The Baltimore Troubles.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—The city is perfectly quiet. No disturbance has taken place beyond an attempt to murder a policeman last night by firing at him whilst in Taylor's news room.

The new commissioners have not yet made their appearance, or made any formal demand upon the old Board, nor have they yet applied to be sworn in.

There is no truth whatever in the report telegraphed from this city, that Mayor Chapman has decided to recognize the newly appointed Police Board. On the contrary, he is outspoken in his determination not to do so.

The latest report is that Mr. Berry has positively declined the appointment of Police Commission tendered him by Governor Swann.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2, P. M.—The grain and flour markets are unchanged. But very little business was transacted to-day.

Gov. Swann has returned to Annapolis this morning from Washington.

Throngs of people are gathered in the vicinity of the police stations and newspaper offices, but all remains quiet.

James Young and William T. Valliant have been commissioned as the new Police Commissioners, and were sworn before Judge Martin, of the Superior Court. There was no opposition offered to their being sworn. The counsel of the Commissioners decided that they would offer no impediment to their taking the oath.

The new Commissioners called at the Police Commissioners' office, but the Board had adjourned. Thus the matter rests.

It is supposed that the new appointees will sue out a mandamus. In the meanwhile the old force remains on duty, and the police stations are strongly guarded.

The newly appointed Commissioners have not yet designated their Marshal.

All is quiet, but much interest is manifested as to the result of the issue.

Mr. Young is the President of the Conservative City Convention.

7 P. M.—The following is what was said by Judge Martin, of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, before permitting the oath to be administered to the new Commissioners appointed by Governor Swann:

In the matter of William T. Valliant and James Young, who have applied to be allowed to take the oaths prescribed by the 1st section of the act of 1862, chapter 131. In allowing these applicants to take the oaths required by the 1st section of the act of 1862, chapter 131, I desire to be understood as expressing no opinion on the question as to the jurisdiction of the Governor of Maryland to remove the Police Commissioners who were in the office under the appointment of the Legislature, for official misconduct, so as to try the validity of the title of these applicants to the office to which they claim to be entitled under the appointment of the Executive. In directing to be administered to these applicants the oath required by the act of Assembly, 1862, chapter 131, the Court performs only a ministerial duty, which may be discharged by the clerks.

It is no evidence of title in these applicants to the office claimed by them, but only puts them in a condition to maintain the validity of that title. The taking of the oath prescribed by the police act is only a compliance with conditions demanded by the statute, and without the performance of which the applicants could not be regarded as entitled to hold the office of Police Commissioners, or to discharge its duty, even assuming that the mode in which they have been appointed was entirely unexceptionable. The question to their title of this office cannot be tried in this form.

The mass meeting at the theatre to-night adopted the following declaration addressed to the country, in regard to the existing troubles:

The loyal citizens of Baltimore, assembled at an extraordinary juncture in the affairs of the city and State, think it due to themselves and to their fellow-citizens of other States, to give a calm and deliberate expression of their views and purposes in reference to those occurrences which are now agitating the minds of our community.

First—We are a law-abiding people, and it is our purpose and desire to maintain the law and not to resist it.

Second—We propose to maintain and defend our rights under the law, and in a lawful manner.

Third—We hold that in case of any doubts in the construction of law, those doubts are to be determined only by the constitutional interpreters of the law, viz: the Courts which are created for that purpose.

Fourth—We demand as a right that the question in controversy between the Governor of the State and the Police Commissioners—a question in which, as citizens, we have a deep interest—shall be submitted to the decision of the courts, and if it is so submitted, we believe there will be no controversy.

Fifth—We desire also to express our strong confidence in the integrity and fidelity of Messrs. Hinds and Wood, who, with the Mayor, constitute the present Police Board, and we appeal to the fact of the quiet and order now prevailing in our city under circumstances so provocative of excitement, as evidence of the efficiency of their administration, and pledge them our undivided support in the lawful discharge of their office until displaced by the decision of a competent judicial tribunal; and finally, while we deprecate undue excitement, and in this crisis desire to speak and to act dispassionately as well as firmly, we cannot refrain from expressing our indignation at the action of Governor Swann in his attempted removal of the Police Commissioners. We believe that act to be a violation of the Constitution and laws of the State, and an assumption of authority which he has no legal right to exercise; and we declare to the people of the United States, what is abundantly shown by the manner of conducting the investigation, by the fact that the presiding Judge is a known candidate for the office of United States Senator, was himself actually a party to the case by the language of his decision, and by the political character of those whom he has appointed to succeed the present Commissioners, that the object sought was not justice, but to promote political and personal ends, by the transfer of the power of the State to a faction composed chiefly of those who were sympathizers and abettors of the late rebellion.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—The latest reports in regard to the Police Commissioners is that the newly appointed Commissioners will make a formal demand, to-morrow morning, for the surrender to them of all the station houses and other property, together with arms, &c., belonging to the force. This demand, it is further said, will be supported and enforced by the Sheriff, with a large posse. The demand, it is understood, will be refused, and the Commissioners will announce their determination to submit only to the decision of the Courts.

They have sworn in a very large number of special policemen, which they suppose will be superior to any force the claimants will be able to summon to enforce their demand. All is quiet to-night, and it is hoped that the whole matter will yet be settled without any serious disturbance of the public peace. There have been several persons named for Marshal under the new Commissioners, but it cannot be ascertained that they have yet settled on any one.

Proclamation of Swann's Police Commissioners.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2, midnight.—The following proclamation has just been issued by the newly-appointed Commissioners. The old Board, regarding it as an attempt to seduce their force from their control, are about to issue a proclamation also:

BOARD OF POLICE, BALTIMORE, Nov. 2, 1866.—Having been appointed Police Commissioners by his Excellency Gov. Swann, vice Messrs. Samuel Hindes and Nicholas L. Wood, removed, we desire to state that in prosecution of the duties assigned us we do not design interfering in any respect with the police now organized, or to remove any person connected with it for his political opinions, provided he does not hereafter render himself amenable to the laws now in force for the government of the police of Baltimore.

We believe the officers and men in the department are disposed to be what the law requires them to be, conservators of the peace, and it is hoped and expected that they will cheerfully aid us in preserving the peace of the city. We also invoke all good citizens to assist us by their counsel and example, and that they will use their best endeavors to prevent any undue excitement, and that they will also advise all disposed to act otherwise to quietly and peaceably acquiesce in the measures now about being inaugurated by the authority of the Governor.

JAMES YOUNG,
WM. THOS. VALLIANT.

Opening of the United States District Court at Norfolk—Charge of Judge Underwood.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Nov. 1.—At a regular term of the United States District Court, held in Norfolk this morning, the following officers of the Court were present: Hon. John C. Underwood, District Judge: J. H. Croft and C. S. Barry, United States Deputy Marshals, and John P. Hodges, Deputy Clerk. There was very little business transacted by the Court, in consequence of the absence of the United States District Attorney, L. H. Chandler.

The first case was that of M. C. Crowell & Co. versus the schooner McKee, in a claim for salvage. On motion of L. X. Chandler, by Mr. J. Duffield, the Court decided the amount of bonds to be taken by the United States Marshal in this case be fixed at forty thousand dollars. The McKee encountered the hurricane of the 2d ult., losing her rudder and receiving other damage. She was taken in tow by the steamer Saragossa, from Charleston, bound to New York, thirteen miles southeast of Cape Henry, and was towed into Hampton Roads.

There were fifteen members of the Grand Jury present, and the usual oath was then administered to them. During the war the oath of allegiance had also to be taken by all the jurymen, but on this occasion it was omitted altogether. Mr. Harrison, of Norfolk, was appointed the foreman of the jury, and took the prescribed oath. Judge Underwood then delivered the following charge to the Grand Jury, after which they adjourned, to meet at the appointed time in December:

Gentlemen of the Jury: My charge will will be very short, as your services will be also. This morning we assembled for considerable business that required your attention, but which will have to be postponed until a future time. The District Attorney has been suddenly summoned by the Attorney General of the United States, and is, therefore, unable to wait upon you to-day. You will not, therefore, be detained in the Court, but are adjourned until the first Tuesday of December. The usual charge will then be made. I understand there will be some criminal business—none of a very serious and important nature—to be attended to, several offences against the revenue laws, delinquent postmasters, &c., at which time I shall be able to state to you the law bearing upon these cases. Thanking you for your prompt attendance, the Court is now adjourned until the first Tuesday in December.

There is a strong probability that the United States Circuit Court will be held on the fourth Monday of this month, at Richmond, perhaps merely to meet and then adjourn. Chief Justice Chase has given it as his opinion that there is no impediment in the way of holding the Court and its being presided over by the District Judge.

When the Supreme Court meets in December, the first duties attended to by the Supreme Judges will be to make the proper assignment of Judges to the different circuits. In June last the circuits were altered, and one abolished entirely.

Judge Chase has consulted with the Supreme Judges in regard to the action of Congress at its last session, respecting the Circuit Courts, and ascertaining that their views coincide with his own, will not preside over the circuit, if held this month in Richmond, but will await the assembling of the Supreme Court, and then make the formal assignment of the judges.

Schooner S. H. Sharp, from Philadelphia, coal, for Fort Monroe, arrived to-day.

The air-line route from Norfolk to Philadelphia and New York, commences operations next Tuesday, and is expected to prove a great benefit to the traveling public, both in saving time and expense. On that day, the finest steamer on the line, the City of Norfolk, will commence making her regular trips, leaving her wharf at Norfolk at 11 P. M. for Annamessex, Md., where her passengers will connect with the train upon the Maryland and Delaware Railroad. The Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad have made arrangements to run an evening express train upon a time schedule that will enable travelers from the South to reach Norfolk in season to take the steamer every night.

FROM EUROPE BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Turks claim great victories in Candia. In a hard-fought battle near Ogressa, the Cretans lost seven hundred men, while the Turkish loss was very heavy. Three thousand Cretans had been drowned in a cave where they sought a hiding place and refuge, the tide rising, and submerging them. Large submissions were being made by the Christians to the Turkish authority.

ROME, Oct. 31.—The Pope has delivered an allocution condemning the conduct of Italy, and declaring that he is ready to die in the defence of the right, and that, in case of need, he will seek the free exercise of his ministry in another land.

VIENNA, Oct. 31.—It is confirmed that M. Benot is to be the new Foreign Minister of Austria.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—It is said that the Emperor Napoleon has informed the Empress Carlotta that she had better tell the Emperor Maximilian to cede two of his provinces to the United States in order to consolidate his rule in Mexico.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—A decree has been issued appointing Commissioners for re-organizing the French army. The Emperor Napoleon will preside over the commission.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The Government has issued a decree ordering that the fortresses of Saarlenis, Mentz and Coblentz be disarmed, and the artillery force be reduced to a peace footing.

Great victories are claimed by the Turks over the Christians.

DUBLIN, Oct. 31.—Mr. Bright has arrived in this city. A great banquet was given him, which was a grand success. He made a speech, in which he urged in strong language the application of proper remedies for the removal of Irish grievances.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Lord Mayor's banquet in honor of the successful laying of the Atlantic Cable came off last night, and was a most brilliant success. The Lord Mayor was necessarily absent, being too ill to attend. Eloquent speeches were made by many distinguished gentlemen.

Financial and Commercial.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—Consols, 89¼ for money. United States 5-20's, 69; Illinois Central Railroad, 77½; Erie, do, 51½.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 31.—Sales of Cotton today; 13,000 bales, at 14¼@15d. for Middling Uplands. Tallow unchanged.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—This being All Saints' Day, it is being observed as a holiday, and no stock market is held.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 1.—The Cotton market is heavy, with sales of 8,000 bales.

The Petroleum market is flat at 1s. 8½d.@1s. 9d. per gallon for refined.

THE CHAMPION MURDER TRIAL.

Conclusion of the Evidence for the Defence.

George Steward—I am acquainted with the prisoner; I became acquainted with him on board the United States monitor Lehigh, in July, 1863; I was Surgeon's Steward on that vessel; we were together on that vessel six or eight months; I saw him every day during that time, and occasionally at night; I cannot say that I noticed anything peculiar in his conduct; he was sick while on board, with convulsions; he had fits very frequently; at such times he became insensible; he was sent away from the vessel.

Mary Ann Meekle—I am not particularly acquainted with the prisoner; I know his father, whose mind is in a deranged state part of the time; I have seen him so at his own house when I visited the family; he would act strangely, and would sometimes try to jump out of the window, his conversation was very strange; sometimes he would preach the gospel: about twenty-eight years ago he would talk about iron boats and other things that seemed at that time very queer.

Louisa Wilkinson—I am acquainted with the prisoner, and have known him since last April; a peculiarity that I have noticed in his conduct, was a violence towards his brothers without any cause; I never saw him intoxicated more than once; he was sick at my house; he was delirious for about two days; I have seen him destroy things, such as books; I have seen him assault his mother; I have often interfered on such occasions; I could not see that he had any provocation for striking her; efforts were made to place him in the Insane Asylum; I have seen him brought home in an insensible condition; three different times I saw this; sometimes he would remain insensible an hour or more after being brought to; I have heard him complain of his condition; he said it was his heart.

Jos. L. Anderson—I am the brother-in-law of the prisoner; my wife, the sister of the prisoner, was insane in 1864; I placed her in the Gooverenment Insane Asylum at Washington; she was there eighteen months.

Mrs. Champion, recalled—I have noticed symptons of insanity in my son Newton from infancy; after his return from the navy I noticed his insanity in his extreme dislike for his brothers, of whom he was so fond formerly; I was compelled to send his brothers away; on the night of the first Sunday in July last he was brought home to me apparently dead, having fallen in church—he has, also, frequently attacked me without having or assigning any cause whatever; he would sleep but little at night, sometimes he would go to the room of his brothers and drive them out without any cause whatever; when he was a youth he would sometimes act in this manner, but not so badly as since he has grown up; before he went into the navy he was, as a rule, quiet and peaceable; he was then very temperate and honest; from the facts I have stated here of my son I have formed the opinion that he is insane; while he was growing up he would sometimes have those spells of insanity, and at such times he would take the finest suits of clothes and tear them to pieces; he would then try to avoid me; I was then living in Washington, and, as he had often threatened to commit suicide, I have often had the Potomac river dragged for him, thinking that he had drowned himself; it has always been a sad trial of my life to speak thus of my children, for they are all more or less afflicted with insanity.

William Hornkieth—I know the prisoner; I have known him since he was fourteen or fifteen years of age; I have been in company with him since I first became acquainted with him; I joined the navy on the 3d of September, 1860; I was on the Pawnee; I saw the prisoner on that vessel; I was fireman; I was on that ship two years and ten months; the prisoner was aboard fourteen or fifteen months; I noticed in his conduct the strange features described by his other shipmates; his manner caused the boys to call him "Crazy Champion."

After the examination of this witness the defence closed.

Officer Ritche called by the Commonwealth—I saw the prisoner at the time of his arrest; his mother being present, he asked me to quiet her, as she was very much excited; his manner was very quiet; he was lying in bed; when I first saw the prisoner Officer Glahn and I felt satisfied that he was the man; he was in bed; I asked him of his whereabouts on the day of the murder; he told me he was coming from Walnut street up Eleventh, stopping in a drug-store at Eleventh and Arch to buy laudanum; I asked him if he had stopped at Mrs. Tyson's, at Eleventh and Mark's lane; he said he had often stopped there; I asked him if he stopped there on the day of the murder; he said that remained to be seen; I asked him if he knew Elizabeth Kearney; he said he did not; he afterwards repeated my question, and asked if that was what I asked him; I said it was; he then said, "I do not know Elizabeth Kearney, but I know Mary Kearney;" we then took him to the Ninth Ward Station House; from what I observed of him I believed him sane.

Mr. Grubb—I am one of the prison-keepers, and had charge of the prisoner during the day. I have noticed nothing strange in his conduct during his stay in the prison, except one night; I heard water thrown from a window, upon looking, I found that Newton Champion had done it; I told him not to do that, or else I would put him into the dark cell; he then stopped; from all that I have seen of him I believe him sane.

Dr. Smith—I am physician of the prison; I have had an experience of ten years at the prison; I saw nothing special in the manner or appearance of the prisoner; I tried to draw him out in relation to the murder, but he didn't seem anxious to talk on the subject; he did complain to me of pain in his head; from all I have seen and told here, I am satisfied of the prisoner's sanity.

The Court adjourned till this morning.

The Fenian Trials.

TORONTO, C. W., Nov. 2.—It not being understood that any Fenians would be tried to-day, the attendance at the opening of the Court was not very large, but upon Daniel Whelan being placed in the dock, the Court Room rapidly filled and soon became crowded. McKenzie asked the postponement of the trial until December 17th. After discussion, the 12th instant was fixed upon. McKenzie then said he would be ready to proceed with Parrize's case, but the Crown witnesses not being present, it was postponed until Tuesday next. The Grand Jury then entered Court with a true bill against Thomas Cooney, Thomas School, William Duggan and John O'Connor, all Fenian prisoners. Cooney was then placed in the dock and pleaded not guilty. His trial was fixed for the 13th inst. School was next put in the dock. He claimed to be an American citizen, and pleaded not guilty. His trial was fixed for the 10th instant. Duggan pleaded the same, and his trial was also fixed for the 10th inst.

McKenzie then applied to have the indictments quashed, on the ground that the different counts charged the prisoners with being foreign subjects and British subjects. He submitted they could not be both. If held to be British subjects, they must be indicted for treason. The Judge overruled the objection for the present. Mr. McKenzie gave notice that he would move that the Crown elect whether to try them as British subjects or American citizens. His Lordship remarked, he thought it was intended that motion should be a very proper one, but he would leave it to the jury to say whether they were British or American subjects. Similar notice was given for John O'Connor, and the Court adjourned until to-morrow, when the Rev. Mr. Lum den's case will be proceeded with.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 2.—The United States gunboat Rhode Island, Commander Fairfax, flagship of the West India squadron, arrived this afternoon, from Havana. Admiral Palmer, commanding the squadron, was received by Commodore Lanman, with the usual ceremonies, and firing of salutes from the gunboats Tacony and Yantic. Commodore Lanman transfers immediately the Atlantic coast squadron to Admiral Palmer, thus consolidating it with the North Atlantic squadron, the stations of which will extend from Halifax to the Capes of Florida, including the West Indies.

The steamship Mississippi arrived to-night from New Orleans, with six hundred men of the 7th United States Colored Regiment, General James Shaw, on their way to Baltimore to be mustered out. She passed the steamer Monterey, from New York, for New Orleans, on Tuesday, 20 miles north of Cary-port, all well.

Gen. Schofield, accompanied by Brigadier General Burton, commandant of the Fortress, and their staff officers, reviewed the troops and inspected the hospitals in Norfolk to-day, and returned to-night to Richmond.

Execution of Negroes.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—The four negroes convicted of the murder, in July last, of Mr. William Lyles, of Prince George county, were executed to-day at noon, at Marlborough, Prince George county, Md. Their names were William Plater, Thomas Davis, Henry Luckett and William Henry Jones. They confessed the crime several days since.

AMUSEMENTS.

RIELEY'S CONTINENTAL NEWS EXCHANGE
CHOICE SEATS
To all places of amusement may be had up to 6 o'clock any evening. mh28-tf

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
BOGUMIL DAWISON.
The eminent German Tragedian, will appear on—
Wednesday, Nov. 7th, as
SHYLOCK,
IN THE
MERCHANT OF VENICE.
Thursday, Nov. 8th, as
HENRY,
IN THE
LORBEERBAUM AND BETTELSTAB.
Friday, Nov. 9th, as
NARCISSE,
IN
NARCISSE.
Saturday, Nov. 10th, as
HANS JUERGE,
IN
HANS JUERGE, oder die PERLENSCHNUR;
And as
LEBRECHT FALKE,
HIPPOLIT FALKE, and
CHARLES FAUCON,
IN THE
UNGLUCKLICHEN.
Monday, Nov. 12th, as
RICHARD,
IN
RICHARD III.
Reserved Seats can be secured on and after Monday, November 5th, at the Academy; at Wittig's Music Store, No. 1021 Chestnut street, and at Schaefer & Koradi's Book Store, S. W. corner Fourth and Wood streets. no1-6t

NEW CHESTNUT STREET THEATRE.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Curtain rises at 7.45.
THIS EVENING.
ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION
OF
MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON,
MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON,
MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON,
Who will appear in Dion Boucicault's
ENTIRELY NEW VERSION OF
RIP VAN WINKLE.
NEVER BEFORE PERFORMED IN THIS CITY!
WITH NEW AND MAGNIFICENT SCENERY,
entitled
RIP VAN WINKLE.
RIP VAN WINKLE.
RIP VAN WINKLE.
OR THE
SLEEP FOR TWENTY YEARS.
The Play will be presented with
A MOST POWERFUL CAST.
The performance will conclude with
THE PIRATE'S LEGACY.
THE PIRATE'S LEGACY.
THE PIRATE'S LEGACY.

CITY MUSEUM THEATRE.
CALLOWHILL Street, below FIFTH.
Lessee.....Mr. J. K. MURPHY
Stage Manager.....
Business Agent.....ROBERT JONES
Treasurer.....J. C. McCORMICK
.....W. C. CANFIELD
The great Drama of the
LONE MAN OF THE OCEAN,
With New Scenery, Machinery, Properties, &c.
It will be presented
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, November 3, 1866,
With a splendid cast.
The performance will commence with the Farce of
MR. AND MRS. WHITE.
ON MONDAY—STUART ROBSON.
PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Dress Circle and Parquet.....50 cents.
Orchestra Chairs.....50 cents
Gallery.....15 cents
Private Boxes.....$3 and $5
Seats in Private Box.....75 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Curtain will rise precisely at quarter before 8.
The Box Office will be open daily from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M., where seats may be secured.

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MR. BOGUMIL DAWISON,
THE EMINENT GERMAN TRAGEDIAN,
Supported by the Whole Company of
THE NEW YORK STADT THEATRE,
Will appear on WEDNESDAY Evening, Nov. 7, 1866, as
SHYLOCK, in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.
On THURSDAY, Nov. 8 as HENRY, in
THE LORBEERBAUM AND BETTELSTAB.
On FRIDAY, Nov. 9, as
NARCISSE, in NARCISSE.
On SATURDAY, Nov. 10, as HANS JUERGE, in
HANS JUERGE oder die PERLENSCHNUR.
LEBRECHT FALKE,
HIPPOLIT FALKE, and
CHARLES FAUCON,
IN THE
UNGLUCKLICHEN.
On MONDAY, Nov. 12, as RICHARD, in
RICHARD III.
Reserved Seats can be secured on and after Monday, November 5th, at the Academy; at Wittig's Music Store, No. 1021 Chestnut street, and at Schaefer & Koradi's Book Store, S. W. corner Fourth and Wood streets. no3

MRS. JOHN DREW'S NEW ARCH STREET THEATRE.
Begins at 7½ o'clock.
THE WINNING SUIT A HIT.
CONTINUED SUCCESS. HOUSES FULL.
DOUBLE BILL FOR SATURDAY NIGHT.
LAST NIGHT OF MRS. JOHN DREW.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Nov. 3d, 1866,
Last night of the Romantic Play,
THE WINNING SUIT.
Sixth and last night of
WOMEN WILL TALK.
MRS. JOHN DREW IN BOTH PIECES,
Aided by the full Company.
MONDAY—MRS. DAN BRYANT.
HANDY ANDY AND IRISH EMIGRANT.
Seats secured six days in advance.

WALNUT STREET THEATRE. N. E. corner NINTH and WALNUT Sts. Commence at 7½.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Nov. 3, 1866,
EIGHTEENTH NIGHT OF EDWIN BOOTH,
Who will appear in his great impersonation of
RICHARD III.
In Shakespeare's Historical Tragedy, in five acts, of
OR, THE BATTLE OF BOSWORTH FIELD.
Mr. EDWIN BOOTH as.....RICHARD III
Mr. J. B. ROBERTS as.....HENRY VI
Mr. EASTON HILLS as.....EARL OF RICHMOND
To conclude with the Nautical Drama of
THE LOST SHIP.
MONDAY—EDWIN BOOTH as RICHELIEU.

NEW AMERICAN THEATRE.
THIS SATURDAY, Nov. 3d,
KATE FISHER and EL NINO EDDIE.
Matinee at 2 o'clock.
CATARACT OF THE GANGES.
Immense Saturday Night Bill. 1t

ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS.
SIGNOR BLITZ
will commence his
POPULAR ENTERTAINMENTS
ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17,
continuing every evening and
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.
NEW ILLUSIONS! MIRTH! MYSTERY!
VENTRILOQUISM! CAREFUL BIRDS!
Admission, 25 cents. Children, 15 cents. Reserved Seats, 10 cents.
Evenings begin at 7½ o'clock.
Afternoons at 3 o'clock. oc15-1m*

PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS.—On exhibition a superb collection of PICTURES, by modern artists of the French, German and Belgian Schools. Season Tickets, 25 cents. Catalogues, 10 cents. Open during the day. no1-3t*

"THE HOLY FAMILY"—an acknowledged masterpiece of Christian art—painted by C. Muller, of Dusseldorf, is one of the greatest attractions in the exhibition of modern Pictures at the PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS. no1-3t*

"THE TOMB OF CAECELIA METELLA," Rome. This magnificent Picture by Oswald Achenbach may be seen at the PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS. no1-3t*

"A GLIMPSE OF THE ANDES," painted by Church—a charming little gem, 4x6 inches, attracts much attention in the new collection of Pictures at the PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS, CHESTNUT street. no1-3t*

NEW ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE
ELEVENTH street, above CHESTNUT.
"THE FAMILY RESORT"
OPEN FOR THE SEASON
CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S MINSTRELS.
The Great Star Troupe of the World in their GRAND ETHIOPIAN SOIREES, SONGS, DANCES, NEW BURLESQUES, PLANTATION SCENES, &c.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commencing at 8 o'clock.
no28-8m J. L. CARNCROSS, Manager.

PENNSYLVANIA ACADEMY OF FINE ARTS.
CHESTNUT, above TENTH.
Open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Benjamin West's great Picture of CHRIST REJECTED still on exhibition. jo4tf

MEDICAL.

CHRONIC DISEASES TREATED
BY
MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.
DR. S. W. BECKWITH'S
ELECTRICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 1220 WALNUT STREET.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for disease, we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. IN NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF OR A PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All consultations free.

1. Epilepsy, Chorea, or St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, (Hemiplegia), Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.

2. Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hæmorrhoids or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.

3. Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma (when not caused by organic diseases of the heart), Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Pleurodynia, or Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.

4. Gravel, Diabetes, and Kidney Complaints, Impotence and Seminal Weakness. The latter complaints never fail to yield rapidly to this treatment.

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REFERENCES—Gen. A. J. Pleasanton, 916 Spruce st.; W. B. Smith, 1022 Hanover st.; Geo. Douglass, Fifth st. above Chestnut; W. Bradley, 68 North Fourth st.; Robert Work, 51 N. Third st.; Col. T. W. Sweeny, Walnut, below Eighth; Geo. Evans, Arch st. below Fifth; Mr. Pelouze, Third and Chestnut; Rd. McLane, all of this city. A. Pleasanton, St. Louis, Mo; Jacob Vandegrift, Odessa, Del.; E. A. Semple, Mount Holly, N. J., with very many others.

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Trains will leave Depot at Broad street and Washington avenue, at 11 P. M., (Saturdays excepted), arriving at Crisfield, Md., on the Chesapeake Bay at 7 A. M. thence by the New and Elegant
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PUBLIC SALE.
Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Montgomery county, the following
VALUABLE FARM,
late the property of George Reiff, deceased, will be sold at public sale, on Tuesday, the 6th day of November, 1866, on the premises. The farm contains about 104 acres of land, situate in Norriton township, adjoining the line of the Borough of Norristown, is bounded on three sides by public roads, fronting on the Dekalb street or New State road on the east, and on the Old State road on the west, and is within ten minutes' walk of the Norristown and Reading Railroad Depot. The improvements consist of a STONE DWELLING HOUSE, fronting on Swede street, large barn and other outbuildings, well with pump at the barn, and one of the very best springs of water at the house. The land is naturally of excellent quality, and is in a high state of cultivation, conveniently divided into fields and enclosed principally with new fencing. There is also a tenant house and barn, the latter sufficient to stable four or five horses, on the premises. This is one of the most desirable farms in Montgomery county. Its nearness to markets and the lines of public travel renders it valuable for farming purposes, and as it joins the borough lines and fronts largely on three streets, is especially adapted for town lots, country seats, &c.
The location is unsurpassed, and taken altogether the property is one which should command the attention of all those wishing to purchase. Persons wishing to view before the day of sale, will call on Jonas A. Reiff, corner of Swede and Airy streets, Norristown. $5,000 of the purchase money may remain secured upon the premises.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. Conditions made known by
CATHARINE REIFF,
H. D. EMETAD,
JONAS A. REIFF,
oc31 5t Administrators.
JACOB FISHER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTRIX'S SALE.—Under a Power in the Will of WILLIAM KING, deceased. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers. Very Desirable Four-story Brick RESIDENCE, No. 1625 GILBERT street, west of Sixteenth street. On TUESDAY, Nov. 13th, 1866, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, all that modern four-story brick messuage, with two-story back buildings and lot of ground, situate on the north side of Filbert street, west of Sixteenth street, No. 1625; containing in front on Filbert street 20 feet, and extending in depth 127 feet to Cuthbert street. It is well and substantially built, and in excellent repair; very commodious chambers; has the gas introduced; bath, hot and cold water, furnace, cooking range, &c.
Subject to an irredeemable ground rent of $110 a year.
Immediate possession. Keys at the Auction Store.
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TO BUILDERS AND DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE.
WEST PHILADELPHIA PROPERTY.
FOR SALE.
A Sheriff's Sale in Partition, on MONDAY, November 5th, 1866, at 4 o'clock P. M., at the Court of Common Pleas Room, a large tract of land, consisting of more than 30 acres, belonging to the Gray's Ferry estate. Bounded partly by Darby road, Woodlands street and Gray's Ferry road.
Plan and particulars at the office of EDWARD CHIPPEN, southeast corner of SIXTH and WALNUT streets. oc17 w,f,s-9t