Daily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK, Editor. | OUR WHOLE COUNTRY. | F. L. FETHERSTON, Publisher.

VOLUME XX.---NO. 51. | PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6, 1866. | DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS

EVENING BULLETIN.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING, (Sundays excepted) at THE NEW BULLETIN BUILDING, 607 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. BY THE "Evening Bulletin Association." PROPRIETORS.

GIBSON PEACOCK, F. L. FETHERSTON, CASPER SOUDER, Jr., ERNEST C. WALLACE, THOS. J. WILLIAMSON, FRANCIS WELLS.

The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city at 25 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or $8 00 per annum.

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.—Customers are not always honest. Persons go into a store and inquire for a certain article; it is shown them, and a fair price asked. At once they object, and try to get it for three-fourths of its value. Probably an article, worth about what they offer, is shown them, leaving them to infer that it is as good as the other, they take it and think they have got a great bargain. When they discover the difference, they complain loudly about being cheated. This habit, in customers, has led some merchants to impose an extra price on their goods, in expectation of falling, and thus to wrong persons who act on a different plan. To avoid trouble and imposition it seems best not to go a shopping at all; to select reputable houses—always giving the preference to those who would be essentially benefited by our custom—from whom we buy regularly, and with whom we have a fair understanding. The One-Price System is a good one, if rigidly adhered to—as it is at

JONES'
ONE PRICE
CLOTHING HOUSE,
No. 604
MARKET STREET,
ABOVE SIXTH. 1t

MARRIED.

ABBOTT—PITFIELD.—On the 5th instant, Charles H. Abbott, to Rebecca F., daughter of the late Robert L. Pitfield. *

KLAPP—EVANS.—On Third day morning, 5th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by Friends' ceremony, in the presence of Mayor Morton McMichael, Wm. H. Klapp, of Newark, N. J., to Ellen, daughter of Robert E., and Sarah N. Evans, of Philadelphia.

MATTINGLY—LORING—On the 5th inst., by the Rev. Benjamin Watson, D. D., Thomas Mattingly, M. D., of Miss., to Mrs. Eliza Loring, daughter of A. J. Nunes, Esq., of this city. [New York, Baltimore and San Francisco papers please copy.] *

WARD—BOEHM.—On Tuesday, June 5, by the Right Rev. Bishop Wood, Dr. D. O. C. Ward, and Fanny, daughter of the late A. W. Boehm. *

DIED.

HARVEY.—On the 4th inst., Mr. Joseph Harvey, in the 59th year of his age.

The relatives and male friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 2017 Wallace Street, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further notice. *

WOELPPER.—On the 5th inst., Mary, relict of the late David Woelpper, in her 86th year.

Due notice of her funeral will be given. *

EYRE & LANDELL are prepared to supply families with Dry Goods, at the lowest prices.
LINEN SHEETINGS,
MARSEILLES QUILTS,
TABLE LINENS, DAMASK TOWELS,
HOUSEHOLD DRY GOODS.

SUNDOWNS AND YACHT HATS FOR LADIES in great variety,
AT
THEO. H. McCALLA'S
Old established Hat and Cap Emporium,
my10-1m] 504 Chestnut street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PARDEE SCIENTIFIC COURSE
IN
LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

In addition to the general Course of Instruction in this Department, designed to lay a substantial basis of knowledge and scholarly culture, students can pursue those branches which are essentially practical and technical, viz.: ENGINEERING, Civil, Topographical and Mechanical; MINING and METALLURGY; ARCHITECTURE, and the application of Chemistry to AGRICULTURE and the ARTS. There is also afforded an opportunity for special study of TRADE and COMMERCE, of MODERN LANGUAGES and PHILOLOGY, and of the HISTORY and INSTITUTIONS of our own country. For Circulars apply to President CATTELL, or to Prof. R. B. YOUNGMAN,
EASTON, PA., April 4, 1866. Clerk of the Faculty.
my5,6mo]

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND GREEN LANE.—The undersigned are delivering the best quality of Lehigh Coal from the above place, to the residents of Germantown and vicinity, at the following low rates, viz:
Broken and Egg for Furnace and Stove for Range $8 00
Nut or Chestnut $7 50
Address Box 62 Germantown Post Office.
Office, 15 South SEVENTH street, Philadelphia; or yard, NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD and GREENE Lane.
je5-26trp] BINES & SHEAFF.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—The grand STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL of the season will be held in the MUSICAL FUND HALL, on TUESDAY next, by the Ladies of the Old Swedes' (Gloria Dei) Church, TO-MORROW (Thursday), from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Tickets only Fifty Cents, entitling the holder to Ice-Cream, Strawberries, and Cake. The DOUGLASS BRIGADE BAND will be in attendance during the afternoon and evening. 1t*

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL AND SALE of FANCY AND USEFUL ARTICLES commenced on TUESDAY, the 5th inst., and will continue for four days, in the Lecture Room of the First Reformed Dutch Church, corner Seventh and Spring Garden streets. Doors opened at 3 o'clock P. M. Tickets, 10 cents. Season tickets, 25 cents. je29

HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department. Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously to the poor. se28

FINE COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE.—A rare opportunity to secure one of the finest country seats in the neighborhood of Philadelphia is offered in our advertising columns. "Hilton" is one of the most famous agricultural establishments in our vicinity and has been unexpectedly thrown into the market by the death of its owner, Mr. Wm. Wilberforce Wistar. The property is beautifully located and in the highest condition of cultivation. Its material advantages and numerous fine improvements are almost unrivaled amongst the many handsome country seats and farms surrounding the city. Full particulars will be found in the advertisement of the sale.

MME. GAZZANIGA.—The sale of tickets for the concert of Friday evening, at the Academy of Music, began this morning very briskly and there is a certainty of a full and fashionable house. Signor Anastasi, the tenor who had been engaged, is unfortunately ill; but his place has been supplied by one equally good, Signor Limberti. The programme is very attractive. The matinée on Saturday will begin at 2 P. M., instead of 2½. This change is made in consequence of a regatta that is to take place that afternoon on the Schuylkill, and it will enable persons to attend both entertainments, as the concert will be over at 3½ o'clock.

BISPHAM'S SHERIDAN'S RIDE. — Mr. Henry C. Bispham, who is on the eve of sailing for Europe, has just finished for a gentleman of this city a picture illustrating General Sheridan's famous ride to Winchester, and it may be seen at the gallery of Messrs. James S. Earle and Sons. Of course the famous black horse is the chief figure, and it is full of vigor, action and life. The face and figure of Sheridan are also admirable.

MUSICAL.—Mr. Chas. R. Kentz, tenor, assisted by Mrs. Louise Brockway, soprano, (both from Boston), give a Concert, at the Musical Fund Hall, on Friday Evening next, aided by several of our best resident artists. Dr. Guilmette, of Boston, endorses them as first-class artists, and favorites in Boston. The full particulars of the Concert will be found in the programme published in another column.

FENIANISM.

THE WESTERN FENIANS

A British Officer Threatens the U.S. Steamer Michigan.

THE ALARM IN CANADA.

FINANCIAL PANIC IN MONTREAL.

GOLD 200 PER CENT. PREMIUM.

FENIAN MOVEMENT TOWARDS THE BORDER.

Reports from the Lines of the St. Lawrence and Detroit Rivers.

The Fenian Prisoners on the Steamer Michigan Released on Parole by Order of the United States Government.

IMPORTANT ORDER FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL SPEED.

All Fenians Violating the Neutrality Laws of the United States to be Arrested, &c.

The Western Fenians.

LOUISVILLE, June 5.—A despatch has been sent to President Johnson asking for a suspension of action upon the application of the British government for Col. O'Neill and others until the petitions from citizens of Nashville has been received.

An immense Fenian meeting is being held to-night.

A British Officer Threatens the U. S. Steamer Michigan.

PORTLAND, June 6th.—A special despatch to the *Press* from Montreal states, on the authority of the Montreal *Herald*, that Colonel Lowry of the 47th British Regulars, learning that some of the Fenian prisoners on board the United States gunboat Michigan had escaped, sent word that if any more were permitted to escape he would fire upon her.

From McConnellsburg, Pa.

MCCONNELLSBURG, June 6th.—One hundred Fenians have just left here for the Canada border. There is no excitement.

Further Reports of the Fenian Movement.

ST. ALBANS, Vt. June 5, 1866.—[Special to the *Herald*.]—Reports from St. Armand, Canada, state that the town has been evacuated by the inhabitants, who removed everything valuable that they could carry off, and that the people are flocking over the border into the States by hundreds. The town is now garrisoned by a large force of British soldiers. The bank deposits at Stanbridge have all been removed to a safe distance in the interior, and the citizens of the place are in the wildest state of alarm and excitement.

Another detachment of the Fenian army, about forty strong, fully armed and equipped for service, arrived here this morning and were immediately sent to the encampment at East Highgate.

Eight thousand rounds of ammunition passed through this place this morning, in the possession of the Fenians, notwithstanding the large amount of arms and ammunition that have been seized in this vicinity by the authorities. There is still a sufficient supply to be had, it not being quite so scarce as some would think.

The Canadian volunteers stationed at Smith's farm, the first station near the railroad, on the other side of the line north from Highgate, undertook last evening to make some observations near the line under cover of the darkness; but when near the place which they desired to survey, they were informed that the Fenians, over a thousand strong, were posted near by, and this bit of information proved too much for the Kanucks, and off they rushed like mad, some throwing away their arms and altogether making a most disorderly retreat.

Eleven hundred Fenians, fully armed and well drilled, passed through Sheldon, ten miles east of this place, near noon to-day, and had baggage wagons with them. They were moving north, and two mounted officers brought up the rear.

It has rained hard all day, and much sympathy is felt for the poor fellows bivouacked at East Highgate, as most of them are without shelter.

Governor Dillingham, of Vermont, arrived here this morning and had a consultation with the commanding officer of the United States troops, now stationed at this place, and the town authorities, upon the propriety of calling out the State militia, and for the purpose of satisfying himself upon the true condition of affairs in this vicinity. Although strongly importuned by one or two influential citizens to place the militia on the border, the Governor and Major Gibson both came to the conclusion that there was no real necessity at present existing which would call for such a step, but to quiet the fears of some he detailed General Peter T. Washburn, Adjutant General of the State of Vermont, to make St. Albans his headquarters, and, should any emergency arise, that gentleman will act in accordance with instructions from the Governor.

The troops were not desired for the purpose of putting down the Fenians, but to prevent the Canadians from following them over the line and shooting them down upon American soil, should they invade Canada West with a defeat.

Ninety-nine out of every hundred of the people here are friendly to the Fenian cause, and many have declared their intention of joining issue with them when the time comes, as they have an old score to settle with the provincials.

General Spear, commanding the right wing of the Fenian army, left here at two o'clock for Fairfield, where he was to meet General Sweeny for the purpose of holding a council of war.

General Spear shortly afterwards returned from Fairfield, accompanied by General Sweeny. They are consulting with closed doors at the Weldon House. The United States forces are encamped on the green, directly opposite and not one minute's walk from the house. Everything is remarkably quiet.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., June 5, 1866.—All the British volunteers have evacuated St. Armand, Canada, leaving their overcoats, knapsacks, &c., under an anticipation of an advance of the Fenians. They locked the wrong switch on the railroad and carried off the key. The train was delayed about one hour in consequence. The Fenians are concentrating at Highgate. Gen. Spear has left to meet Gen. Sweeny at Fairfield. St. Armand is on the line which divides Canada from the State of Vermont, and is directly north of Fairfield and about twenty-five miles distant. It is also about the same distance from St. Albans.

Gen. Sweeny in Consultation with His Officers at St. Albans.

ST. ALBANS, June 5, 1866.—Gen. Sweeny remained closeted with Gens. Spear, Mahan and Murphy until 11 o'clock to-night. The result of the conference, as far as can be at present divulged, is in substance that Fenian prospects are brightening, and that the boys mean fight.

Provisions, arms, ammunition, equipments and men are now on their way from unexpected and unlooked for sources, and an early advance is contemplated.

A large crowd congregated about the hotel, and filled all the corridors, anxious to get a glimpse of the General. A number of the regular U. S. officers and soldiers now on duty here, and most of whom had been companions of Gen. Sweeny during the late war, mixed freely with the crowd, and appeared delighted to see the old commander again. No disturbance took place, but everything passed off quietly.

Gen. Sweeny remains here until to-morrow, but where he will next turn up it is difficult to surmise.

BOSTON, June 5.—A St. Albans special despatch to the Boston *Herald* says that leading Fenian officers there declare positively that the border will be crossed in fifty-eight hours. They have numerous and experienced scouts in the Canadian camp and its vicinity, and have hourly reports of the situation. These are such as to give encouragement, and both officers and men are sanguine of success. Their plans are nearly perfected for the onward movement, which will probably be directed against a force of Canadian volunteers, whom the Fenians regard with contempt. There are no new important developments. The advance of the right wing halted this morning at a spot eight miles from the frontier line and are encamped on level ground on the edge of a timber tract. Two companies of United States troops from Fort Trumbull, passed through St. Albans, last night, it is supposed for Rouse's Point, and two companies from New York reached St. Albans to-day, and encamped there. A good supply of muskets had reached the Fenians, but ammunition was scarce.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., June 5, 1866.—By order of Gen. Hooker, all armed bodies attempting to cross the border are to be stopped by United States troops. If unarmed, and it is reasonably supposed that they are Fenians, they must also be stopped. Reports are current that the Fenians under Col. O'Neill will concentrate at Malone and this place. Gens. Sweeny and Murphy are supposed to be in this vicinity. The Fenians are in the neighborhood of Freleighsburg, Highgate, Franklin and Pigeon Hill. The United States troops are advancing to preserve neutrality.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 5, 1866.—There is a movement among the Fenians in the vicinity of St. Albans. They are supposed to be marching on Cornwall. They had reached Fairfield at last accounts. This movement menaces both Montreal and Ottawa. This force is well supplied with arms and ammunition.

General Sweeny is in the vicinity of Malone, according to the last accounts received here. His presence at this point is a confirmation of the belief that Ottawa is his objective point.

Fenians in small squads have been passing through this city all day and yesterday. Forty cases of arms have passed through here during the last few days. Only three or four of these were seized before they reached Canada.

There are said to be a large number of arms already in Canada for Fenian purposes, and parties here who are posted on the subject report that they have been going there at different times for the last three months. A person who has been with the forces near St. Albans, very recently, reports that they have artillery in their camp there.

There are three hundred Fenians in this city. Six hundred passed over the Vermont Central Railroad, towards St. Albans, this morning.

By many the St. Albans force is considered the right wing of the Fenian army, while others assert it is the main body.

Squads of Fenians, varying from fifty to one hundred, are scattered at various points through the country along the border. A movement is expected immediately by every one here which will bring the whole business to a crisis. The United States troops which have thus far gone to the border only occupy points that are exterior to the Fenian lines.

Line of the St. Lawrence.

MONTREAL, June 5, 1866.—A monetary panic has been inaugurated, and a run is being made on the city and district savings banks. Gold is at two hundred per cent. premium.

Lieutenant General Sir John Michel, who is commander-in-chief of all the forces and defences in and around Montreal, left for St. Johns, Canada, to-day, by special train, on the Grand Trunk Railroad.

MALONE, N. Y., June 5, 1866.—Since half-past ten o'clock last night the lines have been useless, and all despatches were forwarded via Montreal. On examination this morning the wires to New York were found to have been cut in two places by parties unknown. Men are now actively engaged in repairing the injury.

General Sweeny, Colonel Mahan and Captain Greary arrived here at 12 o'clock last night and will remain to-day.

The report that United States marshals along the route have been seizing Fenian arms and ammunition is creating great excitement, two car loads having already been appropriated by the authorities at Watertown.

A company of the Fourth United States infantry arrived last night to protect the banks, but not, it is said, to interfere with the operations of the Fenians, of whom about one hundred and fifty are in town. It is expected that operations will be inaugurated this day.

OGDENSBURG, June 5—11.30 P. M.—Gen. Meade received a despatch this afternoon, stating that a column of Fenians, estimated one thousand strong, commenced a movement from Highgate, Vt., towards Canada this forenoon. Highgate is a small settlement a few miles northwest of St. Albans, and has been a Fenian rendezvous.

General Meade directed the officer who reported the movement to follow, and prevent a breach of neutrality if possible.

Gen. Meade's information shows the organized Fenian forces on the frontier to be about two thousand, divided between Highgate, Malone and Potsdam. It is positively known that they are without artillery.

Sweeny's headquarters are still with the Potsdam wing, where all is quiet.

Fenians have been flocking toward the Canada border in considerable numbers since Saturday. The Central Railroad has furnished six extra trains within three days. Recruits do not show in the organized force at Potsdam, however.

The movement receives little sympathy from Northern New York people, while all the government officials are very active in opposing it. Although Gen. Meade has but a thousand troops to guard a thousand miles of border he does not anticipate serious trouble.

The value of Fenian munitions taken at Richville this morning is estimated at $300,000, composed of Spences rifles, carbines, English knapsacks, ammunition and accoutrements, all under guard here.

OGDENSBURG, June 5, 1866.—The troops left here last night to recapture the arms and ammunition previously seized by the authorities, and which a party of Fenians from Potsdam had repossessed themselves of, successfully and without opposition performed that duty. About forty Fenians only were engaged in the undertaking. The cars containing the ammunition had been switched off at Waterloo. They were here seized, but the Fenians failed to enlist the aid of an engineer to assist in moving them off, though tempting sums were offered. An engine, however, was secured, after considerable delay one of the party undertook to run it and carry off the prize. The delay was fatal. They run the cars to Richville, between Gouverneur and De Kalb Junction, and were here unloading when the troops came up. There was no attempt at resistance, the Fenians quickly retiring when the troops appeared.

The wires were cut east and west of here last night for some distance; but owing to the promptness and energy of Mr. Henderson, chief operator, who was along the road all night, perfect communication is re-established.

Line of the Niagara.

BUFFALO, June 5th—11.15 A. M.—The United States has engaged Mr. Sherman S. Rogers to represent them on the return to the writ of habeas corpus granted by Judge Clinton for the purpose of bringing before him the Fenian officers now held as prisoners on board the United States steamer Michigan.

The counsel was accompanied by Acting Master Morris, and they have notified Judge Clinton that the Fenian prisoners are not held by the commander of the Michigan, but by the United States District Attorney, who is absent from this city.

The general impression is that the officers will be released on bail and the men discharged. Considerable excitement exists here. The court-room is crowded with the friends of the prisoners.

After a short consultation it was decided to postpone the return of the writ until to-morrow morning.

The following are the names of the officers who are to be brought up from the Michigan to-morrow on the return of the writ of habeas corpus: Col. John O'Neill, Col. Owen Starr, Col. John Hoy, Lieut.-Col. Grace, Lieut.-Col. John Spaulding; Captains Shields, Connolly, P. H. Mundy, Tim O'Leary, John A. Geary, Fogerty, Smith, John Haggerty; Lieutenants Roche, Wm. Maguire, Patrick Flynn, J. J. Tyrrell.

Col. Lowery, commanding at Fort Erie, has notified the British Consul in this city, that no permits will be recognized by him for persons to visit their camp.

A large number of the British have left Fort Erie for Prescott.

A large body of Fenians has been landed at Silver Creek, twenty-five miles west of Buffalo.

A large amount of running to and fro by messengers is indulged in at the Fenian headquarters. They claim to have had orders from General Sweeny.

The revenue cutter Fessenden has arrived from Dunkirk, and the revenue cutter Commodore Perry has also arrived. General Barry has ordered both cutters to patrol the river.

BUFFALO, June 5, 11 P. M.—All the Fenian prisoners of the steamer Michigan have been released. The following are copies of the forms of the paroles given by the officers.

Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of New York, Erie County, ss.—Be it remembered, that on the 5th day of June, 1866, personally came before me, Perry G. Parker, Commissioner of the United States for the Northern District of New York, James Kelly, of the county of ——, and acknowledged himself to be indebted to the United States of America in manner and form following, that is to say, five hundred dollars, to be levied of his goods and chattels, land and tenements, to the use of the said United States of America, if the said James Kelly make default in the condition following:—Whereas, the said James Kelly was charged before the said Commissioner, on the 4th day of June, 1866, upon the oath of William G. Morris, with having, on or about the 31st day of May, 1866, at the city of Buffalo, within the Northern District of New York, and jurisdiction of the United States, begun and set on foot and provided and prepared the means for a military expedition to be carried on from thence against the territory and dominions of the province of Upper Canada, her government and people, with whom the United States are at peace, contrary to the provisions of the act of congress preserving neutrality, passed April 20, 1818; and the said James Kelly having been regularly brought before the said Commissioner to answer said charge, and from an examination of the said William G. Morris and others on oath in the presence of the said James Kelly in regard to the offence thus charged, and from an examination of the said James Kelly, without oath in relation thereto, he having been by the said Commissioner previously informed of the charge made against him, and that he was at liberty to refuse to answer any question that might be put to him, and he having been allowed a reasonable time to send for and advise with counsel; and from an examination of the whole matter, it appearing to the said Commissioner that the said offence had been committed, and that there was probable cause to believe the said James Kelly guilty thereof, the said Commissioner did thereupon order the said James Kelly to enter into a recognizance himself in the sum of five hundred dollars for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court of the United States, to be held in and for said district, in the village of Canandaigua, on the 19th day of June inst., to answer to an indictment then and there to be preferred against him for said offences, and to do further and receive what should be then and there enjoined upon him by the said court, and not to depart from the said court without leave, and in the meanwhile shall keep the peace towards the government of the United States, and particularly with all foreign governments, colonies and people with whom the United States are at peace. Now, therefore, the condition of this recognizance is such that if the said James Kelly shall personally be and appear at the next Circuit Court of the United States to be held in and for the district, then and there to answer to an indictment to be preferred against him for said offence to do further and receive what shall then and there be enjoined upon him by the said court, and shall not depart the said court without leave, and shall keep the peace as hereinbefore stated, then this recognizance be void and of no effect, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Taken, subscribed and acknowledged before me the day and year above written.

PERRY G. PARKER,
United States Commissioner for the Northern district of New York.

The United States vs. William Moran.—William G. Morris, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is a citizen of the United States of America, and that on or about the first day of June, 1866, a military expedition consisting of between one thousand and two thousand men, armed with guns and ammunition, and known as Fenians, and organized and prepared and being at the city of Buffalo, within the jurisdiction of the United States, crossed the Niagara river from Buffalo aforesaid, in the province of Canada, opposite the said city of Buffalo; that during the first and second days of June instant, the said Fenian force took possession of the country adjacent to the Niagara river for several miles across in Canada, and had several skirmishes or fights with the military authorities of Canada; and that some persons were killed in said engagements and some were wounded. This deponent further says that the foregoing facts are matters of public knowledge and notoriety, and of the truth of which there can be no doubt; this deponent further says that a part of said Fenian force undertook to return from Canada to the United States on the morning of the 2d of June, across the Niagara river, and were captured and taken prisoners by this deponent, commanding the propeller tug J. C. Harrison, detailed for that purpose by Captain Bryson, of the United States ship Michigan; that the whole number of officers and men thus captured and held as prisoners is about five hundred, and when taken had arms and ammition with them; deponent has no doubt or the fact that said military expedition was set on foot within the United States as aforesaid, to be carried on from thence against the territory and dominions of the province of Canada, a government and people with whom the United States are at peace. The following person is one of the prisoners so taken by this deponent, and who were then engaged in said expedition, to wit, William Moran.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of Fenians was held in the Opera House to-night. The speakers seemed confident of the ultimate success of the present operations. They said men were coming from all parts of the Union, even from California, to aid the cause of Irish independence. About $2,000 was subscribed.

There are a large number of Fenians in town from abroad, and a prominent member of the council tells us that "things are working," and something will be done ere long. Distant thunder being heard to-night, rumor has it that a battle is being fought.

The United States revenue steamer Fessenden returned to-night from Barcelona, where she had been sent by General Barry, and reports no Fenians there.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, June 5, 1866.—All transportation at this end of the New York Central Railroad has been ordered to Buffalo. All quiet across the river. The blockade of Suspension Bridge has been raised. The Great Western Railway trains are running as usual and passengers cross without hindrance.

Line of the Detroit River.

DETROIT, June 5, 1866.—The Fenian movements on this end of the line seem to be rapidly approaching work. Scores of suspicious strangers are pouring into Canada, unarmed, for some purpose or other, notwithstanding the vigilance of the military authorities on the other side. There is very great animation in the Fenian circles here to-day, and fully two thousand members of the order from different points are lying about the boarding houses and saloons of the city. They are reticent when in conversation, unless they have confidence in their querists, when they freely proclaim their eagerness to shoulder the musket under the banner of Gen. Sweeny. The blow that is to be struck on the western frontier is certainly near, and I should not be surprised if it came somewhere near Windsor.

The Canadian and American authorities are on the alert, the former with eight hundred men and a battery of artillery, and the latter with three companies of regulars and the revenue cutters Johnston and Sherman, whose six guns are shotted.

The arms seized here on Sunday, I am informed by the Assistant District Attorney, are positively the private property of a man who is doing a legitimate trade.

The Fenians here claim all their arms and munitions were in their possession still. The Fenian authorities assert that Sweeny will not be ready to attack in the east till the expedition is ready to strike in the west. There is a full force of Canadian volunteers at Windsor, opposite this city, under arms, expecting an attack every night. The crossing of the ferries is closely watched, and every stranger is subjected to close scrutiny.

The Detroit Boat Club, which was out on the river before dark, rowing for exercise, were hailed, but not hearing the challenge from the Canadian authorites were fired upon with shotted guns. The Detroit Fenians, who a week ago were strong in their allegiance to Stephens, have suddenly changed, and are all crying out for Sweeny. They held a private and enthusiastic meeting last night, when large numbers were enlisted for service in Canada, under the banner of Sweeny. Quite a number of Fenians stole into Canada at Sarnia to-day, and are supposed to be telegraph and railroad destructionists, who will burn bridges to prevent concentrating troops on the western frontier. Some were arrested and jailed at Sarnia yesterday. Everything indicates early attack from some point near here.

Order for the Arrest of all Fenians Guilty, or Supposed to be Guilty, of Violating the Neutrality Laws of the United States.

WASHINGTON, June 6, 1866.—The following important circular in relation to Fenianism, and which is destined to have a very serious bearing upon the future operations of that body, was issued to-day by Attorney Gen. Speed, and forwarded to the District Attorneys of Northern and Southern New York, Maine, Vermont, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio. The order has not as yet been given to the District Attorney for this district, neither is it known whether Head Centre Stephens, who arrived here to-day, is to be included among the persons to be arrested. The government is determined to use every means to strictly preserve the neutrality laws of the United States.

CIRCULAR TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS OF THE UNITED STATES.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5th, 1866.—By direction of the President, you are hereby instructed to cause the arrest of all prominent leaders or conspicuous persons called Fenians, who you may have probable cause to believe have been or may be guilty of violations of the neutrality laws of the United States.

JAS. SPEED, Attorney General.

[For the Evening Bulletin.]

Jefferson Davis.

I would respectfully ask through the faithful and loyal BULLETIN, now that there is so little probability that Jefferson Davis will receive his well-merited punishment, if it would not be well to dispose of him in the following manner:

I propose that he be dressed and equipped precisely as he was when arrested; in a woman's gown, shawl, bonnet and tin bucket on his arm. In this dress to be paraded three times around the parapet of Fortress Monroe, preceeded by drums beating the rogue's march, and then to be turned out of the fort; to go wherever he may please. He is a military prisoner and this is a proper military punishment, not uncommon and legal. His day for evil has passed by; and a long life with the scorn and contempt of all patriots and loyal men would be worse than many deaths. AN OLD SOLDIER.

GIRL KILLED BY A BOY.—At Springfield, Illinois, recently, Miss Ferrill, aged 16, was killed by a son of Mr. John Busher. The youth was flourishing what he supposed to be an unloaded pistol, when it went off, shooting the girl through the brain.

THE TURF.

The Patterson Race Meeting—First Day—The Jersey Derby.

[From To-day's N. Y. News.]

Yesterday was the first day of the Patterson Spring Meeting. The day was far from favorable, being dull and cloudy, threatening rain, and this undoubtedly prevented many from going who purposed seeing the greatest three year old race in America, the "Jersey Derby," run for. Still the attendance was far larger than on the occasion of the two preceding Derby's, fully four thousand persons being present, while the number of four-in-hand drays was unprecedentedly large, showing how fashionable this mode of driving is becoming. The management of the affair, alike on the track and the arrangements for going and returning from this city, were admirable, and fully accounts for the popularity this race meeting has always enjoyed among New Yorkers.

The first race was mile heats for a purse of $250, for all ages, and for which there were four entries, all of which started. These were Dr. Weldon's Knighthood; Mr. Hunter's Arcola; Mr. Sanford's Earking and Bower, and Miles Richmond. Arcola was made a strong favorite, selling in pools for $400; Richmond $110; Earking $106, and Knighthood $70. After a most exciting race with Richmond, Arcola won the first heat by a neck, time 1.51½; Earking being distanced. The betting was now $100 to $30 on Arcola, but he cut it after he had gone half a mile, and Richmond won easily by three lengths in 1.52½. Richmond now became the favorite at $100 to $50, and he won the heat and race cleverly, Knighthood being a good second and Arcola last; time 1.55.

The race for the Derby followed, and nine of the forty-five entries came to the post. These were: Mr. Alexander's Merrill and Watson, Ulrica, Lapwing, Satinstone, Hardtack, Enchantress, Remosse and King Lear. Mr. Alexander's stable was the favorite, selling for $630 in the pools conducted by Dr. Underwood; Enchantress for $35; King Lear, $45; Remorse and Hardtack, $30 each; Ulrica, $25; Satinstone and Lapwing, $20 each. Enchantress made the running for the greater part of a mile, when Merrill passed her and won a magnificent race, by a length, in 2.55; Remorse, who came with a tremendous rush through his horses on the last quarter, finishing second; Enchantress third; Ulrica fourth; Watson fifth, and Satinstone and Hardtack the two last.

The two-mile heat race, open to all ages, for a purse of $600, was run for by Kentucky, Julius, Baltimore and Norwich. Kentucky, as his previous great reputation warranted, was the favorite at $100 to $80, and he won cleverly in two straight heats in 3.56½ and 3.56; Julius being a capital second in both. Baltimore was drawn, in consequence of lameness, before the second heat, in which Norwich was distanced.

To-day the exciting steeple chase over three miles of country, and twenty-seven jumps, will come off, together with three other dash races. Zigzag, Nannie, Craddock, Roscoe and General Williams are entered, and will run for the steeple chase.

FIRST RACE.—Premium of $250, for all ages, mile heats.

Bowie & Hall enters g. c. Richmond, 4 years old, by Two-Bits, dam Faith.....4
John Hunter enters b. H. Arcola, 5 years old, by Lexington, dam Topaz.....1 2 3
J. W. Weldon enters b. c. Knighthood, 4 years old, by imp. Knight St. George, dam Glycera.....2 2
M. H. Sanford enters ch. f. Ear-Ring, 4 years old, by Ringgold, dam Emma Wright.....Distanced.

Time, 1.53½, 1.51½

SAME DAY—SECOND RACE.—The Derby, a sweepstake premium of $1,000 for three-year-olds; $50 entrance, play or pay; one and a half mile dash. Closed with forty-five entries.

R. A. Alexander's ch. c Merrill.....1
J. S. Watson's b. c. Remorse.....2
T. B. Read's ch. f. Enchantress.....3
J. Hunter's b. f. Ulrica.....4
Lapwing, Satinstone, Hardtack, Watson and King Lear ran but were not placed. Time 2.55.

Premium of $600 for all ages; two mile heats.

J. Hunter enters b. h. Kentucky, 5 years old, by Lexington, dam Magnolia.....1 1
J. S. Watson enters b. c. Julius, 4 years old, by Lexington, dam Julia.....2 2
R. A. Alexander enters b. c. Norwich, 4 years old, by Lexington, dam Novice.....4 dis.
Bowie & Hall enters ch. c Baltimore, 4 years old by Revenue, dam Maroon.....3 dr.

Time, 3.56¼, 3.56

Facts and Fancies.

The principal blow dealt by the Finnegans was the Paddy-whackuation of Fort Erie.

Doré is at present finishing a series of designs for La Fontaine's Fables, which Messrs. Hachette will issue very shortly. Good men to execute woodcuts.

The Bishop of London has considerably improved in health during his lordship's residence at Hastings. The right rev. prelate and Mrs. Tait intend to return to the palace, Fulham, on the 19th. The Bishop's illness was only a severe *mal de tête*.

A letter received from an eye-witness of the attack of Blind upon M. Bismark, declares that the minister, seeing himself assaulted, drew a dagger from his pocket, and defended himself with it right stoutly. If the assassin had been a regular Venetian Blind, he would have bolted easily.

There is an umbrella firm in Boston, of Shute & Son. There is a natural affinity between umbrellas and pair o'shutes.

Justice Hogan of New York has decided that turtles are not animals, and that it is not cruel to tie their flippers behind their backs. The whole dispute is a mere matter of opinion, but imagine a London Alderman deciding that a turtle was not an animal!

The Memphis Riots.

A letter from a gentleman with the Memphis Congressional Committee, writes "That they have brought to light near two hundred distinct crimes, perpetrated within those three memorable days of the late riots, many of them by the police, and others by the city authorities, embracing murder, arson, burglaries, highway robberies, maiming, &c. The offenders walk the streets in open day, and no man has been arrested. No steps have been taken by the civil authorities to bring a criminal to justice.

"On the third day of the disturbances, Gen. Stoneman took military possession of the city. But for this measure it is believed here that the blacks and 'Yankee niggers,' as Northern men are called, would have been killed or driven out of the city. The committee expect to complete their labors and be in Washington about the middle of June."

COURTS.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Peirce.—Anthony Cook pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a pair of boots, and was sentenced to three months in the county prison.

Henry Gray pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a coat, and was sentenced to thirty days in the county prison.

David Scott pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery, and was sentenced to twenty days imprisonment.

Samuel Bergman was convicted of a charge of stealing a lot of iron. Sentenced to six months in the county prison.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Michael Conroy, aged 45 years, employed on a vessel which was loading at Pier No. 1 Port Richmond, fell through a hatchway on the pier last evening and was instantly killed.