# Paily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

VOLUME XX.---NO. 54.

PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1866.

DOUBLE EHEET, THREE CENTS

#### EVENING BULLETIN. FUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(Sundays excepted) at THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING, 207 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. BY THE

Evening Bulletin Association," GIBROW PEACOCK, ERNEST C. WALLACE.
P. L. FETHERSTON, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON
GASPER SOUDER, Jr., FRANCIS WELLS. The BULLETIM is served to subscribers in the city at an entire per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8.00 per

# MARRIED.

HOAG—BOYD.—At Pittsburgh, June 5th, by Rev. L. E. Swift, James Hosg, Jr., and Mollie E., eldest sughter of Wm. Boyd, Esq.

# DIED.

DORSEY.—On the morning of the 7th inst., John Dorsey, formerly of Somerset county, Md., in the W. Dorsey, formerly, of Somerset country, man, in 1985. The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Typographical Society, are respectfully invited to attend his inneral, from the residence of his father-in-law. Wm. H. Morgan, No. 142 North Ninth Street, on Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, interment at Odd Fellows' Cemetery. [Baltimore and Marvland papers please copy.] [aryland papers please copy.]
GLOSE —On the 8th inst., Eliza, wife of Adolph

Maryland papers please copy.]

GLOSE—On the 8th inst., Kliza, wife of Adoph GLOSE—On the 8th inst., at 12th invited to attend the fineral, from the residence of her husband, No. 14. North Seventh street on Monday, the lith inst., at 20 clock, without further notice \*

LUITZ.—Suddenly,on the 7th inst., Lieutenant George Knowles Luiz, in the 24th year of his age, son of the late Jaceb D., and Hettie Luiz, and late Quariermaster of the 6lst Penna. Volunteers.

His relatives and friends, and the members of his Regiment, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, from the residence of W. H. Rhawn, Frankford, on Monday, the lith inst., at 3 o'clock. To proceed to Cedar Hill Cemetary. \*

STRACHAN.—June 8th, in Lancaster Pa., Robert Strachan, aged 8l years, 8 mouths and 25 days.

WOLLPLER.—On the evening of the 5th inst., Mary, relict of the late David Woelpper, in her 85th year.

The relatives and friends of the family and invited to attend the inneral, from her late residence. No. 322 Frankin Street, on Saturday afternoon, the 9th inst., st 3 o'clock. To proceed to Lauret Hill.

YEA 1 ES.—June 7th, in Lancaster, Pa., Miss Catharine Yeates, in the 83d year of her age.

The following action was taken by the Board of tees of Old Pine Street Church, in view of the Whereas, In the mysterious providence of Almighty

God, it has pleased Him to remove our late President, Capt. Wilmon Whilldin, by death. Therefore, Resolved. That this Board of Trustees, in the death of our late President, has sustained an irreparable loss. One so enceared to us by his genial bearing and ready charity; whose presence always contributed to our enjoyment: whose heart and purse were always oper to every just claim, and whose long presence in this body has endeared him as a brother, cannot be separated from us without deep and painful emotions.

\*\*Resolved, Secondly, That this Board of Trustees will to-morrow, attend his funeral in a body, to testify our respect for our late President and our sympathy with his family in their terrible loss.

S. T. ELDRIDGE, Secretary. PHYLADELPHIA, May 25, 1866.

At a special meeting of the Frankford Base Ball Club, held this evening the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, in view of the sudden death of Lieut George K. Lutz.

WHEREAS, By an inscrutable dispensation of Almighty God, He has been pleased to take from our midst, by death, our beloved Secretary, Lieutenant GEORGE KNOWLES LUTZ, which has created in us a deep recling of gloom and sorrow. Therefore, Ecolved. That this Club has sustained in the death of our late Secretary and member of our First Nine, an irreparable loss; and whilst. we reverently bow in submission to the will of God, we deeply lament the removal of one who was endeared to us by his past removal of one who was enceared to us by his part services in the cause of our country, and by his modest worth, and whose amiable and manly qualities had gained the respect and affectionate regard, not only of the members of the Club, but of this community. Resolved, That we tender to the tamily of our de-ceased brother, our heartfelt sympathy, in this their hour of trial and bereavement and that this Club will further testify their sympathy for the family and our in a body.

\*\*Resolved.\*\* That all field practice be suspended until the 16th inst., and that all matches be postponed for chirty days.

\*\*J. EMORY BRYAN, Frankford June 8, 1866.

\*\*Secretary protein.

EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch streets, have Buff Linens, for Ladles' suits.
Pongees, light shades, for do.
Crape Eugenlas, for do.
Pearl-colored Mohair, for do.
Light Lenos, new goods.

CUNDOWNS AND YACHT HATS FOR LADIES In great variety, AT

THEO. H. McCALLA'S

Old established Hat and Cap Emporium, 2014 Chestout street.

# RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

NORTH PRESEYTERIAN UNUNUM
Sixth street, above Green, Rev. Robert W
Henry, D. D., Pastor.—Services to morrow morning
at 10% o'clock. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper afternoon at 3% o'clock. Prayer Meeting evening, at 7%
o'clock. o'clock.

WEST ARCH STREET PRESBYTERIAN
Church corner of highteenta street.—Preaching at 10½ A.M., by Rev Dr. hdwards, late Pastor.
Communion services at 3½ P. M. Preparatory services this evening at 8 o'clock. MARKET SQUARE PRESBYTERIAN

MARKET SQUARE PRESBYTERIAN

D., of Newark, N. J., will preach in this church, tomorrow (Sunday) morning. Services at 10% o'clock,

A. M.

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Eighteenth and Green. The Pastor, Rev. Edward Hawes, will preach to-morrow at 10½ A. M. Sabbath School concert of Prayer at 7½ P. M. Addresses by the Pastor and Ex-Governor Pollock. 11\*

CARMEL CHAPEL. Broad, corner of Oxford streets. Presching To morrow by Rev. Edwin H. Nevin. Services at 10% A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School 2% P. M. THIRD REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, Tenth and Filbert streets Rev. W. J. R. Tay-lor, D.D., of New York, will preach To-morrow, Ser-vice at 19% o'clock A. M. and 4 o'cl. ck. P. M. SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, sevening enth street, below Arch.—The pastor, E. R. Beadle, will preach to morrow morning and evening. Service at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN OHUBOH, N. L.,
Buttonwood, below Sixth street. Preaching by
the Pastor, Rev. T. J. Shepherd, To-morrow, at 1874 A. M. and 7% P. M. A. M., and 74 P. M.

THE REV. W. W. NEWELL (Unitarian)
will preach at Langstroth's Hall, Germantown
to-morrow, at 14% o'clock A. M. and 8 o'clock P. M.

#### CHURCH OF NEW TESTA MENT, Eleventh and Wood streets. Rev. Mr. Milby, 3½ P.M. 1\* SPECIAL NOTICES.

## PARDEE SCIENTIFIC COURSE LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

In addition to the general Course of Instruction in this Department, designed to lay a substantial basis of knowledge and scholarly culture, students can pursue those branches which are essentially practical and technical, vis.; ENGINEERING, Civil, Topographical and Mechanical; MINING and METALLURGY; ARCHITECTURE; and the application of Onemistry to AGRICULTURE and the ARTS. There is also afforded an opportunity for special soudy of TRADE and COMMERCIE, of MODERN LANGUAGES and PHILIDLOGY; and of the HISTORY and INSTITUTIONS of Ofour own country. For Circulars apply to President CATTELL, or to "Prof. B. YOUNGMAN, RASTON, PA, April 4, 1866. Cierk of the Faculty.

EASTON. PA., April 4, 1868. Clerk of the Faculty.

mys.smo June 8, 1868.

At an election held this day the following gentlemer were duly elected officers of the Company:

JOHN P MCFADDEN,

VM. M. FARR,
CHAS THOMPSON,
THOS. E. CAHILL.
And at a subsequent meeting of the Board, S. GROSS
FRY, Esq., was elected Treasurer, and
jeb-sty

A. W. ADOLPH,
Scornal W. Scornal C. S. Sc

SILVER AND SILVER PLATED WARE GENERAL PRESENTATIONS, CLARK & BIDDLE, 721 CHESTNUT STREET

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

CONCERT HALL.—Fancy, Floral and straw berry Fair, to aid in purchasing a home for the aged and infirm members of the M. E. Church, commepting June Ilih, and continuing two weeks. Music will be in attendance. Donations thankfully received at any of the M. E. Churches or by the efficers.

FRESIDENT,

Mrs. Bishop Simpson, 1807 Mount Vernon street.

VICE PRIBBIDENTS.

Mrs. Alexander Cummings. 1525 Walnut street.

Mrs. James Early, 815 South Tenth street.

Mrs. James Early, 815 South Tenth street.

Mrs. J. O. Winchester. 734 South Ninth street.

Mrs. A. W. Band, 1821 Wallace street.
Mrs. A. W. Band, 1821 Wallace street.
TEEASURER.
Mrs. James Long, 1106 Shackamaxon street, jee tirp?

Mrs. James Long, 1106 Shackamaxon street, jee thry?

OFFICE OF REVENUE EXTENSION SIDWEB MINING COMPANY, 142 South FOURTH
aireet, PHILADELPHIA, June 9th, 1866.

Whereas, The Superintendent has notified the Company by teler ram of June 1et, th:

property of the Company is in a flourishing condition: and that he has ablipped the product of the workings of ore from the mines; therefore, be it

Estolved, That the Directors of this Company take the necessary steps to close the subscriptions to the Stock of the Company.

The Books will remain open but for a few days longer.

Jes-Strp! Secretary and Treasurer.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

169-317p? Secretary and treasurer.

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
AND GREEN LANE—The undersigned are celivering the best quality of Lehigh Coal from the above place, to the residents of Germantown and vicinity, at the following low rates, viz:
Broken and Egg for Furnace and Stove for Range \$8 00 Nut or Chestaut.

750

Tancy articles.

CHFSAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL

COMPANY — DIVIDEND NOTICE. — At a
general meeting of the Stock and Loanholders of this
Company held on the 4th inst. a Dividend of THREE
PER CENT. (\$6 00 per share) on the Capital Stock of
the Company was declared, clear of United Mates Tax,
payable on demand.

H. V. LESLEY.

Secretary.

JE9-6U

UNITED STATES TREASURY, PHILADRI-PHIA, June 8, 1868.
Holders of twenty coupons, and upwards, of United States Seven-thirty leansidue 15th inst., are hereby no tisked that they may present them for examination and count, at this Office, on and after the 9th inst.

Je9-3t

Assistant Treasurer United States. FINE PINE CORAL,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

CLARK & BIDDLE'S. HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1520
Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously

Musical. MME. GAZZANIGA'S CONCERT, at the Academy of Music, last evening, was a brilliant success in every way. The audience was large and fashionable, and the artists acquitted themselves in a manner that excited the utmost enthusiasm. The reception given to Mme. Gazzaniga must have been very gratifying to her, for she had to receive acclamations that were prolonged several minutes. She sang apparently as well as she ever did, with a voice paired, and with all her former earnes ness and intensity. The air from Le Prophēte, "Ah mon fils!" was full of pathos and tenderness, and for an encore she gave pretty French romance, "La Lune de Miel," in a very arch, captivating manner. "L'Amor Funesto," by Donizetti, was also admirably sung, with an accompaniment by Mr. Mollenhauer, whose violoncello solos were also exquisitely played. The duos and trios were very effectively sung. A new tenor singer, Signor Limberti, made his first appearance in America, at the concert. He has a young, fresh voice, particularly good in the upper notes, and he sings with real feeling, and in the best Italian style. He will be invaluable in an opera troupe His romance from Luisa Miller was warmly encored; and he then sang one of the lively airs from Rigoletto in elegant style. Signor Ardavani's solo was a beautiful serenade by Gounod; not a very judicious selection, but he sang it agreeably, and did well also in the concerted pieces. The same artists give

a final concert this afternoon at two o'clock. THE CONCERT at Musical Fund Hall, last evening, was a decided success. There was a large audience present, and the various parts of the programme were received with enthusiastic applause. Mr. Rentz and Mrs. Brockway made their début before a Philadelphia audience and were most cordially received. Mr. Rentz is a clear, pure tenor, with an excellent style, and Mrs. Brockway is a high soprano of very sweet tone. We are glad to hear an intimation that these two artists contemplate a residence in this city. The instrumental part of the concert was o a novel and very attractive order. Mr. Jarvis and Mr. Gaertner played as they always do and won new laurels by the brilliancy and beauty of their execution. The feature of the evening was the introduction of one of Mason & Hamlin's fine Cabinet Organs in the concerted music. The combination of this beautiful instrument with the violin, violincello and piano is new with us, but has been introduced with marked success in numerous chamberconcerts in Boston and New York, The effect of the united tones of the piano and cabinet organ for parlor music is so easily attainable and is such a great advantage to the lovers of concerted music, that there is likely to be quite a revolution in domestic musical education. The organ which was played last night, in fine style, by Mr. H. A. Clarke, and also the Steck Grand Piano, were furnished by Mr. J. E. Gould.

To SUMMER TOURISTS.—As the season of summer travel is about to commence, the North Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a new route to Wilkesbarre and the Wyoming Valley, that offers superior inducements. Passing the quiet rural scenery of the North Pennsylvania Railroad, the imposing vistas of the Lehigh Valley, and the wild and romantic mountains of the upper Lehigh, the tourist reaches the road just opened from the Summit into Wilkesbarre, where he is greeted with views of the Wyoming Valley, that cannot be excelled for beauty in any section of the country, and, upon his arrival, is sure of a courteous reception by the Messrs. Ward, (late of the La Pierre, of this city,) now proprietors of the Wyoming Valley Hotel, in Wilkesbarre.

#### THY FENIANS.

EXPIRING EPFORTS OF THE LEADERS.

MOVEMENTS OF GENERAL SPEAR IN CANADA.

Whole Regiments Deserting and Returning Over the Border.

PROCEEDINGS AT THE CANADIAN CAPITAL.

Address of the Governor General.

#### THE ARREST OF PRESIDENT ROBERTS, &c.

CAMP SWEENY, CANADA, June 8, 1866 .-[Special to *Herald.*]—A squad of twenty men, under the command of Capt. O'Hara, consisting of a number of the Eastport ex-pedition, and all belonging to the 3d cavalry, Irish republican army, advanced from St. Armand, on Freligaburg, at which place they met a force of the enemy and en-gaged them, putting them to flight and cap-turing a large British flag, which they brought back to camp.

The Fenians entered the Custom House at

Freligsburg and seized all the official papers.
The conduct of both officers and men is spoken of in the highest terms. Major McNamara and Adjutant P. A. Linnot are again leaving camp with a large force of men, and they will pass through Freligaburg and will probably enter Button

before night.

The British flag which was captured at Freligsburg is now flying at headquarters, union down, with the green flag floating above it. The boys, as they comealong the road are perfectly wild with delight, throw-ing up their caps and shouting in the most vociferous manner. In the skirmish at Freligsburg last night

one Fenian was slightly wounded and three of the enemy. The wounded British soldiers were given in charge of an English Under General Sweeny's orders the Fenians will intrench here, tearing up a small bridge to make the position secure. Gen. Spear is in command. He has just been

presented with a fine horse. A few dis-heartened and worn out Fenians are returning home. The proclamation of President Johnson does not embarrass movements on the Canada side. The Fenians lack arms and am-

munition. RIGHT WING OF THE FENIAN ARMY, CAMP SWEENY, Canada, June 8-P. M. Trouble is brewing at this place among the men calling themselves soldiers of the army of Ireland. At the present mement fifty good cavalrymen could put the whole camp to rout. The entire force does not now num-ber over one thousand men, and more than one half of that number are beastly drunk, The cause of the difficulty is owing to the present disorganized state of the force and the lack of sufficient discipline. The officers are unable to enforce the necessary and pro per respect, and the men cannot be brought under proper subjection to form any mili-tary organization in the United States on account of the neutrality laws.
General Spear crossed over the borders

with nothing more nor less than a mob of desperadoes, some of whom were armed, but by far the largest portion of them were not. It cannot be denied that the officers nd some of the men came from purely patriotic motives, but many of them crossed to Canada solely for the purpose of plun-dering. Lawless depredations commenced almost immediately after crossing into Canada. The men started off singly and in fours and fives, on independent marauding expeditions, their officers being utterly powerless to prevent it, and there is no cal culating the amount of mischief that has been committed. These acts have been severely condemned by one and all of the offiand they now threaten to visit the next offence with condign punishment. The officers have taken all the liquor that could be found in camp and have spilled it

out upon the ground. The road between here and St. Albans, a distance of eighteen miles is filled with deserters, and these are the very men who boasted lendest and did the most talking. these sort of men were the first to desert the cause, and by their language and actions have set a bad example to those remaining, which cannot be easily remedied. Desertions have taken place by whole companies, and in some instances colonels have led their command back againg over the border. General Spear met a company on their way to Vermont, and tried to induce them to remain until morning, but they told him to go to hell, and continued on their way homeward. The only reason why a detachment was not ordered out to shoot them down was because they had not yet been sworn into the service of the "Irish Re-

The report of the trouble at Camp Sweeny reached St. Albans this afternoon, and two mounted courtiers have just arrived from General Sweeny with despatches. A council of war has just been held by Gen. Spear and the commanding officers, and they determined to maintain themselves as long as possible where they now are, if they can advance no further into the interior. General Spear says that they may drive him off of Canadian soil, but it shall never be said that he turned around and walked deliberately back again into Vermont. Most of the offi-cers will stand by General Spear in this emergency. Unless the Fenians in the large cities send supplies and ammunition immediately there will be a useless loss of

many lives. As I close quiet and order have been somewhat restored, but there is still a large amount of indiscriminate firing by the men, who fire at everything they see in the shape of horses, cows, pigs and poultry.

St. Albans, Vt., June 8, 1866,—Colonel Scanlan's regiment of Fenians and the British cavalry had an engagement near Pigeon Hill to-day. The Fenians dispersed the British, who fied in confusion. The Fenians

captured one hundred horses. Col. Soznlan

refused to receive them, and they were restored to their owners. Three Fenians were wounded, one badly. One British trooper was killed and three British flags captured. Col. Scanlan arrived in St. Albans tonight. He states that he has ordered his reciment to withdraw. Gan Spear still holds giment to withdraw. Gen. Spear still holds position on the Hill, where the Irish flag is flying. Considerable demoralization prevails among the Fenians, but Gen. Spear is determined to hold out.

A double guard has been placed over Sweeny to-night. OTTAWA, C. W., June 8, 1866.—Information has been received here that the Fenians, have crossed the border at Freligsburg, DEMORALIZATION OF THE RANK

Missisquoi county. Their force is two thousand five hundred strong, according to re-

Freligiburg is forty miles southeast of Montreal and about thirty miles from Waterloo, where there is a bank. The district in which it is located is a rich agricultural one, and considered the weakest point in

The Seventh Fusileers and a regular battery have been despatched to meet the

St. Albans, Vt., June 7, 1866.—General Sweeny and General Mahan appeared be-fore United States Commissioner Hoyt and waived examination. Sweeny has been held in \$20,000 and Mahan in \$5,000.

Trains to Montreal are now uninterrupted.
The mails at three stations are not taken

care of, the postmasters having deserted their posts. Not more than one-fourth of the Fenians that marched into Canada were armed. They went into a field and encamped a short distance beyond the line.

General Spear had been drinking and was somewhat intoxicated. Some of his men obtained whisky and were feeling well, notwithstanding the desperate circumstances, others were disheartened. They had very little to eat. About one hundred and fifty purchased meals at the hotels. Others ate crackers and codfish. Barrels of flour went

courses and counsil. Darries of nour went out from St. Albans to-day.
Colonel Livingston, with United States troops, moves this afternoon from Swanton to Fairfield, Franklin, Sheldon, and points on the border. The Fenians arriving here are furnished transportation by the United States authorities. They give their names and sign an obligation to abandon the Fenian cause. A regular United States officer is now attending to that daty at the rail-

road depot.
Six pieces of artillery passed to-day from Fairfield, by way of Smithville and Frank-

lin, for General Spear.

Three thousand British are reported concentrating at Richford. It is supposed that their intention is to intercept Gen. Spear. There are two thousand Fenians at Malon United States Marshal Henry, at Burlington, has seized ten tons of Fenian ammuni-tion on the way to the front. Every train arriving here is searched."

Reports of burning and depredations by Fenians are hourly received, but they are not only contradictory but unreliable. A few horses have been appropriated, but otherwise the Fenians have behaved re-markably well. Threats of house burning are made, but nothing of the kind has yet

Eight British volunteers died from fatigue on their departure from St. Armand. We have reports of the advance of British regudefend the frontier at Richford, thirty-five miles up the Missisquoi river where the Fenians have already effected a lodgment.

There were no arrivals of Fenians this

morning, but numerous departures of the Brothernood for their homes. Colonel Hugh Donnelly's company of sixty-five have left for Springfield, and between seventy-five and one hundred who have straggled in from the front and been loitering around town have left on the train for Boston. They were provided with transportation by the United States government, and were very grateful for it. They say as soon as it becomes known at the front that the government is furnishing them with transporta-tion homeward, the Fenian army will be among the things that were. A movement made on the part of the British government will probably hasten on the dispersing of the Fenian invaders. Last evening there were thirty car loads of British regulars, numbering some two thousand five hun-dred, landed at Farnum, about fourteen miles from St. Johns, on the Waterloo road. and a point nearly opposite the invaders.
MALONE, June 8, 1866.—General Murphy,
General Hefferman, and the other Fenian officers under arrest here were serenaded last evening by a band engaged by the Fe-nians and citizens of Malone. General Murphy and General Hefferman made brief ches recommending the soldiers to keep quiet and maintain order. The band played "The Wearing of the Green," "Hall Colum-bia," and other Irish and American airs. The citizens of Malone have collected fivehundred dollars to-day to subsist the Fe-nians in their barracks, and more moncy is Bail to the amount of five hundred thou-

sand dollars has been tendered for the Fenian officers by citizens of Malone when investigation comes off. United States Commissioners Myers and Tappan, in company with General Meade, are expected here on the afternoon train to commence the investigation of the alleged violation of the neutrality law by the Fenians.

Senator Mehan is here to-day, taking care of the arms and subsistence. It is believed that all the Fenians here under the command of subordinate officers will at once proceed to St. Albans to reinforce General Spear, who is reported advancing. The men and officers not under arrest say that they will have a fight yet. Horses to mount cavalry are being obtained along the border in this vicinity. The news of the ad-

vance of General Spear is received with joy by the Fenians here, who are anxious to join him immediately.

Judge Flanders, Mr. W. B. Donohoe and D. N. Huntington, leading lawyers here, have volunteered to defend the officers, who are supplied by citizens with provisions. The officers commanding the regulars here are unanimous in praise of the Fenian soldiers for their discipline and orderly behavior, and state that they are not only capable of whipping the Canadian volunteers, but even the much vaunted British regu-lars. Gen. Meade has just arrived. BUFFALO, June 8, 1866.—A copy of the following order has been furnished parties in-

terested:

GDMERAL ORDERS—NO. II.

HEADQUARTES DISTRICT OF ONTARIO, BUFFALO, June 8, 1886.—In compliance with instructions from Msjor General Meade, in virtue of power vested in him by the Fresident of the United States, the transportation over railroads, by water or other modes of public conveyance, of any persons or material of war designed or supposed to be designed to violate the neutrality laws is forbidden. The transmission over the telegraph wires of measages in appher or otherwise from Fenisas, or on materiar relating to Fenian movements, is also forbidden. All persons are warned that any evadon or disregard of these prohibitions with be treated as adding and abeting the violators of laws.

Commanding officers of the United States troops within the limits of this military district will cause this breef to be made public, and it is made their duty to see that it is promptly and rigoronsly enforced.

Brevet Brigadier General U. S. A., Commanding,

As many as eight hundred Peniarre, many of them armed, arrived in town this eve-ming; but though they did not intend to a op here the order of General Barry will pay-year their going eastward, as they intended.

Mr. Roberts, the President of the Fenian Brotherhood, was arrested again in this city vesterday. A despatch arrived from Washington ordering his rearrest, and cersuring United States Marshal Murray for letting him off on his parole. When brought to the Marshal's office he refused to give any bond which would hinder him from continuing the business in which he was en-gaged. He was accordingly committed until Monday for examination. Recruiting

and the forwarding of troops went on as usual during the day.

Address of the Governor General of Canadian Parliament opened to day at two P. M., for the first time in Ottawa. After the usual caraments which were not see the usual ceremonies, which were not so imposing as usual because of the absence of nearly all the military from this place, the Governor General, Lord Monck, delivered the following important address from the

nearly all the military from this place, the Governor General, Lord Monck, delivered the following important address from the throne.

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Courcil, and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: I am happy again to avail myself of your advice in carrying on the Government; and I trust that you will find in the magnificent buildings erected in the city chrisen by her Majesty as the seat of Government, increased facilities for the despatch of public business, while they will prove adegazate to the great future of this country. Immediately after the termination of the last section of Parliamens I codyrened by instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, a courcil of trade, incinging this body to be laid before yos. I shall direct to be laid before you I have directed the proceedings of this body to be laid before yos. I shall direct to be laid before you the papers relating to the termination of the Reciprocity treaty with the United States of America, and to the ret goliations on the subject of our commercial relations with that country. It has now become still more imperative to open by an extension of the Irade of the country with other nations new markets for the varied products of our industry. In consequence of the notice for the termination of the Reciprocity treaty, I deemed it needful with the assent and approbation of her Majesty's Government to send a deputation, representing the Colonies of British North America, during it ew whiter to the West Endes and Brazil to ascertain the best means of developing and extending commercial relations with these countries. The period at which the delegation-returned from their mission is so recent that no report could as yet nave been presented; but as soon as received h will be communicated by you.

The threats and preparations for attack on Canada constantly and openly made by a body organized in the United States of America, and known as remaon, compeled me since Parliament rose, by the advice of my mission and prepared

opon to take, I have releved the unremitting support of the Lieutenant-General Commanding and of AdmiralEir James Hope. It is also a source of undergned plearner to me to acknowledge the gallant devotion displayed by the officers and men of her Majesty's military and naval forces in Cauada.

I am nappy to be able to state that the President of the United ctates has issued a proclamation declaring that serious infractions of the laws of that country, have been and are being committed by evil disposed persons within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States against the British possessions of North America, and requiring all chicers of his government to exert every effort for their suppression. I trust that the course thus adopted will erelong prevent this country from being subjected to further alacks from the chileren of a nation on terms of amity with Great Britain.

country from being subjected to inriheratiacks from the citizens of a nation on terms of amity with Great Rritain.

The maintenance of the force on active duty which the government has been compelled to call out has involved an expenditure to a large amount which was not provided for by the votes of the last session. The accounts of this expenditure will be separately laid before you, and I feel confident that you will immediately pass a bill indemnifying the government for the provisions of the andit account.

Recent discoveries show the necessity of extending to Lower Canaca the act chapter 93, consolidated at the soft typer Canada to protect the inhabitants of that section of the province against lawless aggressicus from subjects of foreign cauntries at peace with her Mr. sty. it has also been necessary for the preservation of law and order to adopt a curre-similar to that take in in the present session of the Imperial Parliament for the temporary suspension of the writ of habeas corpus. I invite your immediate consideration of these necessary measures.

I have fixed by proclamation the first day of August next as the time a which the civil code of Lower Canada passed in the last Parliament, shall come into operation. The code of civil procedure of Lower Canada, as reported by the Commissioners, shall be submitted for your adoption during the session.

- estilene of the Legislative Assembly, I have desired that the financial accounts for the current year shall be laid before you. Upon the very satisfactory results of the commerce of the country for the next year shall be laid before you. Upon the very satisfactory results of the country of the country for the next year shall be laid before you. Upon the very satisfactory results of the conners of the country of the party of the country of the country of the country of the country of the party of the country of the country of the provides of Editsh Novi the americal has a country of

provide for the heavy and unexpected charges entailed upon the country.

The position which the great question of the union of the provinces of British. No, the America has assumed is now such as to induce the expectation that the measure will shortly be carried into effect. I therefore hope and believe that it will be found practicable during the present session to adopt such procedure as may be necessary, for completing the details of the scheme as regards this province, and I venture to express the confident expectation that the next parliament which will be held within these waits will not be confined to an assembly of the representatives of Canada but will embrace those of all the colonies of British North America.

America.

I am happy to he able to congramlate you on the general prosperity which pervades all classes of the community in the province, and I pray that your councils may be guided by Divine Providence to secure that which is the true end of all government, the moral and material advancement of the great body of the abundancement of the great body of

moral and material advancement of the great body of the people.

Immediately after the Governor General had delivered his speech he proceeded to the Legislative Chamber, any after the epsaker had taken the chair, the bill anspending the habeas corpus act was introduced and passed, after a third reading without discussion. It was then sent to the Upper House and also passed. The Governor General waited, and, after the bill had passed the Upper House, immediately affixed his signature and seal to the document. Both Homes then adjourned to Menday next at ten o'clock A. M.

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The announcement of the habeas corpus suspension was received with loud cheers by the large number of people who thronged the Parliament buildings. The suspension of the habeas corpus has caused a great fluiter here, and many persons have left and are laying the city in cous-quence on short notice. No arrests have yet taken place here, but some are expected soon to be made. We have tidings of arrests from various parts of the provinces. Despatches arriving here constantly bring accounts of the alarm in which the people are held in many parts of the country. Fully thirty-five thousand men, including regulars, are now under arms, and the government is still arming.

New Jersey matters.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Yesterday a young girl, name unknewn, was accidentally killed on the Camen and Amboy Railroad. She had been picking peas over Cooper's creek bridge, and was returning home at the time the accident occurred, and when near the bridge, she was stuck by the engine and instantly killed Coroner Roberts held an inquest on the body killed Coroner Roberts held an inquest on the body it was also ascertained that she belonged to Philadelphia, but nothing was found upon her person to indicate who she might be.

VIOLENT THREATS,—A woman is now in jail at Atlantic City, named Leads, on a charge of threatening the life of another person in that city. HEAVY FALL.—Yesterday afternoon a man, who was not known, fell from the down train near Longacoming, it is said, and must have been severely injured if not killed. The accident was not reported until the train reached Waterford.

THE COURTS.—The courts are still engreed in the incendiarism cases. There seem to exclude much other business, and excite a great deal of

FIRE IN CHICAGO.—A fire in the Metropolitan block, in Chicago, on Thursday, injured the Randolph building to the amount of \$25,000; fully insured. The Academy

Quick Work. The issuing of the extra Bullerin containing an account of the execution of Probst, the murderer, yesterday, was an instance of journalistic expedition that is not often equaled. The proprietors of the paper were fully aware of the desire of the public to have intelligence of the closing scene of a tragedy that has so absorbed general attention, and they made every arrangement for supplying this information. at the ear liest possible moment. The representative of the BULLETIN had a swift horse in waiting for him at the prison gate, and in eight minutes from the moment he started from Moyam ensing he was at Chestnut and Sixth streets. The extra containing all the main points of the scene at the execution. and rauch other interesting matter, was rapidly run through the various stages of preparation, and in less than fifty minutes from the moment that the fatal drop fell, the BULLATIN, containing an account of the execution, was in the street. It is needless to say that the demand for the various edizions of the paper was encrmous, and our fast press was kept busy in supplying thepublic.

#### Facts and Fancies.

A writer in a Georgia paper introduces the American Eagle in this style:

"We must fix up the Eagle; get the Goddess of Liberty a set of teeth and a waterfall, and have Fourth of July regardless of expense. We must give all the Mormon women a husband apiece, marry the anxious schoolmarms that come Jown South to teach the darkeys: and the darkeys to work. teach the darkeys, put the darkeys to work, build a horse railroad from New York to the City of Mexico, cam up the Gulf Stream, lick England (Old and New), annex Cuba. and we will again be a great and glorious country.'

The Finegans in Canada still show that: they have much spirit among them. It is principally unrectified.

George W. Childs, Esq., has presented to the city of Philadelphia the life boat used by Dr. Kane in his escape from the perils of the Arctic seas. The boat is to be hung between two trees in Fairmount Park. It would be more appropriate to let it swing between two-

The biggest thing in waterfalls yet out, is one we saw going down Chestnut street to-day mounted on two wheels and dragged by a horse. It is used for sprinkling the streets. St. Patrick in his late encounter with St. George got so far as crossing a Spear, who, however, immediately re-crossed.

The Finnegan army advanced into Canada. as far as Pigeon Hill. It then executed a pigeon wing and retreated.

Would not "coaleaginous" be a good word to coin for the coal oil region?

The Vanity of Women. A contributor of the London Miscellany, in an article on "Cosmetics and False Hair," jentlemen are all remarking upor the fine appearance of the ladies this season, the large number of beautiful women, and the splendor of complexion exhibited by the young girls. These results are undoubted by due, partly to the present florid style of wearing the hair, but principally to the free use of cosmetics and false hair. The use of the latter, and 'Email de Paris,' in not now confined to any age; they are used universally by mothers as well as daughters, and vice versa. The custom has also become so habitual, that there is little affectation of secrecy, and the offer of a 'braid,' or a package of 'Email,' to a lady friend, who is about to make her appearance in the family circle. is as common as the loan of a hair brush. Young ladies assert, in extenuation, that they cannot otherwise compete with the ladies who form their circle of female acquaintance. Every incentive is offered at all times to that vanity, which already sufficiently curses the female part of the human race, and, under its influence, young wo-men, naturally kind and modest, forget that: men, naturally kind and modest, forget that they are daughters, sisters or friends, and seek only to attract the admiration of men, and matter by what means?" no matter by what means."

RETRACTION-ALLENTOWN DAILY NEWS. -I hereby acknowledge that the charges and specifications of fraud, which I pub-lished in the Allentown Daily News, respecting the "GRAND TRIAL OF SEWING MA-HINES" held at ISLAND PARK, NEW YORK, last September, were altogether without

I thought that the Florence Sewing Machines really should have gained more of the advantages claimed than were awarded by the judges, and very naturally supposed that there had been some kind of "trickery" practised, and so stated in several publica-tions; but upon a more thorough investigation of the matter, I learn that the whole trial was conducted in a fair and honorable manner, and that the Willcox & Gibbs' Ma-chine demonstrated, in the estimation of the committee, some thirty-five points of superiority over the Florence Machine, in competition, and that the Willcox & Gibbs' obtained the Highest Premium. This I freely admit in justice to the firm

whose character I so unwarrantable called estion. WM. F. WOLLE, Agent Florence Sewing Machine. into question. ALLENTOWN PA., June 5, 1866.

NO WHEAT FOR EXPORT IN THE SOUTH. The Atlanta (Ga.) New Era, of June 1, observes: "The South will not be able to do more this year than supply itself with breadstuffs. Formerly we experted a considerable amount of flour, but we cannot do so this year."

WATER A CAUSE OF FIRE,-The Wilmington (N. C.) Journal records the destruction of a house in that city by fire, which originated in the basement of the building, the water from a heavy rain having streamed in on a large quantity of quicklime stored

# Philadelphia Markets.

SATUBDAY, June 9.—There is very little Cloverseed here and it may be quoted at \$6 50@7 25. A small sale of Timothy at \$5 50 \$ bushel. A sale of Flaxseed at of Timothy at \$5.50 \$ bushel. A sale of Flaxseed at \$3.25—an advance.

There is but little Quercitron Bark coming in and. No. 1 is wanted.

A repetition of the remarks made from day to day for some time past in reference to the quiet con of the Flour market will apply equally well to-day.

There is no shipping demand, but a steady home consumptive inquiry for the better grades at yesterday's quotations. Among the sales we notice 150 barrels superfine at \$3@\$8.50 \$\mathbb{P}\_{\text{barrel}}\$, 1,00 barrels Northwestern extra family at \$11@11.75, some extra \$4.19; and 160 barrels Indiana Winter Wheat family at \$12 75. The to quote at \$6 50. In Corn Meal nothing doing to fix

The market continues very bare of prime Wheat and this description is wanted at \$2.75@2.35 \ \$9. bushed.
1,000 bushels Spring sold at \$2.35@2.35\ \$3.56, and \$2,000 Amber on secret terms. Rye is steady at \$1.20. There is very little Corn here and further sales of yellow in the cars were made at \$2 cents. Oats are unchanged; sales of Penna at 73@5 cents and Southern at 75 cents.
Whisky—The demand is limited. Small sales of Penna, at \$2.25 and Ohio at \$3.23@\$2.25.