By the President of the United States of

A PROCLAMATION. Whereas, By proclamations of the 15th and 19th of April, 1861, the President of the United States, in virtue of the power vested in him by the Constitution and the laws, declared that the laws of the United States were opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed in the States of South Carolina Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi Louisiana and Texas, by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the powers vested in the marshals by law:

America:

powers vested in the marshals by law:

And; whereas, By another proclamation, made the 16th day of August, in the same year, in pursuance of an act of Congress approved July 18th, 1861, the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, and Florida, except the inhabitants of that part of the State of Virginia lying west of the Alleghany mountains, and such other parts of that State and the other States before named, as might maintain a States before named, as might maintain a loyal adhesion to the Union and the Con-stitution; or might be from time to time occupied and controlled by forces of the United States engaged in the dispersion of insurgents, were declared to be in a state insurrection against the United States:

insurrection against the United States:

And whereas, By another proclamation of the first day of July, 1862, issued in pursuance of an act of Congress approved June 7, in the same year, the insurrection was declared to be still existing in the States aforesaid, with the exception of certain specified counties in the State of Virginia:

And whereas, By another proclamation made on the 2d day of April, 1863, in pursuance of the act of Congress of July 13th, 1861, the exceptions named in the proclamation of August 16th, 1861, were revoked, and the inhabitants of the States of Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee,

South Carolina, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida and Virginia, except the forty-eight counties of Virginia designated as West Virginia, and the ports of New Orleans, Key West, Port Royal and Beaufort, in South Carolina, were declared to be still in a state of insurrection against the United States;

And whereas, The House of Representatives, on the 22d day of July, 1861, adopted a resolution in the words following, namely:

"Resolved, By the House of Representa-tives of the Congress of the United States that the present deplorable civil war has been forced upon the country by the dis-unionists of the Southern States now in revolt against the constitutional authorities and in arms around the capital: that in this national emergency Congress, banishing all feelings of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country, that this war is not waged on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights of established institutions of these States, but to maintain and defend the su premacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union with all its dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease;

And whereas, The Senate of the United States, on the 25th day of July, 1861, adopted a resolution in the words following to wit: "Resolved, That the present deplorable civil has been forced when the has been forced upon the country by the disunionists of the Southern States now in revolt against the constitutional govern-ment, and in arms around the capital. That in this national emergency Congress, ban-ishing all feelings of mere passion or resentment, will recollect only its duty to the whole country. That this war is not prose-cuted on our part in any spirit of oppres-sion, nor for any purpose of conquest of subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights of established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Consti tution, and laws made in pursuance thereof and to preserve the Union, with all the dig-nity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as thes objects are accomplished the war ought to

And whereas, These resolutions, though not joint or concurrent in form, are sub-stantially identical, and as such may be regarded as having expressed the sense of Congress upon the subject to which they re-

And whereas, By my proclamation of the 13th day of June last, the insurrection in the State of Tennessee was declared to have been suppressed, the authority of the United States therein to be undisputed, and such United States officers as had been duly commissioned, to be in the undisputed exercise of their official functions;

And whereas, There now exists no organized armed resistance of misguided citizens or others to the authority of the United States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Mississippi and Florida, and the laws can be sustained and enforced therein by the proper civil authority, State or Federal, and the people of the said States are well and loyally disposed and have conformed or will conform in their layer that the said states are well and loyally disposed and have conformed or will conform in their legislation to the condition of affairs growing out of the amendment to the Constituiion of the United States prohibiting slavery within the limits and jurisdiction of the United States;

And whereas, In view of the before recated premises, it is the manifest determina-

tion of the American people that no State, of its own will, has the right or the power to go out of or separate itself from, or be separated from the American Union, and that therefore each State ought to remain and constitute an integral part of the United States;
And whereas, The people of the seve-

ral before mentioned States have, in the manner aforesaid, given satisfactory evidence that they acquiesce in this sovereign and important resolution of national

unity;
And whereas, It is believed to be a fundamental principle of government that people who have revolted and who have been overcome and subdued, must either be dealt with so as to induce them voluntarily to become friends; or else they must be held by absolute military power, or devastated so as to prevent them from ever again doing harm as enemies, which last-named policy is ab-horrent to humanity and freedom;

And whereas, The Constitution of the United States provides for constitutional communities only as States, and not as territories dependencies territories, dependencies, provinces, or pro-

And whereas, Such constituent States And whereas, Such constituent States must necessarily be, and by constitution and laws of the United States are made equals, and placed upon a likefooting, as to political rights, immunities, dignity, and power, with the several States with which they are

And whereas, The observance of political equality, as a principle of right and justice, is well calculated to encourage the people of the aforesaid States to be and become more and more constant and persevering in their renewed allegiance:

And whereas, Standing armies, military And whereas, standing armies, military occupation, military law, military tribunals and the suspension of the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus, are in time of peace dangerous to public liberty, incompatible with the individual rights of the citizen, contrary to the genius and spirit of our ree institutions, and exhaustive of the national resources, and ought not, therefore to be sanctioned or allowed, except in cases of actual necessity, for repelling invasion or Suppression insurrection or rebellion:

ment of the United States from the beginning of the insurrection to its overthrow and final suppression has been in conformity with the principles herein set forth and enumerated:

Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare that the insurrection which heretofore existed in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Mississippi and Florida, is at an end, and is henceforth to be so re-

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington the second day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixtysix, and of the Independence of the United S ates of America the ninetieth.

[ANDREW JOHNSON.
By the President:
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

CITY COUNCILS.

A special meeting was held yesterday afternoon to take action in reference to the street cleaning contract, recently declared void by the Court of Common Pleas. SELECT BRANCH.

Mr. Barlow offered a resolution request-ing the Legislature to legalize and confirm the contracts for cleaning the streets, made by Mayor McMichael, by authority of Mr. Barlow atated that there would be

presented a bill to the Legislature legalizing the contract for cleaning the streets, just made by the Mayor. He offered the present resolution in order to prove to the Legislature that the Councils of the city desired the passage of the act proposed.

The resolution was adopted without dissent.

Mr. Kamerly offered a resolution requesting the Chief Commissioner of Highways to inform Select Council why the work upon Penrose Ferry Bridge has not been commenced, and whether the lumber, etc., the property of the city, now stored on the west side of the bridge, are to be used in its construction, and if so, by what

Mr. Kamerly explained that the bridge cost \$50,000. To repair it in 1864 cost \$14,-000. The bridge was swept away by a flood. To recover a single span of it cost the city \$700. The bridge had been a very expensive affair, and yet it was a great necessity. Its reconstruction was much to be desired. Mr. Hodgdon said that the state of the weather had been such as to put a bar upon outdoor labor. As soon as this could be prosecuted to advantage the work would be begun.

After some more discussion the resolution

was adopted. Adjourned.
COMMON BRANCH. Mr. Fox presented the resolution relative to the street cleaning contract that was

offered in the Select Chamber.

The resolution was under discussion when the Chamber was notified of the passage of the same in Select Council. Common Council then concurred unanimously.

Mr. Ray presented a communication from the Washington Grays asking for the use of the public armory at Broad and Race. Re ferred to the Committee on Defence and

Mr. Marcer, Chairman of Committee of Mr. Mareer, Chairman of Committee of Conference upon the bill making an appro-priation for the expenses of the Fire Depart-ment for the year 1866, reported, recom-mending that Select Council recede from all the amendments made to the bill except as to items 8 and 9 (rural companies), and that the appropriation to those companies be made \$225 each. The bill as passed Common Council originally appropriated \$112,875. As amended in Select Council it makes \$116,400, or a difference of \$3,525 between the Chambers. The committee are willing to add \$275 to the bill, which will make the total appro-priation \$113,150, being a reduction on the bill as it came from Select Council of \$3,250 The report was agreed to.

The annexed has just been issued:
HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON,
March 30, 1866.—General Orders, No. 19. The Lieutenant General, with deep regret, announces to the army the decease, at Garrison Station, opposite West Point, N.Y., on the 6th inst., of Major Theodore S. Bowers, of the Adjutant General's Department, and brevet colonel U.S.A., at the age of thirty-

four. Colonel Bowers began his military career as a private in Company G, 48th regiment Illinois Infantry Volunteers, October, 1861. He was commissioned first lieutenant of hi Company March 24, 1862, was made Aide-de-camp to General Grant, April 26, 1862, and was appointed captain and Aide-decamp November 1, 1862. February 19, 1863, Captain Bowers was appointed judge advocate for the department of the Tennessee, with the rank of Major, After the surren-der of Vicksburg, Major Bowers was as-signed in orders Assistant Adjutant General with the rank Lieutenant Colonel. July 29, 1864, Colonel Bowers was made Captain and Assistant Quartermaster in the regular army, and was appointed January 6, 1865, to the Adjutant General's Department with the rank of Major. He was breveted Lieutenant Colonel and Colonel, U. S. Army, "for gallant and meritorious services during the war," March 13, 1865. His duties were continuously in the field with the Lieutenant General until the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox Court House, and from that time forward at hi headquarters at Washington, D. C.

The army generally has to mourn the loss of a brother officer whose virtues as a man and whose soldierly qualities are worthy of

emulation.
The officers of the Adjutant General's Department will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days. By command of Lieutenant General Grant.

E. D. Townsend, Assistant Adjutant General.

MAGNESIA CRUCIBLES.—Connected with the Museum of Artillery in Paris is a very fine laboratory for the trial of the various metals proposed to be used by guns and cannon. This is presided over by Captain Caron, an exceedingly ingenious and capable men who is ble man, who is not content with examining merely what is sent to him by the Govern ment, but is himself constantly engaged upon original researches into the properties of the metals and the best methods for fusing them. We are indebted to him for our knowledge of several of the rare metals, and for economical ways in which to pre-

pare them. Captain Caron has recently been investigating the origin of the bubbles which form in caststeel just as it is setting, and greatly deteriorates its value. He has propounded the theory that the carbon of the steel and the silicate of iron from the silic the silicate of iron, from the silica of the crucible react upon each other to produce the gas which occasions the bubbles. The

silicate of iron in a state of fusion, by contact with the carbon of the steel, gives rise to carbonic acid gas. In order to prevent this reaction it will be necessary to make use of crucibles which contain no silica, and which will endure a high heat. St. Clair Deville has employed crucibles of magnesia for melting some of the metals, and it is thought that they can be made suitable for the fusion of steel. Captain Caron advises all melters and refiners to try lime or magall melters and remers to try nine or mag-nesia crucibles as a substitute for those containing silica. All the difficulties en-countered in the preparation of the crucibles are not yet overcome, but the question appears to be approaching its final solution.

A Young lady of Augusta, N. Y., aged 16 years, committed suicide the other day, because she had "lived as long as she And whereas, the policy of the Govern- wanted to."

Statement of the Public Debt of the United States on the lat of April, 1866. DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST. Five per cent. Bonds, \$198,241,100 00 Six per cent. Bonds of 1867 18,333,591 80

283,715,650 00 679,956,000 00 Six per cent, 5-20 Bonds, \$1,180,236,341 80 DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.

\$4,634,000 00 121,751,970 36 Six per cent. Bonds, -Temporary Loan, Certificates of Indebtedness, 62,258,000 00 One and two-year 5 per cent. Notes, Three-year Compound Inte-8,536,900 00 172,012,141 00 rest Notes, -Three-year 7-30 Notes, -817,014,000 00

\$1,186,207,011 33 Matured Debt not present-\$930,679 64 ed for payment,

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST. \$422,749,252 00 28,005,452 02 9,665,160 00

\$460,419,864 02 Total debt. - - -\$2,827,793,896 82 Amount in Treasury, coin, **\$62,069,700** 8 Am't in Treasury, currency, 60,077,680 01

\$122,147,380 81 Amount of debt, less cash in Treasury, - \$2,705,646,516 01

The foregoing is a correct statement of the public debt, as appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the department, on the left of April 1866 the 1st of April, 1866.
HUGH McCulloch,

Secretary of the Treasury.

DEATH OF AN OLD GLASS MANUFAC-TURER.—The Pittsburgh Dispatch gives the following notice of the late Thomas Bakefollowing notice of the late Thomas Bakewell, who died on Friday last: Mr. Bakewell was intimately connected with the business interests of Pittsburgh for more than half a century, and stood deservedly high in the estimation of all who enjoyed the pleasure of his acquaintance. He was born in London, England, in May 1792, emigrated to this country at an early age with his parents, and in 1808 settled in Pittsburgh. The Flint Glass Works, the first of the kind west of the Allegheny mountains, were established by him in conmountains, were established by him in con-junction with his father. Mr. Bakewell at the time of his death was President of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and the Pittsburgh Gas Company, and a member of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Pittsburgh, the Monongahela Bridge Company, and other corporations. During the war he was President of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Commission, and his ability, zeal and benevolence contributed largely to the success of that noble institution. His last illness was only of short duration, com-mencing last Sabbath.

REORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY.—The House Military Committee have instructed Gen. Schenck to report to the House to-morrow the bill for the reorganization of the army. It does not change the number of the army from what Mr. Wilson's Senate bill provided for. It authorizes the veteran reserves to be consolidated and continued in ten regiments, and all officers hereafter ap-pointed to that Division are to be wounded volunteers. It omits the two regiments o colored cavalry, and reduces the colored in-foniry regiments from 10 to 8. It favors officers of the line, and in the field, and does not, as present laws do, favor officers on detail at Washington and elsewhere with increased pay and perquisites.—Tribune Washington Cor.

Washington Cor.

A Town in South Carolina Destroyed by Fire. —We regret to learn that the town of Darlington, South Carolina, was almost totally destroyed by fire on Sunday last. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, and was discovered about half-past three o'clock A. M. All efforts to check the fury of the fiames proved unavailing, and in a short time eighteen stores and dwellings were burned to the ground, with almost their entire contents. The loss was immense, as many of the merchants had just received heavy stocks of spring goods.—

Exchange.

Singular Fatality.—A heart-rending accident occurred at Johnstown, Pa., on Thursday last, which resulted in the instant death of Mrs. Hamilton, a widow lady residing at Conemaugh Station. She had been in town to market that morning, and had started to walk home on the railroad, but when just opposite the Mechanical Works, she was caught by the eleven o'clock express train West, knocked down upon the

when just opposite the Mechanical Works, she was caught by the eleven o'clock ex-press train West, knocked down upon the track, and the whole train passed over her.
A few years ago the husband of the deceased was killed near the same place by a rallroad accident.

THE Rocky Mountain. (Col.) News thus relieves itself of the indignation caused by the rejection in Congress of the Colorado State bill: Forsaken and cast off by the Government that, should foster and protect us—our best and purest-minded citizens branded as murderers, left to the tender mercies of those who know and care for no interest save that of self, it is indeed a piti-able case as it now presents itself. But we will not despair. Like the fabled Phœnix, Colorado shall yet rise from the ashes in which these enemies have placed her."

DEATH OF A JOURNALIST.-We announce DEATH OF A JOURNALIST.—We announce the death of William A. Lare, Esq., which occurred last evening. Mr. Lare was a native of Philadelphia, and came to this city nearly eighteen years since. He was well known as the business manager of the Daily Despatch, a position which he held until about one year since. Latterly he was connected with the Post as city editor, and continued in that capacity until he was attacked with the dropsy.—Pittsburgh Chronicle, Saturday.

A REMORSEFUL FELINE.—The Goldsboro' (N. C.) News is responsible for the following yarn. It says—There is a cat in the town of Goldsboro' now engaged in the responsible duty of rearing nine members of a family—four kittens and five young rats. She is equally tender of the latter, as of the former. She killed the mother rat, and immediately assumed the task of rearing the

The ship-carpenters, painters, plasterers and builders of St. Louis, Mo., are on a strike, and all the Trades' Unions are preparing for further strikes. The difficulty seems to be that the bosses want to employ apprentices and men not belonging to the society. An effort is to be made to carry the question into the local elections next week.

HAIR RESTORATIVES. EUREKA. THE

INFALLIBLE HAIR RESTORATIVE!! This is no Hair Dye.

REASONS WHY THE EURERA SHOULD BE USED. It will cleanse the scalp, and thereby promote the growth of the hair.

If the hair is dry, stiff and lifeless, it will give it a softness and lively youthful appearance.

If the hair is becoming thin, weak and falling off, it will restore its strength and beauty.

If the hair is gray, or becoming so, it will restore it to its original color without staining scalp or head.

It is free from all impurities or poisonous drugs.

It is no hair dye, but an infallible restorative, and will do all that is promised, when used by the directions SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY ROBERT FISHER, Sole Agent,

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RISLEY'S CONTINENTAL NEWS EXCHANGE CHOICE SEATS To all places of amusement may be had up to 6% o'clock any evening.

O'clock any evening. mh2s-tf

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SI CHESTNUT. street, opposite the Post Office, for
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A MERICAN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

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Engagement of the far-famed

RAVELS,

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in three years, in a variety of sparkling entertainments, embodying in happy profusion all those elements of

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ments of GRACE, DEXTERITY and

which have given to these brilliant Arists

MR. WHEATLEY is gratified in again presenting to the Philadelphia Public these old-time favorites, whose genius has maintained through all the changes of their marvelous career, both in this country and in France, pre-eminent and glorious renown as the most versatile accomplished and graceful exponents of the charms of the Pantomime known to any stage.

The Bavels retain, in a really wonderful degree of freshness, the singular power to attract and to divert which has ever distinguished them, and Mr. Wheatley trusts that the engagement which he has now great pleasure in announcing, may renew in effect the happiest triumphs associated with their fame.

The peculiar attractions of the Rayel's repertoire—comprising several entirely new to the public of Philadelphia—will be produced in a style of elegance and completeness which Mr. Wheatley will endeavor to render worthy of his own reputation and of their Turnsyla April 2d.

The peculiar attractions of the Rayel's repertoire—comprising several entirely new to the public of Philadelphia—will be produced in a style of elegance and completeness which Mr. Wheatley will endeavor to render worthy of his own reputation and of their Turnsyla April 2d. COURAGE

to render worthy of his own reputation and high renown.
THESDAY EVENING, April 2d, GABRIEL RAVEL. GABRIEL RAVEL.

ANTOINE RAVEL.

YOUNG AMERICA.

AND A TROUPE OF ARTISTS NUMBERING
FORTY PERSONS.

MARTINETIT FAMILY SUX IN NUMBER.)
SIGNORITA PEPITA, Premiere Danseuse, from the
Omera at Parls. Opera at Paris. M. VON HAMME first male dancer, and ballet master ı Hamburg. Vandris, Marzetti, Desiree, Julia Lehman Vandris Garcia, Schmidt, Axtel C. Lehman

SIMON, the Footman. GABRIEL RAVEL Longtude. Gabriel Royal Longtude. Gabriel Royal Mons. Schmidt Jean. Julian Martineth Pierre. Paul Martineth Pierre. Paul Martineth Julia. Madame Marzetti Amanda. M'lle Desiree During the Piece, Grand ILLUSORY MIROR DANCE, and an Originai Allemande, by Madame Marzetti, M'lle Desiree and Mons. Schmidt. The piece concludes with the inglorious and unexpected death of Simon. After which, the Grand Bauet. arranged by Mons. Von Hamme, entitled the BUTTERFLY. Danced by Signorius PEPITA, Madame MARZETTI. M'lle DESIREE and Mons VON HAMME, who will execute the wonderful Terpsichorean Movement of Three Complete Evolutions in the Air, performed by no other artiste. To conclude with the Great Fairy Pantomime, entitled the

ville, of Paris.

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75 cent NEW CHESTNUT STREET THEATRE, CHESTNUT Street, above TWELFTH.

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GRAND EXTRA ATTRACTION FOR EASTER
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THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, April 2, 1866,
Second night of a Drama, in four acts,
FROM CHARLES READE'S GREAT WORK, EN-

NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND. NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND,

Which, having had a successful
RUN OF 250 NIGHTS
in I ordon, is still in the full tide
OF ITS SUCCESSFUL CAREER,
Miss Josle Orton, Mr. F. Mordannt. Mr W. Lennox,
Mr. B. Young, Mr. J. Ward, Mr. F. Foster, and nearly
every men ber of the company in the cast.
To conclude with a

CAMILLE Mrs. D. P. BOWERS
Almand Duval Mr. J. C. McCOLLUM
To conclude with the Farce of
BETSY BAKER.
Chairs secured three days in advance.

Admission. 25 cents—Children, 15 cents. Reserved Seats, 80 cents.

Clermania Orchestra.—Public Rehearsals overy Saturday afternoon at the Musical Function at the Audical Function and the Audical Function of the Function of the Audical Function of the Audica Function of the Audica Function of the Audica Function of the Audica Function of the

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1866. SPRING. 1866. **OPENING**

On Tuesday, March 20, Mrs. E. Keyser's Children's Clothing Emporium, No. 1227 CHESTNUT ST., Below Thirteenth, North Side, mhistif PHILADELPHIA. ME-SINA ORANGES.—1,000 boxes Sweet Messiaa
Oranges, in prime order, landing and for sale by
J.B. BUSSIER & CO.. 108 S. Delaware Avenue,

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I, George J. Hamilton, Cashier of the National Exchange Bark of Philadelphia do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. edge and belief.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this Second day of April, A.D. 1866.

W. S. TOLAND, Alderman. FOR SALE—A copper STILL, for Alcohol; n 100m plete order. Apply to 10HN O. BAKER & CO... TIS Market street.

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LINEN TRAVELING DEESSES, entirely new design
NEW PRINTED LINENS, landing from Steamer GOLDEN FLAX IRISH SHIRTING LINENS, ALL the Numbers. These Linens are of extra weight-POWER LOOM TABLE LINENS-From 871/2 per yard.
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CHOICE SHADE SPRING KID GLOVES, 600 Yards BLACK GROUND IRON BAREGES. 6,000 Yards HOYLE'S WARRANTED ENGLISH PRINTS. 3,000 Yards NEAT PLAID MOHAIRS, Bargains. ELEGANT LLAMA POINTE SHAWLS, at reduced HANDSOME VALENCIENNE TRIMMED HDKFS

(Real), at Reduced Prices. IMITATION DO. A JOB LOT NEW LACE COLLARS. THE GABRIELLE HOOP SKIRT. THE GABRIELLE HOOP SKIRT.

An entirely new adjustment, especially adapted for gored dresses, to be had only at

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No. 43 North EIGHTH Street 1024 CHESTNUT STREET. 조1866. Spring In portation. 1866. 글

E. M. NEEDLES

Has Just opened. ,000 PIECES WHITE GOODS, 1,000 PIECES WHITE GOODS, Z. In PLAIN, FANCY, STRIPED, PLAID and T. Figured Jaconets, Cambrics, Nainsook, Dimi- of ties, Swiss, Mull and other Muslins, comprising a most complete stock, to which the atten-Z. Figured Jaconets, Cambrics, Nainsook, Dimi-ties, Swiss, Mull and other Muslins, compris-ing a most complete stock, to which the atten-tion of purchasers is solicited as they are of-fered at a large REDUCTION from last SEA.

Tho pieces SHIRRED MUSLINS for Bodies.

Q 100 pieces PIQUES in all varieties of style and price from 90c to \$1.50.

S00 PARIS GOFFERED SKIRTS, newest Styles, of my own importation. 1024 OHESTNUT STREET.

L ADIES' LIGHT CLOTH SAQUES.

IN ALL THE POPULAR STYLES OF CHOICE:
MATERIAL, AND MADE UP IN THE BEST MANNER. BLACK SILKS COATS,
BLACK SILK SAQUES,
BLACK SILK CIRCULARS, &c., &c.

CURWEN STODDART & BROTHER, 450, 452 and 454 NORTH SECOND STREET, ABOVE WILLOW. CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES FOR LADIES' SAQUES. CLOAKS AND COATS, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. CURWEN STODDART & BROTHER,

[450, 452 and 454 NORTH SECOND STREET, ABOVE WILLOW, FANCY CASSIMERES. MIXED CASSIMERES,
LATEST STYLE CASSIMERES,
GOODS FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR, AT REDUCED PRICES. CUEWEN STODDART & BROTHER,

45°, '52 and 454 NORTH SECOND STREET,
31-31? ABOVE WILLOW.

ASS, '52 and 454 NORTH SECOND STREET, mb31-31?

ABOVE WILLOW.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND COATINGS.—James of the company of the stention of their friends and others to their large and well assorted Spring Stock, comprising, in part, WATIN G GOODS,

Super, Black French Cloth.

Colored Cloths, of all kinds,
Black Tricot Coatings,
Fancy French Coatings,
Tweeds, of every shade and quality,
PANTALOON STUFFS.

Black French Doeskins, the finest texture,
Black French Doeskins, the finest texture,
New styles of Fancy Cassimeres,
Plain and neat styles Cassimeres,
Nik Mixed and Plaid Cassimeres.

Silk Mixed and Plaid Cassimeres.
Cords, Beaverteens and Velveteens.
Cassimeres for Saits, all styles.
Also, a large assortment of Goods expressly adapted to Boys Wear, for sale cheap. JAMES & LEE,
No. 11 North Second St., sign of the Golden Lamb.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND AROH, have
STAPLE HOUSEHOLD GOODS,
And are now fully prepared to supply families with GOOD MUSLINS, By THE PIECE,
GOOD MUSLINS, BY THE PIECE,
GOOD TABLE LINENS,
GOOD SHIRTING LINENS,
GOOD SHIRTING LINENS,
GOOD BED TICKINGS,
GOOD HARSEILLES QUILTS,
PINK MARSEILLES QUILTS,
PINK MARSEILLES QUILTS,
FINEST AND LARGEST WHITE DO'
IRISH BIRD EYE AND SCOTCH TOWELINGS,
SPRING STYLE CHINTZES, PERCALES, &c.

White Goods, less than cost.

WHITE GOODS, FROM AUCTION.
White Goods, less than cost:
White Goods, at old prices.
Plain and Plaid Nainsooks, in variety.
Striped and Plaid Nainsooks, beautiful quality.
Jaconets and Cambrics, at prices,
Mulls, Plain and Dotted Swiss Muslins.
Shirred Muslins for Bodies.
Worth the attention of the Ladies, at
STUKES & WOOD'S, 702 Arch street.

ETUKES & WOOD'S, 762 Arch street.

EDWIN HALL & CO., 28 South Second street, have now open their Spring stock of Shawls.
Open Centre Broche Shawls.
Open Centre Square Shawls.
Filled Centre Square I hawls.
New Styles of Shawls.
Spun Silk Shawls.
Llama Wool Shawls.
Cashmere Wool Shawls.
Cashmere Wool Shawls.
Long and Square Black Thibet Shawls, in great variety, wholesale and retail.

PDWIN HALL & CO., 28 South Second street, are DWIN HALL & CO., 25 South Second Street, are opening daily new goods.
Check Siks, Colored Grounds.
Check Siks, White Grounds.
Rich Moire Antiques.
Rich Moire Antiques.
Floulard Silks, rich styles.
Silk and Linen Poplins.
Black Silks, of all kinds, for Cloaks.
SILKS AT REDUCED PRIORS.

COPPER AND TELLOW METAL SHEATHING OBTAINT & CODDET. Nalls, Bolts and Ingo Copper. to constantly on and and for sale by HENRY WINSOR & CO...EZ South Wharver.

SPANISH OLIVES.—100 Kess fresh Spanish Olives S just received and for sale by J. B. BUSSIER & CO., 108 S. Delaware Avenue.