

## OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1866.

Pain Chening Bullein

VOLUME XIX.---NO. 252.

## EVENING BULLETIN. PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING, "HISTORY OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.'-We

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"Evening Bulletin Association." PROFRIETORS. GIBSON PEACOCE, CASPER SOUDER, JL. T. L. FETHERSTON, ERNEST O. WALLACE. THOMAS J. WILLIAMSON.

The BULLETIN is served to subscribers in the city at 8 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or #8 00 per

MARRIED.

WETHERBY-KILLEN-In Dover. on the 25th alt, by Rev. T. B. Bradford, Charles P. Wetherby, Esq., Clerk of the Delaware State Senate, to Miss An-gelica R. Killen, daughter of Timothy C. Killen, Fao. all of Dover.

DIED.

**DIED.** ADDIORS-On the versing of the 6th instant, Mar-repreta, youngest daughter of John E. and Margaretta M. Addicks, in the 9th year of her sgc. The relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Friday morning mext, at 11 o'clock. from No, 102 Girard street. BRLROSE-On the 4th instant, in the 15th year of bis age, Harry Belrose son of Louis and Julia Belrose. The relatives and friends of the family are respect-fully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday afternoon, the 7th instant, at 3 o'clock, from residence No.2003 Gireen street. No. 2003 Green street, CREAN - On the .6th instant, Mrs, Margavet

No. 2003 Green street. (REAN - On the .6th instant, Mrs. Margavet Grean. BUMM-Suddenly, on the 4th instant, Mrs. Hannah Bumm.in the 78th year of her age. The relatives and friends of the family are re-spectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 1111 Marlborough street; on Thursday afternoor, at 2 Oclock, without further notice. How LAND-Early on the morning of feb. 5th, Benjamin, youngest child of Benjamin and Virginia L. Howland, aged (6) six years. The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his father, Cheltenham, Monigomery county, on Thursday, 9th instant, at two o'clock. Interment at Trinity thurch-yard, Oxord. \* SOM KRS-Feb. 5th, 1866, Charles Edward Somers, son of Wm, E. and Sallie Somers, aged 2 years, 5 months and 3 days, after an illness of two weeks. The funeral will take place on Thursday, Feb. 8th, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his grandfather, Chalkley Somers; No. 2004 Green street. The rela-tives and filends of the family are respecifully in-vited to attend, without further notice. EMYTH-On the 5th instant, at his residence in Wilmington, Del., David Smyth, in the stath year of his age. Funeral on the 8th instant, to leave the house at 12

Funeral on the 8th instant, to leave the house at 12 o'clock. M. WATSON-On the 5th instant, William Inmar Watson, of Burlington, New Jersey, in the 72d year o his age

WHITP MOREENS FOR SKIRTS. Green Watered Moreens. 64 and 5-4 Green Baize, White Cloth for Sacks. White Evening Silks. EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 122 Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Med estiment and medicines furnished gratuitonaly ical treatme to the poor. se28

to the poor. 6623 THE "AMERICAN" SYSTEM-ITS OLAIMS AND FEATURES.-A Lecture explanatory of the same, with the German TWENTY ONE FEET CHART, by C. C. Schaeffer, Professor of the German Language. In the University of Pennsylvania, to be given at HORTICULTURAL HALL, S. W. corner Broad and Wainut streets, on THURSDAY, February Sth, at quarter before eight o'clock, P. M. Admission Z's cente. Tickets may be had at Ziebers, 106 South Third street. 67-114

Third strees. 167-114 Second Strees. 167-114 nnum. This Loan is secured by a mortgage on all the Com-any's Coal Lands, Canais, and Slackwater Navigation

one so well fitted to the task as Hon. Wm. H. Herndon, of Springfield, Ill., Mr, Lincoln's law partner from 1844 to the time of his death, is preparing for the press an authentic history of the life of his old friend. Mr. Herndon has delivered three lectures on different phases of the character of our late President; all of the deepest interest, extracts from which have been very thoroughly

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

are happy in being able to announce that

disseminated through the country by the newspaper press, with marked commendation, and these of course will be embodied in this new work.

In order to prepare himself more perfectly for this labor of love, Mr. H., has visited Menard county, Illinois, and various other localities, rich in incidents connected with the early life of the distinguished man, and has collected many facts known only to the few, which will place the noble martyr higher in the estimation of the world than ever before. No one could be better qualified for the work than this gentleman. His intimate business relations with the deceased, for the last twenty years, have given him more know ledge of his inner life, habits of thought, sayings and doings, than almost any other man living, and he will therefore be able to produce a work full of interest

and value Mr. Herndon and Mr. Holland, as the Eastern and Western biographers of Mr. Lincoln, will furnish us with two contemporaneous histories of our great President, which will undoubtedly form the chief basis upon which the historian of the future will build his morephilosophical and exhaustive work.

"Guy Deverell," by Mr. Le Fanu, just published by Harper & Brothers, is a capital novel. Its predecessors, Uncle Silas and

Wylder's Hand," have achieved a high reputation for their author, which will be still enhanced by this last effort, which we regard as a better literary production than either of those we have named. Mr.  $L_{\theta}$ Fanu belonged to what may be fairly called the best modern sensational school. His

plots have always an air of weird mystery about them, but never the wild absurdity of exaggeration into which the inferior representatives of this class of writers delight to plunge. We heartily recommend "Guy Deverell," as an exciting and most readable novel. For sale by T. B. Peterson & Brothers.

"Simplicity and Fascination" is a capital domestic novel, reprinted from the English. edition, by Loring, Boston. The authoress, Anne Beale, has laid her scene in a small market town of England. She has grouped et of characters, sus

office to send your prize money, you will deliver the Trustees' Receipt to the express, who will return it to the treasurer to show that the prize has been paid. Hoping that you will not belray my con-fidence in you, and that you will sell many

tickets for me, I am Your friend, CHARLES A. GRANT.

Report on Taxing United States Secu-rities. Mr. S. S. Hayes, one of the United States Mr. S. S. Hayes, one of the United States Revenue Commissioners, has submitted a minority report to the Secretary of the Treasury in favor of levying a special perma-nent tax on the incomes of the United States securities. The majority of the Commis-sloners do not accede to this proposition. In support of his recommendation, Mr. Haves presents numerous statistics to show

Hayes presents numerous statistics to show it that the bonds of the United States are able to bear taxation and still pay a higher in-terest than the securities in England. He terest than the securities in England. He argues that the power of Congress to impose such a tax is complete. Government secu-rities being exempted by law only from State and municipal taxation, and the in-come thereof being in fact taxed by existing laws. He then proceeds to inquire whether laws. He then proceeds to inquire whether justice and sound policy demand that they should be further taxed. An abstract of Mr. Hayes' argument is subjoined.

It is necessary first to consider the pecu-niary condition of the country. Business being wholly carried on under the legal tender system, has no fixed standard of values. The effort to return to a specie basis on the plan cancelly successed will basis on the plan generally suggested, will produce a convulsion, and be attended with produce a convulsion, and be attended with inevitable injustice. Both might be avoided bo providing for the redemption of the legal tender currency at its actual value in specie. If a legal dollar is worth only 68 cents, that sum may be paid extra in a less amount of the former coin or in a new coin of the same value as the legal dollar. In this way no change will be made in existing contracts.

"I suppose, "says Mr. Hayes, "the Govern-ment paper dollar might be left as now, a legal tender for debts, and be made convertible into new coin at the Treasury, upon presentation, and the whole work will have been done, without injustice, without in-jury to individuals, without lessening the Jury to individuals, without ressenting the revenues, without retarding for one moment the grand development of the material in-terests of the American people. "Should the other alternative be resorted

to, and continued, that of adding arbitrarily, either at once or by successive steps to ex-isting indebtedness, we have reason to fear

the most disastrons effects upon trade, com-merce, and the general welfare." The probability of the adoption of one policy or another, in respect to the standard of values, and the natural effect of different collegies on the recourses and industry of policies on the resources and industry of the country, are necessary elements to be considered in connection with measures of taxation.

Other elements of the calculation are the resources of the country and the present forms of taxation. The present internal revenue system is unequal and burdensome in its operation; that articles of consumption are taxed from 25 to 50 per cent. of their value. State taxes are added, but from these taxes the United States bonds are

THE ADAMS EXPRESS BOBBERY. Detectives at Work---Another "Pile of Gold" Becovered.--The Way the Crime was Committed---An Impudent Attempt at a Second Bobbery. COURTS.

QUARTER SESSIONS-Judge Ludlow.-The February term commenced in earness

this morning. The dock was crowded with

prisoners, and quite a number pleaded guilty to the charges preferred against them. David Bomberg pleaded guilty to a charge

of stealing a silver watch. Clement Bousler pleaded guilty to a

charge of stealing a pair of boots.

During the course of the trial at Bridge-port, Conn., of Olark, the young man im-plicated in the recent Adams Express rob-bery, a large force of detectives have been at work guarding both sides of the railroad for a distance of nearly twenty-five miles. Their labors have been rewarded by the recovery of another extensive pile of gold, which has been duly turned over to the Express Company. It appears that suspi-cious persons, as well as persons speculating on the chance of finding some of the scattered George Wilson pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing goods. Samuel Bass and Henry Lane, colored, pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a coat. George Callahan was convicted of a charge of stealing a pair of pants. George W. Black was convicted of a charge of stealing a countity of wasning on the chance of finding some of the scattered treasure, have been met at various times by officers and warned to quit the neighbor-hood, an admonition which has, in most hood, an admonition which has, in most cases, been effective. It is possible that other persons more directly interested in the robbery may be arrested in the course of a few days. It is supposed that old and experienced thieves were engaged in the first part of the robbery; that they threw gold aside, put the less available property into the hands of Tristram; and planned so as to benefit by the rold themselves. Stoch charge of larceny. James Burke was acquitted of a charge of larceny. Joseph Ashly, colored, was convicted of a sicharge of larceny. 5. Charles F. Hall, colored, pleaded guilty to a charge of false pretences, F John Brown convicted of a charge of steal-

safety in the future to public and private

Perhaps the boldness with which crimes are committed at the present time may be illustrated by an attempt which was made on Monday to steal the small safe containing a large amount of money and articles used in evidence during the trial last week, from the ante-room of the Court, at Bridgeport. The thief was frustrated in his design how. plainting, who was killed on the 19th of August last, near the depot in West Phila-delphia. The plaintiffs were waiting for a train when the accident occurred. The the ante-room of the Court, at Bridgeport. The thief was frustrated in his design, how-ever, by a detective, who found the safe lodged in a position convenient for imme-diate removal. The person suspected of this transaction was seen about the Court previous to the finding of the safe but was subsequently lost sight of.—N. Y. Tribune. a train when the accident occurred. The defence set up that the plaintiffs were to blame for the accident, having gone upon a portion of defendants' premises, to which they had no right. On trial. SUPREME COURT-Chief Justice Wood-

warded the researches of Signor Augoni, one of the principal proprietors of the place, whose residence is situated precisely on what are considered to be the ruins of the what are considered to be the ruins of the Temple of Juno, In excavating a portion of this locality, more, perhaps, for the foun-dations of a new house than with any ex-pectation of treasure trove, Signor Augoni discovered some massive pilasters and arches of peperino stone, two chambers, one of which was adorned with mosaic pave-ment, and a quantity of architect ural and sculptural fragments, besides an interesting inscription indicating the resto-ration of the ancient theatre, But the most valuable discovery was that of a colossal

valuable discovery was that of a colossal statue of the Emperor Claudius, two metres

aged 11; James Daniels, aged 8. All of the above, with the exception of Mr. Roberts, the engineer, were in the boiler room. David Stevens and his two sons had factory, if, indeed, with the factory at all artment of + and were only in the boiler room for the purpose of warming themselves. The body of the old man was blown into the creek, and was not recovered until Saturday afternocn. P. H. Roberts sustained a fracture of the skull, and had both arms badly scalded, and is thought to be fatally injured. John Norris, it is thought, was fatally scalded as also Stevens and Daniels, as also Sievens and Dahlels. Nine persons up stairs were more or less severely injured by the flying bricks and falling timbers—among them Mr. Valden, Mr. Gale, Mrs. Gale and Miss Rosa Scott. And now as to the cause of the accident By those best able to judge, it is supposed to have occurred from some defect in the fire box of the boiler, which was very im-perfect. Or, it may have ensued from some defect or stoppage in the steam gauge, which probably indicated a much lighter pressure of steam than the boiler actually ustained. The damage to the building is about \$1,000; to the machinery, \$1,000. Several of the spinning frames were broken and knocked spinning frames were broken and knocked out of place up stairs, but they are old and comparatively valueless. Several narrow escapes were made by persons in the building. One woman was knocked through a partition, and sustained only a few scratches. Mr. Charles Robert-son narrowly escended being grupped but the being a few stratenes. Mr. Charles Robert-son nariowly escaped being crushed by two heavy beams. A heavy ball, weighing 150 pounds, used to guard the safety valve was blown up into the air, and in its descent, crushed through the roof, ceiling and floor of the building, and lodged in the basement.

wounded nine or ten others.

The Dead.-Charles Tatum, fireman, aged

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

## DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS.

Facts and Fancies. Carl Formes has joined Grau's opera-troupe, and has gone with them to Havana –for the Grouse season. Miss Harriet Martin

Miss Harriet Martineau is said to be the author of the tribute to Mr, W. L. Garrison, which lately appeared in the London News. The idea of putting a garrison to the noose

L Wm. Gravdeson, colored, was convicted of a charge of larceny as ballee. George Wilson pleaded guilty to a charge Mr. W. Eugene Thayer, the Massachu-setts organist, has given four concerts at Berlin. There! the Berlinese show Thayer

Hart has prepared another copy of his statue of Clay for the city of Louisville. The model was Clay, but the statue was marble.

A man, the son of a white man and a halfbreed mother, has recovered \$100 damages from the town authorities of Green, Illinois, charge of stealing a quantity of wearing George Briggs was acquitted of a charge for refusing his vote on the ground that he was an Indian. of larceny as bailee. Charles Sands, colored, was acquitted of a

"Lo: the poor Indian whose untatored mind Still knew enough to have the Green-les fined, And held, admitted to one equal sty. Greens, Reds and Blacks should vote in company, They kept him from the ballot-in a born-This was acknowledging the Indian corn."

This was acknowledging the Indian corn." The Boston Advertiser says: The state-ment that twelve hundred quails were cooked for the supper of the Sørenth Regi-ment Ball, will be taken as the quails would have been,—eum grano salis. All a mistake, you could not seize on those quails with a grain of salt. Come, Granny Sal is too slow for that! charge of larceny. Sent to the House of Refuge. Ramson Jones, colored, was convicted of

The Peak family of Bell-ringers are now performing in this city. These nine clever artists are not Swiss, however, but evidently belong to the Italian Peaks, known as the Appy-Nines."

"Appy-Nines," The most rapid passages are played by them on their silver bells, two hundred and forty in number, and their *prestissimo* is a

The peak uliarity of their music is its

peakancy. The tallest of the Peaks is distinguished by his snows, by which he is constituted the Head Centre of the family. Mrs. Peak is familiarly known as the

Beller.donna.

CAPTURE OF AN ALLEGED BANK ROB-CAPTURE OF AN ALLEGED BANK ROB-BER.—In August last a bank in one of the Northern counties of Ohio was broken into and robbed of some \$57,000, by three men who had already robbed a bank in Illinois of the sum of \$27,000. The Illinois bank has never recovered one cent of the money stolen from it, but after the robbery of the bank in Ohio two of the burglars were caught, and their share of the plunder of the bank recovered, and they are now suf-fering the penalty of their misdeeds in the penitentiary of that State. The other thief, who, by the way, was the leader of the gang, who, by the way, was the leader of the gang, was so adroit as to escape detection at the time. A few days ago, however, he was arrested in Charleston, S. C.

COST OF THE PHILADELPHIA NAVY YARD.—It appears from a communication sent to the House to-day, by the Secretary of the Treasury, that the total cost of the improvements and appurtenances of \$1,993,355. The land cost \$127,000 (twenty acres); improvements, including the dry docks, \$1,837,087, and ordnance building and magazine, \$34,267. The Secretary says it is impracticable to give the total expenditures at that point ever since it has been used as a Navy Yard. SALE OF GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS .--- The SALE OF GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.—The sale of government buildings at Camp Pa-role (near Annapolis), on the 1st of Feb-ruary, and at Annapolis, Md., on the 2d, under direction of Col, M. I. Ludington, Chief Quartermaster, Department of Wash-ington, realized as follows: Camp Parole, 85,418; Annapolis, \$3,743 50—total receipts, \$9,161 40. Seven buildings were turned over to the Freedmen's Bureau, and seven more of the buildings were retained as an addition to the hospital there. FATALLY WOUNDED.—Lient, Killion in FATALLY WOUNDED.-Lient. Killian, in command of a squad of soldiers sent out from Newbern to make an arrest of some desperadoes in Lenoir county, was shot down, and it is thought will not survive. These attemps to resist arrest are becoming quite common, and if they do not cease, the result will be very disastrous to our people. -Raleigh (N. C.) Progress, 31st. THE ICE CUTTERS are getting a fine crop The ICE CUTTERS are getting a fine crop-out of Wenham pond. The ice was never-better—not less than fourteen inches in thickness, clear as crystal and solid as granite. 150 men and 100 horses are em-ployed on Wenham pond. The Aroostook (Me.) Pioneer says that on Wednesday night last week a shingle camp upon the Tobique river, occupied by three men, was burnt. Two of themen lost their lives, and the third barely escaped, having bis clothing burnt entirely off his clothing burnt entirely off. BURNED TO DEATH.—Three sons of Ma-thias Reimer, of Salisbury, N. C., were burned to death in a "play house" they had built recently. Two other children escaped.

into the hands of Tristram, and planned so as to benefit by the gold themselves. Such a scheme has been most remarkably un-successful. The Adams Express Company appear fully determined to pursue the thieves until they are all caught and pun-ished, even if it should cost more than is recovered. They propose, in connection with this case, to make an investment for safety in the future to public and private

E John Brown convicted of a charge of steal-ing a lot of stockings. James Riley was convicted of a charge of burglary, and sentenced to six years in the Eastern Penitentiary. DISTRICT COURT — Judge Sharswood.— Martin Nugent and Nancy Nugent, his wife vs. The West Chester and Philadelphia Railroad Company. This was an action to recover damages for the loss of a child of plaintiffs, who was killed on the 19th of August last, near the depot in West Philaproperty. Perhaps the boldness with which crimes

Interesting Archæological Discoveries About Rome.

ward and Justices Thompson, Read and Agnew.—The Philadelphia list is still beore the court on third call. About Rome. A letter from Rome in an English journal says: "The little town of Civita Lavinia, built on the ruins of Lanuvium, has during the recent autumnal months amply re-TERRIBLE EXPLOSION-FOUR PERSONS KILLED-THIRTEEN WOUNDED.-On Frilay night, a terrible explosion occurred at the factory of the Merchants' Manufacturing Company, situated on Swift Creek, near Petersburg, Va., which did considerable damage to the walls and machinery of the building, killed four persons outright, fatally injured three or four and slightly wounded nine or ten others.

twenty-one; David Stevens, aged forty-two; Henry Franklin Stevens, aged nine; Wm.

Grubbs, aged twenty. Scriously Injured.-P. H. Roberts, engi-neer; John Norris, fireman; John Stevens,

and to be constructed, between March Chunk and Wilkesbarre, and branch roads connected therewith, and the franchise of the Company relating thereto. Apply to SOLOMON SHETHERD, Treasurer, dell-rptif 122 South Second street. CONCERT HALL-

CONVERT HABLET COURSE OF LECTURES EVENTS OF LECTURES SOCIAL, CIVIL and STATISTICAL ASSOCIATION. Feb. 5th-FREDERICK DOUGLASS. Subject-"The Assassination and its Lessons." Feb. 15th-WM LLOYD GARRISON. Feb. 22d-Gen. CARL SUHURZ. Subject-"The Prolem of the Day." March 15th-Mrs. F. E. W. HARPER Subject-"The Northon's Great upportunity." March 15-Hon. WM. H. DAY. March 15-Hon. WM. D. KELLEY. Miss E. T. GREENFIELD (The Black Swan), has kindly volunteered to farnish appropriate music on each erening. Tickets for Course, §1 50. Single tickets 55 cents. Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8. To be had at T. B. FUGH'S Book Store, Sixth and Chestnut. NOTICE HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIE

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8. To be had at T. B. PUGH'S Book Store, Sirth and the store of the second Concert of the Second will take place on FRIDAY EVENING, February 9. at MUSICAL FUND HALL. Subscribers will take no-tice that, in consequence of the PUBLIC REHFAR-BALL Start FUND HALL. Subscribers will take no-tice that, in consequence of the PUBLIC REHFAR-BALL taking place on FRIDAY AFTERMOON. the CONCERT will be on FRIDAY NIGHT: there-fore, all Subscribers' Ticksta dated Fep. 8. are to be used on Friday night. All subscribers will be do avoid the crowded house on Friday night can use their tics ets at the Rehearsal. The public will be do muted to the General Rehearsal on Thursday after-noon, Feb. 8; doors open at one cilox-lo commence at two cilock precisely. All members of the Society will be punctually on the platform before two colcok, and Concert to commence at 7%. As the Concert will be over before 10% colcok, it is requested that the andience will remain seated until the close. Librettas of the Orstorio, containing the Life of Mendelssohn and explanatory remarks, will be on sale at the Music Biores and at the Hall. Competent ushers will be in attendance to seat the andience. A limited number of Tickets will be on sale at the Music Biores and at the Hall. Competent ashers will be in attendance to seat the andience. A limited number of Tickets will be on sale at C. W. F. TRUMPLER'S, Chestnut, above Saventh, and at W. H. BONER'S, Chestnut, above Saventh, and at W. H. BONER'S, Chestnut, store the society by order of the Music Committee. 27 SOUTH FOURTH, STREET, PHILADEL FHIA, Feb. 5, 1855.

277 SOUTH FOURTH, STREET, PHILADEL PHIA, Feb. 5, 1866. To Dr. AOBERT E. ROGERS, Professor of Chemistry University of Pennsulvania:

To Dr. hostERT E. RogERS, Professor of Chemistry University of Pennsylvania: DEAR SIN: — A number of ladies and gentiemen, who instened with great pleasure and interest to the lecture delivered by you at the Academy of Music on the 17th ult. in aid of the "Soldiers' and Sallor's Home" of our city, have expressed a very earnest wish and hope that you would give another address, in continuation of the subjects brought forward by you on that occa-sion.

sion. The topics introduced by you are of so attractive nature, and of such educational interest; and yo

The topics introduced by you are of so attractive a nature, and of such educational interest, and your illustrations so masterly and elegant, that we do most earnestly desire a repetition of that most screeable evening's entertainment. Very respectively, Yours, ELLERSLIE WALLACE, President "Soldier's Home, #c." DEAE SIE: Your complimentary note of yesterday, is received. Permit. me to sav that it has given me great gratification to learn that the Locure which I had the pleasure of delivering on the Urth ult, for the benefit of the "Soldiers" home. Is pleas und the pleasure of delivering on the Sort of the Soldiers butting my small share to the good cause, is the plea-sure which I have had in being greeted by so large an auditory as that assembled on the above occasion, to witness the familiar exposition of some of Nature's truths. Li will give me pleasure to continue the solvert".

 truths.

 It will give me pleasure to continue the subject—"A.

 Glance at the World we Live in "--on the Evening of MONDAY, February 19,

 Wery respectfully yours,

 It

 ROBERT E. ROGERS,

SMUGGLING ON THE FLORIDA COAST.— The Commissioner of Customs at Washing-ton on Saturday received intelligence from an agent of the Treasury Department, sta-tioned on the coast of Florida, to the effect that the smugglers are very active in that locality. The agent, during the war, was in the navy and on blockade duty along that coast, and he states that most of the vessels now engaged in the smuggling business now engaged in the smuggling business were blockade runners. Recently a vessel was overhauled at Key West by the collector at that point, which was found to be heavily had not been baid, and the collector comladen with imported goods on which the com-had not been paid, and the collector com-pelled the master to pay duties on the cargo. The aggregate to \$2,300. The pelled the master to pay duties on the cargo, amounting in the aggregate to \$2,300. The Commissioner hassent down another officer, who was on blockade duty on that coast during the war, with a view to assist in bringing some of these offenders to justice.

THERE are four hundred and sevent-three.

- 13

taining the plot and the various incidents of the story with much skill, and weaving into it the best possible lessons of home-life, There is nothing startling or sensational in the book, but the interest of the narrative never flags and its denouement is pleasant and satisfactory. For sale by Askinead & Evans, Walker, Fuller, & Co., Boston, have pub

lished the fourth and last volume of their "Youth's History of the Rebellion," by W. M. Thayer. The third volume brought us down to the massacre at Fort Pillow, and the present one completes the record of the rebellion, with the capture of Jeff. Davis. The whole series forms a very accurate and lively narrative of the war, and will be very popular with our American juveniles For sale by Smith, English & Co.

## |Lottery Swindling.

As long as credulous people are ready to be swindled, there will be rogues ready to swindle them, and the public press is constantly called upon to expose the various processes by which ignorant and gullible people are relieved of their money. We publish below a letter received by a poor woman in this city, who has been fleeced out of ten dollars by the tempting bait of a prize in a lottery. We exposed a similar case a few months ago, which was detected in Pittsburgh. The letter, which is a carefully lithographed circular, and not a manu-

script, as it at first seems to be, explains itself. It is accompanied by the ticket referred to, and a circular purporting to be the official catalogue of prizes drawn, including, of course, the number of the ticket with which the hook is baited. The poor woman, whose address had been obtained by some of the accomplices in the scheme. remitted her ten dollars, and of course, that is the last she has heard of her investment,

The publication of the case may possibly saye others from similar losses.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE OF THE MUTUAL PROTECTIVE UNION, HARVARD, N. H., January 17, 1866.—You will see by the Cat-alogue that the ticket you hold has drawn a prize of \$200.

If you will tell no one, and follow my instructions, you can obtain a part, or the whole of the Prize.

This money does not come out of my "Ints money does not come out of my pocket, nor even pass through my hands, but comes to you directfrom the Treasurer's Office; but I shall expect you to show your "Greenbacks" to your friends, and sell all the tickets you can for me in future distri-butions, as all the benefit I derive is a com-mission upon all tickets sold through my mission upon all tickets sold through my

office, To obtain this Prize Money, you must have a Receipt from the Trustees, to show that your ticket has *been paid for*. To get one, write me a letter dated TO-DAY, and enclose \$10 for one half, or \$20 for the whole. being sure to state in your letter the number of each Treasury note or Bank bill you send; also, to write. your name, yourself, upon one corner of the back of each to avoid suspicion, and prevent the return of your money and order dishonored by the Trustees.

Be very careful what you write, as I have to open all letters I receive before the Board of Trustees, and they finding the DATE or YOUR LETTER and money correct, will send you a receipt that will secure to you the money your ticket has drawn. As soon as you receive the Trustees' re-

money order offices in the Post Office De- ceipt you will forward your ticket to the partment of the United States. treasurer and tell him to what express public debt.

exempt-introducing a large element of in-equality. The real and personal property in the United States is estimated at \$18,000,000,000, of which \$2,500,000,000 Pare Government securities, and not Pare Government securities, and not taxable by State authority. The fact of this exemption causes irritation everywhere, which may be removed by a tax levied by Cougress. Moreover, the operation of the indirect taxation of the internal revenue system and the tariff, is not adjusted ac-cording to the ability of the tax percent system and the tanin, 18 not adjusted ac-cording to the ability of the tax payers or the value of the property taxed, but in-versely. Hence the necessity for a modifi-cation of these systems. The revenue system should not be abandoned at once, but modified and ameliorated to the greatest possible extent. But in the end the whole possible extent. But in the end the whole system should give place to a better; viz: direct taxation on the assessed valuation of property throughout the United States. The Constitution forbids this, requiring

direct taxes to be laid in proportion to num-bers; and an amendment of the Constitution, to as to allow taxation in proportion to property, is therefore advocated. That being done, all indirect taxation should be swept away, and direct taxation substituted. A moderate excise on one or two articles, and a moderate tariff, purely for revenue, might be continued for a term of years, yielding \$159,000,000 per annum, in adyielding \$150,000,000 per annum, in ad-dition to which a direct tax of 1 per cent. would yield, with the others \$320,000,000—enough to pay all interest and expenses, and add \$50,000,000 a year to the inking fund. "A general system of indirect taxation, on as large a scale as ours, will either be abandoned for a better, or it will reduce the masses to pauperism and dependence, and build up a moneyed aris-tocracy, who will obtain and keep control of, the politics and Government of the The ultra result will be revocountry. bilion, or the loss by the people of the right of suffrage, and the overthrow of republican institutions."

The argument is summed up as follows: 1. Our debt is not excessively large com-pared with our means of payment. The interest paid is unreasonable and extrava-

2. For want of further taxes upon the property in the public securities, the most glaring and tremendous inequality and inglaring and tremendous inequality and in-justice exist, to the advantage of a special class, who hold free of public burdens one-sixth of the whole of the property in the United States, and to the injury and irritation of nearly all the tax-payers and voters in the country, who have the power to obtain justice through the ballot-box, and will Justice through the Danot DOX, and will bave the opportunity of using that power in less than three years. A tax of about 1 per cent. on the property in those securities would equalize, to a satisfactory extent, the entire present amount of taxation on the

accumulations, the real and personal estate of all property owners. 3. There is no contract, moral obligations, or law, which forbids the imposition of that tax.

4. It is required by other considerations of 4. It is required by other considerations of public policy of the most weighty character. To the objection that the proposed tax would impair the public credit, it is replied that it would strengthen it by removing doubts as to the length of time during which the people will submit to unequal taxation, and by making the debt no longer a source of irritation, prejudice and hatred, because its owners are a privileged class. The testits owners are a privileged class. The testi-mony of various persons is adduced in supmony of various persons is adduced in sup-port of the proposition to tax, and a form of bill is submitted, levying a tax on the in-come derived from United States securities, and owned at the time of the passage of the act, by any person residing in the United States, or by any citizen of the United States residing abroad, equal to one per cent. of the principal of the said securities or indebted-mess, the proceeds thereof to be held and ap-plied as a trust fund for the payment of the public debt.

base, which is fourteen centimetres high The figure is upright, resting on the right leg, and is draped with a great cloak, which, falling over the left shoulder, leaves centimetres high without the which, falling over the left shoulder, leaves the breast maked. Its dignified position well suits the type of Jove, under whose at-tributes the Emperor is represented, with a crown of oak leaves on his head and the eagle at his feet. The hands, which, with the arms, a portion of the drapery, and the upper part of the eagle, are unfortunately missing, undoubtedly held some emblems of the power of the father of the gods. "The statue appears to have been an-

"The statue appears to have been an-ciently restored, but it was never completely inished behind, from which circumstan it is to be inferred that it originally occupied a niche, as the front parts are worked to perfection. The features especially are transcribed with marvelous accuracy and fidelity, and serve by their expression to confirm all that ancient historians have transmitted to us respecting the stupidity of the Emperor Claudius, or whom a more faithful portrait cannot be found in any of

the sculpture galleries of Rome," The same correspondent writes: "The Appian Way has again been exca-

"The Appian Way has again been exca-vated at the spot known as Santa Maria Nuova; at the expense of Count Michael Tieskiewicz, who has been rewarded by the discovery of a draped statue of considerable merit. In uncovering a tomb, interesting on account of its interior distribution, a mosaic pavement was revealed represent. mosaic pavement was revealed represen mosaic pavement was revealed represent-ing a very uncommon subject, that of a skeleton reclining on a couch, with the inscription, in Greek letters, which Socrates formerly observed on the facade of the temple of Apollo at Delphos, *Gnothi ecauton*, and said was the most valuable instruction he had obtained from that oracle. Near the same spot colored hat oracle. Near the same spot colossal fragments of architectural ornaments, supposed to have belonged to a splendid tomb of the Antonine period, have been brough to light, as well as a quantity of objects of, minor interest. Count Tieskiewicz is not desirous of profiling personally by the re-searches, as he has already expressed his intention of offering his mosaic to one of the public museums at Rome, and of plac-

ing the large fragments of frieze, &c., as ornaments to the Via Appia. The Count some time ago made important researches and purchases in Egypt, and the objects he collected at that period are now in the gallery of the Louvre at Paris,"

From Montana. Captain Nicholas Wall arrived in the city

Friday, from Virginia City, Montana Terri-tory, which place he left on the 6th of Jantory, which place he left on the 6th of Jan-uary. As he came by way of Salt Lake City, Denver, Atchison and St. Joseph, the time allowed himself shows that he did not loiter by the way. He brings with him some specimens of the products of that Ter-ritory in the shore of the red wind ritory, in the shape of rich gold-veined quartz and nuggets of nearly pure gold

one of which weighs twelve ounces, and is valued at \$216. He brings also favorable accounts of the prospects in the mining region of Montana. Montana abounds in gulch or placer diggings. These extend from the Grasshopper diggings at Bannock City to near the mouth Digings at Bannock City to near the mouth of Sun river, comprising Alder creek, at Virginia City, Helena and Blackfoot, with their numerous gnlches and Confederate on the Missouri river. These have all proved very rich. So far as explored, the quarts rock yields finely, and many mills will be in operation this year.

its best days. It has already got such a reputation in California that miners are flocking to it from that State in large numthoesing to it from that State in large num-bers. There are now 20,000 people in the Territory, and great additions will be made to this number the present season. Virginia City has a population of 5,000.—St. Louis Republican, Feb. 4.

ASSASSINATION OF AN OFFICER IN MIS-SISSIPPI.-The Nashville Press and Times of Tuesday last contains the following: "A gentleman who has just returned from Pontotoc, Miss., states that a few nights since the Agent of the Freedmen's Bureau at that place was murdered in cold blood, while sleeping in his bed, by a party of rebels. His body was riddled by bullets in the most shocking manner. The people at Pontotoe hated the Bureau intensely for interfering hated the Bureau intensely for interfering, with them in exercising control over their slaves, and are heartily glad over the sum-mary method in which its agent has been dismissed from service. We are informed that the people of Mississippi generallysym-pathize with them in their hatred of the Bu-reau and snak of the Vederal Community pathize with them in their harted of the Date reau, and speak of the Federal Government as a despotism, to which they must yield,

for the present, from necessity, and not from inclination. Union men are compelled to be as silent and cautious as they were in be as shent and cautious as they were in 1861, and look as if they were the subju-gated party. The secessionists treat them with contempt, and speak of them on all occasions as "traitors to the South,"

INJURY TO A PHILADELPHIAN,-Last INJURY TO A PHILADELPHIAN, -Last Friday evening, on the arrival of the down train at Bridgeport, Ohio, it having stopped a short distance above the depot, where the trestle work is very high, a Mr. D. A. Stet-ser, of Philadelphia, evidently thinking that the train had arrived at the depot, stepped off the train and fell to the ground, about twenty feet below. He was picked up badly injured and insensible, and taken to the La Belle House. where he has been kindly Belle House, where he has been kindly cared for. It was not known until yester lay who the unfortunate man was, when his name was discovered by accident. He is thought to be a merchant. His recovery is considered extremely doubtful,-Pittsburgh Despatch.

THE Concord Statesman learns that the wife of Rev. Samuel H. Riddle, of Tam-worth, N. H., committed suicide on Sunday last, by hanging herself with a skein of yarn, ar the state THE Gloucester, Mass., Avertiser says the Georges fleet will number two hundred vessels this season, which is twice as many as were engaged, in the same fishing last MABINE BULLETIN.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-FRBRUARY 7. Se Marine Bulletin on Third Page.

ARRIVED THIS DAV Steamer Millville, Renear, from N. York, with mdse to Whithall, Tatum & Co. Schr Deborah Jones, Tatem, from Lynn, in ballast to cantain

to captain. Schr Ira B, Monroe, from Chincoteague. Schr J B Rabbins, Mead, from Chincoteague. Schr Phältom. Stebbins, from Chincoteague. Schr Two Bröthers, Johnson, from Chidotea

OLEARND THIS DAY. Steamer Millville, Benear, Millville, Whitall, Tatum

MEMORANDA. Crowell, cleared at Boston yesterday Steamer Aries, Croy

MEMORANDA. MSteamer Aries, Crowell, Cleared at Boston yesterday for this port. Steamship Virginia (Br), Prowse, at New York yes-terday from Liverpool 18th, via Queenstown 18th uit, has 352 passengers. Had very heavy weisterly gales the whole passage, with heavy head yes, Jan 31, lat 33 so, lon 55 is, saw steamer Germania, from New York for Hamburg; same day. 9 PM, ik3, lon 18, saw Steamer The Queen, do for Liver pool. Steamer Marmion, Warsaw, from New York, at New Orleans yeat rday. Bark Ocean Steed, Film, hence for Genca, had com-pleted repairs at Bermuda 24th uit, and would sail in a few days. Bark Helena (Br), Miegray, do days from Algoa Bay, with wool, at New York yesterday. Dec 29, lat 18 for Boston. Schr May, Murray, hence for St John, NB. was dis-charging cargo at Bermuda 24th uit.-was leaking schr May, Murray, hence for Providence, at Newport th inst. Schr May, Morray, weeks, cleared at Wilmington.

Schr H W Godfrey, Weeks, cleared at Wilmington, Schr H W Godfrey, Weeks, cleared at Wilmington, NC. 2d inst. for New York.

MARINE MISCELLANY. MARINE MISCELLANY. Schr Edwin Reed, from acoal port, is one of the ves-sels overdue at Boston. She parsed down Vineyard school of the vestige of Jan 8, and fears are en-tertained for her safety. Advices received from the American Consul at Jo-remiestate that the bark Civilian. wrecked at that port r n the 6th ult, is with the cargo a total loss. The master, Chas F Cumingham, died on the 14th from fever, occasioned by exposure on the wreck. It is also-stated that a French brig. laden with coffee, was wrecked during the late gale.

At Bermuda 24th pit ship Mary Whitridge, Cressey, FOREIGN PORTS. At Bermuda 24th pit ship Mary Whitridge, Cressey, from Antwerp tor New York, witg orders before dige [is leaking badly]; bark Gipsey (Br), Grant, from Bal-timore for Beliast, I disg (is leaking, and wants an entire suit of sails and set of spors); Leboranus (Br), Raymond, from Marsellies for New York, to sail in s-few days, having, completed repairs, Jaiman, Swan, from Rotterdam for N York, reps; Palo Alto, Wylle, mom Rotterdam for N York, reps; Palo Alto, Wylle, from Galveston Jor. Liverpool, Te-loading, to call in s-few days; and others.

in operation this year.

With its placer and quartz deposits, there is every prospect that Montana will prove productive in gold as ever California was in