Daily Evening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

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PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, MARCH 6, 1866.

DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS.

EVENING BULLETIN. PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

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GIBSON PEACOCK, | CASPER SOUDER, Jr. S. L. FETHERSTON, | ERNEST C. WALLACE, THOMAS J. WILLIAMSON. The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city at 8 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8 00 per

DIED. BAKER—On the 5th instant, Paul K. Baker, in the 24th year of his age.

His remains will be taken from the residence of his aunt, 702 Noble street, on Thursday morning, at eight e'clock, for interment at Woodstown, N. J. Services at the Presbyterian Church, Woodstown, N. J., at 12 o'clock. His relatives and friends are invited to attend. O'clock. His relatives and riends are invited to attend.

GODWIN—Departed this life, March 5th, at Milford Del. Rev. Daniel Godwin, in his 52d year.

GRANT—This morning, 6th instant, Judith R., wife of Samuel Grant, in the 75th year of her age.

GRICE—On the 3d instant, at his residence. No. 123 Clinton street, Brooklyn N. Y., Joseph Grice.

His relatives and friends are affectionately invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, on Wednesday next, 7th instant, at 30 clock, P. M.

JAYNE—On Monday, the 5th instant, of typhoid pneumonia, David Jayne, M. D., in the 67th year of his age. His relatives and friends, the friends of the family and his Masonic Brethren, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No 222 South Third street, on Saturday morning next, the 10th instant, at 10 o'clock, without further notice. To proceed to Woodlands Cemetery

LAW—On the 5th instant. Henry M. Law, after a

eed to Woodlands Cemetery
W-On the 5th instant Henry M. Law. after a
tillnesss, of pneumonia, in the 60th year of his age. The relatives and friends of the family, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 1875 Ridge avenue, on Thursday afternoon, the 8th Instant, at one o'clock, {P. M. To proceed to Menument Cemetery.
SHREVE—On the morning of the 5th instant, Mary Augusta, daughter of Benjamin B. and Mary shreve, Augusta, uniqueet of agents, and friends of the family are respect.

The relatives and friends of the family are respect. fully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents. Mill street, Mount Holly, N. J., on Thursday, 8th instant, at 12 o'clock, without further TUCKER—On the 31 instant, Beulah, wife of John Tucker.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her husband, at Bridgeport Pa., on Fourth day (Wednesday), at 8 A. M., Funeral to proceed to New-Lown, Bucks county.

EYRE & LANDELL' FOURTH AND ARCH, AR
OPENING TO DAY FOR
SPRING SALES,
FASHIONABLE NEW SILKS.
NOVELITIES IN DRESS GOODS,
NEW STYLKS SPRING SHAWLS.
NEW TRAVELING DRESS GOODS,
FINE STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

AFTERNOON PRAYER MEETING, TO merrow, Wednesday, at 4 o'clock, in the Sixth Presbyterian Church, Rev. F. R. Harbaugh's, Spruce street below Sixth. BETTER DELOW SIXED.

HORTICULTURAL HALL, S. W. corner

BROAD and WALNUT streets. Essay THIS

EVENING, on "Ornamental Planting of Grounds."

Also, the report of the Committee on New Hall will be presented for adoption.

presented for adoption.

GERMAN-SUPPLEMENTARY.—PROF. C.

C. SCHAEFFER will open a new course on
FRIDAY, March 9th, at the University, NINTH
street above Chestnut, at 7½ P. M. Admission as
above; to introductory, free.

THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSU
BRANCE COMPANY, March 5th, 1866.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of
SEVEN DOLLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share
on the stock of the Company for the last six months
which will be paid to the stockholders or their legal
representatives after the 15th inst.

mh6-16?

WM. G. CROWELL, See'ry.

mh6-163 WM. G. CROWELL, Sec'ry.

TAKE NOTICE: TAKE NOTICE!!

TO CONCERT HALL, FRIDAY EVENING, March
5th, Rev. T. DEWITT TALLMAGE, at the request of
many citizens, will deliver his popular and amusing
Lecture, entitled "GRUMBLER & CO," for benevolent purposes. Admission, 25 cents; Reserved Seats, St
eents. Tickets at T. B. Pugh's Book Store, Sixth and
citiestnut streets. Chestnut streets mh2-5trp} CONCERT HALL.

Professor Wm. H. Day will deliver the FIFTH LEC-TURE, of the course before the Social, Civil and Sta-tistical Association, THURSDAY EVENING, March 8, at Concert Hall, Subject: THE BLACK SWAN will sing a few select airs. TICKETS, 35 cents, to be had of T. B. Pugh, Sixth SudChestnut streets, and at the door. Doors open at 7. Begin at 8. mb3-strp!

NORTH AMERICAN MINING COMPANY. Office, No. 327 WALNUT Street, (Second floor.) 100,000 SHARES, CAPITAL STOCK.

This Company owns in fee simple several valuable Silver Mines in Nevada.

50,000 SHARES FOR WORLD liver Mines in Nevada.
50,000 SHARES FOR WORKING CAPITAL.
25,000 TO BE SOLD IN 25 LOTS AT \$5,000 EACH.
Subscriptions received at the office until March 14th.
BY ORDER OF 'HED DIRECTORS.
422-18trp T. S. EMERY, Treasurer.

T.S. EMERY, Treasurer.

PHILALETHEAN LITERARY ASSOCIAhe'd March 2d, 1856, the following was adopted, but
elight members voing in the negative.

Whereas, At a Stated Meeting of the Association,
held December 15th, 1885, a resolution was passed instructing its delegates to the Literary Union to vote in
opposition to the admission of any colored delegation
to add Union,
And Whereas, The passing of said resolution was
highly impolitic and in opposition to every principle
of right and justice. Therefore, be it
Resoluted, That we hereby revoke and annul said
resolution, and furthermore, withdraw our delegates
from the Literary Union.

resolution, and furthermore, when the literary Union. ?
GEORGE E. JENKINS, Secry. 11. 6
OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA,

P NAVIGATION COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, ember 21st, 1855.

IN SUMS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, he Loan of this Company, due April 1st, 1884, intepayable quarterly, at the rate of six per cent. per lim.

nnnum.

'This Loan is secured by a mortgage on all the Company's Coal Lands, Canals, and Slackwater Navigation
in the Lehigh river, and all their Railroads, constructed
and to be constructed, between Mauch Chunk and
Wilkesbarre, and branch roads connected therewith,
and the franchise of the Company relating thereto. NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

GREEN LAND STATION.

The undersigned have on hand a supply of LEHIGH COAL, equal to any in the market, which they prepare with great care and deliver to the residents of GERMANTOWN and its vicinity at the BROKEN OR FURNACE COAL,....... \$9 00 per Ton.

SMALL STOVE OR CITY NUT...... 9 00 INUT OR CHESNUT... A deduction of FIFTY CENTS PER TON will be A deduction of FIFTY CENTS FER 10A will be made when taken from the yard.
Adhering strictly to ONE PRICE, an order by letter will have the same effect as a visit in person and will be promptly attended to,
Address to the Office,
FRANKLIN INSTITUTE BUILDING,

15 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET,
Or to the Yard.

Or to the Yard,
BINES & SHEAFF,
Green Lane and North Pennsylvania Railroad.
PHILAD A. Feb. 24, 1866.
1625-Imrel

UNION STATE CONVENTION. A Stated Convention will be held in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in Harrisburg, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1866 at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of nomimating a candidate for Governor, to be sup-

ported by the friends of the Union.

The ordeal of war has tried the strength of our Government. Its fire has purified the nation. The defence of the nation's life has demonstrated who were its friends. The principles vindicated in the field must be preserved in the councils of the nation. The arch-enemy of freedom must be struck once more. All the friends of our Government and all who were loyal to the cause of the Union in our late struggle are earnestly requested to unite in sending delegates to represent them in said Convention.

By order of the Union State Central Com-JOHN CESSNA, Chairman, GEO. W. HAMMERSLY, } Secretaries. A. W. BENEDICT,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Congregation of North Broad street Presbyterian Church, for the election of Trustees, and other business, will be held this Evening, in the Lecture Room, at 7% o'clock.

Rossini's "William Tell."

A vast assemblage filled every part of the Academy of Music, last evening, when William Tell was performed for the first time by the German Opera company, As a whole, the performance was the best of this operathat we have ever had here. The orchestra, led by Mr. Neuendorff, was excellent, and the glorious overture was heartily applauded. The cast of characters was good. Mr. Habelmann took the modest part of the fisherman, and sang the opening song deliciously. Mr. Himmer played "Arnold," a part written for an exceptional tenor voice, and he was obliged in several cases to transpose or resort to a falsetto. But he sang carefully, expressively and intelligently, and in the concerted pieces especially, his voice was effective. Mr. Steinecke played "Tell;" but, giving him full credit for his earnest efforts, we are constrained to say that his voice is not now equal to the music, and it is a matter for congratulation that this evening, when the opera is to be repeated, the part will be taken by Wilhelm Formes, who is said to possess a fine barytone voice.

The fine voice of Mr. Hermans showed to great advantage in the concerted pieces, though he had only an unimportant part. Mr. Weinlich was good as "Gessler," and Mr. Armand and the other gentlemen of the company did their parts well. Mlle. Naddiappeared to advantage as "Mathilda." The exquisite song, "Sombre forêt," was sung by her with great grace and tenderness, but there was a misunderstanding with the orchestra towards the close, in both verses, which ought to be corrected before this evening. Mile. Dziuba was admirable as Tell's son, and Mme. Picconazzi was good as his wife. A lovely trio for the three female voices, in the third act, which is usually omitted, was sung last evening with beautiful effect. The original opera, which is extremely long, always has to be 'cut;" but the Germans do not make the same cuts as the Italians, and their version, last evening, made so very good an impression, that it is fair to presume that it is the most judiciously arranged. With all the cuts, the opera was not over till near twelve o'clock.

As a musical study, and as a musical experience that will always be remembered with delight, William Tell is the grandest of operas. The overture itself, when played he first act, for tenor and barytone, the delicious one for soprano and tenor, the glorious trio for male voices, the magnificent concerted piece of the gathering of the Cantons—these and other numbers of the opera reach the highest degree in the heroic and romantic of music. It is nearly forty years since Tell was written. Rossini still lives, but he has attempted no opera since, apparently satisfied with it as the best he could do. All who are familiar with the works of Bellini, Donizetti, Verdi and Meyerbeer, written since William Tell, will see how each has striven to imitate the style. Meyerbeer has come nearest to it: but his great operas all show marks of severe study; they have none of the spontaneous inspiration of Tell. We must thank Mr. Grover for the opportunity of hearing this grand production, and thank his artists for their conscientious endeavors to perform

The Reynolds Monument. We have learned with a great deal of satisfaction, which will be shared by a large number of our citizens, that the contract has just been closed, on behalf of the Gettysburg Battle-field Memorial Association, for the purchase of about five acres (the eastern portion) of the grove in which Major General John F. Reynolds fell. The Board of Directors of the Association authorized the ourchase of the grove, and the tender to the Committee of the old 1st corps, of the spot on which the brave and lamented Reynolds fell, as the site for the erection of the historical column which it purposes to build to his memory. The offer has been communicated to the Committee acting on behalf of the corps, and there can be little doubt that the commendable purpose, common to the corps and the Battle-field Association, will soon be carried into effect by the erection, on this site, or a suitable monument to the nemory of General Reynolds. The subscription for this, made throughout his command, reaches a sum quite sufficient to make a lasting and creditable memorial of the General and of the love and affection of his soldiers. The citizens at large, and those especially who served in the militia under Reynolds, will have the opportunity of contributing to the fund for the purchase of this piece of ground. When the Battlefield Association shall make their appeal to Philadelphia for this aid, there can be little doubt that the result will justify their effort to secure the site of the Reynolds Monu-

DEATH OF DR. DAVID JAYNE .-- We yesterday announced the serious illness of Dr. Jayne, and have now to add that he died last evening. On Wednesday last he was apparently in good health, but a cold taken on that evening has hurried him into the grave with terrible suddenness. Dr. Jayne was a native of Monroecounty in this State, and was born July 22, 1799. His father was a Baptist clergyman, and during Dr. Jayne's youth he removed to Salem, N. J. Here Dr. Jayne learned a mechanical trade and also acted as salesman in a store. On becoming of age he studied medicine, and, as we stated yesterday, he came to this city and entered the drug business in 1836. Though not without trials and difficulties, his business career was unprecedentedly successful, and his reputation was world-

years before his death, though his pecuniary interest still remained so large as to be controlling. It now falls into the hands of his relatives and partners, who have mainly attended to its details since his retirement. Dr. Jayne's character stood very high, and his death is a public loss which will long be felt in Philadelphia.

MR. Scovel's Seeech, in another part of to-day's paper, will attract attention. We do not endorse it all, but, as an expression of opinion by a leading Republican of New Jersey, it is entitled to consideration:

RESUMPTION.-Messrs. James, Kent. Santee & Co. announce that they will resume business at their old stand, in North Taird street, on Monday next.

THE BRIDGE STREET FIRE.

Total Destruction of a Cotton Warehouse.

VERY HEAVY LOSS.

[From To-day's N. Y. Times.]

Brief mention was made in yesterday's Times of an extensive conflagration in Bridge street, but the lateness of the hour at which the fire occurred did not permit of any extended account. The fire originated the large storage warehouse of Edward C. Johnston & Co., at No. 4 Bridge street, and ran through the block to Pearl street, at No. 7. The first alarm was given a few minutes after midnight, and by 2 o'clock the entire edifice was wrapped in flames. a sudden crash, and with its weight hurled the lower floors to the ground, with their contents in a sheet of flame. Advantage was taken of this occurrence by the firemen, and in a few moments after they succeeded in throwing on the burning building several large streams from the heaviest engines, which gave them full control of the fire. Soon after the fall of the roof the side-walls fell in thus completing the destruction of the warehouse.

From this time the progress of the flames was held in check by the firemen, and during the whole of yesterday several streams of water were kept playing on the smouldering ruins, Great credit is due the Fire Department for their exertions in checking the flames and in saving the adjoining buildthe flames, and in saving the adjoining buildings from destruction.

When the fire was at its height the heat

was most intense. Chief Engineer Kings-land and Assistant Engineer Perley. directed the movements of the firemen. by a good band, is unsurpassed in variety, beauty and originality. The noble duo in the first act for tank and harvione the tachments from the First, Second, Fourthand Twenty-seventh Precincts of Police were present, under the general command of Captain Warlow, of the First Precinct, and perform good service in protecting pro-

The building destroyed was filled with a large number of bales of cotton and a great quantity of other valuable goods, the value of which is estimated at \$350,000. We present a complete list of the property de-stroyed, with the name of the respective

Thomas Eakin, 400 bales of cotton; Riggs & Co., 156 bales of cotton; Swepsen, Men-denhall & Co., 300 bales of cotton; Rivera, 'ardoza & Co., 190 bales of cotton; bees & Garrison, 42 bales of cotton; Sayer, Wallace & Co., 43 bales of cotton; D. R. Mullany & Co., 90 bales of cotton; Thomas H. Mayhew, 160 bales of cotton; C. Durand & Co., 50 bales of cotton; Charles Luling, 6 bales of cotton; A. J. Solis & Co., 33 bales of cotton; B. C. Baker & Co., 14 bales of cotton; "J. S. S," 26 bales of cotton; "M" and various others, 75 bales of cotton; Cotton; Beurimo & Co., 16 bales of cotton; O. K. King & Co., 17 bales of cotton; H. Lewis, 10 bales of cetton; J. H. Draper & Co., 19 bales of cetton; C. H. Howard, 10 bales of cetton; Price & Mann. 5 bales of cotton; O. J. Egger, casks camomile flowers; Otto Schlover, pipes of gin; E. B. Kellogg, 941 pipes of wine; E. B. Kellogg, 141 pipes of wine; James Dennis & Co., 191 pipes of brandy; Rivera, Cardoza & Co., 1 tierce of lard; Editors of Press of miston & Bro., 36 kegs of paint; Edmiston & Bro., 30 kegs of paint and bricks.

The loss sustained by the destration of he warehouse is estimated at \$30,00. Insured for \$20,000 in various eity companies. The contents are understood to be insured for \$250,000.

A man named James Courtney, who was formerly in the employ of Johnson & Co., was arrested yesterday by the First Precinct Police, on suspicion of having set the premises on fire. Some two months since Courtney, while partially intoxicated, let fall a case of goods, damaging it, and in consequence was discharged and paid off. Since then he has been importunate for the payment of an alleged balance, acting in an abusive manner. No other evidence appeared against the prisoner, who stated in meeting at Jones's Wood, during Sunday, nd denied the charge. He will probably be discharged. Another Fire.

About 5,30 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in the coffee and spice manu-

factory of Messrs. Packett & James. No. 103 Furmation of the building, with contents, It appears that the ashes of the furnace were placed in barrels on the first floor, and the placed in barrels on the first floor, and the fire originated therefrom. The building is owned by Mr. George Collins, residing at No. 86 Columbia street, immediately above the manufactory destroyed. The office of Messrs. Packett & James is at No. 123 Maiden lane, N. York. Their loss amounted to about \$18,000, covered by insurance. The loss on the building is \$3,500, insured for \$1,500. The insurances are as follows: On building, \$1,500 in the Lamar Company; on stock, \$1,500 in the Globe, \$1,500 in the Albany City, and \$3,000 in the Market; on machinery, \$2,000 in the Market.

A NEW CITY CONTEMPLATED,-The movement recently started on the other side of the Monongahela river to consolidate the adjacent boroughs of Birmingham. South Pittsburgh, Monongahela and Temperanceville into one municipal corporation, meets with very favorable success. The great majority of the residents are said to be in favor of it. In fact, it is stated that thus far there has been no opposition met with, as all are favorable to the erection of a new city to rival our own. The actual feeling of the people upon the subject will be made known at an election soon to be wide. He practically retired from the active held,—Pittsburgh Despatch.

management of the medicine business some | LATE FENIAN MOVEMENTS,

Meetings in New York, Brooklyn, &c.

Speeches by Colonel O'Mahony

and Others.

[From to-day's N. Y. World.]
The centres of all the circles in the Man-battan and other districts are now engaged in raising subscriptions for the Fenian treasury, in accordance with the instructions received from Colonel O'Mahony. Yesterday the presidents of the Father Matthew societies, Numbers 2 and 5, presented Mr. Killian with \$500 each, on behalf of their respective organizations. The presentation was accompanied with an address expression s accompanied with an address expressing the devotion of the members to the cause of Irish liberty, for the advancement of which

Last evening Mr. M. H. Perry, an attachs of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, headed a subscription list in behalf of the Fenian movement with \$10, and soon after, the porters, waiters, and other employes of the establishment, swelled the amount to \$300. When the downstips of the head subscribe. When the dorsestics of the hotel subscribe the sum will reach over \$500. Some of the chambermaids offered their salaries for the past month toward the movement. In addition to the above, about \$1,050 worth of the b. ds of the Irish Republic have been sold in the house. Other hotels are also raising subscriptions for the same purpose Some of the Fénian leaders are to make tours in the New England and Western States immediately, in order to appeal for aid to carry on "a vigorous prosecution of the war" against England: Efforts will be made to sell large numbers of the bonds in

the places they are to visit.

Fenianism in Brooklyn.

East evening the General Shields Circle of the Fenian Brotherhood of Brooklyn, met sympathy for the Irish Fenian prisoners. and aid the cause of Ireland's independenc by purchasing the bonds of the Irish Re-public. Among the prominent Fenians present were General F. B. Mullen, Secretary of Naval and Military Affairs; Senator

J. Meany, of Ohio. The meeting having been called to order by the Centre, Captain J. P. McHenry, Senator Meany briefly explained the obje of the call. His remarks elicited the wildest applause, and at his conclusion no less than \$500 were instantly invested in bonds. General B. F. Mullen was the next speaker His appearance was greeted with tremendous cheering. He boldly proclaimed the intentions and military condition of the Fenian army, and now only required the assurance of three morths' provisions for his men to secure the freedom of Ireland. Other speakers followed with stirring ap peals to the liberality of their brothers present to come forward and take the bonds, whose sale at the conclusion of the meeting amounted to upward of one thousand dol-lars. Revolvers and rifles were presented to the circle by those who were unable to pur rhase bonds.

Alderman O'Keefe presented an invitation to the Brooklyn Common Council a the meeting last evening, to attend the Fenian demonstration to be held on Wednesday evening in the City Hall Park, The

nvitation was accepted.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Fenian Brotherhood was held last evening under the auspices of the Richard O'Gorman Circle, in Tammany Hall. The hall was densely crowded with members of the ircle and their lady friends belonging to the Fenian Sisterhood, a branch circle of which was organized during the evening. The Centre of the Circle, Mr. Bryan McSwyny, presided at the meeting. O'Mahony, Mr. B. Doran Killian. Se J. Rogers, Rev. Dr. Shepard, and William Griffin, Treasurer of the Fenian Brotherood, were present on the platform. After he meeting had been called to order, the Chairman introduced to the meeting Col. John O'Mahony, who was received with tumultuous applause. Col. O'Mahony on being introduced made a few brief remarks concerning the Fenian organization, its trength, latent power and earnestness o the members of the Brotherhood. He said hat they did not want men, but money for the liberation of Ireland. He asked them to subscribe for the bonds, and that they would soon cease to trouble the members with their appeals for assistance. He said that while they wished the Brotherhood to take the bonds, the officers of the organization offered their lives and reputations as equivalents Col. O'Mahony then concluded amid loud applause, by urging his hearers to subscribe for the bonds of the Irish Republic.

A number of subscriptions were then handed in, the subscribers being greeted with loud applause as their names were called out. The Rev. Dr. Sheperd, a Protestant clergyman, was then introduced, and made an eloquent speech, in which he stated that the Irish race had nobly sustained the cause of liberty during the war of re-bellion, and that they deserved well of the American people. The ideas of freedom for which Irishmen were earnestly laboring now were more dear than life. [Cheers. The speaker advised his hearers not to allow themselves to be manipulated by the politi-Their cause was the cause of liberty cians. and of the age, and should triumph

Cheers.

Mr. B. Doran Killian was then introduced to the audience, who greeted him with enthusiastic cheering. Mr. Killian made an eloquent address, recommending that the bonds be subscribed for, which request was enthusiastically complied with, several persons coming forward and subscribing in various amounts; over \$200 worth having been subscribed for in a few minutes. At this juncture a drunken rowdy, who had strayed into the room while under the influence of liquor, rose and said that the meeting was all right, with the exception of the presence of a reporter of the New York World, who had done more to harm the cause of Fenianism than any man in Ame rica. After staggering about for a few minutes, this individual recovered his equili brium, and moved that the reporter of the World be ejected from the meeting. The utmost confusion prevailed, and the question was about to be put whether the repor er should be allowed to remain or not when Colonel O'Mahony arose, and in a dignified manner rebuked the interloper for his interference. The remarks of Col. O'Mahony were loudly cheered, and the rowdy was forced to keep quiet during the remainder

of the evening No sooner had this excitement subsided than a funny looking personage, with a swallow-tailed coat, adorned with buttons of English manufacture, kid gloves, and a faint attempt at a neck-tie, jumped on the rostrum, and after going through a series of frantic contortions and evolutions, commenced an attack on The World newspaper.

did not state whether he had paid for his ticket or not. He complained to the audience in an abject manner that the editor of The World would not puff his quack oratory by abusing him in the columns of that newspaper. After a most terrible speech in which he by turns frothed at the month and then again recovered his self-possession, he concluded his speech by a gymnastic bow to the andience, having furnished the audience with food for merriable delications. ment for half an hour. An able address was then delivered by Mr. James J. Rogers, a member of the Central Circle of the enian Brotherhood, and the meeting adjourned after listening to aseries of remarks from Mr. William Griffin, Treasurer of the Fenian Brotherhood.

The Rochester Fenians. ROCHESTER, March 5.—The Rochester Circle of the Fenian Brotherhood to-night endorsed General Sweeny, and sent him five hundred dollars. A large number of volunteers offer their services at a moment's

IMPORTANT NEWS FROM MEXICO.

Trouble on the West Coast---The French Troops Driven to their Vessels---Threats Against Americans--"The Empire is Peace."

[Correspondence of the New York World.] SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—A crisis in Mexican affairs on the Pacific Coast is imminent-so near, in fact, that the United States Government may be aroused from what is here boldly termed a shameful lethargy, to act at any moment in behalf of

the rights and lives of its own citizens.

The French troops in the northern and weste:n Mexican States have been driven ignominionaly to the coast, and are hemmed in a few port towns, whence they are liable to decemp on board their vessels of war for safety and in disgust. Mazatlan is besieged, its streets barricaded; the Liberals under Corona pressing close upon it in the rear. Fighting has occurred in which the Liberals, ided by Americans recently enlisted, have

The antipathy of the Erench and impsrial Mexicans to Americans is increasing. There are instances of American having een thrown causelessly into prison, and all are subjected to growing insults. Threats of the indiscriminate slaughter of Americans are boldly made by Mexican imperial authorities in certain towns. It is time, it is actually necessary, that war vessels be dispatched here by the United States Government at once, to prevent trouble and demand a decent respect for United States citizens and the American flag. It may even now be too late, but longer tarying will be a crime.

MAZATLAN, SINALOA, MEXICO, Jan. 14. I have only time tell you in a few lines ow badly this unfortunate country is still faring under the shifting rule of Imperials and Liberals. It is as I remarked be nothing permanent or good can be effected bere on either side, so long as the United States holds only to its present policy. That policy, if pursued, must weary the empire to death in time, of course, for it is such a moral justification and encourage ment to the Liberals as will insure their keeping up a desultory warfare and resistance to an indefinite period. The absolute dictum of the United States is only needed definitely establish either empire or republic within a year.

Yet, I suppose we all feel pretty certain, by this time, how the matter will end. The nited States, while it does not want the empire, does not want war; so Maximilian ho came here first on a "mission of bene volence," will eventually resign, acknow-ledging his mistake in supposing that the Mexican people desired to make so radical a change in their form of government, and give Louis Napoleon a very graceful and reasonable excuse for withdrawing his troops. God knows the latter potentate needs such an excuse, and must by this time, under present circumstances, desire it very much. His generals here are taking excellent care that none of their soldiers shall get hurt. They are quietly lying about in the large cities, leaving the coun try at large mostly to the Liberals. There has lately been an utter lack of enterprise and movement, an aspect of waiting for comething to turn up among the foreign battalions in Mexico, which is quite signifi-cant. The Liberals, who are weak in arms in numbers, in fighting qualities, and in generalship, have nevertheless plucked up considerable confidence of late, and still look toward the North with expectant eyes.

The condition of affairs in this immediate neighborhood is very deplorable. The French occupy Mazatlan, thereby retaining a port, but I believe the whole State of Sinaoa, outside, is in the possession of the Libe ral forces. Corona is in chief command. and hovers near the city with a force of one or two thousand men, among whom are several Americans, and other foreigners, recently enlisted. He has made some de monstrations outside the fortifications within the last fortnight, which have resulted in one or two unimportant scrim-The bitterest imaginable feeling exists between the two parties, particularly among the Mexicans themselves; and hang ing, when prisoners are taken, is not rar No merchandise or provisions are permitted to leave the city for the interior, and of course the interior trade is quite ruined. Heavy importers in the coast cities, who have recently received large cargoes from Europe, upon which they are obliged to pay enormous duties, suffer very heavily.

Robbery and Probable Murder.—Sing lar Case.

[From the New York Times, to-day. Mr. William Collins, who was found in oleeding and insensible condition in his watch and jewelry store, No. 98, Fourth street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Saturday evening last, still lies in a precarious condition at his residence, No. 168 Washington street, W. D. One of the Alexander of the street of the stree W. D. One of the gentlemen who found him in the condition stated, says that Mr. Collins exclaimed, while his position in his chair was being made easy. "What are you chair was being made easy, "What are you going to do with me? Won't some one protect me?" He was unable to say any more, and was removed to his residence. An examination of the store then showed that it had been robbed of over twenty watches. On Sunday Mr. Collinshad another lucid moment, when he stated that during Saturday afternoon a man called at his store to have a breastpin repaired. When it was done the stranger tendered a \$2 bill in payment, which Mr. Collins took out to get changed. its editor and staff. This funny personage He remembered getting the change and re-

said that he had just been at the opera, but | turning to his store, but all memory since then left him. Yesterday, while his wife was sitting by his bedside, he said, quite audibly, "Ma, them robbers, them scounaudibly, "Ma, them robbers, them soundrels!" He again relapsed into a state of mental torpor, and continued so at 7 o'clock... in the evening. Drs. Johnson and McMullen, who attended Mr. Collins, express the opinion that he received a blow on the head which affected his brain, and they have very little hopes of his recovery. His sight seems to have left him. This outrage was committed, if at all, in the afternoon, in one of the leading thoroughfares, while no one was aware of it who could give any as-sistance. Mr. Collins is nearly 69 years of

Three Young Girls Frozen to Death.

At Chain Lake Centre, Martin county, Minnesota, on the 13th of last month, seven children—four boys and three girls—between the ages of ten and seventeen, belonging to the families of Messrs, Laudaker and Prestler, started from a singing school with an ox team for home, some two miles distant en the prairie. A heavy snow storm had just set in. Before proceeding half a mile they lost their way, and after driving about for a portion of the night, the oxen stopped in a snow drift. Soon one of the girls froze to death. They remained in the drift and storm all the night and next day, although they were not a hundred rods distant from a house. The second night, the coldest of the season—thirty degrees below zero— overtook them. Two girls froze to death that night, and the boys were nearly rendered helpless. The rext morning two of the boys, the one next to the oldest two of the boys, the one next to the oldest and the youngest, ten years of age, undertook to start the team. The oldest boy begged of them not to halloo, as it would be of no use, for they must all perish there. "No," said one of the boys, "we shall yet be rescued," and he crawled to the front of the oxen, and, with his hands frozen stiff, wiped off the ice from their eyes so that they could see, and kicked their legs till they bled, and then, by desperate legs till they bled, and then, by desperate ballooing, the oxen put forth their strength and moved the sled from the driff. Going half a mile they came upon a swell on the prairie. The father saw them halting a mile off. At once he sew to their relief. The sled was brought to the door of the parents, containing the frozen bodies of the gir's, one of the little boys insensible, and the others badly frozen. The limbs of the two older boys were frozen apparently solid nearly to the knees, while the hands and arms of one of them were badly frozen. The limbs of one of the little boys were frozen above the knees. The other little boy is not frozen much, though he was more thinly clothed than the others. He had no mitters for his hands though he was a mittens for his hands, though he wore a blouse, the sleeves of which came over his hands:

Facts and Fazzres. We received the following Tellegrams from

the Academy of Music last night. The German opera has become a Yankee one, judging by the way they "du Teil." In the apple scene the boy made quite an arrow eacape. Of course the apple was en-

The auxious parent on being asked how the could bear to shoot at his son, declined to explain, referring for particular to explain, referring for particulars to his small Bill. small Bill.

The wife of Tell sports such an immerse waterfall that she is called Hedwig.

They tell of an enormous pigeon roost in Martin county, Indiana. It covers a territory of ten miles long and two miles wide, the trees being literally broken down by the weight of birds. When they take wing the roar is heard for miles. pigeon wing will sometimes bring down arge house with a roar-at Carneross and Dixey's. .

The London Athenaum has condescenced to say that "Mr. Saxe, as a writer of sparkling vers de societé, has for many years had a wide popularity in the United States, and ought to meet with a similar acceptance in England," which, on the whole, is very handsome of the Athenæum, and a regular Saxe-on compliment.

Mr. Paul Badford proposes to raise in London a voluntary benevolent fund for guards, engine-drivers and stokers on reilrays, men who daily risk life and limb in the public service. In this country a similar fund might be raised for the passengers who daily risk their lives on the railroads. The Richmond (Va). Sentinel is merged in the Richmond Enquirer, one of the rice richmond Enquirer, one of the proprietors of each paper going out. Mr. Nat Tyler, of the Enquirer, in a valedictory card, gives, as his reason for withdrawing the recent order to forward to Gen. Terry a copy of each number of his paper. We don't believe the General allows Nats to annoy him much.

The Toronto Leader tells of an oil well at Oil Springs that discharges fourteen barrels of oil every eleven minutes. That well

ROBBERY AND MURDER.-At Eckington. near Washington, D. C., a white man and two negroes robbed the house of J. W. Cord. keeping Mr. Cord a prisoner while the complished the crime. Mr. Henry. Baise and Mr. J. Oxley attempted to drive off the robbers, when Mr. Baise was shot dead by one of the negroes. The scoundrels them escaped. An inquest was held. The jury went to the room of the deceased, in the rear of the Gales House, where there was: found the effects of the deceased, and some money, of considerable value. His papers were examined, and among others were strong recommendations from various parties, including one from Dr. Pancoast, lately in charge of Finley Hospital, where the deceased for a long time was commissary, and subsequently steward. His honorable discharge from the 12th Pennsylvania Reserves, giving his age as twenty-four years. and his residence Lancaster, Pa., was also found.

The deceased was of French parentage, and served in some capacity in the Crimean war. He hailed from Lancaster, Pa., where it is believed he has a brother, and entered the service in the 12th Pennsylvania Reserves. He was wounded in the hand at the second battle of Bull Run, and sent to Trinity Hospital in this city, from which, at its discontinuance, he was sent to Finley Hospital on Eckington Farm, where he acted as Commissary until a short time before that hospital was discontinued, when ne was made a steward. Since his discharge he has been boarding with Mr. Oxley, at Eckington, in whose family, as well as that of Dr. Edwards, he was highly esteemed, and his death caused among all who knew him much sorrow. As yet there is no clue to the murderers.—Washington Star.

POLYGAMY is not very fruitful of revenue whatever it may be in other respects. Utah, one hundred thousand inhabitants, only pays thirty-seven thousand dollars into the United States Treasury this year, whilst Colorado, with thirty thousand inhabitants, contributes four hundred thousand dollars.