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FROFEIETORS.

GIBSON FRACOCK, ERNEST C. WALLAGE,
F. L. FRIBERSTON, TEOS. J. WILLIAMSON
TASPER SOUDER, Jr., FRANCIS WELLS. The BULLEFIR is served to subscribers in the city at general per week, payable to the carriers, or \$3 00 per annum.

## MARRIED.

ASHMAN—HAHN.—At Washington, D. C., on Thursday, 31st uit., by Rev. T. B. McFalls, William N. Asoman, of Philladelphia, and Mary E. Hahn, daughter of Phillip Hahn, Esq., of Forestville, Md. 48.
GBAHAM—SCHIEFFELIN.—June 2, by the Rev. Dr. Hawks, W. Irving Graham, to Helen M., daughter of Richard L. Schieffelin, all of New York city.
KLAPP—EVANS—On the Third day morning, the 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Friends' ceremony. In the presence of Mayor Morton McMichael, Mr. Henry Klapp, of Newark, to silen, daughter of Bobert E., and Sarah N. Evans, of Philadelphis.

DIED.

HARVEY.—On the 4th inst., Mr. Joseph Harvey, in the 58th year of his age.
The relatives and male friends are respectfully in vited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 2017 Wallace Street, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further notice. without further notice.

McKARAHES.—On 4th inst , Andrew J., infant so
f Andrew J., and Catharine C., McKaraher, aged 2 months.

MORRIS.—On the 2d June, at Pelham, Westchester county, N. Y., Richard R. Morris, son of the late Col. Lewis Morris, of the Revolution, in the 68th year of the area.

LYRE & LANDELL are prepared to supply families with Dry Goods, at the lowest prices.

LINES WITH THE SECONDARY SECON

SUNDOWNS AND YAOHT HATS FOR LADIES in great variety,

THEO. H. McCALLA'S
Old established Hat and Cap Emporlum,
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SPECIAL NOTICES.

PARDEE SCIENTIFIC COURSE

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE.

LAFAXETTE COLLEGE.

In addition to the general Course of Instruction in this Department, designed to lay a substantial basis of Enowledge and scholarly culture, students can pursue chose branches which are essentially practical and technical; viz. ENGRINEERING, Civil, Topographical and Mechanical; MINING and METALLURGY; ARCHITECTURE, and the application of Chemistry to AGRICULTURE and the ARTS. There is also afforded an opportunity for special sudy of TRADE and COMMERCE, of MODERN LANGUAGES and PHILIDLOGY; and of the HISTORY and INSTITUTIONS of of our own country. For Circulars apply to President OATTERL, or to Prof. R. B. YOUNGMAN, EASTOE, PA., April 4, 1866. Clerk of the Faculty. mys, smo?

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAUROLAD

Mys.mov

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILRO AD
AND GREEN LANE—The undersigned are
delivering the best quality of Lehigh Coal from the
above place, to the residents of Germantown and
vicinity, at the following low rates, viz:
Broken and Egg for Furnace and Stove for Range \$8 00
Nuter Chestnut. Address Box 62 Germantown Post Office. 4 Address Box 62 Germantown Post Office. 15 South SEVENTH street, Philadelphia, Or yard, NORTH PENNSYLVANIA BAILROAD and GRHENE Lane. DINES A SUPPLED

BINES & SHEAFF. A STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL AND SALE
of USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES will be
held in the Lecture Room of the First Reformed Dutch
Church corner Seventh and Soving Garden Streets

Church, corner Seventh and Spring Garden streets commeaceing on the 5th instant and continuing four days. Boors opened at 7% o'clock, P. M., or Tuesday. Formal opening with an address, &c., at & o'clock.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, LEC TURE BOOM, Marshall street, above Green.—Seventh week of the series of interesting meetings. Rev. ALFRED COOKMAN will preach (D. V.) Wednesday evening, 'at 7% o'clock. HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1520

Lombard street, Dispensary Department. Medical treatment and medicines furnished gratuitously

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

We are in receipt of the June number of The Philadelphia Photographer, a monthly journal, devoted to the photographic inter est. It is published by Benerman & Wilson. It is edited with taste and spirit, and is full of matter which will interest every lover of the science which it so ably advocates. In the present number are several exceedingly valuable and well written communications.

Facts and Fancies. While loyal people like some of Jeff.'s counsel as little as they like Jeff. himself there is a decided hope expressed that there will be no falling out between counsel and lient, but that they will all be found hanging together after the trial.

Instead of capturing Toronto, many of the Fenians now don't know where To run to. Boston 'Tiser says that.

The full name of P. O. Day, the Buffalo Finnegan Centre, is probably Peep O'Day. The papers mention that there is a miss in Mestern town who has formed an uncontrollable appetite for eating paper. There is nothing at all a-miss in this. We know any quantity of the most delightful young women who devour a whole Burne. TIN every evening, generally beginning

with "Facts and Fancies." The Boston Post says: "The wretch who at a social party said that a young lady playing a piano forte was like an ape because ther fingers were among-key's, has been ar rested."

The New York Herald had the following startling caption to a long editorial—"Sha we have the cholera or some other dreadful disease in New York?" Louisville Journal replied—"You pays your money and you has your choice."

The story that the new style of hoops was invented by Theodore Tilton, is a base fabrication. The hoop itself is a fabrication without a base.

The wrath of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, over the alleged maltreatment of green turtles,

is a combination of "The rage of the vul-ture, and love of the turtle." The battle of Ridgeway was a very un-

equal one. The hods were all on the Finnegan side, and their mortar practice was very superior.

THE CANADIAN FISHERY QUESTION,-On the 31st ultimo. Sir Frederick Bruce, the British Minister, addressed a note to Mr. Sew ard, from which the following is an extract: "I have the honor to inform you that the Government of Canada have authorized R. Porter, Esq., the magistrate commanding the Government vessel, La Canadienne, employed in protecting the fisheries of Canada, to issue fishery licenses on the payment of the sum of fifty cents per ton measurement of the vessels proposed to be used in fishing. These licenses will remain in force during this season, and will confer upon the holders of them, as far as the Canadian fisheries are concerned, all the rights enjoyed by the fishermen of the United States under the Reciprocity treaty. This measure is of a provisional nature.

MOVEMENTS AT VARIOUS FRON-TIER POINTS,

The Fort Erie Affair.

A NUMBER OF FENIANS SHOT.

OTHERS TO BE COURT MARTIALED

Operations of British Troops and Gunboats.

Writ of Habeas Corpus Sued Out to Take the Fenian Officers from the U.S. Steamer Michigan.

THE EXCITEMENT AT MON TREAL.

Capture of Fenian Arms, &c., &c.

Colonel O'Neill, the Fenian. MEMPHIS, June 4th.—Colonel O'Neill,the Fenian commander, who made the first advance into Canada, was formerly of the 11th Tennessee Regiment, and afterwards commanded the Galvanized regiments, composed of men who escaped from the Andersonville and other rebel prisons.

Capture of Fenian Arms. WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 5.—The Fenian train was come up with at Rechville, the first station south of De Kalb junction, by a company of United States troops, who took the arms, ammunition, and men in charge The Fenians were unloading the arms when the troops arrived, intending to run them across the country, having received information of the troops awaiting them at De Kalb. No resistance was made. This morning's train going north has on board a company of Fenians and detachments of United

States Regulars. From Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, June 5.-A large and enthusiastic Fenian meeting was held at Mozart Hall last night, and \$3,000 was subscribed.

It was stated that 300 Fenians left here last night. The drivers of several of the street rail-

roads have been on a strike for the past two days. Rumored Insult to a U.S. Consul. BUFFALO, June 5.-It is said that on the

arrival of the Canadian troops at Fort Erie, after the Fenian retreat, the U.S. Consu was grossly insulted, and fired upon by British officer, while standing in his door, with the U.S. flag waving over his house He has demanded an apology.

Buffalo, June 4th, 1866.—[Special to the Herald.]— There is considerable difficulty n crossing to the Canadian side of th river, every person being submitted to the most rigid scrutiny. There were four most rigid scrutiny. There were four thousand Canadian troops, including volunteers, encamped on the heights behind the village of Fort Erie last night. Colonel Wolsey, a Crimean hero, came from Mon treal yesterday by special train, to take command of the Canadian forces

The 60th Rifles, 16th Infantry, Gray Horse Battery and a loaded train of volunteer have just left for Kingston, where an at tack is reported. A number of additional troops are ex-

pected to leave Fort Erie this afternoon. mall garrison will remain. A very large number of Fenian prisoner have been taken by the various scouting parties. Six were arrested this morning mong them P. P. Ledwith, of Tennesse

Thomas Bryan, of Buffalo, and J. Brown, o Sixty-six are lodged in Brantford jai and a number more have been sent on to Toronto. Among those captured were a number of iron moulders from Cincinnati who say the strike threw them out of em

In the engagement at Limestone Ridge the Thirteenth Canadian battalion was i reserve to support the Queen's Own, of To nel Booker, of Hamilton, was in command. As soon as the order was given "to form square to receive cavalry" the gallant Colonel ordered a retreat, and leaving his men, got himself quickly out of

Canadian troops are being hurried by rail o Toronto. A writ of habeas corpus has been served on the captain of the United Steamer Michion the captain of the United Steamer Michigan for the delivery of the Fenian officers. The order was signed by Judge Clinton. It is expected they will be given up to-night. This order does not release the men.

General Strong visited Fort Erie to-day and addressed the British troops. The following are the names of some of the Fenian captured: Colonels O'Neill and O. Farr.Colonel Hove (the latter of Buffalo)

lieut. Colonels John Spaulding and Grace, and Maior Moore. The British colors captured by the Fenians at the battle of Ridgeway—which the Cana-dians call Limestone Ridge—are also on board of the Michigan.

The captain of the Michigan has signified his intention of delivering up the Fenian officers on board his boat at nine A. M., when the habeas corpus is returned to Judge Lockwood.

BUFFALO, June 4.- I have just crossed from Fort Erie. One Fenian prisoner was shot this morning. He was tried by drumhead court martial. Another is to be shot to-morrow at five A. M. The Fenians of this city have left for Dunkirk. The revenue steamer has just left for there. A large quantity of arms stored at P. O'Day's Head entre F. B. of Buffalo, was seized by order of General Barry, at two P. M. to-day. Buffalo, June 5-1.15 A. M.—Five Fe-

nians were shot last evening in the woods pack of Fort Erie. A heavy detachment of Fenians left here at eleven P. M., under command of Captain Donohue. Destina-

tion unknown.

BUFFALO, June 4-1.45 P. M.—General Meade and United States District Attorney

Dart will arrive at Potsdam at noon to-day LATEST FENIAN REPORTS. and will look after General Sweeny and his

base of supplies.

The report that Head Centre O'Day had been arrested on Canadian soil is untrue but it is certain that he is not visible to the naked eye on this side. A ridiculous rumor is published by the Post of this city that Kingston has been cap-

tured by the Fenians.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 4, 1866.—Gen.
Meade and staff passed here this morning
on his way North. Gen. Sweeny and one
hundred and fifty Fenians were on the same

train. The United States Marshal here seized nine boxes of arms and accourrements on Saturday evening's train. The United States Marshal seized two cases containing arms and ammunition while passing through this place this afternoon for the

North.

This evening a party of men came from Poisdam, and taking possession of a locomotive started towards Cape Vincent, in which direction the arms had been taken for safety, as there was no force here to protect them. They found the cars at Chaumont and are momentarily expected back to pass here on their way north with them.

A party of about thirty man wade a raid.

A party of about thirty men made a raid on the store of T. D. Ely, where the arms seized on Saturday were deposited. They took them to the depot, and will probably take them north with the others. General Meade has sent troops from Ogdensburg to intercept them.

St. Albans, Vt., June 4, 1866.—Another company of United States artillery from Fort Independence arrived this morning. Thirty-seven cases of Fenian arms were

The Fenian camp at Fairfield has moved northward toward the Canada line.

Colonel Gibson, Lieutenant Colonel Wilduck and Major Barston are here in command of the United States forces. The Third artillery are mostly stationed at Swanton. Companies I and Barrived this evening from Portland. The regimental band are playing in St. Albans park this evening "Wearing of the Green," &c. But few Fenians are in town. They have

all disappeared in some mysterious way. We shall probably hear of them in twentyfour hours.
At a general council of the Fenian officers to-day, General Spear in the chair, it was unanimously decided to keep all the future operations strictly private. It is therefor difficult to obtain even a glimpse of what is purposed. But that something important

vill soon be done is, however, manifes A special messenger from General Sweeny reached General Spear's headquarters to-day. General Spear's staff consist of Major James B. Lyons, chief; Captain John J. Dunn and Captain Michael McFadden, aids; Colonel Edmund Rice, volunteer aid. General Mahan, Colonels Scanlan, O'Connor and McNamara are out on active service to-

The following are the names of some of the officers who command the Fenians now mustering in this section: General Thomas W. Sweeny, formerly of

the United States army, Commander-in-Brigadier General Spear, who is in immed of all the forces General Spear is about fifty years of age.
General John W. Mahan, formerly Major
of the Massachusetts 9th regiment. He All the

Massachusetts Fenians are under his command. Colonel O'Connor is in command of what is called the 3d regiment of the Army of Ireland. The regiment numbers about four

hundred men, all from Massachusetts.
Lieutenant Colonel Finans, second in command of the above regiment. Colone lurphy has charge at present of some Fe nians not yet organized. Colonel Reilly, in command of the rendezvous at Malone, Franklin county, New York, opposite Cornwall. Colonel Scanlan has command of some men who moved to day from the an

General Meade is expected here to-morrow. The commander of the British volunteers at St. Arnaud yesterday seized the horses of the United States mail for the Queen's service. The property is owned by Americans, and was in service under the inter-national postal regulations.

The annual parade of the St. Albans militia will take place to-morrow, under General J. W. Taylor. They will be armed

RUTLAND, Vt., June 4.—The main body of the Fenians, according to the best information received here, is encamped near Fairfield, a small town five miles east of St. Albans, while two smaller columns ar osted at Swanton and Fairfax villages, ittle north of St. Albans and about twe niles from the Canadian line. There was a report in circulation here to-day that the Fenians had crossed the border in large orce, and were marching toward the St.

Lawrence river.

The objective point of the Fenian campaign is believed to be either Montreal or Ottawa, but the intelligence of their movements is too meagre and obscure to render these opinions more than conjectures. There are many Irish in the places above named, and they conceal and sustain the Fenian camps so carefully that it is hard to estimate the number of men they contain. The general opinion, however, is that it is much larger than is usually estimated.

A number of supposed Fenians came up on the trains to-day, and passed through this village. The whole number thus far which has gone to to the front via this place is about five hundred. One hundred and United States regulars, companies A and F 1st heavy artillery, from New London, Conn., passed through Rutland this evening on the passenger train to Bur-lington, and there were many men supposed to be Fenians on the train with them A small party of Fenians who arrived here to-day on the train from New York had several cases with them, supposed to con-

tain munitions of war. Twenty-two boxes of arms and ammunition belonging to the Fenians have been seized by the Untied States Marshal at St. Albans, up to last accounts received here.

A large trunk, supposed to have contained sabres, was forcibly taken from a baggage car at St. Albans, on Saturday last. reason for this was that the door of the car was locked when they applied for the "baggage," and to wait for any one to find the key o open it would have propably allowed the

discovery of the sabres and their seizure. There is a report now current that two thousand Fenians will pass through this town between this time and daylight to reinforce their brethren. The railroad company has sent a large

number of empty cars down the road for some purpose to-day, which has not yet been divulged. A large body of Fenians is reported to have passed over the Vermont Central Railroad to-night. This is the same force that was expected to pass this way. Montreal, June 4, 1866.—A heavy rain torm has prevailed here throughout the

day, and until this evening. The popular

anxiety relative to the invasion of the Fenians has been somewhat subdued, but at this writing is again at its full height.

The impression is rapidly gaining ground that the end of the invasion is near at hand, and that some action of the United States government, as yet occult to the Canadian people, but in full possession of the gov-ernment, has been initiated as against the

Fenians Thave just received a telegram from Colonel R. G. Stone, dated at Plattsburg, at seven o'clock this evening, announcing that everything is perfectly quiet on the Plattsburg border and vicinity.

General J. B. Stonehouse, Assistant Adjutant General of New York, is at Plattsburg.

A meeting was held this afternoon, in A meeting was held this afternoon, in pursuance of a proclamation by the Mayor, looking to the local strengthening of the public defences in the absence of the regulars and volunteers at the Fenian front. The immediate object of the meeting was to form a home guard. The gathering was made up of thousands of the citizens, who were very enthusiastic. The Mayor presided and also addressed the meeting. Addresses were also made by the Hon. Mr. Ryan, Hon. Darcy McGee, Minister of the Crown: Hon. James Territ. Hon. John Rose

Crown; Hon. James Territ, Hon. John Rose and ex-Mayor Beaudry. Resolutions, having in view the practical perfection of the object of the meeting, were passed. A large number of Fenian spies are known to be in this city in constant communication

with their leaders. The Mayor has com-pelled the police to take the oath of allegi-ance, which quite a number of them refused to do, and were therefore instantly dismissed It is now thought that the Fenians, if they

make a grand stand, will do so at or near Cornwall, and that a collision may take place at any moment. The Canadian forces are very strong at that point.

But few additional troops left the city for the front to-day.

The gunboat Royal, under command of

Lieutenant Vidall, the other officers being Mr. Boyes, sub-lieutenant; Mr. Baring, midshipman, and Mr. Parvis, engineer, went up the canal bound west. The Royal has a crew of thirty-seven men, besides the officers; is armed with one Armstrong twelve-pounder and a brass howitzer for-ward, and a twelve-pounder Armstrong aft. She has a battery around the bows and stern cased with iron for the protection of the men working the guns, and her wheelhouse has been in the meantime protected with sand bags until the casing can be put on. The gunboats Hercules and Canada will be ready either to-morrow night or Wednesday morn ing. All the men that can be advantageously employed are working at them. Her Majesty's steamship Rosario, Captain Vor-

sturme, arrived from Quebec at 11 o'clock to day. The Rosario is a screw sloop of 11 gnns, 673 tons and 150 horse power, and havas being quiet at Malone, Cornwall and St.

Johns, though it is believed the Fenians would have made an attack on the latter place on Saturday had not their arms been

seized by the United States authorities. The cry of the Fenlans on the border is said to be "On to Montreal" LATER.—It is now believed that the Fenians will not touch at St. Armand, but will march direct to Cornwall. The imperative orders of the Commanding General are that the outposts must on no account fire a shot, but fall back gradually on the supports. This will prevent a repetition of the alleged blunders at Fort Eric on last

Saturday. Colonel Carter, commanding the force at that point, is known to be acting in consonance with this order. St. Armand, on the Border, June 4—12 Noon.—This village is located directly on the dividing line between Lower Canad and Vermont, and has not the advantage of a stream of water to mark the boundary The place is filled with British volunteers

Reports are current in relation to a Feniar Rumors are affoat that an attempt will be made to capture the Bank of Bedford, which is only a short distance from this place. The deposits were removed to a place of safety

last night. A camp of the 25th Highlanders located at St. Alexander, just back of this village.

POTSDAM JUNCTION, N. Y., June 4.-It is reported here that the Beauharnois Canal is cut by Fenians from Coteau du Lac to the St. Lawrence river. The canal is eleven miles long. This will stop immediately all navigation in the St. Lawrence, cutting off Mon

real east and west. As far as I can ascertain, the operations of the Fenians will be as follows: Gen. Murphy to cross at St. Regis or Cornwall with 4,500 infantry; the other column to cross at Beauharnois or at La Prairie, and cut the Lachine Canal; Major General Spear, with a column of 3,000 men, to move forward from St. Albans via Phillipsburg, cutting the railroads at St. John's Junetion, avoiding as much as possible the forts at Isle, and Chambley, and St. John's, on Richelleu River: then he will probably cut the Grand Trunk at St. Hillaine and St. Hyacinthe. These operations combined with the cutting of the Beauharnois Canal, it is supposed by the Fenians here, will cut off Montreal eas andwest from succor.

The force at St. Alban's moving north is ommanded by the following officers: Major General Spear Brigadier General Mc Mahon, Colonel Rice, of Massachusetts Colonel Donnelly, of Massachusetts; Colone Coulz, of the Third Massachusetts Cavalry Army of Ireland: Colonel Bannoh, of Con necticut; Major James B. Lynn, Adjutant General on Staff.

General Sweeny is at Potsdam with his staff, and will move forward to-night. The men are in in excellent spirits at Malone, and clamorous for a fight. Nine-tenths o the Fenians are veteran troops who have served in the war of the rebellion. At Malone there are one hundred and fifteen men formerly belonging to Pickett's and Longstreet's divisions of the Confederate army There are also a number of Mosby's partisans in the Fenian camp.

I will go to the front to-night. We ex-

pect a big fight to-morrow afternoon or Arms have been seized by the United States all along the route, and United States troops are passing to the front rapidly Some of Sweeny's old regiment, the Six teenth United States Infantry, have come up in squads, completely equipped, for the purpose of taking a look at things, as they

expressed themselves.

Potsdam, June 4.—The location of the Fenian army is as follows: Centre at Malone, in command of General Murphy right at St. Albans, in command of Major General Spear; left at Cape Vincent, in command of an Illinois officer. There is every probability of a fight to-morrow at Phillips

Meade has gone to Ogdensburg.

Montreal, June 4.—The Seventh regiment arrived here from Quebec at midnight. The steamship Nova Scotia, with five hun- condemned the prisoner in costs.

dred and six soldiers on board, reached Father Point early this morning. They are expected here to-morrow evening. The ship Ossario arrived from Quebec this

morning, The gunboat Reyal left for Cornwall this morning. Two more are expected to follow during the day. They are to guard the St. Lawrence at Cornwall. They are all said to be armed with Armstrong guns.

The government, it is reported to me, have

reliable evidence that General Sweeny is ready in the neighborhood of a town nearly opposite to Cornwall. The men with him hope first of all to effect a lodgment at Corn-wall Island so as to cut off reinforcements by water from Lower to Upper Canada. Cornwall, it is believed, will be the main point of attack. The fight expected at St. Armand, last evening, did not take place. The Fenians did not leave their quarters at Earifield on the ground of work of the state. Fairfield, on the ground of want of sufficient ammunition. It is reported that the Government has engaged the services of the Indians of St. Rigis and of Canyhuawaga, to act as scouts along the St. Lawrence, from

Montreal to Cornwall. There may therefore be a little scalping done also.

The Irish priests made very impassioned The Irish priests made very impassioned appeals to their congregations yesterday. Father Dowd is reported to have said it was a duty every man owed to the church to resist the invaders, and if necessary, he and his brother priests would lead them to the field of battle.

A public meeting was held here this afternoon for the purpose of forming additional
brigades of Home Guards. About three
thousand were present. The speakers,
among whom was Darcy McGee, were, I am
told, chiefly the leading men of the French and Irish classes. It was decided to form three more brigades of one thousand each. A great number enrolled themselves at the conclusion of the meeting. I must confess there is no appearance of a panic here; there is rather an overwhelming confidence of having a quick and decisive defeat of the in-

vaders.
[OGDENSBURG, June 4.—Two hundred regulars have just left here, under command of Lieutenant Fine, of the 12th infantry, by order of General Meade, to seize five hundred muskets consigned to General Sweeny, at Malone. The arms are at Watertown. The troops formed in the main context and wave given orders to lead more street, and were given orders to load, pre-paratory to embarking for their destina-tion. The regulars are sore about it, many of them belonging to the Fenian organization. Trouble is anticipated, if they meet with any body of Fenians at Watertown.

LATER.—It is reported that Col. Easton, of the 14th New Jersey Fenian infantry, has seized the arms at Watertown, which were detained by order of the United States authorities. Colonel Easton is in command of two hundred and fifty men, thoroughly armed, and it is expected that there will be a fight with the regulars sent to recapture the arms from Ogdensburg, by order of General Meade. The Canadians in town predict a speedy overthrow of the Fenians by the regulars. The greatest excitement is manifested in the town to hear the result of the expected fight. It is reported that the Western Union and Montreal line of telegraph has been cut by the Fenians, some miles from here; the wires have ceased to

WATERTOWN, June 4.—The United States Marshal seized two cars containing arms and ammunition white passing through this place this afternoon for the north. this place this afternoon for the north. This evening a party of men came from Potsdam, and taking possession of a locomotive started toward Cape Vincent, in which direction the arms had been taken for safety, as there was no force here to protect them. They found the cars at Chaumont, and are momentarily, expected back to pass here on their way north with them. A party of about thirty men made a raid on the store their way north with them, of T. D. Ely, where the arms seized or Saturday were deposited. They took them to the depot, and will probably take them north with the others. General Meade has sent troops from Ogdensburg to intercept

GERMANY IN MINIATURE.—The scene in Castle Garden, the receptacle for newly ar rived emigrants in this country, as wit nessed from the office windows of the commissioners, opening on the rotunda. worth a careful study. Below are personified some of the most interesting sections of Europe, particularly those embraced in the rural districts of Germany, and an inspection can be had any day without the expense and hazards of a trans-Atlantic voyage. Only the natural scenery is wanting to perfect the picture. But the patois can be heard, and the manners, c and costumes can be observed. The latter suggestion may be useful to connoisseurs in the art. The specimens of female attire, including dresses and head-gear, are, in many cases, exceedingly odd, and may be supposed to approach very nearly to that worn by many of the first settlers in New Amsterdam. The prevailing style for skirts is that now st approved by modern reformers of the Bloomer school, being specially favora-ble to loccmotion in any kind of weather and the weight being mostly suspended from the shoulders, is believed to be con-ducive to a robust development. Moreover, the system of artificial expansion is done away with, thereby marvelously reducing the bulk. Young Germany is also full represented. The observer may be edified by hearing infants prattle precisely as in the father-land, and by witnessing the pro-cesses of domestic discipline, the arts of cookery, the manner of social intercourse all much the same as if admitted to the sanctity of the household circle, it might be in the mountainous recesses of the Tyrol or on the banks of the "castellated Rhine." When all the entertainment and instruc-tion thus afforded can be had only by riding to the Battery, why should ambitious tourists waste time, money and strength by going across the ocean, and perhaps seeing no more than is gained by a glance along the common routes of travel?—N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT IN FRANCE.-A point of law relating to imprisonment for debt, of some consequence to foreigners, and not generally known, has been settled by the Civil Tribunal of the Seine. A short time since M. Schuyllmann, a merchant re siding in Paris, arrested a Bavarian on the ground that he was about to leave the country without paying his debts. The latter disputed the legality of the arrest, on the plea that his creditor is a Bavarian, and therefore not entitled to avail himself of the privilege conferred on creditors by the law of 1832. The defendant commenced proeedings—first, to set aside the arrest as il legal; and, secondly, to recover damages for illegal arrest, for which he claimed 20,000f. The creditor, however, pleaded that he had been authorized by an imperial decree to establish his domicil in France, and that consequently be enjoyed all the civil rights of a French citizen. The court adopted this view of the case, confirmed the arrest and

[For the Evening Bulletin.] Death of a Remarkable Man.

The following notice in the Newburyport Herald, records the death, on the 18th ult. of Thomas B. Leighton, one of the most remarkable men we ever met:

A cotemporary and friend of John Wentworth, now a member of Congress and of John P. Hale, lately of the U. S. Senate, he was less fortunate in political life, and becoming disappointed with it, he exiled himself to Appledore, the largest of a curious volcanic group of islands sometimes called Smith's Islands, after the discoverer, Captain Smith, of Pocahontas memory, but more commonly known as the Isles of Shouls, and which lie about twelve miles from Ports-

which lie about twelve miles from Portsmouth, N. H.

Here he built a small house, first taking a few friends under his roof. Owing to the general coolness and eveness of the temperature, the place became popular as a resort for invalids, especially those in the earlier stages of pulmonary complaints, many of whom returned permanently cured. Additions were from time to time made to the original dwelling, until the establishment was sufficient to accommodate 150 guests. Mr. Leighton had no small share of medical knowledge, and nothing seemed to afford him more pleasure than the renewed health of his visitors, to whom the renewed health of his visitors, to whom he always spoke with encouragement, predicting, with general correctness, a speedy restoration in cases were disease had not laid too heavy a hand.

His leisure was devoted to systematic reading, and he grew familiar with the sciences, particularly with astronomy, possessing much depth of information upon possessing much depth of mornation apon-general topics, which, with his admirable conversational powers, retentive memory, shrewdness of observation, and no small share of wit, made him an instructive and

greeable companion. Mr.Leighton's health began to permanently fail about three years ago, when he built a dwelling to which he removed, and re-

The Herald's notice is as follows:

Hon. Thomas B. Leighton, of the Appledore House, Smith's Islands, died at his residence on Friday last, aged 61 years. He was a native of Portsmouth, and when young wasin poor health, but improved his time in mental culture. The Chronicle says:
"He was editor of the N. H. Gazette in the year 1835; was Postmaster of Portsmouth; was a member of the New Hampshire Senate; and finally went out to 'the Shoals,' as keeper of the Light House on a lone There he found his favorite climate, and purchasing real estate on the largest island of the group, he made to himself a local habitation and a name, as builder, owner and landlord of the Appledore House, which he annually enlarged or improved, and where he spent his remaining days, and where, according to his own expressed will, he lies, buried between the granite rocks, on one of which the initials of his name are

to be all the sculptured memorial he desired. "His success in all these varied pursuits was answerable to the energy, determina-tion, and skill with which he applied him-self to whatever he undertook. His views politics, religion and society were peculiar. In the Jacksonian era he was one of the most earnest, efficient and skillful operators who created and managed the party"-and he was one of the ablest and liveliest editors the New Hampshire Gazette ever had. In the Post Office he did his duty promptly, and helped his party. Going out to Appledore, he eschewed party politics entirely, and never seemed to take interest in them afterward. He did not attach himself to any religious sect or people, and de-sired to have no ministerial or religious rites at his funeral. In conversation he was rites at his funeral. In conversation he was often very interesting, and apparently enjoyed it as well as any one. Yet he chose to live away from the usual haunts of society, and for a long series of years he has visited and for a long series of years he with the main land only once or twice. With poor youthful prospects of life, he lived to three-score,—and with a crippled frame he has done more work that is commonly performed by two able-bodied men.

HATS.-Some old fellow in New York who had nothing better to do took to counting the different styles of ladies' hats that appear on Broadway and reported the num-ber of varieties at one hundred and twentyfive. If some other patient fellow would undertake the job of counting the different styles to be seen in the streets of Lancaster we think he would exceed the New York count considerably. In a half hour's observation, an evening or two since, on one of our principal streets, we saw probably fifty hats, not any two of which were alike. Some were all crown and no rim, others all rim and no crown, and others again which were neither, rim nor crown, but resembled a good-sized pan-cake. All these were tortured and twisted into every imaginable shape to suit the fancy of the wearer. So far as hats are concerned fashion is ignored this year, or rather every lady who wears a hat has a fashion of her . We are sorry that in many cases this freedom of taste does not lead the ladies to adopt a sensible head gear. The pan-cake style is not only unbecoming, but for the purpose of protection to the head it is simy useless, and a lady might just as well o it bare-headed as to wear one of them. The old flats and shakers are the most becoming and most useful. Some of our younger lady readers may think this is an old fogy view. Perhaps it is. But then old fogy views are often the most sensible.— Lancaster Express.

ANOTHER EXPERIMENT IN AERIAL NA-VIGATION.—The ascension of a balloon-ship called the Esperance, was to have taken place at the Hotel des Invalides, Paris, on the 10th ultimo, but great difficulty was ex-perienced by the inventor, M. Delamarne, in adjusting the screws, helm, salls, &c. The Emperor, who happened to be driving out and saw the crowd, went to the spot to inspect the apparatus, and conversed some time with the inventor, but at last, not perceiving any great probability of an ascension, took his departure. The crowd then became impatient and broke through the barriers. At a quarter-past seven the car was attached, and the whole ascended some yards from the ground and moved in the direction of the Invalides; but the balloon, being either damaged by the machinery or overweighted, burst and fell heavily to the

ground. A WARM HIDING-PLACE.—A prisoner in he Wisconsin Penitentiary, having previously prepared a key wherewith to make his exit through the cook-room, secreted himself in the oven, where, after a little search he was found, the thermometer standing at one hundred and forty degrees

PERILS OF THE TURF .- Mr. Dennis Canny, a well-known Irish steeple chase rider, diec on the 6th inst, from injuries caused by several falls while riding a race at Scariff.