Speech of Secretary Harlan. A Washington despatch dated yesterday says: To-night a large number of the citizens of 10wa, together with other friends of Secretary Harlan, repaired to his residence, and complimented him with a serenade. William Duane Wilson, Esq., informed the Secretary that this was in view of his diszens of Iowa, together with other friends of

Secretary that this was in view of his distinguished services as a citizen of Iowa while officially engaged in Washington, and his recent election to the Senate.

Mr. Harlan, in response, said:

Fellow-citizens of Iowa: In expressing my gratitude for this call, it may not be inappropriate to respond to the kind allusion made by one of your number to my public services. Heretofore I have not done anything personally to entitle me to this disthing personally to entitle me to this distinction, unless it was an endeavor faithfully and persistently to discharge the duty of representative of your State while occupying a position in one of the branches of Congress, and since that period to devote myself with equal vigilance and fidelity to my public duties as a member of the great

Union party of the country.

I presume I am indebted for this compliment to the recent action of the Legislature of Iowa, in giving me the legal right to an ticipate the acceptance of a seat in the United States Senate some years hence. I can only States Senate some years hence. I can only say, with regard to that event, that I am not toolish enough to disguise the fact that it is personally gratifying to me as an indorsement of my official services at the Capitol, and imposes upon me additional obligations

and imposes upon me additional obligations of fidelity to principle, and vigilance in the performance of my public duties.

You will scarcely expect of me, on this occasion, to address you on the general subject of national affairs; but there is one great question, to which I will simply allude, now agitating the public mind, and moving the public heart, and that is the terms on which our brothers who reside in the districts recently in rebellion shall be the districts recently in rebellion shall be permitted to affiliate with their brothers of

other States.

The rebellion has been substantially crushed, and the fact is admitted by all, and the terms in which they shall be admitted to full fellowship with the representatives of other States of the Union is the only great question which occupies the mind of the

American people.
In some States the question is attended in some states the question as with difficulty, in consequence of the great incongruity of the population, one-half of them having been in bondage and abject inem naving peen in condage and adject slavery, while some doubt the possibility of their assuming and wisely discharging the duty of American citizens. I apprehend that none will now doubt that they must remain free. [Applause.] There are none who suppose they can be shifted from this country to other climes.

country to other climes.

If these four millions forever be free, and they and their posterity remain in this country, I presume no wise statesman thinks for a long time they can be deprived of citizenship. The time at which they should be admitted is a question to be decided by the Senators and Representatives

of the United States. A partial reorganization of the States has taken place. The leaders in the rebellion have given up the struggle as worse than nave given up the struggle as worse than futile, and they cannot hope in the future to sever the Union, and must, therefore, remain in it, and, as citizens, render obedience to the laws. We had no right to suppose that they would at once acquiesce and and mit those who were once sloves to consider the constant of the admit those who were once slaves to equal

rights of citizenship.

But the safety of the Republic is more important. Many of our wisest financiers doubt very much whether it would be safe to admit them in their present condition, with nearly one-half of the population excluded from citizenship, and that half the most loyal part of the population.

They fear that, under the present organization, with the local governments in the hands of those who have recently been in rebellion, the Union men will be in a very lean minority, and think it no more than right that those who recently had their hands red with the blood of the loyal people of the country should not fully manage the local

Some doubt whether the liberated race have sufficient knowledge to participate in all the rights of American citizenship, but as for myself I have never disguised my belief that it is much safer to trust in ignorant loyal menthan wise rebels. [Applause.] I would prefer to secure the loyal minority by uniting them with those who have heretofore been in bondage, but are now here in order to secure, if not a majority, a strong minority at least, to exact just terms of re-

I need hardly say, that during the brief period I may remain in my present posi-tion, I shall not fail to discuss these opinions or urge my convictions in the proper quarter; nor am I disposed to say to-night, that such news would be distasteful to the great and good man who is the chief of the Re-public. Heretofore he has had the capacity to speak for himself. I believe it has been his purpose to leave the great question of admission with the two Houses of Congress.

Admission with the two houses of congress.

[Applause.]

I thank you, gentlemen, for your compliment, and now invite you to walk in and make the acquaintance of my family.

The invitation was accepted without hesitation, and the party were hospitably and

generously entertained. The band then proceeded to the quarters of Senator Kirkwood, to compliment him with a serenade, but that gentleman was \not at home.

From Colorado. DENVER, Col., Jan. 25.—To Hon. Charles Sumner—The Legislature of Colorado, at the first session in 1861, passed a law estab-lishing a qualification for voters, making no distinction on account of color or race, but at the session of 1864 passed a law depriving negroes and mulattoes of the right to vote. Colored citizens have petitioned Governor Cummings, who has sent a special message to the Territorial Legislature now in session on the subject. After stating the facts, the Governor says: It seems incredible, and if it were not for the record, it would be incredible, that such a measure could have been adopted at such a measure could have been adopted at such a time. Colored people at that moment were everywhere eagerly pressing forward to support the Government, and their services were gladly accepted. They contributed largely to the triumph of the nation over rebellion, and just at that darkest period of our country's history when they were delige. our country's history, when they were doing their utmost to rescue the Government from its imminent danger, this wrong was perpetrated upon them. It is a fact worthy of notice that this was the only case in the whole nation where public sentiment retrograded during our fearful struggle. This petition, in the handwriting of one of the signers, evinces an ability to exercise intelligently the right of suffered. signers, evinces an ability to exercise intelligently the right of suffrage, which it would be well, if all who enjoy that right could imitate. I invoke your earnest attention to this subject, and hope for the honor of the Territory that you will promptly take action to erase this edious record from the statute book. In connection with this subject I deem it proper to say, also, that the Legislative Assembly owes it to the enlightened sentiment of the country to take into conlative Assembly owes it to the enlightened sentiment of the country to take into consideration the condition of the colored people with regard to public schools under the law of 1861, afford them equal political privileges with others. They came here in considerable numbers, and to an equal, if not a greater extent, than any other class of immigrants to this Territory. They brought their families, and have kept them here, The evidences of their industry. them here. The evidences of their industry, frugality and thrift are seen in various parts of Denver, some of the finest property in the town belonging to them; they are subject to a tax on land for the support of public schools, while their children are more remitted to extend them. In cases not permitted to attend them. In consequence of their exclusion from both public and private schools, some of these people

have been compelled to send their children to eastern States to be educated, while paying taxes for education in the Territory; but all are not able to incur that expense, and the necessary consequence is; many of their children must grow up in ignorance. This is but one of the forms, or at least one of the features of the accursed spirit of slavery, from whose thraldom the nation has just emerged by which children of one race are educated at the expense of

another.

I do not in this connection discuss th question of equality of race, about which so many words and so much labor has been but I submit without argument the wasted. fact that colored people in Denver and various parts of that Territory are taxed to pay for educating white children, while their own children are excluded from the public schools and your cation will depublic schools, and your action will de-termine how long this humiliating spectacle shall be presented to the world.

Justice to the living and gratitude to those who died that the nation might live, forbid that this state of things against which these petitions protest should longer prevail. I only perform my duty in calling your attention to these subjects; the rest of the re-

sponsibility is with you.
[Signed] ALEX. CUMMINGS,
Governor of Colorado Territory.

Pittsburgh and Allegheny. In our several editions yesterday we pub-lished a statement of the number of the larger manufacturing establishments of the two cities and adjoining borough. The ac-curacy of this statement was attested by the signatures of all our most prominent manu-facturers and merchants, and was as follows: 31 rolling mills, 33 machine shops, 12 boiler factories, 4 nut, bolt and washer factories, 1 copper smelting works, 7 blast furnaces, 1 locomotive works, 4 wrought iron tube factories, 2 malleable iron factories, 2 cast steel saw factories, 2 gun barrel factories. ries, 3 chain factories, 10 forges making large shafting, &c., 9 plough and agriculture implement factories, 3 tile factories, 5 steel works, 46 iron foundries, 10 brass foundries, works, 46 from foundries, 10 brass foundries, 2 copper rolling mills, 50 glass factories, 58 oil refineries, 30 breweries, 5 cotton factories, 30 tanneries, 58 tobacco factories, 4 white lead factories, 2 chemical factories, 4 woolen factories, 10 carriage factories, 16 potteries, 5 flouring mills, 1 cannon foundry, 8 copper manufactories, 2 axe and shovel manufactories, 11 ship yards, 8 marble works, 12 wagon factories, 20 large manufactories of clothing (not tailor shops), 175 collieries attached to the coal trade of the city.

In addition to these vast establishments; this tested on the same authority, that

it is stated, on the same authority, that there are "several hundred lesser, though not unimportant workshops and factories, producing a variety of wares and merchan-dise not enumerated." It is these larger and lesser establishments that give the peculiar character to Pittsburgh and Allegheny, for which they are widely distinguished. These twin cities—two in name, but one in substance-are altogether unmatched on the American continent, as to extent or variety of their manufactures. During the las three or four years a fresh impulse has beer given to all departments of manufacturing industry. Great acce-sions have been made both to the population and to the facilities, and the march of improvement is still onward .- Pittsburgh Gazette.

Profound Sleep. There are several cases on record of prolonged abstinence of food, but they are mostly of an old date, and one at least, after much vain watching, was discovered to ne a cheat. What credit can be given to Dr. Bland's statement, we are not in a position to decide: but we may at all events believe that he himself is a firm believer in it. The

account he gave was read at the French Academy, and in substance it read as fol-"A young woman, twenty years of age, fell asleep and slept for fifty days. This was in 1854, and nothing of the kind recurred until the beginning of 1862, when she suddenly fell asleep again, and did not awaken until March, 1863. Every imaginable effort was made to rouse her, but without effect; she continued to remain asleep without showing the slightest sign of being disturbed. Her breathing was almost imperceptible, the pulse low, the skin rosy and fresh. She neither ate nor drank, and yet

there appeared a slight tendency toward fattening.
On reading his first paper, the Doctor entered into some speculations concerning sleep, which are very imperfectly reported. It seems that he distinguished three kinds of sleep—the diurnal, the annual and the metamorphic. We have all had experience of the first; the second corresponds with the hipernation of certain corresponds the third is transition of certain animals, the third is transitory, as in the animals, the third is transitory, as in the case of the transformation of a caterpillar into a butterfly. Sleep, he considers to be a peculiar form of life, and the primary condition under which life is manifested. Everybody will not agree with him in his theory, but his views are worthy of atten-

tion. Subsequently he made another statement on the same subject, and in confirmation of it he quoted the names of other doctors— Segales, Dumend, Darsonville, Puel and others. For an entire year a lady presented the same symptoms as Madam Macleod and Louise Durand—that is to say animal life null, organic life good, but reduced to a minimum—the pulse slow, breathing almost imperceptible, the flesh soft and fresh, no diminution of flesh, but an absolute insensibility and general contraction. sibility and general contraction.

At the first every effort was made to awaken them; or to keep them from falling

to sleep again when they were awake; but finding the utter uselessness of this treatment, the doctor thought it was cruel to continue it, and suffered the lady first referred to to sleep as much as she was in-clined, its salutary inticence having been speedily discerned by him on the two first occasions of her falling asleep, they having followed two severe attacks of illness, attended by intensely acute suffering. The question why sleep should enjoy the privi-lege of rendering persons insensible to pain, and of preserving them from the loss of flesh, is one which men, with all their scientific knowledge, are very unlikely to solve.—Once a Week.

A DEFAULTER'S EFFECTS .- The personal effects of Homer G. Hubbell, the missing cashier and defaulter of the Missisquoi casnier and delauter of the Missisquoi Bank, at Shelden, Vermont, will be sold at auction, commencing on the 29th inst. They consist of blood sheep, horses and carriages, clothing, a piano, household furniture of every description, and a "choice lot of wines, brandies and malt liquors;" and also four gold watches and chains. The above property includes an extraordinary amount of clothing and boots -such as twenty-five pairs of pants, twenty pairs of boots, but very little worn, fifteen pairs of boots, but very little worn, fifteen vests, and a number of overcoats. In his safe, which was broken open, was discovered a \$500 United States bond and a \$400 promissory note. Over a wardrobe in his house was also discovered, covered with dust, \$8,500 bills of the Missisquoi Bank, signed by the President and Cashier. He had evidently provided against a "rainy day," for twenty-one umbrellas were among his effects.

DELIBERATE MURDER.—The Hillsboro Monitor, of the 12th inst., reports the occurrence a peculiarly bold and atrocious murder in Montgomery county, Ill., a few days since. One Bush and an accomplice called at the house of the intended victim, Finley, and on inquiring for him, were referred to a grocery; thither they went and found he had left; followed and met him near his house persuaded him to return, and on the way shot him through the head. They then robbed him, and returned to the grocery, where they excited suspicion. They are now in jail.

Econfirmations The Senate, in Executive Session, has confirmed the following nominations:
George M. Towne, of the District of Columbia, to be Consul at Nantes. Horace C. Gibson, of Idaho, to be Secre

tary of Idaho. John Pratt, of Massachusetts, to be Marshal for the Territory of New Mexico. Alexander Cummings, of Pennsylvania to be Governor of the Territory of Colorado vice John Evans, resigned.

Thomas Francis Meagher, of New York,

to be Secretary of the Territory of Montana. General P. Slough, of the District of Co-lumbia, to be Chief Justice of the Territory of New Mexico.

John McNeil, to be Surveyor of Customs

for St. Louis, vice R. J. Howard, removed.
Postmasters—Elisha W. Keyes, Madison, Fostmasters—Elisna W. Reyes, madison, Wis.; John Tapley, Racine, Wis.; George W. Forrest, Lewisburg.
Henry R. Sanderson, to be Collector for the Fifth District of Illinois.

Edward Kitchell, to be Assessor for the Eleventh District of Illinois General De Witt Clarke, Executive Clerk of the Senate, has resumed his duties, after an absence from illness the past three

SINGULAR, IF TRUE.—One of our exchanges says there is a young man in a town in Vermont who cannot speak to his father! Previous to his birth, some difference arose between his mother and her husband, and for a considerable time she refused to speak to him. The difficulty was subsequently healed-the child was born, and in due time nealed—the child was born, and in due time began to talk—but when sitting with his father, was invariably silent. It continued so till he was five years old, when the father, after having exhausted his powers of per-suasion, threatened it with punishment for its stubbornness. When the punishment was inflicted, it elicted nothing but sighs and groans which teld but two plainly that and groans, which told but two plainly that the little sufferer was vainly endeavoring to speak. All who were present united in this opinion, that it was impossible for the child to speak to his father—and time proved their opinion to be correct. At a mature age its efforts to converse with its parent could only produce the most bitter sighs and

groans.

We clip the above from an exchange. A similar case, known to many persons now living, occurred in one of the eastern counties of this State. The son is now living, and is a man of ordinary intelligence, is a farmer, and resided with his father up to the time of the death of the latter, which occurred when the son was about twenty rears of age. Many expedients were tried and failed to induce him to speak to his father and although he readily conversed with his associates about other matters, immediately ecame silent when asked the reason wh he did not speak to his father. We never heard that the parents of this man had any difficulty before his birth, as that alluded to in the above extract.—Raleigh (N. C.) Standard.

GROCEBIES. GREEN PEAS. Green Corn,

Fresh Peaches. Fresh Tomatoes, Plums, &c. ALBERT C. ROBERTS.

Corner Bleventh and Vine Streets.

Italian Maccaroni and Vermicelli Fresh Imported.

FOR SALE BY

JAMER R. WEBB, WALNUT and EIGHTH Streets.

JAPAN TEA.

JUST RECEIVED

A Very Choice Lot of Japan Tea, FOR SALE BY

SIMON COLTON & CLARK,

S. W. Corner Broad and Walnut CRANBERRIES—CRANBERRIES—CRANBER CRANBERRIES—CRANBERRIES—CRANBEIC RIES.—50 barrels Jersey Cranberries in store and for sale by C. P. KNIGHT & BROTHERS, 114 South Wharves.

NATE: COCOA, BROMA, and other prepara-tions, manufactured by Josiah Webb & Co., for sale by E. C. KNIGHT & CO., Agents for the Manufacturers, 184 lm S. E. corner Wa. er and Chestnut streets.

NEW FRUITS.—Princess Paper-shell and Lisbon Almonds; splendid London Layer Raisins, in whole, half and quarter boxes, choice Eieme figs, it small drums, in store and for sale by M. F. SPILLIN Tea Dealer and Grocer. N. W. corner Arch and Eighth 5,000 CARES FRESH PEACHES, TOMATOES, Green Corn, Peas, &c., warranted to give salisfaction. For sale by M. F. SPILLIN, N.W. cor. Arch and Eighth streets.

EXTRA MACKER, L.—Extra choice large Macker rel in kitts. Also new Spiced and Pickled Salmon. For sale by M. F. SPILLIN, N. W. cor. Archand Eighth streets. BRY PAESERVED GINGER—A small invoice of this delicious confection, in small ½ lb. boxes, just received at COUSTY'S East kind Grocery, No. 118 South Second street.

PRESERVED GINGER-300 cases choice Preserve I Ginger, each jar guaranteed, in store and for sa at COUSTY'S East End Grocery, No. 118 South Secon MINCE PIES.—Raisins, Currants, Citron, Lemon Mand Grange Peel, Pure Spices, Cooking Wines and Brandies, new Sweet Cider, all for sale at COUSTY'S East End Grocery Store, No. 118 South Second street.

NEW YARMOUTH BLOATERS,—A small invoice of it ese delightful and choice delicacles, for sale a COUSTY'S East End Grocery, No. 118 South Second

PRIME SPANISH OLIVES.—Spanish Queen Olives
Stuffed Olives, East India Hot Pickies, Boneless Sardines, and all kinds of new Canned Fruita, Meats
Soups, Milk and Coffee, at COUSTY'S East End Gro
cery, No. 118 South Second street. CRANBERRIES.—20 barrels Jersey cultivated Cran berries in store and lor sale by M. F. SPILLIN N. W. cor. Arch and Eighth streets.

CARPETINGS. CARPETINGS. A large assortment of

DOMESTIC CARPETINGS Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices GEORGE W. HILL. No. 126 North THIRD Street

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BALE ROPE AND TWINE MANUFACTURED
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FITLER, WEAVER & CO.,
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LIQUORS. RICHARD PENISTAN'S Ale, Wine and Liquor Vaults, 439 Chestnut Street,

PHILADELPHIA. Established for the Sale of Unadulter-

ated Liquors Only. Special Notice to Families! Richard Penistan's Celebrated, Ale, Porter and Brown

Stout. Now so much recommended by the Medical Faculty for Invalias.

\$1 25 PER DOZEN, (These Bottles hold one Pint.)

The above being of the very best quality, it must be admitted the price is exceedingly LOW.

It is cell vered to all parts of the city without extra

Brandies, Wines, Gins, Whiskies, &c., &c. Warranted pure, at the lowest possible rates, by the Bottle, Gallon, or Cask.

CHAMPAGNES of the best brands offered lower, than by any other house.

On Draught and in Bottles,

PURE GRAPE JUICE. This is an excellent article for Invalids. It is a sure cure for Dyspepsia. HAVANA CIGARS.

OLIVE OIL, PICKLES, SAUCES

BAY RUM. SARDINES, & Lendon and Dublin Porter and Brown Stout—Englis and Scotch Ales. del2t@

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WINER.—The attention of the trade is solicited to the following very choice Wines, &c., for sale by JOSEPH F. BUNTON, No. Isl South Front street, above Walnut:

MADEIRAS—Old Island, 8 years old.
SHERRIES—Campbell & Oo., single, double and triple Grape, E. Crusoe & Sons, studolph, Topaz, Rieg., Spanish, Crown and F. Vallette.

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CHAMPAGNES — Ernest Irrony, "Golden Star,"
le Venoge, Her Majesty and Royal Cabinet and other
avorite brands.

VINE WHISKY.—Choice lots of old Whest, Ryf and Sourbon Whisky, for sale by R. P. MIDDLK TON, 5 North FRONT Street.

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PARTIES WHO DESIRE TO BECOME INTER ESTED IN A LEGIT. MATE, PRACTICAL AND PROFITABLE SILVER MINING ENTERPRISE. POSSESSING SUPERIOR MINES NOW IN PRO-CESS OF DEVELOPMENT, ARE INVITED TO TALL AT THE OFFICE OF THE ABOVE NAME! COMPANY, WHERE FULL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SAME MAY BE OBTAINED.

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No. 432 Chestnut Street,

UP STAIRS,

SILAS BETTS,

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ALUM AND DRY PLASTER FIRE AND BURGLAR SAFES.

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Nearly Twenty-five years experience in the manu-acture and sale of Safes in New York City, enables us o present to the publican article unrivaled in the mar-tet. Our eafes are cet, Our bases are free from dampness, and do not corrode the iron. thoroughly fire-proof, and do not lose that quality. Furnished with the best Powder-Proof Lock. DWELLING HOUSE SAFES of ornamental styles

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83 Safes of other makers taken in exchange,
Send for descriptive Circular. MARVIN & CO., 721 CHESTNUT STREET.

(Masonic Hall.) Philadelphia, and 265 BROADWAY, N. Y. ja19-1m} FANCY GOODS.

PAPIER MACHE GOODS. PAPIER MACHE GOODS. TARTAN GOODS,

SCOTCH PLAID GOODS. A fine assortment of Papier Mache Work Tables Writing Desks, Inkstands and Scotch Plaid Goods, just received per the steamer "St. George," too late for Christmas sales, suitable for Bridal Gifts, &c., will be

ISAAC TOWNSEND. House Furnishing Store of the late JOHN A. MUR-PHY,

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The undersigned, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND TEA DEALERS, have removed from their old stand.

130 North THIRD Street, to

116 South Front Street.

Below Chestnut, west side, Wherethey hope to see their former patrons,

REIFF, HOWELL & HARVEY, January 5th, 1866.



FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH GOOD MUSLINS, GOOD FLANNELS, GOOD TABLE LINEN, GOOD TOWELINGS, GOOD BLACK SILKS. &c., &c

1024 CHESTNUT STREET. E. M. NEEDLES.

APPROVED STYLES OF

Lace and Linen Collars, SETS. UNDERSLEEVES, &c. Embroideries and White Goods, Handkerchiefs, Veils,

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TEERTS TONIBER SEC THE OLD ESTABLISHED CHEAP OLD R STORE.—JAMES & LEE invite the attention of their friends and others to their large stock of sea onable goods, which they are selling at greatly reduced prices.

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Superior Black French Cloths.

Superior Colored French Cloths.

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Mixed and Plain Cassimeres.

Fancy Cassimeres, of every description.

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Cords, Beaverteens and Satinetts.

Plain and Neat Figured Silk Vestings.

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With a large assortment of Tailors' Trimmings,

Boys' wear, &c., for sale, wholesale or retail, by

JAMES & LEE,

No. 11 North Second st., Sign of the Golden Lamb.

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TYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND ARCH, have

Just replenished their assortment of
STAPLE HOUSEHOLD GOODS,
And are now fully prepared to supply families with
GOOD MISLINS, BY THE PIECE,
GOOD SHIRTING LINENS,
GOOD BED TICKINGS,
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GOOD FINE BLANNELS,
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BUFF MARSEILLES QUILTS,
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FINEST AND LARGEST WHITE DO',
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NEW LOT OF BEILLIANTS, MARSEILLES, &C.

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50 CENT BLACK ALPACAS.
3, 75 and \$ superior Alpacas.
11 00 Wide Black Wood Delaines.
12 for new Spring Shades Wide Wood Delaines.
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15 Heavy Nursery Dispers, some extra wide goods,
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15 and 45 Napkins are much under value.
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ThWIN HALL 2 (O., 25 South Second street, would invite the attention of the Ladies to their stock of SILKS, and recommend them purchasing now, as we have no doubt of their having to pay a much advanced price for them next month and the coming spring.

Colored Moire Autiques,

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Colored Corded Silks,

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Binck Gros de Rhines,

N. B.—A fine stock of Evening Silks on hand, CLOSING OUT CASSIMERES AND CLOTHS.

Dark Striped Bosskin, \$1.75.

Grey and Brown Mixed Doeskin, \$1.75.

Grey and Brown Mixed Doeskin, \$1.70.

Black and White Cassimere, \$2.

Plaid Cassimeres, for B 178, \$1.15.

Plaid Cassimeres, \$1.3 and \$1.75.

Olive Brown Cloths, for Friends,
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Clivon Beavers, for Overcoats,
64 Heavy Melton Cloths, at \$4.50.

These goods are low. Examine for yourselves, at
J. H. STOKES 8, 7.2 Arch street.

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4 PURE WHITE MOHAIR GLACE, with a Silk
finish, just adapted for Evening Dresses.
White Irish Poplins,
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White Wool Poolins,
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DIAMOND DEALER & JEWELER, WATCHES, JEWELRY & SILVER WARE, WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED. 802 Chestnut St., Phila-

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LADIES' AND GENTS' WATCHES of the best makers-and

Fine Coral Sets. To which the attention of those about purchasing is invited, just received, by

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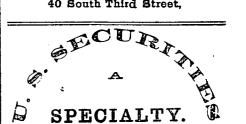
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On MONDAY, 8th instant, we shall remove from our temporary office, 305 CHESTNUT Street, to our old location, 114 South Third Street,

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And the transaction of a general Banking business.

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PHILADELPHIA, January 1, 1866.

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