The Pittsburgh Gazette.

E. B. PENNIMAN, RUSSELL ERRETT, } EDITORS.
TH. COSTAMAGNA, Business MANAGER.

GAZETTE ASSOCIATION, Publishers.

NO. 86 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1865.

REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR,
WILLIAM C. McCARTHY, 7th Ward.
FOR CONTROLLER,
JOHN McCARGO, 4th Ward.
FOR TREASURER
WILLIAM EICHBAUM, 6th Ward.

Notice to Advertisers.—Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated will, from this day forward, be strictly enforced.

The price of our Morning and Evening Editions is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at 15 cents per week.

OPENING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

In accordance with the Constitution, the Legislature will convene in the capitol at Harrisburg, on Tuesday next.

In the Senate the Unionists will certainly have a majority of seven, which may be increased by the unseating of DUNCAN, from the Franklin district in favor of McCONGHY. This would make the Union majority nine. It is conceded that Mr. FLEMMING, of Dauphin county, will be chosen Speaker, and that HAMERSLEY will retain his position as Clerk.

Eleven new Senators will take their seats. Of these seven have been members of the Senate before. CONNELL, GRAHAM, RIDGWAY, and WALLACE have been re-elected to fill vacancies occasioned by the expiration of their respective terms. Of these WALLACE is the only democrat. GLATZ, LANDON and WHITE have served in the body heretofore, but not last year. Of these GLATZ is the only democrat. LANDON has been out three years, TURRILL, of Susquehanna county, late Speaker, having held the seat. LANDON is, on the whole, much the ablest man in the Bradford district. WHITE has been out two years, having been captured by the rebels, and retained as a prisoner of war. Dr. ST. CLAIR filled the vacancy. GLATZ has been out one year. SHOEMAKER, COWLES, DUNCAN and BROWN have never been in legislative service before, SHOEMAKER was the competitor of young WOODWARD, in the Luzerne district, and made an unexpected success. He is a man of sterling qualities, and will add to the intellectual strength of the Union side.

In the House there will certainly be a Union majority of thirty-two. The decision of four contested seats may increase these figures. Of the whole one hundred members fifty-six served in the last Legislature, and three others in former Legislatures. DAVIS, who now comes from Philadelphia, formerly represented Venango

is quite unusual to find so many old members returned to the popular branch. It is an indication of increasing wisdom on the part of the people.

For the Speakership there will be an amicable contest. It now looks as though the choice will settle on Mr. KELLEY, of Washington county. Probably Mr. BENDIER will retain the position of Clerk.

While the new bodies have some advantage over former ones in experience, in point of general ability there has not been a considerable accession. Still, in this latter particular, the two Houses are fully up to the former average.

The session bids fair to be one of excitement, particularly in respect to railroad matters.

The Governor is not expected to be at home at the opening of the session. A few days of the session will probably elapse before his return. But it is supposed his annual message is prepared, and will be presented in his name at the usual time by the Secretary of State.

NEGRO INSURRECTIONS.

Newspapers from the South are filled with rumors to the effect that the blacks are conspiring an insurrection, more or less general, against the white population. Upon these reports we do not place much reliance. All through the war the blacks exhibited a marvellous docility. This was not because they were ignorant of the nature of the struggle, or of the stake they had in it. Wherever our forces penetrated the negroes were found to be comparatively intelligent on these points. Whatever vagueness rested on their minds touching collateral matters, they were universally impressed with the conviction that their fate was bound up with the final issue of the war. Yet there was no turbulence among them. They wrought on rebel fortifications; raised provisions to supply the rebel armies, and waited trustingly for the great deliverance to come

What caused the horrible massacre of the whites in St. Domingo fifty odd years ago? An attempt on the part of the whites after the blacks had been liberated, to reduce them again to slavery. The instance affords an impressive warning to the Southern people. The blacks of the South are free by due process of law. What the sword achieved for them as a military necessity has been ratified by the action of Congress and the States. No plea of illegality or irregularity can be raised.

A disposition is manifested at the South, not, indeed, again to crush the blacks into absolute Slavery; but to force them to accept a position which involves all the disadvantages of servitude with none of its compensations. With the indulgence of this disposition a consciousness of impending danger is begotten; and well it may be. The fear is not unreasonable that this culpable scheme cannot be consummated without scenes at which humanity must revolt. The blacks are human beings. They have all the instincts and passions that pertain to any other race. They have tasted of Liberty, and will not tamely submit to have it wrenched from their grasp.

What produced the recent outbreak in Jamaica? The utter misery and wretchedness to which the blacks were reduced. There is a point beyond which human nature will not endure. The whites in that island attempted by unfair legislation to aggrandise themselves at the expense of the blacks. For a long time the oppression was submitted to, but at last the explosion came.

The blacks number four million souls. They know, perhaps imperfectly, what rights they have. Doubtless they have resolved to maintain them. What, then, is the path of wisdom and safety for the whites. Surely to treat the freemen honestly; neither to devise nor to permit any unjust legislation imperilling their welfare; to extend to them encouragement to be industrious and thrifty; and to aid them in acquiring knowledge and self-respect. Such a course will plant friendship between the two races productive of incalculable benefits to both.

UNKIND.

General SHERMAN recently made a speech to a State Convention in Arkansas, replete with good sense and sound advice, but containing some very unpalatable truths. As for instance: "You think you have not all the rights you are entitled to, yet you now have more rights and privileges under existing circumstances than you would have in any civilized country except America. Had you done as you did in this land, under the bloody flag of Great Britain or the tri-color of France, many of you would not be here, and you would not have been permitted to assemble as you are now assembled, and talk over political questions and rights." It was unkind in the General to remind these men that they deserved the halter and would have got it under any other government. This is the crux of good feelings. It is politically fashionable now to say "let bygones be bygones," and SHERMAN will find himself set down as a fanatic and radical if he persists in these unpleasant reminders to our Southern brethren.

THE Portland *Advertiser*, like most cooperhead organs, is miserable. It would not know itself if it should fall into a comfortable condition. Its present misery is caused by the fact that people still talk about the black man. In Congress, in the newspapers, in the streets—everywhere, the talk is kept up. It thought that when Slavery was abolished this talk would subside. Its continuance is intolerable. Well; let us make a suggestion. Let our contemporary set an example of the reticence it professes to admire. Something will then be done to stop the offence of which it complains. So long as it will not cease from discussing the negro, it cannot expect other parties, equally loquacious to suspend.

THE necessity of some change in the basis of representation in Congress is shown by the following facts: If the whites only are to vote the North must insist upon it that the whites only shall be counted in the basis of representation. Under the present ratio of apportionment New Hampshire has three Representative in Congress, her white population being 8325, 600; while Louisiana, with a white population of 357,000, should have five Representatives. Georgia, with 591,000 white people, will have seven Representatives; while Maine, with 625,000, has only five. Alabama, with 526,000 white people, has six Representatives; the same number as Wisconsin, whose white population is 774,00; and Michigan, whose white population is 742,000. Mississippi, with 353,000 white people, will have five Representatives; the same as New Jersey, with 646,000.

THE following examination of a defunct bank er in Cincinnati shows to what extent the banking business can be carried on on "borrowed capital," or in other words, on the deposits of those who take no pains to ascertain the stability of a concern with which they trust their funds. The banker, in the course of his examination, said:

"I have been in the banking business since December, 1854; I first entered the business with between ten and twenty thousand dollars borrowed capital; I had no money of my own invested in the business; the borrowed capital was in the nature of deposits by several parties; I do not know what amount of capital I had invested in the business in 1860, or from that time to 1865; I do not know whether my assets were greater than my liabilities at any time between 1860 and 1865; I never balanced my own book, the bookkeeper did it; I never examined my own books, except in a general way; I never asked for a statement from my bookkeeper of the condition of my business; I learned the condition of my affairs in September, 1865, by the excessive losses I had made in the purchase of gold and stocks, the amount of my losses in my gold and stock operations was between three and four hundred thousand dollars; in my operations I used the money of others as well as my own; I do not know how much of my own money I used in these operations."

SENATOR SAULSBURY, of Delaware, in a recent speech, intimated that the President had gone over to the Democratic party. The New York *World* thinks this manner of stating the matter is calculated to embarrass President JOHNSON, and to the Democratic remnant no good. It says he "the wish is father to the thought." The following extract of a letter from General SCURRY has a different look:

"It is really gratifying to know—and I can state this on good authority—that the Presidents is in favor of a very important amendment to the Constitution, which is already before the two Houses of Congress. It is the amendment making the number of voters the basis of representation. It ought to be taken up immediately after the holidays, passed and submitted to the different Legislatures for ratification. Whatever may be thought of the theory upon which this amendment rests, its practical effect upon the solution of the most difficult problem before us can hardly be questioned, and in the course of time it may be found that upon this basis many differences of opinion among those who ought to go together can be reconciled."

FROM the late reply of the Secretary of War to a resolution of Congress it appears that Governor Holden, of N. C., Gov. Johnson, of Geo., and Gov. Perry, of S. C., neither of whom could take the test oath, have been paid out of the Contingent Fund of the War Department, at the rate of $5,000 a year, contrary to the provisions of the act of July 2, 1862, which says

"It shall be the duty of every person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the Government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, excepting the President of the United States, shall, before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emoluments thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation."

The oath here referred to is the celebrated "test oath," and as neither of the gentlemen named could take it, they have been paid in violation of the law.

TWO CASES.—Provisional Governor Sharkey, of Mississippi, is in Washington, with a large following of reconstructed rebels, all of whom are honized and made much of. On the other hand, one of the Richmond Union men, who rescued Col. Dahlgren's body from the friends who had desecrated and mutilated it, and who buried it in his garden until our forces captured Richmond, is also in Washington, destitute, without money to buy a meal or pay for a lodging. Persecuted at home by rebels, he is thrown into the shade at the Capital of the Union by those who did their best to overthrow it.

THE President is reported, by a correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, to have ordered certain Heads of Departments "to make no further appointments on the recommendations of Members of Congress at present." The New York *World* says this is construed to mean that the support of the Executive policy of reconstructionists to be hereafter the price of patronage.

NASHVILLE.—Advices from Nashville say that there has been a marked diminution in the amount of crime committed in this city and vicinity. This is owing, doubtless, to the more efficient police system which has been organized, and the determination to visit the heaviest penalties of the law upon offenders.

AN incorporated company has just been organized at Chester, in this State, for the manufacture of iron and steel by the Bessemer process. The subscribers to the stock of the new manufacturing organization are all prominent and wealthy citizens of Pennsylvania.

WHY HE FAILED.—CROSBY, who built the Opera House in Chicago at a cost of $500,000, and failed, appears to have been dabbling in other speculations as well. The *Republican* says he lost one or two hundred thousands in wool and wheat.

WE are indebted to the publishers of the *Family Treasure* for copy of the January number. It is a very commendable publication. Published in this city by Rev. Dr. McKINNEY, at $3 per annum.

THERE is talk of a new Republican daily news paper in Harrisburg, and Col. A. K. McCLURE's name is connected with the editorship of it. McCLURE possesses rare talents and attainments for editorial service.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE FINANCIAL STATE OF EUROPE.—The *Times* remarks that the financial condition of Europe at the moment is not inspiriting. Wars or war rumors everywhere, and no prospect of peace. The Governments which provoked the most of the wars they have had to carry on, are, perhaps, the least in a state of preparedness to maintain the impious panoply of war. The borrowers, scattering the produce they have not wasted, keep up the rate of interest, embarrass the operations of trade, retard the progress of manufactures, and depress the condition of the labor. The capital which would have been devoted to gross production and the improvement of the state of the industrial classes is wasted.

WESTERN ELOQUENCE.—The following is given as a good specimen of Western eloquence and wit:

"Where is Europe compared to America? Nowhere. They call England the mistress of the seas. But what makes the seas? The Mississippi makes it, and all we've got to do is to turn the Mississippi into the Mammoth Cave, and the English navy will be floundering in the mud."

WE learn from an entirely well informed source at Washington, that all the books and documents left in Canada by Jacob Thompson, the secret agent and chief of all the rebel emissaries in that province, containing his correspondence, documents and accounts, showing the disposition of the relief funds in his hands, have been secured, and are now in the possession of the Government authorities at Washington.—*Detroit Tribune.*

RECONCILIATION of the Emperor of the French and his cousin, the Prince Napoleon, is one of the early projects of 1866. The prince has written a very friendly letter to M. Rouher about general politics, and saying nothing of that unhappy speech at Ajaccio, in Corsica, which caused all the trouble; and an interchange of affectionate letters has taken place between the Empress and the Princess Clotilde.

THE party in Spain most favorable to the war against Chili is that of abolitionists and clerical principles. The complaints of this party (according to the *Journal des Débats*) against the republics of South America are much the same as Lamartine's against the United States. The Chilians are "proud, brutal, demagogic, and, were than all, ungrateful to Spain, who has taught them to know the true God, and the benefits of civilization."

THE best sugar manufactory at Chatsworth, Illinois, is in full blast, and promises to be successful. The company is called "The Germania Sugar Company." They own five or six sections of land, and intend going into the manufacture of sugar next season on a gigantic scale. They have sent to Germany for three hundred mechanics and laborers, and intend to operate next season with eighty teams of mules.

IN 1851 there were in London 1097 churches, with sittings for 698,549 persons. In 1865 there are 1816 churches with sittings for 917,899 persons, an increase of 219 churches and 219,340 sittings. In 1861 the population of London was 3,362,236. In 1865 it is estimated by the Registrar General to be 3,075,494, an increase of 658,558 persons.

ALI BEY was among the guests at Compiegne, and while in conversation with the Empress, continued as among the last days, to remember he had of late been reading, the letter written by the Emperor on the affairs of Algeria. Napoleon, who stood by, laughed heartily at the frankness of his guest.

IN Germany, when a man is suspected of firing his property, and no evidence is found against him he is paid, but his name is given to all other insurance companies, and from that time on he never have his property insured again—he is a Cain to the insurance companies; everybody suspects him.

IN the action of the Union National Bank vs. Moses Ancheum & Co., of New York, for the recovery of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, on a check issued by the firm of Graham & Co., the jury, by the direction of Judge Sutherland, brought in a verdict for plaintiff for $256,228 47.

A MAN who had recovered the remains of his brother from a battle-field near Petersburgh, finding that coffins and shrouds were too costly, quietly put the bodies in his carpet-bag and so took them home.

A mion wind which prevailed in Queen's county, Ireland, a short time since, blew the roof off the cottage of one Patrick Murphy, and, on his coming home to his home filled with 4 000 guineas and several Spanish dollars.

A LITTLE five-year old boy who was missed from a small town in Missouri, last October, is now at peace, was carried off by an eagle. His bones have been found on an island in Lake made river. Just the river for such a story.

A CONVEYANCER is raising through the patent office a new machine for insuring every the coffee berry out of flour, so that the old plan "buy your coffee and grind it yourselves," will be a secure be purely hypothetical.

AT a public ball in Vienna an officer became entangled in the crinoline of his partner, and falling, broke one of his legs, the lady fell, never laid in her turn fell on the other leg, and fractured it likewise.

THE law of Congress forbidding the importation of cattle from foreign countries, passed to prevent the introduction of the cattle disease, will be felt by Canadian cattle dealers, one of whom sources of profit is the city cut off.

THE Chicago people are mad indeed. Two fingers of a man's hand came through a barrel of Lake street on Friday, and nobody knows the original owner.

FREEDMEN' savings banks have been established at Richmond, Wilmington, Charleston, Beaufort, Savannah, Mobile, New Orleans, Vicksburg, Huntsville, Nashville, Memphis and Louisville.

ON his inauguration as a member of the Mercers' Company, the Prince of Wales had to answer such "not to take or have any apprentice" without the sanction of the Warden.

A PRUSSIAN count gets the whole of nine months' imprisonment at Bonn, for murdering a cook. What if the cook had killed the count.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE ASSOCIATION.—THE QUARTERLY MEETING of stockholders will be held on the FIRST THURSDAY, (4th) OF JANUARY, 1866, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the GAZETTE HOUSE.
S. SCROYER, Jr., Clerk.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY, AGELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services at 10½ a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING. The public are cordially invited to attend.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH CONGREGATION will hereafter hold their church services in MASONIC HALL, on Fifth street, Pittsburgh by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, every LORD'S DAY at 10½ and 7½. Sunday School at 2 o'clock P. M. Strangers and the public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

POLITICAL.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY CONVENTION.—The Union Republican Voters of the City of Allegheny, are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding elections in their Wards and Precincts respectively, on SATURDAY, December 30th, 1865, between the hours of TEN and SEVEN o'clock, P. M., and vote by ballot, to nominate a MAYOR, DIRECTOR OF THE POOR and WARD OFFICERS.

The officers holding said election are instructed to confine the voting to the Union Republicans.

The following resolution was also passed:

Resolved That each candidate for Mayor and City Officers notify the Chairman of the Executive Committee on or before the 23d inst. of their willingness to abide by the nomination, and those refusing to comply with this resolution, their votes shall not be counted.

JOSIAH KING, Chairman.
SAM. HASTINGS, Secretary. dec14d

CITY OF ALLEGHENY UNION REPUBLICAN PRIMARY ELECTION.—The following resolutions were adopted with the resolution and order of the Executive Committee. I therefore notify the officers holding said election to be held on December 30th, inst., to count the votes polled for said candidates respectively, and to exclude all others, viz.: For Mayor—JAMES McVICKER, JOHN MORRISON, D. W. McGRAW. By order of

JOSIAH KING, Esq.
Chair'n Union Executive Committee.
SAM. HASTINGS, Secretary. dec18d3t&w

FOR ALDERMAN, FIRST WARD.

CAPTAIN U. C. SEELY,

A veteran of the war of 1812, will be a Candidate for the Aldermanship of the First Ward, city of Pittsburgh, at the coming election, and respectfully solicits the votes of the citizens of the ward.
dec29 31d FIRST WARD.

FOR MAYOR.

JOHN MORRISON

Will be a candidate for re-election to the Mayoralty of Allegheny City, subject to the vote of the Nominating Election, to be held in the several wards of the city, on SATURDAY NEXT, the 30th inst., between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock.
dec21tdecm

FOR MAYOR.

COL. D. W. MEGHAW,

Late of the 114th P. V., will be a candidate for Mayor of Allegheny City, subject to the Union nomination. dec21 td

FOR MAYOR.

CAPTAIN JAMES McVICKER,

Of the Third Ward, ALLEGHENY, will be a candidate for Mayor, subject to a vote of the Union voters of Allegheny City, at the ensuing primary election. nov24d

SECOND WARD NOMINATIONS.—The Union voters of the Second Ward will meet at the PUBLIC SCHOOL HOUSE, on SATURDAY, the 30th instant, between the hours of seven and eight o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Councils and Ward officers.

By order of the Committee. dec28

NINTH WARD PRIMARY MEETING.—The Union citizens of the Ninth Ward will hold a Primary Meeting to NOMINATE WARD OFFICERS, at the SCHOOL HOUSE, on FRIDAY 29th inst., between 6 and 8 o'clock, P. M. By order of

COMMITTEE.
dec28 2tdw

WANTS.

WANTED—BALLET GIRLS—Several Ballet Girls wanted to travel with the ZANFRETTA TROUPE. Enquire at MUSIC HALL. dec28tdw

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR GOOD BARBERS TO CARRY THE MORNING GAZETTE. Apply at THIS OFFICE immediately. dec21

WANTED—DRY GOODS SALESMAN WANTED IN A PHILADELPHIA JOBBING HOUSE of large cash business. Only one of first character and established influence with Country Trade. Other stores need not apply. Address, with reference, BOX ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT, Philadelphia Post Office. dec18tdw&w

WANTED—A Purchaser for over FOUR HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND in Iowa, or an exchange for city property. The land is in Hamilton county, adjoining Webster City, Iowa. The owner can be seen at the GAZETTE office, every day, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. dec18

WANTED—$1500 PER YEAR.—We want agents everywhere to sell our improved Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. Is the only machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co. and Bachelder, all other* cheap machines are *infringements*. Circulars *free*. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 258 Broadway, New York; No. 205 Carter street, Philadelphia, Pa.; No. 14 Lombard's block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 Western Row, Cleveland, O.; or No. 8 Spaulding Block, Buffalo, N. Y. nov8 eod6MAW

WANTED.—AGENTS FOR "THE SECRET SERVICE, THE FIELD, THE DUNGEON AND THE ESCAPE." By Alonzo H. Richardson, New York *Tribune* Correspondent. The most interesting and exciting book ever published, embracing Mr. Richardson's unparalleled experience for four years, traveling through the South in the secret service of the *Tribune* at the outbreak of the war, with our armies and fleets, both East and West, during the first two years of the Rebellion; has thrilling capture; his imprisonment for 8 months in seven different rebel prisons; his escape and almost miraculous journey by night of nearly 400 miles. It will abound in stirring events, and contain more of the fact, incident and romance of the war than any other work yet published.

Teachers, ladies, energetic young men, and especially crippled and disabled officers and soldiers, in want of profitable employment, will find it peculiarly adapted to their condition. We have agents clearing $150 per month, which we will prove to any doubting applicant. Send for circulars. Address, JONES, BROS. & CO., N. E. corner Sixth and Minor streets, Philadelphia Pa. dec22tdawdF

WANTED—AGENTS.—EMPLOYMENT FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS AND ALL OTHERS.—Great Sale of Jewelry, Silverware, &c. The HAMILTON & CO'S GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION. Our agents are making from Five to Thirty dollars per day, and we need still more. Late invoices from Europe have swelled our stock to over One Million Dollars. A splendid assortment of Watches, Rings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Jewelry of all kinds, state most fashionable patterns, selling at $1 each. Send 25 cents for certificate, and you will see what you are entitled to, or send $1 for 10 certificates, or $5 for thirty; or send a three cent stamp for our terms to agents, which are of the most liberal kind. Now is your time. Write plainly your Name, City, County and State to HAMILTON & CO., Box 5673, P. O. New York. Salesroom, 38 Liberty street, New York. nov30m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One two story Brick House, of 8 rooms, with a new and well selected stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, PERFUMERY, &c., we invite those wishing articles in our line to call.

Particular attention will be paid to filling Physicians' orders and putting up prescriptions, feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction, having had extensive experience in that branch, both in England and the United States.

MORR SON & BAGIER,
Chemists and Druggists.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18, 1865.

DIVIDEND NO. 6.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend (NINE AND ONE HALF PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, for the quarter ending December 31st inst., payable free of government tax on and after January 10, 1866.

The semi-annual dividend of THREE AND ONE HALF (3½) PER CENT. on the Earnings of the Third Mortgage Bonds, has also been ordered paid to participants, less government tax, on and after January 10, 1866.

Shareholders and bondholders registered at New York will receive the dividends at the Banking House of Messrs. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., and those registered at Pittsburgh, of the Treasurer, in that city.

The Transfer Books will close December 20, inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M., and will reopen January 17, 1866. By order of the Board,

GEO. TUSH, W. M. BUTCHER, Secretary.

STATEMENT OF DIVIDENDS IN "The Company for Erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny," which have been declared and stand on the books subject to the provisions of the act of Assembly, entitled "An act regulating the payment of dividends of incorporated companies within the Commonwealth, that have not been called for within three years previous to the date of said publication.

Name.	Residence.	No. Div.	Amt. When Made.
Thos. Cassidy, Decea's	Pittsburgh	72	July 1, 1861
Same,	do	No. 73	do Jan. 1, 1862
Same,	do	No. 74	do July 2, 1862
Same,	do	No. 75	do Jan. 1, 1863
Same	do	No. 76	do July 1, 1863
Same,	do	No. 77	do Jan. 1, 1864
Same,	do	No. 78	do July 4, 1864

ABLE HENRY COUNTY, [SEAL]
Clerk of the Company.

Personally appeared before me, a Notary Public, in and for said county and city, Wm. Rose, Esq., the Treasurer of the Company aforesaid, who being duly sworn, says, that the above statement is correct and true to the best of his knowledge and belief. WM. ROSE, Treas.

Sworn and subscribed before me, December 29th, 1865. H. SMITH, Notary Public.
dec30wdawtd

LOOK HERE.

MEN'S HAND SEWED,
OAK TANNED,
KIP LEATHER

BOOTS,

ONLY THREE DOLLARS AND A HALF

A PAIR,

Cost $5.25 to Make,

FOR CASH ONLY

McCLELLAND'S EMPORIUM,

NOS. 55 & 57 FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH PA.

Gum Shoes at New York Prices.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Your friends will appreciate a

McCallum's

CARPET STORE,

No. 87 Fourth Street.

Mosaic and Axminster Rugs.

VELVET RUGS.

Embroidered Piano Covers,

Sheepskin Mats.

VELVET HASSOCKS,

and every description of CARPETS.

PROCLAMATION.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH, ss.

In accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for the incorporation of the city of Pittsburgh, and of the various supplements to said act, I, JAMES LAMBERT, Mayor of said city, do issue this my proclamation, that on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY, A. D., 1866, being the SECOND DAY OF THE MONTH, the freemen of each ward of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth, will meet at the several places of holding elections in their respective wards and precincts, and elect, by ballot, under the provisions of an Act of Assembly, passed the 16th day of May, A. D., 1857.

One person to serve as Mayor of said city.

One person to serve as Controller of said city, and

One person to serve as Treasurer of said city.

Each of whom shall hold their election for two years.

On the same day, in conformity to the above cited authorities, and also to the Ordinance of Councils districting said city, the citizens of the

First Ward, will elect, by ballot, one person to be a member of the Select Council of said city for two years and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Second Ward—One person to be a member of the Select and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Third Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fourth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Fifth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Sixth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and five persons to be members of the Common Council.

Seventh Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Eighth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Ninth Ward—One person to be a member of the Select, and three persons to be members of the Common Council.

Tenth Ward—Two persons to be members of the Select Council, one for the term of one year and one for the term of two years, and two persons to be members of the Common Council.

Each of whom shall be qualified to serve as a member of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth.

At the election to be held as aforesaid, on Tuesday, the second day of January, A.D. 1866.

The electors of the First ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Third ward will vote at the house of Mrs. C. S. Kennedy, at the corner of Wyde and Tunnel streets.

The electors of the Fourth ward will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of so much of the Fifth ward as lies north and east of Adams street, being Precinct No. 1 of said ward, will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of so much of the Fifth ward as lies south and west of Adams street, being Precinct No. 2 of said ward, will vote at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Sixth ward will vote at the public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Seventh ward will vote at the public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Eighth ward will vote at the public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Ninth ward will vote at the public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Tenth ward will vote at the house of John Kerr, at the corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets.

Given under my hand and seal of the said city of Pittsburgh, this the twentieth day of December, A. D. 1865.

(L. S.) JAMES LOWRY, Jr., Mayor.
dec21tdaws

CALL AND SEE THE LADIES AND MISSES' FINE BALMORAL POLISH BOOTS at 82 Market street.
J. W. CARNAHAN.
d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—Office to rent up-stairs. No 56 WATER STREET.
JOSIAH DICKEY & CO.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN be accommodated with board in a Quaker family, with single room and a suite of rooms, here exchanged. Address, "BOARD," this office. dec28 3tdw

STEAM ENGINE WANTED.—Wanted, a STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER, of from four to eight horse power. Must be in good order. Apply to

O'NEILL & ANDERSON,
GAZETTE OFFICE.
dec19 tf Pittsburgh.

ELECTION.

PITTSBURGH GYMNASTIC ASSOCIATION

Notice is hereby given that an election for officers will be held at the rooms of the Association, on Saturday, evening, December 30th, at 8 o'clock.

F. C. BIGGENS, Pres.
dec28 td

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The undersigned, having this day formed a partnership in order to carry on the manufacture of WOODEN BOXES, corner of Liberty and Penna streets, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, solicit the patronage of their friends and the public.

GEORGE HARNETT,
ALEX. M. ARMSTRONG,
JERE. W. M. BROWN.
December 27th, 1865. dec28 4tdw

THE LARGEST VARIETY

OF

New Year's Presents,

WORK BOXES, CARDS, SATCHELS, WATCH STANDS, CHINA ORNAMENTS. Can be had at

J. G. LAUER'S,
No. 101 Market street.
dec29

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18th, 1865.

TO BAKERS, &c., &c.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until January 8th, 1866, inclusive, for supplying the County Prison with Bread for six months, from 18th proximo. Loaves to weigh one and a half and two pounds, respectively, and to be of superior quality. Bids to be made at so much per pound. Bids endorsed by the Warden will be paid monthly. Bond will be required for faithful performance of contract.

By direction of "Inspector of Allegheny County, Penna."
HENRY LAMBERT,
Controller.
dec29 td

PRICES REDUCED.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

79 FIFTH STREET,

Offer for sale their entire stock of

CLOTH SACQUES

AND

CIRCULARS,

AT COST.

dec29 2td

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Western District of Penna. } ss.

WHEREAS, A Libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, on the 20th day of December, A.D., by R. J. Ramsey, Esq., United States District Attorney for the said District, alleging and informing, in substance, that on the 4th day of December, A. D., 1864, at the city of Erie, the Schooner H. A. Richmond, her cargo, tackle, apparel and furniture, was seized by the Collector of the port of Erie, as forfeited to the United States; that Samuel Thornton was master at the time of said seizure, and at the time when the causes of forfeiture were committed, that said schooner is a vessel owned by citizens of the United States, and that on the — day of — 1865, was engaged in commerce on Lake Erie and other lakes, and on the rivers and waters and channels connecting said lakes; that on the said schooner, to wit: on the — day of — 1865, there was conveyed to the port of Erie certain articles and property in the said libel fully described, and that on the arrival of the said schooner at Erie, the said Samuel Thornton failed to report said articles and property as part of the cargo of said vessel to the collector of the port of Erie, and praying for the rescuing and causes set forth at length in said libel, condemnation of said schooner, her tackle, apparel furniture and other articles mentioned therein, and due process of the said court.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of said court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said schooner, her tackle, apparel, furniture and the articles of property mentioned in said libel or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the CITY OF PITTSBURGH on the NINTH (9th) DAY OF JANUARY, A.D., 1866, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

A. McCALMONT, U. S. Marshal.
U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, December 22d, 1865. } dec29 3td

BELOW COST.

HOLIDAY

BOOKS AND ALBUMS.

CLOSING OUT SALE

At Prices Below Cost,

COMMENCING THIS DAY,

AT

JOHN P. HUNT & CO'S,

Book, Stationery and News Emporium,

99 FIFTH ST., MASONIC HALL.

dec2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SILVER COFFEE URNS,
SILVER CAKE BASKETS,
SILVER DINNER CASTORS,
SILVER SPOON CUPS,
SILVER WINE STANDS,

In great variety and best quality for sale by
J. E. REED & CO., 64 Fifth street.

OCCUPATION AT YOUR OWN HOMES.—Thousands can realize $100 weekly. No capital required except those found in every household. Profits 100 per cent. A very useful invention. Full particulars free for receipt of one stamp. For terms address H. ALLEN, Box 420, Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. dec20tdw

BOARDING.—The cheapest Boarding in the city, is at No. 70 WOOD, SIXTH STREET. Oysters Steamed, Roasted, Stewed or Shell Oysters, 25 cents per dozen, Chicken, Ham's, Eggs, Fries, Tripe and Sweet's Tongues, 10 cents; Apple Pie and Mince Pie, 10 cents; Coffee, Tea and all other trimmings in season. Call, and satisfy yourself. No. 70 Sixth street, the PALACE OF OYSTER DEPOT. dec 19

NEW BRICK MACHINE.

In operation since 1841. Common Brick or with one block-maker only required. Worked by one man makes 4,000 per day; by horse, from 10 to 12,000; by steam, 18 to 20,000. For further particulars, address a pamphlet giving full instruction on brick making and burning with wood or coal, and address, sending four stamps, to JAS. T. SMITH, Box 506, Hartford, Ct., except their full name.
dec20tdw

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted upon the estate of Robert Lathrbury, late of the city of Pittsburgh; all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to JOSEPH LONGHREE, Adm'r.
dec18wdawdw No. 102 Wood street.

OFFICE HOURS OF REFUGE, WESTERN PA., No. 61 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh. December 22d, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Contributors to the House of Refuge will be held at the office of the Institution, No. 61 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 1st day of January, 1866, between the hours of 9 and 11 o'clock, to hear the Report of the Board of Managers, and to elect Officers for the ensuing year.

By order of
J. H. D. MEEDS, Secretary.
dec23td&w2w

TO THE CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY AND VICINITY.

A CARD.

Having opened our NEW STAND, 107 Ohio street, with a new and well selected stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, PERFUMERY, &c., we invite those wishing articles in our line to call.

Particular attention will be paid to filling Physicians' orders and putting up prescriptions, feeling confident of giving entire satisfaction, having had extensive experience in that branch, both in England and the United States.

MORR SON & BAGIER,
Chemists and Druggists.
OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18, 1865.

DIVIDEND NO. 6.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend (NINE AND ONE HALF PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, for the quarter ending December 31st inst., payable free of government tax on and after January 10, 1866.

The semi-annual dividend of THREE AND ONE HALF (3½) PER CENT. on the Earnings of the Third Mortgage Bonds, has also been ordered paid to participants, less government tax, on and after January 10, 1866.

Shareholders and bondholders registered at New York will receive the dividends at the Banking House of Messrs. WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., and those registered at Pittsburgh, of the Treasurer, in that city.

The Transfer Books will close December 20, inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M., and will reopen January 17, 1866. By order of the Board,

GEO. TUS