

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WESTERN WAR NEWS.

Reports from Kentucky and Tennessee.

Movements of the Rebel Raiders.

Capture of a Notorious Rebel Guerrilla.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Decision in the Quicksilver Case.

FROM KENTUCKY AND TENNESSEE. LOUISVILLE, March 3d.—The military authorities here have no apprehensions of any extensive raid into Kentucky for the present.

A special despatch from Huntsville to the Journal says that parties of guerrillas, on Thursday night, robbed several houses sixteen miles below that place, and stole a number of horses.

Gen. McPherson and Logan drove them to the Tennessee river on Friday, but could see no rebels on the opposite bank.

The Nashville Times mentions the capture, on Thursday, of the notorious guerrilla Sam Moore, who has committed depredations in the vicinity of Pulaski, Athens and Decatur for months past.

The passenger train from Nashville for Louisville is several hours behind time, having been detained in consequence of a freight train running off the track at Mumfordsville this morning.

[Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—Apprehensions of a rebel raid into Kentucky still exist, notwithstanding the assurances of the military authorities.

Forrest, Faulkner and McCullough, with 10,000 mounted men, are in the western part of the State, and an equal force is collecting at Pound Gap. Morgan is understood to be preparing for a raid between those two points.

This portends a series of invasions and combinations that will give great trouble.

We have Memphis dates to the last inst. Persons arriving from the interior report detached bodies of rebels occupying positions in Tennessee in numbers.

Chalmers' rebel force, though not himself arrived, was at Grand Junction on Sunday last, and were there on Tuesday morning in numbers stated to amount to 2,500.

It was also reported that Neely was at the same time at Bolivar with from 1,500 to 2,000 men at other places.

The Confederate soldiers had made their appearance and some depredations were lately committed on the Hernando road. They lead to the belief in the presence of guerrillas.

A skirmish occurred during last week between a portion of Forrests command and the Sixth Tennessee Cavalry, Col. Hurst, which resulted in a disaster to the latter. The location and date of the affair are not definitely given.

Hurst lost ten killed and wounded.

Ten officers and one hundred privates belonging to Col. Hawkins' 7th Tennessee Cavalry, who were captured by Forrest lately at Union City, have made their escape, and in part reported at Headquarters. They say their comrades are daily seceding from rebel rule, and it is probable that many of them will finally get home.

Lieut. Bradford who escaped from the Libby prison with Col. Straight was among the lucky ones, as well as a son of Col. Hawkins, and Lieutenants Morgan and Gray. Several hundred rebels of Faulkner's command occupy Hickman during the day-time, returning in the evening. They have thus far made no demonstration.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Official information has been received at the State Department of the blockade of the ports of Cuba, Santo Domingo, Nolasco, Griefswalde, Stralsund and Barth in the Baltic, the blockade having been ordered by the Danish Government, which commenced March 15.

THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. WASHINGTON, April 4.—Charles Fossatt, applicant vs. The United States. The opinion of the Court was delivered by Mr. Justice Nelson to-day, establishing the Southern and Eastern boundaries of Fossatt's grant as including the mine. The Southern boundary is the Great Sierra, which divides the pretensions of the United States. The Eastern boundary is the straight line by the Eastern boundary of the low hill, thus throwing the mine Berreyas on Fossatt's ranch. The Court orders a decree confirming the survey of December, 1850, and filed January first.

There was a larger attendance than usual this morning to hear the above decision in the Quicksilver case, and even before the reading of the opinion was completed parties rushed to the telegraph office to advise their distant friends. The excitement to-day was equalled only by the whiskey and gold bill questions on former occasions.

THE DRAFT IN KENTUCKY. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—Governor Bramlette, of Kentucky, has returned from Washington. It is understood that a satisfactory arrangement has been made with the National Government. Negroes are not to be enlisted in the State of Kentucky, provided the State shall furnish 15,000 troops. Governor Bramlette promised that the troops should be furnished.

THE GREAT NEW YORK FAIR. NEW YORK, April 4.—The opening of the fair to-day has attracted many strangers to the city, and the occasion will be marked with grand civic and military ceremonies. Fourteenth street is crowded with people who are strolling past the fair buildings or eager to get inside.

Within the decorations are principally formed of flags and bunting. This addition to the ordinary programmes which governed the fairs for the same object in other cities, will give an imposing and appropriate character to the event. The soldiers who are

enjoying the blessings of peace will thus be enabled to sympathize with the troops who are enduring the perils of war.

To-night the grand opening of the fair is to take place, and the inaugural ceremonies have been arranged in accordance with the magnitude of the occasion. The immense labor and speed required to make the Exhibition successful necessarily precluded a large programme.

At 6 o'clock this evening the fair will be opened. It has been decided to limit the tickets to six thousand, which the grand hall and adjoining rooms can easily accommodate. The following are the inaugural ceremonies, which are to commence at 8 o'clock:

Prayer by the Right Reverend Bishop Potter, of New York. Music by a band of one hundred and fifty performers. Oration by Major-General Dix. Music. Oration by Gov. Parker, of New Jersey. Music. Oration by the Hon. James T. Brady. Music. Addresses by other gentlemen.

Some choice pieces from the most eminent composers will be performed by the orchestra; the grand "Hallelujah Chorus" of Haydn will be given, with operatic and national music. The leading performers of this city have been engaged for the occasion.

THE INDIANA LEGION. CINCINNATI, April 4.—By order of Governor Morton, the entire Indiana Legion is ordered to hold itself in readiness to take the field at any moment to repel invasion. A grand review of the whole legion, numbering 200,000 men fully armed and equipped, will be held on the 15th inst.

WRECK OF THE SHIP AGAMEMNON. NEW YORK, April 4.—The ship Agamemnon, from St. John, N. B., for Liverpool, was found water-logged, with her sails gone, on March 24, by the ship American Union. The crew were taken off and brought here.

THE STEAMER HECLA SIGNED. SANDY HOOK, April 4.—The steamer Hecla has been signed below. She will arrive up at 2 1/2 o'clock. Her news has been anticipated.

WEATHER REPORT. The following table of the weather at 9 A. M. to-day, at the places named, has been received:

Table with 4 columns: Place, Wind, Weather, Therm. Includes entries for Portland, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF. [Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald.] ALEXANDRIA, LA., March 24, 1864.—Major General Banks, accompanied by Colonel J. Grant Wilson, Major Houston, Captain Danham and Captain Crosby, of his staff, left New Orleans on Tuesday night for Red River and Alexandria.

General Banks visited the headquarters of General A. S. Johnston, commanding the Corps d'Armee, inspected the fortifications and reviewed the 20th United States Colored Infantry, Colonel Bartram, lately arrived from New York, which presented a fine appearance.

The original defence of Fort Hudson has been very greatly strengthened, an inner line of fortifications has been constructed, and Lieut. General Reverend Leonidas Polk should attempt to lead his rebel troops against these works, as will result a worse defeat than General Bartram's at Fredericksburg.

The drill and discipline of the colored troops at Fort Hudson are very creditable, and the camps are well kept, clean and healthy.

Arriving at the mouth of the Red River, General Banks was met with the capture of the rebel brig and a Delaware boat howitzer was transported to the river and upon the scene of the capture of the rebel brig.

Before daylight this morning the rebel force, numbering about 1,000 men, arrived at Alexandria about eleven o'clock.

At the Waterloo landing and other points on the Mississippi, some three or four hundred barrels of coffee, rice, sugar and other articles with small quantities of sugar and molasses.

Not a gun was fired at during the trip from New Orleans to Alexandria, and no armed force was seen. Major E. Gifford, J. O. Holbrook, J. M. Beiden, Alton, Nichols, and Leonard, army paymasters, with about a million dollars in army pay, came up on the Black Hawk, to pay off the troops at the front.

On the 21st there was a skirmish between Alexandria and the rebel force, during which Colonel Sartorius, of the 1st Massachusetts cavalry, detached as acting adjutant to General Banks, received a flesh wound in the thigh.

It is reported that Shreveport has been taken by General Steele, who was to advance from Little Rock, Arkansas.

The Texas Army went down this morning with some twenty-five rebel cavalry officers, who were captured before Alexandria, together with their pieces and arms, and about 100 prisoners, taken in the cavalry skirmish referred to above.

The officers were as follows: Captain J. Buisard, Lieutenant Carmona, Lieutenant A. C. Ruiz, Lieutenant Paul, Lieutenant Blum, Adjutant Sims, Captain Prudhomme, Lieutenant R. T. Gibbs.

On the 21st a pushing on up the Red river, slower of course than at first, as it gets further from the base of supplies, and deeper into the country that has never seen a Union soldier, except as a prisoner, since the war began.

The 7th Delta has the following: We are fortunate in having the means to respect private property, but the guerrillas commenced burning and destroying, and the troops followed the example, and now the inhabitants burn or destroy all private cotton, to prevent its falling into the hands of the guerrillas, who have taken advantage of the fact that they are tired of the war and want to get out of it.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.] ON BOARD STEAMER CLARA BELL, RED RIVER, ALEXANDRIA, LA., March 30, 1864.—The advance of General A. J. Smith's forces, under command of Brigadier-General John A. Mower, reached here on the evening of the 15th, accompanied by Admiral Porter and a fleet of powerful iron-clad monitors.

The fleet-footed cavalry had as usual given us the slip, and upon the arrival of our forces not a rebel was seen in uniform. The inhabitants here being nearly all rebel. The enemy, upon hearing of our approach, made a hasty departure, and if they remained to fight, our brave boys, the presidential "Yankees" would have taken them by surprise.

Owing to the remarkably low stage of water, the rebels were unable to get a small steamer used as a ferry boat, and a large and elegant one called the Falls City, laden with 3,000 boxes of iron clothing, was taken to the left of the black clouds of smoke in the distance proceeding from our gunboats, they set them on fire, totally destroying both before our troops arrived.

Upward of four thousand bales of cotton have been confiscated and rescued by our gunboats since their arrival, and vast quantities are still being brought in through the innumerable of the falling barges, which guide our troops to the places of concealment. The proceeds of the sale of this cotton is distributed among the officers and sailors as prize money. At \$300 per bale, quite a snug little income will be realized from these captures.

Our fleet are now awaiting patiently and with considerable anxiety the anticipated rise in the river, which will permit the safe passage of all our transports and gunboats over the Falls.

The rebels have three formidable iron-clad rams near Shreveport, with which they expect to annihilate the Yankee gunboats. The Missouri is a very superior boat, with fine, powerful machinery, and a sharp iron prow, running three feet beneath the surface of the water. She is said to be the fastest boat on the Western or Southern waters.

Within eighteen miles an hour. Her armor is reported to be exceedingly powerful—two 100-pound iron plates, and four 30-pound iron plates, rifled pieces, with one or two cross-bow guns, the calibre of which is not known. The ram Webb is also a monster of considerable power, but is not so fast as the Missouri. On Thursday evening General A. J. Smith gave orders to have the magazines of Fort Hudson blown up with gunpowder. To lay a train for an extensive explosion is a hazardous undertaking, and the perilous task was performed by Lieutenant Pennington, ordnance officer on General Smith's staff, assisted by Quartermaster Bell. The explosion took place at 10 1/2 o'clock on Thursday night, causing the gunboats and transports in the river to rock as though an earthquake had occurred. As there were some four hundred pounds of powder in the three magazines, which were fired simultaneously, the report was terrific, and sharp, scorching flash shot fiercely up into the

serene heavens, shedding a fearful illumination on every surrounding object, and in an instant a deafening roar, louder than the loudest of war, was heard through all the city.

Owing to the gross carelessness of regimental commanding officers, several men were badly injured by pieces of timber and earth being hurled against them. Gen. Smith notified every officer that the explosion would occur at 9 o'clock, but notwithstanding it was delayed two hours and a half beyond the allotted time, yet there were some fatalities.

Shortly after the demolition of the earthworks and the magazines, Lieut. Farris was ordered to demolish a 100-ton vessel on the Falls. He immediately mounted upon the fort. After cautioning every one to get out of the way, he fired a shell at the time of the explosion of the cannon; yet, sad to relate, there were brave men who had listened to the explosion of the cannon, and were in a state of alarm, and two men were struck by the pieces of iron-killing them instantly. The victors were so much gratified by the progress of an Illinois regiment, whose names I have not been able to learn in season to forward by this despatch.

General Stone, Chief of General Banks' staff, from New Orleans. General Lee, Chief of Cavalry in General Banks' army, reached here this afternoon. They report that the rebel force beyond Opelousas, where the violent rain had greatly impeded the progress of the army. The rebels are still in the vicinity of Shreveport by some prominent military men.

A rumor is current among the Seceh here, that General Stone entered Shreveport on Thursday, and that the rebel force had been completely routed. No confidence can be placed in this report, as nothing of the kind has actually occurred as reported. At or big, it is a rumor, and is crowding thick and fast upon you before the 15th of April.

FROM WASHINGTON. The correspondent of the Tribune writes as follows: Nearly all of the House Naval Committee, with the exception of the members of the sub-committee on the Ways and Means Committee, numbering in all 23, including ladies, will start next Thursday for St. Louis and Cairo for a Western tour. The Navy Yard at these two points, and thence will go to St. Louis and Cairo for a Western tour.

The new application of the Congress to the Michigan and Illinois Canal, the improvement of the Michigan and Illinois Canal, the improvement of the Michigan and Illinois Canal, the improvement of the Michigan and Illinois Canal.

Gen. Brady Smith will have command of the troops and personally conduct military operations in Gen. Butler's Department.

CITY BULLETIN. THE HALF-PHOTOGRAPH.—At a meeting of the City Exchange Association held this morning a prominent member of Congress read a paper in which he referred to the proposed acquisition of a prominent member of Congress read a paper in which he referred to the proposed acquisition of a prominent member of Congress.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

THIRD EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The War in East Tennessee.

Gen. Stoneman's Advance to Bull's Gap.

Punishment of Recruiting Officers for Improper Enlistments.

To-Day's Proceedings in Congress.

FROM EAST TENNESSEE. CINCINNATI, April 4.—The General Stone's Knoxville despatch says that General Stoneman has advanced to Bull's Gap. The railroad and telegraph are now in order, the destroyed bridges and trestle work having been replaced.

The teams on the Knoxville and Chattanooga road were detained on Saturday by rumors of a raid of 2,000 rebel cavalry on Cleveland. The rumors proved unfounded.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM ILLINOIS. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

FROM OHIO. [Special Despatch to the Bulletin.] CINCINNATI, April 4.—An order from the War Department to the Provost-Marshal General of Ohio discharging from the United States service four privates, belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they are of insufficient age, being under eighteen. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in their examination and muster. One-half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one-half from the officer who mustered them into the service.