addition to the several acts, to establish and amend the judicial system of the United States, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee. It provides for ten Circuit Judges, as at present, the amount of salary left in blank, who shall take the following oath—"I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will administer justice without respect to persons, and do equal justice to all, and will in all things faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent upon me as Circuit Judge, according to the best of my abilities and understanding of the Constitution and laws of

The second section provides that the Circuit Court shall consist of and be holden by the Chief Justice or an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, with the Circuit Judge, or, in his absence, with the District Judge, and in the absence of the Chief Justice or Associate, the Court shall consist of the Circuit and District Judge, or either of the latter, in the necessary absence of the

other, may sit alone. Section third authorizes an appeal in cases involving fifty dollars from the final judg-ment and decrees of a District Court to the Circuit Court, or without regard to the amount in controversy where the question

involved is one of general importance.

The fourth section allows an appeal to be taken from the Circuit to the Supreme Court in cases involving two thousand dollars, whether suits of equity brought into Court by original process, or actions of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, or cases appealed from other Courts; but in specials cases, for due cause shown to the Chief or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, an appeal may be allowed without regard to the amount in controversy. Exceptions are made in cases under acts relative to inven-

tors or for the collection of import duties. The fifth section provides that present laws shall remain in full force, except as hereinbefore stated, as far as relates to circuit or district courts, their judges, powers, processes, proceedings, clerks, time and places of holding, certificates of division for a process of the control of the court of the cou

sion of opinion, &c.
Mr. Doolittle presented the credentials of John Pool, Senator elect from North Carolina. In doing so Mr. Doolittle stated that he owed it to the Senate as well as to him-self, to state that Mr. Pool was, and always had been, a devoted friend of the Union, and that he was the Union candidate for Go vernor of the State in 1860, before there wa any immediate danger of secession. He canvassed the State and opposed secessio by every means in his power to the very last, and after the ordinance of secessic had passed he retired to private life and refused to take any part in political affairs until the peace movement commenced in North Carolina, in which he took an active part, and did all in his power to embarass the rebel authorities. The credentials were ordered to lie upon the table.

Mr. Cowan presented a petition asking for the repeal of the Homestead law, that the proceeds of the sales of the public lands may be applied to the payment of the public debt. Referred to the Committee on

Finance.

Mr. Howe presented the petition of citizens of Wisconsin, asking that Congress spend no more time in discussing the question as to whether the Southern State in or out of the Union, but that they proceed to legislate so as to prevent the shed-ding of innocent blood in the South, and to pretect loyal men there, black and white. -Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction

Mr. Stewart, (Nevada) offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Judiciary Committee in inquire what legislation, if any, is necessary to protect citizens of the United States in the Territory of

Utah in their civil rights.

Mr. Lane (Kansas) moved that the Senators elect from Colorado be admitted to seats upon the floor of the Senate. Adopted.
Mr. Wilson (Mass.) introduced a bill to

repeal the act authorizing the settlement of claims against the United States for property used or destroyed by the army or navy in the lately rebellious States, which was re-ferred to the Committee on Military Affairs, On motion of Mr. Nye (Nevada) a bill for the relief of J. B. Rittenhouse, fleet pay master of the Pacific squadron, to indem-

nify him for loss of money stolen from his safe, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Morgan (N. Y.) called up the bill to extend the time for withdrawing goods from public stores and bonded warehouses vented final action upon this hill and the House joint resolution to amend the Constitution on the subject of representation was

taken up.
Mr. Lane (Ind.) spoke at length on the On motion of Mr. Johnson (Md.) the further consideration of the Constitutional Amendment was postponed until one o'clock

to-morrow. Mr. Trumbull, from the Judiciary Committee, reported the bill for the enlargement of the power of the Freedmen's Bureau, with the House amendments.

Mr. Trumbuli (Ill.) moved to agree to the House amendments, except that one which restricted the operations of the bill to the States in which the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus was suspended on the 1st of February, 1866. This amendment, he said would exempt Delaware, Maryland and Missouri from the operations of the bill. The amendments of the House, with the

exception stated by Mr. Trumbull, were agreed to, and the bill as amended, was passed. Adjourned. House.—Mr. Eggleston (Ohio) asked, but did not obtain consent, to introduce a resolution, declaring that it is unwise to reduce the Internal Revenue tax on spirits.

Mr. Raymond (N. Y.) presented the peti-tion of Charles F. Koch, Aug. Koch and Conrad Kuon, on behalf of the cigar makers of the city of New York for an increased duty on imported cigars. Referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill for the disposal of the public lands for homestead, actual settlement, in the States of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Florida.

As amended, it provides that, from and after the passage of this act, all the public lands in those States shall be disposed of according to the stipulations of the Homestead law of May 20, 1862, entitled an act to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain, and the act supplemental thereto, approved March 21, 1864, but with this restriction, that no entry shall be made for more than a half quarter section, or eighty acres, and in lieu of the sum of ten dollars an acre, five dollars shall be paid at the time of the issue of each patent; pro-vided that no distinction or discrimination shall be made in the construction of this act on account of race or color; and provided further, that no mineral lands shall be liable to entry or settlement under its provisions.

The bill was passed—yeas 112, nays 29.
The House, in Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. Blaine in the Chair, resumed the consideration of the Navy Appropriation bill. A motion was made to strike out the appropriation of \$28,000 for commandant's quarters at the Pensacola Navy Yard.

Mr. Washburne (Illinois) hoped that that Navy Yard would not be rebuilt. Only one vessel had been built there, and that was a most complete failure, and finally it had to be brought to Washington to be patched up, costing one million of dollars. He did not want to see either this yard or the Norfolk yard rebuilt. There were other and better

navy yards, where ships could be built cheaper and better than in that latitude.

Mr. Kassen (Iowa) replied that this was not a question of rebuilding the Pensacola Navy Yard. Much of it was in operation.

XXXIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, 1866.

SENATE.—Mr. Clark introduced a bill, in executive officers suitable quarters in

which to reside.

The appropriation was stricken out.

After some debate, Mr. Washburne (Ill.) offered an amendment, which was agreed to, appropriating \$20,000 for the preservation of the property of the United States at the Pensacola Navy Yard.

Mr. Rice (Mass.) offered an amendment, providing that so much of the first section of the act of July 1864, as appropriated

of the act of July, 1864, as appropriated \$250,000 for bounties for the destruction of enemies' vessels, shall apply to all cases of destruction of vessels during the recent rebellion, and at the same rate. It was agreed to.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) offered an amendment

which was agreed to, that no money appro priations by this bill should be paid to those who had failed to take the prescribed oath The bill was then reported to the House

with various amendments, and without final action taken thereon, it was laid aside until to-morrow. The House proceeded to the special order being the consideration of the bill to estab

lish a uniform system of bankruptcy.

Mr. Rogers offered an amendment that instead of the test oath, the officers under the bill take an oath that they will support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully perform the duties required according to law.

The amendment was rejected. A number of the sections of the bill were read and considered.

Mr. Stevens said he understood there were o be some interesting religious meetings [Laughter] and parties, and in order that members might attend, he moved that the

night sessions be postponed till next Tuesday. This was agreed to.

Mr. Garfield (Ohio) introduced a bill for the improvement of the harbors of Lake Erle, in the State of Ohio, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The House then adjourned. Pennsylvania Legislature CLOSE OF YESTHEDAY'S PROCHEDINGS

SENATE.—Bills Passed.—Mr. Glatz called ip and had passed the act incorporating the armers' Market of York.

Mr. Shoemaker called up the bill incororating the Northern Coal and Railway Company, and had it passed to a third reading. This Company is to build a rail-road from their lands in Luzerne county to the Delaware river, through or near the Water Gap or any point above.

Mr. Connell called up and passed the bill

uthorizing the closing of the trust estate of Maria Shoemaker, deceased.

Mr. Hall called up and had passed to a third reading the bill authorizing appeals from interlocutory orders granting special

injunctions.

House.—Mr. Crosland denounced the system of granting special charters in this State to operate all over the West, and declared that frauds and rascalities were thereby perpetrated upon the people by the getters up of bogus oil, gold and silver mining companies. His amendment was agreed to, and the bill was passed by a vote of 77 eyes to 18 page. of 77 ayes to 18 noes.

An act inflicting a penalty of \$200 on any person solemnizing a marriage between minors, unless with the certificate of a parent or guardian, was postponed in order to consider a general act on the same subject prepared by the Committee on Vice and Im-

morality.

The first section authorizes Aldermen, Justices, Clergymen, or persons delegated by religious societies, to perform the ceremony.

On motion of Messrs. Mann and Thomas Judges, Mayors and Recorders were added A penalty of \$600 was inflicted on any other A penalty of 8000 was innicted on any other person attempting to perform the ceremony.

Mr. Quigley moved to reduce the fine to \$100, but Messrs. Banks and Nelson (both clergymen) favored the higher penalty, as also Messrs. Davis and Ruddiman, and the motion was lost.

The second section requires the person of-

ficiating to give a certificate signed by two The third section inflicts of fine of \$500 and six months' imprisonment on any person who shall marry persons who are intoxicated, or of unsound mind, or who shall marry a minor without the consent of his

or her parent or guardian.

A discussion ensued as to whether the consent should be given verbally or in writing. Pending the discussion of the question

hs House adjourned. Evening Session.—The evening session of the House was spent in the discussion of the resolution appropriating \$500,000 for the suffering people of Chambersburg, to be distributed pro rata. The discussion was con-tinued until a late hour, but all important sections of the bill were agreed to by a ma-jority of over fifty, and the bill will undoubtedly pass to night by the same ma

ority. A Composer's Histoke.

In "Spiridion's" last Paris letter the following funny incident is related:
I have said the caprices of the King of Portugal made all our Micawbers-and Paris has scarcely an inhabitant, from the Emperor on the throne to the ragpicker in the gutter, who is not "waiting for something to turn up"-sure that Providence was going to visit them in the shape of the King of Portugal. Each time their door-bell rang, they were sure 'twas Don Pedro. They remained in full dress the whole time he was in Paris. One of the best stories of the incidents which arose from this expectation is the following:

A young man with an olive complexion called a few days since upon one of our musical composers, who has that mirage of reputation which surrounds men constantly before the public, and which they take for fame. This composer has never, I believe, ventured on an opera; but his songs are popular and enable him, without too many secret struggles, to maintain a decent appearance in the world. The young man took his seat with a good deal of freedom, and his whole appearance was quite aristocratic. But who that is able to buy a broadcloth suit and a watch-andchain isn't aristocratic now-a-days? The young man said to the com-"Sir, I have heard some charming compositions from your pen. There is one of your waltzes especially which I know by heart, and which I cannot hear too often." The composer was agitated, so great was the emotion which rose in his breast, and he replied: "Sir, you do me a great deal of honor, and, as you give me permission, I can play some of my compositions for you."
The young man bowed and said: "I should be gratified to hear you." The composer sat down at the piano and for an hour played all of his compositions, while the distinguished young man beat time in a manner which showed how thorough was his musical education. At last, and when the composer was about to begin his twentieth composition, the young man rose and showed he wished to edge a word in between all those notes. The composer and his piano were silent while the young man said: "Sir, your talents are really extraordinary, and but one thing surprises me—I am astonished that an artist of your capacity has no decoration." The

sible? Do you take so much interest in O'Donnell's accession to power, however me?" The visitor continued: "Indeed I do, and not I only, but my whole family take the liveliest interest in you, and if any of us knew by what way we could further your interests, I assure you we would instantly exert ourselves." The composer—who made certain the King of Portugal stood before him, and was sure that he would have at least two orders in his button-hole—gasped: "Really, really, Sir, you are too kind, and if I knew by what way I could give proof of my gratitude, I would immediately demonstrate it. t is The aristocratic visitor replied: very easy for you to do so. If you would only pay father the bill you have been owing him these twelve months. I am the son of the upholsterer to whom you have been owing \$140 ever since last December. So you can easily understand the deep interest we take in your affairs and in your success." The composer nearly fell to the floor, so crushed was he by the discovery of a creditor's son, and that creditor an upholsterer. under the frock coat which he felt cer tain covered the King of Portugal's heart. When he recovered something of his self-possession, his first impulse was to throw the young man out of the window but then he remembered the policeman at the corner of the street. Therefore he contented himself with bowing the "King of Portugal," out of the room without saying a word—hadn't he given him an hour of his best

music? General Prim.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Times gives the following sketch of the career of the leader of the revolt in Spain: Don Juan Prim, as his biographers relate who is now Lieutenant-General in the national army of Spain, Viscount Del Brusch, Count De Reus, Marques De Los Castillejos, and grandee of Spain of the first-class, was born in Reus, a town in Catalonia, near Tarragona, on the 6th of De-cember, 1814. Juan Prim was at an early period admitted as a cadet, and had barely entered the army when the civil war broke out, which lasted from the death of King Ferdinand VII., in 1833, down to the peace, or "transaction," of Bergara, in 1839. In this struggle Prim ranged himself under the constitutional standard, and against Don Carlos. His own valor and the fortune of war so befriended Prim as to win him promotion to a captaincy in his 22d year and to the rank of colonel three years later By this time also his breast was laden with litary decorations. At the close of the civil war Prim was elected as Deputy to several successive Parliaments. Before 1843-that is, by the time that Espartero was driven an exile to England—he was made Brigadier, then Mariscal De Campo Major-Ganeral), and created Viscoun Del Brusch and Count De Reus. In 1844, he is said to have been seriously im plicated in a conspiracy against Narvaez then at the head of the Government, the upshot of which was an attempt to assassi nate the Prime Minister as he was driving to the opera one evening, by firing at hi carriage in the Calle de Ballesta. Narvaez bimself and the present Minister of State, Bermudez De Castro, who sat in the front seat with him, escaped with their lives. Not so Narvaez's aid-de-camp, Rasetti, who was in the back seat, and was shot dead on the spot. Prim was tried with others, convicted of participation in the murder, and condemned to death; but Narvaez either out of a very extreme magnanimity; or possibly from some intimate conviction of Prim's innocence, induced the Queen to cancel the sentence. He, however, deemed it expedient to remove Prim by an appointment to the office of Captain-General and Governor of Porto Rico, sending him to his new destination before the close of that ame year 1844. Prim was in command at Porto Rico, when a negro insurrection broke out in the Danish island of Santa Cruz. Prim went to the rescue of the Danes, and played so brilliant a part in the subjugation of the rebels that he was rewarded by the King of Denmark with the order of the Dannebrog. This brilliant conduct, however, was not alto-gether satisfactory to the Colonial Minister at home, who, blaming him for his rashness in removing the Spanish garrisons from Porto Rico, and therefore exposing that aluable possession of the Crown to the attacks of the negroes, who were as ready for a revolt as their brethren in the Danish col-ony, recalled him, and tried him for dereliction of duty. Prim weathered this second form, and knew how to render his services ecceptable to the various cabinets, which followed one another with such rapidity, that one of them was called the Lightning Ministry, until he once more became in volved in a conspiracy against Bravo Murillo, who banished him, together with General Ortega. He came back after a short absence, however, and in 1854, thanks

through Paris, where, in 1856, he married a Mexican lady, Senora Echevarria, who brought him a dowry of \$600,000, with expectations of no less a fortune from her mother, and \$1,000,000 from each of her two uncles. The marriage was celebrated under the auspices of Queen Christina, who was present at the wedding, and acted as present at the wedding, and acted as "Madrina" to the bride. On the 31st of January of the same year, 1856, Prim was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant General; in 1858, he was raised to the Senate. On his admission to this house he distinguished himself by a very remarkable speech on the Mexican question during the debate on the address to the Crown. war of Morocco broke out soon afterwards, and Prim attained a high reputation by a variety of exploits which were crowned by the battle of Castillejos, near Melilla, where, seeing the regiment of Cordova broken and turned to flight, he threw himself on the path of the fugitives, restored their courage by his exhortations and example, rallied them, and, preceding them with their colors in his hand, led them with such impetuosity against the enemy as by that single onset to secure the victory for the Spanish arms. This heroic deed was rewarded with the title of Marquis De Los Castillejos, and the rank of Grandee of Spain of the First Class. In 1861 the joint expedition to Mexico of England, France, and Spain was projected, and Prim was sant out in command of the Spanish contingent, being charged at the same time with the duties of a Minister Plenipotentiary. How Prim proceeded to Mexico with the French and English contingents, and came back with the latter, leaving to the former alone the task of a complete subjugation of Mexico and the installment of an Austrian dynasty there, are matters of well-known contemporary history. Prim's conduct at this juncture, however severely censured by some of his countrymen, received the fullest sanction of the Cortes. Under the ministry presided over by Senor Mon, Prim was again implicated in some underhand manœuvre which caused him to be banished or "confined" to Oviedo. He was recalled by Nar-vaez during his last administration, and is nevertheless said to have joined O'Donnell in the efforts made by the latter to oust his composer could scareely gasp; "Is it pos- rival by fair means or foul. Soon after

especially to the friendly offices of Queen Christina, he was sent as Spanish Military Commissioner to the camp of the allies, during the Crimean war. He gained many

ring the Crimean war. He gained man friends among the officers of the Anglo

French army, and was especially accepta-ble to the Commander-in-Chief of the

Turkish forces, who wrote him a most flat-

tering letter, made him magnificent presents

and obtained for him from the Sultan the

decoration of Medjidie and a sabre of

On his return from the East he passed

O'Donnell's accession to power, nowever, Prim seemed to recall to memory his for-mer political predilections; he leagued himself with Espartero, threw himself with all his influence into the interests of the Progresistas, accepted the presidency of many of the committees, and althoug he was opposed to the policy of Betraimi ento, and voted against it with Madon, Fi guerola, and other leaders of the party, thinking there would have been mor honor and a better chance of success in manly straightforward struggle, still he declared himself bound by the majority, and not only did he take no part in the late general election, but allowed his seat in the Senate to remain vacant. It was as late as the 30th of last December, am told, that O'Donnell, finding an arread of \$40,000 in Prim's accounts of the Mexi-can expedition, canceled the debt, thereby relieving his junior of all unpleasant responsibility. It was on the 1st of this month of January that Prim wrote a letter to the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Bermudes Des Castro, soliciting that states man's patronage in behalf of one of his pro teges, and it was on the 2d, as the world knows, that he left Madrid on his "shooting excursion," and placed himself at the head of the mutinous cavalry regiments at Aranjuez Gen. Prim declares himself bound to the programme of the Central Progresista Committee of November last, a programme which, although grounded on the principles of universal suffrage, and of all possible democratic liberties, evinces no hostility either to the throne or to the present dynasty. In his proclamation he utters no cry except in favor of Espartero and the Constituent Cortes. But the name of Espartero alone i sufficient to separate Prim's cause from that of those exaltados who would proclaim either a republic or, at least, the vacancy of the throne in favor of another reigning family, and the unity of the Peninsula under a single crown. Prim is also under deep obligation both to the Queen Mother and the reigning Queen, the first of whom honored with her presence his wedding in Paris. The latter was his son's godmother at El Pardo. Prim has, besides, at all times received the highest favors at the hands of

the Bourbon family, and has invariably evinced the most enthusiastic devotion to Queen Isabella. Notwithstanding his wife's considerable wealth, Prim was lately said to have exceeded his means, and to be deeply in debt. He is a man of extravagant habits, passionately addicted to the pleasures of the chase, for the gratification of which he has bought very extensive grounds, has built a large house, and keeps up a most extensive establishment. In pursuit of these pleasures, or perhaps under pretext of them. he has made his premises and his huntinggrounds the rendezvous of characters every description; townsmen from Madrid, no less than Catalans, who are as ready to lend him a hand at a battue as at a politica chaffourée; such as he is now engaged in. His country-house at Villarubia is have hiding places where hundreds of ban-dits could be secreted, and away in the woods and deep in the gorges of the Toledo mountains he has built huts, hunting-boxes, and all kinds of sheds as available for the purposes of war as for the requirements of the chase. Here, in the centre of a whole region devoted and familiar to him, he has chosen the theatre of his revolutionary exploits. Here, as well as in many parts of Catalonia, he is said to have stores of arms and ammunition. Here, or wherever else

he may go, it is supposed that followers will not fail to flook to him. BOARD OF TRADE-BENJAMIN MARSHALL, JAMES R. CAMPBELL, MONTHLY COMMITTEE Frival and Sailing of Ocean Ste Australasian Liverpool New York City of Limerick Liverpool New York Scotland Liverpool New York Bremen Southampton New York Liverpool Portland Liverpool Boston Tyerpool Boston Yverpool New York Liverpool. Boston
outhampton. New York.
Liverpool. New York
Liverpool. New York
TO DEPART.
New York. Aspinwall
New York Aspinwall
New York Aspinwall
New York Liverpool
New York Liverpool
New York Liverpool
New York Liverpool
New York Liverpool Eagle New York Havana
Alrica Boston Liverpool.
Pulton New York Havve
Bavaria New York Havve
Bavaria New York Liverpool.
City of Washingt'n N York Liverpool.
Heivetla New York Liverpool.
Santiago de Cuba N York Greytown
Konteauma New York Kingston, Ja
New York New York Aspinwall
South America New York Rio Janeiro,&c.
cottand New York Rio Janeiro,&c.
Corsica New York Nassau&Hav'a

MARINE BULLETIN.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-FEBBUARY 9. OUR RISES, 6 52 | SUN SETS, 5 8 | HIGH WATER, 9 2 ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steemer Admiral, Nichols, 24 hours from New York, with mdze to P R Clark. Left at the Breakwater, on Wednesoay morning, schrs E L B Wales, from Wilmington. NC. for Philadelphia; A H Cain. from New York: J Ponder, in ballast, and steamer Washington, from New York for Philadelphia Off Brandywine 1 ight, saw bark G S Brown, for Antwerp, going down under canvas.

MEMORA NDA.
Steamer Eastern City, Munday, cleared at New York
sesterday for this port.
Steamer Moneka, Marshman at Charleston 4th inst.
Toon New York. reactern City, aunday, cleared at New York yesterday for this port.

Steamer Moneka, Marshman at Charleston 4th inst. from New York.

Steamer Emily B Souder Lockwood, cleared at New York yesterday for Charleston.

Steamer Ganbia, Graham, sailed from Queenstown istemer Ganbia, Graham, sailed from Queenstown istemer Ganbia, Graham, sailed from Queenstown istemer Europe, Duchesne, at Havre 22d ult, from New York.

Steamer Europe, Duchesne, at Havre and Falmouth ian 25, at New York yesterday.

Steamer Tripoll (Br), Harrison, from Liverpool 24th alt, at New York yesterday.

Steamer Tripoll (Br), Harrison, from Liverpool 36 at New York yesterday.

Steamer Isabella, Wambersle, at Havana 2d instant from Charleston.

Steamer Vera Cruz, Murray, cleared at New York yesterday for Havana and Vera Cruz.

Steamer Helvetia (Br), Ogilvie, from Liverpool Jan 24, and Qureenstown 25th, at New York yesterday, has 254 passengers.

Steamer Bavaria (Ham), Taube, from Hamburg 21st nit, and Southampton 25th, at New York yesterday, has 25th passengers.

Ship Thos Harrard, Strickland, for this port, put back to Liverpool 21st ult. with loss of sails.

Ship Joseph Clark, Shermer, sailed from Liverpool 230 riz for this port.

Ship Lizzie Morrow, Fraser, for this port, entered out at Liverpool 21st ult.

Ship Anne Sharp, Sharp, sailed from Glasgow 22d ult. for San Francisco.

Ship John O Baker, Miller, from Liverpool for Calcutta, was spoken 7th Sept, lat 22 N, lon 28 W.

Bark Ironsides, Tapley, hence at Bahla 21st Dec.

Bark Triede, Monnich, sailed from Royan 18th ult. for this port. Bark Pleisdes, Wells, hence at Montevideo 10th Dec. Bark Pudel, Kalchloeser, hence at Antwerp—no date.

Bark Silyer Craig, Cohen, from Batavia 3d Oct. for

Boston, was seen 7th inst. lat 40 56, lon 70 13.

Brig Strene (Hamb), Hermanus, hence at Falmouth

no date. In Street (Anno), hermanns, hence at Falmouth - no date.

Brig Delmont Locke, Cochran, cleared at Portland 7th inst. for Ponce.

Schr Geo L Green, Rich, from Boston for this port, salled, from Holmes' Hole 7th inst.

Schr Loulsa Frazier, Steelman, cleared at Charleston 3d inst, for this port.

Schr John Farnum, Doane, from Mansanilla, at Boston 7th inst.

Schr Eilen Perkins, Perkins, at Wilmington, NC. 3d inst. from Charleston.

Schr Eila F Crowell, Freeman, from Provincetown for this port, sailed from Holmes' Hole 7th inst.

for this port, sailed from Holmes' Hole 7th inst.

MARINE MISCELLANY.

Steamer Minnetonka, which was sunk some weeks since at the mouth of the Mississippi, was successfully raised prior to sith inst.

Schr Gen Sherldan. from Newfoundland Jan 13. with a cargo of herrings, for N York, was wrecked off Cape Canso. Captain Bryant, master, and two men reached the shore in a boat. Two of the crew, and a passenger named H R Howard, are supposed to be lost.

Steamer Wm 'Tibbetts, from Savannah, before reported ashore on Lovell's Island, got off after lightering, and arrived at Hoston 7th lust.

Schr Martha Wrightington, of Fall River, 160 tons, old measurement, now at East Boston. has been purchased by Capt Turner, of Cotnit. She is to be fitted for the whale fishery, and will hall fr in Cutuit.

Ship Confidence, Johnson, for N York, put back to Liverpool 2xi uit, and reported sailed same day.

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A large assortment of ... DOMESTIC CARPETINGS Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices,

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Richard Penistan's Celebrated, Ale, Porter and Brown Stout.

Now so much recommended by the Medical Faculty for Invalias. \$1 25 PER DOZEN,

(These Bottles hald one Pint.)
The above being of the very best quality, it must be admitted the price is exceedingly LOW.
It is celivered to all parts of the city without extra Brandies, Wines, Gins, Whiskies, &c., &c. Warranted pure, at the lowest possible rates, by the Eottle, Gallon, or Caak.

CHAMPAGNES of the best brands offered lower than by any other house.

On Draught and in Bottles, PURE GRAPE JUICE.

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PICKLES, SAUCES. BAY RUM. Lendon and Dublin Porter and Brown Stout-English SARDINES, &c and Scotch Ales.

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CLARETS, &c.

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SHERRIES—Campbell & Co., single, double and triple Grape, E. Crusoe & Sons, Endolph, Topas, Rieg Spanish, Crown and F. Vallette.
POETS—Vallette, Vinho Velho Real, Danton and Rebello Valente & Co., Vintages 1838 to 1856.
CLARETS—Cruse Fils Freres and St., Estephe Chases Louding.

VERMOUTH—G. Jourdan, Brive & Co. MUSCAT—de Frontignan. CHAMPAGNES — Ernest Irrony, "Golden Star," le Venoge, Her Majesty and Ecyal Cabinet and other avorite brands.

Fine Whisky.—Choice lots of old Wheat, Rya Fand Bourbon Whisky, for sale by R. P. MIDDLE TON, 5 North FRONT Street.

FANCY GOODS. PAPIER MACHE GOODS. PAPIER MACHE GOODS.

TARTAN GOODS.

SCOTCH PLAID GOODS. A fine assortment of Papier Mache Work Tables, Writing Deaks, Inkstands and Scotch Plaid Goods, just received per the steamer "St. George," too late fo

ISAAC TOWNSEND, House Furnishing Store of the late JOHN A. MUR.

922 CHESTNUT STREET.

Below Tenth street.

MEDICAL. OPAL DENTALLINA. A superior article for cleaning the Teeth, destroying animalcules which infest them, giving tone to the gums, and leaving a feeling of fragrance and perfect cleaninges in the mouth. It may be used daily, and will be found to strengthen weak and bleeding gums, while the aroma and detartiveness will recommend it to every one. Being composed with the assistance of the Dentiat, Physician and Microscopist, it is configured to the continuation of the Dentiat, Physician and Microscopist, it is configured to the continuation of the Dentiat, Physician and Microscopist, it is configured to the property of the Dentiat, Physician and Microscopist, it is configured to the Dentiat, Physician and Microscopist, it is configured to the Dentiat, Physician and Microscopist, it is configured to the Dentiat, and the continuation of the Dentiat, acquainted with the constituents of the Dentiat, acquainted with the constituents of the Dentiat, acquainted with the constituents of the Dentiat and the continuation of the Dentiat and the continuation

JAMES T. SHINN, Apothecary, Broad and Spruce streets, Fros ale by Drugglets generally, and
Frod Brown.
Hassard & Ce.,
G. B. Keeny,
Leane H. Kay,
C. H. Needles,
C. H. Henry A. Bower, wyest of Low.

PSTLACK'S DIPHTHERIA LOZENGES.—These to lozenges are a safe and speedy cure for Diphtheria, Coughs, Bore Throat, Hoarseness and Bronchial affections generally, Try them. THOS, ESTLACK, Ir., Druggist, S, W. ner of Eighteenth and Market streets, Philadelphia.

AUCTION SALES. THE PRINCIPAL MONEY ESTABLISHMENT, S.E. corner of SIXTH and RACE streets.

Morey advanced on Merchandise generally; Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Gold and Sliver Plate, and on all articles of value, for any length of time and on all articles of value, for any length of time agreed on.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY AT PRIVATE SALE. Fine Gold Hunting Case, Double Bottom and Open Face English, American and Swiss Patent Lever Watches; Fine Gold Hunting Case and Open Face Lepine Wetches; Fine Gold Duplex and other Watches; Fine Silver Hunting Case and Open Face English, American and Swiss Patent Lever and Lepine Watches; Double Case English Quartier and other Watches; Ladies' Fancy Watches: Diamond Breastpine; Finger Rings; Ear Rings, Stud, &c.; Fine Gold Chains; Medallions; Bracelets; Scarf Pins; Breast Pins; Finger Rings; Pencil Cases, and Jewolry generally.

Fig. Finger Kings, Fench Cases, and Jewory generally. FOR SALE.—A large and splendid Fireproof Chest; suitable for a Jeweler, price \$650.

Also. several Lots in South Camden, Fifth and Chestinus treets. No. 506 MARKET street.

SALE OF 1407 CASEN BOOTS AND SHOES.
ON MONDAY MORNING, FEB 12,
Commencing at 10 clock, we will sell by catalogue,
for cash, 1400 cases Boots, shoes, Brogans, Balmorals,
Congress Boots, &c., comprising a desirable assortment of goods for spring sales.

DAVIS & HARVEY.

DAVIS & HARVEY, AUCTIONEERS,
(Late with M. Thomas & Sons.)
Store No. 333 Chestrat street,
FURNITURE SALES at the Store every Tuesday,
SALES AT RESIDENCES will receive particular
stiention.

attention.

BY BABBITT & CO. AUDITONEERS.

No. 230 MARKET street, corner of Bank street.

Cash advanced on consignments without extra charge.

J. FITZPATRICK & CO., AUDITONEERS, NEW
J. Auction House, No. 227 CHESTNUT street, adjacent to the Continental, Girard, St. Lawrence, Markot House and other popular Hotels.

FURNESS, BRINLEY & CO., No. 615 CHESTNUT

T. LABHERIDGE & CO.,

AUDITONEERS,

T. ABHERIDGE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

T. ABHERIDGE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

No. 255 MARKET street, above Fifth.

AUCTION SALES. MAS & SONE AUUTIONEERS, Noz.
and Hisouth FOURTH street.
T STOCKS AND RRAL ESTATE
St. Servy TUESDAY, at 12 o'clock noon;
ange, each properly issued separately,
ceach properly issued separately,
autiday "revious to each sale 2000 cata-M. TH. ALL S. STOCKS AND HEAL ESTATE

SALES. STOCKS AND HEAL ESTATE
at the Exchange, every TUESDAY, ESTATE
at the Exchange, every TUESDAY, ESTATE
at the Exchange, every TUESDAY, ESTATE
and on the Saturday revious to each sale 2000 catage
logues in pamphlet form. Typing full descriptions,
and on the Saturday revious for the sale sale sale
printed catalogues, comp. Tising several hundred
thousand dollars, including e. Ext description of city
and country property, from the analiest dwellings to
the most elegant manslons; elegant country seate,
farms, business properties, cc.

25 FURNITURE SALES AT THA AUCTION
STORE EVERY THURSDAY.

ST PARICULAR STEERING SYON TO SALES AS PRINCIPLES AS STOCKS, cc.

STOCKS, cc.

gar Particular attention given to sales at PIVARE residences, &c. STOCKS, &c. On TUESDAY, FEB. 18, At 12 o'clock noon, at the Philadelphia Exchange—By Order of Executor—\$5060 Philadelphia and Delaware River Railroad? per cent mortgage bond, due 1877.
\$1000 Allegbany Valley Railroad Co, 7 per cent. mortgage bond, due 1875.
\$10.0 West Chester and Philadelphia Railroad per cent. mortgage bond on due 1873.
\$200 Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation loan bond, due 1883. \$3853 25 Schuylkill Kavigation Co. Convertible Mort-

\$3853 20 SCHIVIANI MAYS
gage loan; ue 1882
60 shares Winelow Petroleum Co.
10 shares Eagle Mining Co.
10 shares Stebenville and Indiana Railroad
Pew No. 52 middle aisle Reformed Dutch Church,
Seventh, above Brown st.
5 shares Academy of Music.
100 shares Lehiga Zinc.

REAL ESTATE SALE, FEB. 18. REAL ESTATE SALE, FEB. 13.

To capitalists and others.

EXTENSIVE WHARF, PIER AND DOCKS, Beack
Street, Norris Street, river Delaware.

Extensive wharf, pier, docks, &c., in front on Beach
street 185; et, in depth along Norris street 440 feet 4%
inches to the Port Wardens' line in the river Delaware, where the depth of water is about 25 feet, and extending in depth on the south line 466 feet 7% inches,
with the privilege of extending to the new Wardens'
line. The improvements are a largs substantial
wharf, an extensive pier 50 feet wide, and two docks
wharf, an extensive pier 50 feet wide, and two docks

Lithographic plans may be had at the Auction
FORM.

VALUABLE DISTANCES

JOHE about 50 feet and the other about 31 feet wide.

187 Lithographic plans may be had at the Auction rooms.

VALUABLE BUSINESS STAND, MARKEL ST. Five-story brick store, No. 940 Market street, with three-story brick dwelling in the rear on Boyd's Court.

It is a valuable stand.

PHANDOME MODERN RESIDENOM.

Handsome modern four-story brick residence, No. 1938 Spruce street. It is substantially built, handsome modern four-story brick residence, No. 1938 Spruce street. It is substantially built, hand-somely furnished, with the modern improvements and conveniencies. Immediate possession.

VALUABLE COUNTRY PLACE.—All that valuable country place, containing 12 acres, Nicetown lands and Ridge avenue, opposite Laurel Hill, 34, miles from Vine street. It is valuable for building lots. Peremptory Sale.—Two PROFERTIES, Pacchall Village, Twenty-fourth Ward.

Two-and-a-half story FRAME DWELLING, South street, Paschall Village, Twenty-fourth Ward.

TULDING LOT, South street, Paschall Village, Twenty-fourth Ward.

TUSIESS FEED SOUTH STREET, Paschall VILLAGE, VALUABLE BUILDING LOT, Twenty-fourth Ward.

TUSIESS FEED SOUTH STREET, Paschall VILLAGE, VALUABLE BUILDING LOT, Twenty-fourth Ward.

TUSIESS FEED SOUTH STREET, Paschall VILLAGE, VALUABLE BUILDING LOT, Twenty-fourth Ward.

TUSIESS FEED SOUTH STREET, PASCHALL FOR STREET, PASCHALL OF TREET, PASCHALL OF

LOT, Foulkrod Street, Frankford, Twenty third Ward.

LOT. Southwest corner Mulberry and New streets,
Frankford, Twenty-third Ward.

THREE STORY BRICK DWELLING, Galleima
treet below South street, between Broad and Fifteenth
streets.

MISCELLANEOUS AND SCHOOL BOOKS, STA-TIONERY, &c., ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 9, At the anction store, Miscellaneous and School Books, Stationary, &c., from the stock of a bookseller,

Sale No 637 north Sixteenth street.
SUPERIOR FURNITURE, PIER MIRROR, HANDSOME BRUSSELS CARPETS. &c.
ON TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 13.
At 10 o'clock, ot No. 637 north 16th st, by catalogue,
the superior walnut par.or and charber furniture,
oak cining room furniture, handsome Brussels and
other carpets, pier mirror, &c. Also, the kitchen
utersils. utensils.

May be examined at 8 o clock on the morning of sals.

Sale at No. 2028 Cherry street.

NEAT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FINE BRUSSELS AND IMPERIAL CA. PETS. &c.
ON WEDNESDAY MORNING FEB. 14.

At 228 Cherry st. the Lousehold and kitchen furniture, time Brussels and imperial carpets, &c.

DY JOHN B. MYENS & OO., ACUTIONEES.

Nos. 222 and 224 Market street, corner of Sank
LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF FRENCH AND
OTHER EUROPEAN DRY GOODS, &c.
ON MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 12,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold, by cstalogue, on four
months' credit, about 600 LOTS of French, India, German and British Dry Goods, embracing a full assortment
of fancy and staple articles in silks, worsteds, woolens,
linens and cottons. linens and cottons.

N. B.—Goods arranged for examination and catalogues ready early on the morning of sale.

LAEGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF FRENCH DRY GOODS, &c.

NOTICE—Included in our sale of MONDAY, Feb.

13, will be found in part the following, viz—
— pleces the Prench striped and lare monairs.

18, will be found in part the ionius mig, vizpleces time French striped and lace mobairs.
do super mobair melanges: poil de chevres.
do French merinos and delaines
do Empress cioths; poplins; alpacas; coburgs.
do French fancy shirting filannels.
SILKS:
pleces rich stripe Foulard de Paris
do extra heavy Paris gros grains.
do bik gra 8 de Rhine; taffetas; lustrines,
cul'd and fancry poult de sole.
LINEN SHIRT FRONTS.
500 decen all timen shirt fronts, of every grade.
Also, Balmoral and hoop skirts, spool cotton, sewing
slik; gloves, ribbons, slik ties mobair bindings ,buttors, alpaca braids, head nets, elastic frills and cords,
embroideries, handkerchiefs, trimmings, notions-de.

LARGE PEREMPTORY SALE OF BOOTS, SHOES,
BROGANS, TRAVELING BAGS. &c.
ON TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 13.
Will be sold at 10 o'clock, by catalogue, ON FOUR
MONTHS' CREDIT, about 1200 packages boots, shoes,
balmorals. &c., of city and Eastern manufacture,
Open for examination with catalogues early on the
morning of sale.

morning of sale.

LARGE POSITIVE SALE OF BRITISH, FRENCH;
GERMAN AND DOMESTIC DEY GOODS,
We will hold a large sale of Foreign and Domestic
Dry Goods, by catalogue, on FOUR MONTHS'
(CREDIT and part for cash.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 15.

At 10 o'clock, embracing about 700 Packages and Lots
of Staple and Fancy articles, in Woolens, Worsteds,
Linens, Silks, and Cottons.
N. B.—Catalogues ready and goods arranged for exhibition early on morning of sale. hibition early on morning of sale.

JAMES A. FREEMAN, AUOTIONEER, No. 63

WALNUT street.

VALUABLE RESIDENCES AT PRIVATE SALE,

TO REAL ESTATE OPERATORS.

ELEGANT WALNUT STREET MANSION—One
of the most elegant residences on Walnut street 59
feet front large ground, stable, &c.

Also, BROWN STONE MANSION, Walnut near
Broad st.

Will be sold, at very low rates, to a party who will
take them all in one lot, five desirable dwellings in the
heart of the city. Inmediate occupancy can be had if
desired. This is a very favorable opportunity to parties who seek good real estate investments to buy at
old prices property which will pay well and increase
in value, For particulars apply at the succion store,
MARKET ST. STORES—At private sale, the valuble four-story bitch store S. E. corner of Market and
Bank sts. In first rate condition. Terms accommodating.

ALSO—The substant al property at the S. E. corner

ALSO—The substantial property at the 5. E. corner of Market and Strawberry sts. In excellent erder. These properties will be sold so as to pay a good interest on the investment.

STABLE—A very desirable property in the neighborhood of Twelfth and Locust sts.

TAVERN STAND and 9 acres of land, on Ridge road, 9 miles from the State House, known as the "Sorrel Horse." Plans, surveys, &c., at the store, Property No. 492 south Front st, 41 by 100 feet, do do 1138 and 1140 Lombard st 80 acres, Germantown

Property No. 402 south Fronts, 41 by 100 feet.
do do 1138 and 1140 Lombard 51
80 acres, Germantown
87 do Fisher's lane
Valuable Lot, Market street, above Nineteenth
do do Barker do do de
8 Building Lots, south Twenty-second st
Property northeast corner Fourth and Spruce sta
Dwelling, with side yard, Darby road
Brown-stene Store, Second 51, near Chestnut
Residence and large lot, Burlington
do No. 201 south Tenth st
do do 418 south Eleventh at
Dwelling, 420 Fine st
do 58 Pond st
5 acres of Land, Federal st, Twenty-sixth Ward
VALUABLE STORE, CHESTNUT ST-A very
valuable business property on Chestnut st, having two
fronts—in good order, Sc. Occupancy with the deed.

THOMAS BIRCH & SON, A UDTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1110 CHESTNUT street, Rear entrance 1107 Sansom street, Household Furniture of every description received on Construment.

Household Furniture of every description received on Consignment.
SALES EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.
Sales of Furniture at dwellings attended to on the most state of Furniture at dwellings attended to on the most sales of Furniture at General Farniture.

SALE OF REAL RESTORES, &c., AT THE EXCHANGE.
Thomas Birch & Son respectfully inform their riends and the public that they are prepared to attend to the sale of Real Extate by auction and at private sale. O. WOLBERT-PURE OLD BRANDIES
C. WINES, WHISKIES, RUM, HOLLAND GIN,
SPARKLING HOCKS, CHAMPAGNES, CLARETS,
RHINE WINES, &c.
ON THESDAY MORNING, NEXT,
13th inst., at precisely 11 o'clock, at No. 16 South Sixth

street.

In % casks. demijohns, cases and bottles, all waranted pure as imported, comprising Martell's. Hennessy's and other Brandles: Madelra, Sherry and Port
Wines; Nabob and Jamaica Rum; Locana: ar and
Mono-galeia Wbiskies; Holland Gin; Sparkling
Hocks; Champagnes; Clarets: Rhine Wnes. &c.
For particulars see catalogues, now ready. fep-3t\*

ROT PARTICULARS See catalogues, now ready.

B. SCOTT, JR., AUCHTONKER.
200 CHESTNUT Street.
201 CHESTNUT SALE OF 175 FINE OIL
201 CHESTNUT SALE OF 175 FINE OIL
201 CHESTNUT STREET.
201 CHESTNUT SALE OF 175 FINE OIL
201 CHESTNUT SALE OF 175 FINE OIL
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