The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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For Sale, To-Let, Lost, Wanted Found, Boarding, &c., inserted under appropriate headings, on this page, at TEN CENTS PER LINE, each insertion.

EQUALITY.

It is declared in the Declaration of Independence to be a self-evident truth that "all men are created equal." Does this mean that all men are physically equal, intellectually equal, morally equal, or equal in regard to fortune? To assert any such thing would be a self-evident absurdity; for we know that there are not two men upon earth who are in all these respects equal. Nor is it true that all men are socially equal; for this is a thing which regulates itself, and over which government and law have no power. White men are not social equals, and no man can claim social equality with another as a right. This is a matter that must be gained by our deservings, just as we gain the confidence, the esteem, the love of our fellows.

In what respect, then, are men created equal? Simply that they are created *with* the same personal rights that one man has as good a right as another to seek his own well-being and happiness—that every man has an equal claim of whatever kind—that all are alike entitled to the rewards of labor, and to the undisturbed enjoyment of their possessions, be they much or little. It is an invasion of this right to impose arbitrary disabilities upon any man or class of men because of any physical peculiarity, enstamped upon him or them by their Creator. If they are men at all; and possessed of the intellectual and moral attributes of men, they are entitled to and can of right claim all the rights and *immunities* of men. If they are men we cannot, without infringing the rights with which their Creator has invested them, deprive them of any privilege common to other men—we cannot disfranchise them upon any other ground than demonstrated unfitness, nor alienate them unless we can show that they are incapable of a proper exercise of the duties and privileges of citizens.

If it is true that God made all men equal the man of color can take his stand upon that law which is above every law and claim at our hands immunity from the disabling and degrading distinction which has in most of the States been set up between him and his white fellow countrymen. There would be just as much sense in debarring a man from this ballot box because he had red hair as because he had a dark skin. The thing is so utterly indefensible that no man pretends to justify the disfranchisement of colored men upon any ground higher than a chronic prejudice which had its origin in slavery. To say that this is the white man's country is an assumption as foolish as it is arrogant. To say it is the red man's country would be nearer the truth, for he had a prior claim; but as it pleased God to bring white men and black men here, and to suffer the red men to melt away in their presence, it belongs for the time being to both alike. As well might we set up an exclusive claim to the Redeemer of men as to this great inheritance which he has bestowed upon us.

We are bound to respect honest prejudices when they do no violence to the rights of others, nor impinge upon the law of God; but we are not bound to respect such a prejudice as this. On the other hand it is the duty of every man to whom it is given to see the right, to utter an unceasing protest against this wrong. So long as the negro is our countryman so long are we bound on principles of common honesty, to award to him the same political rights that we are ourselves favored with.

THE CREDIT SYSTEM.

During the war, the merchants and manufacturers of the country wisely adopted the rule of selling for cash or on short time; and prudently abstained from the risks which attend on long credits. The end of the war, therefore, found them all snug and taut, and the sudden fall in values which attended the collapse in gold did not affect them, beyond depressing the value of their stocks on hand. No nation ever before passed through such a change attended with so little commercial disturbance.

Since the return of peace, however, the temptation to revive the old credit system has been very great, and merchants, we fear, have yielded to it without reflecting upon the serious dangers to which it exposes them in case of a sudden panic or revolution of any kind. As long as the currency remains in its present anomalous and unsettled condition, so long will it be unsafe to launch out into the sea of credit. Goods unsold are always better than notes unpaid; and he is the most prudent merchant who has the least to fear from changes in the money market. Selling on long credit may swell the aggregate of nominal gains; but what shall nominal gains profit a man if he goes to bed every night in terror of waking up a heavy loser in the morning?

It is impossible that the present condition of monetary affairs should continue long. No one feels any great degree of confidence, and bankers and merchants are everywhere looking anxiously forward to the future, trying to peer into the secrets it hides, and greedily seizing upon every indication that in any way forecasts what is to come. In such a condition of things, it is to us somewhat surprising to read such a paragraph as the following, which we clip from the money columns of the N. Y. *Tribune*:

"The supply of commercial paper is ample, and large interest can be made in buying paper usually regarded as strong. It is certain that instead of "a cash trade," since the close of the Rebellion, business has been done largely upon credit, and that at this moment "enterprising merchants" are much excited and disturbed at the mention of an attempt to get the currency nearer gold. It is the old story repeated of a fixed amount of debts to pay, with assets steadily falling in market value. Best short paper sells at 7@9 per cent., and second grade 10@15, and more than is wanted at the rate.

The men who buy commercial paper, it is evident, must either lack confidence in it, when it goes a-begging for purchasers, or there is entirely too much of it on the market. The latter is most probably the case, and if so, it must inevitably lead to lack of confidence which invariably results in trouble.

SOLDIER'S DISCHARGES.

We learn from the Huntingdon *Journal* that various impostors are traversing the country, claiming to be agents of the State for the purpose of collecting soldier's discharges, in order to secure additional bounties for veteran soldiers. In many cases soldiers have parted with these, to them, invaluable documents, without even taking a receipt, and they are therefore lost. No such agents have been appointed; and every soldier should give good heed to the caution not to part with his discharge, upon any consideration whatever. If it is worth anything to any one, it is worth as much to him as it possibly can be to any one else.

THE CUBAN SLAVE TRADE.

The Spanish Ministry recently put forth a proclamation of the Queen against the Cuban Slave Trade, and directing that every African landed on that island hereafter should be at once returned to his native land. We have now the chance of seeing whether this was put forward in earnest or not. The principal item of news by the last arrival from Havana relates to the landing on the island of a large cargo of slaves from Africa. The number of negroes composing the cargo is variously estimated all the way from 500 to 800. The landing was effected on the northwestern portion of the island, on the plantation of a very wealthy man named FRANCISCO MARTINEZ Y RAMIREZ. Some of the Africans, it is said, were seized by the authorities, but afterward given up to the slave traders.

As all the facts in this case will soon be known to the Spanish government, a failure on its part to carry out its recent high-sounding promises will subject it to the scorn and ridicule of the world.

BALANCE OF TRADE AND EXCHANGE.

The *New York Commercial* says: "For. eign exchanges have repeatedly been one and two per cent. below the par of gold, thereby proving that the balance of trade was temporarily in favor of this country—that we had paid our debts abroad and had satisfied the demands of our creditors." This is a very common fallacy in reasoning on this subject. In one sense the balance of trade has been temporarily in our favor since the issue of national currency commenced, but it was only so by reason of the heavy exportation of bonds, and instead of proving the payment of our foreign indebtedness, it *only* indicated a change in the form of that debt. The export of bonds has the same effect upon exchanges as that of produce, but the latter pays debts, which the bonds cannot do, but rather, by their being sold at a discount, tend to increase them.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.—A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*, writing from Springfield, Massachusetts, says:

"In travelling from Chicago to this city I stopped over Sabbath at a little town on the very crest of the Alleghenies. While there I learned something about coal, to wit: that the hard coal banks nearest Pittsburgh are paying ten cents per bushel to their miners, and that they, the said miners, are making from five to ten dollars a day at that."

This will be news to the folks about here.

THEY are having a "strong" divorce case on trial in New York, and the papers of that city dish up the revolting details of the evidence, every morning. We had thought, until we saw the reports of the trial in those papers, with glaring headings that the *Police Gazette* had the monopoly of publishing such things.

MRS. SWISSHELM proposes to issue a new weekly paper in Washington City, to be called the "Reconstructionist." We have no doubt that it will be a spicy and readable sheet, and we judge from the tone of her prospectus that she does not favor the President's plan of reconstruction.

CONSOLIDATION.

EDITORS PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—The uniform good taste, judgment and discretion which characterize the pages of the *Gazette* in the discussion of grave affairs concerning the general interests of the community have won for it a high place in the estimation of all right thinking and intelligent readers. In the treatment of such subjects it concedes no quarter to its columns, for the truck and offal of grovelling scribblers, as incapable of logical solutions, as deficient in the instincts of decorous controversy. We are led to these reflections from the perusal of an article in the *Commercial* of Monday last, on the subject of consolidating these cities and more or less of the adjacent country, in reply to your correspondent "Allegheny" in opposition to that scheme, whose remarks are universally regarded as not only well put, but formidable, though by no means exhausting the argument or eliminating all the objections to the project. Will you then give place to a few observations from a different quarter in opposition to that measure.

In the annals of a corporate body having pretensions to be called a city with a population of 40,000 souls, do we learn that a proposition was ever made to surrender its chartered rights and privileges with its baptismal name into the hands of neighbors with a mere fraction of a population greater and certainly not hitherto better, if as well governed, and that neighbors, also, proposing to adopt portions of townships and whole villages within a given area south of the Ohio and Monongahela rivers, all from their position having no direct local affinity or interests with us, but rather from these considerations indifferent, if not locally hostile to our growth and prosperity; at least we could look for few or no favors at their hands, or be regarded as mere outsiders to them in the legislation of a city thus constituted. In fact would it not be an abnegation of all ordinary human prejudices to expect that the ward north of the Allegheny would be greatly cherished under the proposed consolidation?

Let us ask if it is a rational idea to unite in one corporation towns, villages, and townships where the inhabitants of one ward have to pay toll to visit another. But, say they, this great corporation will see to making the bridges free. Whence is to come the vast sum required to that end.

Let us look for a moment at the estimate of outlay. No less than *five* bridges to be purchased—*two* across the Monongahela and three over the Allegheny—which cannot be accomplished for less than one million and a half dollars. The boroughs and townships to be included in the consolidated corporation are without revenue from public works, wharves or market houses, and have some streets to be payed, with intervening spaces of a mile or more, and pipes for gas and water to be laid at somebody's expense. Consolidation must increase the demand for public money, only to be obtained by taxation, with eminent danger of jealousy and sectional diversity of opinion in the improvement of the more favored divisions of the proposed city. And may not a *Ring* be formed, such as has afflicted New York in the wasteful expenditure of the united income of the proposed corporation.

Referring to the article in the *Commercial* wherewith we set out, we cannot express the utter contempt with which it was read, though not without some surprise and regret that an editor of fair pretensions to ability and common courtesy should admit the vapid effusion of a correspondent which cannot fail to be offensive to the people of this city, without the denial of one fact, or the semblance of an argument to controvert the statements of "Allegheny," whilst at the same time it is replete with vulgar rhaddry and fatuous efforts at humor on so grave a subject, to tarnish the columns of his paper. Or, has the editor for our instruction and edification imported

"A monkey to reform the times,
Resolved to visit foreign climes,"

Or,

"As a chief of wit to show his grudge,
Clapped asses' ears upon the judge."

Confidently expecting these quotations will be more suitable to the taste of the *Commercial's* correspondent than were those of your correspondent, this article is brought to a conclusion.

"SANDUSKY STREET."

It is said that some of the smarter citizens of Texas are running their negroes over to Cuba and selling them. Very possibly this has been done in some instances, but there is little danger that the business will become extensive. It will do no harm, however, to look after the Texan people with some particularity. In fact, the Southern people generally are just now very much like the Indian who carried about with him a certificate of character, to the effect that he was an honest Indian, but would bear watching as well as any.—*Chicago Republican.*

SECRETARY STANTON has no great love for music. Secretary Welles, who is said to be quite deaf affects a great fondness for it. A professor of music in Washington who was trying to get up a series of subscription concerts in that city last winter, called upon Mr. Stanton to get him to subscribe, and mentioned as inducement therein, that the Secretary of the Navy had already put his name down. "Oh," replied the bluff head of the War Department, "*If I were as deaf as the Secretary of the Navy*, I would subscribe too."

NORTHWESTERN Indians coming down the Missouri to visit the President prefer canoes to steamboats. They wish to travel safely.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

THE first-class gambling houses in St. Louis have resolved to close their doors in order that their keepers and frequenters may aid the authorities of that city in ferreting out the pickpockets, garroters and burglars who abound there. It appears that this resolution was passed at a solemn conclave of the gamblers, and submitted to the authorities for their approval. Certainly the proposition is cool, but if the gamblers had concluded to go in a body and surrender to the authorities of St. Louis, they would have given some practical evidence of their desire to have the thieves of that city brought to justice.

PROTECTION OF LOYAL FREEDMEN.—A number of negroes in Alabama, who, prior to the surrender of Dick Taylor, assisted the United States forces by bringing in stock and provisions, and in stripping property, having been arrested by the civil authorities and tried for grand larceny, arson, &c., Major General Woods has been ordered, for their protection, to issue an order forbidding any arrests of negroes for offenses committed before the close of the war, except by permission from the military authorities.

THE following advertisement from a late number of the London *Times* will be interesting to people who have the gout:

"PARTNER WANTED.—A practical distiller, having been experimenting for the last 17 years, can now produce a fair port and sherry by fermentation without a drop of the grape juice, and wishes a party with from £2,000 to £3,000 capital to establish a house in Hamburg for the manufacture of the wines. Has already a good connection in that city. Apply to G. H. Mead & Co., No. 11 Wood street, Cheapside."

THE SHENANDOAH—The London *Spectator*, in alluding to Captain Waddell's statement, that he released his physical labors as soon as he received reliable information of the close of the war, says: "By reliable information he no doubt means information *on which he chose to rely*." The *Spectator* further says: that the discharge of Waddell and his enlistment band "is as likely to turn the scale in America in favor of war with England as any event that could have happened."

A SINGULAR thing occurred at the burial of *Lord Palmerston*. Several of the reverend canons of Westminster assisted in filling the grave with charcoal and sand; and the Rev. Mr. Smithson, his lordship's nearest surviving relative, cast in a diamond and several gold rings. But it occurred to somebody that this might be a temptation to violate the grave, whereupon they were prudently picked out again.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York *Evening Post* writes from Galveston: "I have to day seen a Confederate colonel, with his full uniform on, stars and all, driving a mule whose harness was made of ropes. A late Lieutenant General of the rebel army is a clerk in an express office at New Orleans, and the officer who drove off Frank in a buggy the other day, and men, at Sabine, is a barkeeper at Houston."

THE sorghum mill of Capt. Sylla, at Elgin, after a successful run during the season, has suspended further operations. The whole amount of sorghum manufactured is 6,031 gallons, belonging to 179 individuals—an average of over 30 gallons of fine syrup from less than one-half acre of land. The "White Impiec" has been most profitable this year.

THE New York *News* publishes a letter from Raleigh, N. C., in which it is attempted to show that the Union prisons were as cruelly managed as those of the South. It is particularly severe in regard to Fort Delaware, where Gen. Schaupf commanded. The rolls of that prison, however, show that of over 60,000 prisoners confined there during the war less than 2,500 died.

A RICHMOND paper says: "About one hundred and seventeen cords of wood from the celebrated Appomattox apple tree, under which General Lee resigned, have been distributed over the United States in the shape of snuff-boxes, canes, etc. As General Lee didn't surrender under an apple tree, the demand for relics is falling off.

THE circulation of the State Banks of Ohio has been reduced a million and a half within the past six months—the banks being now in process of changing to a national bank. It is announced that State notes will be received at any of the banks and other currency given in exchange, without discount.

A MOUNTAIN OF SALT.—A striking curiosity has lately been discovered in the Nevada Territory. It is a mountain of rock salt, situated about twenty miles from Mendow Valley, and only eighteen miles from the head of navigation on the Colorado river. It rises abruptly from the plain, about four hundred feet in height, a mountain of pure, sparkling chrystallized salt.

A YOUNG man named Yates and an associate, attempted to rob Joseph Yates, father of young Yates, on the night of the 24th, at Metropolis, Illinois. The old man woke up and resisted, when the son shot a ball, striking his father's forehead, but it glanced around the skull. The two robbers were arrested and are now in jail.

SIR ROBERT LUSH, the newly appointed Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, in England, is an American, and was born in the city of New York, where until recently, his parents resided. Before his admission to the English bar he was second clerk at the Judge's chambers.

THE death of the fattest man in the world, M. Helm, is recorded in the Paris papers. He was a German by origin, and employed as translator of foreign correspondence. His age was forty two; he weighed five hundred pounds, and latterly was unable to pass through doors of ordinary dimensions.

THE entire number of Indians inhabiting all parts of our country amounts to about 412,000. The estimated number in the unexplored territories is 50,000; in Texas, 24,100; of the tribes living in New Mexico, 92,150; in California, 82,231; in Oregon, 22,735, and in Utah, 11,500.

A letter from San Antonio says that everybody in Texas who has sheep wishes to get rid of them. Every wool grower in the country without any exception, was robbed by the immense mortality of their sheep in the last few years. Fine merinoes are offered at three dollars per head.

The *London Review* declares that "it is a melancholy fact that for the last two centuries there has scarcely been a memorial group or figure erected in Westminster Abbey which is not ugly in itself, or of a design utterly out of keeping with the architecture by which it is surrounded.

AT a storm off Brighton lately thousands of people went down to the beach to watch a vessel in distress, and when the number of cabs and carriages conveying the nobility and gentry to the sight was as numerous as on a race day.

ANAK, the French giant, stands eight feet in his stockings and weighs thirty stone. His head is two feet three inches in circumference, and the length of his outstretched arms is eight feet one inch.

The Emperor of Mexico has begun the erection of a national palace, and offers two prizes of a thousand dollars each for the best tragedy and the best comedy to be performed within its walls.

POLITICAL.

FOR MAYOR.

COL. D. W. MEGRAW,

Late of the 116th P. V., will be a candidate for Mayor of Allegheny City, subject to the Union nomination. no2dte

CITY CONTROLLER.

SAMUEL ALLINDER,

Clerk in the City Treasurer's Office, at the solicitation of his friends, will offer himself as a candidate for the above office, subject to a vote of the Union party at their ensuing primary election. no1dte

FOR MAYOR OF PITTSBURGH.

SAMUEL KILGORE,

Late of the 155th Pennsylvania Volunteers. no1dte

FOR MAYOR.

CAPTAIN JAMES McVICKER,

of the Third Ward, ALLEGHENY, will be a candidate for Mayor, subject to a vote of the Union voters of Allegheny City, at the ensuing primary election. no2dd

FOR MAYOR.

CAPTAIN WM. MAYS, of the Seventh Ward will be a candidate for MAYOR, subject to the nomination of the Union party of the city of Pittsburgh, to be held prior to the next city election. no1dte

THE MAYORALTY.—JAMES PUNCH ALDSON, Alderman of the Fourth ward, at the solicitation of friends, has consented to allow his name to be used in connection with the next Mayoralty, and will be a candidate subject to the direct vote of the people, in accordance with the recommendation of the last Republican Municipal Convention. oc25dte

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE DUNCARD CREEK PETROLEUM COMPANY will be held at TEMPERANCE HALL, No. 51 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY, Dec. 1st, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Punctual attendance is requested as business of vital importance to the stockholders will be brought before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

no27d3d R. W. RITCHIE, Sec. and Treas.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the LINCOLN OIL AND MINING CO.—A Company will be held at their office, No. 4 Hand street, on THURSDAY, NOV. 30th, at 3 o'clock P. M. Business of vital importance will be brought before the meeting. All are earnestly invited to attend. By order of the Board.

no27d3d ROBT. WRAY, Jr., Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the FRANKLINITE OIL SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, will be held at their office, No. 113 S. Front street, Philadelphia, on the SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, at 12 o'clock, M., for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may be brought before them.

no2d3d CHAS. LENNIG, Treasurer.

FRESH OAT MEAL.—6 barrels fresh ground Oat Meal and Grits, just received and for sale by the barrel or pound, at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RESHAW, corner Liberty and Hand streets.

WANTS.

WANTED—SITUATION—By a YOUNG MAN in some good house. Has had two years' experience in the Retail Dry Goods trade. Can give first-class references. Address E. WILLIAMS, P. O. no29.2td

WANTED—A HOUSE, containing from four to five rooms, either in Pittsburgh or Allegheny. Rent no consideration. Direct a note Box F, GAZETTE OFFICE. no21d

WANTED—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL is wanted, on the first of December, to do housework, a short distance from the city. High wages and a good home. Make application at the GAZETTE OFFICE. no21d

WANTED—AGENTS.—ENERGETIC MEN can make $10 to $20 a day selling the celebrated improved PATENT STAR NOZZLE KEY BURNER for Kerosene Oil Lamps. It gives a splendid light, without smoke or smell. Every family wants it, as it can be sold for the price of a couple of Chimneys. Sample, post-paid, 25 cents.

Send for Circular and full particulars. Excellent territory given.

JAMES EDGAR, Manufacturer,
no23md No. 65 Maiden Lane, New York.

WANTED—AGENTS.—EMPLOYMENT FOR RETIRED SOLDIERS AND ALL OTHERS.—Great Sale of Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, &c. The HAMILTON & CO'S GREAT Jewelry Distribution. Our agents are making from Five to Thirty dollars per day, and we send still our stock to over One Million Dollars. A splendid assortment of Watches, Rings, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Jewelry of all kinds, of the most fashionable patterns, selling at 25 cents each. Send 25 cents for certificate, and you will see what you are entitled to, or send $5 for five certificates, or $25 for thirty, or send a three cent stamp for our terms to agents, which are of the most liberal kind. Now is your time. Write plainly your Name, City, County and State to HAMILTON & CO., Box 5612, P. O., New York. Salesroom: 86 Liberty street New York. 4ow28

WANTED—AGENTS FOR "THE DUNGEON AND THE TENT PLANK." By ALBERT D. RICHARDSON, New York *Tribune* Correspondent. The most interesting and exciting book ever published, embracing Mr. Richardson's unparalleled experiences for two years, traveling through the South in the secret service of the *Tribune* at the outbreak of the war, with our armies and Sec'y Chase, East and West, during the first two years of the Rebellion; his thrilling capture; his confinement for 20 months in seven different rebel prisons; his escape and incredible adventures in his journey of nearly 400 miles through well-known and startling events, and contains more of the fact, instead and romance of the war than any other work yet published.

Teachers, ladies, energetic young men, and especially returned and disabled officers and soldiers, in want of profitable employment, will find it peculiarly adapted to their condition. We have agents cleaning $100 per month, which we will prove to any doubting applicant. Send for circulars. Address JONES, BROS. & CO., N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia Pa. no27d3w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A GOOD ROUTE ON THE DISPATCH. Apply at this OFFICE from 2 to 4 o'clock, P. M. no24d

FOR SALE—PONY—A BEAUTIFUL MAUCANAW PONY, 1st black, suitable for children. Enquire at MITCHELL & HOFFLAND'S Livery Stable, Liberty street. no23d

FOR SALE—One three story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, No. 106 Beaver street, Allegheny, containing eight rooms, with a good cellar under the whole house; all in good order, with a vacant Lot adjoining, 30 by 120 feet. All will be sold together. For further particulars, enquire of RAMSEY & HALL, Real Estate Agents, 91 Beaver street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.—Please call at No. 199 Robecca street, Allegheny City, as you are passing, and examine a two story Brick Dwelling of six rooms, good cellar, and basement; pleasantly situated on the N. W. side of said street. Price $3,500; one-half down, balance in two or three years if desired. Apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of O. S. BATES, Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa. no10

FOR SALE—A NO. 1 STOCK AND GRAIN FARM, containing about 220 acres, situate in Fallowfield township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, on the Monongahela river, one mile above lock No. 4; 110 acres of the best river bottom. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation. Fine apple orchard, about 23 acres of coal with pit opened; the fencing is good and location beautiful.

For further particulars enquire of G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 164 Fourth street, or to E. T. VANYOORIS, on the premises. no21d3d

FOR SALE—GLASS FACTORY—The extensive works, known as the EMPIRE STATE PLANT GLASS WORKS, Messrs. Leisinger, Thill & Co., with dockage for Coal, Sand, &c., and all the improvements requisite for carrying on an extensive business. Tools, Fixtures, &c. The works, now in successful operation, are offered for sale at a low figure. They are situated at the corner of Kent Avenue and Taylor street, in the city of Brooklyn, E. D., N. Y. Apply as above at the Factory. Any information can be had by calling at ADAMS & CO.'S, Glass Manufacturers, Pittsburgh. no22d4w4wed

FOR SALE—REFINERY.—THE GLOBE OIL WORKS, IN PITT TOWNSHIP.—We offer these Works for sale at a very low price, for the purpose of closing the business of the concern. They have a capacity, without forcing, for turning out between 200 and 300 barrels Refined Oil weekly. The Real Estate is very valuable, comprising the entire square of sixteen lots, lying between Boundary and Wilson streets, and fronting the Allegheny Valley R. R. The Works are in perfect order; have Tanking capacity for 8,000 barrels Crude Oil, and warehouse for storing 6,000 barrels Refined Oil in barrels. Possession given Dec. 15th, or January 1st, 1866. Apply, for further particulars, to

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
Duquesne Way, corner of Hancock street.
no22 2wecd

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
November 28th, 1865.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend on the Capital Stock of the Company of

FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE,

Out of the profits of the past six months, payable in cash on and after December 1st, 1865, free of Government tax.

no27d2 d JOHN H. CLANEY, Sec'y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COTTON—3 bales to air ive by railroad
DRY FRUIT—14 sacks Peaches;
8 bu Apples,
To arrive for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO
no30

ONIONS—56 bbls. and 120 sacks Onions received on consignment for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
no30

A COMFORTABLE HOME and good wages is offered to a respectable Young Lady who is willing to assist in all the details of housework in a family residing near the city. Good reference must be given, as she will be treated in all respects as one of the family. Apply or address
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
no23 51 Market street.

CHEAP DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE—No. 12 Third street, No. 19 Third st., No. 14 Scott street; No. 284 Robinson street; No. 75 Second street, a large brick house of hall, two parlors, dining room, kitchen, large cellar, six chambers and bath room. Possession April 1st. On Robinson street, a two story frame house of five rooms; also, a one story frame of two rooms, $2,250. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
no30 No. 51 Market street

REMOVAL.

WELLS, RIDDLE & CO.,

have removed their extensive Whip Store and Factory to No. 145 WOOD STREET, corner of Virgin Alley, where they are prepared to fill orders for WHIP LASHES AND SWITCHES promptly at the lowest prices. my2

RENO & HOPKINS,

COAL AND COKE DEALERS,

AND SHIPPERS,

MANCHESTER,

near the Passenger Car Stables. FAMILIES furnished at the shortest notice. oct6d

COOKING RAISINS.

100 boxes Valencia Raisins;
25 boxes Sultana do.
100 mats Seedless do.
250 boxes Layer do.
150 boxes Bunch do.
250 half and quarter boxes Layer and Bunch Raisins; all choice and fresh fruit;
Now in store and for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
no20 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

TREES, VINES AND PLANTS.

A large and very select stock of FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, GRAPE VINES and GREENHOUSE PLANTS. BOUQUETS and CUT FLOWERS to order. Send for a catalogue *recall* and examine our stock.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Pittsburgh Nursery and Oakland Greenhouse.
no24yd

SALE OF SERVICEABLE HOSPITAL PROPERTY AND MEDICINE WAGONS.
O. W. HOTELIN, Jr.,
Auctioneer.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 28, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction in this city, at Judiciary Square Warehouse, Fifth and Eatonets, on THURSDAY, MORNING, November 30, at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of serviceable Hospital Bedding, &c., embracing

1,000 Towels.
1,000 Dressing Gowns.
5,000 Hair Pillows.
5,000 Pillow Cases.
6,000 Bedsacks.
6,000 Drawers.
9,000 Shirts.
10,000 Coverlets.
10,000 Sheets.
20,000 Blankets.

A closed-off sale will be sold 36 Medicine Wagons. Purchasers will be required to pay for and remove property within five days from termination of sale. O. CUTHERLAND,
no28d2d Surg. U. S. A. and Med. Purveyor.

MEDICAL OFFICE—BURTNER'S PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Late Surgeon of the 50th Regiment Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry, (Sherman's Army,) offers his professional services to the citizens of

LAWRENCEVILLE AND VICINITY.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO

Surgery and to Diseases of the Eye and Ear.

N. B.—The Doctor will keep on hand and furnish, at reasonable charges, all medicines to his patients.

OFFICE ON BUTLER STREET, between Penn and Bellefonte streets.

RESIDENCE ON CHESTNUT STREET, ninth house above Butler street. no22d1wd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GOOD BARGE, suitable for carrying either Coal or Railroad Iron, is offered for sale CHEAP FOR CASH.

Also, THREE SECOND-HAND BOILER S, 26 feet long, 40 inches diameter. Enquire at the Industrial Works.

HUHN SHOLE & CO.,
Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne way.
no30-tf near the Point.

VERY FINE GOLD HUNTING CASE WATCH.—FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 1st, at 8 o'clock, will be sold at the Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, one very fine Gold Hunting Case Watch, full patent lever, escapement movements setting on diamonds; sending St. I. Tobias, the case is 18 carat gold, 88 pennyweights; with a fashionable extra case, silver. The watch can be examined at the sales rooms. oc30

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

TYPE METAL FOR SALE.

600 TO 700 POUNDS,

AT THE

"FREIHEITS FREUND" OFFICE.

DISPATCH BUILDING, FIFTH ST.

TOYS AND HOLIDAY PRESENTS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

At reasonable prices, at

J. G. LAUER'S,

No. 101 Market Street,

NEAR FIFTH.

no30

ANNIVERSARY

OF THE

FREEDMEN'S AID COMMISSION.

The Freedmen's Aid Commission of Western Pennsylvania will hold its Anniversary, in LAFAYETTE HALL, on SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 2d, at 7 o'clock. The public are invited.

SPEAKERS:

WM. LLOYD GARRISON, Esq.;
Hon. JUDGE BOND, of Baltimore;
Hon. GEORGE THOMPTON;
Rev. J. R. SHIPHERD, of Washington, D. C.
no28 d G. G. RUSSEY, President.

ADJOURNED

Administrator's Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned, administrator de bonis non, of ELIJAH SMITH, dec'd, will sell at Public Sale, at the GUEST HOUSE, on TUESDAY, Nov. 28th, 1865, at 11 o'clock, all the right, title, interest or claim which said Elijah Smith, in and to the TWO INLOT FRAME HOUSE of five rooms, and LOT OF GROUND, situate, on the south corner of Fulton Street and Chevier Alley, Pittsburgh, fronting 39 feet 8½ inches on Fulton street, and 16 feet two inches on Chevier alley, and extending back by a line parallel with Colwell street 60 feet 4 inches and by a line at right angles to Colwell street 67 feet 3 inches. Terms, CASH.

JOHN G. SHYANT, Administrator.
no28 2td 155 Fourth street.

THE GREAT PURIFIER!

HEMAPANAKA

(BLOOD CURE.)

A MOST REMARKABLE ARTICLE AND POSITIVE CURE FOR

Scrofula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Itch, Dyspepsia and Pimples,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

As a Tonic, it revives the appetite, quickens digestion and wholly restores the physical strength and it needs but a trial to prove its virtue

For sale by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,
no27 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

LARGE VARIETY OF

FURNITURE.

DESKS! DESKS!

SIDE BOARDS! SIDE BOARDS!

WARDROBES! WARDROBES!

And the best assortment of PARLOR, CHAMBER and DINING ROOM FURNITURE to be had in the city, at

R. BULGER'S,

no29:1 wdm 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

PRODUCE NOW RECEIVING AND in store:

3000 lbs. strictly fresh Roll Butter;
1000 lbs. fresh new Lard, in kegs;
1000 boxes extra Cream and Goshen Cheese.
500 dozen fresh Eggs;
100 lbs. Buckwheat Flour;
100 bus. fresh ground Cornmeal;
700 bbls. choice Fall and Winter Apples;
100 bushels new Dried Apples;
200 bushels new Dried Peaches;
20 barrels Sweet Cider;
20 barrels of Cider Vinegar;
20 bushels Chestnuts;
10 bushels Shellbarks;
4 cars 1½ and 2 inch Lumber;
2 cars Shingles;
3 cars Bark.

For sale by H. RIDDLE,
oct28 No. 181 Liberty street.

TAKE NOTICE.—Pure No. 1 W. B. LARD OIL,
FINE SPERM OIL,
CARBON OIL,
FISH OIL,
NEATS FOOT OIL,
CRUDE OIL, &c.

Sold in quantities to suit customers. Persons wanting any of the above named Oils, would do well to call and examine our stock, as we are determined to sell these goods VERY LOW FOR CASH.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

Corner Ohio and Federal Streets, in the Market House, Allegheny City.

no20 GEORGE A. KELLY.

AN ORDINANCE Apportioning the Members of the Common Council of the City of Pittsburgh for the years 1866, 1867 and 1868, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, passed the 18th day of March, 1847.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the same*, That at the City Election to be held in the City of Pittsburgh on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY, in the years eighteen hundred and sixty-six, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, the several Wards of the said city shall be entitled respectively to the following number of members in the Common Council, viz:

The First Ward shall have two members;
The Second Ward shall have three members;
The Third Ward shall have two members;
The Fourth Ward shall have three members;
The Fifth Ward shall have five members;
The Sixth Ward shall have five members;
The Seventh Ward shall have three members;
The Eighth Ward shall have three members;
The Ninth Ward shall have three members;
The Tenth Ward shall have two members.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 27th day of November, A. D., 1865.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. Morrow,
Clerk of Select Council.

JOHN A. RESHAW,
President of Common Council.

Attest: Hugh McMaster,
Clerk of Common Council.

no29:3t

SKATES!

SKATES!!

SKATES!!!

2,500 PAIR

Ladies, Gents and Childrens

SKATES

IN EVERY VARIETY.

FOR SALE LOW BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 Wood Street.

GROCERIES.

65 hogsheads Fair to Prime Cuba Sugar.
20 " " " " P. R. "
16 tierces " " " " "
110 bags Rio Coffee.
100 half chests Imperial and Young Hyson Tea
54 " " Oolong Teas.
150 barrels choice P. R. Molasses.
35 " " N. O. "
20 " " Cuba "
200 " " Syrup.
Arriving and for sale by
KIRKPATRICK, BRO. & CO.,
no28 191 and 193 Liberty street

COOKING STOVES,

PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES,
GRATES, FRONTS,
FENDERS, &c.

Also, all kinds of HOLLOW WARE CASTING at

No. 301 Liberty Street.

ALLEN, McKEE & CO.

JAMES M. BALPH,

Architect.

Prepares EXPLICIT DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of buildings, and superintends their erection on reasonable terms.

Office on Anderson street, between Adcock and Robinson, Allegheny City.

BENT'S BOSTON CRACKERS, put up in tin tin canisters for family use, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RESHAW,
no29 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

SORGHUM MOLASSES.—25 bbls. choice Sorghum just received and for sale by
FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
no23 corner Market and First sts.

WALL PAPERS, on Satin and Blank Grounds, fin great variety, at the lowest rates, at No. 107 Market street.
no11 JOS. H. HUGHES & BRO.

FISH.—25 bbl. bbls. White Fish, 25 do. Trout For sale by J. D. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPORTANT TO RAILROAD COMPANIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., October 31, 1865.

Will be sold at Public Auction, at Alexandria, Va., on MONDAY, the 4th day of December, 1865:

2,000,000 feet assorted Lumber.
20 new Platform Cars, 4 feet 8½ inches gauge.
2 Box Freight Cars, 4 feet 8½ inches gauge.
1 Passenger Car.
550 Car Wheels, (wood).
750 pairs Car Wheels, on axles.
400 pairs Car Axles.