Daily Evening Bulletin

GIBSON PEACOCK, Editor. | OUR WHOLE COUNTRY. | F. L. FETHERSTON, Publisher.

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EVENING BULLETIN.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,
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PROPRIETORS.

GIBSON PEACOCK,	ERNEST C. WALLACE,
F. L. FETHERSTON,	THOS. J. WILLIAMSON
JASPER YOUDER, Jr.,	FRANCIS WELLS,

The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city at 15 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or $6·00 per annum.

DIED.

ATLEE.—On the morning of the 20th inst., Robert Gray, son of Edwin A., and Annie L. Atlee, aged six months.

Funeral, from his parents, residence, "Abington" on the 22d inst., at 11 A. M.

BRYANT.—On the 18th instant, John Stroup Bryant, in the 29th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 1013 Vine street, on Wednesday, 21st inst., at 10 o'clock, without further notice. Proceed to Laurel Hill Cemetery.

ERISMAN.—Nov. 19th, in Lancaster, Pa., David Erisman, in the 54th year of his age.

PEARSON.—In Allegheny city, Nov. 15, 1866, Thos. J. Pearson, late of McClure township.

NEWMAN.—On the morning of the 19th inst., after a short and severe illness, Jno. A. Newman, in the 58th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 433 Green street, on Friday morning, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock.

BLACK AND GREY SKIRTINGS.—Just received, 5 Black and Grey Striped Skirting Cloths, two yards wide. BESSON & SON, Mourning Store, No. 918 Chestnut street.

ENGLISH BOMBAZINES.—A new and complete stock of the best make of English Bombazines, just received by BESSON & SON, Mourning Store, no17-3t* No 918 Chestnut street.

CYRE & LANDELL ARE PREPARED TO SUIT FAMILIES WITH
HEAVY CANTON FLANNELS,
STOUT WELSH FLANNELS,
UNSHRINKING FLANNELS,
LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA BRANCH AMERICAN FREEDMEN'S UNION COMMISSION, Office No. 711 SANSOM Street.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE,
President of the Commission,
will preside at the meeting to be held at the ACADEMY OF MUSIC

On Thursday Evening, Nov. 22d.

Rev. PHILLIPS BROOKS,
Rev. ROBERT J. PARVIN,
Major-Gen. O. O. HOWARD.

And other distinguished Gentlemen will address the meeting.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Tickets for sale at TRUMPLER'S Music Store, corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, TO-MORROW (Wednesday) Morning. no20-3t

WENDELL PHILLIPS,
AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
This Evening, November 20th,
Subject—"THE DANGER OF THE HOUR."

Reserved seats 50 cents. Admission 25 cents.
Tickets for sale at Trumpler's Music store, corner Seventh and Chestnut streets, also at the Academy in the evening. Seats not reserved in the family circle. Doors open at 7. Lecture at 8 o'clock. 1t

ANNIVERSARY OF THE MERCANTILE BENEFICIAL ASSOCIATION.
The Twenty-fifth Anniversary of this Association will be held at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
On TUESDAY EVENING November 27th, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by the
REV. ALFRED COOKMAN,
REV. PHILLIPS BROOKS and
HON. ALEXANDER G. CATTELL.
The Orchestra will be under the direction of Prof. HASELBIER.
Cards of admission may be had gratuitously on application at the Counting Room of the undersigned, No. 36 North Third street.
WILLIAM C. LUDWIG,
no14-tf,rp§ President.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND GREEN LANE.
BEST SPRING MT. LEHIGH FURNACE COAL, DELIVERED D. F. $7 50; DO. STOVE, $8.
Box No. 62 Germantown Post Office.
Office No. 15 South SEVENTH street, Franklin Institute Building. BINES & SHEAFF,
no20-26trp§ North Penna. R. R. and Green Lane.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.—The stated Monthly Meeting of the Institute will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 21st inst., at 8 o'clock. Members and others having new inventions or specimens of manufactures to exhibit will please send them to the Hall, No. 15 South Seventh street, before 7 o'clock P. M.
no20-2t§ W. HAMILTON, Actuary.

THE FIRST ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE WOMEN'S NATIONAL ART ASSOCIATION will be held at Wenderoth, Taylor & Brown's Art Gallery, No. 914 CHESTNUT street, Philadelphia, opening November 20, 1866, to continue open one week. Exhibition to consist of Specimens of Fine Arts executed by Women. Admission, 25 Cents. no19,3trp§

RETROUVEY'S
HAIR TONIC,
THE MOST EFFECTUAL, BEAUTIFUL, AND HIGHLY PERFUMED PREPARATION EXTANT. 1y28-s,tu,th-tf rp§

PENNA. HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, S. W. CORNER BROAD AND WALNUT STS.—Monthly display; Stated Meeting and Election of Officers this Evening. 1t§

HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the poor.

A Card from Governor Cummings.

To the Editor of the New York Tribune:—SIR: You publish in this morning's paper a card from Mr. J. B. Chaffee, in which he says:

"I most emphatically deny that a company of volunteers, formed of rebel prisoners enlisted at Chicago, voted for Mr. Chilcott at the recent election in Colorado."

Now, Sir, notwithstanding this denial, I assert, on the authority of the poll-book which I had in my possession, and which is yet within my reach, that a company of galvanized rebel soldiers, recruited from the rebel prison at Chicago, organized an election poll—under the direction of their officers at Fort Sedgwick—at the election for Congressmen in August last, and that every one of these rebel soldiers, without the slightest shadow of right to vote, did vote, and their votes were counted for Mr. Chilcott.

Mr. Chaffee talks about that of which he knows nothing, and cannot possibly have any knowledge. He also says:

"Gov. Cummings declared *himself* that Mr. Hunt was elected, and gave him a certificate to that effect *before* the vote was canvassed."

To this I simply reply, that it is a positive, deliberate and unqualified falsehood, without the slightest foundation in truth whatever. I presume Mr. Chaffee could hardly have supposed I was so near at hand to confront his misstatements, or he surely would not have ventured on so much recklessness and folly. ALEXANDER CUMMINGS.

Philadelphia, Nov. 13, 1866.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.—WM. Donovan was tried at York, Pa., last week, for the massacre of the Squibb family, in that county. The trial excited intense interest, and ended by the jury rendering a verdict of "murder in the first degree."

[For the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.]

FOULING THE NEST.

A New Song to an Old Tune.

BY HARLEY QUINN, ESQ.

John Morrissey, my Jo, John,
When first I heard your name,
'Twas coupled with the brutal slang,
That tells the "bruiser's" fame.
The times are changed, and yet it was
Not very long ago,
Since you were but a "fistic beast,"
John Morrissey, my Jo!

John Morrissey, my Jo, John,
From what estate you sprung,
And whether, "to the Manor born,"
You speak your native tongue,
Are matters of slight consequence;
But this, at least, is so:
You don't talk "English undefiled,"
John Morrissey, my Jo!

John Morrissey, my Jo, John,
'Tis said you're wealthy now;
You've sweated for your money, too,
But 'twas not "sweat of brow."
The thousands you have freely spent,
To buy your votes, we know,
Were "sweatings" of the gambler's hell,
John Morrissey, my Jo.

John Morrissey, my Jo, John,
You'll own when you are cool,
Should WASHINGTON and his compeers,
Who framed this Nation's rule,
Behold *you* in *their* ancient halls,
Their august brows would glow,
With the red flush of wrathful shame,
John Morrissey, my Jo!

John Morrissey, my Jo, John,
As sure as you are born,
You'll make our name, through all the earth,
A hissing and a scorn;
Curses so fell, and deep and loud,
From myriad lips will flow,
They'll hurl you from the curule chair,
John Morrissey, my Jo!

John Morrissey, my Jo, John,
Have you no touch of shame?
Dare you, for such a stake, to play
Your dirty little game?
Enough of kites already foul
Our Eagle's nest, I trow!
Be not the kestrel of the flock,
John Morrissey, my Jo!

French Opera.

Owing to various untoward circumstances, the audience at the Academy of Music, last evening, was small. There had been announcements in the Sunday papers and in the *Ledger*, of Monday, that the performance would not take place, and there were objections made by some that the institution for whose benefit it was to be given, had a political character. But those who went to the Academy had a real treat. The opera of *Le Songe d'une Nuit d'Été*, by Ambroise Thomas, is one of the best productions of the modern Opera Comique. The story is clever, though most improbable; Shakspeare, Queen Elizabeth and Jack Falstaff appearing in most extraordinary relations. But the music is graceful and sparkling, and it was performed admirably by the excellent artists of the company.

M'lle Naddie, who played "Queen Elizabeth," is a *chanteuse legère* of the very best French school, and she was repeatedly and warmly applauded. M'lle. Laurentis, who appeared as "Lady Olivia," is also an excellent artist. "Shakespeare" was played by M. Anthelme, who has an agreeable well-trained tenor voice, and who acts with fervor and intelligence. The "Falstaff" of M. Vert was clever, though as little like our conceptions of the part as can be imagined. The choruses were admirable, and the orchestra, brought entire from New York, was as nearly perfect as could be desired.

We understand that there is a prospect of some further performances here by the company of MM. Juignet and Drivet, whose repertoire already includes nine operas thoroughly rehearsed and mounted. In connection with this subject we have received to-day, from the managers a note which we translate as follows:

"*To the Editor of the Evening Bulletin:*—SIR: Many persons interested in the success of our enterprise have reproached us for giving the first performance of French opera for the benefit of an institution representing a political opinion which might offend part of the public, who might, it is said, have stayed away from the theatre on that account. We must, therefore, for the sake of truth, remind the public that this performance, as all the journals have announced, was not organized by us, but only with our concurrence. It was not till after the person organizing it had given it up, that, not wishing to fail in the respect we owed to the public, since our company was announced, we resolved to come in spite of every thing, even with a certainty of losing money. We have always held as a principle that a theatre, especially a foreign one, ought not to mingle politics in its business, and we repeat here that we have not been the representatives of any opinions, our flag bearing only the single word, *Art.*

"JUIGNET AND DRIVET."

REV. E. E. ADAMS, D.D.—We understand that Rev. E. E. Adams, pastor of the North Broad Street Presbyterian Church, has been unanimously elected President of Maryville College, near Nashville, Tennessee. This is a merited compliment to the gentleman named; but he will scarcely consent to leave the field where he has so successfully labored, and the congregation which he has built up through his energy, piety and eloquence. Dr. Adams has been in ill health for some months past; but he is now recovering, and his friends trust that he will soon be enabled to re-enter upon his accustomed routine of usefulness in our own city.

INSTRUCTION ON THE FLUTE.—We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. Antonino Rallo, the accomplished flutist of the Arch Street Theatre, who will give lessons on that favorite instrument. He can be recommended in every way.

SOUTH AMERICA

THE GREAT WAR.

The Attack on Curupaity---Official Reports of the Assault on September 22d.

We have files of Brazilian papers to Oct. 9. We give below some interesting documents on the unsuccessful attack of the Allies on Curupaity:

Illm. e Exm. Sr., yesterday at 11½ A. M., after the squadron had with a heavy and well directed cannonade bombarded the fort and lines of fortifications of Curupaity, from 7 o'clock to that hour, according to our combination with Vice-Admiral the Viscount de Tamandaré, at the moment when the iron clads Brazil, Tamandaré and Barroso forced the stockade under a very heavy fire from the enemy's battery, the two columns of attack and one of reserve of my command which were awaiting this moment in convenient positions, received orders to advance, the left column directing its attack on the extreme right of the enemy's intrenchment, where the battery of Curupaity is established, and the second column at the centre of the same intrenchment. At the same time a column of Argentine infantry, having in reserve another, advanced upon the enemy's extreme left.

The attack was vigorous, obliging the enemy to abandon his first line of intrenchments, which consisted of a ditch of nine feet width and seven feet depth, with a corresponding parapet garnished with field artillery, which retired.

Having transpassed this first obstacle under a shower of grape which was thrown from a great number of 68 and 32-pounders, it was impossible to attain the centre of the second line of defence, which consisted of high parapets with a ditch of 18 feet width and 15 feet depth, at whose ends they had raised the ground and constructed on them two strong block-houses, bristling like all the rest of the line with heavy artillery, an overflowed bottom, rendered insuperable by abattises placed in them, existing between the two intrenchments.

In presence, then, of so many and such powerful obstacles it was impossible to carry by assault so strong a position, in which the enemy had concentrated the greater part of his forces. Even so, according to the information I have, more than 40 brave men penetrated into the Fort of Curupaity and got possession of four pieces of cannon, but who, as was to be expected, were victims of their patriotic daring.

As soon as I have knowledge of their names, which I am undertaking to ascertain, I will send them to Your Excellency, that not only these but other acts of true abnegation may not remain without recompense.

The Argentine column encountering the same insuperable difficulties in its attack, notwithstanding the gallantry with which it advanced, in accord with Gen. Mitre I ordered a retreat, which was effected in good order, carrying in not only our wounded, but also our dead, without a single one of the enemy daring to go out of his line to give us a shot, although his artillery fire ceased only at 3½ o'clock, when the forces covering our retreat were out of range.

Many and much felt are the losses occasioned by this frustrated attempt, as Your Excellency will see by the nominal relation of the officers and resumé of the dead, wounded and bruised, which I have the honor of adjoining.

According to a note showed to me by Gen. Mitre, the Argentine army had more than 1,500 hors de combat, among them many superior officers.

As soon as possible I will give Your Excellency a detailed report of all the occurrences during the assault of the 22d of this month. BARON DE PORTO-ALEGRE.

Curuzu, Sept. 24, 1866.

Second Corps of the Army Against Paraguay.

Killed—Officers, 34; privates, 344. Wounded—Officers, 119; privates, 1,261. Contused—Officers, 48; privates, 94. Total, 1,855.

The fortifications of Curupaity were mounted with 56 pieces of cannon and defended by 14 battalions; the attacking forces comprised 18,000 men, half Brazilians and half Argentine.

According to the report of Admiral Tamandare, at 7 A. M. the iron-clads Bahia and Lima Barros steamed up in sight of the fort of Curupaity and opened fire while the iron-clads Brazil, Barroso and Tamandare, three wooden vessels, two bomb vessels and three armed flats bombarded the works from a position unexposed to the enemy's direct fire.

At 8 the enemy were keeping up a heavy artillery fire upon the marching columns of the army.

At midday the stockade was forced by the iron-clads Brazil, Barroso and Tamandare, which placed themselves in a position to throw grape on the enemy's battery, while the ironclads Lima Barros and Bahia, and the Parnahyba, Beberibe and Mage, placed obliquely to it, tried to dismount his cannon, composed of six 68-poudners and some 32s.

I then ordered all the fire to converge on the fort, as the stormers were already advancing, and the artillery and musketry fires were general along all the intrenchments.

At 3 the very heavy fire of Paraguayan artillery continued, and the allied army had not yet obtained any advantage.

Gens. Mitre and Porto Algre then resolved to effect the retreat of the two armies to their positions at Curuzu.

The fort of Curupaity directed its fire on the ships at the side of the Gran Chaco from midday, and principally on the iron-clads Brazil and Tamandare, which had the starboard plating seriously damaged.

Some plates were broken, many bolts started, and the backing of wood on the same side of their casemates gravely shaken.

Two 68-pounders were dismounted on the Brazil, and a great number of balls entered the ports in their casemates, causing the damage and wounds stated in the included reports (Brazil, 7 wounded; Tamandare, 1 killed and 4 wounded; Lima Barros, 2 wounded; Bahia, 2 wounded; Barroso, 3 wounded.) The other iron-clads had no damages worth consideration.

In the condition of these ships after the retiring of the army, the position occupied by them above the stockade was very difficult to maintain, therefore I ordered the squadron to retire in order to the position occupied previously.

Three 68-pounders in the battery of Curupaity were dismantled by the squadron.

The gunboat Parnahyba received two balls and some grape, but had no damages of importance.

The fire of the 16th batallion, embarked in the squadron whom I had ordered to the Gran Chaco, caused some loss to the Paraguayan artillerists.

The squadron had 21 men *hors du combat* and some slightly wounded. Among these last was Capt. Eliziario Antonio dos Santos, commanding the Second Division.

The ships at the Paraguay side received some grape and musketry and some cannon balls thrown by the enemy by elevation, but suffered no damage. They had only the wounded mentioned in the report.

Commendation is passed on all engaged, on the staff and the Baron do Amazonas, and on the Swedish Second Lieut. Alfred Lindback.

Epitome of Reports of Ironclads Engaged.

The Brazil took position to fire with her starboard battery with grape and some shell. The enemy pertinaciously kept up a fire—at first from two 68-pounders, afterward with one traversing 68—aimed so well as to frequently throw its shot into the portholes, and disabling one of her 68s by breaking a trunion and its carriage, and also the carriage of the adjoining piece. At 2 P. M. received orders to cease fire, but while the men were going into the hold from the casemate, a shot entered a port, breaking the trunion and striking the helm, shattering it, and wounded seven men.

"Many other men were slightly hurt by the innumerable small fragments which fell within the casemate, and I may say that not a single person or thing was untouched by them."

The part of the starboard side of the casemate comprehended between the sternmost part and the third part is all started, and, according to the opinion of the First Engineer, could not resist similar battering again without giving way.

Five of the seven men wounded were hurt by fragments of iron.

Nine shots struck round the sternmost port, parting the first plate below, penetrating 2½ inches, and driving in the plates ½ inch.

Eleven struck round the 2d port, driving the plates inward, starting the corners and the iron lining inside between the 1st and 3d ports, penetrating 3½ and 1½ inches and parting one of the plates into three pieces.

Six round the 3d port, penetrating 1 and 1½ inches, driving a plate ½ inch inward and starting all the rest.

One struck to the rear of the gangway port on the 1st plate above the water-line, entering 1½ inches, parting it and driving it in ½ inch.

One forward of the gangway port on the 1st plate of the water-line, entering 1½ inches, parting the plate and driving it in ½ inch.

One on another 1st plate, penetrating ½ inch and driving the plate in 2½ inches.

One at the water-line, penetrating 1 inch and driving in the plate ½ inch.

Sixteen others struck in various places other than the plating, one of which cut up the deck over the casemate, traversing ten planks and entering as far as the lining plate, which it started.

Seven half shutters were destroyed, and seven more damaged.

The Brazil was about four hours close to the battery, forcing the stockade a little after noon.

The Barroso forced the stockade immediately after the Brazil, and anchored above her, between one and two cables' length of the fort, remaining until 4.20 P. M.

Of the shot that struck the casemate, two made depressions of two inches depth in the plate struck, and drove them in 1½ and 2½ inches; another, at the waterline, entered 1½ inches, and drove plate in 1½ inches; two above the portheles; one on sternmost starboard corner, making an irregular dent. Another struck the hatch over the engineroom forward of the casemate, parted the grating, and wounded two firemen severely with splinters; three the chimney, and six the deck.

Besides the two firemen, two other men were slightly wounded.

Two kinds of shot came on board; one spherical 68; the other resembling the Minessinger pattern, with steel points and six spiral flanges. This, however, was noticed by the commander to have a motion like a double-headed shot, and to strike some times with the point and sometimes with the rear, as was also recognized in the appearance of the indentation made.

The Tamandare also forced the stockade but her report is not yet published. She had the starboard side of the casement severely battered and started. She had one killed and four wounded.

The Lima Barras and Bahia remained below the stockade. The former had the iron column supporting the captain's casemate broken, and its thick wooden top traversed, the splinters wounding the captain slightly. Four shots struck the side, three the towers, one traversed the engine room grating, and others did damage in other parts. She fired 105 smooth shots and 25 shells. Besides the captain, a seaman was wounded severely in the arm.

The Bahia dismounted one and disabled another of the enemy's 68-pounders. She was struck by 19 68-pound shots, eight on the sides, three on the turret, four on its covering, three in the stack, and one on the capstan. She had three men slightly wounded, one inside the tower by a splinter from a ball which grooved above the right gun.

The apparatus fixed to the Tamandare by Mr. Toombs for preventing the explosion of torpedoes there had been no opportunity to try. The Admiral does not approve of nets in so wide a river as the Paraguay, which is there 700 yards wide, and besides the danger of breaking and entangling in the screws of the vessels, they required to be fastened to the bank which was in possession of the enemy. He preferred keeping boats out to drag the torpedoes away. Twenty were thus prevented from exploding near the vessels.

AMUSEMENTS.

At the Walnut Mr. Booth appears in "The Stranger" and "Don Cæsar de Bazan." At the Chestnut Mr. Jefferson repeats "Rip Van Winkle;" afterpiece, "The Two Buzzards." At the Arch Mr. Bryant repeats "Shamus O'Brien." At the American "The Black Crook" will be the attraction. It was brought out last night to an immense house. The scenery is good, the dancing fair and the play itself very stupid. It will, however, draw immense audiences, and will please all who do not care about thinking, but who are satisfied with "the lust of the eye." At Assembly Building we have Signor Blitz this evening and to-morrow afternoon and evening. At Eleventh Street Opera House we have the Minstrels in a really refreshing bill.

THE death of the Marquis of Waterford is announced by the European steamer as having occurred near Dublin on the 6th inst. This is not the Waterford who traveled extensively in this country years ago, but his brother, Rev. John de la Poer Beresford. The Earl of Tyrone, eldest son of the deceased, succeeds to the title and estates.

SNOW.—Late advices from Lake Superior report exceedingly rough weather there, and two feet of snow all over the upper peninsula.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The funeral services of the late Police Inspector, Daniel Carpenter, took place yesterday, and were of a most imposing character. The religious services took place at the Reformed Dutch Church in Thirty-fourth street, the address being delivered by its pastor, Rev. Peter Stryker. The procession attending the funeral was very large, and embraced a great number of the Police force and of the Masonic Brotherhood.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday. The order conveying a portion of the City Park to the United States for a Post Office site, for $500,000, was amended so as to read $1,000,000. The Board then adjourned.

The number of deaths in this city last week was 372, being 19 less than in the previous week, and 58 less than in the corresponding week of last year. There was one case of cholera.

The trial of an action between Emile Beneville, plaintiff, and Augustin Daly, defendant, was commenced yesterday in the Marine Court, which involves the question as to who was the author and who the translator of "Deborah," afterward played on the stage in this city under the name of "Leah, the Forsaken." The plaintiff seeks to recover the sum of $480, which he alleges is due him as translator of this play. The trial was not concluded when the Court adjourned.

Judge Jones and a jury resterday rendered a verdict in the case of Kimball versus the corporation of New York, awarding $3,000 damages to the plaintiff against defendants, for injuries sustained in falling over a prostrate lamp post in Fifty-eighth street last May.

Francisco Viele Saggard was yesterday morning arraigned at the Kings county Court of Oyer and Terminer indicted for the murder of Jose Garcia Otero, on the 22d of November, 1865. The prisoner pleaded not guilty.

Facts and Fancies.

The *Ledger* this morning remarked that "there are some first-class houses going up on the north side of Spruce street, west of Twentieth, with fronts 24 feet in width and 80 feet in depth. Just think of a front 80 feet thick!

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 19.—Senator J. R. Doolittle left this morning for Galveston, on a short visit to Texas. Poor Doolittle! G. T. T. at last.

Southbridge, Mass., is rejoicing exuberantly over a new railroad, but they say the farmers' wives who live near the track "think the engine whistle sours milk worse than thunder." Well, its better to have its scream than their milk.

Mr. Solon Robinson has written a novel, which he calls "Me-won-i-toc," meaning the man of mystery, or great medicine man. It should be dedicated to the President, whose favorite motto, translated into "Injun," is "Me-one-I-talk."

The Falls of Niagara, on the American side, have gone back about one hundred and fifty feet within two weeks, in consequence of the fall of huge masses of rock. We certainly did not think that, after all America has done for Niagara, that that celebrated fall would ever go back on us in this way.

At the Century Club reception of Cyrus W. Field, solemn Mr. Bancroft attempted a joke. It burst in upon the middle of Mr. Field's speech, thus:

"Mr. Bancroft—If the beautiful ladies that are here to-night could only be flashed across the wires. [Laughter.]" Inimitable wag, that Bancroft!

The playful Bancroft was thrown into the shade, last Sunday afternoon, by the facetious and reverend John Chambers, who told the following funny story to his congregation:

"This morning, as I came out of my church, a gentleman stepped up to me and said, Mr. Chambers I was passing by the League House this morning. I asked whose church is that, pointing to yours? The person whom I addressed replied it is Mr. Chambers's church, a copperhead. Now I would suggest that they (the League) appoint a committee and take me to the Mint and procure the services of Prof. Booth to examine my head and see if there is any copper in it." Ha! ha!

MR. MORRILL G. WHEELOCK, the artist, died at his residence in Chelsea, yesterday, at the age of fifty-four. He was distinguished as an artist in water color, and was patronized by the late T. S. King, whose book upon the White Mountains Mr. Wheelock illustrated. He was the architect of the new Masonic Temple, which will stand as a monument to his genius. It was while preparing the working plans for this building, about a year since, that his health gave way, and he never recovered from the first attack. His numerous friends will hear of his death with sadness. He leaves a family. —*Boston Gazette, Saturday.*

THE COLOR-BEARER of the 23d Wisconsin Volunteers, who had a leg shot off in the fight of Peach Tree Grove, was recently offered the place of postmaster at Geneva. He promptly refused it, saying: "I lost one leg in the service of my country; I don't propose to sell the other to the enemies of my country, and throw in my principles."

COMMERCIAL.

SALES OF STOCKS,

BEFORE BOARDS.

100 sh Reading R.....b5 57⅛

FIRST BOARD.

15000 U S 6s 5-20s '65 July	108⅛	100 sh Cataw pf	29
1000 Penna 5s cou	96⅝	100 sh do	s30 29
6000 City 6s new	102⅝	115 sh Penna R	55
400 do	102⅝	6 sh do	54⅞
5000 Belv're & Del Rds	85	100 sh N Pa R	38
4600 Huntingd'n & B'd		100 sh Read R	85 57
Top 1st mgt 7s	86½	100 sh do	b5 57
6 sh Girard Bank	58½	100 sh do	cash 57
1000 sh Ocean Oil	s30 4¾		

PRICES OF STOCKS IN NEW YORK.
(*By Telegraph.*)

	FIRST CALL.
American Gold	141½ bid
Reading Railroad	57 1-16 bid
New York Central	108½ bid
United States 6s '81	113¾ bid
United States 6s, 5-20s	108⅜ bid
Erie	78⅝ bid
Hudson River	92½ bid
	steady.

Finance and Business---Nov. 20, 1866.

Stocks were again very dull to-day, but there was a little firmer feeling, and holders of the fictitious securities were not so anxious to realize. Government Loans closed at 112¾ bid for the Coupon Sixes, '81; 107⅜ for the old Five-Twenties; 106⅜ for the '64s and '65s; 100 for the Ten-Forties; 106 for the February Seven-Thirties; 105⅜ for the June, and 105⅜ for the July. State Fives sold at 96¾—an advance of ¼. City Loans were also firmer, with sales of the new issues at 102¼ @102⅝. Reading Railroad was the most active on the list, and sold freely at 57. Pennsylvania Railroad advanced ¼, and closed at 55. Catawissa Railroad Preferred was firm at 29. North Pennsylvania Railroad sold at 38. 183 was bid for Camden and Amboy Railroad; 61 for Germantown Railroad; 58¾ for Mine Hill Railroad; 68¾ for Lehigh Valley Railroad; 49½ for Northern Central Railroad; 36 for Little Schuylkill Railroad, and 52½ for Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

Canal stocks were very quiet at yesterday's figures. One thousand shares Ocean Oil sold at 4¾ s. 30—a decline. All other Oil stocks were nominal. The movements in the Crude article continue heavy, but at low and unremunerative prices. The exports of the past week reached 1,177 675 gallons, viz: Brig Zephyr, for Antwerp, on the 9th inst., with 92,444 gallons refined; bark Fearless, to Gibraltar, on the 9th inst., with 118,107 gallons refined; brig John Geddes, for Barbados, on the 9th inst., with 824 gallons refined; bark Brazilian, for Cork, on the 10th inst., with 125,801 gallons refined; brig John Chrystal, for Mayaguez, on the 10th inst., with 1,000 gallons refined; bark Olivia Davis, for Guayaquil, on the 10th inst., with 8,998 gallons refined; bark Archimede, for Gibraltar, on the 12th inst., with 70,948 gallons refined; brig Pennsylvania, for Gibraltar on the 12th inst., with 65,413 gallons refined; brig Robert Wylie, for Hamburg, on the 13th inst., with 75,276 gallons refined, and 329 gallons crude; brig Wm. Gordon, for Rotterdam, on the 14th inst., with 82,853 gallons refined; bark Viking, for Antwerp, on the 15th inst., with 175,599½ gallons refined; bark L. G. Bigalow, for Antwerp, on the 15th inst., with 161,578 gallons refined; bark Isaac R Davis, for Havre, on the 15th inst., with 33 143½ gallons refined, and 73,748 gallon crude; and the brig Globa, for Rotterdam, on the 15th inst., with 92 436½ gallons refined.

The National Exchange Bank was yesterday admitted as a regular member of the Clearing House, and is now in full operation, at its fine quarters, No. 533 and 535 Chestnut street.

Messrs. De Haven Brother, No. 40 South Third street, make the following quotations of the rates of exchange to-day, at 1 P. M.:

	Buying.	Selling.
American Gold	141¼	141¾
Silver—Quarters and halves	133	
Compound Interest Notes:		
" " June, 1864	15	
" " July, 1864	14½	
" " Aug. 1864	14	
" " Oct., 1864	13	
" " Dec., 1864	12	
" " May, 1865	10	
" " Aug., 1865	8¾	
" " Sept., 1865	8¼	
" " Oct., 1865	7¾	

Jay Cooke & Co. quote Government securities, &c., to-day, as follows:

	Buying.	Selling.
U. S. 6's, 1881	113	113⅜
Old 5-20 Bonds	107½	108⅜
New 5-20 Bonds, 1864	106⅜	106⅝
5-20 Bonds, 1865	106⅜	106⅝
5-20, July, 1865	106⅜	106⅝
10-40 Bonds	100⅜	100⅝
7 3-10, August	106	106⅛
" June	105½	106
" July	105½	106
Gold—at 12 o'clock	141	141¼

Smith, Randolph & Co., Bankers, 15 South Third street, quote at 11 o'clock, as follows:

Gold	141
U. S. 1881 Bonds	113⅛@113⅜
U. S. 5-20, 1862	108⅛@108⅜
" 1864	106⅛@106⅜
" 1865	106⅛@106⅜
U. S. 10-40	100⅛@100⅜
U. S. 7-30's—1st series	106 @106⅛
" 2d series	105⅜@105⅝
" 3d series	105⅜@105⅝
5-20, July, 1865	106⅛@106⅜
Compounds, Dec., 1864	112¼@

The following is the statement of the Little Schuylkill coal trade for 1866, to Saturday, Nov. 17:

	Co's Mines. Tons Cwt.	Railroad. Tons Cwt.
From Dec. 1, 1865	125,494 05	246,604 19
Same time last year	88,500 11	201,723 06
Increase	36,993 14	44,881 13
East Mahanoy Railroad		354,641 14
Same time last year		354,233 02
Decrease		9,596 02
Total increase on railroads		35,285 05

The weekly averages of the Associated National and Local Banks of the city of New York now in the Clearing-House, for the week ending Saturday last, Nov. 17, compare as follows with the previous weekly statement, and also with the corresponding week last year, and the Sub-Treasury balances at each date:

	Nov. 18, '65.	Nov. 17, '66.	Nov. 10, '66.
Capital	$80,676 00	$83,270,200	$83,270,200
Loans	224,741,833	273,338,390	275,638,289
Specie	12,449 886	15 610,131	13,145 391
Net Deposits	173,640,464	221,892 570	226,325,817
Legal Tenders	47,737,560	66,120 361	71,512,495
In Sub-Treasury	59,957,337	96,376 942	91,907,762

Decrease of Loans.....$2,359,899
Increase of Specie.....2,365,733
Decrease of net Deposits.....4,432,817
Decrease in Legal-Tender.....5,392,134
Increase in Circulation.....264,562

Philadelphia Markets.

TUESDAY, Nov. 20.—The dullness noted for some time past in the Breadstuffs market still continues, and prices are drooping. There is very little shipping demand for Flour and only 1,000 barrels Western family were taken on secret terms, and a few small lots for home consumption at $12@$13 ⅌ barrel for Northwest extra family, $13@14 50 for Winter Wheat do do., fancy at $15@16, extras at $9@10 50, and $8@8 50 for superfine. Nothing doing in Rye Flour or Corn Meal. The last sale of the former was at $8.

There is not much demand for Wheat and buyers and sellers are widely apart in their views. We quote Penna. Red at $3 to $3 15 ⅌ bushel and $3 20@3 25 for Southern. Nothing doing in Rye. Corn is very quiet; 800 bushels new yellow sold at 95 cents, and 700 bushels old at $1 25. Oats are unchanged; sales of Southern at 63 cents and Penna at 64@65 cents.

In Barley and Malt no further sales have been reported.

The receipts of Cloverseed continue small and prime commands $9@9 25. 100 bushels Timothy sold at $3 25, and a lot of Flaxseed at the former figure.

Whisky—The demand is limited. Small sales of Penna. bbls. at $2 41@2 42 and Ohio at $2 44.

MARINE BULLETIN.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA—NOVEMBER 20.

☞ *See Marine Bulletin on Seventh Page.*

ARRIVED THIS DAY.

Ship J G Richardson, Kendall, 35 days from Liverpool, with mdse to Peter Wright & Sons. Was twenty hours ashore off Duck Creek. Was towed off by tug America and brought to the city.

Steamer Tonawanda, Jennings, 65 hours from Savannah, with cotton, &c. to Philade'phia and Southern Mail Steamship Co. The light ship on Frying Pan shoal previously reported adrift, has been replaced on her station. 18th inst. 30 miles south of Hatteras, passed steamer Pioneer, thence for Wilmington, NC; same day, off Body island, passed ship Lampedo from Savannah for New York.

Steamer Zodiac, Rogers, 48 hours from Boston, with mdse to Mershon & Cloud.

Schr Ridie, Quillen, 7 days from St Martin's, Md. with grain to Jas L Bewley & Co.

CLEARED THIS DAY.

Steamer Wm Whilldin, Riggins, Sassafras River, Capt.
Brig Emma, Smith, Havre, Warren, Gregg & Morris.
Schr Ethen Allen, Blake, Portland, Ct. do
Schr E Nickerson, Wheiden, Boston, J R Tomlinson.
Schr Fly, Fennimore, E Cambridge, J Street & Co.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.
LEWES, DEL., Nov 18.

Brigs Robert Wylie, for Hamburg, and Globe, for Rotterdam, both from Philadelphia, went to sea yesterday; bark Viking, from Philadelphia for Antwerp, went out this afternoon; brig Agent, from Nova Scotia for Philadelphia, passed in this afternoon. The brig which was on Sinepuxent beach is off, and is at the Breakwater waiting for a steam-tug to take her to New York. Wind SW.

Yours, &c. JOSEPH LAFETRA.

MEMORANDA.

Bark Topeka, for this port, was at East Harbor, Tl, 8th inst.

Bark Byfoged Lindahl (Nor), Bothner, from Rio Janeiro 6th Oct, with coffee, at New York yesterday.

Brig Grace Darling (Br), Martin, cleared at Boston 17th inst. for Cork via this port.

Brig Argentina (Br), Butler, 54 days from Buenos Ayres, at New York yesterday, with hides and wool.

Brig Hattie Wheeler, Gupthil, 10 days from East Harbor, Tl, at N York yesterday.

Schr Argus Eye, from New York for Key West, was spoken 17th inst. off Fenwick's Island, by pilot boat H Cope, of Phila.

Schr Fanny K Shaw, for this port, cleared at St John, NB, 17th inst.

Schr Gen Banks, Ryder, hence at B