Fill Eneming Balletin.

GIBSON PEACOCK, Editor.

OUR WHOLE COUNTRY.

IF. L. FETHERSTON, Publisher.

VOLUME XVII., NO. 266

PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1864.

BULLETIN BUILDING 112 SOUTH THERD ST.

EVENING BULLETIN PEACOCK. CHAMBERS & CO. PROPRIETORS,

112 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA: TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TERMS OF SUPSCRIPTION."

The Bulletin is served to Subscribers in the city at it cents per week, payable to the carriers. Of \$5 \$3 per annum.

EATES OF APVERTISING.

Half Square, 1 time. 2511 Square, 2 weeks. \$3 25 1 Square, 1 month. 5 00 1 Square, 2 times.... 751 Square, 2 months. 8 08 1 Square, 2 times.... 751 Square, 3 months. 11 00 1 Square, 1 week.... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week.... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week.... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week.... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 week... 1 501 Square, 6 months. 20 00 1 Square, 1 measure.

Promptness,
Purity of Materials,
Good Workmanship W. HENRY PATTEN, 1408 Chestnut street.

MARRIED.

BICKLEY-MILLER-On the 17th instant, by Friends' ceremony, in the presence of Mayor Henry, at the residence of the bride's father, Lloyd Wharton Bickley, M. D., to Hannah Milfer, daughter of Daniel L. Miller, Jr.

**NORTHROP-TÜCKER-At New York, Feb. 15th, by the Rev. Dr. McJilton, J. Frank Northrop to Miss Anne D. Tucker.

THACKARA - CHESEBROUGH - In Baltimore, 18th instant, by the Rev. Chas. J. Bowen, Wm. M. Thackara, cf this city, to Sarah E. Chesebrough, daughter of Capt. Robt. C. Chesebrough, of former place. brough, of former place. *
THORNTON—DEACON—On Wednesday, 17th of Feb., by the Rev. De Witt Byllesby, at the residence of the bride's father, Mount Wolly, N. J., Edward C. Thornton, of Philadelphia, to Addie, daughter of Benajah Deacon, Esq. [Richmond, Va., papers please copy.]

ADAMS—On the 17th inst., of congestion of the lungs, Mary P., daughter of Edward A. and Harliet A. Adams, aged 16 months.

AIKIN—In Wilmington Del., 17th inst. Jane, wife of Samuel Aikin, in the 83d year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her husband, at the corner of Third and French streets, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further notice. *

DUNCAN—On Tuesday, 16th instant, General Wm. Duncan, in the 92d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Southeast corner of Seventh and Wood streets, on Friday afternoon, 19th instant, at two o'clock, without further notice. To proceed to Woodlands Cemetery.

ELTCUN—On Wednesday, 17th inst., of scarlet DIED.

*
Woodlands Cemetery.

*
ELT(N—On Wednesday, 17th inst., of scarlet ever, De Witt Moore, son of Anthony and Lydia fever, De Witt Moore, son of Anthony and Lydia Elton, aged 3 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his parents, \$23 Franklin street, on Saturday morning, 20th inst., at 9 o'clock. 2t;

EYRE—On Tuesday, Feb. 16th, 1664, Jesse Bickerton Eyre, in the 71st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, without further notice, from the residence of Rebacca P. Eyre, Chester, Pa., on Friday afternoon, the 19th inst, at 2 o'clock. Interment in Chester Rural Cemetery.

EYFE—On Wednesday morning, February 17, S64, William Eyre, Jr, son of Joshua P. Eyre, Ir., and Martha S. Eyre, 2ged 5 months and 19 2 o'clock.

MILLHOLLAND—At Reading, Pa., Feb. 16, Fanny Millholland, wife of Jak. Millholland.

POTTS—On Tuesday, the 16th instant, Jane, wife of James Potts, in the 55th year of her age. The relatives and triends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her hueband, No. 16tl Race street, on Saturday morning, at 10 e'clock. Interment at Laurel Hill Cemetery.

TAYLOR—At New York, Feb. 16th, Ann Manigault, wife of Dr. Taylor, of Grace Church, and daughter of the late Joseph Manigault, Esq., of Charleston, S. C.

Charleston, S. C. WILEY-At Florence, Italy, 20th Jan., Rev. Frederick S. Wiley, formerly Rector of Christ Church, New York.

NEW SPRING MOURNING GOODS daily opened by BESSON & SON.
Mourning Store, No. 918 OHESTNUT street.
N. B. Wholesale Rooms on second floor.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK.—
At an election held February 16th, the following Stockholders were duly elected Directors of the Fourth National Bank: rth National Bank:
Wm. P. Hamm,
John Fareira,
James C. Kelch,
A. C. Roberts,
Wm. Sokeley,

A. C. Reberts, Wim. Scokeley,
Layid W. Bradley.

At a meeting of the Board, held this day, WM.

HAMM, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and SAMUEL J. MACMULLAN, Esq., ashier.

SAMUEL J. MACMULLAN, Cashier.

Cashier. Cashier.

Table Union Benkvolent Association are compelled to make a second appeal for the season for funds. It was hoped that the mildness of the winter and the activity of trade would have made a second appeal for the season for funds. It was hoped that the mildness of the winter and the activity of trade would have made a second appeal unnecessary; but the enormously increased cost of every article of living and especially of fuel, has laid burdens upon the poor which calls for greater liberallity towards, them; and our treasury is empty. Notwithstanding the apparent prosperity abroad there is an under current of suffering which is our duty to search out and relieve. The labor of working men is well remunerated; but that of poor sewing women is not, except in special cases. We know of those who, working late and early, earn but \$2 00 per week; who make common shirts for \$1 25, and drawers for \$1 00 per dezen. Hen control their wages by banding together and demanding an increase of pay, but there seems to be no redress for wemen, who are wholly in the power of their employers. When it is asserted, therefore, that labor is abundant, &c., we point to this class of sufferers, and ask for them and those dependent upon them the sympathies of the public. The public must be reminded, however, that it is not for those who are able to labor that our charity is intended, but for those who are incapacitated by pendent upon them the sympathies of the public. The public must be reminded, however, that it is not for those who are able to labor that our charity is intended, but for those who are incapacitated by reason of sickness or infirmities, and upon whom the high prices work an immense amount of suffering. This class "we have always with us," no matter how mild the winter or favorable the times. They are mostly women, often with families of small children. It costs them from \$9 to \$10 for a ton of coal, or rather sixteen to twenty dollars, for they, are compelled to buy it by the basket, at double the common price. Our society has ons hundred and forty female visitors who discover more of this kind of suffering than they have means to relieve, and it is for them that this appeal is made. Our whole receipts in money per annum is not over \$10,000. (A similar society in New York receives \$70,000.) More than half of this is expended for coal, leaving less than \$5,000 to be divided among one hundred and forty ladies, miking the annual sum for distribution by each twenty-five dollars, or two dollars per month, with this these ladies relieved last year 4,050 families. They made 11,643 visus to the poor. They found founds founds are some the property founds founds. They minis With this these ladies relieved last year 4, 505 families They made 11, 613 visits to the poor. They found employment for 959 persons. They ministered to 761 sick. They sent to school 133 children. They distributed 1, 1221 tons of coal, 1, 477 garments, 300 stoves, and kept 30 women in sewing for their store, besides a distribution of 1 ver \$1900 in money. This winter the demand is greater and the receipts smaller. The Society therefore makes this appeal, for further aid, at the close of the season, when suffering is always greatest. The collectors of the Society, Messrs. Cooper and Evans will make an early call upon the citizens and they are earnestly commended to the attention of the charitable; or contributions may be sent to the Treasurer, Edmund Wilcox, Esq., 404, Chestnut street, or to the zent of the Society at the office, northwest corner Seventh and Sansom street. SAMUEL H. PERKINS, President.

JOHN H. ATWOOD, Secretary. 4-13 s. th. 5:rp6

HOWARD HOSPITAL, NOS. 1518 AND 1528 LOMBARD Street, DISPENSARY EPARTMENT. Medical treatment and mediates familiated gratuitously to the poor. Sullar-

SIXTH WARD AROUSE_ONE MORE GRAND RALLY TO AVOID THE use Meeting of the citizens of the Sixth Ward

will be held at

FRANKLIN HALL,

Sixth street, below Arch, on FRIBAY EVENING EVERY CITIZEN in the Ward is invited to be Tresent.

A full statemen of the doings of the Committee will be made.

This will be the LAST APPEAL to citizens, AND WITH THEM WILL REST THE RESPONSIBILITY OF A DRAFT.

The meetingswill be addressed by the following mentlemen:

SPONSIBLE
The meeting will be gentlemen:
THEO. CUYLER, Esq.,
WM R. MANN, Esq.,
ROBERT PALETHORP, Esq.,
And others.
Ald. CHAS. WELDING,
Chairman Ward Assoc'n.
TO BOUNTY FUND COI NINTH WARD BOUNTY FUND COM-MITTEF.—An adjourned meeting of the Freeinct Committees will be held THIS EVE-NING. at 7% o'clock, at the Church, SEVEN-TEENTH and FILBERT streets Punctual attendance of the members is particu-larly requested, as business of vital importance

larly requested, as business will be brought before them.

1'ANIEL STEINMETZ, Chairman.

Sec'v. fel7-lty LIFE AT JOHNSON'S ISLAND. [Correspondence of the Phila. Evening Bulletin.] U. S. Forces, Johnson's Island, Feb. 13, 1864.—When your numerous readers ascertained that the 1st Brigade 3d Division 6th Corps was here, in the midst of civilization, within three miles of Sandusky, I dare say they were surprised. Our boys, when they first heard of their place of destination, were amazed, and doubters plenty; but our Brigade is here in all its stern reality, guarding rebels on Johnson's Island. The change from the soft red mud in Virginia to within sight of church spires, the smoke of factories and the distant hum of the city is very pleasant and gratifying to us old soldiers. This Island contains about 600 acres, heavily timbered, and seems as if Lake Erie in some singular mood had upheaved it of solid limestone. Upon it are built the rebel prison, large and commodious barracks for the troops doing garrison duty here, offi-cers' quarters, &c. &c. Life here is dull, and there is but little to occupy the attention. I have yet to see an excited individual on this Island. The Lake washing the shores, the immense sheet of ice spreading in all its dazzling beauty between us and the main land, make a walk to the wharf all the pastime we have here. We arrived upon January 15th, and to February 3d the ice was strong enough to bear the heaviest Government teams. For a few days the Clinton and Eastern made trips across, but a cold snap ensued and sgain we are ice-bound; but the ice is not sufficiently strong for traveling. General Terry and staff have their headquarters at the St. Lawrence House, in Sandusky, while Brigadier-General Shaler, commanding our brigade, has his on the Island, and remains here, personally superintending the comforts of all. days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, on Saturday afternoon, the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, and the 20th instant, at Chester, Pa., without further notice, and the 20th instant, and First Lieutenants John Johnson and F. Wooster as his personal Aids. All these offi-cers are brave in the field, and polite and attentive in the camps. Your correspondent rarely pays a visit to headquarters without seeing that useful adjunct, Isaac E. Osborn, who is well posted in every matter relating to the brigade. His smile and cordial welcome are the same now as they were while a Conductor upon the Frankford and Southwark Railroad some years ago. The officers of the brigade recently gave a ball to the ladies of Sandusky, although the invitations read as if the staff officers of the Division gave it. The affair came off in the large saloon of the "West House:" the elite of

the city were present; the walls of the saloon were handsomely decorated with flags, including some of the war-worn ones of the brigade: fanciful devices containing the names of the battles in which we had participated were tastefully arranged by Captain Harry a Marchant, 22d P. V. Pardon me if I do not give you the names of the pretty ladies present; to select would be like picking the handsomest flower of a hot-house, rambling from one to another, not knowing your choice one moment. Madam Rumor has it that the officers of the 65th New York Volunteers intend giving a ball shortly to the ladies; if this is so, no one knows how better than Colonel Joseph Hamlin, their commander; being a handsome man him self he does things handsomely. When the affair takes place you shall have the particulars. Excuse me not giving you the number of our troops here or that of the rebel prisoners, the censor of the press might object. Suffice it to say, should English rebel sympathizers attempt any raid they will have to confront the heroes of the heights of Fredericksburg, and as the blue cross of the 6th corps never failed or fal-tered on the bloody fields of Virginia, transplanting it to Ohio, has but firmer nerved our hands to float it in triumph over the heads of English or rebel. Our duty here is described in two lines of poetry, written by a rebel cap-

Bright visions hover round my love at night,
A Fank, with loaded gun, keeps me in sight. The weather is moderate. Perhaps to-morrow may bring our mail by steam.

Yours, &c.,

FROM CHARLESTON HARBOR. Colonel Davis of the 104th Pennsylvania,

thus writes to the Doylestown Democrat: Morris Island, S. C., Feb. 4, 1864.—Every

few days we get reliable news from the other side, some of the most interesting of which however is contraband. We know pretty well the situation of things in Charleston, and the damage our shells are doing. A few days ago a shell passed through a house into the cellar, hitting on its way down a chair that stood at the foot of a bed, on which a man and his wife were sleeping. Another shell on its way to the cellar actually passed through the bed, and between a negro and wife sleeping in it. In either instance no injury was done to persons. All the necessaries of life are almost at starvation point. Think of flour selling at \$130 and \$150 per barrel! Common lace boots are \$150 per pair, and calf-skin high boots are \$250 per

We have learned considerable about Sumter of late. Since our last bombardment they have creeted three strong bombproofs inside the fort to protect their men. They are covered with sand and the debris from the walls. They have four brass guns mounted on the bombproofs, to fire down on an assailing party. On the Sullivan's Island side, in the lower tier of casements, they have mounted | House. Many of them either encountered or four heavy guns, which command the channel The garrison numbers three or four hundred men, who are relieved by others at stated intervals. A number of torpedoes have been sunk to anchors in the channel;

and among other things are two old boilers filled with powder, one of which contains three thousand pounds. They are sunk in deep water and it is arranged to explode them from the shore by means of a wire. They have constructed small steamers, something like the one that made a former attempt, to come out and blow the iron-clads. They are building four new iron-clads, one of which is two hundred feet long, and plated with four-inch iron. The other three are smaller and about the size of the two they already have afloat. A few days ago one of our shells exploded upon the deck of this large new iron-clad, but did no damage. There are no places of business open in the lower part of the city, except two grog-shops. The big gun the rebels imported from our neutral English friends is mounted in the city, and points down the har-bor. The bore is thirteen inch, and the ball weighs seven hundred pounds. It is rifled. Its mate burst at the first discharge. The steeple of St. Michael's Church has been struck twice, but not much injured. This is the most beautiful spire in the city, and the plan is said to have been drawn by Sir Christopher Wren, the architect of St. Paul's, London. The church was built considerably more than a hundred

THE ESCAPED UNION PRISONERS. The Tribune correspondent at Washington

writes as follows: The lions of the day here are the gallant twenty-five officers who escaped from Libby Prison, on Tuesday of last week, and arrived here this evening from Fortress Monroe. They have more than settled the accounts which John Morgan opened, and feel amply compensated for their hardships in the hearty wel-come they now receive. Their names are as-

colle with How receive. Their names are assoliolows:

Col. Wm. R. McCreary, 21st Michigan; Col. Wm. P. Kendrick, 3d West Tennessee Cavalry; Licut. Col T. S. West, 24th Wisconsin; Lieut. Col. Hobart, 21st Wisconsin; Lieut. Col. Hobart, 21st Wisconsin; Lieut. Col. Von Mitzell; Lieut. Col. J. F. Boyd, Quartermaster, 24th Maine; Major J. B. Collins, 29th Indiana; Major G. W. Firzsimmons, 39th Indiana; Major A. G. Hamilton, 12th Kentucky Cavalry; Capt. M. Boyd, 73d Indiana; Capt. J. V. Johnston, 6th Kentucky; Capt. J. F. Gailagher, 3d Ohio: Capt. W. S. Randall, 3d Ohio; Capt. D. Jones, 1st Kintucky; Capt. T. Clark, 79th Illinois; Capt. P. C. Rose, 4th Missouri Cavalry; Capt. N. Tower, 13th Massachusetts: Capt. N. Gallagher, 3d New Jerrey; Lieut. W. McKeene, 21st Illinois; Lieut. J. M. Welles, 8th Michigan Cavalry; Lieut. L. P. Williams, 73d Indiana; Lieut. Wm. Reynolds, 73d Indiana; J. C. Firker, 7th Indiana Battery; Lieut. R. G. Bradford, 3d West Tennessee Cavalry.

valry.
They lock as if their escape involved much privation and suffering, and their different statements of the perils through which they passed sound like romance. Up to the time of escape (Tuesday night, the 9th), their experience was similar, and runs somewhat as

Libby Prison is divided into three grand divisions, known as the Eastern, Western and Central Rooms. About the middle of December, eight of the more hopeful of the officers commenced an excavation on the side of the basement of the middle apartment, which was occupied as a dining-room.

This was continued carefully at intervals. CRET WES COC tempt was given up as a failure. They then removed some stones of the fireplace, and com-menced digging down obliquely toward the eastern base of the building, pushing the work by night, and replacing the stones carefully before daylight. They cut their way with hatchets through a wall five feet thick of solid masonry, and then ran it directly outward under the street.

They had large wooden spittoons, which diggers heaped with dirt in the narrow passage, and others drew out with ropes and deposited carefully in obscure corners of an unfrequented cellar. By this time many of the more ambitions entered heartily into the plot, thus keeping up the work though all the safe hours of the night. At last, after tunneling forty-five feet, they sought daylight. What was the dismay of the pioneer in the enterprise when at dusk he poked a kole through and found himself under the opposite walk, and within two feet of the beat of the sentries who guard the prison.

As the ground fell in, he heard one outside calling another's attention to the noise, and receive for his reply "Rats." The mistake was quickly corrected. The Captain quietly, kept his hole, and a pair of old pantaloons was filled with dirt and stones and lifted into the cavity. The direction of the tunnel was now slightly changed, and carried twelve feet further, within the fence, and on feeling again, if was found to open under a shed in the very

place intended.
The first man left the tunnel at 8.30 Tuesday evening, and was followed as rapidly as possible by the others, and such triends as they might designate to have precedence. Many in the prison did not wish to take the chance of escape with the accompanying porils. Only one man could be within the tunnel at a time safely, it being necessary to admit tresh air. 'The passing caused a great rumbling sound, which created constant apprehension of discovery.

Escapes succeeded each other as closely as possible until daylight, when they stopped and the officers within awaited the developments of roll-call. The sentries seemed utterly oblivious of everything, and to the fact that they were new recruits and recently put on duty is ascribed the complete success of the move-

ment. After leaving the subterranean passage the fugitives made their way through a wagonhouse and across an open space into Canal

The night was not very dark, and as they turned in different directions, in squads of three to six, they saw the sentries passing their beat. From Canal street, they struck out in all direc-tions, radiating from Richmond north, south and east. In planning and accomplishing the escape, they were assisted by no cooperation from outside whatever. They all left the shed and the city in the same blue overcosts they had worn in prison, trusting in their own saga-

city and the cover of darkness for safety. It is believed that more than half of those who got out of the prison will reach our lines. The officers who are now in were from five to eight days in getting from Richmond to Williamsburg, and think that many more will follow successfully down the Peninsula; that some will escape via the Army of the Potomac, and that others will eventually be heard from

in North Carolina. The narratives of their dangerous flight across the country, are various, but somewhat similar to that of officers who have escaped before. Most of those arrived struck northeastward, avoiding the Chickahominy swamp, and came down the peninsula via the White saw and avoided rebel cavalry scouts, scouring

the blacks, and never had their trust betrayed. After the first officers had discovered themselves to the negroes and asked for food, on the Chickahominy, the negroes organized into re-lief squads and searched the woods for the fugitives, carrying them food from their scanty rations, and helping them in every way in their power.

Col. Walker, Capt. Phelps, Capt. Boyd, and Licut. Reynolds, of the 73d Indiana, left Richmond together, and proceeded safely to near the White House, when Col. W. was overcome by fatigue and unable to proceed. Capt. Phelps staid to help him; neither of them have

been heard from. Lieut. James M. Wells,8th Michigan Cavalry, was met on Sunday by the 11th Pennsylvania Cavalry, whom he joined in a scout toward Richmond, and nine others were picked up during the night.

To-morrow, all those who shall have arrived will call in a body to pay their respects to the President and Secretary of War.

CITY BULLETIN.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER THIS DAY
AT THE BULLETIN OFFICE.

Washimum Temperature during lest 24 hours, 15 Weather clear—Wind Southwest.

Weather clear - Wind Southwest.

DESTEUCTIVE FIRE IN THE FETTH WARD—SIX OR FIGHT EUILDINGS DESTROYED OR DAMAGED.—This morning, about three o'clock, a fire broke out in a four-storied britch building, occupied by Mr. John S. Curby, oak cooper and ganger, No. 5(8) Larkin street (formerly Swanson street). The building extended through from Larkin street to Penn, and it was filled with very combustible material. The interior was in flames before the firemen could get water upon it, and the adjoining buildings on Penn street, soon took fire. The ccoper shop was burned out entirely, and the roof and upper stories of a large four-storied tenement house on the south side of the shop, and fronting on Penn street, were burned. This building was occupied by a number of pcortsmilles; they were turned out of doors in one of the most inclement nights of the season, and they susta ned considerable loss by the hurried removal of their goods. North of Mr. Ourby's premises, on Penn street, were two buildings occupied as taverns. They were unroafed. The buildings fronting on Larkin street, and adjoining the Ccoper shop. on either side, were occupied as taverns. They were considerably damaged; principally by water.

The fire burned very stubbornly for several hours, and at about five o'clock sparks from the steamer of the Philadelphia Steam Fire Engine and Hose tompany, No. 1, lodging on the building No. 508 South Front street, it was soon in flames. This was a large old-fashioned structure. occupied by Mr. Wm. H. Harris as a boarding house and shipping offics. The roof and attacked of the production of the fire.

The Commercial House, No. 510 South Delaware avenue, suffered somewhat, the roof being partially burned. Owing, however, to the exertions of the Weccacce Engine, the Shiffler Hose and the Moyamensing Hose, together with the efforts of Messra. J. R. Lyndall, J. McGregory and Alderman McHullen, the house was saved.

The firemen. were in service for six or seven hours, and they suffered greatly from the intense cold. Water DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN THE FIFTH WARD-SIX

SALE OF REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, &C .-James A. Freeman, Auctioneer, sold yesterday at noon, at the Exchange, the following stocks, real estate, &c. 2 shares stock Bohemian Mining Company sold or six a suare.

To shares stock Stenbenville and Indiana Railread sold for \$2 a share.

10 shares stock Steubenville and Indiana Railroad sold for \$2 25 a share.

Busixess location, Muin street, Manayunk—

Busiress location, Main street, Manayunk.... Business location, 7 houses. Main street, Mana-Justiness location, / nosette Main Second Marketiness location, / nosette Main Second Marketiness location on Caden street 16 feet front by 50 feet deep—\$833 33.

Valuable Property, No. 137 North Second street

-S6, 200. Three-story brick house, 135 Elfreth's alley--1,500.
Three-story brick dwelling, No. 122 Race street, and large loradjoining on rear 34 125
Three-story brick dwelling, No. 124 Race street
52.50 52, 50.
Stable. Lot and three Dwellings, Nos. 3, 5 and 7 Brinker's alley. Stable and to: s.ld for \$1,600; house, No. 7, sold for \$880; No. 5, \$830, No. 3,

\$639.
Old irredeemable Ground Rent of \$150 per an-Old irredeemable Ground Rent of \$150 per annum, on Ridge avenue—\$2,720.

The sale of Peter Wager's Estate was postuoned until March 16, at the Exchange, when it will be sold without reserve.

Sold at private sale since last report:

Dwelling, No. 1329 Costes atreet, 17 feet 9 inches front by 80 feet deep, for \$2,500.

Four-story residence; No. 4 South Penn Square, 21 feet 7 inches by \$5 feet, for \$5,000.

PODE-Story residence, No. 4 South Penn Square, 21 feet 7 inches by \$5 feet, for \$5,000.

JEFFERSON MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The catalogue of the Jefferson Medical College of this city, which has just been issued, contains no less than three hundred and fif y-one names, denoting a larger class than has attended that institution since the winter of 1600 cit. Of these one hundred and sevelty-four were from Pennsylvania, fifteen from New York, fifteen from New England. fifty from the Wessern Saies, seventy-two from the Border States, three from Virginia, inter from foreign lands, four credited to the army, at do to to the navy. Of the Pennsylvanians forty-two are from Philadelphia. Previous to the rebellion about one-half of the students at the Jefferson were generally from the South, the proportion in the winter of 15.9-60 being 339 to 291, and, including the Border States, 431 to 159. Now out of a class of three hundred and fifty one there are but seventy-seven representatives of Southern or border commonwealths. resentatives of Southern or border common wealths.

The demands of the service are more urgent and necessitous than even the Medical Colleges can supply, and in the future we can anticipate an annual increase in the number of matriculants. not nual increase in the number of matriculants. not only at the institution to which we refer, but to each and all located in our city. Philadelphia is the seat of medical learning and instruction, and, in war or peace, must attract to its colleges the large majority of the young men who desire to become well-informed members of the profession of medicine, whether for future service in the field or on the high seas, or in the but little less laborious undertaking incident to private practice in the town or country. or country.

BISHOP STRYENS ON THE UNION.—The fol-iowing letter has been addressed to the ladies who are collecting the autographs of Bishops and disnguished divines: PHILADELPHIA, December 29th, 1863.—Madam. inguished divines:

Philladelphia, December 20th, 1863.—Masam:
In reply to your note, received this evening, I beg
leave to say that the occasional prayers in the Diocese of Pennsylvania were all set forth by the venerable Bishop, the Right Rev. A. Potter, D. D.
In their sentiment and spirit I most cordially
unite. Most earnestly do I pray that in God's
own time and way this Rebellion may be put
down; that oppression and slavery in all its forms
may be done away; that freedom of body and
mind, political and religious, may everywhere
prevail; that the emancipated negroes, whom
God in His providence is committing to our care,
may be the objects of our liberal and Christian regard and instruction; that war may soon cease
throughout all our borders, and thatour now lacerated country may again be so united that from
the Lakes on the North to the Gulf on the South,
and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, there shall be
but one Union, one Government, one flag, one
Constitution, all converging to, and culminating
m, that higher glory which shall make this nation
Emanuel's land, a mountain of holiness and a
dwelling place of righteousne s.

Very respectfully yours,

Very respectfully jours, WM. B. STEVENS. "OER COUNTRY'S TROUBLES." -The readers saw and avoided rebel cavalry scouts, scouring the country in search of them.

Some of Capt. Phelps's party and others were pursued and fired upon. All of them kept out of the sight of the whites, but trusted implicitly

A CHR CONTRY'S TROUBLES."—The readers of the BULLETIN, who are familiar with the events occurring under our own eyes, and immediately precedent to the war, will remember the sermon upon the subject of our "Country's Troubles."

Tyng, in the Church of the Epiphany

in June, 1856, and first published in the columns of the EVENING BULLETIN. A second sermon was also preached upon the same subject in 1857, by the same divine, and the language and sentiments uttered in both discourses appear like prophecy when read by the light of 1861. Both sermons have just been published in pamphlet form by Messra. William S. & Alfred Martien, No. 606 Chestnut street. They are well worthy of preservation as significant features of the history of the times.

THE WEATHER.—The weather still continues to be exceedingly cold. The high and cutting wind prevailed during yesterday afternoon and throughout the et itre night. The mercury in the thermometer ranged between eight and eleven degrees during the siternoon and evening, but by midnight it had got down as low as five and later in the right showed only one degree above zero. This morning the wind was not so high, and the weather has moderated somewhat. At ten o'clock the mercury stood a 'eleven degrees, and was then slowly going up. This "snap' is the coldest we have had this year. People who can possibly avoid it do not go out of doors, and last night all the places of a musement had slim houses. Therailroads have also been materially affected by the change. During yesterday and last night there was but one mail which arrived at the Post-Office at the time it was due. It was almost an impossibility to make steam, and in some im tances the locomotives were completely frozen up. The passenger trains on the Reading Ruilroad were considerably delayed yes erdby anternoon by the stoppage of some of the coal trains in consequence of the water freezing in the locomotives. The New-York trains were also several tours behind time last night.

Murdeness Assault Upon an Officer. THE WEATHER.—The weather still continues

MURDEROUS ASSAULT UPON AN OFFICER .-MURDEROUS ASSAULT UPON AN OFFICER.—
A young man named Andrew Toland was arrested last night upon the charge of having committed an assault and battery upon Officer Stephenson, of the Ninth District, with an intent to kill. The affair happened on the night of Sunday, the 24th of January. The accused is alleged to have struck the officer over the eye with a black-jack or some other blunt instrument. Inflicting a gash about two and a half inches in length. Mr. Stephenson has not been able to be on duty since the occurrence. Toland had a hearing before Alderman Hutchinson this morning, and was held in \$1,500 bail to answer at Court.

THE RIVERS .- There was considerable float-THE RIVERS.—There was considerable floating ice in the Delaware last night, and this morning the liver opposite the city was completely blockaded by the huge cakes. The Camden Ferry boats experienced great difficulty in making their trips. The City ice boat is at work to keep the channel open.

The Schuylkill is tight both above and below the dam. The high wind prevented the formation of ice during the evening, but towards morning the gale ceased and the river was rapidly frozen.

SEATING.—The Skaters are now afforded.

SEATING.—The Skaters are now afforded mother opportunity of indulging in their favoritation, but the proof in the vicinity of the city, and, by the time this reaches the eye of the reader, sport. All the pends in the vicinity of the city, and, by the time this reaches the eye of the reader, the ice on the Schuylkill will be of sufficient thick-

ness to be ventured upon. The Philadelphia Stating Park on the west side of the Schuylkill is in good condition, and the flag to notify people hat it was ready for use, was floating at an early MURDOCH'S SECOND READING .- This evening, at Musical Fund Hall, Mr. James E. Murdoch will read selections from Scripture, together with gems from the works of Shakespeare, Whittier. Byron, T. B. Read, Boker and other poets. Notwith-standing the zevere weather, he will doubtless have a large and critical audience. On Saturday evening Mr. Murdoch gives the final reading of the course.

THE ICE CROP.—The ice dealers who were beginning to think that the crop would again fall short this year, now have a chance of securing an addition to their stock. Many of them were fortunate erough to have their houses filled during the latter part of December, but others were not so lucky. The present opportunity has already been taken advantage of, and some of the cutters, were already at work on the Schuylkill this morning.

INSPECTOR OF STREET CLEANING.—The Union

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, of New THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, of New York, has added General McClellan's Report to the list of Official Reports which have already appeared in that paper. The Report is published entirely in supplementary sheete, uniform with the Journal, in a form conver ient for preservation, and accompanied by an index. The two double-numbers containing the Report are for sale by Newsdealers, at 20 cents each; or will be sent by mail by the Publisher, W. O. Church, 192 Broadway, on receipt of the price, forty cents for the two numbers.

Supremed Official Section 18

SUPERIOR QUALITY OF FLOUR.-Messrs. Davis & Richards, Arch and Tenth streets, have just received a new supply of the finest quality of flour, fresh ground from the best wheat.

Universal Clothes Wringer with "Cog. Wheels," warranted. 53,818 sold in 1863. Send for a descriptive errulor to E. L. Burnham, 27 South Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Luxurious.—The army has brought into as hion the Briar-root, the Meerschaum and many other fanciful styles of Pipes, but no innovation can alter the admiration entertained by tasteful suckers for Kin-Ne-No-Ne-Aw, the famous To-bacconsed by the North American Indians, not only as a luxurious sedative, but also for its healthful qualities. It contains, besides fine tobacco, odorous roots, &c.. which as: ist in giving it a delicate and delicious fiavor. We consider it equal to the finest 'Lynchburg' which could have been brought from Virginian previous to the outbreak of the war from Virginia previous to the outbreak of the war, and superior to "Scarfalatti," or the redoubtable Turkish article. For sale by E. H. Hunt, 511 Chestnut street and by all enterprising tobacco-Funs! Funs!! Funs!!!

Our splendid Stock, Of the most Fashionable Styles, Selling off at Cost. Oakfords', Continental Hotel.

IT WILL be many days yet, before Furs will be thrown aside for lighter articles of wear. Get a set efsplendid ones at the reduced prices, now sell-ing at by the Messrs. Oakfords, at their stores under the Continental Hotel.

MARRIED INFELICITY .- During the year 1863, markied infelicity.—During the year 1863, one hundred and fifty six applications were made to the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas, for divorces. All sorts of reasons were given for these evidences of a desire to get rid of the matrimonial oke. Among them was one offered by a lady who desired to be separated from her husband because of his want of personal tidiness. If this individual had consulted prudence and wisdom in the past and procured his wearing apparel at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 663 and 665 Chestnut street above Sixth, he might have secured domestic peace and hampiness. might have secured domestic peace and happiness

FINE CLOTHING.—Ready-made and made to order. Having bought out Robert H. Adams's well-known establishment, the subscriber proposes to continue the Tailoring and Glothing basiness, conducting it on the same prunciples of honest and upright dealing that have gained for the house he reputation it enjoys: He takes pleasure in announcing that he has secured the services of the following gentlemen:

Salesmen.

Euting Department.

E. D. Wise, George James, Who will be happy to see their friends and the

John Elkinton, George James,
Who will be happy to see their friends and the
public, at WILLIAM S JONES'S,
(Successor to Robert H. Adams,)
S. E. corner Seventh and Market streets.

New York. Those interested in this prosperous company will be glad to learn that the Knicker-bocker is gaining daily, more and more, the confidence of the public, their business is increasing fast and having established an agency in this city for the management of which, it appears they found the right man in Mr. Gustavus Paul, who, by the by, is a hard pushing business man. Mr. Paul's office is No. 50 South Third street, near Chestnut. Victory.—Ice Cream and Water Ices, at 0 cents per quart, Morse's 238 S. Eleventh street.

WE PUBLISH in this issue the statement of

the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, Those interested in Abit

BARLOW'S INDIGO BLUE.—Dealers and Consumers of the above will please take notice that the abels have been changed to read

Put up at Alfred Withberger's Drug Store, No: 223 North Second Street, Philadelphia.

Earlow's name will be left off the boxes from his date.
The new label does not require a stamp.

BEST AND PUREST COAL in the city; none better; please try it. Samuel W. Hess, Broad street, above Race, east side. Conns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all Diseases of the Feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. Zacharie, Surgeon Chiropodist, 921 Chestmut street. Refers to Physicians and Surgeons of the city.

Dr. Von Moschzisker, Oculist and Aurist, office 1027 Walnut street, can be consulted on Deafness, Eye, Ear, Throat Diseases, Catarrh. LENT HAS COME, and with it Hot Cross Buns, t Morse's, 238 South Eleventh street.

DRAFNESS, BLINDERSS, and all diseases which the Ear or Eye is heir to, successfully treated by Prof. J. Isaacs, M. D., Occulist and Aurist, No. 511 Pine street. Testimonials from the most reliable sources can be seen at his office. The medicinal faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secret in his mode of treatment. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. Mo charges for examination.

COURTS.

Nisi Prius—Chief Justice Woodward.—Philip J. Miller vs. The Second and Third Streets Passenger Railway Company. Before reported. Verdict for plaintiff for \$250.

James Eldridge vs. Andrew Cochran. A feigned issue to try the validity of a certain judgment. On trial.

triel.

SUPPEME COURT—Justices Thompson, Strong.

Read and Agnew.—The Philadelphia list was resumed this morning, and Sellers vs. Burk & Wilitams's Appeal were argued.

QUARTER SESSIONS—Judge Ludlow.—Nearly
the whole morning was consumed with the trial of
a defendant charged with stealing two fence rails,
railsed at twenty cents. valued at twenty cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

ELEVENTH STREET OFMER HOUSE.—Carneross and Dixey are still alive and stirring. They offer a mess varied and attractive programme to-night; in which there is a choice mingling of grave and gay, in the way of songs, burlesques, dances, etc. REV. H. W. BEECHEE will lecture at the Academy of Music on Monday, Feb. 29th, on "America's Message to Great Britain." THE MORRIS MINETERIS are still triumphant at Concert Hall, with their "Davenport" burlesque and their hundreds of other new features.

THE CHESTAUT.—At last we see announced the final evening of "The Ticket of Leave Man." It will be given to night, to be followed to-morrow night by the admirable comedy of "The Fine Old English Gentleman." with an excellent cast. On Faurday afternoon there will be a matinee, with a new and attractive bill, as will be seen by the advertisement.

INSPECTOR OF STREET CLEANING.—The Union members of City Councils held a caucus yesterday a teracon and mominated Mahon H. Dickinson, of the Sixteenth ward, for Inspector of Street C'eaning, under the ordinance passed at the last meeting. At the same time Charles B. Trego, Eeq., was nominated for Director of Girard Coolings, for the unexpired term of Francis P. Mage-, decased.

Passing of Troops.—A battalion of the last Massachusetts Cavalry, numbering 350 men, under command of Major L. M. Sargent, passed through the city early this morning at the way to Warhington. The men, who are principally of Marthington. The men, who are principally of Marthington. The men, who are principally of Colors was presented to the 25th Regiment, P. V., this u orning, by the Cooper Shop Refreshment Cemmitue. The presentation took place at the Refreshment Saloon, in Olsego street. Tre donors were represented on the oceasion by Hon. James Pellock.

FIRE IM MONIGOMERY COUNTY.—The extensive woolen mill of James Lees, located on Mill creek, in Monigomery county, was totally destroyed by fire last night. The loss was not ascertained.

Selling Lottery Policies.—Walker Furer and Henry Kline were before Alderman Beitler, this morning, upon the charge of selling lottery pelleies. They were held to answer.

The ARM AND NAYY JURNAL, of New York has added General McCleans to the company to the company to the company and the charge of selling lottery pelleies. They were held to answer. THE WALEUT Miss Western will appear in

BORDER LOYALTY.-Under this caption the

Chambersburg Repository thus refers to the loyalty and disloyalty of the residents of Franklin county borders on a Slave State, and the citizens of the border Southern States have mingled freely and often become citizens of our section. Some such retained their Southern views, and heartily sympathized with the rebels in their effort to overthrow the Government; while a few of our own people have gone South, and inflated by the possible possession of a negro at some time of life, have generally made the meanest and most groveling Secession-ists. But our people are not to be judged by these exceptional cases. The two Logans were Marylanders when the war broke out, and from kidnapping and voting the Democratic ticket when in our county, they naturally went with the traitors; but they offered their lives in vindication of their convictions, and are entitled to the same comities conceded to the Trimbles, the Lows, the Johnsons, and others of the same State, who created the tide of treason that swept the lesser lights over. Fitzhugh is a Marylander, and never had any other than a temporary residence in this county. When Longstreet was in Hagerstown, in September, 1862, Fitzhugh ran off to join him; enlisted regularly in the rebel service on Friday, was captured on Saturday, imprisoned in Chambersburg on Sunday, and has ever since been an inmate of the Old Capitol Prison, in Washington. There are other former citizens of this county who are in the rebel army. One ex-member of the legislature (Colonel McAllister), a native of Juniata, was a Colonel in the rebel service, and was confronted by his brother, Col. Robert McAllister, at the head of a Jersey regiment; and Gen. Duny, once one of our Associate Judges, and a standing Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, is also in the rebel army although over seventy years of age. For many years there has been a steady stream of emigration from Southern Pennsylvania to the worn-out lands of the slave-breeders in-Virginia, and there are scores in our county still who would be rebels if they were not greater cowards than traitors; but they are here, as elsewhere exceptions to the rule, for our people are, as a class, as earnes ly loyal as the citizens of any other section of Pennsylvania.

Corrow.-The receipts of this staple commodity are rapidly on the increase. The fol-lowing parcels had partially arrived at Cincinati, the remainder being in transitu above Cairo: Per Glendale, 500 bales; Commercial; 700; Tycoon, 1,200; Empress, 600; Eddy Pike, 412; Prairie Rose, 104; making a total of 3,516 bales.—Pittsburgh Commercial.