THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY ITEMS.

For the Largest

assortment of perfumery, and at the lowest prices, go to Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime,

For preserving cider. For sale by Charles Super, Druggist, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Book Cases for Sale.

Two new Book Cases at the furniture ware rooms of G. Freeborn, 104, corner of Ohio and East Common streets, Allegheny, suitable for a lawyer's office or a gentleman's library. Price $30 and $35. nov27-3t

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Best Bargains

In dry goods, in this city, are to be had on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

O. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Buy the Best

Article of indigo in the city, at Fleming's Drug store, No. 84 market street.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

The Fenian Brotherhood,

And all of the rest of mankind, and we will indeed throw in womankind, and also the little fellows, are invited to Tom McClelland's No's 55 and 57 Fifth street, and see the most "serene" stock of Boots & Shoes, as the play-actor fellows say, (no allusion to Yankee Locke,) that has fallen under our notice. All of those who are grumbling at the high prices of Boots & Shoes, (and they have a right to do so in some quarters,) should not fail to visit McClelland's, and get a good article at a low price. By the way, do not fail to examine the Stock of Overcoats Dress coats, Business coats, Vests and Pants, to be found at this establishment. And if you would keep warm at a cheap price, remember that Blankets and Flannels are going off at very low prices.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

That's it to a T.

Good enough candy, butter scotch or Everton taffy, cocoa nut candy, rose, lemon, pine apple, vanilla and mountain tea candy and taffies. Good prunes, figs, raisins, dates and currants, at No. 119 Federal street. A call is solicited.

nov28tiw GEO. BEAVER.

Dry Goods,

Of all kinds, are sold cheaper on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets, than any other place in the city.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

The World's Opinion of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters,

Touching the Bitters this grand fact is clear, Their fame sits all the western hemisphere, Known in all lands, wafted by its oceans twain, Health, hope and vigor follow in their train.

AVOID COUNTERFEITS.

Hostetter's Bitters share the common fate Of all things good—they have their imitate. Of those beware—discreetly use your eyes— From honest houses purchase your supplies.

CAUTION.

THE GOVERNMENT INDORSEMENT.

In order to guard against dangerous impositions, the public are requested to take especial note of the beautiful engraved proprietary stamp, through which the government of the United States officially authenticates every bottle of Hostetter's Bitters. This shield, thrown by the government over the proprietors and the public for their joint protection, is placed conspicuously across the cork and over the neck of each bottle, and cannot fail to strike the eye of the most casual observer. Nothing that purports to be Hostetters Bitters can be genuine unless the stamp is there.

It is also proper to state that the Bitters are sold exclusively in glass, and never by any circumstances by the gallon or the barrel. Impostors and imitators are abroad, and the only safeguard the public has against them is to see that the bitters they buy bear the engraved label and note of hand of Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, and the stamp above mentioned.

Cotton Goods,

Bought since the late decline and sold accordingly. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime,

For preserving cider. For sale by Charles Super, Druggist, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

French Merinoes.

And other Dress Goods much below the market rates, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Ladies' Furs.

Great sale of ladies' and misses' furs, at the exclusive Hat, Cap and Ladies Fur House of Wm. Fleming, 139 Wood street, Pittsburgh. All the new styles of capes, sugarons, collars, muffs and cuffs of Hudson Bay sable, mink sable, German fitch, Siberian squirrel, American fitch, black and brown sable. Gents fur caps, collars and gloves, gents fine French felt hats, gents fine fashionable silk and nonpareil hats, boys' and children's hats and caps of all kinds. For great bargains go to Wm. Fleming's first class Hat Cap and Ladies Fur House, No. 139, Wood street, sign of the large Gilt Hat.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Its Philosophy.

Sozodont is an antiacid. Sozodont is an antipuretrescent. Sozodont is a tonic. Sozodont is all vegetable and entirely harmless. Itself it cleanses the teeth from acetous concretions, stops the decomposition of their substance, sweetens the breath, stimulates the gums, and is the safest and best preparation of its class in existence.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the superb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier Merchant Tailor, No. 128 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the rarest and most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready-made Pants, Coats, Vests and Overcoats will also be found at his establishment. Persons in want of anything in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Does not exhilarate and excite the patient sufferer, like alcoholic bitters and beverages, all advertised to cure dyspepsia, but it is a medicine almost wonderfully adapted to all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

Sold at JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.

Bates & Bell

Have Cheap Muslins.

Thomas W. Party & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 73 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop.

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line, at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORKENY.

Neutral Sulphite of Lime,

For preserving cider. For sale by Charles Super, Druggist, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

Just Opened,

Our new Clothing House, at 62 Fifth street, where we offer $20,000 worth of clothing regardless of cost, at Oak Hall. nov1m

C. Bill, Dentist, 246 Penn Street,

Attends promptly to all business in his profession. ly

BY LAST NIGHT'S MAILS

ANOTHER GREAT FIRE AT MEADVILLE.

On Sunday morning, about 4 o'clock, a fire broke out near the corner of Water and Dock streets, which spread so rapidly that when discovered it was impossible to tell whether it had originated in the *Journal* office or in Thompson's book-store, or from what cause. In a short time the entire block of wooden buildings on Water and corner of Water and Dock streets, were totally destroyed. They were occupied by some of the most prominent business firms of the city.

The exertions of the Fire Department alone saved the opposite sides of both Water and Dock streets. Eleven stores, several milliner establishments and offices, including the *Journal* printing office, are a total loss.

The fire is supposed to be the work of incendiaries. Several arrests have been made. The loss is estimated at from $100,000 to $175,000. The heaviest losses were Steinfelder & Co., milliners, $20,000; H. Saeger & Co., $15,000; Goldstein & Woodring, clothiers; $35,000; Levy & Co., clothiers, $18,000; M. A. Platt, $15,000; *Journal* Office, $7,000, no insurance. In all, there were eleven stores and a number of offices and shops burned. Most of the losses were but partially covered by insurance.

CONFESSION OF A MURDERER.

William Corbett, one of the murderers sentenced by Judge Geary, of the Superior Court at Chicago, to be hanged on the 15th of December, has made a confession to his counsel stating that Bimrell and Patrick Flemming and a man named Kennedy killed Maloney; that they were hired to do the deed by a man whose name has not yet been revealed. They were to have fifty dollars for the job, but Corbett got nothing. They went to the victim's house at a late hour, on the night before Thanksgiving, in 1864, called him out of bed, and in the presence of his family shot him dead. When sentenced, Flemming assumed a bold front, and said he feared neither man, death nor devils; but at the same time declared he himself innocent. Corbett, the younger of the two was deeply affected, but said nothing. Detectives are at work endeavoring to secure the alleged accomplices.

CRIME AT NASHVILLE.

We learn that Mr. William Heffernan, who was robbed and outrageously maltreated at Nashville last Thursday, has since died. Mrs. Heffernan is a raving maniac, and not expected to survive him twenty-four hours. While the man was dying, a horse belonging to a friend of the family, present by the bedside, was stolen from an adjacent inclosure. This is but one of numerous atrocities lately committed at that city.

FRAUDS ON THE GOVERNMENT.

Frauds of upward of one hundred thousand dollars have been discovered in the Quartermaster's Department at Louisville. The military authorities withhold the names for the present.

OIL INTELLIGENCE.

The Moorhead Oil Company succeeded in finding oil on the Baylay farm in this county, at a depth of 815 feet, the gravity of which is 30 degrees. They are pumping twenty-five barrels per day. This is the heaviest oil ever found at so great a depth, a circumstance which knocks the theory that heavy oil exists only near the surface, into "pi." The shaft, which is being sunk by this Company is also producing freely. The Longmoor well, 185 feet deep, near Eaton's Tunnel, is pumping sixty barrels per day, and the Harkness well, same depth, a short distance from the Longmoor, yields two hundred barrels daily. The gravity of the production of both is about 38 degrees. These wells are situated about fifteen miles from Marietta.—*Marietta News.*

The "Maple Amber Oil Company" will hold a meeting on the 6th of December to consider the propriety of reducing their capital stock from $500,000 to $100,000.

THE Reed well is pumping fully thirty-five barrels per day, and occasionally dispenses with the agency of sucker rods, and does quite a fair thing in the way of flowing.

At a recent meeting of the stockholders of the "Irwin Oil Co.," a resolution was submitted and adopted, that the capital stock of the company be reduced from $500,000 to $150,000.

THE "Petrona Oil Co," held their annual meeting on Tuesday last. It was agreed that the capital stock be reduced from $500,000 to $250,000, with 50,000 shares, and the par value from $10 to $5.

THE famous Rathbone well yields one hundred and fifty barrels a day, whilst new wells are discovered almost every week on the old Burning Springs territory.

ANOTHER well has been struck on Bennehoff Run, which flowed at the rate of one hundred and twenty-five barrels per day from the start.

A well has been struck on Allegheny Run, which is the run adjoining West Hickory, and about three quarters of a mile from it. It is pumping and flowing oil similar to the West Hickory oil. It is estimated by competent judges to be a forty barrel well.

ON Sugar Creek oil operations are going forward with renewed energy. Recent strikes have added to the long prevailing belief that that region is to become very productive.

THE Rogersville well, near the town of Rogersville, on Ten Mile, struck oil at a depth of four hundred and twenty-five feet, and at last accounts was flowing.

Oil well has actually been struck in Clark county, in the Wabash Valley, a few miles south of the Terre Haute and St. Louis Railroad.

THREE wells are going down on the Grandon Farm, two and a half miles below Neilton, on main Pithole.

THE "United States Petroleum Company" have a powerful engine at work, and expect to renovate their well.

WELL No. 76, on Holmden Farm, is said to be flowing three hundred barrels per day.

A GOOD quality of lubricating oil has been found on the Paxton Farm, West Pithole Creek.

THE east branch of Cherry Run is also looking up, the Green well, the first struck thereon, having increased its yield to forty barrels per day.

THE daily yield of the Kanawa, West Virginia, oil regions is set down at seven hundred and forty barrels.

OIL has been struck at Punxsawney, Jefferson County, Pa., at a depth of four hundred and thirty-five feet.

THE Kent well, on Tarr Run, near Bennehoff, has begun to spout oil—probably a fifty barrel well.

THE new well situated on Lease No. 2, Hamilton McClintock farm, is now producing two hundred and twenty-five barrels.

THE Coyle well, on the Siverly Farm, on the Allegheny, has produced at the rate of fifty barrels per day.

THE "Centralia Oil Company" have reduced their capital stock from $1,000,000 to $500,000.

THE "Tarr Farm" is now producing seven hundred barrels daily.

It is now asserted that not a single flowing well of oil exists in California, and so far the sinking of wells there have been failures.

OHIO ELECTION.—The Union majority for Governor is 29,026, and for Attorney General, 31,799. This does not include the small vote of 360 cast for Long. The aggregate vote, including soldiers, compares as follows with that of 1864, taking that for Secretary of State last year, and Attorney General this,

	1864.	1865.
Union	227,416	225,263
Democratic	152,429	193,462
	429,649	418,737
Falling off in Union vote		11,842
Increase in Democratic vote		11,033
Decrease in aggregate vote		10,912

The loss in the Union vote was chiefly in the Western Reserve counties, where a full poll was not necessary to the election of local officers.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

The Martyred President.

The last number of the London *Spectator* remarks as follows, in a long review of President Lincoln's life and services:

"To our minds no funeral oration ever exceeded in pathos that spoken by the President, in dedicating as a national cemetery part of the battle-field of Gettysburg. Nor can the message in which, before the issue of the emancipation proclamation, he entreated the border States to sacrifice slavery, not at their own expense, but at the expense of the nation, be easily surpassed in the depth and earnestness of its entreaty."

And, again, speaking of his religious character, it says:

"Perhaps Mr. Lincoln's religious faith and simplicity are the only traits which still remain unappreciated by the American people at large. For ourselves we cannot read his last inaugural address, delivered only five weeks before his assassination, without a renewed conviction that it is the noblest political document known to history, and should have for the nation and the statesmen he left behind him something of a sacred and almost prophetic authority. Surely none was ever written under a stronger consciousness of the reality of God's government, and certainly none written in a period of passionate conflict ever so completely excluded the partiality of victorious faction, and breathed so pure a strain of mingled mercy and justice."

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM NEW YORK.

Reported Case of Cholera.

PRESTON KING THOUGHT BY SOME TO BE ALIVE.

Affairs in Georgia and Florida.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—It is reported that a case of cholera has occurred on Greenwich street in this city.

Wall street is dull and there is but little speculative feeling. The news from Mexico is variously interpreted, while the near approach of the meeting of Congress, the conflicting rumors as to Mr. McCulloch's policy, and the alleged fact that some of the Western buyers are unable to meet their thirty-day bills for goods bought here, tends to increase the general incertitude.

The *Commercial's* Washington special contains the following: "A well-known contributor to the press is not the only New Yorker who believes that the collector of your port still lives, and that a method in his madness enabled him successfully to deceive his friends and the public. A lady, whose husband occupies a high political rank, has written a most ingenious paper on the subject, and forwarded it here under functions of the strictest secrecy, as she endeavors to prove that Mr. King, if unmolested in a retreat which he proved for himself, will, in a few weeks, recover his reason. Impossible as this may seem at first sight, the theory is supported by some curious facts not generally known."

Mary F. Cunningham, who was on board the steamer St. John when the explosion occurred a few weeks ago, died last evening, in consequence of the injuries she received by scalding.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says: Herschel V. Johnson, of Georgia, arrived in Washington this morning. He brings favorable accounts of the return of the Union sentiment among the people.

The *Chronicle* to-day contains an article representing Ex-Speaker Colfax as having endorsed the President's policy. This is the construction that the friends of Mr. Colfax seek to put on his speech.

The Savannah *Herald* states that General Gilmore has obtained a pardon for the rebel Gen. Elliot, who defended Fort Sumter.

An order is printed cautioning the children of the whites in Savannah to refrain from stoning and maltreating the children of freedmen. Freedmen occupying lands which have been restored to their former owners are also notified to remove before the 30th of December.

A mutiny occurred in the 5th regiment of colored troops at Jacksonville, Florida, in quelling which the Lieutenant Colonel lost his right hand and several mutineers wounded. Eight roughs, who lately arrived at Savannah among the laborers shipped from New York to work on the railroad, shot down a citizen at his own store, and robbed the store.

The Georgia Methodist Conference is in session at Macon.

The Augusta correspondent, named Rev. Bella Martin, gave the results of his mission to England to obtain aid for the suffering freedmen of the South, at the 39th Presbyterian church last evening. He had succeeded in collecting about six thousand dollars, but he thought that the freedmen must rely chiefly on the contributions of the Northern people. He found much sympathy among prominent Englishmen, but a general unwillingness to contribute pecuniarily from a fear lest they might be considered as impertinent in interfering in our domestic concerns.

Only ten days have elapsed since the deposits of gold certificates commenced at the United States Treasury in this city and during ten days $29,000,000 worth of certificates have been issued. I, therefore, predict, the redemption only reach $1,284,000. The twenty dollar certificates have only been issued three days.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

Reduction of Government Taxes Proposed —Command of Colored Troops—Exports to Foreign Countries—The Veteran Reserve Corps—Special Ocean Mail Agent —Government Property Sold—The War on Soda Fountains—The "Stonewall"— Commodore Craven—The New York Collectorship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The *Times'* Washington dispatch says: A prominent member of the Senate Finance Committee has announced his intention to urge upon Congress a reduction of the Government taxes full one hundred millions of dollars. He alleges that the revenue after this reduction shall have been made, will be sufficient to pay the expenses of the Government, besides leaving a large sum to be applied to the public debt.

Brevet Brigadier General Duncan will assume command of all colored troops in the vicinity of Washington.

In making up the statistics of the Treasury Department, the fact is discussed that in the fiscal years ending in June, respectively, in 1860-63 and 64, notwithstanding that we had over one million of men in the field, and then withdrawn from labor, we exported to foreign countries two and three-quarters times more wheat, and eight times more ham and bacon than in 1858-59 and 60.

Nearly all of the privates in the Veteran Reserve corps have voted, under the late order of the War Department, to leave the service and have been mustered out. In one Regiment but four men remain; a large number of the officers, however, remain in service. The most of them are utterly incapacitated from the pursuit of their former business avocations, as found from the official reports now coming to the War Department and from other sources. These, of course, desire to remain in the service, in order to make a place for them in the regular army. It is shall be determined to turn the veteran service into that organization, an enabling act is proposed to be submitted to Congress to be enacted into a law which will provide for the admission of the veteran reserve officers, retaining their present grade or rank as near as may be, upon certificate from a board of examiners, of competency and fitness for their positions. It is understood that the Secretary of War favors this plan.

Capt. S. L. Phelps, of Ohio, for twenty-five years past of the United States Navy, was on Saturday appointed by the Postmaster General a special agent of the Government to accompany the mail steamers under a contract a few weeks ago entered into, and look to the interests of the United States in the agreement between the mail company and the Government. Captain Phelps will leave Boston on the 6th of December for England; thence to China, and return by the Pacific route.

The *Tribune's* despatch says: When the war ended, in April last, the Government owned and used for military purposes, 330 locomotives, 4,000 cars and 70,000 tons of iron in all. The locomotives have now all been sold but 22 and there are about 1,000 cars yet on hand. Some have been sold long at auction and some on six months' and two years' time to the Southern railroads. All will be sold before January 1st.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has received communication from several proprietors of soda water fountains, remonstrating against the tax of six per. cent levied according to law on all manufacturers of such beverages. They claim that as they do not charge their fountains with carbonic acid gas they are not liable to the tax, and ask that the amount already levied be remitted. The Commissioner has replied in defend the city, but insufficient to keep away the besiegers.

The citizens of Liberty county, Texas, have petitioned Governor Hamilton to organize a militia force to suppress the anticipated insurrection from negroes, who openly avow a right to a division of the property, and refuse to accept any terms of hire.

Colonel R. H. Epperson, of Texas, has gone to Washington to complain of the corrupt condition of the officials and the unwarranted assumption of power by the Provost Marshall and Freedmen's Bureau.

The total stock of cotton gathered in Houston was 33,000 bales, and the weekly receipts 9,000 to 10,000 bales.

Cholera Steamer Atlanta—Release of Convicted Soldiers — Ex-President Pierce Recovering—Canadian Affairs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—It is reported that the passengers on the Atlanta, bound west, will be allowed to come up to the city to-morrow, and proceed to their respective destinations.

Orders have been received from Washington at the Headquarters Department of the East for the release of all volunteer soldiers who have been convicted of desertion, and are now undergoing punishment for that offence. This will release about 250 soldiers now confined at Auburn, Sing Sing, Clinton, Albany, Concord, N. H., and also those detained at various jail posts.

A letter from Concord, N. H., says: Ex-President Pierce is slowly recovering from his recent illness, and is now reported out of danger.

A Montreal letter says: The Fenian excitement having somewhat subsided in Canada, the Provincial Confederation scheme will soon be brought up again. Every effort will be made by the Canadian and Home Governments to effect a union of the Colonies; but meantime, the Provinces will oppose it. A French Republican Club has been organized in Montreal, with the object of agitating in favor of annexation to the United States.

FRAUDS ON EMIGRANTS.

Credentials of Southern Congressmen.

POSITION OF THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

Miscellaneous News from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—To-day the Military commission composed of General Hitchcock and Seth Williams met. This commission is ordered to investigate certain frauds alleged to have been committed at Boston by agents who by fraud and misrepresentation induced and forced German Emigrants to enter our army as substitutes. The commission will probably in a short time move to Boston, where it will hear the evidence in the case.

Robert Herb, committed to the Old Capitol with Taylor, for appropriating to their own use about $30,000 of specie belonging to the rebel Government, and which went into their hands after the capture of Richmond, was this morning released from the Old Capitol by order of the Secretary of War. Hitchcock and Merlin, were also released and turned over to the civil authorities.

Very few visitors at the White House obtained interviews with the President, owing to the pressure of important public business.

On enquiry it is ascertained that but comparatively few of the credentials of the members elect of the House of Representatives have been received, either from the late insurrectionary or the other States. Therefore, the Clerk of the House has not prepared a list of the members, and will not probably do so before Saturday. No credentials have been received from the late insurrectionary States, excepting from Virginia in part and Tennessee complete.

The position of the Clerk of the House is understood to be as follows: That he is merely to administer the law of 1863 in placing the names of the members elect upon the roll, his course on doubtful points being controlled by precedents set by the House, in the absence of judicial ruling as to the construction of the law. Whatever defects may be discovered, can, if right, be remedied by the House, in addition to the validity and formality of the credentials. Should these facts appear, the only open question which could occur would be whether the States lately in rebellion are in full relation to the other States in the sense contemplated by the law of 1863, and, in different language, whether they are completely restored to their rights and privileges in the Union. The question as to whether certain members elected can or cannot take the test oath, will probably not occur till after the election of Speaker. The Clerk is to administer it to the other members before proceeding further in the business of organization.

The Treasury Department is delivering the bonds of the fifty millions of the 5-20 Conversion Loan, at the rate of one and a half millions per day. Between nine and ten millions remain to be supplied to the subscribers.

The Secretary of the Treasury makes no secret of the fact that his forthcoming report on finances will be merely an enlargement of the views recently presented in his Fort Wayne speech.

Commodore Palmer has received a preparatory order for the command of the West India squadron, which now is being formed.

The trial of Colonel Corcoran's court martial continued to-day, but nothing especially interesting was elicited.

George C. Whiting, Esq., Acting Chief Clerk of the Department of the Interior, has been dispatched by the Secretary as special agent of the Department to visit the Miami Indians, and pay their annuities. He left the city to-day for that purpose.

The Government has received no intelligence conformatory of the recently published exciting reports from the Rio Grande, involving our troops with the French.

All the volunteer troops in Central Texas have been paid, preliminary to their places being supplied by regulars.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

The Test Oath in Louisiana—Encouraging Cotton Planting Projects—Case of Treasury Agent Dexter—Heavy Fine and Imprisonment—Cotton Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25.—The test oath has been argued before the District Court for two days. Judge Duzed intimated to-day that he considered the law unconstitutional.

A Monroe, Louisiana, paper speaks encouragingly of the prospects of cotton planting in that section. Planters are disposed to give freedmen fair wages.

The same paper says a large number of emigrants from Alabama and contiguous States are going to Texas.

In the United States District Court at Mobile proceedings were had, on application of Mr. Dexter, late Treasury agent, for a writ of habeas corpus.

Gen. Wood decl ned to release Dexter, on the ground that the writ had not been restored in Alabama. The charges were alleged malfeasance in office, and Dexter was held for trial by military court. The judge of the District Court decided that Dexter was unlawfully held and entitled to his discharge. Dexter's counsel moved for an attachment against Wood, returnable in two weeks, which the court granted.

Thomas H. Carter, special bonded agent of the Treasury Department for Choctaw County, Alabama, tried at Mobile by military commission on the charge of fraud in revenue transactions, has been sentenced to pay a fine of $9,000 and one year's imprisonment at hard labor in Nashville.

New Orleans cotton depressed; sales of 3,000 bales middling at 52@53c. Freights to New York on cotton and quarter checks are at a quarter discount. The Cleopatra has arrived from Boston.

From Mexico—Emperor's Power Declining—Empress Gone to Yucatan—Affairs in Texas.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 27.—The *Times* Vera Cruz advices to the 14th say: Everything is unsettled in Mexico and the greatest distrust prevails, and business is paralyzed. Maximilian's power is daily lessening. Puebla has been selected as the general furnishing quarters for the Imperial army, and is strongly garrisoned by Austrians. Thieves are busy, and robberies are hourly committed. The country is in a deplorable state. There is no business of any kind. Orizaba is strongly fortified and anticipating a federal attack. Cordova has been abandoned and all war material removed to the interior.

Judge Perkins, General Price, and others, are sanguine of the success of the colonization scheme.

The Empress started for Yucatan unaccompanied by Maximilian, who follows in January. The reception of the Empress along the route was quite large, except in Vera Cruz, where the demonstration was somewhat grand. She would depart on the 16th for Yucatan.

One thousand four hundred reinforcements arrived at Vera Cruz on the 12th.

The Liberals are active in collecting at all points.

Galveston dates to the 23d report the arrival of the steamer Clinton from the Rio Grande, with a large number of white and black troops homeward bound to be discharged. Passengers four days from Matamoras state that the Liberals, 5,000 strong, are encamped ten miles above Matamoras. The garrison consists of about 1,700 regulars. Some volunteer citizens and detachments of the 5th marines are said to have been sent from a French man-of-war. Two or three such vessels are reported to be at the mouth of the river to cooperate with the Imperialists. No other reinforcement has arrived by sea. The Government forces are supposed to be ample to defend the city, but insufficient to keep away the besiegers.

Arrival of Refugees in Paris.

GEN. LOGAN AND THE MEXICAN MISSION.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Washington correspondent of the *Herald* says: Advices from Mexico state the Mexican Cabinet adopted a resolution to fortify the frontier, and Marshal Bazaine had already commenced so doing. A letter is said to have been received by Maximilian from Napoleon, the latter rebuking the former for lack of energy.

The Paris correspondent of the *Herald* says that one of the editors of the Dublin *Irish People*, and one hundred other Irish refugees have fled to that city. They assert that the first movement of the Fenians is to capture Canada.

The *World's* Washington special says: Gen. Grant received a telegram yesterday from Gen. Logan, who is at his home in Illinois. He states that he will be in Washington about the 1st of December, when he will decide what course he will pursue respecting the Mexican Mission. Before this information was received, a communication was sent to him by the Department of State, desiring to know at once whether he accepted the appointment or not.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Trial of Assassins—Negro Shot and Killed —White Man Shot by a Negro Soldier— The Cotton Market, etc.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 25.—The special court-martial ordered to try the assassins of W. Hoffarman, convenes to-morrow morning, Major General R. W. Johnson, President.

A negro was shot and killed last night while attempting to enter the house of Mr. Flowers on Union street. Mr. Jno. Horne was shot last night, one mile from the city, by a negro soldier and mortally wounded.

Cotton is excited, with a slight falling off today and the market quiet; prices ranged from 40 to 45c. closing at 42½@c; receipts, 651 bales; shipped, 254 do.

General Thomas has rescinded the order previously issued prohibiting citizens from carrying side arms.

The river is 18 inches on the shoals.

Opposition to the Admission of Southern Congressmen—Counterfeit Bonds—Increase of West India Squadron, &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The *Herald's* special says the members of Congress now in Washington are almost unanimously opposed to the immediate admission of Southern Representatives, and manifest no disposition to repeal the test oath.

The *Post's* Washington special dispatch says: The officers of the Treasury Department have seized a counterfeit plate of the Ten-Forty bonds, of the denomination of five hundred dollars, so well executed that the spurious notes would have been difficult of detection.

Gen. Grant started on his Southern tour this morning.

Eleven hundred dollars have been paid the widow of Lewis Washington, a rebel officer, in compensation for household property seized and sold during the war.

The *World's* Washington special says: The West India squadron is to be increased by adding six additional war vessels, and is to be placed under command of Commodore Palmer. The war steamers Rhode Island and Swatosa are two of the vessels which have already been selected. They will keep a vigilant watch of affairs in the Gulf of Mexico.

The *Tribune's* special says: An order is forthcoming mustering out all commissioned officers of volunteers not in command or assigned to active duty; also, ordering similar officers in invalid corps to return to their homes and report by letter to Adjutant General Porter.

Warlike Reports from Mexico.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Advices from the city of Mexico state that most of the public men and politicians in the city looked upon war with the United States as quite probable, and were making preparations, in consequence of the violation of neutrality by a few federal soldiers on the Rio Grande, which was considered as the forerunner of invasion on a large scale, and the dispatch of General Weitzel to General Steele as indicating clearly that the intention of the federal authorities was to provoke a war with Mexico.

Several Cabinet meetings had been held, in which the question of war with the United States was agitated. The decision of the cabinet was, that serious apprehensions were to be entertained on that subject and that it was not too soon to take measures for the defense of the country against foreign aggression.

The resolution of the Cabinet had however been anticipated by Marshal Bazaine, who for the last six months has looked upon a war with this country as unavoidable, and who has in consequence prepared himself for such an emergency. By his orders several points have been fortified, and others are actually receiving their contingent in men, guns and ammunition.

From Nashville—Military Trial of the Hefferman Murderers.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 27.—The military commission for the trial of the murderers of W. Heffernan closed the case to-day for the prosecution. The four persons engaged in the murder are Wm. Dean, George Craft, James Lysought and James A. Jones. The Court adjourned till two o'clock to-morrow, when sentence will be given. Craft is considered the principal actor in the tragedy, and is from New York State. Mr. Heffernan's funeral took place to-day from the cathedral, attended by an immense concourse of citizens.

Cotton market dull to-day. Prices ranged from 42 to 42½, closing at 42. Receipts much larger than usual; 915 bales received and 404 shipped.

There are fourteen inches of water on the shoals.

Escape of an Express Robber—$1,000 Reward Offered for His Arrest.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 27.—The Adams Express Company, through their superintendent at Cincinnati, offers a reward of one thousand dollars for the arrest and holding of Rudolph L. Dodge, who escaped from jail at Vicksburg, Miss., on the night of the 20th, inst., where he was held on the charge of robbing the company. Dodge is five feet eight inches in height, stout built, dark brown hair, dark complexion, heavy black mustache, blue eyes, and pleasant address. His parents reside at Portland, Maine. He has a wife in Chicago.

Report of Negro Insurrections Untrue.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The *Herald's* Charleston, South Carolina, correspondent says: Brigadier General James T. Fisher, commanding the second sub-district of South Carolina, writing from Greenville, S. C., to the *News* of this city, denies that there is any truth in the report of negro insurrections or attempts of insurrection in the Hartwell district. The reports grew out of the killing of a ruffian named McKerr, a planter of Barnesburg, it is supposed by a negro boy whom McKerr had whipped and cut with a knife.

Muster out of Troops—Counterfeit U. S. Bonds—Prize Claims.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—In obedience to orders from the War Department, the 8th and 11th Connecticut, 188th Pennsylvania and 41st and 106th New York Volunteers, serving in the Department of Virginia, are at once to be mustered out of service.

Counterfeit plates of twelve fifty coupons have been found and seized by the detectives.

Up to the present time prize claims to the amount of ten million dollars have been adjudicated, and over nine millions paid.

Dispatches from President Juarez.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 27.—Colonel Bravo, of the Liberal army, Mexico, bringing dispatches from Juarez to the United States Government, arrived at Kansas City last Friday, and left immediately for Washington. Colonel Bravo states that the Mexican Republicans have twenty-five thousand troops under arms, and seventy-five thousand troops can be put in the field as soon as the means are raised, which will be speedily.

Brisbin's Colored Brigade—Boat Loaded with Oil Seized.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 27.—Gen. Brisbin's colored brigade left yesterday for Helena.

The Collector of Internal Revenue received a dispatch from Cincinnati to seize a boat loaded with three thousand barrels of oil en route to St. Louis on its arrival here.

Meeting of North Carolina Legislature.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 27—The Legislature met to-day. The Lower House organized by electing S. F. Phillips, of Orange county, speaker. There was no election of speaker in the Senate.

Ex-Governor Labbock.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Fort Delaware correspondent of the *Herald* says ex-Governor Lubbock was released last Friday morning, leaving that rebel reformatory in a situation as thorough a Union as he was formerly a rebel.

General Grant at Richmond.

RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 27.—General Grant arrived here this afternoon and took quarters at the Spotswood House.

Republican Ticket Elected in Hartford.

HARTFORD, Nov. 27.—At the annual election to-day, the Republicans made a clean sweep by majorities ranging from 83 to 390.

COLLISION ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

Steamer Niagara Sunk—One Hundred Discharged Colored Soldiers Drowned.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 27.—There was a collision last night between the Niagara and Post Boy on the Mississippi, seven miles above Helena. The Niagara sunk in twenty feet of water. One hundred deck passengers, mostly discharged colored soldiers, were drowned. Cabin passengers and crew were all saved. The Niagara was valued at one-hundred and thirty thousand dollars. No insurance. Had two hundred tons of freight on board. The Post Boy is uninjured.

Steamer Meinotte Injured.

CAIRO, Nov. 27.—The steamer Meinotte, from Cincinnati to New Orleans, struck a snag near Island No. 60 in the Mississippi river, and sustained a serious injury, which obliged her to throw her deck load overboard to prevent her from sinking.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PETROLEUM STOCKS IN NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to Western Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27, 1865.

The Petroleum Stock market was generally firmer to-day with considerable activity in the leading shares. It is rumored that there is a corner in Montana. This stock was quoted at sixty dollars this afternoon. The sales to-day were at the following rates: Cherry Run, 25; Excelsior, 1,42; Oceanic, 45; Rynd Farm, 67; Empire City, 50; Bergen, 38; Allen Wright, 63; Kenilsilion, 50; Kentucky, 1,20; Palmer, 2,75; Bennehoff Run, 17,50; Buchanan Farm, 65; Webster, 1,18; Oil Creek, 2,65; Pithole Creek, 14,50; Rocky Run, 30; Inexhaustible, 18; Bradley, 95; Fee Simple, 25; First National, 48; Shade River, 25.

Finance and Trade in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The Stock Market is hesitating and weak. The interest in the Railroad list is confined almost exclusively to clique movements, which are progressing very unsatisfactorily to their promoters, and the outside public stand aloof through fear of owners. At the morning board to-day the volume of business was very light. The Mexican news had a very unfavorable effect upon the market. At the second board the market was very heavy, and at the last board it was dull and inclined to lower. The situation in North Western and Michigan Southern appears to have ceased.

The following were the closing prices at 4:30 P. M.: New York Central, 96¾; Erie, 93¼; Hudson River, 108¼; Reading, 113¼; Michigan Southern, 75¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 91; Rock Island, 103; North Western, 48¾; North Western preferred, 62¾.

The Mexican news had an effect on Government Stocks this afternoon. At the close they were weak, with a pressure to sell. There is a fair demand for money, but the supply is ample at seven per cent. State Bonds and miscellaneous shares remain firm.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Dry Goods market is heavy to-day, with a decline in Prints. Operators were waiting for additional concessions. A number of Western houses, nevertheless, were represented and buying to a moderate extent. The following are the quotations and dispatches from the Dry Goods Exchange:

Brown Sheetings—Standard, 32½c; Bedford, 30c; Pepperell, R, 32; Golden Ridge, 28c; New Market, No. 50, Lonsdale, 38c. Bleached Shirtings—New York Mills, 48½c; Wamsutta, 42c; Lonsdale, 35c; Mill, 32½c. Hope, 32½c; Clarve, 30c. Prints