INDIAN BLANKETS. Are they of Foreign or American Make An Interesting Discussion.

In the House of Representatives on Saturday, Mr. Burleigh, of Dakota made an elaborate address on the present management of Indian affairs in the Northwest. In the course of his address Mr. Burleigh strongly inveighed against the system of purchasing supplies of blankets for the Indians in Europe. He said:

Will some gentleman tell me what necessity there is for sending abroad for the large quantities of blankets, cloths, &c., for the use of our Indian tribes which are annually imported from England and paid for L gold? Are not American manufactured blankets and cloths good enough for Indian We have to-day, in our own Govern ment storehouses, going to waste, tens of thousands of blankets and hundreds of thousands of yards of cloth, all of which are manufactured in our own country for the use of our soldiers and sailors. Would it not be economy, sir, to use these articles now on hand rather than to import them from abroad and drain the gold out of the country to pay for them? Are not American-made blankets and cloths good enough for American In-dians to wear? Is not the clothing manufactured for our own brave soldiers good enough for savages? Where is the wisdom or economy of sending abroad for foreign fabrics to clothe a set of Indian chiefs, while the officers of our Army are supplied from American looms? Is there a broader margin in dealing with wholesale importing merchants than with American manufacturers? If there is not, why have the reformers who now have charge of our Indian affairs allowed this system to continue? a system which is so prejudicial to the interests of the country. Why, sir the "Bay State" blankets, which are manufactured in Massachusetts, are far superior to any English Mackinack blankets that were ever brought across the ocean, and much cheaper. I have recently seen a sample of blankets manufactured in Califorma which are superior to those imported for Indian use, at a cost of more than thirty cent. less in paper than the English per cent. less in pa blankets cost in gold.

The same is true of all the cloths imported for Indian use. One yard of blue cloth. which is manufactured here for the use of our Army and Navy at a cost of less than one half what the English sewed list cloth costs, is worth for actual use more than two yards of the imported article.

Mr. Kelly.—With the permission of the gentleman, I wish to ask him if he knows whether the department is now purchasing foreign or American blankets for the In

Mr. Burleigh.—If my information is correct, and I think it is, our Government has never supplied the Indians with any American blankets, unless when there was a short stock of foreign blankets in the market. I believe that it is the invariable cus-tom of the Indian department to import from England the blankets for the use of the

Mr. Kelley.—Does the gentlemen know whether the blankets supplied to the In-dians this year are of American or English

Mr. Burleigh.—I was told by a wholesale merchant in New York that he had the contract to furnish the blankets, and that he imported them from Europe. I was also told by another wholesale merchant that when he was in Europe he saw the manu-

factory where they were made. I have no other knowledge on the subject.

Mr. Kelley.—Well,I beg leave to say that when proposals for furnishing these blankets were advertised for, Mr. John Dobson, of Philadelphia, whose blankets enjoy a just pre-eminence in our markets, put in a bid or bids: that the contract was given to an-other; that Mr. Dobson exhibited to me copies of his bids and official statements of the bids on which the awards had been made, and demonstrated to me, as well as I could get at the result of his figures, that his had been the cheaper, and added that, as his object was to secure the Indian market for American manufacturers by producing a better than the foreign article, his blankets would all have been up to the standard. I know, toe, the fact Mr. Dobson makes blankets which were driving the best foreign blankets from our market by their superior excellence when our heavy war taxes gave English manufacturers advantages over him at his very doors.

What I assert is that he, with such mo-tives to furnish standard blankets, did not get the contract, and that the middle-man who did get it applied to him to make the

I know further that at the time he made that exhibit to me the party to whom the contract had been awarded was treating with him to make the blankets; and he said to me, "Of course I will have to make them at a little lower rates than I would have done had I got the contract direct, for he must have a profit, and the Indians will get the blankets by so much inferior to those I offered to make for the Government." The blankets being delivered now, if that contract was concluded, and I believe it was, are made in my district by Mr. John Dobson at the Falls of Schuylkill, and made inferior to what he would have delivered to the Government, because he is not bound to a Government standard, and gets an infe-rior price from the contractor who got the rior price from the contractor who got the contract over him. I put in one qualification to these assertions, which is, provided that contract was executed, for I have made no inquiry on the subject since then.

Mr. Burleigh—I will say, in reply to the gertleman from Pennsylvania that some months ago I received a letter from a whole-

sale merchant in New York, who said he saw the blankets being manufactured in England for our Indians.

Mr. Kelley—In what part of Europe are the falls of Schuylkill in the Twenty-first Ward of Philadelphia and Fourth District of Pennsylvania? [Laughter.]
Mr. Burleigh—I cannot say anything about that; it is not worth while.

I will say further, it was stated in that letter that a sample of those blankets had been sent to this country, and there was complaint that a large proportion of cotton entered into their manufacture. I am under the impression that the contractors have had these Indian blankets manufactured and imported from England. I think if the gentleman from Pennsylvania will intro-duce a resolution of inquiry into this House he will obtain that information from the Indian Bureau. I do not wish to do injus-tice to any one, but I still entertain the

opinion expressed in the first place.

Mr. Kelley—I will not say a resolution of inquiry will result in proving that some Indian blankets are made abroad, but I will say that such an inquiry will establish the facts I have asserted, that the contract was given for an inferior article at equal or higher rates to aman who went to a rejected bidder, John Dobson, of Philadelphia, and proposed to contract with him to manufac-ture the blankets of an inferior character and at an inferior rate so the contractor might make a profit out of his contract with the Government. Mr. Dobson's blanket fac-tories are at the Falls of the Schuylkill, Twenty-first Ward of Philadelphia. I do not think that is in Europe.

Mr. Allison—Mr. Speaker, I merely desire to know whether it is a crime in an officer of the Government to purchase foreign

manufactured goods?

Mr. Kelley—I do not say it is a crime to purchase foreign goods. I heard the gentleman from Dakota state that the blankets for the Indians were made in Europe. I thought it a pity that announcement should go to the country without qualification. purchase foreign goods. I heard the gentleman from Dakota state that the blankets for the Indians were made in Europe. I thought it a pity that announcement should go to the country without qualification. I will ask my friend whether he does not think it is a crime, though it may not be a statutory one; a crime against morals; a crime against the Indians; a crime against for safe keeping.

he Government, to give a contract to a poitical favorite at higher rates than another flered, and then to accept under that contractan inferior article made at an inferior price by one of the rejected biddera?

Mr. Allison—I will answer the inquiry of

the gentleman when he answers mine. I desire to know whether or not he insists a Government officer shall purchase articles of American manufacture exclusively.

Mr. Kelley—I have not made such an inimation. The question was not in point. I was only correcting the gentleman's statement in reference to these blankets being

made abroad. Mr. Ailison-I understand we walk daily upon a carpet purchased abroad by ope of our officers.

Mr. Kelley—That is true, and if we do not soon diminish our internal taxes and revise our tariff bill we will soon be walking in nothing but foreign made clothes, under foreign umbrellas, and in foreign-made Mr. Allison—I will say that if a public of-

ficer gives a political favorite a contract at a higher rate than that of another bidder, he does commit a crime, and ought to be punished. I do not understand the gentleman to say these blankets were taken at a higher rate than was bid by his friend. Mr. Kelley—I have not made the positive assertion that the blankets for this year were made by Mr. Dobson. What I say is that Mr. Dobson laid before me his bids and the report of lettings presented to him from the Indian office, and that his calculations and mine showed that his bid was lower

han that upon which the contract had been awarded. Mr. Burleigh—I would ask the gentleman if he knows that these blankers were man-ufactured in Philadelphia.

Mr. Kelley—I repeat again, the last time I was in Mr. Dobson's establishment he was about concluding a contract, and he said.
"Of course, I do not contract with the Government, and cannot make blankets of the quality I was ready to furnish to the Government. I was anxious to prove that I could excel in Mackinaw blankets, as I do in others, and would have done it; but I am about contracting with an individual for blankets of an inferior character at a less price, and the contractor with the Government will pocket the difference. The Government will not know me in the transac tion, or even knew that I make the blan

Mr. Burleigh—But still, sir, this system goes or, and will go on until there is a revolution in this whole concern. Untold mil-lions have been expended under our present miserably managed Indian system, and all without any important change in the condition of the Indian or benefit to the Government, but on the contrary, wrong, violence, and bloodshed have been the legitimate fruits of such a policy. Not one new idea has been developed nor a single practical result accomplished. "How to do it, and how not to do it," seems to be the standing order of the Indian institution.

The country which I have described as a nitable and paramanent location for the

suitable and permanent location for the Indians, is sufficiently large to support all the tribes north of the Arkansas and east of the Rocky mountains. It is well adapted to the wants of a large Indian population with an abundance of land suited to cultivation, and it is the great game region of the United States.

The removal and final settlement of our

Northwestern Indians in this proposed reservation would enable us to open the entire body of mineral lands east of the Rocky Mountains, relieve our overland emigration from Indian dangers and annoyances, and and an anoyances, and annoyances, and place the red men where they could live and die unmolested by the enterprise of the white man, and under the protecting arm of the Government. But I am satisfied that no such grand results will be realized so long as Congress contents itself with reading the reports of interested Secretaries and ing the reports of interested Secretaries and Commissioners—officers who would starve upon their salaries living as they do, but who thrive immeasurably upon the more questionable perquisites of their offices.

gentleman to explain what he means by speaking of interested Secretaries and other officers.

Mr. Burleigh—Well, sir, I do not desire to take the time now to discuss this matter, but I have information in my possession which if the gentleman desires it, I will lay before Congress, so that he can weigh and examine

it himself.

Mr. Wilson (Iowa)—It is simply for the purpose of understanding the matter. I suppose that the gentleman intended to onvey the idea that the Secretary and the head of the departments having control of of Indian affairs were interested in the con-

Mr. Burleigh-Perhaps not in this contract particularly; but it is generally understood that there are certain perquisites attached to the office of Secretary as well as

that of Commissioner.

Mr. Wilson (Iowa)—I do not intend to de fend any wrongful act committed by any member of this Government, but what I desire is, when the gentleman is dealing in charges of this kind, that he shall make them plain and specific. That is what I in-

sist upon.

Mr. Burleigh—If I can get a resolution adopted by the House I will endeavor to gratify the gentleman's curiosity before the

close of the session.

Mr. Wilson (Iowa)—It is not curiosity; merely ask the gentleman to so deal with his question when he connects these insinuations with public officers, as to allow us to understand just what he means to say. Mr. Burleigh—I mean just what I say. Mr. Wilson (Iowa)—Well, he has not said

very much; it is mere intimation, more by the way of innuendo than anything else, and I would like to have the gentleman make a Mr. Burleigh-I would rather not be in-

Mr. Kelley—I desire to say that in all the intercourse I had with the party to whom I have referred about blankets that was nothing that led me to suppose for one mo-ment that the Secretary of the Interior had ment that the Secretary of the Interior had any cognizance of the transactions that were going on. The allegations were made against the officer of the Indian Bureau, who had the duty of contracting for Army blankets. And if, from any remarks I have made, the inference is drawn that I know any reason why I should symmetrically any reason why I should sympathize with the reflections upon the Secretary of the In-terior just indulged in by the gentleman from Dakota, I beg leave to dispel it. There was nothing that came to my knowledge that in any way reflected upon him.
[Here the hammer fell.]

HIDDEN TREASURE BROUGHT TO LIGHT. The Dyesburg (Tenn.) Gazette of the 29th ult. says: A short time before our civil war threw its lurid light over the land, an unmarried man moved from Mississippi to this county, and settled at a place a few miles from Dyersburg and commenced the quiet from Dyersburg and commenced the quiet but prosperous life of a farmer. When a call was made for troops he abandoned his occupa ion and enlisted as a soldier in the Confederate army, and was killed in one of the battles in Mississippi. Being almost an entire stranger in the county, nothing was known of his family affairs. At the close of of the war his place was cultivated by a Mr. Wilson. A short time since, during the cold Wilson. A short time since, during the cold weather, a negro of Capt. Hall's went on the place to cut a "back log," which he did. On placing it on the fire he remarked that it was the heaviest log for its size he ever lifted. The fire burned brightly and merrily and in

CITY COUNCILS

A stated meeting was held yesterday afternoon.

SELECT BRANCH. A communication was received from the Directors of Girard Collece, through Mr. Freemen, asking the sanction of Councils for the reception of an increased number of

A communication from the First Presby-A communication from the First Fresby-terian Church of Philadelphia, tendering for sale their church property in Cherry, below Eleventh street, for school purposes, at a low figure, and upon terms of decided accommodation, was also presented.

A note was received from John Welch,

Esq., President of the Commission for the erection of a free bridge over the Schuylkill at South street. It conveyed the act of Assembly relative to the subject, together with an opinion by the City Solicitor concerning the powers and the duties of the Commissional College of the C The City Solicitor's opinion is to the effect that the law seems to be conflicting inasmuch as the Commission is compelled to commence the bridge in one year from April 5, 1866, and the City Councils have until July 1st, 1867, in which to take the necessary action. Councils may possibly desire to contest the law, or may desire themselves to enter into contract for the bridge In the latter case the duties of the Commission will at once cease.

The communication was referred to the Committee on Surveys.

An invitation to attend the inauguration of the Soldiers' Home was accepted.

Mr. Gray submitted the following:

Resolved, That the thanks of the city of

Philadelphia are hereby tendered to the Representatives thereof in the United States House of Representatives—Hons. Samuel J. Randall, Charies O'Neill, Leonard Myers, William D.Kelley and M. Russell Thayeror the untiring zeal with which they have urged the acceptance by the government of the gift of League Island as a site for a naval depot, and for the distinguished ability they have displayed in confronting objections and advocating the interests of the State and of the octy in this behalf.

Resolved, That to the representatives in Congress from the State of Pennsylvania, who so steadfastly adhered to the claims of their commercial metropolis in this strug-gle, we return the heartfelt acknowledgents of this community, and trust that the

State and the city may always be found thus mutually dependent.

Resolved. That to the disinterested men of all parties in the national House of Representatives who have at last succeeded in assing the League Island bill by so decisive a majority, we owe our sincere grati-tude, and would express it more at length were we not aware that they have acted solely for the good of the public service, and with no eye to local interests, however much the latter may be benefited in the

Resolved. That we look to the national Senate with confidence and respect for an early greement with the action of the House of Representatives in this matter, pursuant to the wishes of the Navy Department, so often expressed by our present able Secretary, the Hon. Gideon Welles, in his official reports, in order that the Philadelphia Navy Yard, now so narrow, cramped, inconvenient and inadequate to the demands made upon it, may be removed to a capacious and admi-rably situated ground suited to the pro-gress of the national service and of the re-

Resolved. That to Secretary Welles we owe a final tribute for his unwavering advocacy of the acceptance of League Island for an iron-clad naval depot, against the violent and unremitting hostility of his own State, Connecticut; and that we are sure we could wish him no greater triumph or satisfaction than that he may be able soon to behold League Island the vast naval depot he intended it to be; in doing which he will leave the nation in possession of a perfectly secure centre of naval preparations, whence the most powerful naval armaments may at any time be fitted out with less cost and loss of

seaboard. Colonel Page very heartily endorsed these resolutions.

resolutions.

The resolutions were adopted.

Mr. Van Cleve, chairman of the Special Committee on reception of the State flags, reported an ordinance appropriating \$10,000 to defray the expenses of the occasion.

A list of police appointments, recently made by Mayor McMichael, were confirmed.

Mr. Gray, of the Special Committee on the Improvement of Broad street, reported an ordinance dedicating, for a public drive, the whole of Broad street, from the Delawars to

whole of Broad street, from the Delaware to Washington street, and from Willow to Fisher's Lane, the intervening space to be devoted to the same purpose three years hence when the railroad tracks are removed, he whole to be paved or macadamized at the whole to be paven or macananized at the expense of the owners of the property, the intersections only excepted. Passed. Mr. Spering, of the Committee on City Property, reported a resolution approving of the action of the committee in awarding a contract for a dry stone wall at Fairmount

Water Works. Adopted.

The bill to compel city railroad lines to use fenders upon their cars to prevent accidents to life and limb, that was reported at the last meeting, came up as the special or

der of the day.

Or. Kamerly couldn't see that the Chamber had any legal right to legislate in this matter. Show to these railway companies any specific means to prevent persons on their track from being run over, and they will doubtless employ them. But the city has no right to compel the railroad compa nies to adopt any particular man's patent invention, when they see no advantge in it. The speaker moved that the bill be indefi-

Mr. Freeman argued that the bill was impracticable. He couldn't see the fairness of forcing expenses upon railroad companies that are not imposed upon ordinary owners of vehicles. Because some parties are careless, it was not fair to coerce everybody into an expense that was not necessary.

The motion indefinitely to postpone was agreed to by a vote of 15 to 6. Mr. Hodgson presented a communication from the Trustees of the City Ice Boat, stating that they have contracted with Messrs, Cramp & Sons for the building of a new iron "city ice boat," to cost \$92,000 and to be ready for use by December 1st. They ask that a loan of \$100,000 may be authorized to pay for the new boat.

Referred to the Finance committee.

The Common Council bill approving the sureties of J. W. Colladay, contractor, for building the new court-house was concurred in.

The ordinance to appropriate \$1,075,000 to liquidate the interest upon the debt of the city, that falls due July 1st, was concurred in.
Colonel Page moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill to regulate the wharf line on Windmill Island was postponed indefinitely. Lost by a vote of 18 to 3.

A number of Common Council bills were

concurred in, including the one to adjourn on July 12th to the second Thursday in September. Adjourned. COMMON BRANCH.

Mr. Marcer presented a petition from redents on Broad street and the adjacent parallel streets north of Girard avenue, complaining of the great scarcity of water at all seasons, and particularly during the summer, the supply failing entirely during the daytime. The petitioners, numbering several hundred, asked that a 20 in. main be laid in Columbia avenue, connecting with a 30 in. main on Broad street, and branching by 6 in. pipes through all the streets running north and south.

Mr. Marcer, of the Finance Committee. offered an ordinance to appropriate \$1,075,-000 to pay the interest on the funded debt of the city falling due on the first of July.

Passed.
Also, an ordinance to approve the securities of T.W.Colladay, the contractor for the

new court house, the bonds amounting to

\$15,000. Passed. Mr. Billington, chairman of the Committee on Police, an ordinance to authorize the enclosure of all vacant lots within the limits of the city, provided there shall be no expense incurred by the city.

Mr. Billington called up the ordinance in reference to the exchange of school lets in

the Eleventh Ward. Passed. Mr. Griffiths, chairman of the Committee on Fires and Trusts, reported an ordinance to ring the State House bell at all fires, and to appropriate the amount of the salaries of

the auditional bell-ringers required.

Mr. Hancock opposed. He said the daily ringing of the bell is not necessary. The expense need not be incurred. The police and fire alarm telegraph was instituted to give alarms of fires, and it answers better than

the ringing of the bell.

The bill was lost—yeas 11, nays 20,
The new Police District bill came up.
Mr. Marcer offered a substitute to the bill, fixing the boundaries of the

1st District-The territory south of South

street, between the Delaware river and Sixth

treet, the station at Southwark Hall, 2d District—The territory south of South street, west of Sixth street, and east of Broad, the station at Movamensing Hall, 17th District—The territory south of South street, between Broad street and the Schuylkill, the station house being at Twentieth

and Fitzwater. A motion to recommit the entire business to the Committee on Police was lost.

Mr. Marcer's substitute was lost.
It provides that the First district shall be the territory south of South street, between Broad street and the Schuylkill; station at Twentieth and Fitzwater streets. The Second district shall be the territory south of South street, east of Sixth street; station at the Southwark Hall. The Seventeenth district shall be the territory south of South street, between Sixth and Broad streets; station at Moyamensing Hall. The bill appropriates \$475 to pay the difference of salaries between police officers and a lieutenant and two sergeants to be appointed for the new district. The Select Council ordinance to appro-

priate \$10,000 for expenses to be incurred in the reception of the State flags was called up. Mr. Fox resisted the appropriation. He stated that the Chamber had already passed a limitation on the expenditures on that oc-casion, restricting the appropriation to \$1.000. Above this the Chamber should not go. The reception is not to be a city celebration. It is entirely in the hands of the Legislature. At first the Committee of the Legislature would not admit the Committee Councils. When the Legislative Committee, however, found that they wanted so much money, they concluded to allow the Councils to come into the arrangements for the reception, and pay the expenses of the same. The Legislature appropriated the

necessary expenses. What is to be done with that money. Mr. Willetts said that he did not know where Mr. Fox was drifting. When the committee of the Legislature was appointed they knew no more what it would cost than the committee of Councils knew when they were specified. Governor Curtin, from whom the project for the return of the bat-tle-flags of the Pennsylvania regiments originated, desired that at this, probably the last great celebration growing out of the war, the orphans and the widows of the soldiers who fell in battleshould be present. To collect, transport and feed on their way here will absorb the legislative appropriation. To feed them while here Philadelphia must furnish the appropriation. The money must be expended. There is no item that is not specified. If the fire-works can be dispensed with, leave them out. But in New York and Boston there are annually \$15,000 or \$20,000 expended for fireworks.

and this is a great special occasion.

Mr. Hetzel moved to postpone it for one week and make it the special order of the day at 4 o'clock. Lost. Mr. Dillon moved to reduce the appropriation to \$5,000. Lost.

The appropriation was concurred in.

The resolutions of thanks to the Secretary of the Navy, and to our representatives in Congress for the passage of the League Island bill were concurred in.
Select Council met the Common Chamber in joint convention and elected by acclama-tion the following officers;

tion the following officers;
Police Magistrates—Ist district, Samuel
Lutz; 2d do. Joseph C. Tittermary; 3d do.,
Wm. H. Butler; 4th do., Lewis Godbou; 5th
do., John Swift; 6th do., Samuel P. Jones,
Jr.; 7th do., Wm. S. Toland; 8th do., Jacob
R. Massey; 9th do., Robert Hutchinson;
10th do., Adam H. Shoemaker; 11th do.,
John Clouds; 12th do., Edward S. Fitch;
13th do. Oliver I. Remedell; 1th de. Po. 13th do., Oliver L. Ramsdell; 14th do bert Thomas; 15th do., Thomas J. Holme; 16th do., James Allen; 17th do., Jesse Bon-

Guardian of the Poor—Samuel Moore, Member of the Board of Health-Wm. P. The ordinance to erect a dry wall at Fair-

mount was concurred in.
Select Council bills were considered until he hour of adjournment.

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Commissioner of Deeds for all the States, my8-3m] GEFMANTOWN RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO RENT-Beautifully and conveniently aituated, within two minutes walk of Church Lant Station. A commodious and elegant RESIDENCE with all the modern conveniences; stable, coach-house dc. Lot 180x123. Apply between 10 and 2, at 38 North THIRD street. [mbl4 tf2] W. P. WILSTACH. THIRD street [mbl4 II] W. F. WILGIACH.

GERMANTOWN—FOR SALE—A handsome
double pointed stone residence, bullt in the best
manner and having every city convenience, situate on
Chew street between hoemaker's and Church lanes.
Lot 183 feet front by 240 feet deep, with stone stable
and carriage bouse. Immediate possession given. J.
M. GUMMEY & SONS, 548 Walnutstreet.

GERMANTOWN-FOR SALE—A handsome Double Stone Residence, with stable and carriage house and large lot of ground, situate within four minutes walk from the railroad depot. Has every city convenience, and is in perfect order. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 5:8 Walnut street.

FOR SALE.—A handsome three-story modern brick Residence, with attics, three-story double back buildings and side yard, situate on Nineteenth street, above Arch. Is finished throughout in a superior manner and is in perfect order. J. M. GUMMEY & EONS, 503 Wainut street.

FOR SALE.—A four-story brick Dwelling, with double three-story back buildings, situate on the west side of Nineteenth street above Arch; has every modern improvement, and is in perfect order. Lot 25 feet front by 103 feet deep. Immediate possession given. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 503 Wainut street. FORSALE—A BROWN-TONE DWELLING, with all the modern improvements, on Forty-tecond street, north of Eingsessing avenue, Immediate possession. Apply to C. H. CHEVNEY

C. H. CHEYNEY, No. 608 Arch street. FOR SALE—The modern three-story brick RESIDENCE. with double back-buildings, finished throughout in the best manner, with every convenience, and in perfect order. Situate No. 2202 PINE street. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 503 Walnut street.

FOR SALE.—A large four-story brown stone BUILDING, & feet front, with steam power, and admirably adapted for Mechanical purposes; c-nurally located. Full particulars furnished by J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 113 Walnut street. FOR SALE.—The dwelling. No. 521 South Ninth
street, with three-story double back buildings.
containing all the modern conveniences. Built expressly for the present owner. Terms easy. Apply at
No. 519 South NINTH street. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—18 acres of Valuable Timber and Farm Land in Luzerne county, Pa. Also, 200 acres of land near Lock Haven, Clinton county, Pa. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 508 Walnut street.

MET & SONS, 508 Walnut street.

CAPE ISLAND—DESTRABLE DOUBLE COTLET TAGE TO LET, with 11 rooms. Plenty of shade,
excellent water, goed cellar, fine view of the ocean
For further particulars inquire at McCALLA'S New
Hat Store, 613 Chesthut street.

TO LET—THREE STORY HOUSE, double back
buildings. All modern conveniences. For location, &c., inquire of W. W. FISHER, 41 North Tenth
street.

jei3 tf

FOR SALE OB RENT.—The three story brick dwelling, situate No. 609 South Tenth street; has every convenience and has recently been thoroughly repaired. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 508 Walnutstreet. TO LET-SUPERIOR DWELLING, with side yare, 1708 Mount Vernon street. B. F. GLENN, southwest corner Seventeenth and Green. jel4 3t* TO RENT-FIRST FLOOR AND CELLAR OF A large store on FRONT Street, between Market and Chestnut. Immediate possession. Apply at 28 South FRONT Street. TO RENT.—Three, and four stories New Store No.
131 MARKET street, 12 and 122 CHURCH street,
extending 160 feet. Best light in the city. Very desirable for manufacturing business. Apply at once,
jel3-19t* GEORGEOGDEN & CO. JELEBUS GEORGE & CO.

[YO BE LET-SECOND, THIRD, FOURTH AND
FIFTH FLOORS, SES Walnut street, suitable for
officer or any light business. Apply to J. H. CURTIS
a SON, Real Estate Brokers, SES Walnut street.

TO BE LET.—Third and fourth floors with theoffice en first floor: also, part of a large cellar, No. 16 South Front street. Apply to J. H. CUBSIS & SON, Real Estate Brokers, 438 Walnut street. TO BE LET.—FOURTH AND FIFTH FLOORS, 100
South SECOND street. Apply to J. H. CURTIE &
SON, Real Estate Brokers, 432 WALNUT street. THE FINE ARTS

S. ROBINSON,

910 CHESINUT STREET.

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J. RICHARDSON.

CLEANER AND RESTORER

Takes this opportunity of thanking his former patrons for their liberal patronsee, and respectfully requests a continuance of the same, at his new Rooms, 1029 Chestaut street, adjoining the Academy of Fine Arts. He refers to the President and members of the Pennols ever of the city and neighborhood A choice collection of Paintings always on hand, myls withing

THE PICK-NIC PARTY,
A Group of Little Chickens.
After an Oil Painting by
A.F. TAIT.
This Chrome is the most popular picture of theseason, and is so perfect a fac-simille of the excellent original, that is requires a practised eye to detect a difference.

Put un in Palished Walter.

Put up in Polished Walnut Frames. Size, 10x14. 47 25. STARTLING MIRACLE—INVISIBLE PHOTO-GRAPHS, 4 in a pack for 25 cents. Sent by mail everywhere, on receipt of price. Liberal discount to the trade. Send your orders to

rade. Send your orders to

G. W. PITCHER,

808 Chestnut street. Philad-Iphia,
jei2,5t Dealer in Pictures, Frames, Photographs, do

SPECIAL NOTICES. DIVIDEND.—The Directors of the DALZELL A DIVIDEND.—The Directors of the DALZELL A DIVIDEND OF THE PER CENT. On the Capital Stock. clear of State tax psyable on and after the 21st lists, at the Office of the Company, No. 21s Walnut street.

Tansfer books will close 15th linst, and reopen 23d linst, proper CHAS, H. REEVES, je14, t024

jeii.to24 Secretary.

NOTICE—An Adjourned Meeting of the Stockbolders of the SUGAR-REEK OLL COMPANY, will be held on MONDAY. June 18th, 1866. at 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 217 South THIRD street. Election for Seven Directors to serve for ensuing year. Polls open at 11 A. M. and close at 2 P. M. S. HENRY NORRIS, jeii-m,w.f.312 Secretary.

Secretary.

OHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL

COMPANY. — DIVIDEND NOTICE.—At a
general meeting of the Stock and Loanholders of this
company, held on the 4th inst. a Dividend of THREE
FER CENT, (8 00 per share) on the Capital Stock of
the Company was declared, clear of United States Tax,
payable on demand.

H. V. LESLEY,
Secretary. OFFICE OF THE RIG MOUNTAIN IMPROVEMENT CUMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER SHARE, on the Capital Stock of the Company, clear of State tex, pay able on and after the 22d instant, at the office No. 320 Walnut street.

No. 320 Walnut street.
The Transfer Books will be closed on the 12th inst.,
and reopened on Wednesday, the 20th inst.
jel3-9ti S. WILCOX, Treasurer. and reopened on weonesday, the zuin inst.

jei3-9ty

S. WILCOX, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA JUNE 1, 1886—CAUTION
All persons are forbid negotiating the following
Stock: Nos. 829, 1199, 1255 and 1,230, of the CUINTON
COAL AND I HON CUMPANY; No. 244, of the VENANGO O.L. COMPANY; No. 557 and 743, of the
CONNECTICUT MINING CO.: Nos. 99 and 91, of the
SHERIDAN OIL CO. of CHERRY RUN, and a re-selpt
for two hundred Shares of the COITEER FARM OIL
CO. stock, No. 595, in my name, as the same was
stolen from me on the evening of May 31, 1856—reissue of the said Stock having been applied for
je2,241*

WILLIAM REUSS.

issue of the said Steck having been applied for Je2,24th WILLIAM REUSS.

NOTICE—The undersigned Corporators named in the Act of Assembly, entitl. d'An Act to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal Company," approve d the first day of May, A. D. 1866. will open books and receive subscriptions to the capital stocs of said company at the places and times following;
PHILADELPHIA, at Room No. 23, Merchanta' Exchange, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 25th day of June, 1886.

HARRISBURG, at the Lochiel House, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 10th day of July, 1886.

HUNTINGDON, at the Morrison House, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 18th day of July, 1886.

L. T. Wattson, A. M. on the 18th day of July, 1886.

L. T. Wattson, Alex. M. Lloyd, John A. Lemon, David Blair, F. F. Wireman, Geo. B. Roberts, James Burns, John Scott, John N. Swope, J. J. Patterson, Mys. Davis, Jr. 1925-19262

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADEL-PHIA.—JOHN PUCKLEWARTZ VS. MARY PUGKLEWARTZ VS. MARY PUGKLEWARTZ J. Due Term, 1853. * 0. 17.—In Divorce. MADAM: Please notice that depositions of witnesses on the part of the Libellant in above case will be taken before JOHN A. WOLBERT, Esq., Examiner, on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1866, at 10 o'cloca, A. M., sthis office, 121 South Seventh street in the city of Philadelphia, where you may attend it you think proper.

GEORGE H. EARLE, Atty for Libellant, 191, 151;

TO MARY PUCKLEWARTZ, RESPONDENT.

Jel. Bil George H. Eachleast Juli Hostings.

IN the Orphans' Court for the Ciry and Curty of Philadelphia. State of Adelle M. Stine a minor.—The Auditor appointed by the Court to and the settle and adjust the account of Augustus L. Kaub, Guardian of Adelle M. Stine, a minor, and one of the three children of Daniel Stine, and one of the three children of Daniel Stine, deceased and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the partie interested for the purposes of his appointment, or Monday, the Stinesy of June A. Diese, at eleven o'clock a. M., at his office, No. 21 South Fifth street, in the city of Philadelphia.

JOSEPH A. CLAY, Auditor.

Jeli-w.f.m.51*

Auditor.

In the Orphans' Court for the City and County of Philadelphia—Extate of Ellen J. Richards, dec'd. The auditor appointed by the Court to arout, settle and adjust the account of CHARLES W. FINK. Executor of the last Will and fest ment of Ellen J. Richards, deceased and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, June 18th. 1868 at 40 clock P. M., at his Office, No. 423 WALNUT atreet, in the City of Philadelphia

Jes-w.f.msti J. Austin Spencer, and the City of Philadelphia

Jes-w.f.msti J. Austin Spencer, and Court of the City of Philadelphia

Jes-w.f.msti J. Austin Spencer, and Court of the City of Philadelphia Court of the City of t JEG-W.f. M512

J. AUSTIN SPENCER, Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY
AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Estate
of JOHN McCANN—The Auditor appointed by the
Court to audit, set le and adjust the account of Chas.
Mckeone, Executor of the Estate of John McCann,
deceased, and to report distribution of the Balance in
the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on
WEDNESDAY, June 20th, A. D., 1868, at 110-clock
A. M., at Office of J. B. COLLAHAN, No. 524 Walnut
street, in the city of Philadelphia.

JEG-LIM, W 512

JE street, in the city of Philadelphia. jes-f,m,w 5t2

IN THE ORPHANS' OOURT FOR THE CITY
AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—Estate of
JOHN M. ZOLL, decreased.—The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle and adjust the
account of George J. Link and Edward Zoll, Adminstarts of the Estate of said decedent, and to report
distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on FRIDAY, the 2d day
of June. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., at his office, No. 213
Soulh Sixth street, in the city of Philadelphia.

ju8-f.m.w.5t*

Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND
COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Estate of
EDWARD KELLY deceased—The Auditor appointed
by the Court to andit, settle and adjust the account
(filed by Emily A. McCormicb, executrix of Thomas B.
McCormich, deceased), of Thomas B. McCormich, executrix of Thomas B.
McCormich deceased), of Thomas B. McCormich, executor of the estate of Edward Kelly, deceased, and
to report distribution of the balance in the hands of
the accountant, will meet the parties interested for
the purposes of his appointment, on TUESDAY,
June, 18th, 1868, at 11 o'clock, a. M. at office of J. B.
COLLAHAN, 224 Wainut street, in the city of Philadelphia.

THOMAS COURAN,
Auditor.

lelphia. jes-f,m,w,5t? JES-f,m,w,5t?

Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADRIPHIA. FSIATE OF SARAH W. TWELLS, decessed. The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle and adjust the accum of GUSTAVUS ENGLISH and WM. ROTCH WISTER, Executors of the last will of the said deceepent, and to report di tribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on THUREDAY. June 21, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., at his off-ce No. 213 South Sixth Street, in the City of rhiladelphia LEWIS C. CASSIDY, jes f,m.w,5t* Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND

office No 213 South Sixth street, in the City of 'rhiladelphia jes' f,m.w,5t*

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND I COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—Estate of JOHN W CCANLES, deceased.—The suditor appointed by the Court to and it settle and adjust the account of HENRY D. MCORE and GEONGE P. MCLEAN, Executors of the last will of the said decedent, and to report distribution of the balance in the hards of the accountant, will meet the farties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on WEDNESDA'). June 20 1865, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at his office, No. 218 South Sixth street, in the city of Philadelphia.

Jes-f,m.w,5t*

LEWIS C. CASSIDY, Auditor.

I STATE OF WILLIAM S. HALLOWEILL dec'd.—Letters Testamentary on the Estate of said decedent having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills for the city and county of Philadelphia, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims will present the same, without delay. 10

SAMUEL S. SCATTERGOOD, Executor.

Or his Attorney, CHARLES M. WAGNER.

Phila., June 5, 1866.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY I AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—Estate of WILLIAM T. MASON, decased. The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit. settle and adjust she account of WILLIAM T. MASON, decased. The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit. settle and adjust the balance in the hends of the Accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, June 25th, 1866, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at his office, No. 250 North Fifth street, in the City of Philadelphia.

Jels-w,f,m,5t*

Auditor.

NOTICE—All persons indebted to the estate of LYMAN BARE* decased, will please make

Jeils-w,f,m,5t*

Auditor.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of LYMAN BARE* decrazed, will please make payment, and those having claims present them to the subscriber for settlement, to whom letters testamentary have been granted. MOSES BAKER, No. 617 SPRING GARDEN street, Ex'r. my25-f,6t*M

WANTS.

POSE LEAVES WANTED—Highest cash prices to given for fresh Rose Leaves, by CHARLES ELLIS SON & CO. Wholesale Druggists, corner Seventh and Market streets. Jelistom

BRICK CLAY LOT WANTED—A large lot of good Clay on lease in or convenient to the city. No one need apply who has not a large body of good clay, address, CLAY, Bulletin Office. MRS BRUSH, WRITING AND LITERARY
AGENCY.—Copying done rapidly, advertisements written, business letters answered promptly
and confidentially Writing of all kinds attended to
at the shortest notice. Literary matters will receive
expectal attention. No. 258 South Ninth street, Fhiladelphis. Refer to D. Appleton & Oo., 413 and 448
Broadway, New York. Breadway, New York. Jetter AGENTS WANTED FOR "CAMPAIGNS OF A THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC." By William Swinton. The Standard History of the "Grand Army." The greatest work on the War. Universally endorsed by army officers and the press. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address "National Publishing Co.," SW Minor street Philadelphia. Pa. my30 lm*

BOARDING.

A GENTLEMAN and LADY can obtain first-class BOARDING, with elegant rooms, beautifully located by applying at 1704 RACE street. References required. required. jel2-st*

THE HANDSOME RESIDENCE, S. s. corner of
Epruce and Eighth streets, has been opened for the
reception of boarders. Rooms single and suites, and
with or without private table. jel2-im*

J. MARTIN BREWER, 24, 26, 28 and 30 South Sixth St., Philad's Fine Old Stock & Nut-Brown Ales, Expressly for Family and Medici