Daily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK, Editor. OUR WHOLE COUNTRY. F. L. FETHERSTON, Publisher.

VOLUME XX.—NO. 207. PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6 1866. DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS.

EVENING BULLETIN.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,
(Sunday's excepted,)
AT THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING,
607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia
BY THE
"Evening Bulletin Association."
PROPRIETORS.

GIBSON PEACOCK,	ERNEST C. WALLACE,
F. L. FETHERSTON,	THOS. J. WILLIAMSON,
CASPER SOUDER, Jr.,	FRANCIS WELLS,

The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city 18 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or $800 per annum.

MARRIED.

COOPER—OSTRANDER.—In Brooklyn, Dec. 4, by Rev. D. V. M. Johnson, D. D., Henry Cooper to Marguerite, daughter of Dr. F. Ostrander.

MACY—STRANGE.—At Ingleside, Hastings, upon the Hudson, on Dec. 4, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. T. B. G. Peck, Wm H. Macy, Jr., to Angelina S., daughter of E. B. Strange.

MERRITT—VARICK.—On Dec. 5th, at N. York, by Rev. Dr. Francis Vinton, Wm. Harvey Merritt to Annie M., daughter of the late James Lawrence Varick, all of that city.

PARSONS—BRYANT.—In Albany, N. Y., Dec. 4th, by Rev. A. S. Twombly, Charley E. Parsons, of Brooklyn, to Lizzie M., daughter of J. P. S. Bryant, Esq., of Albany.

SANFORD—POWELL.—On Dec. 5th, at New York, by Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, D. D., J. Franklin Sanford to Annie C., daughter of the late Arthur G. Powell, all of that city.

DIED.

DENCKLA.—On the 5th inst., Mahlon Williamson, son of C. Paul and Mary Denckla, in the 4th year of his age. **

PHAYRE.—On Dec. 4th, Rev. John Phayre, aged 76 years, 6 months, and 23 days.

PRINCE.—On the 5th instant, Isaac Prince, in the 35th year of his age. *

PUGHE.—In Brooklyn, Dec. 4th, of congestion of the brain, Hugh Pughe, aged 58 years.

THOMAS.—On Third day morning, the 4th instant, William A. Thomas, Sr., at his residence, in Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.

VAIL.—In Brooklyn, on Dec. 5th, Mary, wife of Wm. M. Vail, and daughter of the late Isaac Odell.

WOOD.—At Williamsburg, N. Y., Dec 5th, Ann Augusta, wife of Stephen A. Wood, aged 32 years.

MELODEON COVERS AND RICH PIANO COVERS, FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. Fine Shawls, for Christmas; fine Silks, for Christmas; Christmas Delaines and Prints; Hdkfs., Collars, Gloves and Scarfs.
EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ BIERSTADT'S GREAT PAINTING,

THE YOSEMITE VALLEY,

NOW ON EXHIBITION

AT THE PHILADELPHIA ART GALLERY

(F. GABRYLEWITZ, PROPRIETOR),

NO. 1305 CHESTNUT STREET.

ADMISSION 25 CTS. SUBSCRIBERS FREE.

This great work of art is the second highest premium in the

CROSBY OPERA-HOUSE ART DISTRIBUTION,

to be made on the 21st of January.

Owing to the very LIMITED PERIOD allotted to the exhibition, and the MANY THOUSANDS OF SUBSCRIBERS in this city whom it is proposed shall see this glorious painting WITHOUT CHARGE, it has been determined that the holders of shares shall be admitted ONCE on the presentation of their certificates.

There is also a FREE GALLERY OF PAINTINGS in connection with the above Exhibition, embracing a number of PREMIUMS to be awarded to subscribers—including Works by Moran, Waugh, Lewis, Gifford, Young, Hamilton and a number of other eminent artists.

Subscriptions will be received at the Gallery, and also at 607 CHESTNUT Street (New BULLETIN Buildings.)

Gallery open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

T. B. PUGH,

AGENT OF THE ASSOCIATION.

N. B.—The Books are liable to close at any time, and the awards take place without further notice. 1t§

☞ PHILADELPHIA TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—This Society will hold a public meeting in the CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Eighth and Cherry streets (Dr. Reed, Pastor), on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 6th, at 7½ o'clock.
Rev. T. L. Cuyler, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., Rev. Alfred Cookman, Rev. Alexander Reed, D. D., and George H. Stuart, Esq., are expected to address the meeting.
All the friends of the Temperance Cause are invited to be present.
M. NEWKIRK, J. C. GARRIGUES, JOHN F. CLINE, } Committee.
1t*

☞ THE INDUSTRIAL HOME, Corner of BROAD street and COLUMBIA avenue, is open for the admission of Girls from twelve to eighteen years of age, who are neglected or deserted by their parents, and who need the shelter and instruction of a Christian home. If the public will sustain this Institution, many girls may be kept from evil and made respectable and useful women.
Contributions may be sent to James T. Shinn, Treasurer, Broad and Spruce streets. no22-rptf

☞ MERCANTILE BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION.—Applications for admission to Membership may be made to the undersigned.

Terms of Life Membership	$25 00
" Annual "	3 00
Entrance fee	1 00

WILLIAM A. ROLIN, Secretary,
de5-6t,rp§ 789 Market street.

☞ NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND GREEN LANE.
BEST SPRING MT. LEHIGH FURNACE COAL, DELIVERED, $7 50; DO. STOVE, $8.
Box No. 62 Germantown Post Office.
Office No. 15 South SEVENTH street, Franklin Institute Building. BINES & SHEAFF,
no20-26trp§ North Penna. R. R. and Green Lane.

☞ PHILADELPHIA TEMPERANCE SOCIETY. —This society will hold a public meeting in the Central Presbyterian Church, corner of Eighth and Cherry streets (Dr. Reed, Pastor), on THURSDAY EVENING, December 6th, at 7½ o'clock.
Rev. T. L. Cuyler D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., Rev. Alfred Cookman, Rev. Alexander Reed, D. D., and Geo. H. Stuart, Esq., will address the meeting. 1t*

☞ ST. ANDREW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.—A FAIR, for the benefit of this Church, is now being held in the Hall, at the northeast corner of BROAD and ARCH streets. Open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Beautiful articles for sale, at reasonable prices. 1t*

☞ BETROUVEY'S HAIR TONIC.
THE MOST EFFECTUAL, BEAUTIFUL, AND HIGHLY PERFUMED PREPARATION EXTANT. jy28-s,tu,th-tf rp§

☞ HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1520 Lombard street. Dispensary Department, Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the poor.

COMPOUND CHARCOAL BISCUIT, FOR DYSPEPSIA.
These are composed of fine Willow Charcoal, &c., in the form of Bran Wafers, by which medicines hitherto disagreeable are rendered pleasant and palatable. They will prove to be a valuable remedy for Heartburn, Waterbrash, Acidity, Nausea, Eructations, Constipation and other forms of Indigestion. Persons suffering from *fetid breath* will find them an admirable corrective.
Prepared only by JAMES T. SHINN, Apothecary, S. W. corner BROAD and SPRUCE streets, Philada.
Sold also by
F. Brown, Fifth and Chestnut.
C. R. Keeney, Sixteenth and Arch.
Ambrose Smith, Broad and Chestnut.
George C. Bower, Sixth and Vine.
D. L. Stackhouse, Eighth and Green.
C. Shivers, Seventh and Spruce.
Murphy & Bro., 1700 Locust street.
H. C. Blair's Sons, 800 Walnut.
E. Thomas, 1900 Pine.
Ellis, Son & Co, Seventh and Market.
Johnston, Holloway & Cowden,
And druggists generally.

FITLER, WEAVER & CO.,
Manufacturers of
MANILA AND TARRED CORDAGE,
Cords, Twines, &c.,
No. 23 North Water street, and No. 22 North Delaware avenue, Philadelphia.
EDWIN H. FITLER. MICHAEL WEAVER.
CONRAD F. CLOTHIER.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 6th.—At the meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration yesterday, the statistics submitted to the Board showed that the number of emigrants landed at this port last week was 2,365 making the total number of arrivals since January 1, 219,820. The commutation balance is now $73,577 37.

During the past ten days there has been unusual activity at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Orders have been received to get eight vessels, the gunboats Penobscot, Peoria, Gettysburg, Unadita, Huron, Quinnebaugh and Purveyor, and the sloop-of-war Iroquois, in readiness for sea with all despatch. The Gettysburg was formally put into commission yesterday, with orders to report to Admiral Palmer, of the West India squadron.

Judge Michael Connolly is preparing to contest the election of Richard B. Connolly to the Comptrollership of the city, on the ground that his tickets were refused improperly at some of the polling places.

A boy offered $1,200 worth of gold coupons of 1881 at a broker's office in Wall street yesterday, but on examination they were found to be counterfeit. The boy's employer could not be discovered.

The investigation into the affairs of the Comptroller's office was resumed yesterday. Ex-Judge Gilbert Deane, ex-Mayor Opdyke and ex-Corporation Counsel John E. Develin were examined, the testimony being mainly in defence of Mr. Brennan. The investigation will be resumed this morning.

The case of Demas Barnes and others was examined before Commissioner Osborne yesterday. The defendants are charged with having shipped benzine to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, contrary to the law upon that subject. The Deputy Collector of Customs at Milwaukee was sworn, and testified to receiving the benzine at that point. The case was then adjourned.

In August last, a man named Garrity, was robbed of a valuable gold watch while sitting in a wagon in Brooklyn. He swore positively that James Halloran was the thief, and on his testimony the accused was convicted and remanded for sentence. On Tuesday a young man named Henry Mackey, appeared before the proper officer, and confessed to having committed the robbery, and surrendered himself, saying that he did not want another man to suffer for his offence. Halloran was released, and Mackey now occupies the cell vacated by him.

A Grand Masonic Fair, in aid of the Hall and Asylum Fund, was inaugurated last evening, with appropriate ceremonies, in the church building, corner of Grand and Crosby streets. Upward of 10,000 people were present during the evening. It is the purpose of the Executive Committee to continue the fair until after the holidays, when, it is expected, the sum of $150,000, or more, will have been realized.

Facts and Fancies.

A cotemporary likens the effect of the Chicago *Times'* policy for the Democratic party to that of castor oil on the boy, who made a wry face and said to his mother, "I don't think I quite like castor oil—*it's a little too rich.*"

We see it stated that "cotton is pouring into Norfolk." We are happy to announce that it is being rapidly baled out.

Shakspeare went in for universal suffrage, and approved of political preaching. Says he:

> "S me to the common pulpits, and cry out,
> *Liberty, freedom and enfranchisement!*"

Large stories are told of the proficiency, as a marksman, of Recorder Hackett of New York. Any of his friends, it is said, will hold a penny between their fingers and allow him to hit it at ten paces, which he invariably does. He can knock the ashes off a gentleman's cigar while the cigar is in his mouth, with unvarying accuracy, and one of his principal amusements is to imitate William Tell, in shooting apples off his friends' heads. We know fifty men in Philadelphia who can do that cigar feat, but they always do it to their own cigars.

A Richmond paper characterizes horse stealing as "Sheridaning." They would take it very hard if some northern paper should call murder "Pillowing," or starving "Libbyrating."

It cost Patrick Kelley one thousand dollars for biting off the end of Michael Costello's nose in New York.

A reward of $5,000 is offered for the apprehension of Head Centre Stephens in Dublin. Hence we see that a head scenter in Dublin is worth five times as much as the same article in New York.

An advertisement in a cotemporary, yesterday, began with the startling assertion that "articles of real merit are worth their value." Bunsby forever! Hurrah, boys, hurrah!

Madame Anna Bishop is giving concerts in Hong Kong. She sings the ballads of the country in broken China.

The most astonishing fish story yet told is the statement by Professor Agassiz, that in Brazil they have a species of fish which can climb trees and bark. Fact! They ascend by a series of scales.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Walnut—Mr. J. S. Clarke in "The Heir at Law" and "My Neighbor's Wife." To-morrow Clarke's benefit. The Chestnut—"The Long Strike" and "The Lost Child." To-morrow Mr. J. E. McDonough's benefit. The Arch—Mr. and Mrs. Paul in a very diversified bill. To-morrow evening for their joint farewell benefit a new and sparkling bill will be offered. The American—"The Black Crook." Assembly Building—Signor Blitz.

ONE OF BERDAN'S MEN.—A California paper says: "Andy Westover, well known in this vicinity as a great hunter, arrived at his home in Sutter county the other day from the head waters of the Sacramento, in a small boat, just large enough to contain himself and 'traps.' He was five days in making the trip to his door, distance one hundred and seventy-five miles, and part of his journey was performed with great velocity, as he had to run, in his frail bark, swift and dangerous rapids. Mr. Westover has followed hunting for many years. At the outbreak of the great rebellion he went East and enlisted in the Union army, being one of Berdan's celebrated sharpshooters. When peace was declared he returned to California, and again engaged in his old pursuits. He has returned to his home, at the tules, and is making preparations for an onslaught on the ducks and geese abounding in that quarter.

PORTLAND FREIGHT.—The *Price Current*, of Portland, censures the Grand Trunk Railway Company for its failure to provide adequate transportation for freight, and says that the flour and provision merchants of Portland have thus suffered serious losses during the present season.

TRANSFER.—Professor Samuel G. Brown, a professor at Dartmouth College, and author of the valuable memoir of Rufus Choate, has been unanimously elected President of Hamilton College.

MEXICO.

General Sedgwick's Occupation of Matamoras.

He Sustains Canales.

ESCOBEDO'S ATTACK ON THE CITY.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.]

BROWNSVILLE, Nov. 30.—American neutrality on the Mexican border has again been sacrificed, but this time, instead of on the side of Juarez and justice, as under gallant, but too impetuous Weitzel, it has been prostituted to serve a rebel and mutineer, as Servanda Canales, the usurper of Matamoras, is to our Government as much an outlaw as Mejia, the Imperialist. The former lacks the personal claims that entitled the gentlemanly Commander and sober representative of Maximilian to respect and consideration. The mistake of Gen. Sedgwick, therefore, in interfering in favor of Canales, is both a diplomatic and moral blunder. On Saturday, the 24th inst., Escobedo, with about 2,700 men being expected to attack Matamoras, Canales expressed a desire to surrender the place to Col. Sedgwick, alleging, as his excuse, that he could not control his own command, which he said, unless restrained, would resort to pillage. His request and reasons for this having been stated in writing, General Sedgwick responded by immediately crossing a detachment of the 4th Cavalry of the 19th United States Colored Infantry, the former under Brevet Col. McIntyre and the latter under Col. Perkins. Col. Perkins, with his colored troops, took station at Santa Cruz, which is at the ferry and about two miles from the city. McIntyre went into town, and the next Sunday morning published an order assuming command of the surrendered city by virtue of rank, forbidding any but United States soldiers to carry arms; forbidding soldiers to pass or repass without authority; and requiring foreign citizens to register themselves at their several consulates, and to pass goods, if subject to pass, from headquarters of the American occupation. This order was countermanded and taken down by Col. Perkins, sustained by Gen. Sedgwick. Brevet Lieut.-Col. Randall, 1st United States Artillery, soon after succeeded McIntyre in command.

Thus, while the city appeared nominally surrendered to the Americans, not only were Canales' troops permitted to retain their arms, but left free to occupy in full force the fortifications against which Escobedo was to move. Late Sunday evening a meeting between Escobedo and Canales was arranged by Brevet Brigadier General Sedgwick, to the end of an amicable settlement, which, of course, was impossible, Escobedo, justly offended at the new attitude of affairs and the moderate support rendered by Americans to the cause of mutiny, refusing to accept anything less than unconditional surrender for Canales, at the same time demanding the withdrawal of the United States troops except 50 men, to remain for the protection of American interests, which demand was agreed to by Gen. Sedgwick, but he failed to comply with it. Instead of 50, 300 Americans were retained in the city, for which Gen. Sedgwick's precarious excuse is that it subsequently appeared the additional number of Americans were absolutely necessary as a defense against an uprising of the citizens so outraged by such ill-timed intervention. To an American flag of truce sent out on the morning of the attack to inquire what would be the attitude of the assailants toward the Americans, Escobedo returned a curt reply that, as the stipulations had been violated, his own course would be guided by circumstances. At 5 o'clock on Tuesday morning Escobedo attacked in full force, with about 2,700 infantry and artillery. The attack was begun upon the left, the east or lower side of the city, by Cortinas, who was repulsed; next at Fort Monterey, at the back of the city, on the Monterey road. General Lonnegenega assaulted, but his bridge prepared for the trench proving too short, in the delay ensuing the point of attack was reinforced and rescued. The final assault upon the usurper, on the upper or West side of the city by the Cazzadores and two squadrons of cavalry under Colonel Flores, was also successfully repelled by the ill-timed intermeddling of Americans, Canales being enabled to swing his whole force from side to side as needed, without fear of a distracted rear.

Escobedo's loss is rumored to be about four hundred. His right bower, General Espinosa, lies mortally wounded, shot through both thighs, a prisoner in Matamoros. The gallant young chieftain, a native of San Luis Potosi, already has no less than a dozen scars. General Zenvando Canales, youngest brother of M. Canales, was killed and another brother, Tristane, seriously wounded.

The American flag is reported by Brownsville papers of the 29th to be still floating over Matamoras, supported by a garrison of about 50 men. Canales, emboldened by success and backing, still holds out, and, doubtless to the increased irritation of Escobedo, condescends to offer an arrangement for peace. Meanwhile, the American commander and usurper in Mexico has an elephant on hand of most eggregious proportions. It is fair to state that Brevet Brig. Gen. Sedgwick is a young man, and, doubtless unduly influenced by representations from interested parties in Matamoras, has partly himself acted in good faith. Canales's Adjutant-General is a Confederate (Major Foster)—a New Yorker—who is said to have remarked of the American flag raised over Matamoras that he had fled 2,000 miles in vain to escape its shadow.

BROWNSVILLE, Nov. 30.—Tuesday's struggle lasted two hours. A pontoon was laid across the river near the ferry on Sunday, and Col. Randall, sensitive of his ticklish position, had his two batteries drawn up on the American side in readiness to cross. A regiment of volunteer militia was raised for the defence of Brownsville, and was commanded by the notorious filibuster and Confederate, Col. Ford.

It is said that Marshall, the new American agent, successor to Mr. Avery, is now in Brownsville, afraid to return to his office, such is the danger from the loose soldiery of Canales, and from citizens enraged at American intervention, who cry on the streets, "Death to the Gringos!" Escobedo, it is understood, as soon as reinforced by Trevino, will renew the attack, probably this week; but the hope of his troops must again be compassed by the prospect of the flag of a friend strangely supporting the foe.

BROWNSVILLE, Dec. 1.—Upon the demand of General Sedgwick, the City of Matamoras, with the fortifications and troops, were surrendered to the United States. Their lives and property are fully guaranteed. The city will be turned over to Escobedo. He is reported in possession.

THE CAPTURE OF SURRATT.

The Pursuit by U. S. Government Detectives since October Last.

A telegram from Washington to the Boston *Post*, gives the following particulars of the capture of Surratt:

The continued paraded allegation of Mr. Boutwell, that the Governmental authorities have been supine in the matter of apprehending John H. Surratt, calls out a semi-official statement from the Ministers of War and State. The truth of the matter is, that the arrest of Surratt, as recently telegraphed, is due solely to the efforts and actual pursuit of the detectives of the War Department. This detective system of the War Department had reached great perfection prior to the close of the rebellion, and it seems to have been a power with which Stanton was loth to part. At all events, nearly the whole force, consisting of upwards of 200 men, under pay in this immediate locality, have been retained in the service of the department during the past year, only being required to keep thoroughly posted upon the antecedents of any individual who made their advent into the capital without any apparent call. The same surveillance was also directed to Government clerks and army men of every degree, particular attention being given to the *attachés* of the Paymaster's Department. Meanwhile the real endeavor of the organization has been to secure the person of John H. Surratt, and through the co-operation of the State Department his whereabouts was first made known to the Government early in October last, when it was discovered, almost beyond doubt, that Surratt was serving in the Papal Zouaves in Rome. With no more delay than transpired in getting instructions from Washington with enlarged and positive authority to effect the capture, the first apprehension of Surratt occurred under the auspices of our own detectives about three weeks ago. His subsequent escape into Italy, with whom we have but a modified extradition treaty, made his recapture doubtful until he sealed his own doom by continuing his flight into Egypt, with which government we have a full treaty of extradition. I am authorized to say that the government has been cognizant of every step of this chase after the last of the conspirators, and that its own detectives of the War Department force have conducted it to the successful end. Admiral Goldsmith has been telegraphed to to bring the captured and his captors to this country without delay. So falls Mr. Boutwell's indictment of the Government in the matter of the capture of John H. Surratt.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The conversation in judicial quarters is to the effect that John H. Surratt will be brought to Washington and his trial take place before a civil court.

INDIAN HOSTILITIES.

Four Whites Murdered by the Hualapais in Arizona—The Murderers Followed, and the Whole Party, Twenty-one in Number, Killed, &c.

WASHINGTON, December 5th, 1866—Special agent Sendge, under the date of La Paz, Arizona, October 16th, informs us the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, that on the 23d of September a hostile band of Hualapais killed John Kullion, a wagoner, and also four mules which he drove, and that on the 26th of the same month John Woodward, Judson Baker, and a Mr. Benjamin were killed by Hualapais Indians, while engaged in mining near Fort Mohaive. A party of ten citizens from the vicinity of the fort, accompanied by a number of Mohaive Indians, under the command of a captain or chief named Hamausickahaute, went in pursuit of the Hualapais, whom they overtook, surprised in their camp at daylight and killed the whole party, twenty one in number, losing but one man. The commanding officer of the fort was with the citizens in the pursuit, and speaks in the highest terms of the bravery and skill of Hamausickahaute and his braves in the affair. The agent says that this band of Hualapais hate the Mohaives as much as the whites, on account of their refusal to join in a concerted attack on the settlement.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Dec. 5, 1866.—Santa Fe, New Mexico, papers of November 24, received, contain a proclamation from Acting Governor Army, calling on citizens to organize military companies for protection against murderous incursions of the Indians, a portion of whom, he represents, are on the war path, plundering and murdering, and the balance in such temper that they may commence hostilities at any moment.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5, 1866.—A telegram from Los Angeles states that reliable information has been received there that the Apache Indians murdered Superintendent George W. Leiby and his clerk, W. H. Everts, on November 18, near Prescott, on the Lopaz road. They cut the heart from Leiby's body and beheaded Everts.

THE NITRO-GLYCERINE EXPLOSION AT ROCHESTER.

Further Particulars—Force of the Explosion.

[From the Rochester Union, Dec. 4.]

About five o'clock this morning the inhabitants in the northern part of the city, on both sides of the river, were startled by an explosion which shook their dwellings distinctly. Those residing in the vicinity of the railroad lines were of the impression that a locomotive boiler had exploded. The explosion was in the tunnel near the High Falls. The tunnel has been excavated a distance of two hundred and seventy feet through the solid rock, and for the past week the new explosive compound, nitro-glycerine, has been used for blasting. The work has been prosecuted by two gangs of hands, each consisting of four men. The night gang were in the tunnel at the time. The names of the men are James Reddington, Thomas McNorton, Alex. Mann, and James Dolan. At five minutes to five o'clock a powder blast was fired, which was immediately followed by a terrific explosion of fifteen pounds of nitro-glycerene, which was in a tin can, lined with plaster of Paris, situated in a chamber dug out of the rock, some fifty feet from the blast. The men mentioned, with the exception of Dolan, who had just emerged from the tunnel, and who was standing directly over the entrance, were standing about fifty feet from the mouth of the tunnel. The concussion lifted them bodily, and forced them toward the brink of the tunnel, where they were found—McNorton and Reddington within a foot of the brink, and Mann a few few feet in the rear. The ladder by which the men descended into the tunnel was shattered and blown over the precipice, and some little time elapsed before the unfortunate men could be brought to the ground above. They were hauled up with ropes. McNorton expired about nine o'clock. Reddington had one or more ribs on his right side broken, his arm and face bruised. It is also feared that he sustained internal injuries, but is expected to recover. Mann received contusions, but not serious ones, it is thought, and his speedy recovery is looked for. The wooden air trough and wheelbarrows in the tunnel were blown into atoms, and singular enough, not one atom of the can which contained the glycerine can be found. The rock was not loosened and the tunnel was uninjured by the explosion. There can be no question but that the glycerine was exploded by the jar produced by the powder-blast, and this when it was fifty feet distant.

CITY BULLETIN.

CHARGED WITH ROBBERY.—Joseph Lord was before Ald. Jones this morning, upon the charge of having picked the pocket of a doctor of $200 at a restaurant at Eighth and Race streets, on Tuesday night; and Margaret Wright was charged with being accessory to the robbery. The doctor went to take a drink with Margaret, and while doing so, it is alleged, Lord relieved him of his pocket-book. The accused were both committed for trial.

ALLEGED BURGLARY.—David Missell was committed yesterday by Alderman Hurley to answer the charge of burglary. It is alleged that on Monday night he broke open the cellar door of McCullough's restaurant, Fourth street below Vine, forced his way up stairs and stole several articles of clothing belonging to Mr. McCullough. A stolen coat was found on his person. Missell had formerly been in the employ of Mr. McCullough.

BURGLAR CAUGHT IN THE ACT.—John Hart, a colored man, about 22 years of age, was arrested this morning at two o'clock for attempted burglary. He was caught by Officer Andrew McBride in the act of prying open with a jimmy the front door of the dry good store of R. A. Fanning, No. 534 South Fifth street. He had a hearing before Ald. Butler and was committed to answer. He is said to be an old thief and hails from New York.

TILL TAPPING.—James C. Cunningham went into a millinery store on South street, above Fourth, yesterday afternoon, and helped himself to a pocketbook containing about $25, which was in the money drawer. He was pursued and captured, but during the race threw away the pocketbook and it was not found. Cunningham was taken before Alderman Moore and was committed for trial.

REV. THEODORE L. CUYLER, D. D., of Brooklyn, will make an address on the subject of Temperance, in the church at Eighth and Cherry streets, this evening. Rev. Alfred Cookman and Rev. Alexander Reed, D. D., will also address the meeting.

PREPARING FOR CHRISTMAS.—Joseph Righter was arrested last night, in the Twenty-fourth Ward, for the larceny of several geese. He was committed by Ald. Allen.

THE GREAT REMEDY OF THE AGE for teething, pains, cramps, flatulency, sleeplessness, &c., in children, is BOWER'S INFANT CORDIAL. No family should be without it.

"LIEBIG'S FOOD," for infants and invalids, Bower, Sixth and Vine streets. Price $1 00.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES AND FANCY GOODS.
SNOWDEN & BROTHER, Importers,
23 South Eighth street.

BENBOW'S SOAPS.—Elder Flower, Turtle Oil, Glycerine, Lettuce, Sunflower, Musk, Rose, &c.
SNOWDEN & BROTHER,
Importers, 23 South Eighth street.

LADIES' TRUSSES, Braces, and Mechanical Supports adjusted by competent females, at "Needles'," Twelfth street, first door below Race. Banning's Braces, Elastic Bandages, Stockings, Knee Caps, &c., of superior quality.

DR. FITLER advises gratis, from 10 to 1, at his office, 29 South Fourth street. The only man living who can permanently cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Asthma. Cure warranted or no charge.

ELASTIC SUPPORTING BANDAGES for Ladies' and Infants' use. These incomparable Bands for sale at "Needles' Truss and Brace Store," Twelfth street, first door below Race. (Conducted by Ladies.

COUGHS AND COLDS ARE OFTEN OVERLOOKED.—A continuance for any length of time causes irritation of the Lungs or some chronic Throat Disease. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy, giving almost invariably sure and immediate relief.

SWEET OPOPONAX!—A sweet, pretty name, of a sweet, pretty tropical flower: one, whose delightful fragrance and floral aroma wafts its power on the breeze, to the delight of the rambler, or stealing gently through the casement of the cottage, as the God of Day sinks to rest. It is a composite perfume, a souvenir offering to beauty's toilet.
Sold and used everywhere.
E. T. SMITH & CO., New York, Sole Proprietors.

MUJAVIRO!—Is there a reader (especially the lady reader) of the *Gazette* who has not used this delightful new perfume. It should be upon every toilet.—*Erie Gazette.*
It will so n be a necessary companion in every Lady's Boudoir. For sale by all the principal Druggists.—*Norristown Herald.*

COMMERCIAL.

SALES OF STOCKS.

FIRST BOARD.

$1000 Penna 6s	95	20 sh Read R	trf	55⅞
1500 City 6s new d bill	99¾	80 sh Penna R		54⅞
50 sh 13th & 15th St R	20	500 sh Ocean Oil	b5	4½
25 sh Hazleton Coal	57	10 0 sh do		4
50 sh Lehigh Nv	5½	100 sh Hestonville R		14½

PRICES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.
(*By Telegraph.*)

	FIRST CALL.
American Gold	13⅞ bid
Reading Railroad	55½ bid
New York Central	110½ bid
United States 6s '81	113 bid
United States 6s, 5-20s	108½ bid
Erie	71½ bid
Hudson River	120½ bid
	Unsettled.

Finance and Business—Dec. 6, 1866.

The doubts which existed in reference to the future course to be pursued by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the action of Congress upon the Tariff and Revenue bills, exercise a very depressing effect upon stocks and prices to-day were again lower. Government Loans were inactive, and closed at 113 bid for the Coupon Sixes, '81; 108½ for the old Five-Twenties; 106½ for the '64s; 107⅛ for the '65s; 100 for the Ten-Forties, and 105½ for the June and July Seven-Thirties. State Fives sold at 95, and the new City Loan at 99¾. Reading Railroad opened at 55⅞ and closed at 55½@55¾,—a decline of ⅛. Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 54½—no change. 130 was bid for Camden and Amboy Railroad; 124 for Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad; 34 for Little Schuylkill Railroad; 58 for Mine Hill Railroad; 57½ for Lehigh Valley Railroad; 28¼ for Catawissa Railroad Preferred; 58¼ for Philadelphia and Wilmington Railroad, and 31⅞ for Philadelphia and Erie Railroad. In Canal stocks the only sale was of Lehigh Navigation at 56½, and Schuylkill Navigation Preferred closed at 34½; Wyoming at 54½, and Susquehanna at 14. Bank shares were held with the greatest confidence. 148½ was bid for North America; 150 for Philadelphia; 125 for Central; 139 for First National; 120 for Second National; 106 for Seventh National; 134 for Farmers' and Mechanics'; 57 for Girard; 90 for Western; 31 for Manufacturers'; 66 for City; 41½ for Consolidation; and 54 for Commonwealth. In Passenger Railway shares the only sales were of Thirteenth and Fifteenth Streets, at 20, and Hestonville at 14½.

It is stated that the sale of the new Northern Central Railroad bonds has been so rapid, that the whole million loan has been disposed of except about $300,000. Messrs. Drexel & Co., who are negotiating the loan, will continue to sell at 89 until the 20th instant, when, if any at that time remain on hand, the price will be advanced, as in comparison with other railroad and canal securities, the price is entirely too low. Of the character of these bonds, as an investment, there can be no doubt, as there is nothing in the market that is at the same time so cheap, so secure and so certain to be profitable.

Smith, Randolph & Co., Bankers, 15 South Third street, quote at 11 o'clock, as follows:

Gold	139⅛
U. S. 1881 Bonds	113 @
U. S. 5-20, 1862	108½@
" " 1864	106½@
" " 1865	107⅛@
U. S. 10-40	100 @
U. S. 7-30's—1st series	105⅜@
" 2d series	105⅜@
" 3d series	105⅜@
5-20, July, 1865	109⅛@
Compounds, Dec., 1864	113½@

Messrs. De Haven Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day, at 1 P. M.:

	Buying.	Selling.
American Gold	138⅞	139¼
Silver—Quarters and halves	133	
Compound Interest Notes:		
" " June, 1864	16	
" " July, 1864	15½	
" " Aug. 1864	15	
" " Oct., 1864	14	
" " Dec., 1864	13	
" " May, 1865	11½	
" " Aug., 1865	10½	
" " Sept., 1865	9½	
" " Oct., 1865	9¼	

Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, &c., to-day, as follows:

	Buying.	Selling.
U. S. 6's, 1881	112⅞	113¼
Old 5-20 Bonds	108¾	108¾
New 5-20 Bonds, 1864	106⅞	106⅜
5-20 Bonds, 1865	106⅞	106⅜
5-20, July, 1865	1 8½	109
10-40 Bonds	99¾	100¼
7 3-10, August	105⅞	106
" June	105⅜	105⅝
" July	105⅜	105⅝
Gold—at 12 o'clock	39	149¼

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, Dec. 6.—The downward turn in Gold has had no perceptible effect upon the Breadstuffs market and holders of Flour are firm in their views. There is no shipping demand but there is more inquiry for the supply of the home consumers. Sales of 600 barrels Northwest extra family at $11@12 50 ℔ barrel—the latter figures for select lots—$9@10 75 for extras, 100 barrels superfine at $8 25; fancy lots range from $14 to $15. No change in Rye Flour or Corn Meal. Small sales of the former at $7 25@7 50.

There is some inquiry for Wheat but at figures below the views of holders. In the absence of sales we quote Penna. Red at $2 60@2 90, and Southern do at $2 95@3 10. Rye ranges from $1 30 to $1 40 for Western and Penna. Corn is very quiet. Sales of old yellow at $1 11@$1 12 and new at 90 cents to $1—according to condition. Oats are unchanged. Sales of Southern at 57 cents and Penna. at 57@58 cents ℔ bushel.

No change in Barley or Malt.

There is a steady demand for Cloverseed at $9 50@10. 400 bushels Timothy sold at $3 25 to $3 55. Flaxseed commands $3 20@3 25 ℔ bushel.

Whisky—The demand is limited. Small sales of Penna. $2 35 and Ohio at $2 40.

MARINE BULLETIN.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA—DECEMBER 6.

☞ See Marine Bulletin on Third Page.

ARRIVED THIS DAY

Ship Tonawanda, Julius, from Liverpool Oct 24, with mdse and 47 passengers to Cope Bros.
Schr Ida L, Forbes, from Alexandria, in ballast to J T Justus.
Schr Clayton & Lowber, Jackson, 1 day from Smyrna, Del. with grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.
Schr Wm Townsend, Maxsen, 1 day from Frederica, Del. with grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.
Schr D S Siner, Huntley, from Boston.
Schr J E Leach, Endicott, from Boston.
Schr Mary D Cranmer, Cranmer, from Boston.
Schr J Burley, Shaw, from Boston.
Schr Artist, Price, from Baltimore.
Schr Jos Hay, Hathaway, from Cohassett Narrows.
Schr E B Wheaton, Bonsall, from Dover, Del.

CLEARED THIS DAY

Bark Warren, Averill, Montevideo, Warren, Gregg & Morris.
Schr Artist, Price, Baltimore, Lehigh Coal and Nav Co.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.

LEWES, DEL., Dec 4—6 PM.
Bark S D Ryerson, from Shields for Philadelphia, and brig Nellie, from New York for Wilmington, Del. passed in last evening. Wind West; clear.
Yours, &c. JOSEPH LAFETRA.

Correspondence of the Phila. Evening Bulletin.

READING, Dec. 4.
The following boats from the Union Canal passed into the Schuylkill Canal, to-day, bound to Philadelphia, laden and consigned as follows:
Selinsgrove, with lumber to Norcross & Sheets; R M Foresman, do to D B Hoeltzel & Co; Emma Louisa, do to Cramp & Son; Five Brothers, mills to East Penna RR Co. F.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Fannie Larrabee, Randall, cleared at New Orleans 20th ult. for Havre, with 3363 bales cotton, 4256 staves, and 8 pkgs beeswax.
Steamer Zodiac, Rogers, cleared at Boston 4th inst. for this port.
Brig Imogene, Saunders, from Cette 8th Oct at New York yesterday. Dec 1, lat 35 46, lon 72 50, spoke ship Atlantic, 134 days from Callao for Hampton Roads.
Schrs W G Bartlett, Connelly; J S Hewitt, Foster; J D McCarthy, Young; Vrale, Macon; Jas Allderdice, Jackaway; L B Small, Tice, and Wm Bement, Penny, hence at Boston yesterday.
Schrs N E Clark, Clark; C S Carstairs, Price; S L Simmons, Gandy; J B Austin, Davis; M Reinhart, Hand, and L A Orcutt, Bates, hence at Boston 4th instant.
Schr Crisis, Rose, sailed from Fall River 2d inst. for this port.
Schr R W Tull, Tull, hence for Boston, at Holmes' Hole 4th inst. having been in contact with schr Elvira A Conant (as before reported) during which she had her mainsail broken and eight stancheons broken on starboard side, and the vessel otherwise damaged in hull.
Schrs Henry P Simmons, Corson; J H Wainwright, Morris, and Jas S Hewitt, Foster, hence for Boston, at New York yesterday.
Schr Edgewater, Fisher, from Boston for this port, at Holmes' Hole 3d inst. and sailed again next day.
Schr Race Horse, Bragg, hence for Newburyport, at Holmes' Hole 4th inst.
Brig Tiber (Br), Farrell, 22 days from Minatitlan, at N York yesterday, brings as passengers Captain Hume and family, of brig Tweed, which was lost on Minatitlan Reef, Oct 15, bound to Liverpool. Henry Johnson, mate, was drowned while leaving her.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
P. JUIGNET and C. DRIVET .... Directors

Prices of Admission—Parquet, Parquet Circle and Balcony, $1, with reserved seats; Family Circle, 50 cents; Amphitheatre, 25 cents.
Doors open at 7; curtain to rise at 7¾ precisely.

FRIDAY EVENING, December 7th,
FRENCH OPERA.
ZAMPA: OR, THE MARBLE BRIDE.
Opera in three acts. Music by Harold.
M'LLE NADDIE .... as .... CAMILLE.
MR. ARMAND .... as .... ZAMPA.
LE MAITRE DE CHAPELLE.
Opera in one act. Music by Paer.
M'LLE LAURENTIS .... as .... GERTRUDE
MR. WILHAM .... as .... BARUGBE

GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8th, at 2 o'clock.
ONE DOLLAR to every part of the house.
By general request,
THE CROWN DIAMONDS.
Opera in three acts. Music by Auber.
M'LLE NADDIE .... as .... LA CATARINA.
M'LLE LAURENTIS .... as .... DIANA
MR. ANTHELME .... as .... DON HENRIQUE

The sale of Tickets will commence on Wednesday, December 5th, from 9 to 4 o'clock, at the Academy, and at Trumpler's. Books of the Operas for sale at the Academy. de6

THE HARRISON BOILER. A SAFE STEAM BOILER.—
This new Steam Generator combines essential advantages IN ABSOLUTE SAFETY FROM EXPLOSION, in first cost and cost of repairs, durability, economy of fuel, facility of cleaning and transportation, not possessed by any other boiler.
It is formed of a combination of cast-iron hollow spheres—each eight inches in external diameter, and three eighths of an inch thick, connected by curved necks, and rebate machine made joints, held together by wrought-iron bolts with caps at the ends. The form is the strongest known; its strength to resist internal pressure very great—unweakened as it is by punching or riveting, which lessens the strength of the wrought-iron boiler plate about forty per cent. Every boiler is tested by hydraulic pressure at 300 pounds to the square inch. IT CANNOT BE BURST UNDER ANY PRACTICABLE STEAM PRESSURE.
Under pressure which might cause rupture in ordinary boilers, every joint in this becomes a safety valve. No other steam generator possesses this property of relief under extreme pressure without injury to itself, and thus preventing disaster.
It is not seriously affected by corrosion, which so soon impairs the strength of the wrought iron boiler. It has economy in fuel, equal to the best boilers.
It gets up steam quickly, and with little fuel—produces superheated steam without separate apparatus, and is not liable to priming or foaming.
It is easily transported, and may be taken apart so that no piece need weigh more than eighty pounds. In difficult places of access, the largest boiler may be put through an opening one foot square. It is readily cleaned inside and out. Under ordinary circumstances it is kept free from permanent deposit by blowing the water entirely out under full pressure once a week. It requires no special skill in its management. Injured parts can be renewed with great facility, as they are uniform in shape and size. When renewed the entire boiler remains as good as new. The greater part of the boiler will never need renewal, unless unfairly used.
A boiler can be increased to any extent by simply adding to its width, and being the multiplication of a single form, its strength remains the same for all sizes. It has less weight and takes less than one-half the ground area of the ordinary cylinder boiler, without being increased in height.
Any kind of fuel may be used under this boiler, from the most expensive, to refuse coal dust.
Over two hundred of these boilers are now in operation, some of them in the best establishments in [illegible] city. For descriptive circulars or prices, [illegible] JOSEPH HARRISON, Jr., Harrison Boiler [illegible] Gray's Ferry road, adjoining U. S. Ar[illegible] delphia.

IMPERIAL PRUNES.—10 Cases [illegible] grade, French Imperial Prunes, landing [illegible] sale by JOS. B. BUSSIER & CO., 108 South [illegible] avenue.