Daily Chening Bulletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK, Editor.

OUR IWHOLE COUNTRY:

2 15

PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1864.

P. L. FETHERSTON, Publisher.

EVENING BULLETIN PEACOCK, CHAMBERS & CO., PROPRIETORS. 112 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

VOLUME XVII., NO. 275.

PHILADELPHIA: TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Bulleris is served to Subscribers in the city at 18 cents per week, payable to the carriers or 38 . We per annum.

less half a square

TPHOLSTERY.

Purity of Materials, ? Good Workmanship W. HENRY PATTEN. 1408 Ohestnut street.

DIED. AECHTERNACHT—On Saturday, 27th Feb., Frederick A. Aechternacht, in the 70th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from the residence of Mrs. Cotter, 643 North Tenth street, on Tuesday afternoon, at 20 clock.

BROWN—On the morning of the 27th of Feb, a ter aftogening illness, Frederick Brown, in the 38th year of his age.

His friends and those of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No, 1018 Spruce street, at 2 P. M., on Tuesday, 18t of March, without further notice.

*
FISHER—On 27th Feb., George Jacob Fisher, his 24th year.

in his 24th year. in his 24th year. His relatives and friends are respectfully in-vited to attend his funeral from his father's rest-dence, Southeast corner of Broad and Wood sts.,

dence, Southeast corner of Broad and Wood sts., on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Sweet is the scene where Christians die,
Where holy souls reture to rest;
How mildly beams the closing eye!
How genily heaves the expiring breast! *
HORN—On the 28th Feb., at her residence in Flourtown, Montgomery county, Pas, Mrs. Ann Horn, relict of the late Henry Horn, aged 71 years. Due notice of the funeral will be given. *
HORNER—At his residence in Trumbull co., Ohio, on Sunday afternoon, 21st Feb., James T. Horner, formerly of Philadelphia, in the 75th year of his age.

of his age.

PRICHETT—On Monday, 29th Feb., Margaret Barclay, infant daughter of Wm. C. and Meta T. Prichett. Funeral to take place on Wednesday merning, at 10 o'clock.

STILLE—On the 27th Feb., at Jackson, N. J.. Samuel Stille, of this city.

His male relatives and friends are particularly invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday morning, March 1st, at 9 o'clock A. M., at Vine street wharf, on the arrivat of the train.

NEW SPRING MOURNING GOODS daily opened by BESSON & SON.
Mourning Store, No. 918 CHESTNUT street.
N. B. Wholesale Rooms on second floor.

100 PIECES OF SI FANCY SILKS.
Black and White, Brown and White do.
India Plaid Silks, SI per yard.
EYRE & LANDELL,
fe20-tju30 Fourth and Arch streets.

UNITED STATES CHRISTIAN COM-MISSION.—Cash acknowledgments for the Wilson:—Cash acknowledgments for the week ending February 26 1361;
Collection at Public Meeting in Wilmington, Del., per Bishop Lee. \$1,150 00
Union Meeting in Rev. Mr. Richards's Church; Reading, Penna. 361 67
Collection at Meeting in Princeton, N. J., per F. E. Shearer. 217 44
Proceeds of a course of lectures delivered in Camden, N. J., per S. A. Grey, Treasurer. 212 68 Freasurer Idiers' Aid Society, Middleboro, Mass. Proceeds of a meeting in Arkport, Steu-ben Co., N. Y., per Rev. W. P. Tiets-

worth ...
First Presbyterian Church, Bennington, Mich., per Rev. Richard Tray.....
Sabbath School of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Philadelphia.
Christian people of Smyrna, Del.....

Collection by Communicants at Chestaut Hill Hospital.
Vishta Bailey, per Mr. Brown
C. A. Winthrop, Owego, N. Y.

(Cash)

Amount previously acknowledged.....257,454 33 JOSEPH PATTERSON, Treasurer. THE UNITED STATES CHRISTIAN COM-

N begs leave to acknowledge the receip lowing stores, &c., up to February 26th, PENNSYLVANIA.

—1 parcel, Miss Mary Durham.

1 package, "Olney."

1 parcel, Green street M. E. Church.

2 boxes, Thomas H. Powers, Esq.

1 parcel, Rev. A. Hartpence,

Holmesburg.

Exford—1 box, Ladies' Aid Society.

Kishacoquillos—1 firkin and 1 box, per Miss Laura Elliot.

Cheltenham—1 parcel, Soldiers' Aid Society of St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

Jersey Shore—1 box, Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society ciety.

Parkesburg—1 package, Sabbath School.

Coatesville—1 box, Ladies' Aid Society.

Coatesville—1 box, Ladies' Ald Society. Easton—1 box, German Reformed Sabbath School. Chester—1 box, Iadies' Aid Society. Kingston—1 box, Methedist Episcopal Sabbath School. MASSACHUSETTS. Boston—5 parcels, 24 boxes, 8 barrels, Army Committee, Y. M. Christian Association.

NEW YORK.

mittee, Y. M. Christian Association.

NEW YORK.

Arkport—1 package, Friends.
West Troy—2 boxes, Army Aid Society.
New York—10 parcels, Committee U. S. C. C.; 1
parcel, Lady unknown.

Buffalo—1 parcel, Committee U. S. C. C.; 6 boxes,
2 barrels, Ladies' Christian Commission.

NEW JERSEY.
Fairlon—1 box, Ladies' Aid Society.
Fairlon—1 box, Ladies' Aid Society.
Columbus—1 package, Aid Society.
Newton—1 box, Presbyterian church.
1 package, "X: Y. Z.;" 1 parcel (reading), "B.
D.;" 1 parcel, (clothing) Urknown.
Our thanks are again to be tendered for the continuing liberality of our friends in all parts of the country. There will be, we trust, no abatement or falling off of the good work. The spring campaigns of all our armies, which are shortly to be sinaugurated, need preparation on the part of the soldiers' friends at home.

GEO. H. STUART. Chairman

oldiers' friends at home.

GEO. H. STUART, Chairman.

No. 11 Bank street, Philadelphia. FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.—
PHILADELPHIA, February 17, 1861.
At an election held February 16th, the following:
Stockholders were duly elected Directors of the
Fourth National Bank:
Wm. P. Hamm.

Stockholders were duly elected Allers Stockholders were duly elected Allers Fourth National Bank:

Wm. P. Hamm,
James C. Keich,
A. O. Roberts,
Dayid W. Bradley,
Dayid W. Bradley,
At a neeting of the Board, held this day, WM.
P. HAMM, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and SAMUEL J. MACMULLAN, Esq.,
Oashier.

SAMUEL J. MACMULLAN,
Cashier.

HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 15:8 AND 15:20 LOMBARD Street, BISPENSARY DEPARTMENT. Medical treatment and medical from furnished grataitously to the poor. aui3r The Committee and Collectors will meet again at the same place, on TUESDAY next, March

CALEB COPE, TREASURER of the United States Sanitary Commission, (Philadelphia Branch,) office of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, acknowledges the receipt of the following contributions since the last report:
John J. Ridgway, (7th contribution).... \$100 00
Lockwood Manufacturing Co., (additional). 20 00
Rev. William White Williams, A. M.,
proceeds of his lecture delivered at
Princeton, N. J. 11 50
Jeannie and Minnie Wylle, part proceeds
of a Fair. 2 00

Capt. S. Pierson, St. George Me... 5 00 apt. F. Tinkham, Wiscasset, Me. 5 00 apt. John Curtis, Brunswick, Me. 5 00 apt. S. G. Lorring, N. Yarmouth, Maine 5 00
Capt. F. Meeban, Thomaston, Me. 2 50
Capt. Henry C. Stinson, Woolwich,
Me. 2 50 Me 250 Capt. Charles N. Bates, Bath, Me. 159 Prof. C. D. Cleveland, (3d contri-bution) 25 00 Proceeds of an exhibition given by the pupils of the Allentown Academy, Lehigh county, Pa, per Prof. J. N. Gregory

Joseph H. Trotter, (additional).....

THE WOMEN'S PENN BRANCH, U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION, also acknowledges the receipt of the following donations in hospital supplies, since the last report:
Ladies' Aid, Milton, Northumberland county, S. M. Dougal, Secretary, 1 box.
Mr. Benjamin Griffith, 1 package.
An unknown friend, 1 package.
St. Luke's Auxiliary Society, Mrs. James, Secretary, 2 packages.
Soldies' Aid, Montrose, Susquehanna county, Miss E. Seele, Secretary, 1 barrel.
Central Aid. Chester county, Mrs. Rachel S. Price, Secretary, 1 box.
Ladies' Aid, Pineville, Bucks county, A. R. Trego, Secretary, 1 box.
Ladies' Aid, Newark, Delaware, Mrs. H. L. Curtis, Secretary, 1 box. Curtis, Secretary, 1 box.
Relief League of U. and L. Oxford, Chester county, Mrs. B. W. Oakford, Secretary, 2 boxes. Mrs. Rhea Barton, 1 pkg. Mrs. Samuel Bispham, 263 N. Sixth street, 1 pkg. Anonymous, 1 pkg.
Mrs. Henry Stone, 1 pkg.
All Saints' Church, Torresdale, Mrs. S. Grant,

All Saints Church, 1011cs.
Sec., 1 pkg.
The Messrs. Lewis, 1712 Spruce street, 1 pkg.
Soldiers, Aid, Lockhaven, Olinton county, Mrs.
H. D. Barton, Sec., 1 box.
Germant.wn Field Hospital Association, Miss H. Zell, Sec., 2 pkgs.

Zell, Sec., 2 pkgs.

Hillside Aid, Kingston, Luzerne county, Miss Fanny M. Owen, Sec., 1 bbl.

School Lane Circle, Mrs. Warner Johnson, Sec.,

School Lane Circle, Mrs. Warner Johnson, Sec., 1 pkg.
Miss Latta, I pkg.
From Sabbath School, Wrightsville, York co., 1 quilt, for Soldiers' Home.
Ladies' Aid, New Egypt and Jacobstown, Burlington co., N.-J., Miss Platt, Sec., 1 box.
Soldiers' Aid, Altoona, Blair co., Miss Charlotte S Lewis, 1 box.
Ladies' Aid, Gwynedd, Montgomery co., Miss S.
M. Meredith, Sec., 1 box.
Mrs. Jos. W. Jayre, 1 pkg.
Mrs. L. Dock, West Phila, 1 pkg.
Soldiers' Aid, Brooklyn, Susquehanna co., D. S.
Watrous, Sec., 1 box.
Mrs. Conant, Burlington, N. J., 1 pkg.

Mrs. Conant, Burlington, N. J., I pkg. Cape May Court House, Middle township, N. J., Miss.J. Hand, Sec., I box. Aid Society, Tioga and Mill Creek, Tioga county, Mrs. S. M. Guernsey, Sec., I box. Mrs. E. P. Thompson, Ashland, Schaylkill co, 1 tox. Soldiers' Aid, Pottsville, Schuylkil county, Mrs

Soldiers' Aid, Pottsville, Schuylkil county, Mrs
Thomson, Sec., 1 box.
Anna M. Keid, West Chester, 1 package.
Mrs. Hoff, Isiu Pelancey Place, 1 pkg.
Vaughan Sewing Circle, 1 pkg
E. Cushman, 1 pkg.
Aid Society, Dennisville, Cape May county, N. J.,
Mis. S L. Beezely, Sec., 2 boxes.
Ladies' Aid, Danville, Montour county, Miss
M. N. Montgomery, Secretary, 2 boxes, 2 demi-Jonns. Limock, Susquehanna county. Ladies' Aid, Miss Woodruit, Secretary, 1 barrel. St. Stephen's Church, Mrs. Pucachet, 1 package. Mrs. A. Boyd Cummings, 1 package, Industrial Branch, 1 package, Miss E. E. Haven, Secretary.
Mrs. Loi d, 947 North Tenth street, 1 barrel of

reading matter and backgammon board.

AT A MEETING OF THE CITIZENS of the FOURTEENTH WARD, held on Saturday Evening last, the following were unani-monely adopted:

Whereas, The quota of the Fourteentn Ward, Saturday Evening iast, the following were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The quots of the Fresident for men for the defence of the nation, is now full, and the Ward was enabled to contribute its portion of the levies called for by voluntary enlistments; and,

Whereas, The Ward is indebted for the full proportion of its contribution to the Presidential calls, to the energetic and persevering labors of the Officers of this meeting, and of the several members of the Precinct Committees, but in a very special manner to Col. Wm. B. Thomas, Thomas Thompson and Frederick Van Cleve, Esqrs., who have manifested in the most decided manner their attachment to the institutions of our country, and an earnest purpose for their perpetuation, and have so faithfully toiled inviting and directing the patriotism and liberality of the people of the Ward to discharge the duty due from them to the Government and it is to their untiring and continued exertions that the exemption of the Ward is to be mainly accredited; therefore,

Resolved, That these officers and members have proved themselves worthy, the confidence reposed in them, that they have discharged well and faithfully the interests committed to their care, that they are entitled to the gratitude and thankfulness of the community, and that the thanks of the citizens are also due and are hereby tendered to Mr. Thomas R. Davis, our worthy Secretary, whose zeal and labor in our cause have merited our highest commendation.

Resolved, That the thanks of the citizens are

dation.

Resolved, That the thanks of the citizens are due and are hereby tendered to all who have con-tributed of their means, and who have rendered tributed of their means, and war and tributed of their means, and war and tributed of our object.

JOHN Q. GINNODO, it*

Ohairman pro tem.

Chairman pro tem.

The FIFTEENTH WARD BOUNTY FUND.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee held on Friday evening, at the school house corner of Twentieth and Coates streets, it was announced that four hundred and eleven men had received the ward bounty and been duly credited. About two hundred and fifty men are yet needed to fill the quota, to pay whom will require only two thousand dollars in addition to the funds now in hand.

An express agrees! wo thousand dollars in addition to the funds now in hand.

An earnest appeal is now made to those citizens of the Ward who have not contributed in proportion to their means and liability. It is idle to say that you have not been called upon, &c. The gentlemen who have undertaken the office of collecting, had devoted night after night, for many weeks, to this unpalatable and thankless task. In many cases they have been unable, after repeated efforts, to see the parties called upon. Others, on being visited, have promised a consideration of the subject, and deferred contributing until some assurance of final success should be given them. When they now learn that mere than twenty-five thousand dollars have been collected from a portion of their fellow-citizens, and that but two thousand dollars is wanted, will they not esteem it a privilege to be sought after, to tender to the collectors their quots of the small remaining sum requisite to free themselves and families from furiher anxiety. Subscriptions can be sent to the collectors of the several precincts at their resimitee, 506 Minor street, or to Mr. Thomas Potter, Treasurer, 229 Arch street. Promptitude is urgently solicited, so that the name of every contributor and the amount of his contribution shall appear in the alphabetical list to be published by the committee on the conclusion of their labors.

ist, at 8 o'clock P. M. The citizens of the ward are invited to be present.

THOMAS W. PRIOE, Chairman.
G. A. HOPFMAN, Scoretary. fe27-215 THOMAS W. PRIOE, Chairman.
G. A. HOFFMAN, Secretary.

THE FIRST ANNUAL COMMENCE

MENT OF THE PHILADELPHIA
DENTAL GOLLEGE will be held at Concert
Hall, THIS EVENING, Feb. 29, 1664, at 7%
of clock, avaledetory address by Prof. O. A.
Kingsbury. Public respectfully invited.

J. H. McQUILLEN,
1t*

Dean of the Faculty.

THE WARD BOUNTIES.—A meeting of the delegates appointed for the purpose of equalizing the Word bounties will be held in the reoms of the Board of Trade, on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, March 1st, at 5° clock.

Buriness of importance will be brought before the meeting, and a general attendance of the delegates from all the Wards is earnestly requested. By drder of the President.

DANIEL STEINMETZ, President.

JOHN K. VALENTINE, Secretray. 1e29 2th

JOHN K. VALENTINE, Secretray. 1629 2th

RELIEF ASSOCIATION FOR EAST
TENNESSEE.
Christ's Church, per Rev. Samuel Edwards. 160 00
A. H. Franciscus. 160 00
Date, Ross & Oo. 50 00
Hideburn & Brother 50 00
Cash. 500

Gash.
Cash.
Christ's Chnrch, Pottstown, Pa., per Rev.
G. A. Latimer, (additional).
Tredick, Stokes & Co.
Isaac P. Morris.
William S. Baird.
Joehua P. Ash. &
John Thomas.
J. Edgar Thomson.
Church of the Covenant, per Alexands.
Kirkpatrick, Treasurer.
Yarnall & Trimble.
Edmund Crenshaw
R. Ashurst & Sons. 91 50

Edmund Crenshaw

R. Ashurst & Sons

R. D. Wood

John Weish
Iersel Morris

Mrs. William E. Horner

Bridesburg Presbylerian Church, per

Rev. J. B. Smith

St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church,

Newtown, Bucks county, Pa.

Union Church, Gillitzin, Cambris cor,

Pa., per Rev. S. Lawrence

Presbyterian Church of Little Beaver,

Lawrence co., Pa., per Rev. Robt.

Dilworth

John Elliott

Nathan Hilles Nathan Hilles

W. Trotter Chas. W. Trotter
Cash
R. F. Baley
A. H. D. A. H. D....
Joseph H. Trotter
Cash
G. G.
W. McC&Co.
J. F. G...
F. A. Comly.
Mrs. Maria Wood
Hontingdon Valley Aid Society
S W. Stokes
John Fagan.
S. J.

Beaver Meadow Railroad Co.....

Previously reported..... CALEB COPE, Treasurer,
1t Office of the Philada. Saving Fund Society.

POSTAL REFORM.

There is scarcely any agency performed by the Government which more intimately concerns the comfort and convenience of the people, or which more directly reacts on the business facilities of the country, than the regulations established with regard to the transmission and distribution of private letters and printed matter conveyed by the mails. The law authorizing the free delivery of mail matter by carriers took effect on the first day of July last. About that time the system was of mail matter by carriers took effect on the first day of July last. About that time the system was put in operation at forty-nine of the larger offices, with a competent corps of carriers to each, numbering in the aggregate four hundred and forty-nine, at an aggregate annual compensation of \$500,650. While we cannot hope, with the present distribution of our population and the extent of our country, to attain the point reached by European Governments under this head, we may at lea-t mark the progress they have made as indicating a reform which should be adopted wherever the conditions of its existence are found. We have the best reason to know that Mr. Blair is disposed not only, to give the system in our country a fair trial, but to promote its extensions as far as practicable. Ample but well guarded provision to this effect has been made in the revised code of the laws relating to the Post Office Department, which was submitted by him at the last session of the Thirty-seventh Congress, and to which the attention of the present Congress is again nyited in his last annual report.

There is also in this proposed revision of our postal laws (which is for the most part but a digest of existing legislation, the provisions of which would be but slightly affected by the modifications suggested) another recommendation as to which the practice and experience of Europe may be studied with advantage. We allude to the mode in which postmasters are remunerated for their services. It will be seen that it is everywhere regulated by fixed rates in the shape of a salary, and not left to be agertained by calculations based on the number of letters received and apparent amount of service readered. This latter method involves the keeping of cumbrous accounts for no other purpose than to ascertain what is to be paid in any given case, when in point of

reint amount of service rendered. This latter method, involves the keeping of cumbrons accounts for no other purpose than to ascertain what is to be paid in any given case, when in point of fact the Department can readily arrive at the approximate rate of payment from the average revenues of the post-office during a series of years. Hence Mr. Blair proposes in his revised code to divide post-offices and the compensation of post-masters into five classes according to the annual average of compensation to the postmaster during four years last past, with a provision to meet the cases where returns may not have been received for each quarter, and confining the average to a less period when prenues are increasing. It is not proposed in any case to change the present amount of pay. The first class comprises all offices where the annual pay has been between \$3,000 and \$4,000; second class, between \$2,000 and \$4,000; second class, between \$1,100; firth, less than \$100. Salaries thus ascertaned by the annual average or four years are to be fixed in even sums, but in no case to exceed the average.

is need by the annual average or lour years are to efficied in even sums, but in no case to exceed the average.

The advantage of this change, whether regard be had to the convenience of the Department or to the satistaction of postmasters, would seem to be apparent. There are many other provisions of the revised code which strike us as being judicious, and we hope the suggestions of Mr. Blair may receive at the hands of Congress the attention to which they are entitled.

There is one point to which, in conclusion, we would particularly advert. We allude to the recommendation which the Postmaster General has renewed in his last annual report, that a postal money order system be established to facilitate the transmission of small sums of money through the malls, which would not only prove a great convenience to civilians and soldiers, but would almost entirely obvisite the loss of money letters, the great majority of which enclose small remitteners entirely obvisite the loss of money letters, the great majority of which enclose small remitteners in the field by providing that articles of clothing comprised in a package not exceeding two pounds in weight, addressed to any non commissioned officer or private serving in the armies of the United States may be transmitted in the mails. pounds in weight, addressed to any non commissioned officer or private serving in the armies of the United States, may be transmitted in the mails. By authorizing the "postal money order system" of our soldiers, while placing at the same time within the reach of all a facility for the safe remittance of small sums. It is a matter of surprise that this desirable reform has been so long postponed in the United States.—Nat. Intelligencer.

A QUAIL 18 A PARTRIDGE.-Mr. Joseph T. Reeside, proprietor of a hotel in Baltimore, was a few since arraigned on the charge of having partridges in his possession, contrary to the law of the State of Maryland. On Thursday he was fined \$5 and costs in each of nine cases the number of birds he had on exhibition in his window. The decision establishes that a quail is a partridge.

MASSACHUSETTS FORTS.—The War Depart ment has directed that the forts at Salem, Mass., shall be called Forts Glover and Conant. The first in honor of Gen. John Glover, of Marblehead, and the last in honor of Roger Conant, the founder of the first plantation in Massachusetts Bay.

THE FLORIDA DISASTER.

[From the New York Tribune.]

The following additional particulars concerning the repulse of our treops in Florida are reported by passengers on the Fulton.

Gen. Seymour.

the repulse of our treops in Florida are reported by passengers on the Fulton.

Gen. Seymour, who commanded the expedition, had been placed under arrest by order of General Gillmore.

His enccessor is Gen. Vogdes, who left Hilton Head on Tuesday last with re-inforcements for Jacksonyille, consisting of an entire dilysion.

Our information says it was the opinion of officers who took part in the expedition, that our total losses in killed, wounded and missing are between 1,200 and 1,500. Gen. Seymour is severely conspired in not throwing out scouts and skirmishers as our troops advanced. As it was, our troops were led into a trap.

Hamilton's artillery led the van, and suffered severely. The rebel sharpshooters picked off their horses, and the guns had to be abandoned. The 10th Massachusetts (mounted infantry), have also suffered severely. In the retreat many of our wounded were left behind, within the enemy's lines. Our troops were right in front of the Confederate batteries, in a piece of woods, before they were aware of their presence.

The following is an extract from a letter received by Mr. L. B. Wyman, dated Hilton Head, Feb. 23:

'The expedition to Florida, from which we ex-

"The expedition to Florida, from which we expected such good results, has, to far, proved a failure; in other words, our troops have been badly whimmed.

pected such good results, has, so far, proved a failure; in other words, our troops have been hadly whipped.

"It seems that they were ordered to march too far into the State, and came upon 15,000 of the enemy, and a terrible battle ensued. Barton's brigade were in front, and, of course, suffered badly. Col. Berton had two horses killed under him, and received several balls through his hat, coat, etc., yet he was unhurt.

"Yesterday was one of the most anxious days of my whole life. I heard of the fight early in the morning and that Col. Barton's whole command:

"Capt. Dunbar and Lieut. Moses, of the 48th, are here wounded; Lieut. Keenan was killed. I do not yet know how many of the 48th were killed, but there are a large number wounded, and some are in the hundsof the enemy. Two Colonels of the brigade are badly wounded, and one killed.

"Every one at this post feels sadly enough. I have seen several of the wounded to-day, and I feel that the whole of Florida is not worth half the suffering and anguish this battle has caused.

"I fear there will be more hard fighting in Florida yet, and we have not ferce enough.

"The rebels can bring their whole army down there in a short time, and while there is nothing being done at the North, there is no reason why they will not do so."

THE DESTRUCTION OF THE HOUSATONIC. A private letter received by a gentleman in this city from one of the officers of the iron-clad fleet in Charleston harbor, gives the following addi-Sonal facts relative to the sinking of the Housa-

conic by a recel Torpedo steamer:

"The event took place a little before nine o'clock in the evening, about the time they tried it on us. The moon was up and it was pretty light. The Torpedo came up assern of the Housatonic, and was seen by Captain Pickering, who fired into it with a double-barreled gun. He had no sconer fired his last barrel when the concern went of, blowing off the whôle after part of the shift and ending Captain P; aloft in the air. He camedown in the water, and though badly bruised he got hold of some rigging and spars, and was finally picked up.

"The ship went down in about three minutes after ahe was struck. Meet of the crew saved themselves by getting on the tops and rigging. Eneign Harditine, the Captain's Clerk, and three of the crew are the only ones lost.

"The Torpido struck folly under the stern of the vessel and either the screw was blown off or shaft broken, for the engines commenced springing found at a great rate, and the whole afterpart of the vessel was broken and smashed in."

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE PAUL JONES. The following is an extract from a private letter written by an officer of the gunboat Paul Jones, of the Charleston blockading squadron. It is dated February 21: I have no doubt that the machine which blew

I have no doubt that the machine which blew up the Housatonic was intended for us. We were on the blockade of Maihi Schannel, which is the one nearest in shore, and runs along the shore of Sullivan's Island. We were, therefore, the nearest vessel toward the rebels, and stood the first chance of their attention. But Capt. Duncan was in the practice of changing the position of the ship every night after dark, so that in case the rebels got our bearings by daylight they could not find us atnight. To this I attribute the fact of the rebel torpedo not striking us instead of the Housatonic, which was next above us. The affair was accomplished in the most artistic manner; so neatly that we did was lext above us. The allair was accomplished in the most artistic manner; so neatly that we did not know it was done at the time, although it was bright moonlight. The first we knew of the disaster was the next morning, when we discovered her lying with nothing but masts and smoke-stacks above water. We have received orders to go on the blockade off Georgetown, South Carolina.

"THE GATES OF THE SUSQUEHANNA." We are proud to notice another acquisition to our galleries of art, in "The Gates of the Susquehanna." a large nicture from the easel of Mr. Edmund D. Lewis, with whose works many are baunily familiar.

In our walks among those who have derived fresh energy from nature, and have the opportunity to possess the artist's life like delineations of nity to possess the artist's life-like delineations of truth-inspiring scenes, we are not surprised to meet often with the works of Mr. Lewis.

He has led us among the fleecy clouds of the Carskills, and the cool valleys of the White Mountains. His canvan has glowed with the warmth and the luxuriance of Cuban landscapes, and he has crowned othe Queen of the Antilles," in the radiant light of a tropical clime.

Now he has introduced to our ice-bound home, one of the most picture-sque scenes in Maryland, "The Gates of the Susquehanna," with surrounding forests, in autumn foliage, gleaning in the genial glow of the setting sun. We are presented with an extensive and a literal view of the locality, in its loveliest aspect. In the distance may be seen the Cheespeake; somewhat nearer, on the left, is Port Deposit. Numerous little islands add beauty by their presence in the river, while its clear waters mirror a sky of rare beauty. Nature seldom offers on one occasion a greater divertible of form and skill them Mr. Lawis has given islands add beauty by their presence in the river, while its clear waters mirror a sky of rare beauty. Nature seldom offers on one occasion a greater diversity of form and skill than Mr. Lewis has given with masterly skill in his cloud painting. Some seem motioniess in majesty, and others imperceptibly stretch their long lengths across the sky, while the most fantastic forms of filmsy vapor filt before the zephyr's faintest stir. The foreground represents an elevated tract of rocky ground, and is fraught with much interest. An agreeable feature on the right is an old oak tree covered with the graceful forms of a wild grapevine. Near a group of oak, beech and locust trees on the left, issues a tiny rivulet and trickles among the rocks till hidden by a bank of wild flowers and green spreading ferns. The cool vapors in the valley below are gently vieing with the sunny warmth of retiring day. On a jutting prominence of rock are two travelers, contemplating the far-off Chesapeake, and the noiseless waters of the Gates of the Susquehanna.

We know that the river has wound its course for many miles through most fertile and cultivated limesione valleys, by the margin of populous towns, and in the cool shade of mountain ridges, rich in ores, till here, full of tranquility, the beautiful Susquehanna gracefully renders its tribute of waters, by the Chesapeake, to the sea.

This large production from the hand of Mr. Lewis's is probably the most truthful and best painted picture he has yet exhibited. We are much pleased with the work, and cheerfully express our quota of well deserved commendation.

Messrs, James S. Earle & Son, have placed Mr. Lewis's picture at the head of their large gallery; where it may be seen by all lovers of the beautiful.

ELEVENTH PENNSYLVANIA CAVALRY .- The following changes have recently taken place in this well-known veteran regiment: Captain William H. Seip, promoted from captain company H, to major 1st United States olored cavalry. First Lieutenant James E. Fleming, company H, to be captain, vice Seip promoted. Second Lieutenant Emory West to be first lieutenant, vice Fleming promoted. First Sergeant Anthony Beers to be second lieutenant, vice West promoted. All to take effect February 10, 1864.

Col. Spear reports that over five hundred of his regiment have re-enlisted and more will do likewise. After a service of two and a half years, constantly in the field, and having partiipated in twenty-seven engagements and skirmishes, his regiment stands at this date 1,127 strong.

BULLETIN BUILDING 112 SOUTH TEIRD ST. CITY BULLETIN.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER THIS DAY AT THE BULLETIN OFFICE. 9 A. M., 45°......12 M., 47°.....1% P. M., 46° Minimum Temperature during test 24 hours, 40° Weather cloudy—Wind Northwest.

FAIRMOUNT PARK .- We are glad to see that FAIRMOUNT PARK.—We are glad to see that Fairmount Park will soon be appropriated to the use for which? the "ordinance appropriating ground for public purposes" intended. This ordinance was offered by Mr. R. M. Evans, of the Fifteenth Ward, at the second meeting of the new Common Conneil. It was referred to the Committee on Fity Property. Subsequently it was passed in Select Council by a vote of 17 yeas to 2 mays. In Common Council it was not so successful. However, on the 20th inst., it was called up by Mr. Evans, and referred to the Committee on Finance. At the last meeting of Common Council that Committee reported the ordinance, and it passed the chamber by a vote of 18 yeas to 8 nays. It is now in the hands of the Mayor, awaiting his significance, which it will probably soon receive.

City Mortality.—The number of interments

signiture, which it will probably soon receive.

City Mortality.—The number of interments in the city during the past week was 371, an increase of 58 over the previous week, and an increase of 163 over the same period-last year Of the whole number, 176 were adults, and 195 children; 71 being under one year of age; 217 were males, 151 females, 114 boys, and 81 girls. The greatest number of deaths occurred in the Nineteenth Ward, being 22, and the smallest number in the Sixth Ward, where only four were reported. The principal causes of death were croup, 8; congestion of brain, 12; consumption, 52; convulsions, 10; disease of heart, 14; spotted fever, 7; malignant typhus faver, 21; typhoid fever, 11, and inflammation of the lungs, 34.

Church Home for Children.—This institu-

CHURCH HOME FOR CHILDREN.—This institu-CHURCH HOME FOR CHILDREN.—This institution held its eighth anniversary meeting last evening, at St. Luke's Church. After a sermon by
Rev Alexander H. Viston, of New York, the an
nual report was read. The total receipts were
St,440 84, and the expenditures were 84,220 93.
During the year fifteen pupils have left; of these,
four have returned to their parents, four have been
placed at service, and five boys have been placed
in good situations. In the same period, twelve
girls and three boys have been received, thus completing the number of inmates the home is able to
accommodate.

The Language of the same period.

THE LADIES attached to Christ Church are soliciting contributions of money and clothing in aid of the loyal people of East Tennessee, which can be left at the Church. The object is a com-mendable one, and the ladies should be liberally encouraged in the good work.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. Joseph Bickley has been appointed bell ringer in the State House steeple, and will enter upon his duties to-morrow. With the exception of the past two years, Mr. Bickley has satisfactorily filled the same position for a long period.

THE THIRTEENTH WARD .- This Ward has its full compliment of men to fill its quota, and save its citizens from the draft. It is only necessary for the people of that part of the city to pay up liberally and the matter is settled, so far as the Ward is concerned. THE PHILADELPHIA DENTAL COLLEGE .-

The first Annual Commencement of this flourishing institution will take place this evening at Concert Hall. The raledictory address will be delivered by Professor C. A. Kingsbury. SLIGHT FIRE.—Last evening, about six o'clock, the stables of the Chestnut and Walnut Sirest Passenger Railway Company, at Tweety-first and Chestnut streets, were slightly damaged by fire. Two horses were somewhat injured. DISORDERLY DANCE HOUSE.—John McCrystal

had a hearing before Alderman Bettler, upon the charge of keeping a disorderly dance house, at Beach and Maiden streets. He was held in \$1,000 bail to answer. Passage or Troops .- Yesterday the 14th New Hampshire Regiment, Colonel Wilson, from Harper's Ferry, passed through this city on their way home, having re-enlisted for the war. THE TWENTY-NINTH RECTUENT _This

ment, commanded by Colonel Wm Rickards, Jr., left the city this morning for the camp at Chester, the furloughs of the men having expired. LARCENY.-Margaret Morgan was before Alderman Moore this morning, charged with the sarceny of some wet clothing from a tub at a house on German street. She was committed to answer.

SUDDEN DEATH .- John Appel, a bookbinder, residing at No. 157 North Sixth street, fell dead ast evening at Broad street and Girard avenue. FINE ARTS.-We desire to call special at-

rine Arrs.—We desire to call special attention to the large collection of Oil Paintings now on exhibition, with descriptive catalogues, to be sold at auction on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, March ist and 2d, at 5 o'clock precisely, by Scott & Stewart, auctioneers, 622 Chestinut street. The collection embraces some very fine specimens to art, by a number of our most talented artists—Paul Rilter, Meade, Nicholson, Atwood, Keppendorf, and others. Paintings open for examination until 90 clock P. M. Coughs.-The administration of medicina

preparations in the form of a Locange, is of all modes the most eligible and convenient more especially as regards a Cough Remady. "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, allay Irritation which induces Goughing having a direct influence to the affected parts. As there are imitations, be true to extra the sequence. ions, be sure to obtain the genuine.

ITALIAN MACCARONI AND VERMICELLI.—A fresh importation just received by Davis & Richards, dealers in family groceries, Arch and

Terth streets. THE COAT THE TEST OF THE MAN .- The cut The Coat the test of the Man.—The cut of a man's coat has, it is said, become the index to his rank. Whist low, tail short—plebian; waist pretty well 'up,' tail a little compromise—wearer evidently a doughface—belonging to both parties—waist furiously up, tail tremendously down, perfect brick—goes the whole porker—fast man; waist exactly six inches from collar, tail precisely one inch and three quarters from ground—aristocrat, so far in upper-tendom that he cannot be discovered without the aid of glasses; coat neither too long nor too short, the exact golden man, and just the thing, sure sign that it was made at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 643 and 665 Chestnut street, above Sixth.

Deafness and Blindness.—I. Isaacs. M.D.

DEAFNESS AND BLINDNESS .- J. Isaacs, M.D., Professor of the Eye and Ear, treats all diseases appertaining to the above members with the nuncat success. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his Office, No. 511 Pine street. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No. charges made for an examination. F Office hours from 8 to 11 A.M., 2 to 6 P. M., No. 511 Pine street.

Corns, Bunious, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all Diseases of the Feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. Zacharie, Surgeon Chiropodist, 921 Chestant street. Refers to Physicians and Surgeons of the

Avoid THE DRAFT.-If the Ward Committees will continue to work as they have been doing, the quota will be made up and no draft will take place; this will give our citizens a fine opportunity to get Spring Hats, Hose, &c., from Oakfords', under the Continental Hotel. rder the Contine...

Furs at cost...

Continental Hotel.

Tot Cross Bur

LENT HAS COME, and with it Hot Cross Buns. t Morse's, 235 South Eleventh street. Messrs. Van Kirk & Co.'s New Warehooms. MESSES, VAN KIRK & CO. 8 NEW WAREMOUNS.

—Philadelphia is evidently determined to maintain her reputation for progress in the character and elegance of her business edifices. We were reminded of this a few days ago on entering the magnificent new Gas Fixture establishment of Messes. Van Kirk & Co., Arch street, above Ninth, No. 912. "These splendid new warercoms possess all the requisites of a business palace, and are alike expressive of the auternries, success, and possess all the requisites of a business palace, and are alike expressive of the enterprise, success, and liberality of this firm in the past, and of their greater prominence and popularity in the future. We may mention the fact that Mr. Charles Page, for twenty years the principal designer of gas fixtures for the old and respectable house of Messra. Cornelius & Baker, has become a member of this firm, and that with the aid of his peculiar talents in that department, they are now able successfully to compete with any other concern in the United States.

BEST AND PUREST COAL in the city; none better; please try it. Samuel W. Hess, Broad street, above Race, east side.

Victors.-Ice Cream and Water Ices, at 40 cents per quart, Morse's 233 S. Eleventh street.

GENERAL BUTLER AND THE JEWS. The following correspondence has passed between General Buffer and the editor of the

Jewish Messenger : Headquarters 1978 Army Corty. DefartMent of Vinginia. And North Garolina.
Februers Morroe, February 4th, 1864—Sir.
Your letter in regard to the report of General
five Jews were captured trying to run the
blockade, enquiring of me why I have specified
the religion of these contrabend traders, and commenting upon the act, as if I wished to make invidious religious distinctions, is received.
The manner in which the physics got itself into
the telegraphic reports, was very simple. The report of the return of the expedition was made to
me, and as it was made I dictated portions of it tethe telegraph, using the words of the report, so
that it was, in fact, done without thought on my
part, and only in the course of business; as I
should have mentioned any other fact, reported
to me by my subordinate, when reporting to my

part, and only in the course of business; as L should have mentioned any other fact, reported to me by my subordinate, when reporting to my superior.

But since my attention has been drawn to it by your comments, and others of the press, I really do not see any reason for changing the lit was meant. really do not see any reason for changing the preas, I twas meant, when used, to designate nationality, not religion, as one would say five Irishmen, five Germans, or five Italians. I have always considered the Jews a nationality, although possessing no country. The closeness with which they cling together, the aid which they afford each other on all proper, and sometimes improper occasions, the fact that nearly all of them pursue substantially the same employment, so far as I have known them—that of traders, merchants and bankers—the very general obedience to the prohibition against marrage with Gentiles, their faith, which looks forward to the time when they are to be gathered together in the former land of their, nation—all serve to show a closer tie of kindred and nation among the Hebrews, and a greater homogeneity than belongs to any other nation, although its people live in closer proximity. So that, while I disclaim all intention of any reflection upon their national religion, which was the foundation and typical of that of the Christian world, and holding to the doctrines of Christianity with reverence for the Saviour, no one can stigmatize all Jews—yet one may be reasonably permitted in speaking of that nation, to suppose there may be reverently remembered that when the Saviour, aided by Omniscience, undertook to choose twelve confidential friends from among that nation, he got one that "was a thief and had a devil."

1 have the honor to be, very respectfully yours, BENJ, F. BUTLER, Major-Gen. U.S. V.

To. M. S. IRAACS.

150 NASSAU STEEFT, NEW YORK. Feb. 9, 1864.

Major-General Buller, U. S. V.—GENERAL—
Your letter dated the 4th inst. reached me to-day.

''I am obliged to you for the full and frank exposition of your views. Would you object to the publication of your letter?

I regret to find so grievous a misconception, or rather conflict of ideas, as to the meaning of the term ''Jew.'' I'do not propose trespassing upon your patience by argument or illustration, further than this: I am a native American and prond of it—I attend Synagogue and believe in the principles of Judaism, and am therefore a Jew in the sense that you are a Christian; yet I am an American, in nationality.

I regret, turther, that your experience of professors of our faith has been so unfavorable that you believe ''that nearly all of them pursue substantially the same employment—that of traders, merchanis and bankers.'' While these diverse occupations are perfectly honorable in themselves, and no Jew or other person assumes a badge of diegrace per se, by entering upon either department of business, it is nevertheless a serious mistake to charge that the liberal professions are avoided by Israelites.

Not to weary you by a lengthy statement, I would imply mention a few facts that have come under my observation in this little city. At the

avoiced by Israelites.

Not to weary you by a lengthy statement, I would imply mention a few facts that have come under my observation in this little city. At the University, Columbia College, and the Free Academy there are Professors who are Hebrews in faith—at the latter institution, there are two institutions and about eight Jewish students. In the legal profession, there are a large number of our creed; one of them now occupies the honorable position of Judge of the Common Pleas, this gentleman being a raive of New York and an earness American. In meelene, the earemany eminent prutitioners, some on the highest recognized skull and distunction. Among the ciergy, Jewish divines are, of course, adequately represented—all ministers or the represented balk of Judas sm and, as you say, the course, adequately represented—all ministers that a country and the first standard by the press, there are two Jewish week iest and r pin the editinal staffs of the Commercial, Express, Timer, and other journals, there are able gentlement of the Jewish faith, of whom also there is a large representation in the reportorial corrs. In literary and scientific circles, you find the Israelites as well as the Christians. The army, pasy and marine corps have a fair representation of Israelites, some of them distinguished, all earnest and patriotic. One of our regiments, which served first as militia, then as a three years' regiment, and is now home on furlough, to return to the field a veteran organization, is composed mainly of Israelites. If, at any time, you should desire to be informed of the extent of your error, with regard to the occupations of the Jews, I should be most happy to fernish you with details, You will not forget, when reminding me that there are two Jews in the rebel cabinet (who is the Gher, besides Benjamin!) that a pattern of distinction in the church militant is a Major-General in Davis's army, and that Davis himself professes to be a devout member of the church. There are twaters among professors of Judaism, un There are traitors among professors of Judaism, unfortunately, as well as among Ohnstians. A good Jew can no more be a traitor to our fiag than an earnest believer in Christianity can be enumerated among "those who speculate on the miseries of their country." Mr. Benjamin does not adhere to Judaism—he married a Christian.

I did not intend to be so verbose. However, General, I have but another suggestion to make. If, hereafter, any of your subordinates capture a man with a foreign paironymic, piease designate his nationality by calling him German, Russian or French, as the case may be, and not a Jew. In him eases out of ten, your prisoner is neither Jew nor Christian. Mostrespectfully, yours, mor Christian. Mostrespectfully, yours, ESS ACS.

Headquarters 18th Arm Corps, Forterses Monroe, Feb. 13, 1661—Sir.—Iam in receipt

HEADQUARTERS 18TH ARMY CORPS, FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 13, 1864—Sim.—Ism in receipt of your note of Feb. 9th, and am very glad to have my opinions corrected by one who apparently understands so well the condition of the Hebrews as a nation, and of their faith as a religion.

I. admit that my experience with men of the Jewish faith or nation has been an unfortunate ene.

Jewish faith or nation has been an uncortained ene.

Living in an inland town of Massachusetts prior to the war, I had met but few, and since the war, those whom I have seen have been principally engaged in the occupations which caused the capture which has occasioned this correspondence, and you yourself will admit that that mode of making their acquaintance has not been a favorable one. I refer to Mr. Memminger as the other member of the Confederate Cabinet. I have been informed that Mr. Mallory is also of the Jewish faith or nationality.

tionality.

I acknowledge the fairness of the hit in regard to Major-General Polk and Davis. They are both members of the Christian Church, upon whose serrices I attend.

I should be much obliged to you for the detail of facts which you have offered to furnish, for, finding my impressions incorrect upon any subject, I always desire to be enlightened.

Although the letter to you was not written for publication, yet I have no objection to its being published. Very respectfully,

BENJ. F. BUTLER, Maj. Gen. Com.

To M. S. ISAACS, Esq., New York.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL.

B Ingraham, Esq., brother of the distinguished Professor and novelist, died in Washington recently. Mr. Ingraham has had charge of a Department in the Dead Letter Office since the incoming of the present Administration, and was formerly connected with the Illinois Central and Chicago Railroad. He was fifty years of age and a native of Portland, Me.

Hon. Aaren P. Hughes, of Nashus, N. H., died at Worcester, Mass., on Tuesday, of lung fever. He was a lawyer of distinguished ability; was a leading Mason in his State, having filled the office of Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of N. H.

Major General Hunter, who has been West for some time has returned to Washington. Major Some time has returned to Washington.

some time has returned to Washington. Major General Pleasonton is also in Washington. It is reported he will be assigned to the position of Chief of Cavalry Bureau.