th, the sentence confirmed at headquarters on the 15th and the 16th designated as the day of execution. Their execution was, however, suspended by order of Juarcz until the 19th, on which date, at seven o'clock A. M., the three were shot. On the morning of the 18th the Prussian Minister made another attempt to save them, out failed.

Maximilian was shot faced to the front. His last words were "Poor Carlotta!" Miramon and Mejia were reduced from their rank and shot in the back. Gen. Berriozabal immediately communicated the news to Gen. Reynolds, in Brownsville. There is great rejoicing in Mexico over the event. Official information of the surrender of the capital to Diaz has also reached here. Marquez was deposed, and the city was surrendered by Ramon Tabera. It is thought here that Jusrez has started for the capital. Mexicans are jubilant, and foreigners are horror-stricken. Letters from Juarez received at headquarters here, and which Juarez received at headquarters here, and which your commissioner has had the privilege of perusing, state that Maximilian, Mejia and Miramon were sentenced to be shot on the morning of June 16th. The sentence was promulgated on the morning of June 14th. Subsequently the execution was postponed for three days to give Maximilian time to arrange his affairs; and it was announced that the execution would positively take place on the morning of June 19th, at eleven o'clock. The Prussian and British Ministers visited Juarez at San Luis Potosi to endeavor to arrest the doom of the unfortunate Prince, but arrest the dooin of the unfortunate Prince, but their efforts were vain. Both had returned to

their efforts were vain. Both had returned to Queretaro, to take formal leave of Mexico, when the Prince was executed.

Among Maximilian's papers found in Queretaro was a will, by which, in case of his death, he appoints Theodosia Lancas, José Maria Lacunsea and Marquez regents of the empire. Portions of Maximilian's service plate are on exhibition as treather at Maximoras. trophlics at Matamoras.

The following is the telegram of Escobedo to the Minister of War, announcing the execution of

SAN LEIS POTOSI, June 19,1867: - Citizen Minister San Leis Perosi, June 19, 1867.—Citison Minister of Warr. On the 14th inst., at elevon o'clock at night, the Council of War condemned Maximillan of Hapsburg, Miguel Miramon and Tomas Mejia to suffer the extreme penalty of the law. The entence having been confirmed at these headquarters, it was ordered to be carried into effect on the 16th. The execution was suspended by order of the supreme government until to-day. It is now seven o'clock in the morning, at which time Maximilian has just been shot. Please communicate to the citizen President of

the republic. Escone Do.

Inimediately upon receipt of the news, General Berriozabal sent official information of it to General Reynolds, commanding the sub-district of the Rio Grande. The event is now being cele of the Rio Grande. The transfer and other demonstrations of bells; music, and other demonstrations.

The Baron Magnas, Prussian Minister, arrived The Baron Maguas, Prussian Minister, arrived at Queretaro the day before the execution, and immediately transmitted by telegraph a formal protest to Juarez, which was received at half-past nine o'clock on the evening of the same day, and in reply to which the following was transmitted:

San Luis Potosi, June 18, 10.10 P. M.—To Baron A. V. Magnas, at Queretaro: I am sorry to say to you, in answer to your telegram which you have been pleased to send me this night, that, as I had expressed to you day before yesterday, the President of the republic is not of the opinion

the President of the republic is not of the opinion that it is possible to grant the pardon of Maximilian of Hapsburg, consistent with the great considerations of justice and the necessity of insuring the future peace of the republic. I am, Baron, very respectfully, your obedient servant, S. Lerdo de Telada. The following is a translation of the protest of

Baron Magnas: To his Excellency, Senor Sebastian Lerdo'de Tejada: Having arrived to-day at Queretaro, I became aware that the prisoners condemned on the 14th inst. morally died on Sunday last. It is thus that all the world will consider it; for all their preparations to die having been made on that day, they waited during a whole hour to be taken to the place whence they were to receive their death the place whence they were to receive their death before the order suspending the execution of the sentence was communicated to them by means of the telegraph. The humane customs of our age will not permit them, after having suffered this horrible agony, to be put to death a second time to-morrow. In the name of humanity and of honor conjure you to order that their lives be not I conjure you to order that their lives be not taken; and again I repeat that I am certain that my sovereign, his Majesty the King of Prussia, and all the crowned heads of Europe, united by ties of blood and kindred to the prince by ties of blood and kindred to the prince prisoner—his brother, the Emperor of Austria; his cousin, the Queen of the British dominions; his brother-in-law, the King of the Belgians, and also his cousins, the Queen of Spain and the Kings of Italy and Sweden—will readily agree to give his Excellency, Senor Don Benito Juarez, all security that none of the prisoners shall again tread on Mexican soil.

A. V. Magnas. trend on Mexican soil.

A. V. Macans.

No authentic news has yet arrived as to the disposition of the body of Maximilian.

### THE SOUTH AMERICAN WAR.

Repulse of a Paraguayan Attack on the Allied Camp-Riot in Rio Janeiro.

RIO JANEIRO, June 8 (by way of Lisbon and London, July 2), 1867.—The news received in Rio from the seat of war on the Parana is dated to the 30th of May. On the 21st of May the Parathe 30th of May. On the 21st of May the 11st of guayan troops attacked the affect camp, but were repulsed with great loss. There have been riots in the city of Rio. The population became indignant at the conduct of three brothers, who, they alleged, had cruelly treated and imprisoned their own sister and her child. The people must be street, and the arritation proceeded tered in the streets, and the agitation proceeded to such an extent that the troops were called out to disperse the crowd. The cavalry charged on the people, and several

The ci y is now quiet. The Brazilian Government has sent an order to the United States for the purchase of five thou-sand breech-loaders, for the purposes of the present war .- N. Y. Herald.

PROF. J. T. VALENTINE has resigned his position as Principal of the Reading High School, and Prof. J. A. Stowart has been elected to fill his place. Prof. Valentine conducted this excellent institution with rare ability for a period of twelve years. His successor bears a very high reputation as a scholar. The number of graduates of the school this year was twenty-four. They presented Mr. V. with a splendid gold watch upon his retirement.

# EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

NAPOLEON'S SPEECH.

British Opinion of Liberty in France. Queen's Hotel, London, July 2, 1867.—The London Herald and London Star newspapers, published to-day ridicule Napoleon's idea of liberty in France, as expressed by him in his speech in the Exhibition building yesterday before the assembled people and princes.

#### THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

Imperial Honors to American Citizens PARTY, July 2, 1867.—Mr. Beckwith, Commissioner of the United States at the French exhibition, has been created an officer of the Legion of Honor by the Emperor Mapoleon.

Messrs. Charles Perkins, Lawrence Smith, Samuel B. Ruggles, Godwin Birney, Elias Howe, Kennedy, Mulat and Chickering have been created Knights of the Legion of Honor.

MAXIMILIAN'S FATE.

British Sympathy with the Con-demned Emperor—Juarez Denounced. QUEEN'S HOTEL, LONDON, July 2, 1867.—The London Times and London Post of this morning express, in their editorial columns, much pity for the fate of the ex-Emperor Maximillan, of Mexico, and denounce the cruelty of President Juarez in

ordering his execution.

Movement in the French Senate—The United States Responsible.

The French Senate held a sitting Tuesday, June 18, M. Troplong in the chair. On the minutes of the last sitting being read,

Baron Dupin asked to be allowed again to express his concurrence in the alcount largetime. press his concurrence in the eloquent language, which the illustrious President of the Senate had given utterance to in the preceding sitting, and by which he so well expressed the sentiments of the Senate and of all France on the occasion of the danger to which two Emperors had been exposed, one being the Emperor of the French. But he desired that, to the expression of these sentiments should be united the sympathies of France for h third Emperor, who also knows how to face death with intrepidity, and whose life is at this moment threatened by armed bands. It is a great honor, continued the honorable Senator, for our soldiers who went to Mexico to have carried with them only heroism, elemency

after victory, and every generous and civilizing idea. But it would seem that in returning to their native country they have brought away every virtue, and that after them remains nothing to mark a country of civilization. It is of invertence that from our higher Charles. of importance that from our higher Chamber of importance that from our higher Chamber a word should go forth expressing a wish that a great crime should not be perpetrated, which would be an indelible stigma on the barbarians who might commit it. Hope must be entertained that the voice of humanity will be powerful enough to prevent it. Let us trust that the United States will strive to the last to prevent a misfortune like this; because it is upon that government above all that the responsibility of it would rest. Such are the sentiments which I desired to express in the Senate. They are those of France, and will, most certainly, find a powerful echo within these walls, where sit so many generals who have not acquired more lustre by their valor in battle than by their sentiments of humanity after victory. [General marks of ap-

manity after victory. [General marks of approval.]

The President—The Senate cannot but join in the noble words just pronounced by Baron Dupin. Not only does the Chamber share his emotion, but all France feels as he does. The whole world knows sufficiently the sentiments of humanity and generosity of our country to prevent any doubt on the subject being entertained. [Renewed approbation.

The minutes of the preceding sitting then adopted. Marshal Forcy, detained at Nancy by the state of his health, excused himdetained at elf for being absent from the sitting of the Senate.

# THE PAPAL CONVOCATION.

Episcopal Address to the Pope—The Towns of Italy Expressing Affection.
Rome, July 1, 1867.—His Holiness Pope Pius the Ninth has just received an address expressive of their veneration and affection from four hundred and history.

and bishops.

Deputations have arrived in the city from one hundred of the towns of Italy with addresses to the Holy Father.

There is a grand fete to-day at the Villa Bor-

### ITALY.

FLORENCE, July 2, 1867.—In the session of the Legislative Chambers of Italy, on Monday, Deputy the Signor Bixio said he knew that Austria and some of the other Powers were preparing treaty beyons hostile to the policy of Italy.

Cholyra in Sicily—An Epidemic Pre-offling in the Principal Ports of the Island.

reaty clauses hostile to the policy of Italy.

The following has been received at the Department of State at Washington:
United States Consulate, Palmero, June 6, UNITED STATES CONSULATE, FALMERO, June 5, 1867.—To the Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State—Sir: It is my painful duty to inform you that Asiatic cholera has again broken out on the southern side of Sicily. Within my consular districts the points mostly attacked are Siculiana, the Mole of Girgenti; Sciacca and Licata, in the west, and Grotte and Caltanisseta, in the interior of the Province of Girgenti. At this letter place it has raged very severely, latter place it has raged very severely, carrying off from 30 to 40 persons daily, in a population of about 10,000. As the Mole of Girgenti, otherwise called Porto Empediale, and Licata, are two ports where most of our vessels touch at for ballast of brimstone, previous to their coming to Falermo or Messian to complete touch at for ballast of brimstone, previous to their coming to l'alermo or Messian to complete their cargoes, it would be of great importance to have the above facts published in our principal shipping ports, in order to caution shipmasters and owners that if they charter their vessels for any of the aforesaid ports they will be liable, on their reaching Palermo or Messina, to fifteen days of quarantine, or even obliged to proceed to the Lazarettos of Meida or Cagliari, to perform it there. I am,

United States Consul.

# THE WAR IN CANDIA.

Reinforcements and Supplies for the Insurgents---Omar Pasha Operating Actively.

Actively.

Athens, June 29, 1867.—The Greek blockade runner, Arcadi, has made her fourteenth voyage to Candia. She landed five hundred volunteer recruits for the Christian insurgent army, two thousand muskets, and also supplies of food and other necessaries for the insurrectionary forces. The Arcadi was chased by the war vessels of the Turkish fleet, but again succeeded in escaping their vigilance. Omar Pasha was preparing to make another attack on the Christian position t Sphakia.

### THE FENIANS.

Midnight Drillings and Arrests. DUBLIN, Ireland, July 2, 1867.—The secret brillings of the peasantry, it is supposed by Jenian emissaries, are continued in many parts of

Last Sunday night a party of police came upon a crowd of men so employed in a lonely place near the county Wicklow, which adjoins the county Dublin. The police succeeded in arresting six of the men, with the leader, or officer in command.

The Fenian Arrests Letter from Col. W. J. Nagle. The following letter, from a son of Mr. D. M. Nagle, of New York, details the arrest of the former upon suspicion of his being implicated in the

COUNTY CORK JAIL. June 14th, 1867 .- Dear

Father: I was arrested on the 1st of June, in company with Colonel J. Warren, on the bridge crossing the Blackwater, from Waterford into Youghal. We were kept in the Youghal Bridewell until the morning of the 4th, when we were sent to this prison—marched through the streets of both places, handcuffed, like felons. We are now held under a warrant from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and will remain prisoners, so long as the fears and purposes of the Government may require the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, unless some action is taken by the authorities or Government. some action is taken by the authorities or Govern-ment of our country. We are held under suspi-cion of being connected with the "Fenian Concion of being connected with the "Benian Conspiracy," so called, in this country. No evidence of any kind is shown, or charge made, other than "suspicion," which is applied, as a general rule, to all Americans. I will place my case before the United States Minister at London. The correspondence with Mr. Adams, and his communication which may become necessary with the State Department, must consume much time. It State Department, must consume much time. It would be well for you to take immediate steps to bring my case before the notice of the people, and have the subject brought before Congress at lts coming session in July. This is not exclusively an individual case, but becomes a question of right involving the liberty of every American citizen that sets foot on this soil. I ask the Gevernment of my country—which I have faithfully served—whose laws I have never violated—to served—to serve never violated—to served—to serve never violated—to served—to serve never violated—to serve never violated never violated—to serve never violated ne cure to me that liberty which is my birthright, and of which I am now deprived, without and of which I am now deprived, without ony cause or plea of justification, by an authority I do not recognize—a Government to which I owe no allegiance, and whose laws I have in no way infringed upon. My arrest followed so quickly upon my arrival in this country. that I had no opportunity to find any of my re-latives, whom I intended to visit. My chances of being in Paris this summer are doubtful. I must being in Paris this summer are doubtlin. I must be content to suffer the penalty of being an American soldier, with Irish blood in my veins, so far offending the majesty of the British law as to be found upon Irish soil.

Your son, WM. J. NAGLE.

D. M. NAGLE, New York.

## CITY BULLETIN.

THE CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH.—The city authorities have made no provision for a proper observance of to-morrow, but there will be various demonstrations by different organiza-

lons.
The First Division Pennsylvania Militia, under ommand of Brevet Brigadier-General Charles M. Prevost, will parade in the morning. The line will be formed at 7½ o'clock, on Broad street, right resting on Chestnut street, and proceed over the following route: Down Broad to Walnut, out Walnut to Sixteenth, up Sixteenth to Twelfth down Twelfth to Arch, down Arch to Twelfth, down Twelfth to Chestnut, down Chestnut to Fifth, down Fifth to Walnut, out Walnut to Twelfth, up Twelfth to Chestnut, out Chestnut to Broad, and there dis-

The Weccacoe Legion, composed of veterans, will make a street parade to-morrow, starting from the armory in Queen street, below Second, at 6A. M.

The Soldiers of the War of 1812 will-hold their

usual meeting in the Supreme Court-room, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The colored people will celebrate the day by a parade, which will pass over a short route, so arranged as to pass Independence Hall and the Union League House. When the procession arrives at Liberty Hall, on Lombard street, below Eighth, the Declaration of Independence will be

Eighth, the Declaration of Independence will be read, and several speeches made.

The New Ledger Building will be open for the inspection of ladies and children on to-morrow, July 4th, from 9 in the morning until 6 in the evening. Hassler's Military band will perform in the building during the day. At 1 o'clock the employes of the establishment will partake of a dinner prepared for them by the proprietor, Mr. Geo. W. Childs.

The Post Office will be opened at 614 o'clock, and close at 11 o'clock, A. M. The collection at 5 o'clock, and delivery at 8.0'clock, A. M., will be made by the carriers as usual, and also a collec-

made by the carriers as usual, and also a collection at 5 o'clock P. M.

A meeting of citizens favorable to the temperance cause, and desirous of enforcing the Sunday liquor law, will be held in Independence Square at ten o'clock A. M. The Declaration of Indeat ten o clock A. M. The Declaration of Plates pendence will be read and speeches made by the following gentlemen: Rev. Bishop Simpson, D. D., Hon. A. G. Cattell, Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn; Rev. George J. Mingins, of New York; Theodore Cuyler, Esq., Ex-Governor Pollock, Hon. W. A. Porter, Rev. A. A. Willitts, D. D. Theore, M. Colembu, Esq. Thomas Potter. D., Thomas M. Coleman, Esq., Thomas Potter, Isq., Rev. Daniel March, D. D., Rev. J. Wheaton Smith, D. D., and others.

The State Society of the Cincinnati hold their annual meeting in the morning, and will partake of a dinner at 5 P. M.

The James P. M. The James Page Library Association will celebrate the day in an appropriate manner at their Hall, Girard avenue, near Shackamaxon street. Salutes will be fired, the Declaration of Inde-

Salutes will be fired, the Declaration of Indepence read, and orations delivered.

The Newsboys of Philadelphia will be provided with a dinner at the New Ledger Building, tomorrow, at one o'clock, a portion of the building being set apart specially for them.

A mass meeting in favor of the late liquor law will be held at Concert Hall, at 2 o'clock P. M. Addresses will be made by Matthew Newkirk, Esq., Rev. J. W. Jackson, Charles E. Lex, Esq., H. R. Warriner, Esq., and Gen. Louis Wagner.

Through the kindness and liberality of a number of patriotic citizens, the little ones belonging

ber of patriotic citizens, the little ones belonging to the Northern Home for Friendless Children, and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home, Twenty-third and Brown streets, are to have a very handsome display of fireworks, on the evening of the Fourth, in the large inclosure adjoining the Home. In addition to the pyrotechnic display, several brief addresses will be made and a number of patriotic songs sung by the children. In order to prevent the crowding and confusion incident to such occasions generally, tickets of admission have been issued to a limited extent. Independence Day will be appropriately celebrated at Frankford, to-morrow. The Dedication of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, in Cedar

of the Soldiers' and Sallors' Monument, in Cedar Hill Cemetery, will take place in the morning. The monument is of Italian Marble, and stands about twenty-seven feet high. On the base are the following words: "Died for their Country." On the die are the names of the fallen dead and the battles they participated in. Some beau-tiful passages from the Scriptures are on the sides; above is a handsome shield, with the inscription: "We Honor the Brave. This column, creeted "We Honor the Brave. This column, erected by the joint contributions of Co. D, 1st California Regiment, 71st Penna. Vols., and citizens of the Twenty-third Ward, commemorates the services of the heroic dead, who fought to crush treason and rebellion, and who gave their lives that their country might live."

The monument is surmounted by the American

The monument is surmounted by the American Eagle, in the attitude of victory.

The order of parade will be as follows: Union Baker Association, Invited Guests, Fire Companies, Order of Red Men, Order of American Mechanics (this Order expects to parade between 700 and 800 men), Cadets of Temperance, and citizens.

The following distinguished personages will participate: General J. T. Owens, General Meade and staff, Commodore Selfridge, U. S. N., and other distinguished officers of the army and navy, who will be in full uniform. The Drum Corps from the Bridesburg Arsenal and the Marine Band from the Navy Yard will also participate. On arriving at the cemetery the following exercises will take place:

Prayer by the Rev. T. P. Coulston.

Initiatory remarks by Dr. Robert Burns.

Initiatory remarks by Dr. Robert Burns.
Address by Hon. E. G. Lee.
Dedication of the Monument by Rev. T. P.

Coulston.

Concluding remarks by Gen. J. T. Owen.

A match game of base ball, between the Quaker
City and Leonore Clubs, will be played on the
grounds of the Quaker City Club. Twentieth and
Oxford streets, in the attention, at 2% o'clock.

The police were instructed this morning to

prevent the firing of guns, pistols or cannon in the streets to-morrow.

FIREMAN'S FUNERAL.—The funeral of James Deady, a member of the Hibernia Fire Company. who died from the effects of injuries received at the fire at the American Theatre, took place this morning from his late residence, on German street, below Third, and was largely attended. The St. Joseph's B. V. M. Sodality, Philopatrian Literary Society, Archbishop Kenrick and Literary Society, Archbishop Kenrick and St. Mary's Beneficial Societies, and the Litho graphic Printers, were represented. There was also a large turn-out of the Hibernia Fire Company, and delegations from other fire companies. funeral services were held at St. Joseph's Church, and the interment took place at Cathedral

Cemetery. CITIZENS' MASS MEETING IN INDEPENDENCE SQUARE.—The announcements already made for this great demonstration to-morrow morning are, as will be seen, on the most extensive scale. addition to the eloquent speakers, whose names alone will draw a great assemblage, we under-stand a celebrated quartette will sing a number of ploces, among them the Star "Spangled Banner," in which the audience will join. Beck's Philadelphia Band will perform the instrumental music with their new silver instruments. The suggestion has been made, and we hope it will be carried out, to have the band perform the national airs and "Old Hundred" from the steeple at the close of the meeting.

A TROUBLESOME CUSTOMER. James Stewart was arrested yesterday afternoon at Second and South sts., by Officer Conway, for being drunk. He lost one of his legs about ten years ago, and many who witnessed the arrest thought that he had been a soldier. Conway was interfered with, and was handled pretty roughly. He lost his hat, and Stewart, who fought savagely, bit a large piece out of the pantaloons of the officer. Stewart was finally taken to the Station-house by six or eight men. This morning he was committed by Alderman Tittermary to answer the charge of assault and battery.

VIOLATING THE LIQUOR LAW .- Martin Hammer, proprietor of a lager beer saloon, at Third and Buttonwood streets, has been held in \$500 bail by Alderman Toland, for selling liquor on

Charles Braun, who keeps a tavern on Trenton avenue, above York street, was before Alderman Heins, yesterday, upon the charges of selling li-quor on Sunday and selling it to minors. He was held in \$800 ball for trial.

BOARD OF HEATH.—At a meeting of the Board of Health, held on the 1st, B. Ward, M. D., was elected President, and Mr. Wm. P. Troth, Secretary. The Board now consists of the following memhers: Charles B. Barrett, G. M. Coates, J. B. Contes, Reni La Roche, M. D., James A. McCrea, M. D., Wm. Neal, Wm. Read, James Steel, Thos. Stewardson, Wm. P. Troth, James West, E. Ward. DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL .- We learn that

George M. Sullivan, projector of the Consolidated Land Company, of Baltimore, will, upon his arrival this P. M., be tendered a reception by his Philadelphia friends. There is to be a presentation, and we have no doubt the occasion will be a pleasant and agreeable surprise to a worthy citizen of our neighboring State. A MERITED COMPLIMENT .- General Horatio G.

Sickel has just received the appointment of Brevet Major-General, upon the recommendation of Gen. Meade. Gen. Sickel served gallantly through the entire war as commander of one of the Pennsylvania Reserve Réglments, and for a long period had charge of a Brigade. I ver you Gurryshing .- The members

14th Regiment N. Y. Veteran Volunteers were entertained in a handsome manner last evening at the National Guards' Hall, and left for Gettysburg this morning. They were escorted to the depot by a committee of the National Guards. ALLEGED DISORDERLY HOUSE. Kate Lawrence

was before Ald. Patchel yesterday upon the charge of keeping a disorderly house on Sansom street, above broad. She was held in \$500 ball for trial.

THE PHILADELPHIA LIBRARY is to be closed from July 11th, to July 31st, inclusive, as will be seen by an advertisement. On motion of Hon. Wm. A. Porter. Wm. J.

#### Gibson was yesterday admitted to the Bar of the Supreme Court of this State. FROM NEW YORK.

New York, July 3.—Thomas Kealy was arrested by Officers Murphy and Abbott of the Yorkville Police last evening on the charge of being the murderer of Col. O'Brien, one of the four deep position in July 1002 being the murderer of Col. O'Brien, one of the victims of the four days' rooting in July, 1863. The killing of Col. O'Brien was the most revolting act of that bloody period in the history of New York city. He was engaged in the war as a Volunteer Colonel, but happening to be in this city on recruiting service when the riot commenced, and the need of soldiers was the most urgent, he voluntarily reported for duty in putting down the rioters. On Tuesday, July 12, he led a battalion to the upper part of the city; subsequently, in the afternoon, he went alone, in uniform, among the lawless multitude in Second avenue, and was there brutally murantices. The attack was first made on him in dered. Ine attack was liest made on him in a drug store at the corner of Thirty-fourth street. He was drugged out from there and over the sidewalk, and was finally taken into a back yard, where all manner of torture was practiced upon him by men and women. He lingered in an unaversely according to the side was according to the side. conscious condition for more than five hours, and

conscious condition for more than five hours, and it was only by stratagem that the body could be obtained from the persecutors by the Catholic priests. The police report that they have positive testimony of Kealey's guilt; and if this is true, it will greatly tend to prove the truth of the proverb that "murder will out."

The Twenty-second Annual Commencement of St. John's College, Fordham, took place yesterday. There was a large and fashionable attendance. Archbishop McClosky presided, and on the platform were Generals Gilmore and McMahon, and a large number of Catholic clergymen. General McMahon received the degree of Master of Arts, the highest honor in the power Master of Arts, the highest honor in the power

Master of Arts, the highest honor in the power of the college to bestow.

Last evening an altercation occurred at the Division Avenue Ferry, foot of Grand street, N. Y., between William Linck, No. 93 South Sixth street, Williamsburg, and John B. Coffee, one of the ferry-masters. The quarrel occurred about one cent, and Coffee, it is alleged, streek Linck with a club and knocked him down, fracturing his skull. Linck was taken to the Thirteenth. Precinct Station-house, and attended by a physician, who promounced his wounds extremely dangerous. He was then taken to Bellevue Hoepital. Coffee was arrested by Officer Corr. of the

cian, who pronounced his wounds extremely dangerous. He was then taken to Eellevue Hospital. Coffee was arrested by Officer Corr, of the Thirteenth Frecinct, and locked up for the night. Yesterday forenoon Coroner White, of Hoboken, held an raquest on the body of a man, apparently a German, who was found floating in the river near the Elysian Fields. On his person was found a memorandum book, upon which was inscribed the name of "Ernest Wagner, Lombard street, No. 195, St. Louis, No.;" also a letter to the same address, and a scaled letter to "Theodore Hege, Kirkwood, St. Louis." A verdict of death by drowning was readered.

The weekly letter of Dr. Harris, the Registran of Vital Statistics, says that 409 deaths occurred

of Vital Statistics, says that 409 deaths occurred in New York and 148 in Brooklyn during the week just passed. No disease has yet appeared bearing the semblance of an epidemic, except measles.

VAST QUANTITIES OF IVORY DESTROYED.—
Thousands of teeth that might last a lifetime are lost every year, simply because the parties concerned either forgot or do not appreciate the fact that Sozopost, duly applied, readers the dental substance proof against decay.

#### FACTS AND RAPCIES.

-Paul Morphy has gone to the Exposition. —Part of a dinner given lately by Napoleon to Abdul-Asiz is said to have been in-sultan. -Australia is to send to America to learn how to grow cotton.

-A Yankee is going to furnish Jeddo and Yokohama with gas-light.

—Ullman has quarrelled with Carlotta Patti-He dares to assert that her voice is lame.

—Miss Anne E. Dickinson is to spend the summer at Orient Point, Long Island. -Under the new reform bill, a seat in Parliament will cost about \$25,000.

-The harvest in Minnesota will allow her to export 15,000 bushels of grain. -Paris spends twice as much money for wine as it does for bread.

-A new minion of royalty-the Canadian dominion.

—Mile. Rosa Celeste is preparing to outdo Blondin at Ningara Falls. -Mrs. Benito Juarez, wife of Maximilian's executioner, and family, were in Cincinnati on

Monday, bound East. —An Austrian sailor, convicted of theft, was sentenced to receive one thousand blows with a

-The directors of a New Jersey railroad offer to parties who will build on the line of their road a free pass over it for from three to five years. -The Emperor of Morocco cannot visit Paris for fear his loyal subjects will not allow him to

return.

—The Memphis Bulletin has discovered that the Republican party is responsible for the Birmingham riots.

-Chas. A. Shaw, Esq., of Biddeford, contemplates the publication of a volume of recollections of Artemus Ward.

—Dr. Stone, lately famishing on exiguous beans in Boston; gets \$600 in gold a month; and profuse perquisites, in San Francisco. -An aged Connecticut couple recently had a family gathering at which 31 of their descendants were present, whose united ages were 2,428 years.

-A lady brought before the Police Court of Cleveland for drunkenness were \$5,000 worth of -General Lee attended the dinner of the alum-

ni of his college, and generously refrained from making a speech. -Mr. Charles T. Dix, son of our Minister to France, exhibits a picture at the National Gallery, in London which represents a rocky coast on the English Channel.

-An employé of a soda water establishment in Hartford failing to receive his wages, turned on the faucets of the fountain, uncorked the bottles, and remunerated himself in kind. -The King of the Belgians and the emissary of

the Tycoon have officially congratulated the Czar on his escape, according to the windy formalities of their respective realms. -The unusual sight of a man reading the

Scriptures in the cars was observed upon one of the trains going into Boston last. Tues day morn-A stranger in New York allowed a new-made friend to measure his chest in a bar-room, and shortly after found he was immeasurably sold, when he went to take his money from his breast pocket and could not find it.

—George G. Coffin, editor of the Whalemen's Shipping List, at New Bedford, committed suicide last week by drinking laudanum, and was found dead in his own printing office. He was supposed to be incorpe.

to be insane.

-The Thumbs, Commodore Nutt and Minnie Warren have united in a letter commendatory of the Anchor line of packets, and especially of the steamer Iowa, in which they made the passag -A wealthy citizen of Berlin has applied to the

municipality of that town for a site on which to erect a statue to Francis Drake, as the introducer of the potato into Europe, and offers to subscribe 15,000 thalers (£2,250) toward the statue. -Gov. Durkee, of Utah, has gone to California on a visit. The Governor was a member of the

House of Representatives two years, and of the Senate of the United States six years, from the State of Wisconsin, before his appointment as Governor of Utah. -The New York Commercial Advertiser discovers a strong resemblance between Thackeray's story, "Beauty and the Beast," and a story by Charles Dickens almost identical with it in title. It is poor enough to have been written by Sylva-

Horace Greeley says—"I predict that the child is born who will walk dry-shod across what is now the American Fall to Goat Island and back." The World thinks even this feat would excite less comment than Mr. Greeley's famous performances at Niagara in 1864.

—According to one story, the Emperor turned to the Czar after the assassination, and plagfarizing a little from Diogenes, exclaimed: "If I were not Napoleon, I would be Alexander." This is very pretty, but what is the point of it, unless it means that if he were not Napoleon he would like helps shot at a little according to another second to the control of the con means that if he were not Napoleon he would like being shot at? But, according to another account, he turned the peculiar green that Kinglake tells of, and said nil. - Gay-Lussachas proved that milk kept from the air is preserved for a long time, perfectly good.

M. Mabrun having put the theory to a practical test and laid the process before the Academy of Sciences for their examination, the committee.

report that milk thus preserved after six months still possesses all the properties of fresh milk. A prize of fifteen hundred francs has been awarded. LOM. MUDSAIN.

—A Russian document shows that the direct trade between Russia and China is declining. At Kiathka, where it is chiefly carried on, it only amounted to 8,500,000 roubles in 1866, whereas in 1862 it was 18,500,000. This is owing to various causes—the permission to introduce tea into Russia by scaports, instead of exclusively, by land, as formerly the disturbed political state of China; the disturbeaty of Russian merchants. io M. Mabran.

dishonesty of Russian merchants. \_In 1802 a number of Servians vowed that a razor should not touch their faces until they could be shaved in the fortress of Belgrade, on the day when the Turks left it. A.few days ago. the Oitoman garsison having withdrawn, these very long bearded patriots marched in procession to the fortress, escorted by a number of barbers, and had their faces placed once more upon the peace establishment.

peace establishment.

An experiment in locomotives adapted to need traveling took place the otherday in Rome itself. A large omnibus, aden with ecclesiastics, was driven safely from Plazza Rustiqued through the Port Augulta, with perfect success. The locomotive then refurned by the Ponte Molle, and through the Lungara—the train panel. In deer the direction of the artillery officers of the Portifical staff. Pontifical staff.

In order to reaoncile the Sultan's trip to Pauls with the letter of the Koren, which assigns to the ruler of the faithful whatever country he sets his foot on, accourse with be had to a legal action, in virtue of which the soil of France will be considered as Official action. be considered as Ottoman territory during the the reservation of subsequently making a retro-cession of the country to the Emperor of the

French.

The wife of a well-known cli'.zen of Syracuse took a coach to go visiting it short distance from town the other day. On the same conveyance went a lawyer for the ostensible purpose of catching fish. The sis ge returned to Syracuse after dark, and lawyer and well-known citizen's wife alighted—the for aer, greatly to his astonishment, coming in direct contact with a platol held in the hand of his fellow traveler's husband. Pistol did not is fellow traveler's husband. Pistol did not go off, but lawyer did, on the double-quick, car sying with him his basket of fish and an unpunor ared skin.