

From our Third Edition of Yesterday.

From Washington. (Continued from the Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1, 1866.—The bill introduced by Representative Morrill, from the Committee of Ways and Means, to-day, provides as follows: First—That the act entitled an act to provide ways and means to support the Government, approved March 3, 1865, shall be extended and construed to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, at his discretion, to receive Treasury notes, or other obligations issued under any act of Congress, whether bearing interest or not in exchange for any description of bonds authorized by the act to which this is an amendment, and also to dispose of any description of bonds authorized by said act either in the States or elsewhere, at such amount, in such manner and at such rates as he may think advisable for lawful money of the United States, or for any treasury notes, certificates of indebtedness or certificates of deposit or other representations of value which have been issued which may be issued under any act of Congress. The proceeds thereof to be used only for retiring Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of Congress; but nothing herein contained shall have the effect to authorize any increase of the public debt. Provided, That the bonds which may be disposed of elsewhere than in the United States may be made in any coin or currency of the country in which they are made payable, but shall not bear a rate of interest exceeding 5 per centum per annum; and provided further, that the act to which this is an amendment shall continue in full force in all its provisions, except as modified by this act.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Redemption Bureau of the Treasury Department, have just discovered a gross error in the report on the amount of the new, twenty-five cent currency. The Ways and Means Committee have instructed Mr. Sherman to report, to-day, a new financial bill. General Grant, Sherman, Thomas and Meade have had under consideration for the last two days the Senate bill for increasing the army. They have recommended some important changes. They are opposed to allowing the Veteran Reserves to be incorporated in the regular army. The arguments in favor of the bill, as presented by the Committee on the Air Line road to New York against this scheme were most convincing. The committee, however, are determined to report a bill.

SENATE.—Mr. Fessenden (Me.) said he would ask the Senate to take up the Constitutional amendment, passed yesterday, by the House, on Monday morning, and endeavor to keep it before the public until it was passed. There were a number of Legislatures now in session, he said, and it was desirable to get the amendment before them at an early date.

Mr. Howard (Mich.) called up the resolution recommending the trial of Jefferson Davis and Clement C. Clay, by Military Commission, for complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln, and for a violation of the rules and usages of war. Mr. Howard offered an amendment so as to include others acting in concert with Davis and Clay, and spoke at length in favor of the proposition.

HOUSE.—Mr. Morrill (Me.) reported a bill amendatory of the law of March 3, 1865, providing the ways and means of carrying out the Government's policy in regard to the Mr. Morrill, in reply to a question of Mr. Stevens (Pa.), said the Committee on Ways and Means had not yet reported on the bill of the Treasury Commission, and therefore had not considered the proposition to reduce the tax on whisky to a dollar per gallon.

LATER NEWS FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Africa. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 1.—The steamship Africa has arrived here with Liverpool cargo of Jan. 20, via Queenstown Jan. 21. The steamship Saxonia arrived out on the 10th. The steamship Australian arrived at Queenstown on the 20th. The steamship Marathon arrived at Liverpool on the 21st. The Paris Presse asserts that Napoleon sent a message to Mexico to arrange for the speedy return of the French troops. The search is still being made in Ireland for Stephens.

Commercial Intelligence. LIVERPOOL, January 30th. Cotton opened heavy and steady, but subsequently rallied and recovered the decline on middlings; sales of the week 57,000 and on Friday 10,000 bales, the market closing firm. Breadstuffs quiet but strong, except for corn which has a declining tendency. Provisions quiet and steady.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Consols closed on Friday at 92 1/2. Five-twelves 66 3/4; Erie Railroad 57 1/2; Illinois Central, 70 1/2; The Bullion in the Bank increased 414,000. The Lancers. LIVERPOOL, Saturday.—Cotton unchanged; sales of 10,000 bales, to-day. Breadstuffs quiet, but steady. Provisions steady.

LONDON, Saturday.—Consols 87 3/4; Five-twelves, 65 1/2; Erie shares, 57 1/2; Illinois Central, 70 1/2. The Latest from Queenstown. The Australian, it seems, did not call at Queenstown, owing to a strong gale and heavy sea, and reached Liverpool after 2 o'clock on Saturday. Her news did not transpire till after business hours.

The London Observer says Gladstone will dispose of the surplus revenue by removing a number of small articles from the tariff, and by a modification of the sugar duties. Advice from Spain say that Gen. Prim remains between Andalusia and the Portuguese frontier.

The Globe says it is doubtful whether the interest of the Mexican debt can be paid. The funds in Europe are totally exhausted and it is impossible to determine its future policy. There are some situations in which it seems equally impossible to advance or retreat. The Emperor, however, may persuade himself that he must either advance or retreat; it is impossible to do both, as so many people would willingly do, and it is equally impossible to stand still. If he retreat he exposes himself to the imputation of failure, and must run the risk of the disfavor which the French are very apt to feel toward anything like want of military success, but he may be repaid from considerable expense, would mitigate some domestic opposition, and would appease the American people. If he persists, he must be prepared for growing embarrassments and must have American sentiment. We are not inclined to reckon this last danger so threatening as it is sometimes assumed to be. American officials must of course, respect the establishment of an empire in Mexico; it is opposed to every tradition of American policy, and it is the simple duty to protest against it. American politicians and writers must and will declaim against it, were it only because a little bluster against Maximilian is such an

CITY BULLETIN.

THE GERMANTOWN MURDER.

Trial of Christian Berger.

On the 21st inst. Judge Allison and Ludlow, of the Court of Sessions, presided over the trial of Christian Berger, charged with the murder of Mrs. MARY L. WATTS, which occurred on the 21st inst. The trial was held in the Court room, and was attended by a large number of spectators. The evidence was taken in the following order: First, the examination of the body of the deceased, which was conducted by the coroner, and resulted in the discovery of a wound on the back of the head, which was caused by a blow from a blunt instrument. The wound was found to be a laceration of the skull, and the brain was found to be compressed. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the case was committed to the Court for trial.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

Witnesses.—The blood corpuscles contained in every vessel with those of human blood this is the case, and the blood of the deceased was found to be of the same nature as that of the accused. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased. The blood of the accused was found to be of the same nature as that of the deceased.

essy escape from the discussions of delicate domestic problems. But were he to withdraw his support, it is most probable that the Emperor Maximilian would soon return to Europe, and the Emperor Napoleon would have to acknowledge that a scheme upon which he had lavished thousands of French lives, and millions of French money had ignominiously failed, and that the French had been compelled to recede from before a contemptible enemy. It is a most painful dilemma.

United States Mint Statement. We are attached to the following statement of Deposits and Collections of the United States Mint, for the month of January, 1866:

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

Table with columns: Description, Amount. Includes Gold Deposits, Silver Deposits, Total Deposits, and various coinage items like Double Eagles, Eagles, etc.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WATER RENTS.—Water rents will be received by the Water Commissioners on the 1st inst. without delay. Agents and others having a large amount of water rents to pay, will do so by the 1st inst. by order of the Board.

NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of the Big MOUNTAIN RAILROAD COMPANY will be held on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the office of the Secretary, No. 22 Walnut Street.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the office of the Secretary, No. 22 Walnut Street.

OFFICE OF THE BRANDON ISLAND COAL COMPANY, Room 18, 64 Walnut Street. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WOLF CREEK DIAMOND COAL COMPANY, Philadelphia, January 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE DIVISION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the "GILSON OIL COMPANY" of Philadelphia will be held at 11 o'clock, A. M., on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at the office of the Secretary, No. 22 Walnut Street.

OFFICE OF THE WEST CHESTER AND PHILADELPHIA COAL COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE NORTHWESTERN COAL COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE CRESCENT CITY OIL COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE MOUNTAIN IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE UNION CANAL COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE MINING COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE ROCK MOUNTAIN COAL COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE LOUDEST MOUNTAIN COAL AND IRON COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WINSLOW PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE CATAWISSA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WYATT WALKER COMPANY, No. 22 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 27, 1866. The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, February 27, 1866, at 12 o'clock.

INSURANCE.

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY, INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1852. OFFICE 5 E. CORNER OF WALNUT AND WALNUT STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

ISLAND INSURANCE COMPANY, INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA, 1852. OFFICE 5 E. CORNER OF WALNUT AND WALNUT STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

ASSETS OF THE COMPANY, November 1, 1865. \$100,000 Titled State per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2% 12,000 U.S. Bonds per cent. 7 1/2%

INSURANCE.

GIBARD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE 5 E. CORNER OF WALNUT AND WALNUT STREETS, PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL PAID UP, IN CASH, \$200,000.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will remain as follows: 415 WALNUT STREET.

Losses by fire have been promptly paid, and more than \$500,000. Debited on this account within the past year for the present loss of the company will