to all the surviving soldiers and sallors of the war of

The regular order of business being the call of committees for reports,
Mr. Jenckes (R.I.), from the Committee on Patents, reported a bill previding that upon appealing for the first time from the decision of the primary examiners to the examiners in chief in the Patent Office the appealant shall pay a fee of \$10. The bill was considered and passed.
Mr. Jenckes also, from the same committee re-

sidered and passed.

Mr. Jenckes also, from the same committee, reported a bill to give increased pay to Examiners and Assistant Examiners of Patents, from April, 1861, to August 1855,

Mr. Washburne (III) required an explanation, which brought out the fact that the bill was to pay carrian clerks for performing the duties of a higher grade.

Mr. Harding (III.) compared it to an effort to pay Colonels who acted as Brigadler Generals the pay of the higher rank and he moved to lay the bill on the table.

SECOND EDITION

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATE NEWS FROM TEXAS,

EMIGRATION FROM EUROPE.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Commercial Movements.

Riot at Memphis.

LATER FROM NASHVILLE.

The Trial of Isham Henderson, Democratic Convention in Kentucky.

From Texas.

NEW ORLEANS, May 1.—The Commission that went from Galveston to Liverpool to arrange a line of ships to carry out cotton and wool and bring back emigrants, under the superintendence of Commissioner A. F. Flick, have returned and report that plenty of emigrants can be obtained if the line for bringing them over is established. The Emigration Bureau in New York is fully established and in working order. The U.S. Courts are closed.

Gen. Sheridan has arrived in New Orleans from Texas.

The regular infantry are being distributed throughout the State under Gen. Heintzel-

Governor Hamilton has issued a proclamation for the holding of State elections under the new Constitution on the 5th of

Riot at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 1.—This evening a riot occurred in the southern portion of the city between policemen and negro soldiers. growing out of an attempt of the officers to arrest a white man whom the negroes were determined to protect. Twenty or thirty policemen assembled and kept up a fight for a couple of hours with about 150 negroes. One policeman was killed and three wounded. Eight to ten negroes were killed and several wounded. The 16th Regular Infantry were finally called out and at 1 o'clock everything was quiet.

From New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, May 1.—A large meeting was held last evening to encourage Baltimore trade. Mr. Paisel, representing three hundred Baltimore houses, made a speech, in which he gave many encouraging facts.

The brokers of New Orleans, last night, organized a board for the regulation of busi-There is high water everywhere, and the floods are coming down. The planters are

The Trial of "sham Henderson

in despair.

NASHVILLE, May 1st.—The trial of Isham Henderson was resumed to-day. Colonel Irvin testified that Henderson on the 13th of May, 1864, made a proposition to

the witness to furnish the Government with about 3,000 mules, which the witness rejected chiefly because it required him to give the accused the control of the market. On June 1st, 1864, he received a letter from Henderson proposing to furnish 1,000 mules which was returned to the accused with an endorsement.

The counsel for the defendant stated that if such a letter was ever written, it was to show that the mules in question were not intended for the rebels or any other improper purpose.

The witness stated that Henderson fur-

nished 178 mules in July, 1864; that stampedes were of frequent occurrence, and the loss to the government was very considerable in consequence. Bruner had charge of picking up estrays.

In reply to a question, the witness said the voucher books show that vouchers were

given to parties for mules who never put in a mule, but they were given to those who had brought receipts from parties who had put in mules. This system was adopted to break up large contractors so they could not monopolize the market, and so that the witness could control it himself. The books show that the accused furnished the Government with 1,003 mules between June 11th and July 3d, 1864. The accused put in other mules besides.

Wm. Mckay Hoge was sworn. His duties were to superintend the sales and keep an account of the mules received from contractors. There was an arrangement begiven to parties for mules who never put

tractors. There was an arrangement be-tween the witness and the accused for de-frauding. Henderson alway insisted on the witness giving receipts for a larger number of mules than there were put in by him. No positive agreement was had as to what No positive agreement was had as to what division of money should be made; think he generally gave witness half. The agreement to defraud the Government between the accused and the witness commenced in 1863. On one occasion the witness received from the accused \$1,000. He gove the general in August 1864 a figitions. gave the accused in August, 1864, a fictitious receipt for ninety-eight mules, at a stable in Nashville, where the accused gave the witness the \$10,000. Other fraudulent transactions occured in July, done by changing the size of the mules and entering on the books more mules than were received. more mules than were received. The Court adjourned till to-morrow.

LOUISVILLE, May let.—A very large Convention of the Democracy of the State assembled at the Court House to-day. Most of the counties of the State were represented.

Ex-Governor Wykliff was elected temporary chairman.
Resolutions were adopted declaring warm attachment to the union of the States under the Constitution; that the Federal Governthe Constitution; that the Federal Government is one of limited and restricted powers, and the exercise of any power by the Federal Government not delegated to it is a usurpation to deprive the people of their liberties; that Congress has no right to deprive any State of representation in Congress; that the Federal Government has no right to abridge the freedom of speech or of the press, and their suppression is destructive of every principle of Constitutional libery; that the Federal Government has no right to try citizens by Military Commissions and drum-head Court Martials: that the quesdrum-head Court Martials: that the ques-tion of suffrage belongs exclusively to the several States; that we recognize the abolitions of slavery as an established fact, but earnestly assert that Kentucky has the right to regulate the political status of the negroes within her territory; that the right of habeas corpus is fully restored as soon as the war is ended. The resolutions

require the Government to practice rigid economy and prosecute those who have been guilty of fraud, corruption and embezzlement; they declare that large standing armies are not to be tolerated in times of peace, and that taxation should be made equal and uniform, and that the Government securities should not be exempt from taxation; that the thanks of the country are due to the President for his retered the due to the President, for his vetoes of the Freedmen's Bureau and Civil Rights bill hat our Senators and a majority of our Re presentatives in Congress have acted satisfactorily to the people, and merit our thanks.

"In conclusion we declare to the people of the whole Union that we have met not to foment discord but to heal dissensions and to endeavor to the utmost of our power to bring back our Government to its aucient purity and to try to make it such as it was in the days of Washington, Jefferson, and Jackson. We wish to maintain and save both the Constitution and the Union as they came to us from the hands of our patriot fathers, to preserve the rights and liberties of our citizens, to maintain all the safe-guards of the Constitution intact and linviolate, and to rescue the Government from the vanda grasp of that radical Congress whose governing principle of action is "rule or ruin." The Democratic party is not sectional but is co-extensive with the Union itself, and its mission is not to destroy but to restore concord and framity and to restore concord and framity and to restore concord. ternity, and to resist all encroachments from whatever quarter they may come, upon the Constitution and the liberties of the people. This is the great work we propose. To accomplish these noble purposes we invite the cooperation of war in the cooperation of the cooperatio we invite the co-operation of every patriot throughout our vast domain."

Mexico. NEW ORLEANS, May 1.—Advices from the Rio Grande report that all is quiet. The Liberals are making movements con-tinually, but the Imperialists hold on to the

strong places. The Tennessee Legislature.

NASHVILLE, May 1st.—The Senate has rejected the franchise bill, by a vote of 16

yeas against 5 nays. Arrival of the Steamer Queen. New York, May 2.—The steamship Queen has arrived from Liverpool. Her advices

have been anticipated. Ohio Troops Mustered Out. CINCINNATI, May 2.—The 7th Ohio Regiment (National Guards) were mustered out

of the service yesterday. Price of Gold in New York. [By the American Telegraph Co.]
New York, May 2d.—Gold has been

quoted to-day as follows: 10.30 A. M., 1262 | 12.00 M. 11.00 1262 | 12.15 P.M., 1262 | 12.30 Markets.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Cotton dull at 22@34c. Flour steady, sales of 500 bbls. at unchanged prices; Sonthern steady, 600 bbls. act unchanged prices; Sonthern steady, 600 bbls. act unchanged prices; Sonthern steady, 600 bbls. Wheat has advanced 1@2c. Corn dull and drooping. Beef steady. The Pork market is excited, sales of Mess \$26@28 50. Lard heavy but unchanged. Whicky dull. Whisky doll.

Nikw Orikans, May 1.—Cotton—The sales to-day
smount to 1,200 bales, at 38@34c, for low middlings,
Sales of three days, 2 800 bales. Receipts for four days,
64.78 bales against 6,844 bales for the corresponding per
riod last week. Receipts to-day, 633 bales. Exports,
8.832 bales. Flock in rort, 171,647. Flour—Superfine,
\$8.75 Oats, 57@58c. Hay, \$27@\$28. Pork \$31. Bacon
—Shoulders. 145.c. clear sides, 185c. Gold. 125. Stersling Exchange, 134. Freights on cotton to New York,
\$2 per bale: to Liverpool. 7-16@5d.: to Havre, 14:d.
Western Produce lively, with large receipts. Corn in
quick demand for shipment. Shippers are preparing
for a large Western business.

CITY BULLETIN.

WEST PHILADELPHIA.—Perhaps a wilder night then that which usbered in the gale of this morning, has not occurred at this season of the year for many years. It was had enough in the city, where one only meets the force of the storm in turning a corner, but in the open country, with nothing but fences, and the, as yet, thinly follaged trees to intervene, it was almost awful. Through the greater part of the night the rain reigned, and the wind winded its way in every conceivable direction at once, while clan after clap of thunder, and fissh after flash of lightning, made my little district almost a newton lightning, made my little district almost a pardemonium. Everywhere one can see the marks of this very unusual first of May visitor. Fences blown down trees torn up by the roots, even in the very streets. The just-opening blossoms washed from the trees, were examples of elementary force, and the storm, Euroclydon, still continues.

Continues.

It made little impression, however, on the consumers of bad whisky. Three persons severally named Christopher Starkey. Joseph Duckton and Henry Orr, had been imbibling. The two former were fined \$3 each, and the latter was committed.

This morning Joseph Douglass and Juo. Henderson were held for a further hearing, for "breach of ordinance." nance."
At the Alms House, there were no less than 20 admissions, 11 male and 9 females. Discharged 7, 5 ma'e, 2 females: elopements, 2, fellows, breaking their liberty, with 1 death, in the "Men's Medical." Census, 3009; last year, 2,572; increase, 437.

A HEAVY STORM.—Last evening a heavy A HEAVY STORM.—Last evening a heavy storm passed over the city. For several hours the rain came down in perfect torrents and there were vivid flashes of lightning and heavy peals of thunder. Some of the streets locked like canals, and between the railway tracks there was almost enough water to paddle as small sized cance. All of the streets in the city got a pretty thorough cleansing. In some sections, where the ground is low, the water ran into the cellars, but as far as ascertained, no serious damages was done. The Schuylkill storm prevailed to the same extent in the int-rior, there may be somewhat of a freshet this evening or to-morrow. All the small streams shout the city were considerably swollen, but not to assuficient extent to do any damage. The lightning, however, interfered materially with the working of the telegraph, and the wind and rain broke down some of the wires. The Police and Fire Alarm Telegraph had four wires out of twenty broken—one police and three fire wires. The CHESTNUT STREET RAILWAY.—

THE CHESTNUT STREET RAILWAY.-Preparations are now being made for lawing the Chest-nut and Walnut Street Passenger Railway in West Philadelphia. The rails crossites, &c., are now ready as far as Fortleth street. Ground will be broken sborily, and when the work commences it will be pushed to a rapid completion. It is expected that the new road will be completed and in operation some-time in June.

FIRE.—Last night, about half-past ten o'clock, a fire broke out in a one-story frame stable on Vine street, near "twenty-third in the Fifteenth Ward, owned by James McConnell. The flames spread rapidity and the structure was soon destroyed. At the itms of the fire there were several forces in the stable. One periabed, but the others were rescued. The animal burned was valued at \$250, and was owned by Mr. Curtis.

LARCENY.-Jacob Brown was arrested last evening at Beach and Brown streets upon the charge of the larceny of a wheelbarrow and two and a half dozens of abovels, which were found in his possesion. The articles were stolen in Norristown, and Brown was sent to that place for trial.

House Robbery.—This morning between two and six o'clock the dwelling of Mr. Longstreth, No 1342 Mervine street, Twentieth Ward, was entered by forcis goven a back window. A lady's gold watch, a guitar, and some other articles were stolen. SHOPLIFTING.—A man named Joseph Brown was arrested yesterday afternoon for shoplift-ing at a store in Sixth street, below Shippen He was also identified by Mr.s McCallaas having stolen spiece of girgham from her store at Front sod Mary streets. last week. Brown was committed by Ald. Titter-mary.

PRESS CLUB.—At the stated meeting of the Press Club of Philadelphia, this afternoon, the new contitution will be considered; and a general attendance of members is desired. PRESENTATION.—Sergeant Edward Lyster, of the Sixteent District Police, having resigned his position was last evening, presented with a hand-sift was from the policemen of the district, and the presentation was made by Officer White.

THE GREAT REMEDY OF THE AGE, for teething pains, croups, flatulency, sleeplessness, &c., in children, is Bower's Infant Cordial. Laboratory, Sixth and Green. Bottle, 25 cents. "FELT CORN AND BUNION PLASTERS."— Mailed for fifty cents. Bower, Sixth and Vine. BEONZE Ink Stands, Fans, Card Receiv-

rs, Jewel Caskets, Cigar Cases, Cutlery, etc.
SNOWDEN & BROTHER,
Importers, 22 South Eighth street, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES IN EVERY VA-HETY. SNOWDEN & BROTHER, Imperters, 23 South Eighth street.

7 3-10's WANTED, DeHaven & Brother, 0 South Third Street. 5-20's WANTED, DeHaven & Brother,

Compound interest notes wanted by De Haven & Bro. 5-20 COUPONS due May Ist, and Com-pound Interest notes wanted, 7-203 and 5-208 bought and sold by:

DREXEL & OO.
24 South Third street,

PURE FRUIT SYRUPS—For soda water; ulso bottled for domestic uses. HANCE, GRIFFITH t CO., No. 509 North street, CHOLERA-"NEEDLES' COMPOUND CAM-PHOR TROCKES."—The hest preventive offered for Choleraic symptoms. Tested and proved in 1849. Made by C. H. NEEDLES, S. W. corner Twelfth and Race streets. 80 cents per box. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

Vs. Motes.—If you use Cedar Camphor in your Furs and Woolens, regard the printed directions accompanying it, and it is better to use it early in the season. Economy and efficiency are thus both

"EXCELSIOB ROCK SPRING," SARATOGA Springs, N. Y.—The water of this Spring is highly recommended by the most eminent physiciaus, and is believed to be superior to any of the other waters of aratoga. For sale by the leading druggists.

Facts and Fancies.

The Cleveland Leader says that at Corry, Ohio, the same gentleman is owner and editor of the two local papers, one of which is thoroughly Union and the other strongly Democratic. The fellow must in-Corry-gible in politics.

The petrified aborigine of Australia, re-cently brought to London, has been knocked down by the auctioneer for nineteen guineas. When picked up, he was stone-

The family of seven who were recently reported as lost at Nashville, Tennessee, having mysteriously disappeared some three years ago, have been discovered in St. Louis. Mr. Salle, the father and husband, was of course overjoyed at the news, hastened West, reached St. Louis, when, to his amazement and mortification, it proved that in the interior of her discoverage was a Mr. Salle, the discoverage was a Mr. Salle and the discoverage was a Mr. Sal interim of her disappearance Mrs. Salle had become Mrs. Papin. His children informed him that they had another Pap-in and that he had better Salle back again.

The Yale University crew reached Hartford on Saturday, having rowed all the way from New Haven. We rode from New York to Boston some time ago. Can the Yale crew match that? Three boys went bathing in one of the

streams near Oil Creek, and when they came out they were so greasy that they could not stay in their clothes. As fast as they slipped them on they would slip off again; and one of them in a heedless moment narrowly escaped slipping out of his skin. On reaching home, their parents being exceedingly frugal, wrung them out and extracted about fifteen gallons of pure oil from the three boys. Puerile indeed!

COURTS. DISTRICT COUET-Judge Sharswood.—Smith & Adams vs. Levis. An action of trover to recover for the alleged conversion of certain United States 5-20 bonds, which had been deposited with them by the sgent of plaintiff, Refore reported. Verdict for plaintiff for \$x_{0.0} 10. onnds, which had been deposited with them by the agent of plaintiff. Refore reported. Verdict for plaintiff for \$53 10.

Elizabeth Haenor. Administratrix of Alexander Haenor. dec'd., vs. Lonisa Kindt, Administratrix of Peter Kindt, 'ec'd. An action to recover for goods alleged to have been sold to Peter Kindt in his life time, and for work and labor dene by Alexander Haenor while living. On trial.

District Courst—Indge Hare—Robert R. Kirkpatrick vs. Edwin Kirkpatrick and Jacob H. Lex. An action on the case to recover damages for an alleged

patrick vs. Edwin Kirkpatrick and Jacob H. Let. An action on the case to recover damages for an alleged conspiracy by the defendants to withdraw partnership funds of the firm of which plaintiff and defendants were members, by which it is alleged the firm became insolvent. On trial Common Pleas—Judge Peirce—Titlow vs. Titlow A feigned issue to determine the validity of a will, it being alleged that the testator was of unsound mind. Before reported. This morning the plaintiffs moved for leave to withdraw a juro, on the ground that one of the Jurors was on yesterday after the adjournment of the Court talking to a witness for the defence in reference to the case—Testimony was heard in support of the motion and against it, the witness who was spoken to saying that the conversation was about horses and had nothing to do with the case. Judge Peirce allowed the motion on the ground that the explanation of the alleged conversation was not satisfactory. Both sides then agreed to go on with the remaining eleven jurors, and the case was resumed.

COMMERCIAL

SALES OF STOOKS.

FIRST BOARD. | Times | Time 1000 N Pa R 6s \$3 500 ah Read R 1000 do 65 50 500 ah Read R 1000 Pa R 1st mgt 6a 100 100 ah do 100 ah N Y and Middle 100 st. do Coal Fields 714 62 ah do 100 ah Hestony'e R b50 42 68 sh Penna R

SECOND CLASS

Finance and Business--- May 2, 1866. The Stock Market was again dull to day, but there were no violent fluctuations in prices. Money is very sbundant, and we hear of "call loans" placed as low as the street under 5% @6 per cent, and the most of that afloat among the brokers is not negotiable under 7@ per cent. Trade moves slowly in all departments with but little prospect of any immediate improve ment. Government Loans were held with increased confidence, and the offerings were light. The Coupon Sires, '81, closed at 1084; the Five-Twenties at 101%@ 102, and the Seven-Thirties at 101%. State Fives were teady at 88%. City Leans continue in good request, and an economical management of the Municipal affairs would soon bring them to par. The new issues were firm at 96%(@96%, and the old at 90, The better class of investments were more sought after, and relatively few offered. Pennsylvania Rallroad First Mortgage Bonds were firm at 100; the Second Mortgage at 94%: Camden and Amboy Railroad Bonds of '89 at 89 and North Pennsylvania Railroad Sixes at 89@89}; The speculative shares were unsettled. Philadelphia and Eric Raliroad opened at 33%, and declined to 82%. Catawissa Railroad Preferred was weak at 29%.. Reing Railroad closed at 53@53½—an advance of %. Pennsylvania Railroad was steady at 56%; Camden and Amboy RR. at 120%: Mine Hill Railroad at 55; Lehigh Valley Railroad at 61%; Northern Central Railroad at Valley Railroad acopy, Abrilletin Central Amilroad at 44%; Elimira Railroad, Preferred, at 42; the common stock at 27, and North Pennsylvania Railroad at 85. Canal stocks are dull, and the rates unimportant. In Oil stocks the only sales were of Ocean, at 7½@7½.

Passenger Railway shares were dull; Union sold at 85½

—a decline of 1, and Hestonville at 31. Jay Cooke & Co. quote Governments to-day, as follows:

Buying. U. B. 6's, 1881... Old 5-20 Bonds New 1855-20 Bonds, 1865... 10-40 Bonds...... 8-10 August... American Gold.. Smith, Randolph & Co., Bankers, 16 South Third street, quote at 11 o'clock as follows: .1265/@1263/ U. S. Certificates of Indebtedne Compounds, Dec., 1864.....

Philadelphia Markets. WEDNISDAY, May 2.—The season for Cloverseed is over and the article is nominal at \$\$\frac{45}{25}\$.75—the latter figure for choice lots. Timothy is worth \$5.50\omegas, Small sales of Flaxared at \$2.65\omegas 275. The receipts are triffing and it is wanted at these flor

There is no change in Quercitron Bark. The last sale of No. 1 was at \$29 % ton. The Flour market is as firm as ever, but there is very little doing. About 1,60 barrels were taken in small lots by the home consumers at \$7 to \$3 \$2 barrels for low grade and good superfine, \$3 to \$9 for extras, \$3 50 @10 50 for Northwestern extra family, \$10@11 25 for Penna, and Ohlodo,, and at higher figures for fancy lots. Small sales of Rye Flour at \$4 87%@5, at which

figures it is held firmly. Prices of Corn Meal are no-The Wheat market is extremely quiet with small sales of common and choice Red at \$2 40@2 65, and white at \$2 70@2 25... 500 bushels Ryesold at \$1. 0ern is in better request and firmer, with sales of 1800 bushels yellow at 51 cents affoat, and some in the cars at 82 365 cents—including some mixed Western at 82 cents at 82 sents esting at 60 cents for Fenna, and 61@62 cents or light Delawas 65 300.

for light Delaware.

No rales of Barley or Malt.

Whisky is quiet. Small sales of Penna and refilled at \$2.256.2.26 and Ohio at \$2.27. How a Home was Made Unhappy.

The hearth was clean, the fire was clear, The kettle on for tea; Palemon, in his easy chair, As blest as man could be,

His loving wife, with ready hand, The anow-white cloth had spread; Upon it placed the yiands rare, With meat and home-made bread. The kettle boils; the tea is made; All's ready; they begin; The cups are filled up from the urn, The sugar is put in.

But what is this? Palemon's brow Is suddenly o'ercast; Some Fate or Fury willed it so, Their happiness to blast.

Bought at a pairry shop: Of course you need not be informed "T was little else than slop. Now, ladies, if you'd happy be, Proclaim it through the town, You're sure to get the best of Tea Of Messrs. WEST & BROWN.

The Tea was of some vile compound,

DO YOU KNOW WEST & BROWN? They are the Proprietors of the magnificent Tea Emporium, No. 50s CHESTNUT Street. You may there obtain all the choicest varieties of the Oriental Leaf at the very lowest rates. Their immense trade enables them to make large importations, so that by dealing with them, you buy of first hands, and thus save a jobber's profit.

WEST & BROWN,

809 Chestnut St. REMOVAL.

THE EVENING BULLETIN

WILL BE REMOVED

To the New Building.

607 Chestnut Street,

ABOVE SIXTH,

MONDAY, MAY 7TH. SELLERS BROTHERS.

No. 18 North Sixth Street. Having added to their former business that of MILL AND FACTORY

FINDINGS. Intend keeping a full assortment of everything in that line, which they will sell at the lowest rates, including

Pure Cak Tanned Leather Belting, Gum Belting and Steam Packing,
Lace and Picker Leather,
Band and Harness Leather,
Boller Cloth and Skins,
Card Clothing,
Belt Hooks, Rivets, &c.
Also continue to manufacture as heretofore

WIRE CLOTH, SIEVES, SCREENS, &c. Of which A FULL ASSORTMENT is kept constantly on hand.

SUMMER RESORTS

ON LINE OF

Reading Railroad and Branches.

MANSION HOUSE, MOUNT CARBON. Mrs. Caroline Wunder, Pottsville P. O., Schuy'l co. TUSCARORA HOTEL, Mrs. Hannah Miller, Tuscarora P. O., Schuyikill co. MAHANOY CITY HOTEL.

G. W. Frost, Mahanoy City P. O., Schnylkill co. WHITE HOUSE, Mrs. Susan Marsdorf, Reading P. O.

ANDALUSIA. James S. Madeira, Reading P. O. LIVING SPRINGS HOTEL. Dr. A. Smith, Wernersville P. O., Berks co. SOUTH MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

H. H. Manderbach, Womelsdorf P. O., Berks co. COLD SPRINGS HOTEL. Lebanon co., Charles Boedermel, Harrisburg P. O. BOYERSTOWN SEMINARY, J. B. Henky, Boyerstown P. O., Berks co. YELLOW SPRINGS HOTEL,

A. U. Snyder, Yellow Springs P. O., Chester co. LITIZ SPRINGS. Samuel Lichtenthaler, Litiz P. O., Lancaster co. EPHRATA MOUNTAIN SPRINGS, Alex. S. Feather, Pro., Ephrata P. O., Lancaster ed APRIL 21st, 1866.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK. Philadelphia, Sept. 20, 1865

TIME DEPOSITS ON INTEREST

INTEREST AT THE RATE OF FOUR PER CENT. PER AN-

NUM WILL BE ALLOWED BY THIS BANK ON DE. -POSITS, FOR WHICH CERTIFICATES WILL BE ISSUED, PAYA-BLE AFTER FIVE DAYS' NOTICE.

INTEREST WILL NOT BE AL-LOWED UNLESS THE DE-POSIT REMAINS AT LEAST FIFTEEN DAYS.

C. H. CLARK, President.

WM. PAINTER & CO., BANKERS, 110 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

BUY COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES OF ALL DATES And pay the Accrued Interest.

THIRD EDITION

3:00 O'Clock.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON. FROM

The Cabinet Council.

THE SPANISH BOMBARDMENT.

The Philadelphia Mint.

Important Order from the War Department,

From Washington. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] WASHINGTON, May 2.—The principal theme to-day is the discussion yesterday in Cabinet counsel over the reconstruction plan. Each member is rumored to have given in his adhesion to "my policy" and sworn eternal hostility to Congress and all radical schemes.

The action of the Spanish Admiral in bombarding and destroying the helpless city of Valparaiso is severely condemned in diplomatic circles here.

The Ways and Means Committee are preparing a bill establishing branch mints in several of the gold Territories. The committee are decidedly averse to the proposition to remove the Mint from Philadelphia to New York.

The liquor and tobacco question will be disposed of by the Committee in the course of a few days. There will be a majority and minority report in the case of Colorado. presented from the Committee on Terri-

Delegations are here from New Jersey, asking a suspension in several cases where removals have been decided on.

The Flag Presentation at Philadelphia. HARRISBURG, May 2d.—A call has been issued by the Governor for a meeting on Saturday, the 12th inst., at 12 o'clock, M., at the county court room in the city of Philadelphia, of the Committee representing the several military divisions of the State, appointed to assist in inaugurating and conducting the flag reception ceremony at Philadelphia, on the 4th day of July next. This call, with full proceedings relative to the appointment of the Committee, will appear in the papers of this city to-day, which should be copied by the papers throughout the State for general informs tion.

Trials by Court Martial. WASHINGTON, May 2.—A general order has just been issued from the War Department in relation to trial by Military Courts

ment in relation to trial by Military Courts and Commissions, stating that Whereas, Some military commanders are embarrassed by doubts as to the operation of the proclamation of the President, dated the 2d day of April, 1866, upon trials by military courts martial and military offences, to remove such doubts. fences, to remove such doubts, It is ordered, by the Presiden

after whenever offenses committed by civilians are to be tried, where civil tributhese cases are not authorized to be and will not be brought before military courts martial or commissions, but will be committed to the proper civil authorities. This order is not applicable to camp-fol-lowers as provided for under the 60th Article of War, or to contractors or others specified in Section 16 of the Act of July 17th,

1862, and Sections 1 and 2 of the Act of March 2d, 1863, March 2d, 1863,
Persons and offences cognizable by the rules and articles of war and by the acts of Congress above cited, will continue to be tried and punished by military tribunals,

as prescribed by the rules and articles of war and acts of Congress.

The 60th article of "The Rules and Articles of War," provides, that

"All sutlers and retainers to the camp, and all persons, whatsoever, serving with the armies of the United States in the field, though not enlisted soldiers, are to be subject to orders, according to the rules and discipline of war."

The acts of Congress, to which references

The acts of Congress, to which reference is made, provide that "whenever any contractor for subsistence, clothing, arms, ammunition, munitions of war and for every description of supplies for the army and navy of the United States shall be found guilty by a court martial of fraud or wilful neglect of duty, he shall be punished neglect of duty, he shall be punished by fine, imprisonment or such other punishment as the court martial shall adjudge; and any person who shall contract to furnish supplies of any kind or description for the army or navy, he shall be deemed and taken as a party." And further provision is made for the punishment of persons defrauding the army, navy, or civil iservice by procuring false vouchers, or entering into conspiracy with any persons in the employment of the with any persons in the employment of the Government, with a view to fraud, and for other kindred offences.

The 34th New Jersey Regiment. TRENTON, N. J., May 2d.—The 34th New Jersey Regiment arrived in this city at one o'clock, this afternoon, on their return home from Alabama.

Departure of the Steamer Persia. New York, May 2d.—The Royal Mail Steamship, Persia, sailed for Liverpool to-day, with \$126,000 in gold.

XXXIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

SENATE—Mr. Clark (N. H.) from the Judiciary Committee reported the House bill in relation to the Court of Claims with a favorable recommendation.

**A sherman (Ohio) introduced a bill to reduce the rate of interest on the National debt, and for funding the same, which was referred to the Committee on Finance. It provides for funding the debt in 30 year bonds at 5 per cent interest, the bonds to be registered or coupon in such form and denomination as the Secretary of the "reasury may prescribe, payable principal and interest in coin.

Mr. Sherman stated that the bill was prepared by the Secretary, and had been already partially considered by the Finance Committee.

Mr Williams (Oregon) offered an amendment to the bill reported by the Committee of Fitteen, for the admitsion of the Southern States. It provides that the Southern States shall be admitted after the 9th of March, 1867, with the exception of Tennessee and Arkansas, which shall be admitted immediately on the ratification of the proposed amendment.

Mr. Dixon (Conn.) offered an amendment for the proposition of the committee of fifteen. It declares that when any of the lately rebellious States shall present itself not only in an attitude of loyaity, but represented by men capable of submitting to the constitutional tests, it shall be admitted to the right of representation.

House—Mr. Blaine (Me.) asked leave to offer the following:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to communucate to this House at the earliest practicable day, any authentic information that may practicable day, any authentic information that may practicable day, any authentic information that may be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to communucate to this House at the earliest practicable day, any authentic information that may be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest, to communucate to the officer commanding the American fleet in those waters.

Mr. Rotivell (Mass.) objec

the higher rank and he moved to lay the bill on the table.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Chanler (N, Y.), from the same Committee, reported a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to appoint three commissioners to examine and report on the patented machinery and inventions, that may be exhibited at the Paris exhibition of 1867, with power to employ the necessary dranghrmen and photographers, the expenses not to exceed \$15.000.

Mr. Washburne (III.) opposed the joint resolution, arguing that there was no necessity for it, and that it was only an attempt to draw money out of the treasury to pay the expenses of three high-blown and elegant gentiemen who wished to visit Paris in 1867.

Mr. Boutwell stated that it was the rule in foreign countries to send to the Patent Office drawings of patents is sued by them, at a trifling expense.

Mr. Chanler admitted that that was so; but he said there was considerable delay in sending the drawings, and this was a question of time. Drawings of patents were sometimes not received for three years.

Considerable debate ensued, after which, on motion of Mr. Stevens (Pa.), the joint resolution was laid on the table. of Mr. Stevens (Pa.), the joint resolution was laid on the table.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill to recognize and establish the army of the United States.

The twenty-third section being that which was under discussion when the House had the matier last before it, was then considered. New York Stock Markets. New York Stock Markets,
New York, May 2.—Stocks steady; Chicago and
Rock Island 122/; Cumberland Preferred, 45/4; Ri.
Central Scrip, 113/; Michigan Southern, 73/; New
York Central, 92/; Reading, 105/; Canton, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 65, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 67, 68; Erie RR., 73/; Western Union, 53/; Urginla 67, 68; Urginla 67, 68; Urginla 67, 68; Urginla 68, 68; Urgi Harkets.

Baltimore, May 2.—Flour is dull; Western extra, \$10@\$10 f0. Wheat steady. Corn dull and lower, white, \$5@\$5c. Yellow, \$2@\$5c. Oats firm at \$4@\$5c. Provisions quiet. Coffee dull at 14%@l5c for Rio, 1a gold, for cargoes in bond. Whisky dull.

Sale at sPhiladelphia Stock Board. SALES AFTER FIRST BOARD.

WINDOW SHADES:

> WINDOW SHADES WINDOW SHADES.

In every Desirable Style and Color, for Town or Country.

WHITE CURTAINS. WHITE CURTAINS. WHITE CURTAINS

Of Lace, Muslin, and Nottingham, No in Beautiful Styles.

Striped Furniture Twills,

For Slip Covers, Just Opened. I. E. WALRAVEN,

MASONIC HALL, 719 Chestnut Street. 5-20 COUPONS.

Due May First.

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST RATES BY DREXEL & CO.

34 SOUTH THIRD ST. 8p28-4t2

DREXEL & CO. BANKERS!

34 SOUTH THIRD STREET! 5-20's. 7-30's, 10-40's,

1881's, Certificates of Indebtedness. Compound Interest Notes and GOLD AND SILVER, Bought and Sold. DRAFTS DRAWN ON ENGLAND, IRE-LAND. FRANCE AND GERMANY. AWNINGS, VERANDAHS AND FLAGS.

WM. F. SCHIEBLE, 49 SOUTH THIRD STREET. PHILADELPHIA.

MANUFACTURER OF AWNINGS

AND VERANDAHS.

Awnings Proofed and Warranted not

to Mildew. FLAGS OF ALL BIZES ON HAND AND MADE 10 ORDER. Stencil Cutting and Canvas Printing. Bags, Tents

VELLOW PINE FLOORING BOARDS -180.000 I feet yellow pine flooring boards, adoat. For sale by E. A. SOUDER & CO., Dock street wharf, ap16-51

Wagon Covers, made to order.