XXXIXTH CONGRESS-FIRST SESSION.

[CLOSE OF YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.] SENATE.—The resolutions under discus sion yesterday, for the prevention of the la-troduction of cholera into the ports of the

United States, were taken up. Mr. Chandler, speaking in favor of the resolutions, said he did not pretend to know as much about the cholera as other Sena-tors who had spoken yesterday. He had only had the disease twice in his life [laughterj, and had only spent three or four years of his life where it was. A commission of the best medical men in the world had been endeavoring to determine the nature of cholers, but if they had heard the debate in the Senate yesterday, they would have learned all about it from the Senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Cowan. He (Mr. Cowan) had solemnly declared that the disease was not contagious, but was epidemic. That was more than the greatest physician in the

world knew.
After discussion by Messrs. Morrill,Sum-After discussion by Messrs, Morrin, sumner, Edmonds and others, the joint resolutions were laid over till to-morrow, and the regular order, which was the Post Office Appropriation bill, was taken up.

The pending question was on the amendment of Mr. Trumbull, that no person

appointed during the recess of Congress to fill a vacancy occasioned except by death resignation, or expiration of term, shall re ceive compensation for his services until

confirmed by the Senate.
On this Mr. Wilson, who was entitled to the floor, said the country clearly under stands why the amendment proposed by the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Trumbull) upon this bill is needed. It grows out of an apprehension, of which there are signs daily hat Executive patronage is to be used to influence the judgment of the country, and influence the public sentiment upon the great question of reconstruction. It tome, sir, that it is legitimate and proper in connection with this proposition that the present action of the President, and the conoition of the men who made him President of the United States, should be discussed in this body, and that nothing can be more in order than that.

I propose to-day, sir, to notice very briefly a few of the observations made yesterday by the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr Doolittle), and the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Cowan). The Senator from Pennsylvania set out with the declaration that I had charged the President of the United States with the betrayal of the Republican party; and, sir, when I stated to im that I had made no such charge, the Senator repeated it, and reasserted it. Now sir, the record shows that I made no such charge against the President of the United States. I have never sought any controversy with the President. I have endeavored, at all times and on all occasions, in public and in private, to prevent any disa-greement between the President and Congress, or the disruption of the ties among the men who brought him into power. A vear ago. within thirty days after the assas sination of Mr. Lincoln, I learned from va-rious sources that there was a class of public men among us who hoped to have a new cast of the Administration—a reorganization—a reconstruction of political parties It was said, sir, on the one hand, that the radicals would be sloughed off, and that the extreme men from the rebel States would be sloughed off, and that there would be great political organization composed of the conservative men, and the belief was ex-pressed by those managers that the President of the United States would be the founder of a great party, as were Jefferson

and Jackson.
Sir, I confess that these hints gave me some alarm, not in a partisan sense, but alarm for the country. I am among those, sir, who believe in the faith and creed—in the motives, objects and purposes of that great political organization that made Mr. Lincoln President of the United States in 1860, carried the country through the war, and re-elected Mr. Lincoln in 1864. I believe it to be a liberty loving and patriotic organization; to be composed of the noblest, truest and best men of our country; that an overwhelming majority of the thoughtful, reflecting, conscientious, Bible-reading, Godfearing men of the country are in the ranks Every breath that organization has breathed has been a breath for liberty, for patriotism, for justice, for humanity, for the elevation of every being that breathes God's air and walks His earth.

Faults it has, and I do not pretend to claim that its public men are better than those of other parties that have gone before or existed at other times; but the great mass, the rank and file of the men who give the votes and make up the organization are swayed and controlled by as lofty motives as ever animated the bosom of humanity; and thus believing, sir, I felt it to be the duty of patriotism and of liberty to labor by day and by night to prevent the rupture and preserve the integrity of that organization that had swept over nearly all the States of the Union. Animated by that de-sire, during the last autumn for six weeks, ore vast throngs of men in Pennsylvania New Jersey and New York, I maintained everywhere that there would be no difference among us, that there must be no difference, that there should be none. I came here animated by that same spirit, resolved that no word or act of mine should precipitate the disruption of the great Union party, and it was only, sir, when the Civil Rights bill, the degreet magning I Civil Rights bill, the dearest measure ever supported in the twelve sessions I have been here, was vetoed, only when the 22d of February speech was made, and a de termination avowed to continue a policy that had been, when begun, declared to be an experiment—it was only then that I felt the time had come for real cause for this

Now, sir, the Senator from Pennsylvania

said another thing, and I choose to notice that now. He spoke of the hate that ani mated some of us. Now, sir, I can say, be fore my conscience and before my God, that during these thirty years of struggle be-tween the irrepressible forces of anti-slavery and slavery in America, I have never enter tained any sentiment of unkindness to-wards my countrymen of the slaveholding States; and, sir, as I have looked upon the graves of neighbors, of kindred fallen in the late war, I have never had a feeling of hatred. I have felt, sir, that this struggle which was a contest of ideas, of thought which was a contest of meas, or mought, of hope and faith, and finally ended in a bloody struggle, was a logical and philosophical contest. It was a contest between men on the one hand trained in the spirit of blooty that spirit which we have the spirit of blooty that spirit was a contest between men on the one hand trained in the spirit. of liberty, that spirit which embraces in its affections all the children of men of every clime and race, that spirits that pulls no the highest down, but elevates the lowest; and on the other hand, that spirit, that dark, malignant spirit of human slavery, that stifles the mind and debases the soul For two hundred years the one side had been trained to freedom, to the love of freedom, justice and humanity: the other had been trained in the spirit of caste. They were both powerful. It was a contest of giants. It was an irrepressible conflict, and it came to blows, and when it did come to blows, it rocked the continent with its power. We have triumphed. Slavery dies a traitor's death and leaves a traitor's name in the history of the republic. Liberty, pa-triotism, justice, humanity, all that is noble,

all that inspires men to elevated deeds, have gained the ascendant.

I looked upon that contest as one that could not be avoided. It came upon us. We have triumphed, and, sir, for one, I want no more blood, no more confiscation. I want none of their houses or their lands: and from the day Kirby Smith surrendered his army to this hour no person from the rebel States has ever asked a favor from me or any aid of mine that I have not freely given it, and I mean to give both act and thought, and everything I have in the traitors.

future, to elevate, improve and build up that blasted section of the country. And, sir, I believe what I say of myself I can say of the great masses of the men of the free States. I repeat, we would send and huild a church: school house; send capital, send aid everything in our power to build up the war-worn, war-wasted places of the rebel

States.

Mr. Wilson next adverted to the effects of the President's policy, stating that, under that policy, nearly all the men elected to in the South were rebels, who could not take the oath prescribed for Sena-tors and members of the House. Under Mr. Johnson's reconstruction policy, said Mr. Wilson, every officer elected in the State of Virginia was a traitor to the country, and most of them unrepentant traitors. man among them he believed to be a truly in the war. In Georgia they had not elected a single representative who could take the cath, and not one elected in Florida could; nor could one from Alabama; and possibly only one from Mississippi. Of all the Southern representatives elected, five he thought were as many as might possibly muster courage to take the oath, and l

thought two of the five could take it with a

clear conscience. But he doubted if the Mr. Cowan (Pa.) in reply thought it was a sorry day for the country, and for the Senator (Mr. Wilson), if men were to be-come so slavish as to be able to surrender their opinions. If this was to be a free country, governed by great principles of liberty, or which he heard so much, he thought opinion must be free; men must be as free to dissent as to assent. He wished to see in what the President had proved treacherous to the Republican party. did a man agree to when he joined a party? To the principles established in national convention as the platform of a party. But he thought any gentleman might change his principles and leave the party without being guilty of treachery, and as to matters to which a man never assented, matters not established or declared to be principles of the party he never had understood or hourd that a man must change his opinions thereon if a majority of the party chose so to dc. He considered the present positions assumed by Mr. Wilson were simply verifications of the Democratic predictions. He was himself a Union man, had faith in the

Union, and in the people of the Union North, and in the Union people South.

According to Mr. Wilson's remarks he would conclude that that gentlemen consid-Union impossiered the restoration of th ble. He remembered that the Chicago plat-form had declared the war a failure because it was not a means to restore the Union in Democratic opinion, but a means of making it more difficult. They said it would widen the breach; and as he (Mr. Cowan) understood Mr. Wilson, the latter declared that it had. The Democrats who made the Chicago platform did not believe the war was a failure because it did not spill enough blood and killed enough of people, or because great battles were not fought, but be cause they thought it would intensify the hostilities between the sections in feeling, and he thought Mr, Wilson's speech went to show that the Democratic prophecy wa fulfilled. He (Mr. Cowan) did not think that the Democrats were less honest in their opinions than Mr Wilson or himself. He could not consider that, because of their opinions, they were traitors. If he thought half the men in the North were traitors, and all in the South, he would like to leave the country. He (Mr. Cowan) preferred the frankness of Wendell Phillips, whom he called the typical man of the radical party, who, whatever might be said, must be allowed to be ever over and undiscript in

the avowal of his opinions, and frank in the statement of his designs. In the course of his speech, Mr. Cowan re-ferred to Mr. Creswell as having offered in a county meeting in Maryland, a few years ago, a set of resolutions that looked very much like secession.

lowed to be ever open and undisguised in

Mr. Creswell said he never offered the resolutions referred to. He had nothing to do with them.

Mr. Edmonds (Vt.) asked Mr. Cowan whether the political crime of treason did not deserve the forfeiture of political rights.
Mr. Cowan said treason deserved exactly the punishment prescribed for it. It could not be punished by an ex post facto law. The way to punish crime was te appeal to the law, but it was more fashionable now to appeal to the Committee of Fifteen.

Mr. Edmonds asked if it was not justi-

fiable by the law of nations to exclude from political power men who were dangerous to a community by the committal of political

Mr. Cowan said it must be remembered that this was not a government of absolute power; it was a government of law: there was no right to impose any penalty not pro-vided by law. An attempt had been made he said, and was being made, to create an opinion that the President was deserting the platform on which he was elected in not punishing traitors, but he (Mr. Cowan) would say in behalf of the President, he would say for the President to the Senate, "Get your tribunal, and five hundred or five thousand, if you want them, of the leaders, with Jeff. Davis at their head, are ready for

He supposed it would not be contended that the President should turn public prosethat the Fresidentshould turn public prosecutor; there were citizens enough, with intelligence enough, and desire enough, to bring them through the ordinary channels within the clutches of the law, and, added he, "I say on the part of the President, if you fix your tribunals and get your machinary raddy you can be be the part of the president, if nery ready, you can have five hundred or five thousand of them to try to morrow, and you need not be particular about the selection: you can select them yourselves. And now, who can throw the blame in this matter upon the President?" But they must not be tried, he thought, by a military

mission, as they have been declared extra-judicial by the Supreme Court.

Nr. Doolittle rose at the close of Mr. Cowan's speech, and in a brief speech reviewed the relations of the President to the Union party, alleging that Mr. Johnson was adhering to the Baltimore platform upon which he was elected. When men undertook to charge him (the President) with deserting the principles of the Union party, he hurled

back the charge at them.

Mr. Nye replied to Mr. Doolittle, saying he was not going to be led into the error of saying a word in derogation of the President. He would watch and pray that he (the President) would do nothing to bring a stain upon the great Union party. As to the difference between Congress and the President, it was only charged that Congress had done nothing—so that its sin was one of omission only. It could not be expected that after the upheavings of the last five years peace could be brought about in a day,

or a week, or a month.

If he (Mr. Nye) had any fault to find with the President, it was that he (the President) had established what in his message he called an experiment, and he seemed determined to make it a fixture and to alienate from the Union party all who did not agree with him. He did not say that the President was going to injure the Union party, but there were suspicious circumstances about it. Why was it that the Senator from Delaware, who a few months ago was denouncing Lincoln, had got a new song put into his mouth, and was defending the policy of the Executive? Referring to Executive pardons, Mr. Nye said the President, so far from making treesen ediever. treason odious, was pardoning rebels as fast as they presented themselves. He had called on the President this morning to recommend the pardon of a man who had passed a dollar in counterfeit treasury notes. When he had left the White House the pardon had not here granted but there the pardon had not been granted, but there were plenty of pardons for rebels and

Pending the consideration of the subject the Senate at 5.30 P. M. adjourned. House The House continued the conideration of the special order, being constitutional amendment reported from

the Reconstruction Committee.

Mr. Shanklin (Ky.) opposed the measure.

Mr. Raymond (N. Y.,) favored it, excepting that portion of the third section which proposes to exclude the great body of the peo ple of eleven States from the exercise of the right of suffrage, and to that he was op-

Mr. McKee (Ky.) spoke in support of the measure. He proposed to amend Mr. Garfield's motion to recommit with instructions, by striking out the third section and inserting the following: "All persons who voluntarily adhered to the late insurrection giving aid and comfort to the so-called Southern Confederacy, are forever excluded from holding any office of trust or profit under the Government of the United States." He held that the adoption of such an amendment would obviate the objection made to the practicability of enforcing the

Mr. Eldridge (Wis.) spoke in opposition to the plan. He was followed by Mr. Bout-well (Mass.) in advocacy of it. In reference

to the third section, Mr. Boutwell said its adoption was not necessary.

Mr. Spalding was the next speaker. Believing in the wisdom, patriotism and sagacity of the Committee on Reconstruction, he would avail himself thereof, and would would avail himself thereof, and would vote for one and all of the measures reported, without the least variation.

Mr. Miller spoke in support of the measure. The Reconstruction Committee had reported a plan which he approved, and he

trusted that the proposed amendment to the Constitution would be adopted. Mr. Eliot followed on the same side, ex-plaining at length his reasons for sustaining the report of the Committee. As to the third section he was indifferent whether it was retained or struck out. If retained, he should still vote for the joint resolution. If

struck out, all the affirmative good contemplated by the amendment would still be effected. Mr. Shellabarger confessed that he was not in favor of applying to the common peo-ple of the South any exclusion from the elective franchise. He would not make it apply to a single person to whom it was not necessary for the safety of the Republic

to make it apply. At the same time he did not see any practical difficulty in enforcing that section. It could be done effectually by a registry on which the names of quali fied and disqualified voters should be in scribed. Mr. Wilson (Iowa) called Mr. Raymone to task about some supposed inconsistency between his position on the pending measure and his position on the Civil Rights oill, which Mr. Raymond, acknowledging the interest taken in his record by the gen

tieman from Iowa, explained to be no in consistency at all. Mr. Stevens gave notice that at three o'clock to-morrow be would move the previous question, and ask a vote on the joint resolution. The House, at half-past four, took a re-

cess till half-past seven, when the consideration of the Tax bill will be resumed. Evening Session .- The House met at 7.30. and went into the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. Washburne (Ill.) in the chair, and resumed the con sideration of the Tax bill, commencing a the seventh section, which refers to regulations as to assessing and collecting taxes on

cotton. Several verbal amendment were made to the section, and instead of the imprisonmen provided for the crime of perjury in relation to the tax, the section was amended a as to read "shall be subject to the punish-

ment prescribed by existing statutes for that offence." To section 8, relating to the same matter, no important amendments were made. Section 9th contains a large number of paragraphs, amending in detail sections of the existing Revenue act.

Mr. Stevens called attention to the immense power reposed in Assessors by the act to impose fines and penalties for alleged violations or frauds, and mentioned some instances to illustrate his idea. He move an amendment to come in at the end of the paragraph amending section 14 of the pre-sent laws pending that in lieu of the remedy now provided, wherever fraud is charged to exist in any return, where the party charged shall deny the fraud and demand a trial, proceedings shall be suspended and suit brought in a District Court of the United States to recover the amount of the deficiency or fraud and penalty.

After considerable discussion the amend-

ment was passed over for the present, and the House proceeded to the consideration of

the paragraphs following.

About an hour was consumed in propositions in reference to the publishing of no-tices by Assessors. In one of the decisions taken, a quorum had not voted, and there consequently had to be a call of the House. One hundred and four members, eleven more than a quorum, answered to their names, and the consideration of the bill was resumed. The paragraph amending section 22 of the existing act, to regulate the salary and fees of Assessors, gave rise to a variety of propositions, but no important changes were made. At 10 P. M. the Committee rose, after having disposed of 16 pages of the bill, and the House adjourned.

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE NORTHERN
LIBERTIES, PHILADELPHIA, May 7. 1868.
The Directors have this day declared a Dividend of
SEVEN PER CENT., and an Extra Dividend of
THREE PER CENT., payable on demand, clear of United States Tax. my7 613 W. GUMMERE, Cashier,

United States Tax.

W. GUMMERE, Cashier.

CHELTENHAM AND WILLOW GROVE
TURNPIKE.—The Managers have this day declared a Dividend of THERE PER CENT. on the
capital of the Company for the last six months (excussive of taxes) payable on avol after the 17th instant.

May 7th, 1866. [my8-31*] No. 314 Vine street.

GERMANTOWN AND PERKIOMEN TURNDividend of ONE PER CENT. on the capital of the
Company for the last six months (exclusive of taxes),
payable on and after the 17th instant.

May 7th. 1868. [my8 31*] No. 314 Vine treet.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSON FIRE INSURANCELOAIPANY OF PHILADRLPHIAAt a Meeting of the Board of Directors held this
day, a semi-annual Dividend of THREE PER CENT.,
clear of all Taxes, was declared, payable to Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the
17th instant.

PHILIP E. COLEMAN,
May 7, 1869.

May 7, 1856. my 617

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY

ThEASURER'S DEPARTMENT. PHILADELPHIA, May 2d 1866.

AOFICE TO 810CK HOLDERS.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-Annal Dividend

NOTICE TOSTOCKHOLDERS.—The Beard of Directors have this day declared a semi-Annual Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State Taxes, payable on and after May 30, 1886.

Blank Powers of Attorney for collecting Pividends can be had at the effice of the Company. No 233 south THIRD street.

THOS. T. FIR FI.

Treasurer.

THIRD street.

my3'3tt

Treasuror.

OFFICE OF THE WEST JERSEY RAILROAD COMPANY, CAMBER, April 27th, 1849.

Notice is hereby given that a lividend of TWENTY.

FIVE PER CEN'I., clear of National Tax, was this
day declared on the Capital Stock of this Company,
psyable by the Treasurer in said Stock, at par, at the
Office of the Company, in the city of Cam en, New
Jersey, on and after the 14th day of May, 1866. All
fractions or dividends not amounting to a fail share,
will be paid in cash: and any Stockholder entitled to a
fraction, may, by the cash payment of the balance.

procure a full share. By order of the Board.

T. JONES YORKE,

my3-10t

Secretary and Treasurer.

PERFUMERY. MUJAVIRO
THE MOST DELICIOUS
OF ALL PERFUMES
SOLD EVERY-WHERE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—The Stock, Fixtures, Lease and Good Will of a first-class Jewelry Store in the City.

For particulars, inquire of E. G. ELKINTON, PHILA., May 4, 1856.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BY ORDER OF THE CORPORATOR of the SAFE DEPOSITCOMPANY, of Philadelphia, the opening of the books for subscription to the capital stock of said Company is postponed until further notice;

apso-myll OFFICE OF THE IRVING OIL & MINING CO., No. 524 WALNUTStreet, Room 15.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on TUESDA 7, 15th May, at 12 o'clock, for the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year.

JOS. R. WILKINS, JB., ap30-lmy151

ap30-tmy151 Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE METALLINE LAND
COMPANY, No. 224 WALNUT street. PHILADELPHIA, May 2, 1865.
The Stated a numar Meeting of the Stockholders of
the METALLINE LAND COMPANY will be held at
the Office of the Company, on MONDAY, June 4th
prox. at 2 o'clock, M.

T. K. WOMBATH.

My3-1je44. Clerk,...

OFFCE OF THE MINERAL OIL COMPANY
524 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, April 25. 1868.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at their office on FRIDAY, May lith, 1868. at 12 M., for the election of Five Directors to serve the enauling year.
THOS. R. SEARLE.

ap28-tha.tu-tmy11?
Secretary.

BOOK WOOD OIL COMPANY, GFFICE, 230

WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the above company will be held at the Company's office,

On WEDNESDAY the 16th MAY next,
At 11 o'ciock A. M., for the Election of Five Directors, to serve the ensuing year.

my4,7,10,7

GEO. P. LITTLE,

my4,7,10,7

Secretary,

my4,7,10,2 Secretary,
CAMBRIA TRON COMPANY,—A special
Company, will be held on THUR-BDAY, May
Sit, 1886, at the office of the Company, N. 400 Chestaut
street, Philadelphia, at 4 o'clock, P. M., to consider
and determine the disposition of the residue of the
capital stock and such other husiness as may then be
submitted.

By order of the Board. ap30-tmy31* JOHN T. KILLE, Secretary, apso-tmysl* JOHN T. KILLE, Secretary,
THE ANNUAL MEETING OE THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BLOOMSBURG IRON
COMPANY will be held at the Company's Office, at
1ronade, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, May 23d, 1868, for
the purpose of electing nine Directors to serve the
ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business
WILLIAM E.S. BAKER,

BECTETARY and Treasurer.

WILLIAM E. S. BAKER,

becretary and Treasurer,

No. 218 North Water street.

PHILADALPHIA, April 17, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SUGAR

CREEK DEVELOPING COMPANY, for the election of nine Directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at Company's tiffice, No. 217 South THIRD Street, on MONDAY, May 14th 1888, at 11½ o'clock, A. M.

Polls onen at 12 M. closed. Polls open at 12, M. close at 1, P. M.
The transfer books will be clused from the 10th to The transfer books will be clused from the 10th to he 16th of May, inclusive. mystuthest! S. HENRY NORRIS, Secretary.

mysuinssi; S. HENRY NORRIS, SECREMY, OFFICES OF REVENUE EXTENSION SILVER MINING COMPANY, 142 SOUTH FUURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, MAY 30, 11856, NOTICE TO STUCKHOLDERS.

Subscribers to the STOCK OF THIS COMPANY Are hereby notified to call at the Office, and EXCHANGE TRE SURER'S RECEIPTS FOR CERTIFICATES OF STOCK.

By order of the Directors.

WILLIAM L. KITF

WILLIAM L KITE. my3-th.s.tu6t* Secretary and Treasurer.

MILLIAM L. KITE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE POURING BOCK AND E.
SANDY OIL COMPANY, 619 WALNUT Street
PHILLADELPHIA, 7th May, 1885.
In compliance with a resolution of the Stockholders,
the Directors have this cay ordered as assessmen; of
ONE CENT, per Share on the Capital Stock of the
Company, to be paid within FIFTEEN DAYS, otherwise the stock will be foreited and sold at auction.
The transfer books will be closed from the 5th until
the 25th May, 1865, inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
mystudthin! C. S. GILLINGHAM, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND AND THIRD
STREET PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, FULLADELPHIA, May 4, 1853.
A meeting of the blockholders of the SECOND AND
THIRD STREET PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, of Philadelphia, will be held at the Office of
the Company, No. 2435 FRANFORD Road, on MONDAY, 14th inat, at 120 clock; M., to consider the propriety of purchasing certain Stock and Bonds in a
connectin Bailway Company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

DELLAWARE MINING COMPANY OF MI-

my5-71 DELAWARE MINING COMPANY OF MINIOR COMPANY OF MINIOR CHIGAN.—Notice is hereby given that all Stock in this Company on which the eleventh installment of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per share, called February 7th, 1866 and due February 19th, 1865, is not paid, is forfeited for said default, and that, according to the Charter and By-Laws of the Company, it will be sold at Public Auction on FRIDAY, she first day of June, 1866, at 13 M, at the office of the Secretary of the Company, No. 275 Walnut street, Philiadelphia, unless paid at or before that time.

pany. No. 376 Walnut street. Paliadelphia, unless paid at or before that time.

By order of the Board of Directors.

B. WYATT WISTAR, Secretary.

Dated Philadelphia May 1st, 1856. myl-te, th, s, tjeif

NOTICE—THE UNDERSIGNED, COMMISSIGNED, COMMISSIGNED, mamed in the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to incorporate the MANUFACTURERS' and CONSUMERS' ANTHRACITE RAILROAD COMPANY," approved 23dday of March, A.D., 1866, will open books and receives abscriptions to the tapital Stock of said Company at the GIRARD HOUSE, Obesiant street, in the City of Philadelphia, on MONDAY, the fourthday of June, A. D., 1866, at 100 clock A. M.

J. N. WALKER,
B. A. WILDER,
JOHN PLORKEN,

DESCRIPTION OF A COUNTRY STONE—The

JOHN ULRICE,
JOHN P. GREEN,
JOHN P. GREEN,
Myloujjees

LAYING OF A COUNER STONE—The
Corner stone of the New Baptist Church, on the
"Chew Feiste," corner of Germantown and Upsai
streets, Germantown, will be laid on SATURDAY.
May lith, 5 o'clock, P. M. Addre see may be expected
from Revs. A. H. Lung, George Dana Boardman, P. S.
Henson and Dr. J. Wheaton Smith. The public are
cordially invited to attend.

GRORGE NUGENT.
CHARLES H. CUMMINGS,
P. B. HINKLE,
Building Committee
Welling Committee
By Take the Germantown 2 o'clock cars from Ninth
and Green streets, to Germantown, and then the horse
ears on Main street to Upsai.

OFFICE CATAWISSA RAILEOAD COMPANY, No. 44 WALNUT street. PRILADELPHILA MAY Th, 1860.
At an election held this day the following persons
were chosen as officers of this dompany:

T. HASKINS DU PUY.

DIRECTORS,
SAMUEL V. MERRICK

T. HASKINS DUPUY.
DIRECTORS.
SAMUEL V. MERRICK,
JAMES COX.
COPPIN COLKET,
J. V. WILLIAMSON,
CHARLES R. PANTON,
S. L'HOMMEDIEU,
M. P. HUTCHINSON,
mys-tu,th,s.32; Vice President and Secretary.

my8-tu,th,s,2tl Vice President and Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PHILADELPHIA AND
COLORADO GOLD MINING COMPANY, No.
25 South THIRD Street, PHILADELPHIA, A PRIL 25,1866
A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of "The 'Philadelphia and Colorado Gold Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 35 South Third street, Philadelphia, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of May next (1866), at 8 o'clock P. H., for the purpose of taking action upon the supplement to the charter of the Company, and upon a proposition to issue a new Capital Stock, and to provide for an additional working capital, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the President,

A NGCEN

INSURANCE. THE BELIANCE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.

First Mortgages on City Property, well secured.

United States Government Losus.
Philadelphia City 6 per cent. Losus.
Pennsylvania \$5,000,000 6 per cent. Losan.
Pennsylvania tailroad Bonds, first and second Mortgages.

Camden and Amboy Raliroad Company's 6 per cent. Losus.
Philadelphia and Reading Pailroad Company's 6 per cent. Losus.
Philadelphia and Reading Pailroad Company's 6 per cent. Losus.
County Fire Insurance Company's Stock.
Mechanics' Bank Stock.
Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania Stock.
Union Mutual Insurance Company's Stock.
Reliance Insurance Company's Stock.
Phila's Stock. 85,000 00 6,000 00 5,000 00

1,000 00 5,914 79 \$408,004 79 DIRECTORS, \$408,00

Benj. W. Tingley, Marshall Hill, Charles Leland, Thomas H. Moore, Samuel Castner, Alfred English, James T. Young. Clem. Tingley,
Wm. Musser,
Samuel Bispham,
H. L. Carson,
Robert Steen,
Wm. Stevenson,
James T. Young.
Clem. Tingley,
Benj. W. Tingley,
Marshall Hill,
Charles Leland,
Thomas H. Moore,
Samuel Castner,
Alfred English,
Clem. Tingley,
Western,
THOMAS C. HILL, Secretary,
PHILADELPHIA. December 1, 1865. de20-th_s,tu_th

PHILADELPHIA. December 1, 1865. de20-th.s.tu.tr

A NTHEACITE INSURANCE COMPANY.—

Office, No. 211 WAINUT street, above Third, Phila.

Will insure against Loss or Darnage by Fire, on Buildings, either perpetually or for a limited time, Househols

Forniture and Merchandise generally.

Also—Marine Insurance on Vessels, Cargoes ans

Freight, Inland Insurance to all parts of the Union,

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Reher,

D. Luther,

Lewis Andenried,

J. E. Baum,

Jos. Manfield,

WM. F. Dean,

John Ketchem.

WM. RHER, President,

WM. M. SMITH, Secretary

M. UTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA-Office No. 5 South FIFTH Street—Insure Buildings, Household Geods and Merchandise generally.

ASSETS—\$103.795 [86]

ASSETS—8103.795 [30-6]
DIRECTIONS FOR 1886.
BENJI MALONE
BENJI MALONE
THOMAS MATHER,
T. ELLWO ORAPMAN,
SIMEON MATLACK,
AARON W. GASKILL,
CHARLES EVANS,
CALEB CLOTHLER, President
T. ELLWOOD CHAPMAN, Secretary.
1623.802

INSURANCE

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1835, OFFICE 3. E. CORNER THIRD AND WALNUT STREETS, PHILADELPHIA. MARINE INSURANCE, ON VESSELS.) ON VESSELS, To all parts of the world, FREIGHT, INLAND INSURANCES On Goods, by River, Canal, Lake, and Land Carriage, to all parts of the Union.

FIRE INSURANCES, On Merchandise generally, On Stores, Dwelling Houses, &c.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, Loan 90,555 00 54,080 State of Pennsylvania Six Per Cent. 125,000 City of Philadelphia Six Per Cent,
LORI,
LORI,
20,000 Pennsylvania Railroad First MortgagaSix Per Cent. Bonds.
20,000 00
25,000 Ventsylvania Railroad Second Mortgaga Six Per Cent. Bonds.
23,750 00
25,000 Vestern Penna, Railroad Mortgage
Six Per Cent. Bonds.
23,750 00
11,000 800 Shares Stock Germantown Gas
Company, principal and interest
guaranteed by the City of Philadelplia 143 Shares Stock Fenna, Railroad
Company.
8,580 00 8,580 00

5,000 100 Shares Stock North Pennsylvania
8,580 00
5,000 100 Shares Stock North Pennsylvania
40,000 Deposit with the United States Government, subject to 10 days call
90,000 State of Tennessee Five Per Cent,
15,000 00 170.700 Loans on Bones and Mortgage, first liens on City Property. 170,700 00 1,036,850 Par. Besl Estate.... Market value..... 996,560 CC ills receivable for insurance made.....

Thomas C. Hand.

John C. Davis,
Edmund A. Sonder,
Theophilus Spalding,
John B. Penrose,
James Traquair,
Henry C. Lallett, Jr.,
Henry C. Lallett, Jr.,
Joseph H. Seal,
George G. Leiper,
Hugh Craig,
John D. Taylor,
THOMAS C. HAND, President,
John D. Taylor,

FIRE ASSOCIATION,
HENRY LYLBURD, Secretary.

Edward Lafourcade,
Jacob P. Jones,
James B. McFarland,
Joshus P. Eyris,
James B. McFarland,
John P. Lytsurgh,
A. R. Berger, Pittsburgh,
A. R. Berger, Pittsburgh,
THOMAS C. HAND, President,
JOHN C. DAVIS, Vice President,
HENRY LYLBURD, Secretary.

Elizabeth St. McGarland,
John D. Taylor,

FIRE ASSOCIATION,
STATEMENT of the Assets of the Association
January I, 1868.

Bonds and Mortgages on property in the
City of Philadelphia.

\$336,465 17
Ground Rents.
20,583 21
Real Estate (Office No. 34 North Fifth street).

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TRUSTERS,
GEORGE W. TRYON, President.
WM. H. HAMILTON,
JOHN SOUDER.
PETER A. KEYSEB,
JOHN PHILBIN,
JOHN CARBOW,
GEORGE I. YOUNG,
WM. T. BUTLER, SECRETLY. 8951,419 1 INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA TATION INSURANCE OLICE, NO. 222 WALNUT Street, south side, cast of

rd street, he Properties of this Company are well invested furnish an available fund for the ample indemnity f all persons who desire to be protected by Insurance MARINE RISKS taken on Vessels, Freights and CATKOGE.
INLAND TRANSPORTATION RISES ON Mer INLAND TRANSPORTATION KIRES OF MON-chandise per Baltroads, Canals and Sissanboats, FIRE RISKS on Merchandise, Furniture and Build-ings in City and County. INCORPORATED IN 179—CAPITAL, \$50,000, AND PAID IN AND SECURELY INVESTED, TOTAL PROPERTIES,

PERPETUAL CHARTER Arthur G. Coffia, Samnel W. Jones, John A. Brown, Charles Taylor, Ambross White, Richard D. Wood, William Welsh, William E. Bowen, T. Cha SA. James N. Dickera.
S. Morris Wair,
John Mason,
George L. Harrison,
Francis R. Cope,
Edward H. Trouser,
E. S. Clarke,
William Chraming T. CHAPIETON HENRY, ARTHUR G. COFFIN, President, CHARLES PLAYF, Secretary,

THE COUNTY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 110 SOUTH FOURTE STREAT BELIOW CRESTRUY.

"The Fire Insurance Company of the County of Philadelphia." Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania in 1829, for indemnity against loss or damage by fire, exclusively.

"This old and reliable institution, with ample capital and cantingent fund carefully invested continue to insure buildings, furniture, merchandics, do., either permanently or for a limited time, against loss or damage by fire, at the lowest rates consistent with the absolute safety of its customers.

by fire, at the lowest rates commistent with the absolute safety of its customers.

Losses adjusted and naid with all pessible despatch DIRECTORS.

Charles J. Sutter, Edwin L. Reakth, John Horn, John Horn, John Horn, Henry Cilly, Joseph Moore, George Mecks, James N. Stone, Andrew H. Killer, GHARLES J. SUTTER, Precident, BENJANIE F. HOECKLEY, Sec'v and Treasurer.

DHENIX INSURANCE, COMPANY OF PHILA. PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILA.

INCORPORATED 1804—UHARTER PERPETUAL.

INCORPORATED 1804—UHARTER PERPETUAL.

NO. 224 WALNUT Street, opposite the Exchange.

In addition to MARINE and INLAND INSURANCE
this Company insures from loss or damage by FIRE.

on liberal terms, on buildings, merchandise, furniture,
acc, for limited periods, and permanently on buildings
the deposit of prunium.

The Company has been in active operation for more
than SIXTY YEARS, during which all losses have
been promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.

John L. Hodgs,
M. B. Mahony
John T. Lewis,
Robert W. Leaming,
D. Clark Wharton,
Lawrence Lewis, J.

Samuel Wilcox,
Secretary.

FINE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY - THE
PENNEYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMFINE Company, favorably known to the community
for over forty years, continues to insure against ious
or damage by fire, on Public or Private Buildings,
sither permanently or for a limited time, Also, on
Funniture, Stocks of Goods and Merchandiss generally,
on liberal terms.

Their Capital, together with a large Surplus Fund is
invested in the most careful manner, which enables
the case of locs.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,

Daniel Smith, Jr., DIRECTORS.

Daniel Smith, Jr.,
Alexander Benson,
Isaac Haslehurst,
Thomas Smith,
Thomas Smith,
Thomas Holine,
Thomas Holine,
Thomas Holine,
Daniel Haddeck, Jr.,
WILLIAM G. CROWELL SMITH, Jr., President;
WILLIAM G. CROWELL SCREENTY

MELICAN HIPE HENUEL A NOR COMPANY

MERIOAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ANCORPORATED 1810.—CHARTER PERPE

110 WALNUT STUAL.

110 WALNUT STUAL.

Having a large paid up CAPITAL STOCK and SUE.
PLUS invested in sound and availate Securities, continue to insure on Dwellings, Stores, Jurniture, Lignonandise, Vessels in port, and their Cargoes, and other Personal Property. All Losses liberally and prompley adjusted.

adjusted.

Thomas R. Maris,
John T. Lewis,
John R. Lampbelli
Samuel C. Morico,
Patrick Brady,
Israel Morris.

ALBERT C. L. CRAWFORD, Secretary;
INTERMINENT CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO A MERICAN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

A MERICAN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

A —Office Farquar Bullding, No. 12 WALINUT
Street, MARINE AND INLAND INSURANCE.— A COHEC FATCHAR BUILDING NO. 12 WALLEY Street, MARINE AND INLAND INSUBANCER.

Risks taken on vessels, cargoes and freights to all paris
of the world, and on goods on inland transportation of a rivers, canals, railroads and other conveyances in roughout the United States.

WILLIAM CRAIG, President,
PETER CULLEN, Vice President,
William Craig,
Peter Cullen,
John Dallett,
Peter Cullen,
John Dallett,
William H, Metrick,
Benj, W, Richards,
Gillies Dallett,
Wen, M, Baird,
Peterson Servill.

Peterson Servill.

Peterson Servill.

THE PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST COME PANY, OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated by the State of Pennsylvania, at month, 22d, 1885,
INSURES LIVES, ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS AND GRANTS ANNUITIES.
OAPITAL DERMYNES. DIRECTORS, (Richard Cadbury, Samuel R. Shipley, Jeremiah Hacker, Joshua H. Morris, Richard Wood. Samuel R. Shipley,
Jeremish Hacker,
Joshna H. Morris,
Joshna H. Morris,
Richard Wood.
Chas. F. Coffin.
SAMUEL R. SHIPLEY, President,
BOWLAND PARBY, Actuary,
OFFICE.
SNEL-19
SNEL-19
SNEL-19
Elichard Cadbury,
T. Wistar Brown,
T.

MOURANCE. TRAVELLERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Cash Capital, \$200.0001 Insures against Accidents of all Kinds. General Accidents include the Traveling Risk, and also all forms of Dislocations, Broken Bones, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Gunshot Wounds, Burns and Scalds, Bites of Dogs, Assaults op Burglars, Robers or, Murderers, the action of Lightning or Sun Stroke, Theoretics of Ext losions, Floods, and Suffocation by Drowning or Choking.

Twenty-five dollars per year wit secure a policy for FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS in the event of death by any description of Accident, with Twenty-five dollars per week compensation. Smaller sums in proportion. No medical examination required.

DIRECTORS.

SETH PADELFORD,
A. E. BURNSIDE,
I.S. PHETTEPLACE.

portion. No medical examination required.

BETH PADELFORD,

4. E EURNSIDE,

1.S. PHETTEPLACE,

LLEN O. PECK.

HENRY H. ORMSBEE,

JABEZ C. ENIGHT.

THOS. G. TURNER,

J. S. PARISH,

J. S. PARISH,

J. H. DEWOLF,

BENJ BUFFUM,

JOHN T. MAURAN,

L. B. FRIEZE,

ROYAL C. TAFT,

J. H. DEWOLF,

J. S. PARISH,

J. S. PARISH,

Vice President.

NAW YORK REPREBENCE

(NATIONAL CITY BAN)

HOYT, SPRAGUES

(CO.

SON,

ANTHONY & HALL,

J. C. HOWE & OO.

HUNT, TILLINGHAS

& CO.

HARRIMAN

DURFEE & CO.

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DURFEE & CO.

HARRIMAN

DURFEE & CO.

S. PARISH, Vice President.

J. S. PARISH, Vice President.

S. ARINE DIVE & HOY I INJURIAL CO. 9KO. S. BOBBINS & SON.
ANTHONY & HALL,
J. C. HOWE & CO.
HUNT, TILLINGHAST
& CO.
LOW, HARRIMAN,
DURFEE & CO.

SABINE, DUY & HOLLINSHEAD, No. 230 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY and DELA-WARE.
First Class Agents Wanted. fe20tu.th.som FIRE INSURANCE.

LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Authorized Capital, \$10 Millions, Invested Funds, over 16 Millions. Yearly Revenue, over 5 Millions Invested in the United

\$1,500,000 States, over All losses promptly adjusted without reference to England.

ATWOOD SMITH. General Agent for Pennsylvania

OFFICE. No. 6 Merchants' Exchange.

PHILADELPHIA. THE HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, No. 150 South Pourth at, above Wal nut street CHARTER PERPETUAL

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

This Company insures against loss or damage by FIRE on PUBLIC and PRIVATE buildings, FURNITURE and MERCHANDISE generally, City or Country. Also insures dwellings perpetually by deposits of premium.

DIRECTORS,

JAMES RROWN.

LEMUEL COPFIN,

CHARLES A. DUY.

JUHN WOODSIDE,

WILLIAM B. BULLOCK,

THOMAS KIMBER, Jr., JOHN N. HUTOHINSON,

JAMES RROWN, PESIDER,

CHAS. A. DUY. Vice President,

CHAS. A. DUY. VICE PRESIDENT AT.

1829-CHARTER PERPETUAL FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

PHILADELPHIA. Assets on January 1, 1866, \$2,506,851 96.

Capital
Accreed Surpisa
Premiums UNSETTLED CLAIMS, INCOME FOR 1825.

Losses Paid Since 1829 Over

\$5,000,000. Perpetual and I amporary Policies on Liberal Terms Chas, N. Bancker,
Topiss Wagner,
Samuel Grant,
Geo. W. Richards,
Lease Les.
CHARLES N. BANCKER President,
EDWARD C. DALE, Vice President,
JAS. W. McALLISTER, Secretary pro tem. REZIGNIZ

GIRARD FIRE AND MARINE INSUPANCE COMPANY. OFFICE, 415 WALNUT STREET, PHILA ORLPHTA.
CAPITAL PAID IN, IN CASH, \$200.000.
This company continues to write on Fire Eight only.
Its capital, with a good surplus, is safely invested.
701 Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than 8500,000
Disbursed on this account within the past few years. For the present the cilice of this company will remain at 415 WALNUT STREET,

110 WALKUT STREET,
1 t within a new months will remove to its OWN
B (LIDING.
- N. E COR SEVENTH AND CHESTNUT. B'ILDING.

- N. E. COR. SEVENTH AND CHESTNUT,
Then, as now, we shall be bappy to insure our pairon
at such rates as are consistent with safety.

THOMAS CRAVEN.

THOMAS CRAVEN.

THOS. MACKELLAR,
JNO. SUPPLEE,
JNO. W. CLAGHORN,
JNO. SUPPLEE,
JNO. W. CLAGHORN,
JOSEPH KLAPP, M. D.

SILAS YERKES, JR.,

THOMAS CRAVEN, President.

ALFRED S. GILLETT, V. President and Tressuror.
JAMES B. ALVORD. Secretary.

TEFFERSON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF
JEHLADELPHIA—OFFICE, No. 24 NORTH
FIFTH STREET, NEAR MARKET, STREET.
Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvanis,
CHARTER PERFETUAL. CAPITAL AND ASSETS,
\$150,000. Make Insurance against Loss or Damage by
Fire or Public or, Private Buildings, Furniture, Stocks.
Goods and Merchandise, on favorable terms,
DIRECTORS,
George Erety,
JECOLORIS.

Frederick Doll,
Aucust C. Miller.

JEROSCHORY.

George Erety,
August C. Miller,
John F. Leisterling,
Henry Troomner,
William McDaniel,
Christopher H. Miller,
Frederick Staake,
Jonas Bowman,
GEORGE ERETY, President.

JOHN F. BELSTERLING, Vice President.
PHILIP E. COLEMAN, Secretary.

FAME INSUBANCE COMPANY.

NO. 405 CHESTNUT STREET,
FIRE AND INLAND INSUBARCE
DIRECTOR. DIRECTORS.
Francis N. Brok.
Charles Richardson,
Henry Lewis,
Samuel Wright,
P. S. Justice,
Geo. A. West,
OH AS. BICHARDSON, Vice Predict RV

REMOVAL. DR. JUDSON HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO No. 1405 LOCUST Street. my9 3t* DEMOVAL.—ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY—OB A and after TUESDAY, May 1 the FREIGHT DE-PARTMENT of this Company will be REMOVED be the Company's New Building, 3. E. corner of ELE-VENTH and MARKET streets. Entrance on Eleventh street and on Marble street VENTH and MARKETstreets. Entrance on Engything Street and on Marble street.

SF ALL MONEY and COLLECTION BUSINESS.

SHE ALL MONEY and COLLECTION BUSINESS.

Will be transacted as heretofore at 220 Chestnut street.

Small Parcels and Packages will be received at either effice. Call Books will be kept at each office, and any calls entered therein previous to 5 P. M. will enceive attention same day, if within a reasonable distance of our offices. Inquiries for goods and settlements to be made at 20 Chestnut street.

JOHN BINGHAM, Sup't.

PWILADELPHIA. April 24, 1868.

PWILADELPHIA. April 24, 1868.

a ORSETS.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS—MRS. STEEL CHESTNUT street above THIRTEENTH, and will just received a large assortment latest styles elegant Skirz, worthy the special attention of the ladies. East and neatest French and home made corsets always on hand.