Baily Evening Bulletin

CIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

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PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1866.

DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS.

EVENING BULLETIN. (Sunday's excepted,) AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING, 307 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia

"Evening Bulletin Association." GIBSON FRACOCK, ERNEST C. WALLAGE, F. L. PETMERSTON, TEOS. J. WILLIAMSON GASPER SOUDER, Jr., FRANCIS WELLS,

The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city at is cents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$800 per

THAT THE TIPE

COHU—TOUSSAINT.—At St. Johns, Newfoundland, Nov. 29. by the Rev. Archdeacen kelley, Aaron B. Cohu, of New York city to Miss Engenie Lecordier, younged daughter of J. C. Joussaint, ksq., Consul of France, at St. Johns, No Cards.

CRESSON—GUMBHS.—On Thursday, the 6th inst., by the Rev. Charles N. Chevrier, Caleb Cresson to Isabella Bloomfield Gumbes, daughter of the late Samuel W. Gun bes. Isabella Bloomfield Gumbes, daughter or the late Samuel W. Gumbes, PRICE—EVANS.—On the 5th instant, by the Rev. Edward Lounsberry, Henry R. Price, of this city, to Rebecca S., daughter of the late br. J. W. C. Evans, of Burlington comby, New Jersey, SCOTT—GURNEE—On Dec. 5th, at New York, by the Rev. Wm. Adams, D. D. Edward P. Scott to Evelyn, daughter of Walter S. Gurnee.

AUSTIN.—On the 7th inst., Eliza Austin, in the 69th AUSTIN.—On the 7th inst., Eliza Austin, in the 68th year of her age.

Her relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 1011 Pine street, on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

CANBY.—On the morning of the 10th inst., Merrit Canby, it hie 80th year of his age

The funeral will take place on Fourth day, the 12th inst., to leave his late residence, No. 334 Market street, Wilmington, Bel., at 3 P. M., to which his relatives and friends are invited, without further notice.

**ELLIOTT.—At Brook ville, Ps., on Thorsday, Dec 6.
Dr. David A. Elliott, son of the Rev. Dr. Elliott, of Alleghery city. Lilegheny city.

IR WIN.—On Dec. 7th, Engenia Hiester, wife of John
I. Irwin, of Chicago, and younges daughter of John Budd. MEDARA.—On the 8th inst., Jos. S. Medara, in the 58th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 617 Vine street, on Wednesday morning 12th inst., at 10 o'clock.

MILLIGAN.—On the 9 h instant, Miss Sallie J., daughter of William C. Milligan, in the 18th year of her age.

laugnter of wintan of minigur, and the family are respectives and friends of the family are respectively invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her father, near Haddonfield, N. J., on Thursday, the 18th irst., at 10 o'clock. Interment at Laurel Hill, at one o'clock.

SERRIJLL-In Piacenza, Italy, on the 18th of Nov. Carmalita B., wife of Thomas S. Serrill, of Philadelphia. leighla.

VETTCH.—On Saturday, the 5th instant, Mrs. Sarak

VETTCH.—On Saturday, the 5th instant, Mrs. Sarak

The relatives and friends of the family are respectully invited to attend the funeral, from her late resilence, No. 1420 Poplar street, on Tuesday, the 14th
nst. at 2 o'clock, without further notice. To proceed

DIED—At his residence in New York, on the morning of the 7th inst., MAY HUMPHREYS, formerly of this city in the 76th year of his age.

His iew surviving contemporaries will read this announcement with sincere sorrow, for all such who knew him were his friends. Long established here as a member of the eminent commercial house of B-yran & Humphreys, and afterwards for some years in Liverpool as the head of the house of Humphreys & Biddle, he was noted as well for his business abilities as for his unswerving integrity, and his scrupplous obsarvance of the dulles which devolved upon him in all the walks of private life.

On his, final retirement from commercial pursuits, mr Humphreys resumed his residence among us, where he remained for several years, until the marriage of an only daughler, in New York, induced the trapsfer of his home to that city, where he was not long in taking his piece among its most respected citizens, and where he has at length terminated his honcomaine and useful career, leaving to his affilicted widow and children the rich inheritance of an unspotted

MELODEON COVERS AND RICH PIANC COVERS, FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. Fin. Shawis, for Christmas; includes the Silks, for Christmas Delayas and Swinter Habes Colleges EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

UNION LEAGUE HOUSE PHILADA., Dec. 3, 1864.

The Annual Meeting of the UNION LEAGUE, of Philadesphia, will be held at the

LEAGUE HOUSE Monday Evening, December 10th.

At 8 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors. GEO. H. BOKER,

SECRETARY

THE THIRTY FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF PHILADELPHIA," will be held on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, will be held on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, will be held on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, will be held on TUESDAY FORMED PRESENT TERIAN OHURCH, Broad, be

low Spruce, at 7% o'clock. Addresses by Rev. G. DANA BOARDMAN, Bev. G. DANA BOARDMAN, D.D., and G. H. STUART, Reg. THOMAS T. MASON. des 2trp* Ohairman Committee on Public Meetings. ST. PAUL'S P. E. CHURCH.

ne Annual Sale of Useful and Fancy Articles held the Sunday Echools connected with this Church by the Sunday Echous County, will be opened on MONDAY, Decamber 10th,

Will be opened to MONDAY, December 10th, and continue open until WEDNESDAY, December 12th at the WASHINGTON BUILDING, THIRD Street, above SPRUCE, des,4trp?

OFFICE GF THE SCHULKILL VALLEY NAVIGATION AND RALKROAD COMPANY,—PRILADELFHIA, December 5, 1866.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 407 LIBRARY Street, on MONDAY, December 31, 1866, at half-past cleven o'clock, A. M., at which time an election for Officers to serve the ensuing year will also take place.

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CAPPON & PORT

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OFFICE MOUNT CARBON & PORT CARBON RAILR JAD COMPANY. PHILADELIPHIA, December thi, 1866.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, No. 407 LIBRARY street, Ion MONDAY, December 31st, 1566, at eleven o'clock, A.M., at which time an election for Officers to serve the ensuing year will take place, deluticall P. C. HOLLIS, Secretary.

THE INDUSTRIAL HOME, Corner of BROAD atreet and COLUMBIA avenue, is open for the admission of Girls from twelve to eight sen years of age, who are neglected or deserted by their parents, and who need the shelter and instruction of a fixistian home. If the public will sustain this Institution, many girls may be kept from evil and maderespectable and useful women.
Contributions may be sent to James T. Shinn, Treasurer, Broad and Spruce streets.

MERUANTILE BENEFICIAL ASSOUIATION.—Applications for admission to Membership may be made to the undersigned.

Entrance fee.

WILLIAM A, R. P.LIN, Secretary.

739 Market street. de5-6t,rp@ NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
AND GREEN LANE,
BEST SPRING MT. LEHIGH FURNACE COAL,
DELIVERED, #7 St; DO. STOVE, St.
BOX NO. 62 Germantown Post Office.
Office No. 15 South SEVENTH street, Franklin Institute Building.
BINES & SHEAFF,
now 22try. North Penna, B. R. and Green Lane.

WILLIAM A. ROLIN,

UNITED STATES TREASURY, PHILA-NOTICE—Holders of twenty or more Seven thirty coupons, due Dec. 15 n. 1888, can present them at this office previous to the 18th inst. for count and examination. thecks will be issued for the same on the 18th inst.

det 5trp! Assistant Treasurer United States.

KENSINGTON NATIONAL BANK, PHILA DELPHIA, December 8, 1886,
An election for Directors of this Bank will be held at
the Banking House on TUESDAY, January 8, 1887,
between the hours of 10 A, M, and 2 P, M
WILLIAM MCOONNELL,

FAIR AT WESTERN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Seventeenth and Filbert success, TUESDAY, until FRIDAY NEXT, atternoons and evenings. idel 31.5

HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1529

Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the poor. SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE MILL CREEK AND MINEHILLNAVIGATION AND BAILROAD THE AND THE AND THE AND THE AND THE AND THE ALIUS HELD THE AND THE ALIUS HEELING THE STORMANY WILL BE HELD THE AND THE AN

PROFESSOR FRED. A. ROESE'S COURSE OF MOTION AVENING AS 8 O'Clock: THE COURT AND PRIVATE LIFE OF CHARLEMAGNE. Tickets to be obtained.

[For the Phila Evening Builetin.]
NESTOR AND THERSITES.

Quoth William B. to the O. P. F.. "People are down on you and me, But we're better off than poor old Jeff., Down in the fortress by the sea: Jeff. went into the overt-act.— Not so silly were you and I, So here we sit, with our skins intact,

Swallowing bumpers of good old rye!" Quoth the O. P. F. to William B., "William, you've hit the nail on the head. But what will they say of you and me When we're gone to-I mean, when we are

Jeff, is a martyr in some people's eyes, Down in the fortress by the sea; Jeff. will be canonized when he dies,— But who will canonize you and me?"

Musical. FRENCH OPERA.—The rain prevented a very large attendance at the matinee on Saturday. Even the stockholders were, many of them, kept away, and though the barrier was removed, the general public hesitated about crossing the line, fearing they might be suspected of belonging to the Fatal Five Hundred. The consequence was that four or five of the best rows of seats were vacant, and the singers had to sing over the blank and chilling space. Still, they did well, and The Crown Diamonds was sung and acted with great brilliancy. It is one of Auber's most charming works, and will be sure to attract a large audience in future visits of this excellent company. One of these visits may be expected in the course of a fort-

THE ORATORIO OF "ELIJAH," by Mendelssohn, will be performed by the Hande! and Haydn Society, at their first concert of the season, on Thursday evening, in the Academy of Music. The solo parts will b sung, as they were last season, by Miss Alexander, Miss McCaffrey, Dr. Guilmette and Mr. Simpson. The splendid chorus of the Society and a fine orchestra, led by Carl Sentz, will assist. The Angels' Trio will be sung by three boys, choristers of St. Mark's burch, who have been well trained by Mr Pearce, the organist. There can be no doubt of a vast audience to hear this glorious oratorio.

night.

MR. CHARLES H. JARVIS will give the first classical matinee of his fifth season, on Thursday next, at 4 o'clock, in the Foyer of the Academy of Music. Beethoven's Sonata, for piano and violincello (opus 69), will be played by Mr. Jarvis and Mr. Schmitz; and Mendelssohn's trio, (opus 66) by Messrs. Jarvis, Gaertner and Schmitz. Mr. Jarvis and Mr. Gaertner will also each play a solo.

THE FIRST SYMPHONY CONCERT of the subscription series organized by Messrs. Jarvis and Schmitz, will be given at the Musical Fund Hall next Saturday evening One of Beethoven's finest symphonies wil be played entire, and there will be some solo performances.

FATHER KEMP'S OLD FOLKS open at the National Hall this evening, giving concerts nightly and matinees on Wednesday and Saturday.

MME. RISTORI and her dramatic company arrived in this city last night, and this evening they appear at the Academy of Music in the tragedy of Medea. There is every prospect of a large audience, not only this evening, but throughout the engagement. To-morrow evening Mary Stuart will be played, and on Wednesday evening Elisabetta. The manager has requested us to advise all who go to these performances to be present and in their seats before eight o'clock, so as not to disturb actors and auditors by coming in after the play has begun.

THE HERDIC HOUSE,-We are in receipt of a letter from the proprietor of the Herdic House, at Williamsport, contradicting the statement that this superb hotel was to be sold by the Sheriff. The item was taken from one of our interior exchanges. It appears that the hotel is quite prosperous and is enjoying an excellent run of business.

AMUSEMENTS. THE DRAMA.—At the Walnut during the present week Mr. J. S. Clarke will appear in a series of his personations, both grotesque and pathetic. His popularity is something wonderful, and the theatre is crowded to suffocation every evening. At the Chestnut during the week "The Long Strike" will be the main attraction. It still draws enthusiastic houses and is superbly played. At the Arch Mr. F. S. Chanfrau begins an engagement to-night, appearing in "Sam." This capital play was a great hit at the last engagement of Mr. Chanfrau, and it will be the same at this one. At th American we still have "The Black Crook," SIGNOR BLITZ, at Assembly Building,

and on Wednesday and Saturday after noons. THE OLD FOLKS are as attractive as ever at National Hall. They give two weekly matinees in addition to their night performances.

gives his fascinating levees every evening

GRAZING IN KENTUCKY. - Lieutenant Governor Anderson, of Ohio, has bought a tract of ten thousand acres in Lyons county, Kentucky, which he will devote to raising sheep. He is now selecting his stock, which will include some of the best species in the country.

THE Georgia Senate has rejected the House bill prohibiting railroads and steamboats running on Sunday. The House has rejected the 20s. per gallon liquor tax bill. Both Houses have agreed to adjourn on the

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Interview with Officers of Maximilian's Government--What they Say of the Condition of the Country--The Imperial Farce Near the Close .-- What the Mexicans Think of Gen. Sherman's Mission ----Singular Stories About the French and Austrian Officials--The Colony of Southern Exiles Broken Up.

[From to-day's N. Y. Times.] Yesterday evening we had an interview with a number of gentlemen, Austrians by birth, who errived in this city by the steamer Manhattan, from Vera Cruz, late steamer Mannattan, from Vera Cruz, late Saturday evening, on their way to Europe. They were all of them, some directly and some indirectly, in the employ of Archduke Maximilian's Imperial Government of Mexico, and bring some very sad, some very amusing, and some very interesting tales. Among them are Mr. Joseph Wirth, and some very interesting tales. a railroad contractor on the line of road from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico; Mr. Alphonse Beskochks, a civil engineer, Messrs. Michael Karnel, Albert Schadeberg and Stanislaus Sabiz, officers of Max's "Imperial Guard," and Mr. F. Braudstædter, a topographic draughtsman. Mr. Joseph Werner, formerly general agent of the above-mentioned railroad at Puebla de los Angeles, and for a time cashier for the same company at Orizaba, also gave us some interesting information, though he had given the cold shoulder to the "Empire of Mexico" several months ago, and resided for some weeks in this country. Without veuching for everything that these gentlemen have told us, we give their tale in a connected form, and as near as possible in their own words

They say that the further continuance of the Imperial farce is an utter impossibility, though Maximilian still clings to the belief that the complete anarchy which he expects will follow his exit from Mexico, in consequence of the rivalries of contending partisans and military chlefs, may yet create a strong party favoring his recall. He is said to think himself personally popular, and he seems now to hope that the clergy and the clerical party generally would yet find means to turn matters in his favor. With this belief and hope, our informants say, Maximilian though contemplating a speedy retreat from Mexican territory, has a place to be put in readiness for him at Havana, where he is said to expect to remain for some time, awaiting, like Micawber, for "something to turn up" that may bring him his imperial During his stay at Havana, we are purple. During his stay at mayana, we are also told, he proposes to make a tour under a strict incognito through the United States, of which country he is a great admirer. He often expresses his wish to see the North American Republic and its people, whom he often called the greatest practical people of the world. Yet, however strong his own hopes may be, it seems that his brother, the Emperor of Austria, does not share them, and did not do so quite a long time since for as Mr. Werner informed us, Capt. Naute and Lieut. Graves, of the Austrian frigate Dandolo, lying in the harbor of Vera Cruz. told him nearly a year ago that their vessel had been specially sent there to bring Max safely back to Trieste or Miramar.

Neither is the trust which Maximilian puts in his assumed personal popularity or that of the Duchess Charlotte, as we are old, well founded. Maximilian, soon after he arrived in Mexico, lost ground with all parties. He must have had a very imperiect knowledge of the character of the Mexcans and of the prominent characteristic of the partisan life of their political and military leaders, for he made it his ayowed object to conciliate and unite all parties, and to make of the Mexicans a congruous and homogeneous people. A nation torn by continuous revolutionary strife for over forty years, full of petty chiefs aspiring to supreme command, cannot very easily be made to forego its habit of plunging almost yearly into renewed revolution and anarchy. This was the great stumbling-block, and it required more statesmanship and wiser discrimination than Maximilian apparently Mexicans themselves appear to recognize this defect in the Archduke, for they declare that, like a young maiden surrounded by flattering admirers, he coquetted with all parties and thereby lost the support and favor of all. Even the Church, a clerical party, whose support he still hopes will carry him back to the throne, is not unanimous in his favor; and at the departure of our informants from Mexico, they say it was a public secret that a large and the most influential portion of th clericals had offered Miramon-lately returned to Mexico—a subsidy of from six to eight millions of dollars, if he would assume the reins of Government and continue the war against the Juarists and the Liberals. But all parties, even those hostile to him from the beginning, give him just credit for good intentions. He eschewed state pomp, dressed like a Mexican, and was the most behavious man of his "Government." laborious man of his "Government." They say, however, than he spent his time and labor on unimportant matters of detail, and was unable to comprehend and direct the grand whole of what he talked about as his

When the Manhattan sailed from Vera Cruz, Maximilian was still at Orizaba, almost a prisoner, under the surveillance of Marshal Bazaine's officers. He had, up to that time, declined to abdicate, so it was reported at Vera Cruz, though it is generally believed that his remaining in Mexico any longer is entirely out of the question. In fact, the authority of the Imperial Government and every semblance of respect for it is hardly to be found anywhere. Even in the only four cities—Mexico, Puebla, Orizaba and Vera Cruz—where the empire is still maintained by the French garrisons and Austrian or Belgian Volunteer corps, the Imperial Government is a mere name, the Prefects caring very little for the orders or decrees of the Emperor, obeying, from fear of force, the French officers in command. Maximilian has discharged his entire" Imperial Guard, of which, as we have stated above, three of our informants were officers. He also dis-missed nearly the whole staff of his household, retaining but few. Most of these have already left for Europe direct in English and French steamers.
The "Empress" Carlotta is said to have

been a well-intentioned lady, completely beholden by the conviction that she had a "sacred mission" intrusted to her by Providence for the regeneration of Mexico. Yet, though for the regeneration of Mexico. Yet, though amiable and condescending in her personal intercourse, she was haughty, proud and domineering, qualities which her consort could not be accused of; and thus white possessing great energy and more than ordinary mental capacity, she could never reach even that limited degree of popularity which Max for a time enjoyed.

which Max for a time enjoyed.

The departure of Mr. Campbell, Amerithe departure of Mr. Campbell, American Minister to the Government of President Juarez, accompanied by such a distinguished military hero as General Sherman, for their destination, is said to have made a profound impression in Mexico. The native Mexicans, so the gentlemen named report, hate the "Yankees" like deadly poison. They, we are told, fear some grand soheme of annexation, and in the event that anything looking to the realization of their

soneme of annexation, and in the event that anything looking to the realization of their lears should be attempted, would, all parties never so hostile to each other, unite to oppose and, if possible, to expel the "rapacious invader from the North,"

This may be so, or it may be, as probably it is, merely the wish, which is so often "father to the thought," of our Austrian friends, who found their Mexican career so suddenly and so unpleasantly brought to a suddenly and so unpleasantly brought to a close, and all in consequence of the fixed determination of the American people and the firm stand taken by our Government against the creation of a Mexican empire under the influence and even the lash of the French Emperor. Be that as it may, me give this piece of information imparted

Some interesting details of the way in which French and Austrian officers of the European props of the "Empire" continue to "turn a penny"—and, as it seems, not a very honest one—into their pockets, are worth detailing. Frenchmen generally, it is known, lead a gay life, and matrimonial ties among them are not very rigidly observed. Nearly every French officer of a higher grade, even up to General, had his mistress with him. The salary was rather meagre, and some other means had to be resorted to, to provide the necessary money required for a "double establishment." Their method to do this was soon found. Among the "stores" for the French army, brought- to Vera Cruz and landed duty free, were silks and laces and bonnets, and other articles of dry goods and milli-nery. The mistresses of the officers opened 'stores' and "dressmakers' shops' and thus not only supported themselves but even their paramours. The Austrians were not behind them. They traded in Hungarian and French wines. The Chief of the "Emperor's" household even publicly kept a wine store at the city of Mexico, where, as malicious people said, he was selling at high prices the wines imported for the "Emperor's" household.

ror's" household.

To show the complete demoralization of the "Empire" and its surroundings, our informant told us that it is nothing very remarkable now-a-days that when the stage from Vera Cruz arrives at Mexico its passengers are in a perfect state of nudity, have ing been deprived of every valuable and every shred of habiliment by robbers or guerillas on the way. The native army, of fifty thousand men, which Maximilian intended forming, consisted mainly of Austrian, Belgian and French, the small proportion of Mexicans that en-tered it deserting almost as soon as recrulted. As an example of the insecurity to life and property in that ill-fated coun try, it may be stated that while Mr. Werner was acting as cashier of the Vera Cruz and Mexico railroad at Orizaba, the French commandant of the city, Col. Delavigne, kindly advised htm not to venture out of the principal part of the town, nor at al after dark. In connection with this railroad we might also mention the fact that its management was the cause of the banishment of Lieut. Maury from Mexico Maury having been appointed Commissioner of Emigration and Colonization, had his eye fixed on promotion and wished to supplant the Mexican Gen. Robles as Minister of Colonization and Public Works. I the affairs of this railway company a deficition was discovered of £72,000 sterling, and i was instantly tharged by Maury and his adherents that this money had found its way into the pockets of Robles to render him blind to the many malpractices of the railway officials, whose labors it was his duty to watch and oversee, as Maximilian's outlier tressure. public treasury was largely contributing toward the enterprise. The intrigue was timely detected and exposed and Maury "graciously permitted to depart."

The colony of Southern exiles at Cordova under the leadership of Generals Price and Magruder, is also broken up. They are said to have demanded the grant of extended privileges from Maximilian, which he refused, and many who trusted to the fair promises of these two leaders lost no only their fortune, but even their health and some their lives. And some their lives.

All business, our informants report, is at an utter stand still. There is nothing doing.

and no one has confidence in his neighbor. This distrust manifests itself even in social life, as all intercourse between families i suspended, each one looking out for and trasting only in himself. This is a sad picture of life in Mexico But whether true or not in all its details we give it as it came to us from those who certainly ought to know.

The amusing sketch entitled "Love Without Nonsense," published in our triple sheet of Saturday, is attributed to the pen of Charles Heber Clark, Esq., of Saturday

Night.
The following is a list of Americans regis

Of Rowles. Drevet & Co tered at the office of Bowles, Drevet & Co. 24 Rue de la Paix, Paris, for the week ending November 2—Geo. Phelps, Mrs. Geo. D Phelps, A. C. Lockwood, D. Lowber Smith Phelps, A. C. Lockwood, D. Lowber Smith, New York; Y. S. Perry, Philadelphia; S. R. Haven, Mrs. S. R. Haven, Chicago; Dr. Cary and family, Miss M. Lorr, Miss E. M. Lorr, Buffalo; Jos. C. Hollady, Denver City, Colorado; W. W. Warren, Mrs. W. W. Warren, O. A. Willard, Mrs. O. A. Willard, Mrs. E. J. Walker, C. C. Chadwick, Mrs. Chadwick, Miss Chadwick, J. J. Coolidge, Mrs. J. Coolidge, O. H. Underbill Mrs. Mrs. J. J. Coolidge, O. H. Underhill, Mrs O. H. Underhill, John E. Gowen and family Dr. John Dean, Mrs. Geo. W. Weelwright, Geo. W. Wheelright, Dr. Page Wheelwright, Boston; Geo. B. Butler, Seulis; John Wilkinson, Dudley P. Wilkinson, Syracuse.

QUARTER SESSIONS Judge Prince Octavio Cal-tades pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing 2s yards of latinet. nature. James Hooper pleaded gullty to a charge of stealing a dr.zr. n brooms. Elizabeth Augustus pleaded gullty to a charge of tealing wearing apparel. James Brown was convicted of a charge of stealing a James Brown was convicted of a charge of stealing a watch and chain.
Issac Burr was convicted of a charge of stealing a horse blanket.
Reuben Jones was convicted of a charge of burgiary.
The act used was caught in the yard of a house, which he had just robbed.
John Miller pleaded guilty to a charge of entering a house with intent to steal.
John Wilkins was convicted of a charge of larceny.
Andrew Flummer was acquitted of a charge of hurgilary. INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

Canales to Act Henceforth with Escobedo---A Combined Movement on San Luis Projected---Escobedo Hopes to be in the Capital by Spring.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.]

BROWRSVILLE, Texas, Dec. 3, by the way of New Orleans, Dec. 8.—By the terms of surrender though nominally subject, yet virtually safe from trial, Canales with all his force incorporated will henceforth act with and under Escobedo. Its four days the conjoined force, numbering about 4,000, will move through Monterey to unite with other forces on the read for the recovery of San Luis Potosi, which, together with Durango and Zacatecas, are promised deliverance by part Lunery. ance by next January. Concentrative action throughout the Republic now proposes the speedy deliverance of Mexico. Juarez, the speedy deliverance of Mexico. Juarez, I learn upon the authority of Escobedo, moves without reference to this force. Sherman is probably on his way to Durango, there to await the consummation of this plan. Upon the recovery of two-thirds of the States it is probable he will urge the meeting of the Republican Congress. The rumoz here of the progress in the direction of Meija with an Imgress in the direction of Meija with an imperial force, and of a late rout of Liberals on this road under Narango and Treveno is ridiculed by Escobedo, whose information of a later date reports a small fight and victory by those Liberal chiefs, who are now in a small town about twelve miles this side of San Luis Potosi, awaiting the arrival of the rest of the corps. Escobedo himself will linger here but a few days after his command, when leaving behind a thoroughly pacificated frontier, he hopes by spring to rest with his restored tri-color in the capital. Crowds of refugees throng the ferry here each day since the surrender, returning with their effects. Confidence and commerce, under the happy restoration, promise all such a new and better life on the borders.

A Cleveland paper has the following Washington special:

Washington special:
Santa Anna has sent to the President a long letter on the Mexican imbroglio, in which he proposes a different policy from that now being carried out by our Govern-ment. The President will take no notice of the letter, and is not disposed to furnish it for publication.

Bemarkable Discovery Near the Head-Waters of the Hississippi—Traces of American Pre-Historic Civilization, &c. [Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.] St. Anthony, Minn., Dec. 3, 1866.—The monotony of our quiet little town has been considerably disturbed of late, by discoveries of a most curious and remarkable nature, which have been made within a few days past in our midst. They are of so singular a character as to be beyond the pale of credence in the minds of almost every one who has not been a witness to the facts in the case; but they are vouched for by citizens of such known respectability and veracity, that the genuineness of the state-ments in regard to them is placed beyond a

A Mr. Reuben Nesmith, who lives in a small house near the German Catholic church, had occasion to go down in the cellar on the evening of the lat inst., to arrange a place for his winter stock of potatoes, which he had been hauling that day from his farm, about two miles beyond Manomin. While engaged in putting together a temporary bin, and while digging to make room for the timber used in constructing it, his shovel came in contact with a plate of iron, which after being cleared of earth proved to be a trap door, which was secured by a curiously wrought lock, with heavy bolts running into a stone beneath. It was so much corrode by rust that a little pressure with a crowbar caused the plate to give way, and upon taking it up an opening was discovered, beneath which a spiral stone staircase led down into the earth. Before venturing down this stair-case Mr. Nesmith communicated the fact of case Mr. Nesmith communicated the factories discovery to his brother-in-law, Mr. Luther Chamberlain, and having procured a new characteristic developed and the developed and lantern, the two proceeded to descend, and after going down one hundred and twentythree steps, they found themselves in a narrow horizontal passage, dug in the white sand, which, as every one familiar with the geological formation of the banks of the Upper Mississippi knows, underlies a strata of limestone. Proceeding along the passage a distance of about seventy-five feet, they emerged into a spacious artificial cave, also excavated in this white sand. This cave was of an oblong form, and leading out of it were several smaller appropriate the several smaller appropriate the sand. ante-chambers, all of which gave signs o having been at some former day occupied as depositories of some kind. Iron and copper implements, of a rough kind of workmanship, were found scattered about, some of them evidently having been used for excavating purposes, others for cooking utensils, the marks of fire being observable on the latter. On entering one of the small ante chambers a number of rude seats were found and upon one side of the room ar clund and upon-one side of the room an elevated platform, upon which stood a roughly hewn stone, something like the reading deak of an Episcopal church. On the wall behind this desk, on either side of a colossal human figure, in bas relief, very curious hieroglyphics were found traced in the white sand, and an ornamental tracery of peans. d, and an ornamental tracery of peculiar design covered the other three sides of the chamber. In the next apartment a sort of stone sarchophagus was found, upon the tor of which was laid an immense rock, firmly cemented to the burial case, and which required the united exertions of four men to remove. This being done, a human skeleton was found underneath, the bo which crumbled to powder immediately upon exposure to the air. Several copper and iron rings were found in the sarcophagus, as also a curious silver ornament, oc-tagonal in shape, and carved in unintelligible characters, some of which corresponded with those upon the wall of the apartment

A third chamber was much larger in extent than the others, and the ceiling was very much like an inverted funnel in shape, directly under the apex of which was a large cube shaped stone, which was stained with marks of fire and some other dark substance, and a deposit of hardened ashes lay around it upon the ground. It was evidently used as a sacrificial altar, and this theory seems to be confirmed by the fact that an aperture large enough to admit the body of a man opens from this apartment nto a smaller one, the floor of which is below that of the other rooms, and which is covered with a limy powder apparently the ashes of bones, whether human or otherwise cannot be ascertained. On continuing their explorations the party found an iron plate door, which easily gave way upon a

above referred to.

a little pressure, and a passage way alcut three feet in height and large enough for one person to pass in a stooping posture, was discovered. Mr. Nesmith and his brotherin-law followed this passage way; which led in a somewhat circuitous direction to the vicinity of the river. This is proved by the sound of water washing upon the shore, which may be distinctly heard at the end of this passage way, the outer opening to which has apparently been filled up from the inside with broken rocks, and through the interstices of which fresher air than the of the in-law followed this passage way, which led terstices of which fresher air than that of the

cave can be felt blowing at times.

The whole affair is a mystery; the redict found are not at all aboriginal in character. and may have been the work of a people and may have been the work of a people existing long before even these prairies were the hunting grounds of the Indian. Copies of the hieroglyphics have been carefully transcribed and forwarded to some of themost learned archeologists of the Eastern States, and it is hoped that they may his able to obtain some cine as to the origin and use of these remarkable raise. able to cotain some cine as to the original use of these remarkable relics. We understand that the State Historical Society has made Mr. Nesmith a very liberal offer for them. In the meantime our little towaris. all agog as to the discoveries, and bundreds.
of people have visited the house of Mr. Nesmith to see these remarkable antiqui-We trust the Historical Society may be able to secure them as a most interesting addition to their small but valuable collections tion.

COMMERCIAL. SALES OF STOOKS, PRICES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Finance and Business-Dec. 10, 1868. A forther decline in the premium on Gold has tended to flatten Government Loans and unsettle values of merchandise. 112% was the best bid for the Coupon Sixes, '81; 197% for the Five-Twenties, '65; 106% for the '44s; 99% for the Ten-Forties, and 105% for the February Seven-Thirties. State and City Loans were dull at

Saturday's quotations. In Reading Railroad there was a marked reaction, and at the close it was held at 5, although sales were made % lower early in the day-One of the "bulls" declared his inability to meet maturing contracts, and was declared "suspended."

Camden and Amboy Railroad sold at 133—a decline of %; Pennsylvania Railroad at 54%-a decline of %, and Catawissa Railroad Preferred at 23%@28%-the latter an advance of %. Mine Hill Railroad was firm at 58; Lehigh Valley Railroad at 67%; and Philadelphia and Erie Railroad at 30%. Canal stocks were neglected, and the only sales were of Schuylkill Navigation Preferred. at 36%—a decline of 15. Bank shares were offered more freely. Passenger Railway shares

The National Bank of the Republic of this city, has received from the Comptroller of the Currency, at Washington, circulating notes to the amount of

- 1	\$409,600.
	Smith, Randolph & Co., Bankers, 15 South Third
i	street, quote at 11 o'clock, as follows:
	Gold 137%
i	U. S. 1881 BONGS
1	U. S. 5-20, 1862
	TOPA TOPA
	1864
1	1865
1	U. B. 10-40
-	U. S. 7-80's-1st series
-	2d series
	2d series
1	E DA Triby 100=
1	5-20, July, 1865
1	Compounds. Dec. 1864
-	Messis De Hoven Brother Fo. 40 Bourn 79-4-
-	street, make the following quotations of the rates of
	exchange to day, at 1 P. M.

Jay Cooke & Co. c-day, as follows: New 5-20 Bonds, 1864. 5-20 Bonds, 1865. 5-29, July, 1865. Philadelphia Harkets.

MONDAY, Dec. 10.—Another downwart turn in Gold has intensified the duliness which has existed for so. a time past, and in Breadstiffs there is no di-position to purchase, except to supply immediate wasts. Only 46300 barrels of Flour changed hands, chefty at \$1100 times of the control of the

selling in a small way at \$7 55. Frices of Corn Meal are nominal.

There is scarcely any demand for Wheat and prices are nominal. 400 bushels fair Penna. Red sold at \$2.65. Southern is held at \$3.30 10. Ryo ranges from \$1.30 to \$1.40. Corn is in better demand; \$50 bushels new yellow sold at \$1, and 2.000 bushels old do. at \$1.17—an advance. Oats are strady at 57 cents.

No sales of Barley or Malt.

There is a fair demand for Cloverseed, with sales at \$1.500 cents.

Whicky—There is scarcely any demand. Holderses \$2.43 for Ohio and \$2.26 for Penna.

IMPORTATIONS.

Reported for the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

BORDEAUX—Bark Conqueror. Stirling—250 castra wine 600 cases do 2600 cs mdes Alphonse Stephani & Cor. 250 cs maccaroni 15 cs French peas 5 cs champignon-S. Colton & Clarke; 275 cs wine 40 casks brandy Waldan, Koehn & Co; 4 casks wine H U Lea. MARLINE BULLETIN.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-DECEMBER 10: Mer See Marine Bulletin on Seventh Page,

ASS See Marine Bulletin on Seventh Page.

ARRIVED THIS DAY

Brig P Hinchley, Foster. 12 days from Jackso wille.
Fla. with lumber to Gaskill & Galvin.
Schr O Sietson, Robinson, 4 days from Quincy Foint.
with stone to captain.
Schr Moonlight, Miller, 3 days from New York, with
mose to captain.
Schr Caroline, McClintock, 1 day from Millvile, with
mose to Whithall, Tatum & Co.
Schr Taylor Small. Mattison, 5 days from Provincetown, with mose to Geo B Kerfoot.
Schr Rival Smith, 1 day from Newport, Del. Wish:
grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.
Echr Bu rows C, Swassy, 4 days from Salem.
Schr J Slusman, Banks, 5 days from Boston.
Schr Hwood Doran, Jarvis, 5 days from Boston.
Schr Huwod Doran, Jarvis, 5 days from Ecston.
Schr Huwod Doran, Jarvis, 5 days from Boston.
Schr Huwod Doran, Jarvis, 5 days from Boston.
Schr Elwood Doran, Jarvis, Boston, Westand Cral Co.
Schr Annie Mary Newcomb, Haucock, Salem, sapiain.

MEMORANDA.

MEMORANDÁ.
Ship Lencaster, Decan, sailed from Liverpool ssin Ship Lencasier, Deciai, Salicu and All States and Liver-lation this port.

Steam or City of Paris (Br), Kennedy, from Liver-pool Nev 28th and Queenstown 29th, with 645 passen-gers, at New York yesterday. Dec. & lat 45.20, lon 50 36, passed steamer City of Washington, from N York

gers, at New York yesterday. Dea. A last 55.20, lon 52
36, pessed steamer City of Washington, from X York
for Liverpool, Steamer City of Washington, from X York
ton Liverpool 2th ult. and from Queenstown 23th.
8 Bark Attinite McKenzie, hence at Fushing 25th.
8 Bark Attinite McKenzie, hence at Fushing 25th.
8 Bark Faugha-Ballah, Doyle, hence at Curing
2th ult.
Brig Emelic. Adam hence at Baycelons 2th.
Brig Teresita (Br), Hill, hence for St Jago, firs soot:
Turks Islanda 18th ult.
Messrs Bringham, Holst & Co. vesterday Col.
American ship Freeman, Capt Owen, for
with a cargo of 357 balls of upland cotto
1,818,523 pounds; yane 1859 740 61, and 18
18land cotton, weighing 5883 pounds; value;
weight 1.824,333 pounds; total value 501 740
18 been cleared from this port since the curi