occupied by ladies and gentlemen attending them. On the stage were the officers and members of the Club, with invited guests. Tickets were required to admit spectators and participants. The meeting was not a gathering of Unionists pure and simple. Many hundreds of the participants were copperheads, and some of them were very well-known professors of that political faith. Supposing there to have been two thousand persons present we can safely say that one thousand of them did not vote for Lincoln and Johnson, nor did they ever Lincoln and Johnson, nor did they ever vote for a Republican or Unionist. During the evening the sentiments of the speakers were either feebly applauded or feebly hissed, the sentiments of the meeting being

plainly divided.

The meeting was organized by selecting Henry Simons, President of the Club, as Chairman. He explained the object of the gathering to be to inaugurate a Club pledged to the support of President Johnson and his policy for the restoration of the Union.

Col. Joseph R. Flanigen, Chairman of the
Committee of Arrangements, was then introduced to read the resolutions, or platform
of the Club, as follows:

of the Club, as follows:

1. Resolved, That we are now, as heretofore, ardently attached to the Union of the States under the Constitution of the United States; that we deny the right of any State to secode, and hold that all attempts at sesession are null and void; that all the States are now States of the Union, as before the rebellion, and we deny the power of the Seneral Government, under the Constitution, to exclude a State from the Union, or to govern it as a Territory.

2. Resolved, That our confidence in the ability, integrity, patriotism and statesmanship of President Johnson is undiminished. and we cordially approve the general policy

of his administration.
3. Resolved, That we endorse the resolution of the Congress of July, 1861, declaring the object of the war on our part to be the defence and maintenance of the supremacy of the Constitution and the preservation of the Union, with the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired.

4. Resolved, That in the language of the Chicago platform of 1860, and as quoted by the late President Lincoln in his first inaugural address, "The maintenance inviogural address, "The maintenance invio-late of the rights of the States, and especi-ally the rights of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, subject only to the Constitution of the United

States, is essential to the balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends.

Resolved. That under the constitution of the United States is reserved to the several States the right to prescribe the qualifications of electors therein; and that if world. tions of electors therein; and that if would be subversive of the principles of the Go-vernment for Congress to force universal suffrage upon any portion of the country in opposition to the known wishes of the citi-

opposition to the known wishes of the cit-zens thereof.

6. Resolved, "That this Union must be and remain inseparable forever;" that the war its for preservation having been brought to a triumphant close, and the supremacy of the Constitution vindicated, the rights of the States under the Constitution are to be maintained inviolate, and that the loyal citizens within the States and districts lately overrun by rebellion are entitled to all the rights guaranteed to them by the Con-

7. Resolved, That all the States of the Union are entitled by the Constitution of the United States to representation in the councils of the nation, and that all loyal members, duly elected and returned, having the requisite qualifications as prescribed by law, should be admitted to their seats in Congress without unnecessary delay by the judge of the election, returns and qualifica

tions of its own members.

8. Resolved, That treason is a crime which should be punished, and that we are op-posed to compromising with traitors by bartering "universal amnesty" for "universal

9. Resolved, That the payment of the national debt is a sacred obligation, never to be repudiated; and that no debt or obligation incurred in any manner whatever in aid of treason or rebellion should ever be assumed

or paid.

10. Resolved, That we cordially endorse 10. Resolved, That we cordially endorse the restoration policy of President Johnson, as wise, patriotic, constitutional and in harmony with the loyal sentiment and purpose of the people in the suppression of the rebellion, with the platform upon which he was elected, with the declared policy of the late President Lincoln, the action of Congress, and the pledges given during the war. 11. Resolved, That the nation owes a lasting debt of gratitude to the soldiers and sailors of the late war for the suppression of sailors of the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, and the families of the fallen heroes who died that the country might live are the wards of the people, and should be cared for by the Government

cared for by the Government.

12. Resolved, That the National Union men of this city who are in favor of the principles herein enunciated, and who are willing to give them the benefit of their practical support, and thus aid in the restoration of our country to permanent peace and happiness, are hereby requested to form Ward Associations throughout the city, for the purpose of giving vitality and city, for the purpose of giving vitality and energy to the combined action of the people in this regard, and report said organization to this club.

Adopted. Hon. James R. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, was the first speaker of the evening. He referred to the fact that three years ago he stood in Philadelphia with Andrew Johnson, then Coverned Research stood in Philadelphia with Andrew Johnson, then Governor of Tennessee. Both came to this city at a time when the people were despondent and discouraged. They came to assist the Union men of this city to lay firm and deep the foundations of that association which did so much to carry us through the terrible struggle with the rebellion. Then and there a resolution was adopted which then appealed to the hearts of the people, and to-day the speaker responded to the sentiment of the resolve, which was the corner stone on which we which was the corner stone on which we reared that association which was so instrumental in saving the country. That resolu-

tion was:

Resolved, That the Government of the United States is founded on the union of the States [cheers], which constitutes us one people [cheers], and is the main pillar in the edifice of our independence, the only support of our tranquillity at home and our peace abroad—of our safety, prosperity and liberty. [Cheers.]

This resolution was adopted and

This resolution was adopted, and men of all parties were invited to co-operate in a righteous cause. "The Union of the States" was the central idea of the whole scheme then; it was "the Union of the States" which was threatened by the rebellion. It was "the Union of the States was the states of the rebellion. then; it was "the Union of the States" which was threatened by the rebellion; It was for the "Union of the States" that we called on our people to fight; it was for the "Union of the States that we pledged our last man and our last dollar. [Cheers.] "The Union of the States, under the Constitution," the cornerstance of the American Government and approximate the constitution. states, under the Constitution," the corner-stone of the American Government, and any man, let him come from the East or the West, the North or the South, who endea-vors to destroy that Union is a disunionist.

After discussing the subject of the Union as giving us power and influence at home and abroad, Senator Doolittle noticed the and abroad, Senator Doolittle noticed the assaults made upon President Johnson. The Speaker had enjoyed the most intimate relations with Mr. Johnson, and he could emphatically assert that the President was a temperance man in all his habits. Another charge is, that Mr. Johnson is not

Saturday evening quite a fair audience, as so numbers, assembled at the Academy of Music, the occasion being the inauguration of a "National Union Johnson Club." Quite a large portion of the parquette was occupied by ladies and gentlemen attending them. On the stage were the officers and members of the Club, with invited guests. Tickets were required to admit spectators and participants. The meeting was not a gathering of Unionists pure and simple, Many hundreds of the participants were are false to the principles upon which the victory of 1864 was won. In regard to the question of negro suffrage, Mr. Johnson was in favor of leaving it where the Constitution left, it with the States. [Cheers.] As a citizen of Tennessee, Mr. Johnson, acting at home, would be in favor of granting to the more intelligent of the colored population the right of suffrage; but, as President of the United States, he did not conceive that he had the right to compel them to grant negro suffrage. Mr. Doolittle, at some length, referred to the necessity for overlooking the bitterness of the past, and endeavoring to engender kindly feelings between the two sections. ween the two sections.

Hon. Edgar Cowan, of Pennsylvania, was the next speaker. He discussed the question of reconstruction from a legal standpoint. He referred to the formation of the Government with a jealous regard for the rights of the States. The Union was formed rights of the States. The Union was formed for the purpose of preserving the rights of the States. To the Central Government was delegated the power of making war and doing other acts of sovereignty. It was a government of law and order, and any attempt to destroy the Union was in violation of the law. Secession and rebellion was lawless, and putting it down was simply enforcing the law. After the law has been vindicated by the overthrow of those who were attempting to violate their legal obligations, the law again steps in and says who were attempting to violate their legal obligations, the law again steps in and says that these people, criminal though they may be, shall be heard—shall be brought into Court and tried. The law is supremented once more, and the old order of things is restored, with the States again in the Union. By what law can the Southern States be deprived of representation in Courses. prived of representation in Congress? The radicals would follow the example of the Southern people, and now attempt to violate

He claimed that the Conservative party was the one that strictly obeyed the law, and that it was composed of persons who violated no known ordinance. He entered into the question of the lately rebellious Southern States to be again admitted to their old position before the great war, and the propriety of their being fully represented in the National Congress. The law held that no one could be legally convicted of a crime without being heard, and a State held exactly the same position. He was opposed at the present time to any amendments to the Constitution, however specious the arguments in favor of them might be. It had ments in favor of them might be. It had stood the test of years, and would do so still. The quarrel going on at present was entirely conined to and arose in the Repub-

lican party.

The President in the enunciation of his policy has the best, tried and true men of the Republican party. Among his sup-porters were Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State, E. M. Stanton, a gentleman whose patriotiem is undoubted, Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, Mr. McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury; Generals Grang-Sherman, Meade, Sheridan, Hancock, Craw-ford; Coulter, and all of the heroes to whom we are indebted for our victories. The party opposed to the President's policy are led by such men as Butler, Seigel, Shurz and others. No man will question the loyalty and patriotism of these men who support the President and who have done so much to attent their devotion to the sounts.

to attest their devotion to the country.

He held that it was a mistaken idea that the held that it was a mistaken idea that the object of the Government was to punish the people of the South. They had been already sufficiently punished by the result of their appeal to arms, and it now became our duty to win them back to loyal practices by kindness. No party, however powerful. could destroy the Government

Mr. Cowan referred to the charges against Mr. Cowan referred to the charges against Mr. Johnson, that he was threwing obstacles in the way of the trial of the leaders of the rebellion, and contended that the President was powerless, without the aid of Chief Justice Chase and the judiciary, to

Chief Justice Chase and the judiciary, to bring any of the parties to trial.

Hon. D. Norton, of Minnesota, was the last speaker. He centended that the Radicals by their course were seeking to prove to the country that the war was a failure, and that we had not succeeded in restoring the Union. The President of the United the Union. The President of the United States does not believe the war a failure, and hence his policy, which recognizes all the States as still within the Union.

The meeting adjourned at a late hour.

After the meeting General Green Clay
Smith was serenaded at the Continental Hotel, and in response to repeated calls he came upon the balcony and made a few remarks, eulogistic of President Johnson

and his policy. LETTERS READ AT THE MEETING. Among others, the following letters were

Among others, the following letters were received and read:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16,1866.—My Dear Sir: The President directs me to inform you, and through you, the "The National Johnson Club" of Philadelphia, that the pressure of official duties renders it impossible for him to be present at its proposed meeting on the 19th inst.

He further requests me to express his, gratification at its organization, and his warm sympathy for its success.

warm sympathy for its success.

He adheres firmly to the principles heretofore announced to the people, and his determination to be controlled in his Administration by the Constitution and the Laws passed in pursuance thereof. With high regard, I remain.

Your obedient servant,

EDWARD COOPER, Acting Private Secretary. Acting Private Secretary.

Hon. J. R. FLANIGEN, Phila., Pa.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, May 17th, 1866.

—Dear Sir—Yovr favor of the 14th inst., inviting me to be present at a mass meeting to be held by the "National Union Johnson Club" at Philadelphia, on Saturday evening next, is received.

Believing that the measures adopted by the President for bringing back the recently rebellious States into harmonious relations with the Federal Government, and with the other States of the Union, are constitutional, wise, humane and practical, I have given to them a hearty and unwavering support. I approve therefore, the object of the proposed meeting, but regret that the pressure of official duties will prevent me from at-

Please present my thanks to the Commit-

Very truly,
Your obedient servant,
H. McCulloch,
J. R. Flanicen, Esq., Chairman, &c.,
Philadelphia. Pa. Philadelphia, Pa.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, WASH-INGTON, D. C., May 18, 1866.—Sir: Please accept my thanks for the cordial invitation, extended to me in your letter of the 14th instant (just received), to be present at the Mass Meeting to be held at the Academy of

Music to morrow evening.

Music to morrow evening.

Regretting my inability to comply with your request, on account of the pressure of imperative official duties. I am sir, very respectfully, Your obedient servant,

JAS. HABLAN, Secretary.

J. R. Flanigen, Esq., Chairman Executive Committee, National Union Johnson Club, Philadelphia, Pa.

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1866.—J. R. Flanigen, Esq., Chairman, &c.—DEAR SIE:—I am suddenly called home, to Ohio, and leave this morning. JAS. HABLAN, Secretary.

morning,
I regret exceedingly that I cannot be present at the Philadelphia meeting of the friends of the Administration, I hope you

will assure those friends of my cordial sympathy, and sincere regrets that I am unable RISLEYS CONTINENTAL NEWS EXTORMED TO MICHAEL NEWS EXTORMED TO THE RESERVE TO THE RE Very respectfully and truly yours, C. DELANO.

XXXIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION. [CLOSE OF SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.]

House.—The President's message was under discussion, Mr. Patterson (N. H.) was the speaker. He advocated the policy of Congress in the matter of reconstruction Mr. Ross (III.) said: Two antagonistic plans, radically different, were pending before Congress and the country; these

were: First, The plan of the Committee of Fifteen: Of a severed Union, dead States, con-quered provinces, and public enemies, to be taxed without representation, and governed

by arbitrary force.

Second, The plan of the President: That the ordinances of secession were void; that the States still live and are in the Union; that taxation without representation is against the genius of our Government; that

against the genius of our Government; that legally elected loyal representatives should be admitted to their seats in Congress.

One would build up, the other would destroy. One was life, the other death to the nation. On these issues he could not doubt as to his duty, and should cordially support the restoration policy of the Administration in preference to the destructive policy of Congress.

Mr. Newell (N. J.) addressed the House in favor of such an increase of the tariff as in favor of such an increase of the tariff as will tend to protect and develop the manufacturing interests of the country. He showed that in no instance was free trade the absolute rule in any nation. On the contrary, true civilization sought to build up native industry, as the parent seeks to instruct the child in the necessary means to a livelihood. National art should be protected and featured by the Government as tected and fostered by the Government as individual art by the parent. The history of civilization was nothing but a series of ateps by which man has subdued nature to the uses of society, under the propection of a great central authority; and as nations grow older the duties of the central authority ecome more varied and more protectiv ment which governs least, he regarded as a fallacy, and contrary to all experience, either as regards this or any other nation.

The House, at half-past four adjourned.

The Bureau Clerks in Washington. Some time since the House of Representatives called upon the heads of the several Departments for information respecting the clerks and others employed therein. The responses thus far received show the num-ber employed in the Attorney General's office to be seven, none of whom were in the Union army. In the Navy Department sixty-seven, twenty of whom had served in the army or navy during the late war. Of the 630 in the office of the Secretary of the Interior and the several bureaus connected therewith 186 were in the Union army. therewith, 186 were in the Union army. The Postmaster General states that there are in his Department 160 males and 39 females. Of the former 39 have served in the Union army. All, he says, have taken the test oath without alteration or explanation. In the State Department there were 41 clerks, of whom 11 have served in the Union army The above exhibits a total of 944 clerks, o whom 256 have served either in the army or navy. The Postmaster General and the Secretary say that none of their employed have been in the Confederate service. The War and Treasury Departments have not yet responded to the resolution of the House,

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All kinds of Furniture wanted by housekeepers, at
exceedingly low prices, at either of their immense
establishments. If you want to save money and get
well served, go to be before waters as the same of the save money and get GOULD & CO.'S before purchasing elsewhere.

Corner NINTH and MARKET, and
mh9-ly! Nos. 27 and 39 N. SECOND Street.

TO HOUSEKERPERS Thave a large stock of every variety of Furniture which I will sell at reduced prices, consisting of PLAIN AND MARDLE-TOP COTTAGE SUITS. WALNUTCHAMBER SUITS. PARLOR SUITS IN VELVET PLUSH. PARLOR SUITS IN HAIR CLOTH.

PARLOR SUITS IN REPS. Sideboards, Extension Tables, Wardrobes, Book cases, Mattrases, Lounges, Cane and Woodsea Chairs, Bedsteads and Tables of every description. P. P. GUSTINE,
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SPRING MATRESS. BEST QUALITY AND STYLE,

AND BEDDING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, J. G. FULLER, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

PATENT SHOULDER SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY. Orders for these celebrated Shirts supplied promptly at brief notice.

GENTLEMEN'S Furnishing Goods. Of late styles in full variety. WINCHESTER & CO. jesm,w,f.t. 706 CHESTNUT.

J. W. SCOTT & CO., SHIRT MANUFACTURERS. AND DEALERS IN Men's Furnishing Goods.

No. 814 Chestnut Street.

Four doors below the "Continental," PHILADELPHIA. . . 9 EDUCATION. TRENCH.—French teition in, exchange for Board I and a small compensation, city or country, school or family, by a French gentleman recently from Grance, address Mr. MEJASON, oare of Prof. P. Morland, 1718 Pine street.

THE FALL SESSION OF MISS. ARROTT'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES Will commence on Wednesday, September 18th, at her residence, corner of Poplar and Sixteenth streets, Philadelphia. REFERENCES:—Rev. G. Emien Hare, Philadelphia. REFERENCES:—Rev. G. Emien Hare, Philadelphia Regresser, D. D., Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D. D., W. H. Allen, Reglate President of Girard College.

171-175

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910 CHESTNUT STREET

LOOKING GLASSES. PAINTINGS

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Plain and Ornamental Gilt Frames.

Carved Walnut and Ebony Frames,
ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER LEGAL NOTICES. IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—
In the matter of the petition of William S. Gray, praying that the Recorder of Deeds shall enter satisfaction of a Mortgage executed by Joseph Anthony and Henrietta, his wife, to Josiah Hewes, dated the twenty-third day of May. Anno Domini 1809, recorded in Mortgage Book I. C. No. 13, page 113, &c., for \$200. On certain premises situate in the Morthern Liberties of the city of Phinadelphia, bounded on the north by ground now or late of Benjamin Loxley, on the south by ground now or late of Henjamin Loxley, on the south by ground now or late of the Widow Dalton, on the cast by Front street continued, and on the ucst by the river Delaware 20 feet more or less.

March Term. 1856.—Bet is remembered, that on the twelfth day of May. 1844, on motion of Joseph C. Ferguson, Exq., attorney for the petitioner, the Court ordered the Eheriff to give notice once a week for four weeks, or his legal representatives, to appear at the next term of this Court to show cause why the prayer of said petition should not be decreed.

In testimony whereof, I have hereanto set my hand and affixed the seal of the safe.

Court this twelfth day of April A. D. 1856.

Pro Prothonotary C. P.

HENRY C. HOWELL, Sheriff.

my 14-m-ti

HENRY C. HOWELL, Sheriff. my14-m-1

HENRY C. HOWELL, Sheriff.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—
In the matter of the petition of James McHenry praying that the Recorder of Deeds, might be ordered to enter satisfaction upon the record of a mortgage executed by Patrick Reddy to Christopher Falion and John Fallon, dated the 17th of March, 1854 recorded is Mortgage Book T. H., No. 43. page 427, dc., for \$3.000, on premises, each 16 feet 2 inches in front, situate on the east side of Twelfth street, in the City of Philadelphia, and respectively each 115 feet 4 inches, 38 feet 5 inches, 18 feet 1 inches, 38 feet 5 inches, 18 feet 1 inches inches southward from the South-sice of Washington street.

March term, 1856.—Be it remembered, that on May 5th, 1866, on motion of George Junkin, Jr. Esg., Attorney for the petitioner, the Court ordered the Sheriff to serve notice of said petition upon Sarah L. Fallon, Bernard Fallon, and J. H. Lewis, Executors of Christopher Fallon, deceased, according to the Act of Assembly in such ease provided, requiring them to appear on the first Monday of June 1866, and answer the said nettition.

petition.

Witness my band and the Seal of the said Court these Fifth day of May, A.D. 1868.

To WEBB, Pro Prothonotary,
The parties named in the forgoing order will take notice of the same, which is published according to law. The parties named in the forgoing order will 'nhe notice of the same, which is published according to law.

HENRY C. HOWELL, Sheriff.

To Sarah L. Fallon, Bernard Fallon, J. H. Lewiz, Executors of Christopher Fallon, deceased. myr-m, 2.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY I AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—Estate of ALEXANDER TOWAR, dec'd.—The Auditor appointed by the Court to andit, settle and adjust the fourth account of J. H. Currix, surviving Executor of, and trustee under the last Will of Alex. Towar, dec'd., and to report distribution of the Baiarce in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on FRIDAY, May 25, 1866, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at the Gite of WM. F. JUDSON, Seq., No. 708 WALNUT street, in the City of Philadelphia.

The ORPHANS' COUR. FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Estate of ELIZA GARRIGUES, deceased.—The Auditor appointed by the Court to andit, settle and adjust the account of Francis Hoskins, Executor of the last will of Eliza Garrigues, deceased, and to report distributions of the balance in the hands of the Accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on TUESDAY, May 25th, 1866, at 10 clock A. M., at the Wetherill House, No. 605 Santom street, in the City of Philadelphia.

The ORPHANS' CHERT FUR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Estate of JOSEPH BARNES, late of London, dec'd. Estate of BENJAMIN PARSONS, late of London, dec'd.

Paris, France, dec'd.
Estate of BENJAMIN PARSONS, late of London, lec'd. Estate of OMER TALON, late of Hamburg, Ger-

Ge'd.

Estate of OMER TALON, late of Hamburg, Germany, dec'd.

The Auditor appointed by the Court, to audit, settle and adjust the account of JOSEPH W. HUNSICKER, Administrator in Pennsylvania of the above entitled estates and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the Accountant, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on MONDAY, May 28, 1866. at 3½ o'clock, P. M., at the Wetherill House, No. 698 Sansom street, in the city of Philadelphia.

Note: The ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHLA.—Extate of Rev. EDWARD C. JONES, deceased.—The Auditor appointed by the Court to audit, settle and adjust the account of ALEXANDER H. JONES, administrator of the Estate of Rev. EDWARD C. JONES, deceased, and to report distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1866, at 10% o'clock A. M. at his office, No. 507 RACE street, in the city of Philadelphia.

Mylks, Mimster May and the Court of the Court of Philadelphia.

phia,

The Orphans' court for the City
AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.—Retate of
James Hunt, deceased.—The Auditor appointed by
the Court to audit, settle and adjust the account of Wm.
Hunt, Executer of the last Will and Testament of
said deceased, and to report distribution of the balances
in the hands of the accountant, will meet the parties
interested for the purposes of his appointment, on
MONDAY, the 28th day of May, 1866, at 10 clock A.
M., at his office No. 529 VINE street. In the City of
Philadelphia

EDWARD S. CAMPBEILL,
my16 w,f,m,51\*

hiladelphia myl6 w,f,m,5t\* Philadelphia EDWARD S. CAMPBELE,
myle w, f.m, 51\*

Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS COURT FOR THE CITY AND
COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—Estate of
JOHN CUNLIFIE deceased.—The Auditor appointed
by the court to audit, settle and adjust the first account of Joseph J. Doran, administrator of the estate
of John Cunlifie deceased, and to report distribution
of the balance in the hands of the accountaint, will
meet the parties interested for the purposes of his acpointment, on TUE-BDAY, May 20th. 1865, at 3 o'clock,
P. M., at his office, No. 226 South FOURTH street in
the city of Philadelphia. GEO, SERGEANT,
myl8-fm.w,513

T. TATE OF DANIEL M. PARSONS, deceased.—
Letters of Administration having been granted to
the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate,
are requested to, make payment, and these having
claims will present, them to AMANDA PARSONS,
No. 576 North Thirteenth street.

Auditor.

T. J. MARTIN BREWER, 24, 26, 28 and 30 South Sixth St., Philad'a. Fine Old Stock & Nut-Brown Ales, Fine Old Stock & Nut-Brown Ales,