The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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☞For Sale, To-Let, Lost, Wanted Found, Boarding, &c., inserted under appropriate headings, on this page, at TEN CENTS PER LINE, each insertion.

THAT STEEL MANUFACTORY AT HARRISBURG.

A recent pretentious special telegram from Harrisburg to the New York and Philadelphia newspapers announced that some English gentlemen had resolved to establish in that borough a steel manufactory on so large a scale as to furnish employment to fifteen hundred skilled workmen; that in furtherance of this enterprise, or rather, as a condition precedent thereto, the citizens of the borough had subscribed fifty thousand dollars to the capital stock required for the undertaking, and had, in addition, donated fifteen acres of valuable land on which to erect suitable buildings.

This inflated announcement elicited censorious or humorous comment here and elsewhere. The tone of the announcement, and the admitted conditions on which the location of the enterprise was determined, are alike confessions of the subordinate position held by Harrisburg as a manufacturing centre. But compliance with such terms indicates a commendable disposition on the part of the citizens to aid in the development of industry and help the increase of the borough in activity and population.

But, aside from these considerations which have no general significance, there is matter for reflection and even congratulation in this new enterprise. It does not stand isolated and alone, but is one of many cases, all pointing in one direction. A few months ago a spool thread manufactory was, I speak, taken up bodily in Scotland, brought over, and planted in Newark, New Jersey. A little anticedently, a silk plush factory was brought from France and erected at Paterson, New Jersey. Some English gentlemen bringing over a considerable force of skilled men, established an edge tool factory, of large dimensions, at Middletown, New York. Various other enterprises of like import, have rapidly followed. The last of the series, so far as we have information, is the steel manufactory at Harrisburg.

What do these movements imply? A conviction on the part of not a few European manufacturers, that if they mean to supply the market of the United States with goods, they must actually cast in their lots with us; come over themselves, with their capital, with their peculiar knowledge and aptitudes; and assume a full share of the burdens and responsibilities which such removal entails.

This is one of the direct and most salutary results of that system of import duties made necessary by the prosecution of the war for the defense of the Union. Of this system we shall have more to say soon. But, meanwhile, it is worth while to note that this peculiar development is not regarded with satisfaction by the advocates of British interests in this country, and that a powerful organization, composed principally of the factors and agents of foreign commercial and manufacturing houses, has been called into existence, for the express purpose of prevailing on Congress at the session which will commence next week, to effect such a revision of the revenue laws as will check this development of industry in this country, and perpetuate the manufacturing supremacy of England, France and Germany.

This movement may not be without results in shaping the policy of Reconstruction. The democratic party at the north, many years ago, changed front on the question of Protection, in order principally to meet the views of their democratic associates in the South, who were led by their attachment to a system of uncompensated labor, which necessarily involved the laborers in a condition of ignorance unsuited to the higher forms, to a pure Free Trade. The Southern democrats, though forced to relinquish that system of labor, have not as yet unlearned the system of commercial exchanges suggested by it, and which was congenial to its growth and perpetuity. Hence one cause of urgency on the part of northern democrats for a speedy reconstruction on any terms that shall admit the southern members of Congress to seats in the respective Houses.

RUINING THE COUNTRY.—The Augusta (Ga.) *Transcript* is afraid the country will be ruined. It says:

"We think it high time that the people of the North should understand that the prosperity of the South depends upon one single condition—*the ability of the planter to command labor*; and that the prospects are not at all flattering. We solemnly warn the Northern people that if they do not allow us quietly to reorganize our system of labor, they will ruin the country."

"Reorganizing labor" means restoring slavery. It means this, or, in this connection, it means nothing. The planters want "command" labor, not by fair wages and decent treatment, but by penal legislation; and if they are not allowed to do this "the country will be ruined." Not quite. Every demagogue who cannot have his own way threatens ruin to the country; but ruin never comes at the call of such men.

THE NEW YORK *Independent* recently stated the conditions upon which the rebel States could be re-admitted, and one of these conditions was stated to be "that they give ordained equal rights to all citizens." Upon this the New Castle *Gazette* declares it is useless to argue the absurdity and unconstitutionality" of such a condition, and asserts that it "is little short of the treason by which the South has been guilty." This is the first time we ever heard "equal rights" pronounced an "unconstitutional" and "unreasonable." The word, "Democracy" used to be considered synonymous with "equal rights;" but a Democrat, now-a-days, scouts all such ideas as treason.

SHOWING THEIR TEETH.—The reconstructed rebels in Louisiana already begin to renew the lynch-law talk in which they indulged before the war. One W. W. SIMPSON, late a captain in the rebel army, and now an editor of the New Orleans *Star*, the organ of the city and State governments, declared to an advocate of civil rights, with whom he was conversing, that the agitation of negro suffrage in the city would speedily result in the wholesale massacre of its supporters. The stiletto knife and the pistol are still the only argument these fellows think of using.

We are happy to be able to express the confident belief that, on the first business day of the session, the Legislature of Virginia will, with a virtual unanimity, ratify the amendment to the Federal Constitution abolishing slavery, and with nearly or quite an equal unanimity and promptitude repeal the rebel war debt.—*Washington Intelligencer.*

If the Virginia Legislature, acting under the present Constitution, has already ratified the amendment, we do not see the point of doing it over again.

Two cars that arrived at Harrisburg on Thursday morning, from the east, were covered with two inches deep.

VERY WELL.

Earl RUSSELL, in his latest dispatch to Mr. ADAMS, intimates in terms at once decided and courteous, that he shall be drawn into no further discussion of the claims for indemnity of the government and people of the United States for spoliation on their commerce by the anglo-rebel privateers. We do not see that on this side there is a special cause of complaint at this determination. On the whole, we rather like it. The English government did not take its stand hastily, but upon due consideration. It reaped, not all the advantages it hoped, but all that were possible under the circumstances. Now it is well that it maintains its ground, and exposes itself, in case of formidable rebellion in any portion of its dominions, to an application of its own doctrines. If the Fenians, for instance, should happen, instead of spending all their energies in preparations and talk of brilliant deeds in prospective, to make a fortunate strike in the seizure of Canada or any other portion of British territory, it would not require many months to induce the British Ministry to both resume the discussion and to make such propositions of adjustment as would comport with the interests and dignity of the United States to accept.

Earl RUSSELL expresses a strong disposition to unite with the United States in a revision of the Neutrality Laws. This is an admission of consciousness that the neutrality laws, as expounded and enforced by his government are at variance with the enlightened statesmanship of the present age. So far, well. But the United States, urgently as they have desired such revision in time past, and desire it now, cannot be persuaded to join in a convention to that end without previously or simultaneously obtaining indemnity for the past. It would be for England a fortunate piece of sharp practice to spoliate the commerce of its rival with impunity, under one construction of the neutrality laws, and then escape the humiliation and loss of retaliation, by a totally different construction. Doubtless it now sees that is a consummation devoutly to be wished. How to actualize the desire it will find to be impossible.

Sir Morton Peto on America.

At a public dinner at Bristol, England, on the 13th of November, Sir Morton Peto, the great English railroad capitalist, whose recent visit to this country excited so much interest, gave an elaborate account of his observations during his late tour in the United States, from the full report of which in the London *Times* we take the following interesting passages:

He went there at a most interesting epoch of the history of America—at the close of the most tremendous struggle known in modern times. He did expect to find exhaustion, and society somewhat disarranged; but he saw nothing of the kind. There was nothing throughout the whole of the great country that would have led him to suppose that such a struggle had existed.

Just a few words about the war. It was from the very first a war of principle. Slavery was at the bottom of it. At the same time he was bound to tell them that those who originated the war did not at the commencement of it see what would be its final termination. There was a letter of Mr. Lincoln's which he wished every one of them had read, and before he said another word let him say to them that the character of the great man had never been appreciated in Europe, and when they came to read his letters, messages and dispatches just published in New York, as he had read the greater part of them, they would rise from the perusal with a profound appreciation of the man, and thank fulness to God that such a man lived in such a time.

Now, who fought it that war? There had been an impression throughout England that the war was fought by mercenaries, but it had been shown that ninety per cent of those who fought in that war were Americans, and two thirds of the remainder were of the German element, and the other third were Irish.

Sir Morton Peto next spoke upon what they might consider as the result of the war, and he referred to an interview he had had with a noted Southern general, who, having been pardoned by the President, he had met at the house of a merchant in New York. When he asked what was the whole feeling in the South with regard to the issue of affairs, his reply was that the southerners felt they had done their duty within the struggle lastedj and had appealed to the sword. They had now, however, taken the oath of allegiance to the north, and as a man of honor they should never again try to dissolve the Union.

Sir Morton remarked that there were almost illimited resources in the North, and they felt that the dark spot which had come into every question since the Missouri compromise, that made everything difficult in regard to legislation was put out and to now.

Then as to the army. There was a wonderful thing in the absorption of that army. The United States army was 1,200,000 strong, and General Grant had told him at St. Louis, he had mustered 675,000 men up to that day. He stated that he did not mean to have more than 50,000 men, and if their friends of the South were sincere they would bring the army down to 30,000.—If these men could go and be absorbed in civil life, it must show that the country possessed resources such as were never seen before, and which nations in Europe would do well to imitate.

About the reconstruction of the south, one thing occurred to him in his visit to America was his interview with the President. He was a man who, if once they were brought into contact with him, they would never forget. He was one of nature's true nobility. He had not only talent and mind, but, thank God, a heart as well. Andrew Johnson was almost a southerner, though he had not been treated very well by his countrymen on account of his upholding the Union. But it was a good thing for the south that Andrew Johnson knew how to forget and forgive, and he was meeting his brethren in the south in a way that such men should be met. He did not refuse to take them back to his confidence. If they only said, "I am sorry for what I have done; I am ready to take the oath," the President's answer would be simply, "My good friend, you are pardoned." He (Sir Morton) had read one of those pardons, and the condition was that if the party having that pardon should have a slave, or abet slavery, that pardon would cease.

He would say a word on one or two other matters: First, with regard to Fenianism. What did Fenianism in America mean? Well, it means that a number of foolish Irishmen having more money than they know what to do with, allowed other people to pick their pockets. The Irishman in America was a different being to what he was in his own country. He had there cast aside the influence of the priest, and was to a certain extent his own master. He received two dollars a day, if he took the position of the merest laborer. The honorable baronet went on to remark that when he talked to some friends in America respecting the matter they laughed at it, and said, "Why does not England put her own strong hand upon it and put an end to it? They were not in a position to do us any injury, and we could afford to show them our pity."

He then adverted to the correspondence between Lord Russell and Mr. Adams, and expressed his belief that it would not end in war. Such was not the intention of the American people. They had no idea of the kind, and when at New York the other night he was asked to give an address to the Union League, he laboured hard to show how important it was that two countries, advanced in civilization, possessed of half the commerce of the world—of the same race and ancestry—of the same language, together by the same religious ties, should be upon amicable terms, and remarked that, if these two nations were to imbrue their hands in each other's blood, it would be going back to the time when barbarism ruled instead of Christianity.

Counterfeiting United States Bonds—Important Discoveries.

The counterfeiting of the issues of the Treasury Department has received a sharp check which, it is believed, will result in putting a stop to the operations of the gang and capture of the guilty parties concerned. The Secret Service Division of the Department, which is under the jurisdiction of Hon. E. Jordan, Solicitor of the Treasury, has during the period from the 1st to the 23d of November, arrested twenty notorious counterfeiters, who have been among the most extensive operators in the country. A large amount of legal-tender notes was also captured, together with a number of plates, including one on which counterfeit five hundred dollar ten-forty bonds were printed. They were put in circulation some months ago, and were only detected by the rough manner of printing and finishing.

The chief of the Secret Service Division, Mr. W. P. Wood, reports that lead impressions were taken from the plates of the one hundred dollar compound interest notes, by certain printers employed in the printing division of the Treasury, from which steel plates were made for printing the counterfeits.—*Washington Star.*

THE "Hole-in-the-Wall," at the Capitol, where for thirty years Senators obtained stimulants to carry them through prolonged and stormy sessions, has been completely demolished to make room for the improvements in the congressional library.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

AN OLD CASE DISMISSED.—The case of Mr. Frederick A. Bowe, a wealthy gentleman, who resides at Meadville, Pa.; and who was arrested in July last on the complaint of Nathaniel E. Sheldon, who charged him with defrauding him (the complainant) out of $5,300, came up at the Tombs Police Court yesterday before Justice Dowling. The case has been postponed several times owing to the non-appearance of the complainant, and, as he again failed to appear, the counsel for the defendant, ex-Judge Stuart, moved that the case be dismissed. This was coincided in by the counsel for the complainant, John Sedgwick, and this was accordingly done by the magistrate.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A SECRET is in circulation that Anna E. Dickinson is to be married this winter to a journalist of this city, a young widower, who first advised her to ascend the rostrum, and to whom she ascribes all her success. They have been engaged privately, for four years, rumor says, and inasmuch as he loved her when she was a poor, laborious girl in the Philadelphia mint, she no doubt feels assured that his affection for her is none the less genuine since she has grown wealthy and famous.—*New York Correspondent, Indianapolis Journal.*

A GEORGIA paper says that the question, will the white man work, is one of far greater importance to the South than the one so often asked, will the negro work. When we see so many young men with good bone and muscle lounging about the streets, or with their hands in their pockets gathering round and gaping at the railway trains as they stop upon the thoroughfares, ill desponding mood we exclaim, "will these white men work?" And if they won't work, what is to become of the country?

A TROT-NOFRANCER, from Nashville, named T. N. Hunter, under twenty years of age, lost his life at Wilmington, N. C., on the 24th inst., while in the act of per orming. He is said to have shown nervousness and self distrust, yet persevered, and when nearly across upon the rope, the unhappy youth fell and was terribly mutilated, dying immediately. His experience was unequal to his undertaking.

IT APPEARS that in the Tennessee Legislature the resolution remonstrating against the pardon of Jeff. Davis and others was amended by adding the names of James Buchanan and John C. Breckinridge to the list declared infamous and worthy of death, on motion of Dr. Keith, who stated that he had been a Democrat, and had been deceived by them. The preamble and resolutions were then adopted—19 to 3.

THE Boston *Journal* mentions that a letter from Frankfort, Germany, dated on the 5th inst., says an American gentleman called at the United States consulate there and procured the necessary papers for his marriage. Next day he committed suicide. He said he was about to marry again, his wife is please his mother. No name is given. The party is stated to have been a man of considerable wealth.

SEVERSON LINCOLN, M. A.—At one of the Broadway minstrel troops in the city, a comic negro dancer figures in the advertisements under the name of Little Mac. A wag of our acquaintance who, having read the life of McClellan, possessed little faith in the ex General, remarked on reading the announcement, "Little Mac, eh! Well, I should think he will be very good in a breakdown."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A CORRESPONDENT of the Portland *Press* thinks there is a special propriety in the appointment by the President of the 7th of December as Thanksgiving Day for this year, after our deliverance from rebellion, since Congress appointed the 7th of December, 1780, as a day of Thanksgiving especially for the deliverance of our army and of Washington from the treason of Benedict Arnold.

MUCH is said about the superior virtue of this era of England over that of the Georges and other reigns; yet Palmerston's eldest illegitimate son, by Lady Cowper, now Lady Palmerston, will inherit the Law made peerage to be given his mother at once. Lady Hamilton was not so provided for, even after the pathetic dying request of England's darling hero, Nelson.

THE Hightstown (N. J.) *Gazette* says that the nurserymen of that neighborhood are doing an unusually brisk business this fall. Car loads of trees leave the station at that place daily, most of them being consigned to Delaware and Maryland. Prices are better than usual.

IT is understood that the Secretary of War will assign some competent officer to the duty of visiting the battle fields in the Shenandoah Valley, to look after the proper interment of the heroic defenders of the Union who fell in the many battles in that section of Virginia.

STATE NEWS.

MR. VAN AMBURG, the great lion tamer and successful manager of menageries, died suddenly Wednesday morning at a Philadelphia hotel. His death was attributed to a congestion of the spleen. Mr. Van Amburg was for many years a great traveler, and one of the most persevering and energetic men engaged in the hazardous profession of taming wild beasts. During his eventful life he made many narrow escapes in coming in contact for the first time with wild animals. On one occasion a tiger made a most savage attack upon him, tearing him so badly that a portion of his bowels protruded.

ON Sunday morning an attempt was made to burn the First National Bank at Corning. A faggot of pitch pine, mixed with paper saturated with oil, had been lighted and placed in the rear of the building, but failed to communicate with other combustible matter. On investigation it was found that a little girl named Fannie Taylor, aged 15 years, had planned and executed the attempt at arson. She had been taken in custody and is in jail awaiting trial.

ON Monday last the residence of John A. Dale, Esq., in Uniontown borough, was entirely destroyed by fire. The house was all in flames when the first alarm was given. The family only escaped with their lives. About $6,000 in Government bonds and cash was destroyed, besides a number of valuable papers. The loss will not fall short of $12,000.

ON Friday night, of the prisoners confined in the Franklin jail, eighteen in number, eight escaped. They made their escape by tying the bed clothes together and letting themselves down from the third story window.

MESSRS. COOKMAN & SON, of the Carlisle *Herald*, announce the discontinuance of that paper with the issue of this week—the office having been disposed of to a firm who intend uniting it with the *Volunteer*.

THE prosecution against Fred. A. Howe, of Meadville, for an alleged oil swindle, the facts of which are well known to our citizens, has fallen to the ground, Mr. Howe being completely vindicated.

WEST GREENVILLE, Mercer county, no longer exists, the name of the town having been changed to Greenville. The postoffice will also be known as the Greenville postoffice.

THE musical bull frog recently on exhibition in Reading, died on Tuesday afternoon.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

☞FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY, EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal & Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING. The public are cordially invited to attend. The morning Sermon will be to Young Men. dec2:1t

☞RELIGIOUS SERVICES—THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH CONGREGATION will hereafter hold their church services in MASONIC HALL, on Fifth street. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, every LORD'S DAY at 10½ and 7½. Sunday School at 2 o'clock P. M. Strangers and the public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free. dec2:1d

☞REV. HENRY D. HORSE, Pastor, will preach in the FLY MOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, on Hand street, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. The sermon in the evening—"THE PHILIPPIAN JAILOR." dec2:1d

POLITICAL.

☞FOR MAYOR.

COL. D. W. MEGRAW,

Late of the 114th P. V., will be a candidate for Mayor of Allegheny City, subject to the Union nomination. no2:1t

☞CITY CONTROLLER.

SAMUEL ALLINDER,

Clerk in the City Treasurer's Office, at the solicitation of his friends, will offer himself as a candidate for the above office, subject to a vote of the Union party at their ensuing primary election. no2:1t

☞FOR MAYOR OF PITTSBURGH.

SAMUEL KILGORE,

Late of the 155th Pennsylvania Volunteers. no2:1t

☞FOR MAYOR.

CAPTAIN JAMES McVIGKER,

Of the Third Ward, ALLEGHENY, will be a candidate for Mayor, subject to a vote of the Union election, Allegheny City, at the ensuing primary election. no2:1d

☞FOR MAYOR.

CAPTAIN WM. NAYS, of the Seventh Ward will be a candidate for MAYOR, subject to the nomination of the Union party of the city of Pittsburgh, to be held prior to the next city election. no2:1t

☞THE MAYORALTY.—JAMES DONALDSON, Alderman of the Fourth Ward, at the solicitation of friends, has consented to allow his name to be used in connection with the next Mayoralty, and will be a candidate subject to the direct vote of the people, in accordance with the recommendation of the last Democratic Municipal Convention.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO., Pittsburgh, November 25th, 1865.

THE Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend on the Capital Stock of the Company of FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE. Out of the profits of the past six months, payable in cash on and after December 1st, 1865, free of Government tax.

JOHN H. CLANEY, Sec'y.

WANTS.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR GOOD CARRIERS TO CARRY THE MORNING GAZETTE. Apply at THIS OFFICE immediately. dec1:1t

WANTED—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL is wanted, on the first of December, to do general housework, a short distance from the city. Good wages and a good home. Make application at THE GAZETTE OFFICE. no2:1t

WANTED—SALESMEN.—Energetic and reliable SALESMEN, both male and females to sell our NEW ENGLAND SEWING MACHINES. PRICE $15.00. Also, a few ENERGETIC MEN to act as GENERAL AGENTS. Address Circular, CLARK & BARKER, Manufacturers, Cleveland, Ohio. dec1:4w

WANTED.—A FOUR HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND in Iowa, or on exchange for city property. The land is in Hamilton county, adjoining Webster City, Iowa. The owner can be seen at the GAZETTE office, every day, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. dec1:1t

WANTED—INFORMATION OF CATHARINE BURNS or QUINN, formerly of County Mayo, Town of Crossmolin, Ireland, who came to this country about fifteen years ago, and who has not been heard of for eight years, at which time she resided in New Orleans. Any information concerning her will be thankfully received by her mother, NORA BURNS, in care of Joseph Burns, "Clinton Iron Works," Pittsburgh, Pa. dec1:1d

WANTED.—AGENTS.—NEW BOOK OF GRANT AND SHERMAN, by Lieut. Gen. T. HARTLEY, in one volume, from official sources, including popular biographies of prominent Generals in the Union Army, with numerous steel portraits, battle scenes and maps, in both English and German. Sold only by Agents. A rare chance is offered to make money. Send stamp for terms and circular, and full particulars. Address, R. H. TREAT & CO., Publishers, No. 139 Grand street, N. Y. dec1:4w1w

WANTED—AGENTS.—ENERGETIC MEN can make $5 to $10 a day, selling the NEW BURNER for Kerosene Oil Lamps. It gives a splendid light, without smoke or smell, of a couple of Chimneys. Sample, post-paid, 25 cents.

Send for Circular and full particulars. Exclusive territory given.

JAMES EDGAR, Manufacturer, nov3:1md No. 55 Maiden Lane, New York.

WANTED—AGENTS.—EMPLOYMENT FOR RETURNED SOLDIERS AND ALL OTHERS.—Great Sale of Jewelry, Silver-Gilt Watches, &c. The HAMILTON & CO.'S Great Five to Three dollars per day, and we need still more. Late reverses from Europe have swelled our stock to over One Million Dollars. A splendid assortment of Watches, Rings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Jewelry of all kinds, of the most fashionable patterns, sells at $1 each. Sent on receipt of certificate, and you will see what you are entitled to; or send $1 for five certificates, or $5 for twenty, which are of the most liberal kind. Now is your time. Write plainly your Name, City, County and State to HAMILTON & Co., Box 1070, P. O., New York. Salesroom; 36 Liberty street. nov2:1m

WANTED.—AGENTS FOR "THE SECRET SERVICE, THE FIELD, THE DUNGEON AND THE ESCAPE." By Major D. Richardson, New York *Tribune* Correspondent. This new, interesting and exciting book ever published, embracing Mr. Richardson's unparalleled experience for four years, traveling through the South in the secret service of the *Tribune*. Just the book of the war, with our armies and navies of the Rebellion: his thrilling capture; his prisons; his escape and almost miraculous journey by night of nearly 400 miles. It will abound in startling events, and contain more of the fact, incident and romance of the war than any other work yet published.

Teachers, ladies, energetic young men, and especially returned and disabled officers and soldiers, in want of profitable employment, will find it peculiarly adapted to their condition. We have agents clearing $150 per month, which we will prove to any doubting applicant. Send for circulars. Address, JONES, BROS. & CO., N. E. corner Sixth and Minor streets, nov28:3mdaw2w Philadelphia, Pa.

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE DUNKARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at TEMPERANCE HALL, No. 64 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY, Dec. 1st, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Punctual attendance is requested as business of vital importance to the stockholders will be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

nov27:4td H. W. RITCHIE, Sec. and Treas.

FRIES PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO., PITTSBURGH, Nov. 16th, 1865.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, Jones' Building, Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the first MONDAY, (fourth day,) of December, next, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A GOOD ROUTE ON THE DISPATCH. Apply at THIS OFFICE from 2 to 4 o'clock, P. M. no29:1f

FOR SALE—PONY—A BEAUTIFUL MACKAW PONY, jet black, suitable for children. Enquire at MITCHEL & MORGAN'S Livery Stable, Liberty street. no29:2rd

FOR SALE.—CHEAP HOUSES.—I offer for sale SEVEN SMALL BRICK DWELLINGS (in a row), each containing three rooms and cellar, situate, at the head of Boyle street, Allegheny City. Lot to each house 40 feet deep. Price $850 for the outside houses and $750 for each of the inside houses. Title indisputable. For further particulars, apply to

SAMUEL DYER, dec1:2w2w4w 61 Federal St., Allegheny City.

FOR SALE—One three story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, No. 106 Beaver street, Allegheny, containing eight rooms, with a good cellar under the whole house; all in good order, with a vacant lot adjoining, 20 by 120 feet. All of which will be sold together. For further particulars, enquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, nov24:1w 91 Beaver street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—Please call at No. 199 Herbert street, Allegheny City, as you are passing, and examine the two story Brick Dwelling of six rooms, good cellar, and basement; pleasantly situated on the N. W. side of said street. Price $2,600; one-half down, balance in two or three years if desired. Apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES, nov29 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

FOR SALE—A NO. 1 STOCK AND GRAIN FARM, containing about 220 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, on the Monongahela river, one mile above lock No 4; 110 acres of the best kind of cultivation. Fine apple orchard, about 23 acres of coal with pit opened; the fencing is good and location beautiful.

For further particulars enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 161 Fourth street, or to E. T. VANYOORHIS, on the premises. nov16:1f

FOR SALE—GLASS FACTORY—The extensive works, known as the EMPIRE STATE FLINT GLASS WORKS, Messrs. Leininger, Thill & Co., with dockage for Coal, Sand, &c. And all the improvements requisite for carrying on an extensive business. Tools, Fixtures, &c. The works, now in successful operation, are offered for sale at a low figure. They are situated at the corner of Kent Avenue and Taylor street, in the city of Brooklyn, E. D., N. Y. Apply as above at the Factory. Any information can be had by calling at ADAMS & CO.'S, Glass Manufacturers, Pittsburgh. no29:1wood

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PIANO AT A BARGAIN.—Splendid Rosewood Seven Octave Piano, carved legs and pedal improved, from France, overstrung bass, in use only three months; cost $500; will be sold for $400. Also one six octave upright second-hand Piano. Price $100.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, dec2 No. 48 FIFTH STREET, Second door above Wood street.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE, consisting of 7 acres of Rich Land, is erected a large Distillery Building 86 by 42 feet, 3 stories high, capable of being converted into a Grist Mill, with extensive hog pens, new engine and boilers; large Spring of water conveyed by pipes to the mills, which enables it to work up 250 bushels of grain per day; good Dwelling, Orchard, and located in one of the best grain growing regions in the State. For particulars, address Every Register. Apply to E. V. McCLAIN & CO.

NO. 110 WYLIE STREET FOR SALE. A large three story Brick Dwelling of hall, 2 parlors, eight rooms and cellar; three tenant houses in rear; in good location, on Wylie street. Also, 57 Second street, first story Brick Dwelling House of hall, 2 parlors, dining room, kitchen and 4 chambers; situate between Market and Ferry streets.

Also, two story Brick House of hall, six rooms and cellar, yard, etc., No. 11 Third street. Price, $3,000. S. GUTHERIE & SONS, nov28 61 Market street.

NEW

Sugar Cured Hams,
Bacon Shoulders,
Bacon Sides,

For sale by ROBT. H. TOWNSEND, no27:1wd PORK PACKER, 12 Fourth st.

NEW CONSIGNMENTS.

500 sacks Potatoes;
3000 bbls. prime Winter Apples;
500 bushels Onions;
100 bbls. prime White Navy Beans;
20 do Corn Meal;
25 pkgs. No. 3 and 4 Pearl Barley;
100 boxes Goshen Cheese;
40 boxes Hamburg Cheese;
20 bbls. Salt Pickles;
10 bbls. Cranberries;
40 boxes Raisins—M.R. and Layers;
5 bbls. Fresh Eggs;
100 bags Oats.

In store and for sale by

GRAFF & SEITER, no26 No. 216 Liberty street.

TOYS AND HOLIDAY PRESENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, At reasonable prices, at

J. G. LAUER'S, No. 101 Market Street, nov3 NEAR FIFTH.

JNO. WILSON, JESSE W. CARR, DAVID M'CANDLESS (LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,) Wholesale dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, No. 84 Wood street, third floor, above Diamond alley, Pittsburgh. ap19

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

McCARGO'S MARBLE WORKS, 335 LIBERTY STREET. A beautiful and various assortment of MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS AND GRAVE STONES. ALSO, PLASTER PARIS, ROSENDALE AND JOHNS-TOWN CEMENTS. dec1:1m

BROCHE

Long Shawls,

NEW STYLE CLOTH SACQUES,

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

WHITE, ORR & CO., dec 25 FIFTH STREET.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, December 1st, 1865.

MEANS.

Loans, Bills, Discounts, Certificates of Loan and U. S. 7-30 Treasury Notes	$1,09 .987 79
U. S. Bonds	600,000 00
Real Estate	23,784 85
Stocks and Miscellaneous	182 05
Due by other Banks	194,152 78
Bank Notes, and Checks	297,409 40
Specie	250,812 53
	$2,515,808 89

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$1,143,500 00
Profits and Earnings	156,601 04
Unpaid Dividends and Susp. Acct.	10,945 84
Due to other Banks	1,182 17
Circulation	24,171 00
Deposits	1,168,764 84
	$2,515,808 89

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed, this 1st day of December, 1865, before me. S. SMITH, Notary Public.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that a limited partnership has been entered into between the undersigned, under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, upon the following terms and conditions:

1st. That the name of the firm under which said partnership will be conducted, is "E. B. HAGER, ALEXANDER W. MORROW."

2d. That the general nature of the business is that of MANUFACTURING AND SELLING WOODEN HOOPS OF EVERY KIND AND DESCRIPTION in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

3d. The General Partners are E. B. HAGER, residing at corner of Penn and Factory streets, in the said city; ALFRED M. PEARSON, residing in the Borough of Lawrenceville, said county; ALEXANDER W. MORROW, residing at No. 112 Pennsylvania Avenue, City of Pittsburgh, aforesaid.

4th. The Special Partner is LOUIS HAGER, hotel keeper, residing at No. 148 Market street, in the said city.

5th. The amount of capital contributed by the Special Partner to the common stock is the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000 00) in cash.

6th. The partnership is to commence on the 20th DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1865 and to terminate on the first day of December, A. D. 1868.

E. B. HAGER,
ALFRED M. PEARSON,
A. W. MORROW,
General Partners.
LOUIS HAGER,
Special Partner.

November 27th, 1865.—1w.dawtd

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

BOOKS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES,

GOLD PENS, POCKET BOOKS, POCKET ALBUMS, GAMES of all kinds.

BACKGAMMON BOARDS, CHESS BOARDS, CHESSMEN, CHECKERS.

An Immense Stock Now Ready.

ALSO,

DIARIES AND ALMANACS FOR 1866.

JOHN P. HUNT & CO. 55 FIFTH ST., MASONIC HALL. dc2

SHAW & CLARK'S

$26 and $33

SEWING MACHINES.

WITH TABLES COMPLETE.

They Hem, Fell, Stitch, Bind, Embroider and Quilt.

They do VEST, PANTALOON AND COAT MAKING AND ALL KINDS OF FAMILY SEWING ON THE SAME MACHINE, AND THE SEWING WILL LAST LONGER THAN THE GARMENT.

EVERY MACHINE IS WARRANTED.

R. H. LONG, 112 Grant street, near Fifth, nov30:3mod PITTSBURGH, PA.

BONDS AND STOCKS FOR SALE.

50 shares Peoples' National Bank;	
500 " Columbia Oil Company;	
500 " Bank Basin do do	
500 " Allegheny and Pittsburgh Oil Co.;	
$1,000 Allegheny City Municipal Bonds;	
2,000 Allegheny Valley R. R. 1st Mortgage 7's;	
2,000 Butler County 6's;	
United States Bonds of all kinds.	

WANTED.

100 shares K. & M. National Bank;
20 " Exchange do do
500 " Fleming and Blood Oil Stocks;
1,000 " Eldorado do do
20,000 Bonds of Warren County.

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS bought at highest market rates.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO., nov24:1wd No. 75 Fourth street.

THE GREAT PURIFIER!

HEMAPANAKA

(BLOOD CURE.)

A MOST REMARKABLE ARTICLE AND POSITIVE CURE FOR

Scrofula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Itch, Dyspepsia and Pimples,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

As a Tonic, it revives the system, stimulates the digestion and wholly restores the physical strength and health of those but a trial to prove its virtue. For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, nov corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE FREEDMEN'S AID COMMISSION.

The Freedmen's Aid Commission of Western Pennsylvania &c., will hold its Anniversary, in LAFAYETTE HALL, on SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 2d, at 7 o'clock. The public are invited.

SPEAKERS:

WM. LLOYD GARRISON, Esq.;
Hon. JUDGE BOND, of Baltimore;
Hon. GEORGE THOMPTON;
Gen. J. B. SHEPHERD, of Washington, D. C.

O. G. HUSSEY, President.

TAKE NOTICE.—Pure No. 1 W. S. LARD OIL, FINE SPERM OIL, CARBON OIL, FISH OIL, NEATS FOOT OIL, CRUDE OIL, &c.

Sold in quantities to suit customers. Persons wanting any of the above named Oils, would do well to call and examine our stock, as we are determined to sell these goods VERY LOW FOR CASH.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE, Corner Ohio and Federal streets, in the Market House, Allegheny City, nov29 GEORGE A. KELLY.

$3,500 WILL PURCHASE A BRICK DWELLING OF SIX ROOMS;

Lot 16½ feet deep, fronting on Smallman street, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, near Morton street, if applied for soon.

For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance office of G. S. BATES, nov29 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

LAWRENCEVILLE SAVINGS BANK.—Persons desirous of subscribing to the stock of the "LAWRENCEVILLE SAVINGS BANK" will find the books at Dr. Hanna's office, on Butler street. Office hours from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. nov28:1wd

LOOK HERE.

A great variety and well assorted stock of PICKLES, PEACHES, And all kinds of CANED FRUITS, for sale by JOHN H. SCOTT, At his New Grocery, 96 Liberty st., corner Ferry

REAL ESTATE.—Parties desiring to purchase Real Estate, will consult their interest by examining the property I offer, before purchasing elsewhere. Among the number will be found elegant Residences in the city, Allegheny City and on the principal avenues to the same. JOHN D. BAILEY, nov29 Wilkins Hall.

CHOICE WINTER APPLES.—We are now receiving a lot of 10 car loads choice Winter Apples, put up with great care, comprising all varieties of good keeping fruit, which we will sell in lots to suit purchasers, from single barrel to a car load. See samples at 257 Liberty street. L. H. VOIGT & CO. oct7

A NEW ARTICLE—Condensed Coffee, put up under Borden's Patent in pound tin cans, ready for