

Miscellaneous News Items.

A SUCCESSFUL AMERICAN ARTIST ABROAD.—The Boston Transcript speaks of Mr. Jenny Van Zandt, a daughter of Signor Bliz, as follows: From a private letter, dated Copenhagen, March 27, we learn of the continued success of the artist in the estimation she is held in by the Royal family and nobility of Denmark. On the occasion of her last concert at the palace, the Queen presented to the artist a magnificent necklace set with precious stones, and a letter recognizing her musical talents as of the highest order. This is the second recognition she has had from the Royal family—the first being a present of two hundred rigsbankalers on the occasion of her benefit concert, which took place on the evening of February 19. On this latter occasion Mrs. Van Zandt received a perfect avalanche of flowers; a crown of carnations, with the American flag attached, and a bouquet, thrown from the hands of the King himself. She has had several offers for engagements for this spring and for next winter, and has accepted two—one for Madrid, from the 15th of May to the 15th of July, (two months) for 50,000 francs; and another for the capital of Poland, from November 1 to May 1, 1867, (six months) for 30,000 francs. This is a good beginning for a young American lady with no European reputation to start with, and we may safely predict for her a future of great brilliancy in her profession.

SPREAD OF THE CHOLERA.—Professor Clark, in his lectures in New York, states that the progress of the cholera in India was about twenty times as rapid as it was in Europe. In Europe it averaged from eighty to one hundred miles per week, which is about the rate of the facility of travel in Europe, compared with India. In crossing the sea it has traveled at about the rate of three to four hundred miles a week; and the swiftness of travel by vessel. During the epidemic in Europe last season the cholera was carried to Alexandria, Ancona, Marseilles, Southampton, Paris, &c., more rapidly than during previous epidemics, the increased facility keeping pace with the increased speed of the steamships, and the fact that the cholera is now conveyed as compared with past times. The number of deaths in New York from cholera in the years 1832, 1834, 1849 and 1854, was as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Year, Deaths, Native, Foreign. Rows for 1832, 1834, 1849, 1854.

Total. 12,064 3,861 8,203. In 1849 a record of the weather shows that it was oppressively hot in New York in June and July, with little rain during the last mentioned month.

LAWLESSNESS IN TENNESSEE.—Several heads of families, and a number of the county men of Putnam, robbing and maltreating Union men, and setting civil war at defiance. In several instances processes and warrants have been taken out for them forcibly from the hands of officers of the law. It will be given to the State Government. These outrages have been committed in numerous instances, and the people are preparing to prevent the holding of the Circuit Court, which is to sit in a short time in Putnam county. Well-informed persons do not believe that these guerrillas will be permitted to remain in the county, unless a small force of soldiers be sent there to protect members of the bar, and defend the Circuit Court, without doing any harm to the people. Justice to Putnam county requires the statement that the majority of them strongly condemn the conduct of the guerrillas, and the law-abiding men are overawed.

THE FLORIDA FREEDMEN.—The Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in the State of Florida has transmitted a report to the Bureau, in which he says he has been informed by the military and civil authorities of the State. He had called the attention of Governor Walker to the provision of Section 220 of the act of Congress, prescribing additional punishment for the commission of offenses against the State and for other purposes, which provides for disarming the freedmen, and their private arms. He urged the Governor to see that it was unconstitutional both as regards the United States and State Constitutions, and wished to have the decision of competent authority in the case. The Governor hesitated until Gen. Fisher informed him that the disarming of the negroes must cease either through civil or military action. The opinion of the Attorney General has been called for, and he has decided that the provisions of the section were unconstitutional.

THE ABUSE OF FREEDMEN IN GEORGIA.—Brigadier General David Tilton, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau in the State of Georgia, has sent to each agent of the Bureau in the State a list of questions which are directed to answer, including the following, namely: "Whether the freedmen are endeavoring to arrest and punish those who wrong or abuse the freedmen, and if so whether they generally succeed in punishing the guilty. Whether the services of an agent of the Freedmen's Bureau are necessary to secure justice to the freed people; and if the Bureau was removed, whether the civil authorities would protect their rights. Also, whether in your opinion, the tone and temper of the whites are improving towards the freed people, and if they think the time is approaching when the control of the freed people may be safely entrusted to them."

THE WITHDRAWAL OF FRENCH TROOPS FROM MEXICO.—The French Minister had an interview with the Secretary of State on Saturday. He presented the formal adhesion of the French Government to the American principle of non-intervention, as explained by the Secretary of State. The Emperor kindly and cordially replies to this statement, and has promised to draw his troops from Mexico in three detachments, one in November next, and the others in May and November, 1867. The full and final agreement between the two governments which led to the important result which is expected, is sent to the House of Representatives this week, in answer to a call recently made on the Department of State on motion of Mr. McKee, of Kentucky.

WHOLESALE ATTEMPT AT POISONING.—A French miscreant named Payne, residing near Mount Pleasant, Atchison county, Kansas, on Monday of last week, attempted to poison his own family and that of his employer, Hon. John Kane, by mingling arsenic in the milk used by both families. Mr. Kane and two of his children partook of the milk, and were soon violently attacked with vomiting. Antidotes being administered, the children were soon relieved, but Payne remained in a precarious condition. Payne was tenant of Mr. Kane, had a bad reputation, and, having had a quarrel with his wife, attempted this wholesale poisoning by way of gratifying his malice. But his measures were being taken to secure his arrest.

AN ALLEGED CHILIAN PRIVATEER AFLOAT.—The New York Commercial Advertiser says: It has been discovered that a vessel named the "Chile," from the port of this port, as is alleged, for Chile. She cleared on the 6th inst., for Buenos Ayres, and, according to no suspicion while she lay here. She sailed on the 24th, and on the 12th inst. was received from Washington to detain her for examination, information having been given by the Spanish authorities which justified this proceeding. The vessel was then on her way to her destination. It is stated that she was built for river service in South America, is on perfectly legitimate business, and has not the remotest connection with the Chilean war.

DISGRACEFUL SCENE IN A CHURCH.—A disgraceful scene was witnessed at the funeral of the late Mr. King's residence, which was held at Northmoor, near Bristol, on Easter Sunday. The incumbent of Northmoor is an extreme "ritualist," and great preparations were made in his church for the Easter Sunday service. On Saturday night, however, the church was entered, the decorations were destroyed, the clergy-benches set with precious stones, and a letter recognizing her musical talents as of the highest order. This is the second recognition she has had from the Royal family—the first being a present of two hundred rigsbankalers on the occasion of her benefit concert, which took place on the evening of February 19. On this latter occasion Mrs. Van Zandt received a perfect avalanche of flowers; a crown of carnations, with the American flag attached, and a bouquet, thrown from the hands of the King himself. She has had several offers for engagements for this spring and for next winter, and has accepted two—one for Madrid, from the 15th of May to the 15th of July, (two months) for 50,000 francs; and another for the capital of Poland, from November 1 to May 1, 1867, (six months) for 30,000 francs. This is a good beginning for a young American lady with no European reputation to start with, and we may safely predict for her a future of great brilliancy in her profession.

THE NEW INTERMEDIATE COURTS OF APPEAL.—Some time since the Senate passed a bill providing for intermediate courts of appeal, to be held in each of the respective circuits by a judge of the Supreme Court of the United States District Court. This bill is yet to be acted upon by the House, and hence the delay of the Senate in disposing of the nomination of Mr. Stansbury to supply the existing vacancy on the bench occasioned by the death of Judge Catron, for should the bill become a law, it will be necessary to reorganize the Supreme Court and to fix the necessary number of judges to perform the required duties.

A GEORGIA SENSATION.—The Augusta (Georgia) papers have flaming accounts of Miss Ann Eliza Leak, who was born in that State without arms. She is described as exceedingly attractive in her personal appearance, and exhibiting the most wonderful dexterity in the use of her feet. She writes with her toes much better than most people do with their hands, besides knitting, sewing, embroidering, crocheting and doing all kinds of needlework with astonishing ease and rapidity.

NAVIGATION OF THE LAKES.—The Detroit (Mich.) Free Press reports that navigation is now fairly opened with the St. Clair river and Lake St. Clair ports, as well as with Sandusky, Cleveland and Dunkirk, besides other ports on Lake Erie, by means of steam craft. Sailing vessels have not ventured out, but every preparation is being made for the first favorable weather. Letters from Mackinaw and the Saut indicate that the waters of the upper lakes will not be open for some weeks.

CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS. REEVE L. KNIGHT & SON, 807 CHESTNUT ST.

PHILADELPHIA OIL CLOTH WORKS. Established in 1820. The undersigned invites the attention of Dealers to the most desirable OIL CLOTHS to be found in the Union, consisting of:

Floor Oil Cloths, Carriage Oil Cloths, Table Oil Cloths, Stair Oil Cloths, and Window Shades. THOMAS POTTER, MANUFACTURER. Philada. Warehouse, No. 229 Arch Street. New York Office, No 78 Duane Street.

CHEAPEST CARPET AND FURNITURE WAREHOUSE IN THE CITY. OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, WINDOW SEADERS, COTTAGE SUITS OF EVERY STYLE. And a general assortment of Household Furniture. H. R. LEWIS, 1434 MARKET STREET, 209-2nd First Furniture Store below 15th, lower side

GLASSWARE, PHILADELPHIA Window Glass Warehouse. BENJAMIN H. SHOEMAKER, AGENT FOR THE FRENCH PLATE GLASS COMPANIES. Importer of English, French and German Window and Picture Glass and Looking Glass Plates MANUFACTURER OF American Window, Picture and Car Glass. Ornamental and Colored Glass. 205 and 207 North Fourth Street, PHILADELPHIA.

THE FINE ARTS A. S. ROBINSON, 910 CHESTNUT STREET. LOOKING GLASSES, PAINTINGS Engravings and Photographs.

LIQUORS. RICHARD PENISTAN'S Ale, Wine and Liquor Vaults, 439 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA. Established for the Sale of Unadulterated Liquors Only.

Special Notice to Families! Richard Penistan's Celebrated Ale, Porter and Brown Stout, Now so much recommended by the Medical Faculty of the University of London.

JUST OPENED, Penistan's Branch Ale, Wine and Liquor Vaults, No. 37 and 39 South Third Street, Philadelphia. Rear Entrance on Bank street, this side.

PERKINS STERN & CO. DEALERS EXCLUSIVELY IN CALIFORNIA WINES, NO. 180 BROADWAY, N. Y.

HER MAJESTY CHAMPAGNE, J. F. DUNTON, 151 SOUTH FRONT ST., SOLE AGENT.

GROCERIES. GREEN PEAS, Green Corn, Fresh Peaches, Fresh Tomatoes, Plums, &c. ALBERT C. ROBERTS, DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES, Corner Eleventh and Vine Streets.

JAPANESE POWCHON & TEA. The finest imported. GOLDEN BRAND TEA. OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE. FOR SALE BY JAMES R. WEBB, 1410 WALNUT AND EIGHTH STREETS.

WINE, BRANDY, &c. NEW QUEEN OLIVES—500 gallons of the finest Queen Olives ever imported, in store and for sale by JAMES R. WEBB, No. 118 South Second Street.

DRUGS. BLAIN'S LIQUID BENERINE—making in a few minutes a variety of delicious desserts. It is a most valuable and invaluable to those in the habit of eating rich and indigestible food.

DRUG STORES. ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO. N. E. CORNER 205 and 207 North Fourth Street, PHILADELPHIA.

MEDICAL. VOX POPULI. WRINGT'S TAR SYRUP. PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 71 SOUTH THIRD ST. PRICE, \$1 PER BOTTLE; 5 PER HALF DOZEN.

The undersigned takes pleasure in cheerfully recommending the use of WRIGHT'S TAR SYRUP, for the consumption, whooping cough, spotted fever, liver complaint, pains in the breast, bronchitis, inflammation, and contraction of air vessels in the lungs, and every other complaint of the respiratory organs.

Also to be had at JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, and all principal druggists and dealers.

CLEANSE THE BLOOD. This medicine is a powerful purgative, and is recommended for the cure of all diseases of the blood, such as scurvy, skin diseases, and all other ailments arising from impure blood.

ALERTS CHERRY PECTORAL is a universally known and effective remedy for the cure of all coughs, colds, and bronchitis, and is highly recommended by the medical profession.

OPAL DENTIFRICE.—A superior article for cleaning the teeth, giving tone to the gums, and leaving a feeling of freshness in the mouth. It is highly recommended by the dental profession.

BLINDS AND SHADES. B. J. WILLIAMS, No. 18 NORTH SIXTH STREET, MANUFACTURER OF VENETIAN BLINDS AND WINDOW SHADES.

PERFUMERY. MUJAVIRO THE MOST DELICIOUS OF ALL PERFUMES. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

AUCTION SALES. THOMAS BIRCH & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS, No. 110 CHESTNUT STREET.

AUCTION SALES. JAMES A. FREEMAN, AUCTIONEER. EIGHTH SPRING SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

For other accounts, see the list of properties and their descriptions, including various lots and buildings.

VALUABLE RESIDENCES AT PRIVATE SALE TO REAL ESTATE OPERATORS.

BY JOHN B. MYERS & CO. AUCTIONEERS. LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, &c.

NOTICE.—TRAVELING BAGS, &c. ON TUESDAY MORNING.

SPECIAL SALE OF CLOTHING. ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 25.

POSITIVE SALE OF CARPETINGS, CLINTON ON FRIDAY MORNING.

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AUCTION SALES. M. THOMAS & SON, AUCTIONEERS. STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE—TUESDAY NEXT.

At the Exchange on Tuesday, April 24, 1866, at 10 o'clock, the following stocks and real estate will be sold.

STOCKS, BONDS, &c. At 10 o'clock, on Tuesday, April 24, 1866, the following stocks and bonds will be sold.

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