Baile Cheming Bulletin

GIBSON PEACOCK. Editor.

VOLUME XIX.---NO. 247.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

F. L. FETHERSTON. Publisher.

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1866.

EVENING BULLETIN. PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.

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PROPRIETORS. GIBSON PEACOCK, CASPER SOUDER, Jr., P. L. FETHERSTON, ERNEST C. WALLACE. THOMAS J. WILLIAMSON. The Bulletin is served to subscribers in the city at 18 cents per week, payable to the carriers, or \$8 00 per

MARRIED. HUNT-HUGG_On the 21st ult., by the Rev. S. Vansant, H. F. Hunt, M. D., to Miss Theresa Hugg. all of Camden, N. J.

DIED.

BARGLAY—Entered into rest, Dec. 7th, 1855, at sea, anear Elo de Janeiro, John O'Connor Barclay, M. D., Surgeon U. S. Navy, aged 50 years.

CAMKRON—On the 31st uit... Alfred Kay, son of Angus and the late Josephine Cameron, aged six months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, 2127 Jefferson street, on Friday, Feb. 2, at 3 o'clock salesphine the morning of Jan. 31st, James Crowell, in the 79th year of his age.

His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 224 sprace street. Services at the Church on Washington Square, at 3 o'clock.

FUGUET—On the 25th instant, at the residence of her brother, Stephen Fuguet, 1823 Arch street, Mrs. Rita Fuguet Guillon.

HULL—On the morning of the 30th of Jan., Amos M. Hull, in the 45th year of his age.

The relatives and friends, and Paradise Lodge, No. 125, I. O. O.F., are affectionately invited to actend the funeral from his late residence, No. 420 North Eighth street, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock.

KILLION—Jannary 31st, Francis Killion.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, Henry Crilly, No. 1315 Marshall street, at \$4.0 clock on Saturday morning. To proceed to \$4.0 c o'clock. STALEY-On the evening of January 31st, Andrew Staley.

The male relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from No. 1430 Chestnut street, on Monday morning, the 5th instant, at ten o'clock.

WHITE MOREENS FOR SKIRTS.

Green Watered Moreens.
64 and 54 Green Balze,
White Cloth for Sacks.
White Etening Silks.
EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth and Arch.

SPECIAL NOTICES. HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 1520 Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Med-atment and medicines farnished gratuitonals

A SPECIAL MERTING of the Stockholders
of the POURING BOCK AND EAST SANDY
COMPANY, will be held at all Walnut street,
URSDAY, February 8th, at 12 M.
order of the Board.

S. S. WALLIHAN, Secretary and Treasu OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE DIVISION CANAL COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA, NO. 303 WALNUT street, PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31, 1855. The Board of Managers have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT, on the Capital Stock of the Company, clear of State and National Tax, payable on and after February 15th, next. The Transfer Books will be closed until February 22d. fel-131* CHAS. C. LONGSTRETH, Treasurer.

OPENING OF THE NEW ORGAN, BUILT by John Roberts, of the UNION M. E. CHURCH, FOURTH Street ARCH,

THURSDAY EVENING, February I.
The following organists will perform on the occasion:
MR. D. D. WOOD, MR. S. S. DOYLE and MRS. E.
MACK. MACK.
The vocal arrangements are very superior.
Tickets 50 cents. No. 56 North Fourth street, or a she door.

ja7-s.tu.w,th,ti,rp*

TICKEES SO CEBIE. NO. 56 North Fourth street, or at the door.

1827-41.U.W.th.4t,rp*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON,
NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Treasurer of the United States, the Assistant Treasurers at New York, Philadelphia and Boston, and the designated Depositatives at Baltimore and Cincinnati, have been instracted to discontinue, on and after the FIRST or February next ensuing, receiving deposits for temporary-loan at six per cent interest.

They have been instructed to receive such deposits in lawful money, on and after that date, at FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST, payable on ten days notice, after thirty days from date of deposit.

H. McCULLOCH, fel-3t rp?

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, Documber 21st, 1855.

IN SUMS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,

The Loan of this Company, due April 1st, 1884, interest payable quarterly, at the rate of six per cent. per annum. annum.
This Loan is secured by a mortgage on all the Company's Coal Lands, Canais, and Slackwater Navigation in the Lehigh river, and all their Railroads, constructed and to be constructed, between Mauch Chunk and Wilkesbarre, and branch roads connected therewith and the franchise of the Company relating thereto.

Apply to SOLOMON SHEWHERD, Treasurer, de21-rpt7

123 South Second street.

THE GHESTNUT.—Those who drop in a the Chestnut several times during the week are amused to see the audience laughing, crying and applanding at the same point of "Arrah Na-Pogne" each evening. The joys and sorrows of Shaun and Arrah; the jolly gentlemanliness of The O'Grady; the stealthy malignity of Michael Feeny; the impetuousness and perplexities of Fanny Power; the hilarious dancing of the large-capped peasant (played by Mrs. Mordaunt) with her male antagonist, all make up a strain of varied emotion which keeps drama popular and makes glad the heart of the treasurer and the manager. The farce of "My Wife's Maid" closes the entertainment on each evening, Messrs. Lennox, Ward and Miss Annie Ward appearing in the cast.

THE WALNUT,-Clarke's engagement continues to be a real triumph. This evening the bill comprises no less than four pieces, while for his benefit to-morrow night Clarke appears in "She Stoops to Con-quer," "He's Jack Sheppard" and "The Practical Man." The humor and grotesque while for his benefit to-morrow physical aspect of Clarke when on the stage ms to become more comical every day, and his admirers never seem to tire of them. THE ARCH.-Miss/ Hosmer presented herself as Parthenia, in "Inngomar the Barbarian," last evening, to a fashionable audience. The drama, as our readers know, is so graceful that it almost "plays itself," though we were glad to see the "points" made by Miss Hosmer. Her personation was quite uneven, and as we have said of her acting of another part, lacked tender ness and mellowness. Where tragic emotion was called for in its strength she showed it, but where playfulness, ease and quietness were demanded she was lacking. Still, the drama passed off pleasantly and the audience went away exclaiming with the hero ence went away exclaiming with the hero and heroine the the two lines of the piece which are best remembered. Ingomar is one of Mr. Tilton's strongest characters. He dresses it well and acts it with care and discrimination, as those who have seen it are aware. Mr. Mackay played Myron better than we ever saw it done, and Mr. better than we ever saw it done, and Mr. Wallis's Polydor was, as it always is, admirable. This evening Miss Hosmer appears in "The Stranger," and "Turn Him Out" will also be given. For her benefit, to-morrow, Miss Hosmer appears in "Ion," and on Saturday her very successful enand on Saturday her very successful en-

THE AMERICAN is doing a large business,

Wallett, the clown, having made his mark. THE PEAK FAMILY are ringing their two hundred and fifty bells, and giving other fine music, at Assembly Building.

BLITZ may be regarded as conquering and to conquer, each evening, and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. PEOPLE'S THEATRE. - Manager McKeor opens his new theatre, on Callowhill street, below Fifth, on Saturday Evening. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be presented in popular style, as will be seen by the adver-

AMUSEMENT RECEIPTS.-We have already corrected a clerical error in our announcement of the receipts of the various places of amusement in this city for 1865. A correspondent ("M.") sends us the follow-A correspondent ("M.") sends us the following comparison of the receipts of each establishment, which he vouches for as correct:

Receipts. Tax.**

Chestnut St. Theatre, \$165,058 \$3,321 16

This establishment was open the entire year, and gave a matinee each Saturday, making seven performances each week.

Arch St. Theatre, . . \$158,867 \$3,178 24 This Theatre was occupied by a minstrel band during the month of July and five days in August, and was then closed four

Walnut St. Theatre, \$94,390 \$1,887 50 This does not include the months of February, June, July and three weeks of August, the Theatre being closed during the latter period for alterations.

Receipts. Carneross & Dixie, . . . 54,637 1,092 74 Academy of Music, . . . 55,119 1,102 38

A Visit to the 'Little Wanderer's Home." To the Editors of the Evening Bulletin:-GENTLEMEN: From the frequent notices and appeals made through the columns of the Bulletin, calling the attention of the public to the "Little Wanderer's Home," in South street, above Eighth, I was induced (from the many expressions of doubt and distrust so frequently applied to this as well as other charitable institutions) to visit this nstitution and learn, if possible, if the pubished reports of want, misery and destitution in the lower portion of the city were realities or fancies of the mind, drawn to create sympathy for the poorer classes, realizing to the authors undue merit, and resulting only in notoriety and praise ambitious philanthropists; suspicions that are often expressed by a class of people who are never prepared or anxious to extend a helping hand, but ever ready to create doubts in the minds of the really be-On visiting the "Home" a few days since,

On visiting the "Home" a few days since, I was greeted and warmly welcomed by Mr. Siegfried, the Superintendent. After many inquiries and questions in reference to the purposes and designs of himself and those who are laboring with him, I learned that their purpose during the present winter was principally to feed and clothe destitute women and children, and also give to the little ones shelter, lodging and schooling. But, that they designed, with the aid of a generous and Christian people, to build and esrous and Christian people, to build and es-tablish, if possible, a permanent "Home" in this city, for the support, education, and moral training of outcast and destitute children—taking them from the haunts of idleness, crime and degradation, and restoring them to society, virtue, and industry. I also received every assurance and evidence of the truthfulness of the statements made in the newspapers; and, it is only necessary for any one who doubts the truth of those statements, to accompany the Superinten dent on a tour through the purlieus of Baker Bedford, Spafford and other kindred streets

to be fully convinced of the realities.

I was then shown through the building now occupied by the "Home." In the real of the office, on the first floor, is a large room, which serves the double purpose of dining, and washing and ironing room. Or the second floor is the school room, which was at the time occupied by from fifty to sixty children, with two or three lady teachers engaged in their instruction in the various primary lessons. The majority of the children were intelligent-looking and interesting and all clean and neatly clad. In the rear of the sehool room is a fine, large play-room for the recreation of the children. The third-story is entirely occupied as sleeping apartments, with clean, comfortable beds.

A semi-monthly newspaper called the Evangelist, is published at the "Home," and edited by the Rev. Mr. Siegfried; it contains. many truthful parratives as well as receipts all donations made to the "Home. Mr. Siegfried assured me that every appeal thus far has been generously and nobly re sponded to by a sympathizing and Christian people; and hundreds of almost naked and starving women and children and starving women and children have been clothed and fed by their bounty and every assurance is given that they will continue to respond and maintain their well merited good name for charity and benevo-Yes! give, you that have "enough and to spare."

"Whosoever shall give to one of these little ones a cup of cold water, &c., shall in no wise lose his reward."—Mat. x. 42. You will in the future receive the bless ings of many who are now "Little Wan-Thousands will also bless the

Strike Among Rolling Mill Workmen, at Pittsburgh.

[From the Pittsburgh Despatch of Wednesday].

Yesterday the fires were put out and work ceased in all rolling mills, excepting perhaps that of Lyon, Shorb & Co., and one other. This resulted from a "strike" among the employes, occasioned by the employers having materially reduced the wages of their hands. The mechanics and laborers claim that over the transfer of the control of the claim that, even at the rates for which they have been hitherto working, they can barely manage to make a living, and that the present is an inauspicious time to reduce their wages, as rents are going up at a fearful rate, while nearly all of the necessaries of its are sold at ways high prices. They ries of life are sold at very high prices. They further maintain their ability to "stand out" for an indefinite period, and hold that the employers will eventually be forced to come to terms. Upon the other hand, the employers state that to continue paying the high rates demanded would be simply ruinous, and that they would make

more money by shutting up their works than by running them at old prices. The market is well stocked with iron, and they market is well stocked with iron, and they say it is utter folly on the part of the employes to attempt to coerce them into the payment of higher wages than the rates recently agreed upon, which is as follows: For Rolling, \$7 00 per ton of 2,240; Bar Mill Rolling, \$4 00 per ton of 2,240; Bar Mill Heating, \$1 00 per ton of 2,240; Guide Mill Rolling—To take off last advance leaving the \$4 00 list at the present price leaving the \$4 00 list at the present price Muck Rolling, 80 cents per ton of 2,240 Sheet Rolling, 20 per cent, reduction; Plate No. 10 and heavier, \$5 621 per ton of 2,240

Roll Turning, 20 per cent. reduction; Rolling Nail Plate, 80 cents for 20 kegs; Cutting Nails—take off last advance. The diffi, culty, as it stands, is a most important oneand whichsoever side comes out best, both employers and employes are certain to suffer more or less by the strike.

THE FENIANS.

Dublin, Tipperary and Waterford Proclaimed Under the Arms Act---Extraordinary Precautions in London --- The Custom House and Government Offices Under Double Guard--The Great Dock Fire Believed to Have Been the Work of a Fenian--Progress of the Trials, &c.

From the London News, Jan. 18.]
A supplement to the Dublin Gazette, pub lished on Saturday evening, contains notices proclaiming the county and city of Dublin, the county of Tipperary and the county and city of Waterford. The proclamations were posted throughout the city on Tuesday, but were not long up (says the Dublin Express) until they were torn and defaced by having pieces of green paper pasted over the word "Queen," making the last sentence read "God save the Green." Among those which were torn down was one which had been posted at the City Hall, which, we need hardly remind our readers, is in the immediate vicinity of the Castle, and next door to the head police office. Notwithstanding the large force of police promeneding the streets are force of police. promenading the streets, we have not heard of an instance in which the persons who committed these outrages have been arrested. The effect of these proclamations is, that from to-day in Dublin, and the 17th in Tipperary and Waterford, it becomes a misdemeanor, punishable by two process. misdemeanor, punishable by two years imprisonment, with or without hard labor for any person to carry or have, except in his dwelling house, arms or ammunition of any description in any of the proclaimed districts. districts. Officers in the various branches districts. Officers in the various branches of her Majesty's service, special constables, and the holders of game certificates, are specially excepted from the provisions of the act. Offenders are liable to be apprehended by any person and delivered into the custody of the police, and the magistrates or the rolice are empowered to search trates or the police are empowered to search

suspected persons,
The Freedman's Journat of yesterday says: "Soon after the proclamation had been published anxious groups were to be seen collected reading it on all the places it was posted, and, the police received infor-mation that pikes, pistols, swords, ammu-nition, drill books, &c., were being made away with as quickly as possible by concealing them in most ingenious places, or by throwing them into the river and canals Many who had not read the proclamation attentively, or who had been misinformed concerning it, thought that the search for arms, ammunition, &c., would commence on Sunday; and for that reason the greatest vigilance was exercised by those who were on Sunday; and a vigilance was exercised by those who was afraid of the police visiting their houses to make an 'overhaul' for pikes On Sunday

afraid of the police visiting their houses to make an 'overhaul' for pikes revolvers, rifles, &c. On Sunday evening some constables of the E division proceeded to a field in the neighborhood of Harold's-cross, where in a haystack they found twenty pikes, ready for immediate service. In the same locality, on the road, a bundle was found, which, on being opened the objective of a military was discovered to consist of a military cloak, composed of superfine green closh, with red facings, and secured at the collar with a solid gold chain and clasps, also two green tunics with red facings, bearing the initials of 'The Irish Republic.' All this uniform was elegantly finished and was uniform was elegantly finished, and was evidently the property of some person who had recently returned from America, as the loth and style of workmanship are foreign. In the Grand Canal uniform coats of a imilar kind were found.

if from the London Shipping Gazette, Jan. 13.1
Recent events have convinced the government that the dangers from Fenianism are not confined to Ireland. London is no safer than Dublin, and it has been thought neces sary to take extraordinary precautions in the public offices to guard against fire. The late great fire in St. Katherine's Dock was always believed to be the work of an incendiary, and common rumor now asserts the criminal's political creed was summed up in the word Fenian.

A repetition of this catastrophe in the Custom House and the government offices in Somerset House is dreaded by the authorities, and extra divisions of police are con-sequently sent in to patrol the buildings by night. A police galley is also moored opposite the Custom House, from which a watch is kept on the quay, and any attemp on the building from the river would be frustrated. There may possibly be no foundation for the rumor upon which these steps have been taken, but the fact of so much having been done proves that the indifference of the general public is not shared by the officers of the government.
[From the London Times, Jan. 16.]
The leaders in Ireland captured with the

utmost facility and consigned to a convict prison, the leaders in America apparently more ready to destroy each other than the British government—these and similar in-stances, might well impress, and doubtless have impressed the First have impressed, the European nations with the idea that the bubble is burst and the whole danger at an end. We should be very glad indeed could we conscientiously subscribe to these opinions. If the Fenian con-spiracy had been like its predecessors, had it spread its ramifications through the different ranks of society, and depended upon some ent ranks of society, and depended upon some high directing intelligence, such would un-doubtedly have been the case. In ordi-nary plots, as in the more highly organized animals, if you strike off the head the whole scheme collapses. But a lower organiza-tion has its advantages as well as its drawbacks, and creatures about which it is doubtful whether they deserve the name of animals at all are capable of sustaining injuries which would be fatal to any of a superior type. Fenianism, so far as we know of it, rests on no far-sighted and compre-hensive scheme, but upon the most vulgar appeal to the most vulgar passions. The inducements it holds out are the gratification of covetousness and envy, the division of the property of the rich among the poor, and the slaughter of those whom rank social distinction of any kindwould naturally render formidable opponents to such an at-tempt. Something is said about freeing Ireland from the English yoke; but that is really only put forward because so long as Ireland is connected with England: the

plunder of her property and the slaughter of her upper classes would be impossible. It is not between Ireland and England, after It is not between Ireland and England, after all, so much as between the upper and lower classes of Irishmen that the struggle is to take place. Fenianism has no high and ennobling cause to fight for. There is little enthusiasm in it, but a great deal of selfishness and great desire to plunder. The bond that unites the brethren is not any particular affection or veneration for each other, but the desire to combine for the commission of a common crime. To a body so circumstanced the loss of a few men a little, and only a very little, raised above themselves is a trifle. They are unable to estimate the power of the British government, but they form a much juster opinion as to the value of each other. We, therefore, do not expect, as we have before said, that we have heard the last of Fenianism. The very circumstances that Fenianism. The very circumstances that appear to render it contemptible give it vitality, and it has in it the power of uniting again and again, though it may have lost its most important members.

The Dublin Trials.

The trial of Cornelius O'Mahoney, who had been assistant bookkeeper in the Irish People office had ended in his being con-

had been assistant bookkeeper in the Irish People office, had ended in his being convicted (after being tried twice in consequence of the second jury not agreeing) and sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

The prisoner O'Keefe, the editor of the Irish People, when sentenced was passed upon him, complained, in a speech described as remarkably able, that so far from the paper appearing to be obnoxious to the goand through their City Councilmen are ne-gotiating for the purchase of the entire works. In due time the arrangements will

paper appearing to be obnoxious to the government, it was actually encouraged by it. For six months that journal was allowed to run on without the necessity for its registra-tion being enforced. Then it was registered, and the sanction of the government appeared thereby to have been given to it.

Removal of the Convicts.

[Dublin (Jan.17) correspondence of the London Times.]

The following prisoners, convicted of Feminism at the Cork Special Commission

nianism at the Cork Special Commission, were yesterday morning conveyed from Mountjoy, under a strong escort of the 10th Hussars, to the Westland row railway station, for transmission, per Holyhead steamer, to Pentonville prison: Charles U. O'Connell, Barry, Casey, Duggan, Dillon, Lynch, Hayes, Kinneally, O'Donovan and Regan.

SHIPWRECKS.

More Disasters at Sea---Loss of an English Steamer and Two Hundred and Seventy Lives--Wrecks of American

The latest European advices inform us that the steamship London, for Melbourne, had foundered at sea. Two hundred and seventy lives were lost. Sixteen of the crew and three passengers were saved.

The ship Palmyrus, from Liverpool for New York, was totally wrecked and one life lost.

The ship Excelsior, for New York, had

put back, owing to the mizzentop sails being The ships supposed to have been lost during the late gales number between three

(Frem the London Times, Jan. 18.)
The Christiana, an American vessel of eight hundred tons, which set sail on the 1st f December from London, bound for New York, Captain Joseph Henry Hammond. Commander, became a wreck on the 20th of December, about midway between London and New York. She had previously lost all her sails in a gale which commenced on the 3d of December off the Isle of Wight. The carpenter and one of the sailors were washed overboard and lost by the breaking of the bowsprit. A rope was thrown to save them, but in vain. The boat on the verandah was orn from its fastenings and blown overboard. The boat on the port side got a hole knocked in its side, and that on the forecastle was blown overboard and lost. boat on the starboard side was only a little injured. It was afterwards repaired. Both the spare-spars got from their fastenings and rolled about the deck breaking the bulwarks on each side. The bowsprit was hanging by chains and beating with de structive violence against the bottom. This painful state of suspense lasted several hours, every one fearing that the next moment might be the last. At length a heavy sea dashed over the ship and tore away the bowsprit from the chains. The ship was now a helpless wreck. On the 26th of December the Catharine On Boyd, an American vessel, came in sight; spoke with the Christiana, and promised to wait till the sea moderated, and take all hands off her. She was in sight next morning; but towards night was lost sight of and seen no more. An anxious lookout was kept from then till January 7th, but no sign of another sail appeared until nine clock, P. M., when the first mate shouted the long hoped for intelligence that the light of a ship was to be seen to windward. Rockets were sent up and blue light burnt on board the Christiana, and in a short time the gratifying sight of a reply was observed from the strange vessel. At observed from the strange of daybreak on Deember 8th the flag of hoisted and the packed this year. A practical result of the mancipation of the family of Ham. signals, "Send me a boat," hung out. Soon after eight o'clock a lifeboat came alongsid the Christiana, which bore the name of the Varuna, a very fine vessel, belonging to Smith, Fleming & Co., 1,350 tons, Captain Shepherd commander. At this time it blew a gale of wind, and the sea rolled heavily; but Mrs. Cross, of Manchester, and her three daughters, Mrs. Nelson, of Liverpool and the wounded steward were succe lowered over the side of the boat and go safely away. It was eleven o'clock before the lifeboat reached the Christiana on its the melee on shipboard which concludes the third act of "L'Africaine." It was imsecond journey, and the swell of th mediately set to the music of the fourth act. sea had become so great that it was found imposible to get the boat alongside. It became necessary, therefore, that, in order to get off the Christiana, those on board should jump overboard with the lifebuoy. Captain Hammond went first, then Mr. Nelson, of Liverpool, and in that way all were got safely away by four o'clock, P. M. The gallant little boat made four journeys altogether, the swell of the sea being constantly on the increase. It would have been impossible in fact, for the boat to have made another journey; for no sooner had the

gers of the Christiana was one of the noblest acts of heroism ever seen upon the seas. The Loss of the London. The particulars of the loss of the Austra lian steamer London are published. Of two hundred and seventy persons only nineteen were saved. All the women and children perished, as also did Bishop

and are resolved to support the efforts of the City Council to purchase the Water Works from their present owners. The works from their present owners. The necessity of this measure is apparent from every consideration of justice, economy and prudence. The city of Camden ought to own the works, and the interest of the citizens demand that it should. There is often such a small supply, that in cases of fire it is impossible to obtain water enough to fill an engine, even from three or four plugs, and they are so far apart that seldom sufficient hose can be found to reach them Frequently, too, the water is entirely shut off for a whole day, subjecting housekeepers to great inconvenience leaving the off for a whole day, subjecting nousekeepers to great inconvenience, leaving them destitute at the time when they may most need that article. All appeals to the Company in regard to these things have heretofore proved unavailing, and now the people have taken the matter into their own hands, and through their City Councilmen are ne-

city. The moment this is accomplished many and advantageous improvements are to be made. Larger mains and distributing pipes will be laid down, in order to give a greater volume of water; the engine and pumps will be improved and kept in repair; the basin will be thoroughly cleaned and purified, so that a pure and constant supply of water can always be relied on. January, according to the report of the Finance Committee of Councils, James C. Sloan collected for North Ward on account

Sloan collected for North Ward on account of special tax, \$46; on tax warrant of 1865, for school purposes, \$104 85; for city and Ward purposes, \$844 60; leaving a balance still uncollected of \$11,147 66. For Middle Ward, James W. Ayres, had collected, for school purposes, \$73 35, City and Ward, \$601 38, balance dne \$6,260 81. John W. Campbell, for South Ward, collected for school purposes, \$66 10; City and Ward, \$1,542 12; balance unpaid, \$9,522 17. Samuel W. Thoman, Clerk of Council, had received \$404 for licenses. According to instructions, \$404 for licenses. According to instructions, the Mayor, Paul C. Budd, had disbursed to

CENTENARY.-The New Jersey Confer ence of the Methodist Episcopal Church will bold its inaugural meeting, on the occasion of the centenary of Methodism in the State, on the 7th inst., at the Third Street M. E. Church, in Camden. The meeting will be one of the most interesting character, as eminent divines and laymen will be present Vessels, &c. to participate in the proceedings.

mall "Stag" parties. and four hundred.

of the American Ship Christiana Heroic Rescue of the Crew.

ble piece of butchery was executed on last Thursday morning near Williamsburg. William Clark and — Shields, both deserters from Company C, 5th United States Artillery, stationed at Fortress Monroe, went to the house of Dr. Sterling and hired his rockaway and two horses. The Doctor sent a white man named Taylor to drive them. They started Thursday morning from Williamsburg on the road to Richmond. They went about two miles, when they orlast man got out of it than a heavy sea dashed it to pieces against the side of the ship. The saving of the crew and passendered the carriage to stop, whereupon they both got out. Shields possessed himself of an axe which had been secreted there, and, concealing it under his coat, he got back into the vehicle, accompanied by Clark. They then continued their journey until they came to a bridge across a large creek, when Shields stood up in the carriage, behind the unsuspecting driver, and struck him a violent blow on the head with the axe.

head with the axe,

DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS. Wooley and the tragedian, Mr. G. V. Brooke, as is stated. This knocked the unfortunate man out of the carriage, but dld not kill him. He jumped up and ran, entreating that his life might be spared. He was, however, pursued, and the blows of the axe fell upon him again and again until life was extinct. They then threw the lifeless body into the creek, and continued their journay.

be completed, and the transfer made to the

CITY FINANCES.-During the month of

the families of volunteers \$1,000.

Facts and Fancies.

The Washington female emigrants left by Mercer are taking the law of him. They pronounce him a "mean thing; there!" for

eaving them behind. Their case should be

Carme played several games yesterday, with Phelan, merely, as he remarked (with a very broad a) "to Carme his Phelans."

Dr. Eyster while attempting to cross the Susquehanna recently, made a narrow escape. The wind and cold blinded him,

and he stepped into an air hole. His cries

attracted some persons, who hastened to him with a rope, which was thrown to him,

but he was so much paralyzed that he could

neither hold it nor tie it around him, but seized it with his teeth, and in this way was

To think that the above instance of one of

the most striking paragrams—or puns—on record, should have escaped the attention of

the press, is indeed harrowing. What one

"We have known thousands of Hysters to

be rescued from a watery grave—with a pair

"Fancy an Eyster seizing a rope with its

"Under the circumstances it seems to have

been an Ice-stir."
"O Eys-ter-quaterque beatus! Feliciter

Ex-Colonel Marshal Lefferts of the 7th

Regiment, last evening gave an exhibition of Scripture, European and American pic

tures with camera obscura, for the enter-tainment of the children of the Five Points

House of Industry, New York. Thus the social efforts of the Regiment at their Grand

Ball, were obscurated by their martial Lef-

Only about a million and a half hogs

Each country will send a representative cook to the Paris Exposition to prepare a representative dish. "America's represen-

ative Cooke" will not be there. The Fenian

Republic will send a dish of representators.

the retail trade of Paris by visiting the

shops in diguise and buying goods. This

On Monday evening one of the chorus singers, in Boston, had his arm broken in

Murder near Williamsburg, Va.

The Richmond Dispatch says that a horri-

counter-fit has just been discovered.

The Empress and her ladies are helping

ferts, at the Five Points.

cannon halls.

tried by a Shecargo jury.

rescued from a watery grave.

tion

gracious!

attracted

could have said!

of tongs!

New Jersey Matters. CAMDEN WATER WORKS .- At last the citizens of Camden have become earnestly wakened to a sense of duty to themselves

and continued their journey.

Dr. Sterling gained some information of the deed, and followed them. They passed through New Kent Ceurt House and came on here. Information having been sent to the nolice officers got on the track, and suggested the nolice officers got on the track, and suggested the nolice officers got on the track, and suggested the nolice officers got on the track, and suggested the nolice officers got on the track, and suggested the nolice officers got on the track, and suggested the nolice officers got on the track. on here. Information having been sent to the police, officers got on the track, and suc-ceeded last Saturday morning, about tour o'clock, in finding William Clark at the house of a Mr. Mac Jordan, on the Wil-liamsburg road about three miles from this city. He was asleep at the time of his arrest. He immediately confessed his share of the bloody deed and grow the miles for of the bloody deed, and gave the particulars related above. He said he did not know that Shields intended to kill the driver, and gave him no assistance beyond helping him to throw the body of the murdered man in

the creek. He gave, further, the informa-tion of the whereabouts of Shields. He said

Shields had gone over to Petersburg to sell one of the horses. Captain Betts reached the city yesterday, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock, with Shields in custody. The prisoner represents that he was once a member of the 26th South Carolina Regiment, of the Confederate army and was subsequently transferred to the 18th Regiment from the same State. He was frequently an inmate of Castle Thunder. was frequently an inmate of Castle Inducer.

He was in Richmond for some months during the war, evading the service with the aid of "Maryland protection papers," which he must have obtained under false pretences. He is a desperate-looking fellow, and from his own account his life has been one of crime and abandonment.

Officer Washington Goodrich, in tracing the murder, found the running-gear of the rockaway on Gillie's creek, near Port Mayo, and the body of the vehicle near Oakwood. Cemery, about a mile and a half from Gillie's creek. The body of the murdered man has not yet been found. The parties will be tried by a military commission

The Weather for January. B. J. L. sends us the following table of the weather at Germantown for the month just passed:

JANUARY. 1866.

1 28 34 28 30.2 38 2 28 36 34 30.4 34 3 27 32 37 30.2 36 4 22 31 33 30.0 29 5 4 12 18 30.4 20 6 6 16 23 20.3 24 Moneys Expended.—The Committee on Accounts during the month of January have made the following disbursements: City, \$541 09; North Ward, \$70 83; Middle Ward, \$49 50; South Ward, \$146 25. River closed CONVICTED.—A man named Eisley has been convicted in the Criminal Court for an outrageous assault and battery on a female, 8. W. Clear,
W. Clear,
S. W. Cloudy,
N. W. Clear,
W. Clear,
W. Clear,
W. Cloudy,
Snow,
S-10 N. E. Cloudy, Snow,
W. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy,
W. E. Cloudy,
N. E. Cloudy,
N. E. Cloudy,
N. E. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy,
W. Cloudy, "Alpaca" parties are the novelty in Springfield, Mass. We suppose they are After a recent battle in Sierra Leone all 24 | 18 | 27 | 28 | 30,3 | 29 | 25 | 27 | 36 | 56 | 29.8 | 37 | 29.9 | 38 | 27 | 29 | 26 | 29 | 30,2 | 30 | 28 | 17 | 25 | 29 | 30,2 | 30 | 28 | 17 | 25 | 29 | 30,2 | 30 | 28 | 17 | 25 | 29 | 30,2 | 30 | 31 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 35 | 37 | 30,0 | 38 | 31 | 28 | 32 | 37 | 29,9 | 36 | he prisoners were killed and eaten. Proving that Cannibals are more destructive than Brigham Young again thinks of migrato the Sandwich Islands, My-

NONTHLY AVERAGES.
Lowest Point.
Eight o'clock...
Twelve o'clock... Three o'clock. 33 9-1
Depth of Bain 1 4-1
The three registers of the thermometer on the and the first one on the 9th were below zero. EXPLOSION OF A GAS MANUFACTORY.

EXPLOSION OF A GAS MANUFACTORY.— The Erie Dispatch says: On Saturday morning, at half past three, the right wing of the gas manufactory, on Seventh street, burst with a tremendous noise, completely lifting off the roof, and throwing the front walls flat. The accident happened in this wise. One of the men employed about the works, named Anthony, believing from the strong smell of gas that there was a leakage, took a lantern and went into the yard. When a lantern and went into the yard. When within a few feet of the door of the small building, used, we believe, for purifying purposes, the gas caught from the lantern, and communicating with that inside the building caused the explosion. Anthony was knocked down and covered with the debris, He was taken out not materially injured. The retorts were very little injured and we were informed by the men at the works yesterday that by Tuesday night everything will be all right again.

IMPORTATIONS ST. JOHN, NB.—Schr C Fantauzzi, Wooster—81,533 feet deals 829 do boards 7600 pickets 180,000 laths Gas-kill & Galvin.

MARINE BULLETIN. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA-FRERUARY L.

83 See Marine Bulletin on Third Page.

ARRIVED THIS DAY

Schr C Fantauzzi, Wooster, 12 days from St John,
NB. with lumber to Gaskill & Galvin.

Schr A Hammond, Paine, 7 days from Boston, with
mose to D Cooper.

Schr Boston, Parker, 10 days from Boston, with mose to Boston, with mose to Mershon & Eloud.

Schr Typhoon, Williams. 4 days from New York,
with mose to Lathbury, Wickersham & Co. CLEARED THIS DAY
Steamer Cumbria, French, Savannah, E A Souder&Co.

Steamer Cumoria, Frence, Savaninai, E A Souder & Co.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Exchange.

LEWES, DEL., Jan. 30–2 PM.

Brig J H Dillingham, from Palermo, before reported came into the Breakwater yesterday, proceeded up the bay this morning. Schrs Florence, from Philadelphia for Boston, and J G Wright, from New York for Yorktown, are in the harbor. Near y all the fleer reported in my last have left. Wind SW.

Yours, &c.

J. HILLYARD BURTON.

MEMORANDA.

Steamer Cuba, Sundberg, cleared at Baltimore yesterday for Havana and New Orleans.

Steamer Bosphorus (Br), Alexander, hence via New York, at Liverpool 13th ult.

Steamer Alliance, Thompson, hence at New York yesterday.

Steamer Alliaice, Thompson, hence at New York yeaterday.
Steamer Delaware, Thompson, cleared at Liverpool 13th inst. for this port via Boston.
Steamer New York (Brem), Oterendorp, from Bremen Jan 14, via Southampton 18th, at New York yeaterday, with 251 passengers.
Ship Wm Cummings, Miller, from Leghorn for New York, passed Gibraitar 3d ult.
Ship Coburg, Giban, from Liverpool for this port, put into Scilly 10th ult.
Ship Loseph Clark, Sherman, cleared at Liverpool 15th irst, for this port, Ship Frigate Bird (Br.), Weeks, from Paquica (coast of Boilvia), Nov's at New York yesterday.
Bark Witch, Loud, from Messina for this port, passed Gibraitar 3d ult.
Brig Agent, Bradshaw, hence at Genos 10th ult. for this port.
Brig Surprise, Fritton, cleared at Messina 5th ult. for this port.

this port.

Fig JC Nickels, Means, sailed from Havana 28th.

ult for Matanzas to finishing loading for this port.

Brig Potosi (Br), Coffili, hence at Leghorn with ult.

Schr Julia E Gamage, Montgomery, from St John,

NB. for this port, at Portland 28th unst.

Schr Sardinian, Holbrook, at Salem 28th ult, from

NEW Castle, Del.

Schr Snayn Newton, hence, which put into St Mi-NEw Casile, Del.

NEw Casile, Del.

Newton, hence, which put into St Michael's 29th Dec. had lost stanchions, bulwarks, sails, &c. and had other damage,
Schr Okalona, Thatcher, from Liverpool for this port, with sait, coals, &c. arrived off the bay, Fayal, Dec 29, short of sails, and during the night was driven against the Monta da Guls, and became a complete wreck; hull and materials sold for MRSS; crew saved.

The cargo (oil) of the bark Otter, Faulkner of Hall-fax. NS. from Philadelphia for Havre, which was wrecked at Cow Esy, was being sayed lith uit.