Mr. Doolittle presented a memorial of the Legislature of Wisconsin, asking that a tax be aced only upon the profits of money invested in the manufacture of agricultural implements, instead of three per cent. on all sales. It represents that these manufactures are five times the value of the capital invested, or equal to fifteen per cent. on the capital, and that they have greatly benefited the West, and without them the development of agricultural resources would be retarded. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Sherman called up the bill prohibiting speculative transactions in gold, &c., as published in yesterday's proceedings. He said the object of the bill was to prevent gambling in gold. The committee thought that this, at this time, had an injurious effect, and that the sale of gold by a party who had no gold to sell was an offence. This offence was being daily committed by parties when they have not a cent to sell. He presented the following letter from the Secretary of the Treasury on the subject. In a letter to Mr. Fessenden, Chairman of the Finance Committee, under date of Treasury Department, April 12, 1864, the Secretary of

the Treasury says:
Sir, notwithstanding the diminished amount of United States notes in circulation, and our gradual withdrawal from use as currency of interest-bearing United States notes, made a legal tender for their face, the price of gold continues to advance. This effect can only be attributed to one of two causes, and is probably due in part to each. First, to the increase of notes of local banks, and secondly, to the efforts of speculators. I have already submitted through you to the consideration of the Committee on Finance, a bill intended as a remedy for the first evil. I now beg leave to submit to its consideration a bill intended as a remedy for the second. The first bill, if it becomes a law. will have, I doubt not, the most salutary consequences. The effects of the second will probably be more immediate, though not perhaps of such permanent importance. I ask for both a candid consideration, and if approved the favorable action of Congress. It must not be thought, however, that I regard either or both of these measures adequate remedies for finan-cial disorders. Nothing short of taxation to one-half of the amount of our current expenditures, and a reduction of these expenditures to the lowest point compatible with efficiency, will insure financial success to the Government, and without military success all measures will fail.

Very respectfully yours,
S. P. CHASE. (Signed) Mr. Sherman said that the Committee on Finance were not certain that the evils sought to be remedied by this bill would be so. He was certain, however, that the bill might do good, and could do no harm. The true remedy for our evils, as all knew, was the success of

Mr. Fessenden advocated the bill, and said it might tend to cure an evil which existed, because of the desire of some persons to make money at any expense to the country; and again, as he was sorry to say, because there were many amongst us who cultivated a hostility to our currency because they sympathized with our enemies. In a great commercial city like New York, it was impossible to repress this entirely, but he thought the bill would ac complish good.

Mr. Cowan (Pa.) opposed the bill as of useless and doubtfull legislation. He did not believe our currency had so depreciated as to require such a means to bolster it up. He denied that these speculations had the least effect on the price of gold. The price of gold depended upon its intrintic material value, and if there was an article in the world which had a legal right to be called king it was gold. He quoted at length from Thier's History of the French Revolution, giving a history of the assignats issued at that time, and drew a parallel between that era and

He moved to strike out the clause requiring the annual delivery of United States notes or national currency in all gold transactions. He said this bill would have no better effect than the Gold bill passed recently, when gold went up five per cent. the day after its passage. He opposed the bill as useless and impracticable. His amendment was rejected.

YEAS-Messrs. Buckalew, Clark, Collamer, Harding, Hendricks, Howe, Johnson, Nesmith, Harding, Hendricks, Howe, Johnson, Nesmith, Powell, Saulsbury, Wright—II

NAYS—Messrs. Anthony, Brown, Chandler, Conness, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foster, Hale, Harris, Lane (Ind.), Lane (Kansas), Morgan, Morrill, Pomeroy, Ramsay, Sherman, Sprague, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wade, Willey, Wilson—25.

Mr. Chandler (Mich.) supported the bill. It was well known that there were in many of our

was well known that there were in many of our large cities persons of disloyal opinions who used all kinds of methods to break down the confidence in the Government and its currency. In New York city, to-day, Jeff. Davis could get a larger vote than a loval man. These gold gamblers were nearly all sympathizers with the rebellion. He believed the people had confidence in our securities, as for every dollar the Government issued there was a mortgage on the solid wealth of the country. One reason of the great demand for gold was the extravagance of the people. There was what was called the "gold ring" in New York, who were sympathizers with the rebels, and this bill would have an effect on it and similar combinations. When our armies should march to victory, the speculators would be the ones

Mr. Johnson (Md.) made a legal argument to show that it was not competent for Congress to undertake to regulate this matter; as it was a matter solely belonging to the States. If, as alleged, it was a crime to gamble in gold, it was to be punished by the laws of the States. He denied our authority to regulate State Banks under the Constitution. Gold had become an article of trade and contract, and the States should regulate it as such. This bill further proposes to regulate foreign exchange. If we have power in Congress to do this, why may we not extend it to bonds, stocks, promissory notes, &c., and thus regulate the entire business of the States? This bill would not be a success permanently, because these speculations, instead, of having their places in the street, would continue under one roof and exert the same influences they now do. He wanted additional taxation, and a vigorous and successful prosecution of the war. With this the people would allow the debt to be trebled.

A message was received from the House announcing their non-concurrence in the report of the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing votes on the bill creating a Territorial Government for Montano, and stating that they had appointed a new Committee with ructions asking the appointment of a similar one by the Senate.

Mr. Fessenden and others, while expressing a willingness to recede, condemned the manner in which the House had made the request.

Mr. Fessenden said he was tired of seeing the Senate getting continually on its knees to On motion of Mr. Collamer, the Senate re

fused to accept the proposition of the House, coming in the form it did. Mr. Sherman said the depreciation of our currency was no greater than that of France and England, when great financiers like Wm. Pitt, presided over the Financial Bureau of England. Similar methods were proposed in those days to prevent the depreciation of the currency. He cited instances during the period when England waged war against Napoleon. He said the gold bill passed the other day had

accomplished all desired, and but for it he had no doubt gold would now be over two hundred. Our bonds were now worth one hundred and ourteen, and if gold was higher it was because of the enormous bounties we had paid to the veterans. He took no discouraging view of our condition; this was unwise, and he would

almost say unpatriotic. Mr. Sumner said the whole question has been discussed exhaustingly two years ago, and he would make his words brief. He then went on to give a brief history of the French assignats and said they were not parallel to our currency, because no provision was made for their redemption. Gold coin in all communities might be considered as money or as merchan-dise. If it is money the Government must protect it. The Government might, to correct abuses, withdraw its coin altogether. Congress has power as a last resort to do what the public safety might require. On this ground the habeas corpus was suspended and men are drafted, and these powers can be exercised in

extraordinary emergencies. Mr. Cowan replied to Messrs. Sumuer and Sherman, and said if we prohibited gambling in gold to-day there would be gambling in curency to-morrow. He opposed this bill, as it showed an unmanly panic, and looked like an effort to force the securities of the Government on the people against all precedent. We must pass the revenue bill, and then, with our new General and a rejuvenated army, conquer the enemy, put this rebellion down and pay our

A motion of Mr. Collamer to strike out the second section, forbidding the purchase of gold at other than the ordinary place of business of the seller or purchaser, was rejected. Mr. Collamer moved to strike out the words

foreign exchange. At 6.15 P. M. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Mr. Beaman (Mich.), from the Conference Committee on the disagreeing amendment to the bill providing a territorial government for Montano, made a report recommending a concurrence in the Senate amendment striking out the qualification of being "white" for voters, and substituting "every male citizen of the United States and those who have declared their intention to become such." Mr. Holman (Ind.) moved to lay the report

on the table, which was disagreed to-yeas 60, The House disagreed to the report—yeas 53,

Mr. Webster (Md.) moved the following in structions: "And that the Committee agree to no report which authorizes to vote any other than free white male citizens, and those who have deciared their intention to become such." The question was taken on Mr. Webster's instructions, and agreed to—yeas 75, nays 67. Mr. Beaman's motion for another committee of conference was adopted, with the instructions as above.

The joint resolution to dispose of the unem ployed generals was postponed for ten days. Mr. Alley (Mass.), from the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, reported a bil authorizing the establishment of an ocean mail steamship service between the United States and Brazil.

Mr. Alley said that the Committee reported the bill because petitioned for by large numbers of merchants, capitalists and others from every section of the Union. None have asked for subsidies for a particular line, but generally for the inauguration of a general policy, which would place us more upon an equal footing with other commercial nations. He said the policy of Great Britain has been, ever since 1810, to encourage ocean steam communication with distant and remote points, by granting pecuniary aid in the shape of subsidies, &c., while the action of this Government was the reverse of that of England, a policy which he charac-

terized as "penny wise and pound foolish."

He showed that under the subsidy system he commerce and trade of Great Britain with our neighbors right at our own doors had increased to unexampled dimensions; while ours on the contrary, had decreased in all cases to very moderate proportions, and in many in stances to positive insignificance. He stated that not a single American steamer now carried our flag to any European port, and all our cor-respondence with the nations of Central and South America had to be carried by foreign/ steamers via England or France.

He said it was a mortifying fact that an American Minister, representing our Government at any of the North American or Central American States, was obliged to cross the ocean twice in order to reach his post or duty, under the protection of a foreign flag. Its we wish to maintain commercial importance, much less maintain commercial importance, much less maintain supremacy, we must change our policy and adopt that of Great Britain, which has swelled her trade and commerce with all those nations with whom she has established steam communication to gigantic proportions.

England has gradually and constantly increased her subsidy system for more than twenty years, until now she has established ocean communication with every nook and corner of the globe, and compelled almost every nation of the earth to pour into her ca pacious lap such of their products as would add to her comfort or promote her wealth. She now has nine lines to which she grants subsidies, amounting in all to over four millions of dollars per annum. The postages received reduce her annual loss to about two and

a half millions. The exports of the United States to Brazi are about seven-eighths agricultural, and one-eighth manufacturing products. The Brazilian Government are anxious to establish more intimate postal and commercial communication and relations with us. Last year a proposition was made, and came very near being carried, to grant a subsidy to a North American Company of \$100,000. He said that not only were the material interests of the country greatly promoted by this policy, but great political considerations of transcendant importance were involved in the question on intimate postal and commercial communication with our neighbors upon this continent. The North American Governments are ready to welcome us with open arms. They dread the encroaching and grasping policy of the governments of the old world, and they are looking to the Government of the United States as a barrier and shield to the aggressions and usurpations of those Governments.

Mr. Pruyn (N. Y.) expressed the hope that this bill would receive the unanimous support of the House, as it would show that we are well disposed to cultivate the good feeling of Brazil toward us, and further increase the benefits of commercial communication between the two countries.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) thought that they had abandoned the system of subsidies. We tried it with the Collins line and abandoned it, leaving everything open to competition, as it ought to If it were even profitable, it seemed to him they ought not again to resort to it at this time, when gold is at a premium ranging from fifty to one hundred per cent., and when the public expenditures were three millions of dollars a day.

Mr. Alley said that the gentleman misapprehended the bill. It proposed to give for the service not exceeding \$150,000 per annum, provided Brazil would pay an equal amount. There was no subsidy, no particular line is selected, but the service is open to fair com-

Mr. Kasson remarked the bill did not merely provide for cultivating postal and commercial communication with Brazil, but with intermediate points, and he briefly showed the advan-

tages of the bill.

After further proceedings, Mr. Stevens moved
This was disathe bill be laid upon the table. This was disagreed to by 30 against 57.

The bill was then passed. It authorizes the

Postmaster-General to unite with the Post

Office Department of Brazil in establishing direct mail communication between the two countries by means of a monthly line of firstclass sea going steamers, not less than two thousand tons each, of sufficient number to perform twelve round trips per annum, between the twelve round trips per annum, between the United States, at a port north of the Potomac River, and Rio Janeiro, touching at St. Thomas, in the West Indies, at Bahia and Pernambuco, provided that the expense to the United States shall not exceed \$200,000 per annum. The Postmaster-General is authorized to administration Postmaster-General is authorized to advertise for proposals for such service for sixty days in one or more newspapers in Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, and such contract to go into effect on or before the 1st of September, 1865.

Mr. Alley, from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, reported a bill compelling all railroad corporations to carry the mails for such compensation as may be provided by law. The bill was passed. Mr. Alley called up the bill to establish a ostal money order system, which was passed.

No order is to be issued for less than one dol-

lar, nor more than thirty dollars.

Mr. Rollins (N. H.), from the Committee on Public Expenditures, reported a resolution au thorizing the Speaker to issue his warrant to the Sergeant-at-Arms for the arrest of John H. Donahue, of New York, who has refused to appear and testify in relation to the affairs of the New York Custom House. The resolution

The House passed a resolution for the relie of Postmasters who have been robbed of stamps, money, &c., by Confederate forces or bands of guerillas. The House, at half-past four o'clock, adiourned

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE. CLOSE OF YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The following bills were considered: An act incorporating the Allegheny and Kane's Summit Railroad. Passed tinally. An act for the assumption by the Commonwealth of debts incurred by cities, counties, wards, &c., for payment of bounties to volunteers. Indefinitely postponed—yeas 20, nays 12. A communication was read from the Governor, in answer to a resolution of inquiry as to what action has been taken for the payment of claims for damages during rebel raids, stating that they had been transmitted to the General Government and no reply received. Adjourned. Afternoon Session .- A communication was received from the Governor, giving the number of employes of the Military Department.

Bills Passed.—Incorporating Keystone Minng Company. Vacating Hamilton street. Supplement to Jersey Shore Railroad. Supplement to Allentown Iron Company. Supplement to Ashburton Coal Company. Incorporating Philadelphia Hall Association Adjourned until Monday.

House. - The House met at 10 A. M. Mr. Myers (Bedford) rose to a personal explanation. The statement had been made yesterday by the gentleman from Philadelphia (Mr. Watson) that the destruction by fire of the property of an enrolling officer in Bedford county, was owing to the teachings of a paper of which he (Mr. Myers) was proprietor. The charge was but the repetition of an electioneering scheme, and was a gross insult and a false hood. This fire occurred in a township which gave Mr. Lincoln a majority of one hundred and eleven in 1860, and which in the spring election of 1864 gave the Democrats eighty-

five majority. Those who asserted that the fire was the work of some person either allied to the Democracy or in sympathy with the South, proved themselves to be falsifiers by not being able to name, produce or convict the incendiary. The course of the Bedford Gazette, the paper alluded to, had always been to suppress any insurrectionary spirit, and it has asserted that, as the conscription law was one of the laws of the land, it should be quietly submitted to as such. Mr. Watson inquired whether it was true

that the paper had said of the enrolling officers that they would rather live a peaceful life than die a fearful death. Mr. Myers said that when a gentleman asked him a question he would reply.

Mr. Watson said that the person whose property had been destroyed, and who was an officer of the Government, had received a warning that vengeance would be visited upon him and two others. This was why the barn was burned and this was the legitimate result of incendiary teachings.

The General Appropriation bill was passed.

Bills in Place.—Mr. Etnier, an act establishing standard weight of sumac in Pennsylvanis (fixing it at two thousand pounds per ton). Passed. Also, an act incorporating the Union

Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Coleman, supplement to the Tooland Company (giving them rights of Particular Company). The second section is the supplement Company of the second section in the supplement Company of the second section is the supplement Company. giving these rights, was voted down, when pill passed finally.

Mr. Weiser, incorporating the Lehigh Iron Company.

Mr. Wimley introduced an act relative to the Courts of the Commonwealth. Passed.

Steam Road on Delaware avenue.—The act ets forth that it is desirable to increase the facitities between the seaboard cities and the National Capitol, and promote the commercial and manufacturing interests of Philadelphia.

Be it enacted, &c., That Price J. Patton, Thos. Sinexson, Benj. P. Thompson and George W. Reed, and successors, be incorporated, &c., under the name of the "Delaware Avenue Railroad Company," to construct a road to connect with the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad near the Kensington depot, in the Nineteenth Ward; thence by such route as the Directors may select to a point on Delaware avenue north of Willow; thence on said Delaware avenue south of Pine: thence by such route as Directors may select to Swanson street, there to connect with the track of the Southwark Railroad Company. The track to be of tramway pattern, seventy pounds to the square yard, "and steam power may be employed on the said road or any part of any other railroad, between the hours of 7 o'clock P. M. and 6 o'clock A. M.; and it shall be lawful for the company to connect with any other railway now constructed on any part of the route which may, under the provisions of this act, be selected for the purpose of passing upon and over the same, and to lay a third rail, or alter the guage when necessary. Capital stock, five thousand shares of fifty dollars each; bonds, three hundred thou-

sand dollars. The above act will be introduced by Mr. Josephs. Adjourned. Afternoon Session .- The act for the removal

of the Northumberland Bank was passed.

The bill for the imposition of a State Reve-

oue was discussed in Committee of the Whole.

Adjourned until Monday. BOARD OF TRADE. GEORGE L. BUZBY, EDWARD C. BIDDLE, MONTHLY COMMITTEE. THOMAS S. FERNON,

IMPORTATIONS.
Reported for the Philadelphia Evening Builetin. Reported for the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

LIVERPOOL—Ship Eastern State, Meredith—Stasks soda ash Jessup & Moore; 58 do Whittall. Tatum & Co; 334 do 42 bbls caustic soda 25 drums do Yarnall & Trimble; 72 cks soda ash A Kerr; 53 do C W Churchman; 63 pkgs mdse Powers & Weightman; 490 do J H Bulles; 2 J Kalston; 1 W H Horstmann & Sons; 2 Porter & Booth; 340 bxs tin 22 pkgs mdse Brown, Shipley & Co; 90 bags nails 3 casks mdse 3 chains W G Lewis & Sons; 5 bdls steel P Coleman; 22 Naylor & Co; 50 tons pig iron S & W Welsh; 10i crates ethw Isasc Stark; 18 do do 2 casks do S B Pierce & Sons; 11 do 3 do E J Willetts & Co; 41 crates do S Asbury & Co; 60 do 7 casks do George Hammersly; 50 casks and 100 bbls chemicals 20 bags corks 23 bdls steel 1180 bdls iron 15 pkgs merchandise order.

THE MARCHANTS EXCHANGE PHILADRIPHIA
Wyoming, Burton...... Liverpool, April 25
Lapire Lines, Moran Liverpool, soon

SAILING DAYS OF STRAMSHIPS. TO ARRIVE.

TO ARRIVE.

BIPS FROM DOR DATE

Damascus ... Liverpool Portland... March 31

Borussia ... Southampton ... New York ... April 2

Asia ... Liverpool ... Boston... April 2

Asia ... Liverpool ... New York ... April 2

Cof New York ... Liverpool ... New York ... April 6

Australasian ... Liverpool ... New York ... April 6

Australasian ... Liverpool ... New York ... April 16

TO DEPART.

Morning Star ... New York ... Havana&N.O ... April 16

City of London ... N York ... Liverpool ... April 16

City of London ... N York ... Liverpool ... April 16

Crusader ... New York ... Kingston , Ja ... April 20

Persia ... New York ... Liverpool ... April 20

Persia ... New York ... Liverpool ... April 20

Corsica ... New York ... Havana, &c. ... April 22

Illinois ... New York ... Aspinwall ... April 23

FORT OF PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 16

FORT OF PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 16.

UN RISES,5 25 | SUN SETS, 6 35 | HIGH WATER, 8 30 SUN RISES, 5 25 | SUN SETS, 6 25 | HIGH WATER, 8 30

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Schr J R Ford, Campbell, 3 days from Pocomoke River with timber to J W Bacon.

Schr Six Sons, Humphries, 3 days from Nanticoke River, with pine boards to J W Bacon.

Schr Eleanor Ann, Turner, 3 days from Salisbury, Md. with lumber to J W Bacon.

Schr Morning Light, Ruark, 3 days from Salisbury, Md. with lumber to J W Bacon.

Schr Alfred Bunting, Steelman, 1 day from Odessa, Del. with grain to Christian & Co.

Steamer Torrence, Philiprick, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W P Clyde.

Steamer Tacony, Pierce, 24 hours from N York, with mdse to W M Baird & Co.

Steamer J S Rockweil, Edwards, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W M Baird & Co.

Steamer J S Rockweil, Edwards, 24 hours from New York, with mdse to W M Baird & Co.

New York, with mase to W M Baird & Co.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Brig Dudley, Carter, Port Royal, E A Souder & Co.
Schr M Kennedy, Kelly, Alexandria, Tyler & Co.
Schr Grists, Ross, Newport, Blakiston, Graff & Co.
Schr J Stroup, Lake, Boston, E E Sawyer & Co.
Schr Active. Simmons, Nashington, captain.
Strr R Willing, Dade, Baltimore, A Groves, Jr.
Strr New York, Fultz, New York, W P Clyde.
Str Jas Hand, Shropshire, do

MEMORANDA. Steamship Saxon, Matthews, hence at Bostor Steamship Saxon, Matthews, hence at Boston yesterday morning, after being on shore. Steamship City of London (Br), Petrie, cleared at New York yesterday for Liverpool.

Ship Chas A Farwell, Amsbury, from New Orleans, at New York yesterday, with sait. Ship James R Keeler, Delano, at San Francisco 14th inst. from New York.

Ship Wizard King, Woodworth, from New York 16th ult. for San Francisco, returned to port yesterday.

day.

Ships Nicobar (formerly Bullion), at Calcutta
12th ult. chartered for N York on English account at \$20 per ton; Hope, Hancock, for Boston, gets Bark George & Henry, Grumby, from Baltimore, at Valparaiso 16th uit—arr 12th.

Bark Cephas Starrett, Gregory, hence, remained on the bar, below New Orleans, 5th inst.

Bark Texas, Horton, hence, below New Orleans, 5th inst.

6th inst.

Bark Petrea, Sturges, was off the bar, below New Orleans. 6th inst.

Bark Rapid, Marschalk, at Nassau 28th ult. from Yera Cruz, and cleared 29th for New York.

Bark Pawnee, Johnson, hence at New Orleans

Sth inst.

Bark-Lightfoot, Lowe, from Buenos Ayres 6th
Feb. at New York yesterday, with hides and wool.

Bark Rancague (Br), at Iquiqe, 29th Feb. loading for this port.

Brig Ospray (Br), was chartered at Havana 7th inst. for this port direct, 800 boxes sugar at \$112 per box. Schr Racer (Br), for this port, was charper box. Sohr Kacer (Br), for this port, was chariered on the same terms.

Bark Washington Butcher, Collins, for Matanzas,
islied from Boston 14th inst.

Brig Kate Stewart, Teague, cleared at Nassau
list uit. for Key West.

Brig Geo Ludlow (Br), Wilson, at Nassau 21st
alt. from New Castle, Del. and cleared 22d for New
York.

York.
Schr E McLain, hence at N Orleans 8th inst.
Schr Maria Fleming, Feaster, cleared at N York
yesterday for Wilmington, Del.
Schrs O A Greiner, Young: A Downing, Rice, and
Snowflake. Green, hence at Norfolk 11th inst.
Schr Wm Frazier, Applegatth, cleared at Boston 14th inst.

Boston 14th inst.
Schr Wm Frazier, Applegarth, cleared at Baltimore 14th inst. for this port.
Schr Gen Knox. 13 days from Holmes' Hole for this port, was spoken 9th inst. lat 36 20, lon 72 40.
Schr Typhoon, Orcutt, at Nassau 25th ult. reported from Philadelphia.

MARINE MISCELLANY.

Brig Fredonia, Lord, from Cardenas 14th ult. with a cargo of sugar, &c. bound to Belfast, put into N York 14th inst. in distress; reports March 22, lat 52 38, lon 78 32, took as sharp gale from the SE shipped several seas, which floated deck load, broke one man's arm, and broke wheel; 23d, wind shifted to NW,-and blew a hurricane, completely burying the vessel in the sea; hove overboard the deck load of 52 hhds molasses; the gale continuing until 25th increasing in violence, with a thick storm, had to scud before it until midnight of 28th, when it moderated. Saw a schoner deseased

ancreasing in violence, with a trick storm, had to scud before it until midnight of 28th, when it moderated. Saw a schooner dispassed, which proved to be the achr James Bourd. Johnson, from Harbor Island for N. Yorkstood with her the captain and brought them to this part. I have had a continuation of heavy weather ever fince; lost and split sails; washed everything moveable from the decks overhoard; lost boat; started cutwater, &c. Was 16 days without an observation.

Schr Jas H Deputy, Sturges, of and from Barnstable for New York, in ballast, struck a rock in Fisher's Island Sound on Saturday last, causing her to leak so much that on her arrival at New London the same way the water, was over the cabin floor. She has been taken upon the marine railway for repairs. for repairs.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. A vessel arrived at Newport Tuesday reports the disappearance of the Lighthouse on Block Island, and the supposition is that it has been blown away.

BUSINESS CARDS. H. WILSON & BRO.-REAL ESTATE
AGENTS and BROKERS. 429 WALNUT
Street. Money carefully invested. Real Estate
bought, sold and exchanged. Interest on Ground
Rents, Mortgages and House Rents promptly
collected.

JAMES M. SCOVEL, Attorney at Law,
Master and Examiner
In Chancery,
113 PLUM street,

HAFFA & SMITH,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, FOR THE SALE OF FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED, SEEDS, And Produce generally.

No. 121 North WATER st., Phila. [ap5-lm No. 121 North WATER st., Phila. [ap5-lm*]

ROBERT EWING,
BILL BROKER,
Mh25-ly\() No. 109 South THIRD street.

JOS. H. THOMPSON. GEO: ALKINS,
GEORGE ALKINS & CO.,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS
And General Merchandise Brokers,
No. 154 North DELAWARE Avenue,
mb24-1mo\() Philadelphia.

Philadelphia. ECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PHILA-DELPHIA. FRANKFORD.

CAPITAL 8100, 000, with the privilege of increas-

ing to \$500,000. NATHAN HILLES, President; WILLIAM H. RHAWN, Cashier, late of the Philadelphia Bank

Nathan Hilles,
George W. Rnawn,
Simon R. Snyder,
Edward Hayes,
The Second National Bank of Philadelphia Bank
ow open at No. 134 Main street,
Frankford, for the transaction of a General Banking Business upon the usual terms. the transaction of a General Banking Business upon the usual terms.

Collections upon all accessible points will be made upon liberal terms.

Respectfully, W. H. RHAWN, 163-3m¢ Clasher

Te3-3m(Casher

GEORGE BOLDIN, MICHAEL WARTM IN
BOLDIN & WARTMAN,
TOBACCO and GENERAL COMISSION
Merchants,
No. 105 North WATER street and 106 North
fels DELAWARE avenue, Philadelphia.

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

HAVANA CIGARS.—
A good assortment constantly in Store and
Bond—at lowest rates for cash.

STEPHEN FUGUET, Importer,
mh2-3mo\()
No. 216 S. Front Street. mh2-3mo\(\) No. 216 S. Front Street.

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{OBACUO AND HEMP.-27 bales Kentucky} \\
\text{Hemp: 250 cases Pennsylvania Leaf Tobacco;} \\
\text{150 cases Navy. Pounds, Tobacco; 7 cases Caddie Boxes Plug Tobacco, for sale by BOLDIN & WARTMAN, No. 105 N. Water street.}
\end{align*}

mhi7

AVANA CIGARS.—3000 Havana Cigars received per Brig Marie Louise, and for sale by GEORGE ALKIN'S & CO., 154 North DELAWARE Avenue. WARE Avenue.

WIRGINIA MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—
THE FIRST ARRIVAL SINCE THE WAR
BROKE OUT.—35 boxes superior sweet lumps
just received from Norfolk, now landing from inst received from Portole, ROW leading schooner Florence, and for sale by THOMAS WEBSTER, Jr., General Agent Union Steamship Company, 14 North Delaware avenue.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL SHEATH-ING. Braziers, Copper. Nails. Belts and Ingot Copper, consensity on mand, and the sale by HENRY WINSOR & CO., 3B South Charges

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

NO. 1932 RACE STREET—Desirable Four-story Residence. Immediate possession. For Sale by A. B. CARVER & CO., apl5 6t4 S. W. Cor. Ninth and Filbert Sts. ap15 6t6 FOR SALE—A neat stone DWELLING, West Philadelphia, SPRUCE street, shove Forty-fourth. Apply at 103 WALNUT street (up stairs).

FOR SALE.—The PROPERTY (619 ARCH STREET, 2320 GREEN street, or J. P. ROBINETT, 232 North SECOND street.

FOR SALE —A three-story Brick HOUSE, with three-story back buildings, situated No. 113 South TWENTIETH Street. Particulars No. 914 CHESTNUT Street. ap14-3t* FOR SALE.—Handsome and convenient RESIDENCE, FIFTH street, below NUBLE, 45 feet front by 80 feet deep. Apply to JOHN H. WEEKS. ap15-12t* J S W. corner Fifth and Noble.

apis-12tw S W. corner Fillia and Nople.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCES.—Central location. Three-story brick dwellings;
No. 249 N. SIXTH street, price \$:3,000.

Apply to BONSALL BROS., apis-3:*

116 N. Ninth street.

FOR SALE—The DWELLING, No. 119
North NINTH street. The neighborhood is rapidly improving as a business location, and the property would pay a liberal interest on the price, by converting it into a store. Apply on the premises, between 8 and 10 o'clock, A. M. ap14-31* SOUTH BROAD STREET.—FOR SALE, a three-story brick dwelling, with three-story double back buildings, 417 South Broad street. All modern conveniences. Apply to J. H. CURTIS & SON, Real Estate Brokers, 433 Walnut street.

Walnut street.

FOR SALE OR RENT. - HOUSE, No. 96
UNION street, Burlington, N. J., with all
the modern conveniences, surrounded with shade, fruit trees, &c. Possession given on the lat of May. Apply to E. P. MIDDLETON, No. 5 North Front street.

No. 5 North Front street.

Or SAMUEL W. TAYLOR,
ap15-3t* Burlington, N. J.

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY FOR
BALE.—A very desirable propery within 16
minutes walk of WayneStation, Germantown Rail
road. Large dwelling house with all the modern
improvements, stable, spring-house, ice-house
filled, and good garden, plenty of fruit and targe
shade trees. Apply to W. W. KNIGHT, at 505
COUNTENDE SEAT ANY.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE.—One-half or all that valuable Stone-post Farm of 100 acres, BRISTOL TURNPIKE. above the seven-mile stone, and near Tac a fine view of the Delaware river, &c. Mansion house and ether dwellings to let; also, factory and smithshop. Apply on the premises, or k. WHITAKFR, No. 610 Locust street. ap-9.90*

TO MENT FOR THE SUMMER.—A described House and Garden, with pleasant yard and good shade trees, in the village of WOODBURY, N. J. Easy of access to the city by the West Jersey Railroad.

With or without the furniture, Possession given immediately.

immediately. Apply to appl3-1m] DAVID COOPER, 18 North Whaves FOR SALE.—The Property on Sahoo:
House Lane, fronting eight hundred and right (880) feet on said Lane, and extending nearly one-third of a mile to the Wissahickon, with from on that stream. Containing thirty (30) acres, with numerous desirable sites for Country Seats, five minutes walk from the Railroad Depot, and twenty minutes walk from the City. Apply to CHARLES H. MFULRHEID, No. 265 South SIXTH st. £6.66

FOR SALE.—CHESTNUT HILL MESTIVE SION and GROUNDS on SUMMIT street, within five minutes walk of Railroad Depot, overlooking miles of country. The House is of Stone of excellent build and possessing every convenience. The lot is 200 feet front by 225 feet deep, well planted with trees. Terms accommodating, Apply to JOHN H. WEEKS, appls 121*

S. W. cor. Fifth and Noble.

FOR SALE—Three very desirable City FOR SALE—Three very desirable City RESIDENCES, on the north side of GIRARD avenue, east of Seventeenth street each 20 feet front by 100 feet deep. Also a very neat two-story HOUSE, replete with all the modern improvements, at the Southeast corner SEVENTEENTH and WALITER streets. Will be sold reasonably for Cash. Apply to

OH MUIRHEID,

ap4-15t6

OUNDERS SEATON STATES AND SIXTH STREET.

ap4-15t6

No. 203 South Sixth street.

COUNTRY SEAT AND PARM FOR SALE—Containing fifty-five acres, handsomely situated in Cheltenham township, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, about eight miles from the city and one and a-half from York Road Station, on the North Pennsylvania Railroad. The buildings are nearly new, substantial and well calculated for a winter or summer residence. Apply to O. H. MUIRHEID, No. 224 South SIXTH street, Philadelphia. Sei9-th

South SIXTH street, Philadelphia. sel-tfs

A VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY.—

At Mount Airy, Twenty-second Ward, for sale, or would be exchanged for a farm. The main building contains 30 rooms. There is also two tenant houses, stables, sheds, shops, and outbuildings of various kinds; ice house &z.. &c., with about two acres of ground in a high state of cultivation, plenty of grape vines, currants, raspberries, strawberries, &c., &c. The above is well calculated for a Boarding House or Hotel, and at present, has a good run of country or farmers custom. For terms apply to Robert THOMAS, Conveyancer, Main street, near Walnut Lane.

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY FUR

GERMANTOWN PROPERTY FUR

SALE.—A valuable Business Stand on Main street, near Armat street, very valuable lot corner of Main street and Chelten avenue, with buildings. Large house and one acre of ground, East Tulpehocken street, with gas, water, &c., &c., 10

ings. Large house and one acre of ground, East Tulpehocken street, with gas, water, &c. . &c. , 10 acres of land, Main street, Mount Airy. (the best locations south of Chestnut Hill.) Also two tracts of 40 acres each, near the same; two good houses, with grounds handsomely graded and plantec with shrubbery, on Wister street, near the railroad. Also a number of small dwellings. For sale cheap. Apply to ROBERT THOMAS, Conreyancer, Main street, near Walnut Lane. mh19-1m*

ancer, main street, near Walnut Lane. mbig-image are properly and partial valuations ble COUNTRY RESIDENCE and FARM, adjoining the village of Middletown, New Oastle county, Delaware, on the State road leading to Wilmington, and within three or for squares of Depot on Delaware Railroad.

The Mansion is well built of brick, ample in dimensions, of modern English style of architecture, replete with modern conveniences and in every respect complete. spect complete.
The surroundings are a capacious Lawn, tasteruly laid out, adorned with choice trees, ever-greens, fruits, flowers, shrubbery, &c. Large kitchen, gartien and extensive strawberry bed in full bearing. Also, a Gardner's Lodge, apple orchard, ice house, coach, meat, wood, poultry house, barn and stables, poultry yard and all ne-cessary outbuildings. cessary ontbuildings.

For health, local advantages of churches, schools,

through.

An excellent Apple Orchard in full bearing; also, a young one of two years' growth, well selected; also, large Peach Orchard of 4,000 carefully selected trees, just coming into bearing.

A new and complete Cottage has been erected on the property, which is at present occupied by the Farmer. A new and complete Cottage has been erected on the property, which is at present occupied by the Farmer.

This property is favorably situated for a division into two beautiful Farms, or for Building Lots into two beautiful Farms, or for Building Lots near the town.

The soil is fine and susceptible of the highest state of cultivation, with a red clay bottom.

An unfailing supply of pure soft water in the Summer Kitchen. For further particulars the subscriber may be seen at the Mansion, or at his residence, 1221 WALNUT street, Philada.

ap12tu,th,s,tfo W. Q. THOMAS.

PUBLIC SALE.—Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, the subsriber, Trustee of the Estate of Elias Boudinot, deceased, will sell at public vendue, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of April next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at Belden's Hotel, in the city of BURLINGTON, all those Houses and Lots of Land, whereof the said Elias Boudinot died seized, situate in the city of Burlington and State of New Jersey, and described as follows, viz:

State of New Jersey, and described as 10,10 we, viz:
No. 1. The brick Mansion House and lot of land, formerly occupied by Mrs. Susan V. Bradford, fronting about 600 feet on Broad street and 626 feet in depth, bounded north by land late of Dr. C. Van Renselner, east by Talbot street, south by Broad street, and west by Ellis street. 53 This lot, it desired at time of sale, will be divided into four lots. vided into four lots,
No. 2. A lot of land, situate at the southwest
corner of Broad and Washington streets. fronting
about 957 feet on Broad street and the Railroad,
and about 681-feet on Washington street bounded and about 681-feet on Washington street bounded north by Broad street and the Camden and Amboy Railroad, east by Washington street, south by Iands now or late of John Mitchell and Sarah P. Cleveland, and west by land of Frederick Engle. No. 3. A lot of land, with two small frame dwelling houses thereon, situate at the southeast corner of Broad and Washington streets, fronting about 81 feet on Broad street, and about 150 feet on Washington street, and bounded on the south and east by lands late of Thomas Dugdale.

No. 4. A lot of land situate on the west side of Wood street, opposite Federal street, fronting about 383 feet on Wood street, and running back about 400 feet in depth, bounded on the north by land late of John Buckman, dec'd, east by Wood street; south by land of Edward B. Gruob, and west by land of Charles W. Klisman.

Also, a TRACT OF WOOD LAND, situate in the township of Willingborough, in the county of Burlington, adjoining lands of William Severs, Jonathan Johnson, William Woolman and others, containing 15 acres, more or less.

containing 15 acres, more or less.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in cash, when the property is struck off.

EDWARD J. C. ATTAREURY.

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE, TO RENT.—Angelegant four-story residence, situate on north-side of Walnut street, west of Twentieth. J. M.-GUMMEY & SONS, 508 Walnut street.

HOUSE 1805 LOMBARD STREET—FOR SALE.—STORE AND DWELLING. All the modern conveniences. Apply on the premises. mh11-tf TO RENT—A beautifully situated double COUNTRY RESIDENCE, three minutes walk from Wissinoming Station, on Trenton Rail-road, with coach-house and garden. Apply No. 717 WALNUT street. ap8-tf9 FOR SALE—A fine dwelling, 522 Spruco-mprovements; situation years all the street, with extensive back buildings; modern

H. CUR! IS & SON, Real Estate Brokers, 433 FOR SALE—A desirable three-story brick dwelling, with double back buildings, 1510; Lombard street; modern conveniences. Terms, accommodating. Apply to J. H. CURTIS & SON, Real Estate Brokers, 433 Walnut street.

FOR SALE—A bancsome modern RESIDENCE, very large, built in the best manner
and furnished throughout with every modern convenience, situate on the south side of Walnutst.,
west of Broad. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 508:
Walnutstreet. FOR SALE.—COUNTRY RESIDNOE:
and FARM of 50 acres, substantial Dwelling
and Barn on the Bethlehem Pike. 2% miles from
North Wales Station. North Pennsylvania Railroad. Finely located and at low price. Apply toJ. H. WEEK's,
ap15-121* S. W. corner Fifth and Noble.

FOR SALE.—A FARM, containing & acres of superior land, with Stone Dwelling House, Stone Barn, Tenant House, and all the necessary outbuildings, situate one mile from the Railroad Depot at Norriscown. Several springs of excellent water and fruit of every kind. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 558 Walnut atreet.

FOR SALE.—A very superior three story Erick Residence, with three-story double back buildings, replete with every modern improvement and convenience and in perfect orderstung on north side of Filbert street, above Broad, opposite Penn Square. Lot 22 feet front by 112, feet deep to a back street. J. M. GUMMEY & SONS, 505 Wainut street.

PUPLIC SALE.—Of a HANDSOME COUNTRY RESIDENCE, on THURS-1-AY, April 28th, 1864. at 2 o'clock, on the premises situate in JENKINTOWN, on the old. York Road, half mile-from Ratiroad Station, nite miles from the city; containing about 3½. Acres of Land. The improvements are a twestery Cottage built of brick, rough-cast; 12 rooms with one story back Kitchen, finished and papered throughout; Furance in cellar; Range in kitchen; Frame stable and other out-buildings; two wells with pumps; soft water; fine springs on rear of

throughout, Furtace in cellar, Range in kitchen; Frame stable and other out-buildings; two wells with pumps; soft water; fine springs on rear of lot; large garden; fruit of all kinds; beautiful shade trees, shrubbery, &c. Possession imakediately. Conditions on day of sale.

ap6. w,s-71* IHOMAS P. MANYPENNY.

SPLENDID MANSION AND COUNTRY SEAT. NEAR GERMANTOWN, FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a very elegant Mansion-house; situate at the corner of MANHEIM and GREEN streets, Germantown. The house has spacious back buildings, built of stone, and finished in the very bestmanner, regardless of expense, with large saloon parlor, spacious hall and staircase of solid osk; large dining-room; pantry with fireproofs, and kitchen on the first floor; four large chambers, bath-room with althe modern conveniences, and library on the second floor, and four chambers on the third floor; gas and water throughout, with stationary washstands; cellar paved and very dry.

The stable and barns are complete. Fine garden in good order. The most attractive feature consists in the Old Shade and Evergreens, combining one of the most desirable places to be found in the country.

coun'ry.

There are between seven and eight acres of ground in the estate Convenient to Wayne and Luy's Lane Stations and near Main street.

Can be examined any day in the week.

Apply to LEWIS H. REDNER,

app-12to No. 152 South Fourth stree Apply to ap9-12to L OFTS TO LET. -100 feet by 20. Well lighted.
Also, a second-story room, with fine Countinghouse, Fire-proof, &c. Apply at 44 North FIFTES street.

TO LET.—Large and small ROOMS, up stairs, 612 and 614 CHESTNUT street. 162-tf PROPOSALS.

SMALL STORES, &c .-NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING,
March, 26, 1864.
SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed 'Proposals for Small Stores, &c.'' will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on the 26th day of April next, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving ten days' notice) at the United States Navy Yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts, and Brooklyn, New York, in such numbers and quantities and at such times as may be specified by the Chief of this bureau, of by the commandants of the said Navy Yards, respectively, during the remainder of the fiscal year ending on the 30th day of June, 1864, the numbers and quantities of the different articles, and at the places specified 'in the totlowing list, viz:

iotlowing list, viz: Charlestown. Brooklyn. Scissors 1,500
Razors 500
Razor Strops 15,000 Razor Strops. 18
Shaving Boxes. 1
Shaving Brushes. 1
Shaving Brushes. 1
Shaving soap, cakes. 5
Scrub brushes. 1
Whisk brooms. 1
Eagle coat buttons, dozen. 1
Eagle medium buttons, dozen. 1
Eagle wst buttons, dozen. 1
D. E. buttons, dozen. 5
Fine combs. 4
Coarse combs. 4
Species. 2

Fine combs. 4,000 18,000
Cearse combs 4,000 20,000
Spoans 2,500 15,000
Forks 2,500 2,500
Blacking boxes 6,000 40,000
Can openers 500
Stearine candles, lbs 60,000
Offers may be made for one or more articles, at the option of the bidder, and in case more than one article is contained; in the offer, the Chief of the Bureau will have the right to accept one or more of the articles contained in such offer and reject the of the articles contained in such offer and reject the remain ier. The prices must be uniform, and offers must embrace all of any one or more articles delivered at all the stations. at all the stations.

For the description of articles in the above list bidgers are referred to the samples at the said Navy-Yards, and to the advertisement of this Bureau.

Tards, and to the advertisement of this Bureau dated August 15, 1863, and for information as to the laws and regulations (in pamphlet form) regarding contracts, to the offices of the several commandan s of Navy Yards and Navy Agents.

Biank forms of proposals may be obtained an application to the Navy Agents at Portmouth, New Hampshire, Boston. New York, Philadelphia, Bultimore, and at this bureau.

DROPOSALS FOR BITUMINOUS OOALS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Philadelphia Gas Works, No. 20 South

PROPOSALS FOR BITUMINOUS COALS.—
I Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Philadelphis Gas Works, No. 20 South SEVENIH Street, until noon of FRIDAY, 22d of April, 1864, for supplying the whole or any parts of Eighty Thousand Tons of Bituminous Coals, suitable for the manufacture of illuminating Gas, to be delivered on the Railroad tracks of the Gas Works at the First Ward and the Ninth Ward Stations, in the following monthly quantities; eight thousand tons in each of the months of September, October, November, December, and six thousand tons in each of the months of June, July, August, 1864, and January, February, March, April and May, 1865.

1865.
The coals must be delivered fresh, dry, and of a.
The coals must be delivered fresh, dry, and of a. quality approved by the Engineer of the Gas Works, as equal to the sample on which the con-tract is based

Works, as equal to the sample on which the contract is based.

The proposals must describe the particular variety of coals intended to be supplied and the location and name of the mine or pit from which they are to be raised. It they are of a kind not now or recently used at these Works, samples for trail of not less than fifty tons, must be delivered at the Works, on or before the 7th of April next.

The gross on of 2240 pounds will be considered as the weight intended in the proposals, unless the contrary be expressly stated.

The Trustees reserve the right to accept any proposals in whole or in part, or to reject all, as they may deem best for the interests of the Trust, and in the event of failure on the pat of any contractor to deliver the coals according to his agreement, both in quantity and quality, the Trustees reserve the right to buy elsewhere, whatever quantity may be required to meet the deficiency, and charge to the contractor any loss or damage aritising trops. may be required to meet the deficiency, and charge-to the contractor any loss or damage arising from-each faiture.

Payments will be made monthly, in two equal-instalments at four and six months after the speci-

Payments will be made monthly, in two equalinstalments at four and six months after the specified periods of delivery, the 15th of each monthbeing taken as the average of the monthly delivenes, or at the option of the Trustees, will be madeat earlier dates with legal interest off.

Should contractors prefer to make deliveries.
earlier than required, they may be received so far3s they can be conveniently stoned, but paymentswill be rade to date from the time specified to thecontractor.

will be made to the contract will be contractor.

Security for the fulfilment of contract will be required, and each proposal must name thosmount and character of security that will be JOHNE JOHNE JOHNE TRISTON, Engineer in Onliet. Engineer in Uhiet.