VOLUME XIX.---NO. 225.

PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866.

DOUBLE SHEET, THREE CENTS.

EVENING BULLETIN.

FUBLISHED EVERY EVENING (Except Sunday) at

No. 329 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,

PEVENING BULLETIN ASSOCIATION

HOUSTON-HAVERSTICK-On Thursday, the 4th instant, at the Church of St. James, by the Rector, Rev. J. Henry Morton, Hugh B. Houston to Josle W. Haverstick.

DIED.

ADAMS—On the 4th instant, Lucy Adams, the bungest daughter of Timothy Adams, in the 25th youngest daughter of Timothy Adams, in the 25th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respect fully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, after noon, at 2 o'clock from the residence of her brother-in-law, Eli Keen, No. 625 Coates street. To proceed to Monument Cemetery.

in-law, Ell Keen, No. 225 Coates street. To proceed to Monument Cemetery.
MIDDLETON—On the 9th Instant, Katle, only daughter of Allen and the late Kate A. Middleton, in the 9th year of her see.
Her friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend her faneral from the residence of her father, No. 645 North Twelfth street, on Second day morning, (the 8th) at 10 oclock. To proceed to Laurel Hill.
SHINN—On Sixth day morning, ist mo. 5th, 1865, Ellen M., wife of James T. Shinn.
Her friends are invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her husband, S. W. corner of Broad and Spruce, on Second day, the 8th instant, at 10 P. M. To proceed to the Southwestern Ground.
TAYLOR—On the morning of the 5th instant, after a long and painful illness. Ellen K., wife of Wm. J. Taylor, and daughter of Samuel Knight, in the 2th year of her age:

Taylor, and daughter of cannot make year of her age:

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her husbond, No. 2015 Green street, on Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Laurel Hill Cemetery. WHITF MOREENS FOR SKIRTS.

Green Watered Warrens

White Evening Silks. EYRE & LANDELL, Foorth and Arch RELIGIOUS NOTICES,

SANCTITY OF THE SABBATH."—Rev. I S. Hoffman, to morrow 7½ P. M. Hall, Fourt George streets. Public invited. OLIVET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, to morrow morning and evening. Pastor's Anni versary Sermon in the morning.

THE EIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE Sunday Schools connected with St. Paul's Church, Third street, below Walnut, will be held to-morrow afternoon, at 30 clock. FIRST REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH—Seventh and Spring Garden streets.—Rev. J. H. Suydam, pastor. Services at 10% o'clock A. M., and 7% o'clock P.M.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Seventh street below Arch.—The pastor, Rev. E. Beadle, will preach to-morrow. Service at 10% 4, and 7½ P. M.

GRACE CHURCH—Twelfth and Cherry.—The
Anniversary Exercises of the Sunday Schools of
this Church will take piace to-morrow afternoon at

THIRD REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, cor-er Tenth and Filbert streets.—Rev. Charles W. Shields, D.D., will preach in this Church to mornw, Service at 10% of clock A. M., and 7% P. M. 118 THE RAV. W. W. NEWELL (Unitarian) will preach at Langstroth's Hall, Germantown, rrow, at 10% o'clock, morning, and 7% o'clock, it? CHRIST, REFORMED CHURCH, Green street, near Sixteenth. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. S. H. Glesey, in the new church to morrow,

tor, Rev. S. H. Glesey, in the new church to morrow at 10% A. M. and 7% P. M. Strangers invited. 1t*

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHAPEL Elghteenth and Green. Pews will be rented nex Monday evening. The congregation and friends are invited.

invited.

HOWARD SUNDAY SCHOOL BUILDING.

Rev. R. HARBAUGH will preach To-morrow
Evening, at 7½ o'clock, and on theirst Sabbath evening of each month. Seats free.

11*

TRUE GENTILITY."—Rev. L. L. Briggs
on this subject to morrow evening. Church, Lo-

on this subject to morrow evening. Churcust street, above Thirteenth. Sunday School bition on Thursday evening next. CHURCH OF THE NEW TESTAMEN

(T. H. Stockton, Pastor), Eleventh and Woo (T. H. Stockton, Pastor), Eleventh and Wood streets, Sabbath, 3% P. M. New Year Address and Communion. Contributions for New Year. All friends of the cause specially invited.

THE FIFTH ANNIVERSARY of Sunday Schools connected with St. Paul's Church, Thickness below Walnut street, will be held on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 7, at 3 o'clock. Address by Rev. Kingston Goddard, D. D., Bector.

Goddard, D. D., Rector.

THE ANNUAL SERMON BEFORE THE Philadelphia Bible Society, will be preached by the Rev. T. De Witt Talmadge, D. D., in the Second Reformed Dutch Church, Seventh street above Brown, to-morrow, Snnday evening, at 7½ o'clock.

1t* THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY MEETING of the Missionary Society of the Spring Garden Baptist Church Sunday School will be held in the Church, Thirteenth, above Wallace, to morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Appropriation of funds, singing by the School, and an Address by Rev. B. Griffith.

ARCH STREET LUTHERAN CHURCH—
The opening exercises of this new enterprise
will be held in the Hall, N. E. corner Arch and Broad
streets, to-morrow, at 10% A. M. and 7½ P. M. Ser
mons on the new enterprise and the New Year, by
Rev. Dr. Stork.

Rev. Dr. Stork.

NEXT WEEK BEING THE WEEK FOR PRAYER, a Union prayer meeting will be held every evening during the week, at half past 7 o'clock in the. First Reformed Dutch Church, (Rev. J. H. Suydam's.) corner of Seventh and Spring Garden streets. All are affectionately and earnestly invited to strend.

attend.

ST.GEORGE'S M. E., CHURCH, Fourth street,
below New-Re opening of the "Old Church,"
To-morrow.—Rev. Bishop Simpson, D. D., will preach
in the Morning at 10 o'clock; in the Afternoon at 3
o'clock, a grand re-union of the old pastors, members
and friends of the Church; in the evening, Rev. Dr.
D. W. Bartine, Pastor, will preach at7½ o'clock. SANCTITY OF THE SABBATH—Bey. I S. Henson, pastor of the North Broad Stree Baptist Church, will preach on the above subject in Cunion Meeting, American Mechanics' Hail, corner, Fourth and George street, to-morrow (Sabbath) after noon at 3 o'clock. All who oppose the running Passenger Cars on Sunday, and all who oppose Sabath desecration of all kinds, are invited to attend. bath desecration of all kinds, are invited to attend.

SOCIETY FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF CHRISTIANITY IN PENNSYLVANIA will hold its Annual Meeting on the evening of the EPIPHANY, January 6, in the Vestry Room of SAINT JAMES' CHURCH, at 7% o'clock.
Religious services in commemoration of its FIFTY. FOURTH Anniversary, will be had on SUNDAY EVEN ING, January 7, in SAINT MAAR'S CHURCH at 7% o'clock, when a sermon will be preached by the Rev. Mr. WALDEN, and a collection made in aid of the objects of the Society.

ccts of the Society. GEORGE W. HUNTER, Secretary.

Jab-22 GEORGE W. HUNTER, Secretary.

Jab-22 GEORGE W. HUNTER, Secretary.

DEDICATION—The Central Congregational
Chapel, at Eighteenth and Green streets, will
be dedicated to the Triune Jehovah NEXT SABBATH
MORNING, at 104 o'clock. Introductory services by
Rev. E. P. Smith, of the Christian Commission. Serimon by Bev. Edward Hawes, the pastor of the church.
Prayer of dedication by Rev. Dr. Goodell.
In the afternoon at 3 o clock a service will be held at
which addresses will be made by the Pastor, by Rev.
Theo. Stork, D. D., and Rev. G. Dana Boardman.
Rev. G. W. Smiley, Pastor of the Second Congregational Church, will preach in the evening at 7% o'clock.
Strangers and friends of this enterprise are cordially
nyited to attend.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOWARD HOSPITAL, Nos. 1518 and 152 Lombard street, Dispensary Department, Medeatment and medicines farnished gratuitously

Soldie poor.

SOLDIERS OF 1812. The Veterans of 1812 will meet at the Supreme Court Room, on MONDAY MORNING; at 10% o'clock, to celebrate the 8th o January. Full attendance is requested.

11*

JOHN H. FRICK, Secretary. MERCANTILE LIBRARY.—Tickets for 1868, are now ready for delivery. Members will please call at the Library and pay the tax now due, T. MORKIS PEROT, President.

ja3-w, 5,2tp President.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the PHILADELPHIA PUB-11C BOARD OF BROKERS will be held at Room No. 15, Merchants Exchange, on MONDAY the 8th inst., at 3½ P. M. Election of officers for the ensuing year.

JAMES BJYLES, JR.,

112 Secretary.

OFFICE OF SECOND AND THIRD STREET
PASSENGER BAILWAY COMPANY, No. 245: frashrufar Rallway Company, No. 2453 kford road. Philadelphia, Jan, 4, 1856. Board of Directors have this day declared a lend of FIVE PER CENT. for the last six hs, payable to the Stockholders or their legal sentatives, on and after the 5th inst. clear of all E. A. LESLEY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LECTURE ON MERCANTILE PAPER, A Lecture will be delivered by JOSEPH C. TURNER, Esq., at
CRITTENDEN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 637 Chestunt street, corner of Seventh,
On TUESDAY EVENING, 9th inst, at 7½ o'clock,
Subject—MERCANTILE PAPER,
All former Students and business men are cordially
invited. invited.

TWELFTH STREET MARKET COMPANY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, northeast corner of Twelfth and Market streets, on SATURDAY 18th instant at 11 o'clock, A. M.

An election for nine Managers, to serve the ensuing year will be held same day between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

JOSEPH PAXSON,

Jac-64*

Secretary.

ja6-64*

Recretary.

A MEETING OF THE "WOMEN'S CENTRAL BRANCH" of the Pennsylvania Freedmen's Relief Association will be held on TUESDAY. Jan. 8th, at 11 o'clock, at Horticultural Hall, S. W. corner of Broad and Walnut streets, 2d story; entrance on Broad street.

All interested in the work of clothing and educating the freedmen, (especially the aid societies) are invited to be present.

Ja6-84*

Recording Secretary.

to be present.

A. P. STEVENSON,

1365\$\$

GERMAN,—The New Courses will open, the

first on FRIDAY, January 12th, at the University, NINTH Street, above Chesmut, at 5½ P. M. Instructions will be completed in the course. Tickets of
admission, single \$40; in class, \$25 and \$30 each. Tickets at lower rates may be secured from members of late
winter course, to a limited extent. Ladies, minors attenefing school, teachers (public and private), and
members of the press, at half price. Tickets may be
had as above, or as 230 Walnut street. No tickets will
be sold later than Monday, when instruction commences. The Second Course, of FIVE WEEKS, will
be given in February. Admission \$50.

135-212

OFFICE OF THE LEHGH COAL AND

DEFIVE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, December 21st, 1865.

IN SUMS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.

The Loan of this Company, due April 1st, 1831, interest payable quarterly, at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

This Loan is secured by a mortgage on all the Company's Coal Lands, chanks, and Siackwater Navigation in the Lehigh river, and all their Railroads, constructed and to be constructed, between Mauch Chunk and Wilkesbarre, and branch roads connected therewith, and the franchise of the Company relating thereto.

Apply to SOLOMON SHEPHERD, Treasurer, decl-rptil 128 South Second street.

Apply to SOLOMON SHEPHERD, Treasurer, deligible of the Solomon Street.

12 South Second street.

12 South Second street.

15 LEFT THE HOME OF HIS PARENTS, No. 555 MASSACHUSETTS Avenue, between Second and Third streens. Washington, D. C., on MONDAY, June 19, 1855 STEPHEN H. CALDWELL, age, between 9 and its years; dark hair, cont close; freckled face, had en gray pants, blue flannel vest, black jacket, brown felt hat plinned up on both sides, and was without shoes. Has a large scar of a burn on one of his thighs. Was last seen, previous to his disappearance from Washington, on the cars with a regiment of soldiers, on their way from the city. Any information of his whereabouts addressed to his father P. J. CALD WELL, No. 555 Massachusetts Avenue, between second and Third streets, Washington, D. C., will be gratefully received. Was last seen on toe morning of the 3d of July last, at the Baltimere depot of the Northern and Cen rai railroad, in company with two soldiers.

soldiers.

AT A MEETING OF THE CITIZENS OF

the TWENTY-FOURTH WARD, it was decided
to erect a suitable Monument to the memory of the
late Captain COURTLAND SAUNDERS, of Company
G, light Pennsylvania Volunteers (Corn Exchange
Regiment).

late Captain COURTLAND SAUNDERS, of Company G, listh Pennsylvania Volunteers (Corn Exchange Regiment).

This was regarded as a fitting tribute from the friends and neighbors of one who, in his lite, exhibited so many virtues, and, in his death, offered so noble a sacrifice in the cause of his country.

The undersigned having been appointed a Committee to carry this decision into effect, have concluded to erect a Monument of appropriate design over his remains at the Woodland Cemetery; and they invite those who desire to join in this Testimonial, to hand their contributions to any one of the Committee. It is desired that the name should accompany each contribution, as it is intended to erect this Monument not only upon a liberal scale, but to have it represent the feeling of respect for the deceased so universally entertained among those who knew him.

SAMUEL FIELD,

HENRY C. LEA.

E. SPENCER MILLER,

A. J. DRAXEL,

FIENRY HOOD.

A. J. DREXEL, HENRY HOOD, CLARENCE H. CLARK.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan., 1866. Who Reads an American Book in Eng-

We have heretofore noticed the "Life of John Brainerd," by Dr. Brainerd of this city, as one of the most valuable publication of the day. We are glad to see that the work is appreciated in Great Britain, as well as at home. In the London Wesleyan Times, of December 18th, we find an analysis of the work extending through four columns.

We furnish one or two paragraphs: "This beautiful specimen of trans-Atlantic typography (if we should not say 'electrotypy'), than which, perhaps, nothing more finished in the same branch of art has been prepared to enhance our own Christmas and New Year's Day festivities, ought to be as welcome among the Evangelical Churches of Great Britain as in those of the United States."

"After this rapid outline of the contents of this volume, it is superfluous to say that it is full of interest. On some accounts, it will naturally be read with more eagerness in America than in England. The reason is, that Dr. Brainerd has been wisely careful to make it historically accurate, clear, full, and satisfactory. Regarded from this point of view, his notes and connecting statements and remarks will be highly appreciated by his countrymen, and especially by the denomination which he adorns and serves."

"The omission of some collateral particulars, and the casting into a narrrative form of some series of documentary illustrations, would enhance the charms of the work to English readers. Taking it as it is, however, we ought to feel thankful to the author for the rich entertainment afforded us. In one place, he admits, that he could have made the matter of his extracts more attractive had he used them as the woof of his own warp, and, from occasional specimens, in which his powers of narration, of illustration and of moral, have been permitted to play, we can readily imagine what would have been the result had he digested the whole of his materials into a continuous story. Not many books contain a finer photograph of former times than his lively picture of the domestic system practiced by the Pilgrim Fathers."

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY MAGAZINE. This is the title of a neat, handsome periodical of forty-eight pages, that is just out. It contains a great variety of popular tales, domestic stories, short and pithy essays, and ketches of travel. It is printed on excel lent type and paper. It is the largest ten cents worth of excellent literature that we

know of. For sale by all newsdealers. THE COMMERCE of the world is estimated constantly traversing the ocean, of whom 7,500 die every year. The amount of the property moved on the water is from fifteen hundred to two thousand million of dollars. and the amount annually lost by the casual ties of the sea average twenty-five millions

of dollars. A RALEIGH paper announces that Theodore H. Hill, a Southern poet, is preparing for publication a book of North Carolina poetry. It is added that "there are many beautiful poems, by North Carolinians, yet unknown, which merit a more enduring re-cord than the 'poet's corner' in daily publications. Mr. Hill intends to bring these

FENIANISM.

Fourth Day's Proceedings of the Convention---President Roberts Again Demanded to Deliver Up All Books, Moneys and Documents Relative to the Brotherhood---Private and Important Documents Read from the Irish Executive.

[From to-day's N. Y. Herald.] As the debates of the Fenian Convention progress they are becoming more spicy and interesting. We are informed that yester-day's proceedings threw considerable light on the working of the Senate and their reasons for establishing a separate and independent—so far as O'Mahony was concerned—republic of their own. The communicarepublic of their own. The communica-tions, too, read from the Irish executive placed them in a damaging light. These openly charged a prominent member of the Senate with treachery and treason. The presence of General Sweeny created an animated discussion, and a strong interchange of interrogatories and re-plies took place between himself and Mr. Rogers, State Centre of Manhattan, and Mr. Regers of Doren Killien The Regy Mr Curly Bernard Doran Killian. The Rev. Mr. Curly, too, spoke at some length on the cause of Ireland, and denounced the scheme of in-vading Canada as visionary and unjust. He insisted that the Irish in America had no right to invade Canada unless to aid them in establishing a free republic, or in effecting an annexation to America. He thought the Canadians were fully capable of taking care of themselves without having the Fenians interfere and invade them against their will. This view was approved by the majority of the delegates. We will give a resume of the day's proceedings as far as

we could ascertain. At the opening of the day's proceedings the Rev. Mr. Curly invoked a blessing on their deliberations. The minutes of the last day's proceedings were read and adopted. The delegates from Ireland were added to the members of the Advisory Committee.

Mr. Rodgers was added to the Committee on Ways and Means.

A gentleman called the attention of the house to the fact that the report furnished by Mr. Rogers to the committee, and which was ordered to be retained by the chairman of that committee until called for, had appeared in full in the morning papers. The chairman of the committee replied that he had not shown the document to any one but the other members of the committee, who did not copy it; and having seen it in two of the morning papers, he made inquiries and found that the document had been furnished from Mr. Roberts's quarters.

The report of the Secretary on civil affairs, Colonel Downing, was next read and was favorably received. It was a clear, elaborate document, and gave a general account of the progress of the Fenian organization he number of new circles that had added, and the general condition of those circles since the civil bureau came under his

control. A motion was adopted to have one thousand copies of the President's message printed. After debate it was agreed that a ommittee be appointed, comprising Colone O'Mahony and the two delegates from Ireland, to expunge such facts and letters as in Ireland. As this question led to considerable discussion, President O'Mahony was appealed to for his opinion. He replied that the names of several gentlemen now in Ireland occurred in the message, and to give their names would be not only injudi cious but dangerous to their safety besides. It contained certain information on Irish affairs that would be serviceable to the enemy. He did not want to make any change or alteration in the message other-

wise than these.

The house conceded to his views. In a discussion as to whether Mr. Roberts's communication be read, it not being addressed to the Chairman, the latter decided as their object there was to throw all possible light on the subjects under discussion in favor of reading the document. This

document has appeared in print.
A resolution that President O'Mahony b requested to report to this house the number of circles now in existence, the funds received since the Cincinnati Convention. and the disposal of said funds, created much

discussion. President O'Mahony stated, for the in-formation of the house, that all books, accounts and documents in his hands relative to the Brotherhood were now in the house but he would beg to remind the house tha before they proceed to examine them he wished to read for them the letters and de

spatches from the Irish executive.

A resolution was carried that all papers moneys, documents and property of all kinds, belonging to the organization, now in the hands of Mr. Roberts and his offi-

cials: also in the hands of Mr. O'Rourke, be handed over to this house.

A committee of one from each State and department was accordingly deputed to

wait on them. Mr. Cavanagh, of California, moved that the house resolve itself into a committee of the whole to examine the books and documents of both parties. The gentleman suphis object in this was that a thorough and rigid examination be instituted in order to aid us in determining who is the erring

The gentleman stated that there was a tendench among certain delegates to quash public discussion. Mr. Roberts stated that e did not think there was such a feeling in the house. In his opinion every delegate there demanded a full and complete investigation of this matter. It was reported to the Chair that General

Sweeny was outside, and the committee that had waited on him were delegated to conduct him in. Colonel O'Mahony, in reply to some ques tions, stated that any man refusing to obey his superior officer was no Fenian. All the circles in the United States were invited to

attend this Congress in order to settle this The Chairman stated that, as the house had resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, he would beg to call Mr. Cananagh, of California, to preside, as he could not act

as chairman of a committee.

The house was about adjourning during recess, when the committee, with General Sweeny, returned. The Chairman called the house to order, and introduced the General, who was received in the most enthusi-

General Sweeny stated that as the house

had now adjourned, and as they had bu-an hour to dine, he would not take up their time. He was there in response to their call. He was in favor of fair, impartial investi-gation. Why should there be any differ-ence between them? Why should we call ourselves an organization of brothers if not united? I appeal to you, gentlemen and brothers, to heal these disunions and bo inited. Englands'power is in her commerce. Strike her commerce, destroy it, and the power of England is no more. The longest way round was o ten the shortest way home Sherman took Charleston without firing a shot on it; he thought England vul-nerable through Canada and through Can-ada alone. Should he be convinced of a ada aione. Should he be convinced or a better mode he would be glad to adopt it. A successful revolution was never effected, except by military means. Such being the case, we must perfect this as a military organization, if we mean to be successful. You must heal these differences. If so, it is in the proper to affect your purposes. So, below your power to effect your purpose. So help me God, if not you can never hurt the Brit-

ish empire. The letters and despatches from the Irish executive to President O'Mahony were next read. They gave a flattering picture of the state of the organization there, and appealed most forcibly to their brothers in this country to assist them at once. So thrilling and affecting were these appeals from Irishmen at home to their more favored brothers in this country that many a manly heart throbbed, and many an eye was wet. These documents were strictly private, but could the world read and see them, they would impress them with the power and ramifica ions of the organization, also the deep confidence Stephens has in the tried patriotism, zeal and devotion of John O'Mahony. After the reading of the documents, Gen.

Sweeny got up to explain his position in connection with certain passages.

President O'Mahony replied, and charged General Sweeny with not being initiated into the brotherhood, though the Senate represented him as an initiated member to him; that same so-called Senate demanded that John Mitchel should be initiated, though they made an exception in favor of General Sweeny. Though he had every reliance on General Sweeny's honor and patriotism, still he did not want any man to belong to that organization who was not an enrolled brother. Nor would he recognize

any such man as belonging to it.

General Sweeny contessed that he had never been initiated, but was a Fenian at beart and in spirit, and had always identified himself with the Irish cause.

Mr. Rogers put several interrogatories to Gen. Sweeny Gen. Sweeny receid the

Gen. Sweeny. Gen. Sweeny repaid the compliments in true Irish style of answering one question by asking another. These questions and replies on both sides created considerable discussion, in which the good sense and logical reason of the Rev Curley and the cutting, trenchant debates of Mr. B. D. Killian were conspicuous.

Mr. Killian has the reputation of being a Mr. Killian has the repulsion of ready speaker and able debater, a man of ready speaker and keen intellect. He is fully a match for any member in that

The Irish delegates were present during or failure the debates and reading of the documents ceived. of the Irish Executive, and confirmed the assertion that that Council recognized only John O'Mahony as the head of the Brother

hood in this country.

The delegates are all agreed on one thing; that is, that unity of council and action necessary to attain their ends. But then the trouble is, every man appears to have a plan of his own to effect this reconciliation. and wonders at the ignorance of his brothers in not seeing it in the same light. It reminds one of a council of doctors wrangling about the proper perscription for their patient until the death of the patient ends he dispute. The English papers now brand Mr. Stephens as being a spy, who got into prison by mistake, and was purposely let out. If so, why dismiss the governor and officials of Richmond prison for doing their duty? This will not go down. Stephens Sends His Card to Lord Cowley.

[Paris (Dec. 18) correspondence of the London Star.]
M. Henri de la Madeleine, who signs the Chronique du Jour in the Temps, asserts that he met Stephens last evening on the Boulevards, adding that he is very good looking and remarkably well dressed. Another paper states that on his arrival in Paris the chief of the Fenians condescended to leave his card at Lord Cowley's,

The Late "Revolution" in St. Domingo. To the Editor of the Evening Bulletin: In your issue of last evening is an article upon St. Domingo, which is a misrepresentation of facts. The article referred to was copied from the N. Y. Herald.

Upon October 16th last I was in the City of San Domingo, and witnessed the "revolution" referred to. The truth is,a few men, commanded by two Generals of inferior note, appeared on the opposite side of the River Ozama, and entered the barracks, which had been erected by the Spaniards during their late occupation of the Island. They remained there several days, shouting at intervals in favor of Generals Cabral, Mansueto, Baez, and the "whole country." At that time General Cabral was acting as Protector" only, and until an election could be had for the Presidency. Cabral was not

a candidate for that position.
Upon the 20th of October a few ill-clad, hungry, drunken countrymen, followed by a crowd of nude and and semi-nude boys, paraded the streets, shouting "Viva Baez! Nota gun was fired nor a sword drawn. Business was in no wise suspended. The Senators from the Cibas, Señors Pujol and Curiel, and Señor Dubocq, from the Puerto Plata District, withdrew from the "Convention" and, fearing that difficulty might occur, they sought shelter with the French Consul, M. Landais, with whom they remained two days, after which they resumed their seats in the Assembly. No such scene occurred as that reported in the article in vour columns.

The selection of Baez was performed quietly, and so far from there being a down-tall of Cabral's administration, Gen. Cabral always was one of the firmest supporters of

the present President.
Our Consul, Paul T. Jones, Jr., formerly of this city, and myself frequently visited Gen. Cabral, whom we found to be a well educated gentleman, and one intensely American, and who only desired that Americans would emigrate to that Island to develop the mines and other riches hitherto

In justice, therefore, to the patriot Cabral, I trust you will rectify the errors contained in the article, to which I have referred.

Very truly, Yours. &c., PETER F. STOUT, Office 235 South Third street,

VITRIOL-THROWING is in vogue in London. A young woman threw a tumbler full at the face of a young man there, lately, burning and disfiguring him in the most frightful manner.

CHILL.

Important Disclosures Regarding the Spanish-Chilian War---The Spanish Blockading Fleet to be Blown Up --- Americans to Perform the Work---Departure of Vessels, with Torpedoes, from New York.

[Correspondence of the New York World.]

Washington, Jan. 5, 1866.—Facts of the most startling character bearing upon the war between Spain and Chili, have come to light at the capital within the past few days. It has been ascertained, in a manner that laces the matter beyond a doubt, that certain Americans of considerable prominence, especially in New York, have engaged in an enterprise, the success of which will involve the raising of the Spanish blockade of the Chilian ports by the most thorough and effective means—nothing less, in fact, than the total destruction of the Spanish fleet through the employment of torpedoes. All the vessels of the blockading squadron—six in number—are to be blown up simultaneously, or as nearly simultaneously as possible. The way in which the affair was brought about is, shortly, this: When the chilian agent, Senor McKenna, arrived in this country, some time since, one of his this country, some time since, one of his first acts was to hasten to Washington, so licit and obtain an interview with a very high official connected with the Navy De-partment. To this gentleman's considera-tion Senor McKenna submitted a plan for the raising of the Spanish blockade means above alluded to; the agent also be-sought such assistance as the gentleman in question could give, consistently with re-spect for his position. The result was that Senor McKenna at once returned to New York, fortified with a letter of introduction from the high official to an engineer and inventor then residing in that city, but formerly in the federal service—a gentleman who invented as well as superintended the manufacture of all the torpedoes used by the government during the late war. The engineer at once set about preparing an expedition: the order for the construction of the torpedoes was given to a prominent iron manufacturer in New York; a steamer sold by the government at public auction, and subsequently purchased by the Chilian agent, was fitted out; a ship was also purchased, to be used as a tender; the torpedoes were delivered on board at the appointed time; regular clearances for Chilian ports we e obtained, and, carrying the Chilian ilag and manned by crews selected for the purpose, embracing many adventurous young men, the vessels sailed away, Several weeks have now elapsed; in a short time, in all probability, news of the success

man whose fillibustering tendencies are well known in New York; he is an inrelatives and friends) recently sent a ship load of goods to Matamoras, sinking a for-tune in the operation. He is to receive thirty thousand dollars in gold when the fleg-ship of the Spanish Admiral is blown pp, and proportionate amounts for the destruction of other vessels. He receives a salary of five hundred dollars in month during the whole term of his service under the Chilian government; the same amount, monthly, is to be paid to his chief associates. All engaged in the enterprise are under the protection of the Chilian government; leaders have commissions, signed the Chilian authorities, declaring that the are citizens regularly employed in the mili-tary service of Chili. One of the chief promoters of the enterprise is an American, a native of New York, brother to the actual ommander, and best known by nection with the construction of the Chilian railways. Ten years he has enjoyed the favor and confidence of the Chilian government. For reasons that are sufficiently obvious I am not permitted to mention names; but of the truth of the facts above

or failure of the undertaking will be re-

The moving spirit in the enterprise is

The Spanish Squadron.
Admiral Pareja's squadron, at last accounts, except the Villa de Madrid, which was at Valparaiso, were distributed among the Chilian ports of Coquimbo, Caldera and

related there is no doubt whatever.

Washington. January 5, 1866.— This morning the Peruvian Minsster and an officer of the Peruvian Navy visited the splendid monitor Miantanomah, now at the navy vard, for the purpose of inspecting it. The double-turreted monitor, and her neighbor the Minister from Peru is anxious to ourchase one of our monitors for his government.

Facts and Fancies.
One Hubbell, cashier of the Missisiquoi
Bank in Sheldon, Vt., who disappeared a
few days ago, is a defaulter to the amount of seventy-five thousand dollars. It is said his embezalements began years ago, but have been to covered by false entries and false footings as to elude observation. The false footings are a species of counterfeet.

A well-known thief stole a horse collar at Liverpool lately, and being caught in the act in the street, fell upon his knees and burst out into prayer. The police officer decorously waited a few minutes, but, find-ing that the prayer seemed to be interminable, cut it short by walking his prisoner off to jail. Query. Was therean 'alter attached to the collar?

MAccounts from Bordeaux mention that the port is nearly filled with American ships, which will take away a great part of the wines of the present year. Not only is the port filled with ships, but the ships are being filled with Port.

The Liverpool magistrates recently sent to prison for two months two stevedores while engaged in discharging a ship stole the contents of several boxes of raising and so ingeniously concealed them about their persons as to deceive the dock-gate men. Probably swallowed them.

The double turreted monitor Tonawanda will hereafter be attached to the Naval Academy. An original school monitor, Wonder if she will tell on the boys, as she

The gamins of New York have devised a new industrial scheme. They go about the streets and piers, with little canyas bags and steal cotton in small quantities from imperfectly bound bales, or from heaps which are to be assorted and rebaled. On a plantation, those fellows would be regular

Podsnaps. It is a superstition of the peasants of

Brittany that the popping of chestnuts, when placed on the fire at a child's birth, betokens its future success in life. We know a good many children whose future success depends more on their pop than on themselves

A story is told of an inveterate drinker, who signed the temperance pledge, but was found soon after imbibling as often as ever. To his friends who remonstrated with him, he replied that the document which he had signed was invalid, because it had no internal revenue stars. no internal revenue stamp:

Horatio Stone, a New York sculptor, has just completed a bust of Dr. Bellows in plaster, preparatory to its execution in marble. Of course the Doctor will put on the finishing blows himself.

The only banker we ever heard of who has never been a "bull," is one in London, who has been Baring all his life. A man named Murray, in New York, has sued his father and brought his brothers as witnesses. It is suggested that they were

sworn on Murray's Gram'ma. A butcher's horse beat Lieut. General Grant's favorite nag on the road a few days ago, and the general would not allow the grass to grow under his feet until he had purchased the victorious trotter. The butcher valued his steaks in that race at

The Viceroy of Egypt—extravagant old boy—has ordered in Paris two buckles for his vice-regal belt, which will cost \$800,000. What a waist!

CITY BULLETIN.

MEMORIAL TO BISHOP POTTER. -A MOVEment has been organized in this city to erect a Memorial to the late Bishop Potter. The contributions are to take the form of a thank-offering for the restoration of peace and the "great enlargement of civil liberty," and a building is to be erected having, in the language of Bishop Stevens's Pastoral Letter to his Clergy and Laity, "as its central feature a large Chapel for the free preaching of the Word of God; and connected with it, the needed rooms and offices nected with it, the needed rooms and offices for all Diocesan purposes, and for the use of the various Church Societies, constituting, in its unity, a noble Diocesan House, worthy to be the memorial tribute of a great Diocese to a great and beloved Bishop." This is a most commendable undertaking, and we hope it may be carried out without opposition from those Episcopalians who are not thankful for the blessings which it

is designed to acknowledge. BITUMINOUS COAL.—The Webster Coal Company has been recently organized with \$400,000 capital. The property of the Company lies in Allegheny and Westmoreland counties, and extensive improvements have already been put upon the ground. The product is a fine bituminous coal, and with the facilities of the Pittsburgh market the Company is likely to be a very money-

Another Counterfeit .- A man has been committed by Alderman Tittermary, to answer the charge of attempting to pass a counterfeit \$20 U. S. Treasury note of the compound interest issue. The counterfeit is a good imitation of the genuine notes and is the first of that character seen at the office of the Assistant Treasurer in this city.

PHILADELPHIA SKATING PARK,-The park at Thirty-first and Walnut streets is now in splendid order. The skating season has been joyously inaugurated, and throngs of visitors crowd thither. This afternoon and evening the scene will be of the liveliest

EIGHTH OF JANUARY,-The veterals of the war of 1812 will celebrate the day on Monday morning, at 102 o'clock, at the Su-preme Court Room. General attendance is desired.

No teeth so beautiful, pure and rare,

As those under Dr. Miles's "system of care." See his pamphlet on the teeth—gratis. Western River Trade

[From the Cincinnati Gazette.]
A Committee appointed by the Chamber of Commerce of St. Louis, to inquire into and report on the commerce of the Mississippi and its tributaries, and to represent to ongress the necessity of a provision by the deneral Government for Western waters of snags and other obstructions have completed their labors and made

(ILCILIBALL	193	90,413 10	42,953	4,134,000
Dubuque	20	2,204 37	5 137	459,560
Evarsville	25	3,043 51	5.019	402.680
Galens	20	2,297 77	3.*05	435,000
Keokuk	15	1,173 86	2 192	178,500
Louisville	66,	14,109 64	25,425	1,994,500
Memphis	60	9.849 62	15,121-	1,011,200
*New Albany		************	,	-,
Nashville	12	1.183 06	2,156	108,000
*Natcher		.,	********	200,000
New Orleans	80	15 860 07	21.625	1.292.000
Paducab	10	2,100 80	2.893	265.000
Pittsburgh	159	23,598 00	42,471	3,920,800
*Quincy				
Et. Paul	39	3.088 52	4.973	607.500
St. Louis	210	\$6,532 34	110,750	8,830,000
*Vicksburg		***************************************		
Wheeling	44	9.533 11	8,075	918,000
1	610	B1C 0.7 00	000 111	DI FEC MA

*No registration at these ports for want of local in-During the rebellion the number and tonnage of steamers has been greatly reduced by various causes incident thereto; though the number of the fleet is rapidly increasing, their aggregate value and freights earned will not progress to the same ratio; we therefore consider it prudent to keep the estimates of revenue below the present minimum value. To say-

We estimate freights earned during 1865, at Underwriters' valuation of steamers at 40 per cent. less than their

present market value. present market value,
Levy a tax of 2 per cent, to be collected and added to the freight
bill of the consignee, to be paid
periodically by the boats to the

Custom-house, would produce a revenue of . 650,331 Add 3 per cent. tax on Underwriters' valuation of vessels, an-

nually levied, produces, say 432,018 Net annual revenue, . \$1,092,349 The tax on barges, lighters, &c., will greatly enlarge the above revenue.

Among the improvements in Lendon is the building of embankments along vertain parts of the river Thames. Between Hun-gerford and Waterloo bridges aspace of more than four hundred feet of dirty slime will be reclaimed from the river by embankment.

Along this wide space it is intended to build a crescent-shaped row of fine shops, with a belt of trees planted in the centre of the em-

A FIRE at Racine, Wis., on Thursday afternoon, destroyed the Racine House, Titus block, the telegraph office, the Episcopal church, six or eight stores, and other

property, The loss amounted to \$100,000. IT IS proposed to erect a statue to Lord Palmerston in one of the public parks of Southampton.