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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY ITEMS.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

The Mayoralty.

Among the names of those offered for the position of Mayor, we find that of Wm. Mays, late Captain of Company H, 101st Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. While we do not assert that his claims are the first on our people, by reason of his having rendered service to the country in the field, we do claim that, all else being equal, this fact should, as I know it will, have great weight. The other gentlemen candidates for the office, are all men of probity and intelligence, but do not possess those qualities in a higher degree than Captain Mays. One of them has held the office one term, and should be satisfied; the others are well situated in life. Captain Mays, in 1861, at the breaking out of the rebellion entered the army, and thereby necessarily abandoned a lucrative business. He gave years of faithful service, as is testified by all the members of the regiment to which he was attached. He was wounded at the capture of Plymouth, N. C., and endured all the horrors and sufferings of a rebel prison. He has returned to our midst unfitted to follow his former occupation, by reason of his wound, which will for all time render him a cripple. He possesses all the qualities requisite to fit him for the position to which he aspires, and his election will insure our city an officer under whose charge all may feel assured our municipal honor and dignity will be well protected. Yours, &c.,

ONE OF THE 101ST.

Dr. Franklin and the South Carolina Planter.

A friend relates to us that the summer before the war at the house of a hospitable South Carolina planter, he was up one morning with the sun and was about to venture forth on a morning walk, when he was checked by the planter at the door.

"You cannot pass, Sir. Too early."

"Too early! Why, my dear Colonel, what says Dr. Franklin?"

"'Early to bed and early to rise will make a man healthy, and wealthy and wise.'"

"Very fine, sir, but all a fallacy. Early rising and the inhalation upon an empty stomach of the morning malaria of this country, North and South, have been the death of thousands, sir, from the time of Captain John Smith to this day. Wait till after breakfast, fortify your stomach with a cup of hot coffee, and then, the noxious vapors of the night being exhaled by the sun, we will take morning ride."

"But, my dear colonel, I am always fortified with a wine glass full of Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters."

"Ah, then, sir, you may stick to Dr. Franklin. Hostetter's agent at Charleston supplies me, and I am expecting a box to-day, with my wagon. These Bitters, I find, are a sure protective against the fevers resulting from malaria. Dr. Franklin holds good, sir, even in the swamps of South Carolina, if fortifies with Hostetter's Bitters."

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

eap Muslins.
Cheap Empress Cloths.
Cheap Cloak Cloths.
Cheap White Goods.
Cheap Blankets.
Cheap Flannels.
Cheap Fancy Plaids.
Cheap Merinos.
Cheap Silks.

All to be found at BATES & BELLS, No. 21 Fifth street.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the superb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier Merchant Tailor, No. 138 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the rarest and most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready-made Pants, Coats, Vests and Overcoats will also be found at his establishment. Persons in want of anything in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Cure Yourself of Dyspepsia.

This most aggravating of all complaints—a disease from which more people suffer and die than almost any other, has at last found its master. Dr. Coe's Dyspepsia Cure controls and completely cures it in its worst stages; and no one who suffers from dyspepsia, sick headache, souring and rising of the food, should be without it. Sold only in Pittsburgh, at Fleming's Drug Depot, No. 84 Market street. Remember the place, and get the genuine article.

Just Received.

One good case barred country flannel, at 50c, worth 62c. One case all wool blankets at $10,00, selling everywhere at $12,00, and a very large assortment of dress goods at 37½c, worth 50c; also, a large stock of domestic goods at wholesale and retail. The above goods are to be had at Dunlap, Linker & Co.'s, 136 Federal street, Allegheny.

Famous.

The Boot and Shoe house of South & Ross, 62 Market street, is becoming an especial favorite with our citizens. This is no matter of surprise to us, when we consider that they can procure anything they want in the line of boots and shoes of the best quality, at prices far below any other place in the city. The store is located in a place easy of access, being 62 Market street, 3d door from Fourth street.

Blankets and Flannels,

Cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. Remember, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets is the place.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Wholesale

Buyers of Dry Goods will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock of cotton goods purchased since the decline. We are now on the corner.

C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Coverlets.

We now have the largest, best assorted, and cheapest stock in the city. Wholesale dealers supplied at the Eastern factory prices. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets. C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 73 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop.

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line, at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORREST.

Just the Thing.

Good cough candy, butter scotch or Everton taffy, cocoa nut candy, rose, lemon, pineapple, vanilla and mountain tea candy and taffies. Good prunes, figs, raisins, dates and currants, at 112 Federal street. A call is solicited.

GEORGE BEAVEN.

Just Opened,

Our new Clothing House, at 62 Fifth street, where we offer $20,000 worth of clothing regardless of cost, at Oak Hall.

C. Sill, Dentist, 246 Penn Street,

Attends promptly to all business in his profession.

Georgia Convention—Demands upon the General Government.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—A special dispatch to the Savannah *Herald* says that before the adjournment of the Georgia Convention, resolutions were adopted appointing a committee to memorialize the President for the relief of persons exempted from the amnesty, declaring all contracts made during the war valid, and appointing a committee to memorialize Secretary McCullough to transfer the assessment on real estate after the meeting of Congress, and that the assessment be made at the present value.

The resolutions also authorize the Governor to appoint three commissioners with the power to fully investigate the condition of the State government, and report thereon to the next Legislature. They also empowered the commissioners to take assignments from Henry Bryan of all his interest in the purchase of Col. Huron Wilbur, the State agent, and pay the United States expenses.

The delegation from Georgia to Congress, intend to urge the recognition of the claim of the State to the said cotton.

Nominations for Mayor of New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Mayor Gunther was re-nominated last evening by the McKeen wing of the Democratic party. John W. Farmer was nominated by what is called the army and navy league.

The steamers Alaska and Fulton are to touch at Falmouth, England, instead of Southampton, hereafter.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

—A decree of great importance in its bearing on the Spanish slave trade has just been issued by Queen Isabella, which, if it is carried out, will effect the suppression of the slave trade.

—A very comforting construction is put by some of the English journals on our claims for damages done by the rebel pirate Alabama. A London correspondent of the Manchester *Guardian* commenting on this subject says:

"Notwithstanding the tone of Mr. Seward's speech at Auburn, it is understood here that President Johnson's Cabinet has no intention of pressing to a quarrel the controversy regarding the prizes taken by the Alabama. The tone of well-informed Americans in "society" here fully confirms this view. There will, of course, be a row when Congress meets, and violent speeches from the members of the opposition. But the Government considers itself strong enough to withstand any urgency of the kind, and nothing disagreeable will come of it. Mr. Adams has finally resolved on relinquishing his post here and returning home early in the spring. It will be difficult to find a man to succeed him."

—The democratic papers remark that it is significant that the party which was "Union" before the late State election calls itself "republican" as soon as it is sure of success. It signifies nothing more than the small faith of the politicians. Henceforth let the republican party bear its true and honorable name. It is strong enough and should be honest enough to stand for what it is and nothing more.

—The real cause of the declaration of war lately made against Chili by Spain is in fact that in the recent war between Spain and Peru, Chili manifested a warm sympathy for Peru, and refused to allow Spanish war vessels to obtain supplies at her ports. The Spanish government demanded satisfaction for this conduct of Chili, and the matter was amicably settled at once by a Spanish admiral and a Chilian diplomatic agent. But the government at home repudiated the pacific course of the admiral, and sent another one to Chili, who has renewed the claims made against Chili, and blockaded the ports. The Chilians have taken up the contest with vigor, and are doing all that is possible to ward off the threatening blows of Spanish insolence.

—Accounts from Mexico are so colored by the medium through which they come, now Imperial, next Republican, that it is hard to arrive at the true state of affairs. With the exception of the reported Republican successes about Matamoras, there are no well authenticated advices favorable to the Liberals. Meanwhile the Emperor is endeavoring, both by severe and by conciliatory measures, to confirm his power. His recent adoption of the grandsons of Iturbide, formerly Emperor of Mexico, is one of his attempts to give his dynasty a Mexican character. The family of Iturbide has always had a considerable number of adherents in Mexico, and besides these there is a large class who will view with more favor the succession of a Mexican Prince, than that of a foreigner.

—It has recently been decided in Court in Tennessee that the trial of persons who were slaves at the time of committing the offences with which they are charged, should be according to the laws which affected them when in a state of slavery and not those under which they now are as freedmen. Although in the particular case in which this decision was made it mitigated the punishment, yet if this ruling be confirmed, it will expose the freedmen to numberless prosecutions for offences of which the laws would otherwise take no cognizance.

The New System of Fire Alarm in New York.

Last Tuesday the new fire alarm system for New York city and suburbs, went into operation. In order that our readers may understand the complete working operations of the new telegraph system, we give a description of the same from the New York *Times*:

AT FIREMEN'S HALL.

the headquarters, a central office of the fire telegraph is situated. Entering the operating room the eye of the visitor is bewildered, by the multiplicity of telegraph machinery gathered together in the office. Ranged along the north side of the room are nine instruments for the purpose of registering signals sent from engine-houses and bell-towers over all the city. At the extreme end of the room is a key board, by means of which the operator is enabled to forward signals to every engine house and bell tower in the city, and to six police stations, by the pressure of a single finger on the main key. There are four lines of wires, denominated the north, east, south and west divisions. In this way the system is reduced to simplicity. The instruments used at the central office and in the engine houses are very curious, very ingenious and well worthy the attention of the public, to whom they are always open for inspection. Mr. Charles L. Chaplin, Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, has been about three months perfecting the system which is said to be the very best extant.

THE MODE OF SIGNAL. The locality of a fire is as follows: On an alarm being brought into the nearest station, the acting foreman steps to the box containing the telegraph instruments, and which is usually stationed near the door, unlocks it, and draws down a bell knob, which strikes a gong in the central office, denoting the number of his district, and informing the operator of duty that there is a fire near his station. The alarm is then sent over all the other sections of lines, and the bells commence striking at once, and in addition to this the gongs in every engine house strike the number of the district, thus warning every one liable for duty at that fire.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

SOME experiments in what is termed animal grafting have recently been described by Dr. Berlin a paper forwarded to the French Academy of Science. He says, "that if the skin of a rat be cut off, skinned, and then inserted under the skin of the same animal, it will continue to live and grow as before. If a fracture is effected, the fractured parts will join again exactly as they would if the tail were in its natural place; in short, both physiologically and pathologically the grafted part follows the general laws of nature."

AN interesting antiquarian discovery has just been made in the bone house at Ripon Minster England. Beneath the Cathedral chapter house some workmen lighted upon three curious stone grave coverings. One is said to be as old as the twelth century, and on the side of a Maltese-shaped cross a sword is carved. The two smaller stones have covered the remains of young persons. The larger one, however, is the most curious, and the form of the cross is exciting much speculation amongst antiquaries.

ENGINEERS are now engaged in surveying a railroad route from McConnelsville, Ohio, east through Morgan, Guernsey, Harrison and Columbiana counties towards New Lisbon, there to connect with the branch of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

THE returns of the vote in the State of New York on the question of paying the State debt incurred for bounties, show that there will be a very great majority in favor of the gradual liquidation of the debt.

THE savings of the Union Pacific Railroad now in operation from Kansas city to Lawrence, a distance of forty miles, average one one thousand dollars per day. On several occasions they ran up to $1,700 a day.

THERE is good in Nazareth. Vallandigham has quit politics and took to lecturing on religion, delivering his first essay last week in Dayton, O., on "The Bible as a Literary Book."

NINA SANRE, who acquired such unenviable reputation during the late Indian mutiny, has, it is said, been occupying his time with a translation of "Hamlet" in his own native tongue.

AN interesting and powerful revival of religion is in progress at the M. E. Church, Columbia, Pa.

Welcome to General Grant at New York—The Accident on the New Jersey Railroad.

NEW YORK, November 16.—Gen. Grant visited the Union Lecture Room. He was welcomed by President Beckman, who, after thanking Grant for his victories, alluded to the foul wrong of the French occupation of Mexico. Grant replied briefly, saying: There is one sentiment in your address which is mine also, it is the one touching the future of Mexico. This was received with cheers. Speeches were made also by Generals Meade, Root and Osgood, and others. The grand reception to General Grant will take place on Monday evening.

Among the passengers on the train which met with the accident at Newark yesterday, were Gen. Logan, Assistant Secretary of War Eckert, President Sanford, of the American Telegraph Company. Gen. Logan was bruised slightly, but not to cause any inconvenience. There were others hurt. Eighteen or twenty were bruised, including Rev. J. M. Tuttle, of this city.

Cumberlands County Alms House Burned.

CARLISLE, PA., Nov. 16.—The Cumberland County Alms House was destroyed by fire to-day. The furniture was nearly all saved. The inmates all escaped. The loss is covered by insurance in the Franklin Company of Philadelphia.

LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

Our Surplus Naval Force—Minister to Peru Appointed—Only Three Prisoners in Old Capitol—Rumors of Cabinet Changes—The Rewards for Capturing the Assassins—Smuggling Along the Canadian Frontier—Fuller Released—Report of Comptroller Clarke—Proceeds of Confiscated Property Refunded—Contracts for Mail Service—Storage of Petroleum in Cities—The Case of Hurtt—Female Clerks—Hotel Prices Raised—Two Hundred Alabama Pardons—The Red River Campaign—Sheridan's Late Quartermaster—Counterfeiter Pardoned—Importunate Reconstructionists—Our Ships of War, etc.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says: The Secretary of the Navy has determined to send abroad a considerable portion of our surplus naval force to cruise about and visit the principal commercial ports frequently, if Congress will make appropriations.

The President has appointed Hon. Chauncey Depew Minister to Japan.

Winder, Duncan and Gee are the only prisoners of note in the Old Capitol prison.

The *World's* Washington dispatch says: There are rumors of Cabinet changes, but it is not probable any will be made until after the meeting of Congress.

The *Times'* Washington special says The finding of the Commission, to whom was referred the adjustment of rewards offered for the capturing of the assassins and conspirators, will not be made public till approved by the Secretary of War.

The *World's* Washington dispatch says: Reports just received at the Treasury Department from agents stationed along the Canada frontier show that smuggling is still carried on very largely. Large numbers of arrests and seizures are made constantly. The indictments are so great that four-half cents through the parties are amply remunerated. An agent who arrived here to-day says that smugglers have been unusually active during the last two or three months.

Fuller, who used the name of Senator Harlan to obtain a large amount of money belonging to the National Republican Committee, and who has been in the Old Capitol for several months, has been released without trial.

The *Times'* special says: Hon. Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of Currency, is engaged upon his report. He will recommend the removal of the National Currency Bureau to New York, and Mr. McCulloch, who made the same recommendation when Comptroller last year, will probably renew the recommendation when he shall be fairly settled in his new position. Mr. Clarke also intends to recommend the removal of the Treasurer of the United States to New York, and the adjustment of rewards offered for the capturing of the assassins and conspirators, will not be made public till approved by the Secretary of War.

The *Times'* Washington special says The President was more than usually annoyed by importunate reconstructionists yesterday. He remarked that he had tried to overrun the south with pardons and kindness, but from recent events he began to think them incapable of appreciating magnanimity.

Several efforts have been made to force a belligerent construction upon the action of the Navy Department in ordering off certain United States ships of war. The facts are that sundry naval vessels have been ordered out upon foreign and domestic stations, the same as in years before the war, instead of allowing them to rot in our yards.

Emigration to Brazil—Cattle Disease in Texas.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The Mobile *Register* says: May Hastings with his colony will sail from that port for Brazil on the second of December. Emigrants from this country have arrived at Rio Janeiro, and were cordially welcomed by the Government and citizens, and given every encouragement and assistance by the Minister of Agriculture.

Judge Arthur L. Hopkins, long distinguished on the Bench and at the Bar, died in Mobile on the 8th inst.

The San Antonio *Express* represents unparallelled disease in Texas among the stock. They are dying all through western Texas.

The river are very low.

Passengers for Europe—Immigration Report.

NEW YORK, November 16.—Among the passengers for Europe by the Java yesterday, were Maj. Gen. John M. Schofield, Brig. Gen. G. W. Schofield, and Brig. Gen. Wm. Wherry, on a year's leave.

The Commissioners of Emigration report one hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and thirty-six emigrants who arrived at this Port since the 1st of January last, being nearly three thousand less than up to the same time last year.

Grant at the Academy of Music—Dr. Tyng's Church.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—General Grant attended the Academy of Music last night, and was received with great enthusiasm by the audience.

It is stated that plans are already on foot for the rapid reconstruction of St. George's (Dr. Tyng's) church.

Bishop Clarkson, of Nebraska, Consecrated.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—The consecration of the Rev. Dr. Clarkson bishop, of Nebraska, took place at St. James church to-day. Six bishops and over fifty clergy were present, together with an immense congregation. The ceremonies were very imposing. The new bishop starts immediately for his diocese.

Chief Justice of Rhode Island Resigned.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 16.—The Hon. Samuel Ames, for ten years Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, resigned his office this morning because of ill health.

The Body of Collector King.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The body of Collector King has not yet been discovered. No doubt is entertained as to its being in the bottom of North River, and men are now dragging for his remains.

The Soldiers' Vote in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 16.—The official returns of the soldiers' vote in this State for Governor, are: For Cox, twenty-four hundred and twenty-eight; Morgan six hundred and eighty-seven.

THE JAMAICA INSURRECTION ENDED.

Execution of the Rebels,

HAYTIAN OUTRAGE ON THE ENGLISH FLAG.

REBELLION IN HAYTI CRUSHED.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The steamer Montezuma from Kingston, Jamaica, on the 6th, arrived.

Maj. Gen. O'Connor had assumed command of the British troops and special volunteers, by request of Gov. Eyre. An outbreak is threatened at Brownstown, arising out of suits of ejectment by Mr. Ingraham against certain parties, and one hundred troops have been ordered there. Five prisoners had been brought from St. Thomas, and arrived at Kingston. Troops were on their way to Manderville. Troops have also been landed at Black River and Bar La Ncor, and sent to Point Morant and other ports.

The government had offered amnesty to rebels, who return to loyal allegiance to the crown, provided they have not been connected with any actual murders or cases of arson. Several arrests have been made at Kingston.

Advices from Morant Bay to the 30th ult., report the execution of seventeen men and one women for rebellion. Several more were executed at Port Morato, all of whom confessed their guilt, and acknowledged the justice of the sentence.

Advices from Port Morant of the 22nd report that several rebels were condemned to death, including Gordon, the leader, and the complete crushing of the rebellion. The entire line is opened from Long Bay to Moneionneal Bay, eight miles so strewn with dead bodies as to render the road impassable.

Two Spanish war steamers arrived on the 31st from Havana, and were placed at the disposal of the authorities. The British ship-of-war Urgent arrived on the 28th ult. from Barbapos with troops. The Galatia, Wolverine and Rinsia arrived on the 29th. The Aurora and Cordelia on the 31st. The Aurora bore the flag of Comodore McCullock, who took command of the squadron, transferring his flag to the Wolverker. The Galeta and Wolverine respectively mounting twenty-six and twenty-one guns had sailed for Cape Haytien when the Bull Dog was blown up.

Jamaica papers say the outrage committed by the rebels against the Haytien government on the flag of England, is still carried on very largely. Large numbers of arrest and seizures are made constantly. The indictments are so great that four-half cents through the parties are amply remunerated. An agent who arrived here to-day says that smugglers have been unusually active during the last two or three months.

Fuller, who used the name of Senator Harlan to obtain a large amount of money belonging to the National Republican Committee, and who has been in the Old Capitol for several months, has been released without trial.

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The *Commercial's* special says: The appointment of General Logan as Minister to Mexico is believed here to be based on the idea that the French troops shall be withdrawn from Maximilian's domains. At the same time the United States army of observation is to be withdrawn from the Rio Grande, and armed emigration to Mexico is to be discontinued.

The *Post's* Washington letter says the President has recently decided to issue rations to suffering freedmen in the Southern States during the coming winter, and also to such whites as may be destitute. The President recently declared that freedmen should have full protection in their rights to settle on public lands in Florida and Texas open to exemption.

FROM WASHINGTON

OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS OF THE CHOLERA.

NO WARLIKE MOVEMENTS IN THE NAVY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Owing to the pressure of important public business, the President did not open his doors to visitors. Among those at the State Department this morning was Hon. Anson Burlingame, Minister to China, whose official conduct in that Empire is warmly commended.

The Government is kept fully advised on the subject of the cholera abroad through its Consuls. The latest dispatches show that the epidemic is disappearing from Palermo where it has been more virulent than any other place on the Mediterranean. The disease is evidently now going inland and spreading over the Peninsula. It has crossed the frontier of Spain and passed into Portugal. The cholera has completely ceased at Constantinople, also at Galatz and other parts of the United Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.

It is understood that American citizens recently called the attention of the French Government to the fact that hops exported to France were subjected to higher duty from America than from any European country, and asked for a modification of the tariff. The French Government said the tariff could only be changed by the revision of the commercial relations between the two countries, and expressed its willingness to make any such change, at the same time it voluntarily reduced the tariff on raw wheat. This discrimination is only explainable on the ground that whalebone is in better demand than hops.

The President has pardoned General A. E. Jackson, of Georgia and Venuzia.

Recently published reports concerning the activity of the Navy Department in getting ready for sea various vessels, have no significance beyond the fact that at all times there are circumstances connected with the business of the Department, which necessitate the fitting out of vessels to be despatched on Government Priority. One vessel will leave during this week for Europe, and soon after another will sail for the West Indies.

Metropolitan Police Parade—Reward for the Body of Preston King—General Grant's Movements, &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The grand parade of the Metropolitan police took place this afternoon. They marched up Broadway, stopping at the City Hall, where they were reviewed by Mayors Gunther and Wood, City Council, the Supervisors of the county of New York, and others. The column mustered about 1,300 men.

A reward of five hundred dollars has been offered for the recovery of the body of Hon. Preston King. The bottom of the river, where it is supposed to be lying, is being carefully dragged.

General Grant and party will attend the performance at Niblo's this evening.

Mayor Gunther was notified to-day by a committee of the McKeon convention of his renomination.

The police broke up the gambling house of Thomas Moore, No. 700 Broadway, last night. The descent was made on complaint of a youthful Southron, Roverdy F. Gilson, who had lost five hundred dollars at faro.

The building, No. 136 Hudson street, was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss, $3,000.

Firemen's Riot in Jersey City.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Quite a serious riot took place between the members of the hose company, No. 3, and the engine company, No. 3, of Jersey City, while returning from the fire in that city this afternoon. Clubs and other weapons were used. Several were dangerously injured. Better feeling had existed for some time previously. Engine No. 3 was plainly the aggressor, and the Chief Engineer ordered the company to be disbanded. Another riot occurred subsequently in the vicinity of No. 3's Hose House. Measures have been taken to prevent further trouble.

The loss by the fire in Jersey City to-day reached $35,000. A large quantity of sugar, coffee, tea, spices, &c., was destroyed. It was insured for about half that sum.

Fenian Attack on Toronto Expected.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—A special to the *Herald*, dated Toronto to-day, has the following: Intense excitement prevailed in Toronto yesterday. The government placed troops at the disposal of the Mayor, and informed him of probably an early attack on the city, with instructions to take as many prisoners as possible. On Tuesday night Colonel Lowry's horse was pelted with brickbats. To-day's *Leader* says that great preparations have been made, such as posting troops and patrols, doubling the police force, &c., and says the horses of the royal artillery were actually harnessed and held in readiness the night previous. Many discharged American soldiers are in the city. An attack is nightly looked for.

North Carolina Congressmen Elect.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16.—C. C. Clarke is elected to Congress in the second district, J. C. Fuller in the third, Josiah Turner in the fourth, Lewis Hawes in the fifth and S. H. Walkup in the sixth. Fuller and Turner were in the rebel Congress and Walkup and Clarke officers in the rebel army.

EATON.—Since the dispatch of this forenoon, the official vote of the fifth Congressional district shows that the Hon. Bedford Brown is elected over Haws by ninety-six votes. Brown was in the United States Senate thirty years ago.

Tunis Embassy—Gen. Hashem Sick.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 16.—The Tunisian Embassador and suite witnessed the trial of our steam and hand fire engines, and visited Corless' steam engine works and other large establishments to-day.

Gen. Hashem is to-night so much indisposed that he will not visit Harford.

OLD CAPITOL PRISON REGULATIONS

Virginia Lawyers and the Test Oath.

REBEL CONGRESSMEN ELECTED IN ALABAMA

Candidates for the New York Collectorship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: The discipline and regulations of the old Capitol Prison continue to be as great as before, and the food, correspondence and reading matter brought to the prison is scrutinized so closely as to entirely shut off any attempted improper communication or aid from outsiders. Among the plans in vogue for conveying money and messages from external sources to a prisoner has been that of secreting in packages of smoking tobacco, the object to be transmitted. This was early detected, and is now never attempted with success.

The Richmond papers says that at the opening of the United States District Court in Richmond, on the 13th, Martin F. Conway was the only lawyer that could be admitted to practice. No others having taken the necessary oath. An argument was to be made on the validity of the oath yesterday. The unconstitutionality of the oath was to be maintained by Herman Gillmer, the State Senator elect from the Richmond district. The validity of the test was to be maintained by Lucius H. Chandler, United States District Attorney, and Judge Conway.

The *Tribune's* special says: A letter received from Northern Alabama states that the rebels have defeated the Union candidates. Frank B. Gurley, the murderer of General McCook, has been elected sheriff of Madison county, and Rev. J. R. Morris, who declared from the stump that he could not take the oath, and any man who could was a black-hearted traitor to the South, is elected to Congress from Madison district. Foster, ex-rebel Congressman, is elected from the Limestone district. Madison county has declared, by 1,088 to 504, against the amendment to the Constitution abolishing slavery, which was made the test question in the canvass.

Gen. Spinner has been influentially urged today for the New York Collectorship. It is understood that Secretary McCulloch would personally prefer him as Treasurer, while Mr. Seward is said to be urgently pressing Mr. Robert Dennison.

The *Times'* special says: Pardon brokerage, which has been carried on for months, and though the President once attempted to break it up, has since increased to such proportions as to be a necessary concomitant of business. Many of the most prominent Southern men, who have visited Washington during the past summer, have acted as attorneys for a dozen up to a hundred cases, spending weeks of time here, and getting their fees in each case.

The *Commercial's* special says: The appointment of General Logan as Minister to Mexico is believed here to be based on the idea that the French troops shall be withdrawn from Maximilian's domains. At the same time the United States army of observation is to be withdrawn from the Rio Grande, and armed emigration to Mexico is to be discontinued.

The *Post's* Washington letter says the President has recently decided to issue rations to suffering freedmen in the Southern States during the coming winter, and also to such whites as may be destitute. The President recently declared that freedmen should have full protection in their rights to settle on public lands in Florida and Texas open to exemption.

ENGLISH PRESS ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

INDEMNITY CLAIMS AND THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The London *Post* of the 1st says that the American government first created their opponents and belligerents by proclaiming the blockade, and that Mr. Seward first made use of the term neutrals in official dispatches. It declares that the American demand for compensation is not near as well founded as that of Spain and Portugal in 1818, and closes by saying:

Mr. Johnson can scarcely deny the appositeness of the precedent created by one of his own predecessors, and we may therefore reasonably expect that the course pointed upon by the Government at Washington will be one which, without compromising national dignity and honor, will amount to the due withdrawal of the demand, which could not equitably be sustained.

The London *Times* of the 3d inst. says: If Mr. Seward now intends to say that the revival of a great republic after its gigantic struggle, will reflect such lustre and shed such renown on republican institutions that all other institutions on the American continent will be promptly eclipsed (and alternately extinguished), his policy need not be impugned. Nobody would object to the ascendency of the Monroe Doctrine on such principles as these. If monarchical government should become as obnoxious to Mexicans as the Priestly Government is to Romans, no one would wish to see it maintained by foreign bayonets. It is perfectly reasonable that Maximilian's Empire, when once established, should be left to stand alone and draw its support from the recognition and gratitude of the people. The proper work of the French ceases with the establishment. The withdrawal of the French troops, therefore, will be a national event, and after it has taken place, Americans will only see on their continent a thriving monarchy, instead of a Republic in ruins.

Persecution of Freedmen in South Carolina and by the Indians.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The *Tribune's* correspondent, writing from Charleston on the 8th inst., gives a long list of outrages upon freedmen by the people in various parts of South Carolina. Many negroes have been shot and otherwise treated in a most cruel manner. In several cases where negroes have been working for a share of the crop, they were driven off after the crop was gathered, without receiving any compensation for their labor.

He says there have as yet, been but very few contracts made for the ensuing year, the planters for the most part preferring to wait and see what system of labor the Legislature may adopt.

The *Tribune's* Fort Smith, Ark., correspondent says:

Rebel Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians are waging terrible persecution against colored people since the council held at this place. These Indians are incensed because they must submit to emancipation, and are determined to vent their malice on the blacks, who have been their slaves. They abuse them in every way they can, beating some to death, and shooting them. The negroes are coming to this post for protection, and to get help to remove their families. The military authorities say they have no orders to take action in this matter.

Gold Certificates—Fireman's Riot—Jamaica News.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The issue of gold certificates yesterday and to-day at the Custom House amounted to $975,000.

A fireman's riot occurred in Jersey City this afternoon. Several persons were injured. The riot was quelled by the sheriff, and some arrests made.

Counterfeit ten on the bank of Newport, New York, are in circulation.

Further accounts from Jamaica state that disturbances have broken out in the Staunn parish, and troops have been sent there. Twelve more rebels were hanged on the 4th. The gunboat Fawn was also under orders for Cape Haytien. Volunteers were ordered out on the south to suppress the rebel demonstration near Montego Bay, but it seemed a slight affair. Kingston still remained under martial law.

Hunter Out of Galvanized Rebels.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The War Department has ordered that la mustering out the regiments recruited from rebel prisoners, who enlisted while prisoners, and who desire to go south, they be furnished by the Quartermaster's Department with transportation in kind by rail or steamboat to the nearest accessible point to their homes. Those who do not desire the foregoing indulgence will receive no transportation or allowances whatever.

Treasurer of the New York Central R. R. Resigned.

ATHANY, Nov. 16.—At the monthly meeting of the Directors of the New York Central Railroad Company held this afternoon, the resignation of the Hon. John V. L. Pruin, treasurer of the company, was received and accepted, and Mr. Edwin D. Worcester, who has for several years ably filled the position of Assistant Treasurer, was elected Treasurer, and Mr. R. L. Banks, the present Secretary, was elected Secretary and Assistant Treasurer.

POLICE ORGANIZATION IN GEORGIA.

Dispatch from President Johnson.

GENERAL OGAN DECLINES THE MEXICAN MISSION.

Warlike Preparations at New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—The following dispatch was sent to Provisional Governor Johnson, of Georgia, by President Johnson, on the 5th instant: "The organization of a police force in the several counties, for the purpose of assisting Magruder in suppressing crime and enforcing civil authority, as indicated in your preamble, meets my approval. It is hoped that your people will, as soon as practicable, take upon themselves the responsibility of enforcing and sustaining all the laws of the State and Federal government, in conformity to the Constitution of the United States."

The *Post's* special says, Mr. Burlingame Minister to China, is in consultation with the Government in relation to Chinese affairs. He will soon return to his post.

The Austrian Minister has purchased a residence for the sum of $20,000.

The *Commercial's* Washington dispatch says: General Logan's friends say he will not accept the Mexican Mission, as he wants to be United States Senator.

The New Orleans *Delta* of November 8th states that unusual activity prevails among the military circles in that city since the reception of the recent dispatches from the Rio Grande. Mysterious orders have been issued.

The sale of boats has been prohibited, and those on hand have been placed on a war footing, and the 1st, 4th and 6th regiments of regular Cavalry have been ordered to embark to Indianola, Texas, and report for duty at San Antonio to Gen. Merritt. The disorganized colored cavalry at New Orleans are destined for the same place.

Gen. Forsyth, Gen. Sheridan's Chief of Staff, has gone to Brazos.

True Bill Found Against Detective Baker.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The Grand Jury of the District of Columbia have found a true bill against General L. C. Baker, Chief Detective of the War Department, on the charge of false imprisonment of Mr. Joseph R. Cobb for the period of five days, and for robbing Lucy Cobb of five hundred dollars in Treasury notes. Mr. and Mrs. Cobb were the only witnesses before the Grand Jury. These proceedings had their origin in General Baker's operations against the parties on the alleged ground of their fraudulently procuring pardons.

Railroad Accident in Washington City.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—This morning, as the Alexandria railroad train was backing on Pennsylvania avenue where the city railroad crosses the Alexandria track, it came in contact with a city passenger car, striking it in the rear and throwing it entirely off the track. Miss Marion Hultor, of Philadelphia, who is a clerk in the Treasury department, and C. J. Riddle, the conductor, were seriously, and Mr. Bayne, agent for Adams' Express Company and others, slightly injured.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 16.—A Government sale of unclaimed baggage and soldiers' effects commences at Norfolk on the 16th and continue till sold. The Government sale of unclaimed baggage and soldiers' effects is progressing at Hampton hospital.

At the military prison at Camp Hamilton there are fifty prisoners, thirty of whom are old soldiers, deserters and bounty jumpers. The balance are negroes charged with slight offences. An order is expected from Washington to close this prison.

Death of T. J. Walsh.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—T. J. Walsh, a citizen of this city, and for five years Secretary and Treasurer of the National Typographical Union of the United States, died at his residence this morning after a protracted illness.

DIED:

COFFIN—On Thursday morning, at 8 o'clock, ABEL COFFIN, Sr., in the 73d year of his age.

Funeral on Friday, 17th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his son, G. W. Coffin, No. 64 Liberty street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

HILLDALE CEMETERY—A rural and most picturesque place of Sepulture, situate on the uplands, immediately north of Allegheny City, on the New Brighton Road. Persons wishing to select Burial Lots will apply at the Superintendent's Office, at the Cemetery, Fifth Ward. Permits and all other business will be attended at the Drug Warehouse of the undersigned, corner of Federal and Lacock streets, Allegheny.

GEO. A. KELLY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

R. R. REEVES,

UNDERTAKER.

88 Smithfield Street, near Fifth Street

☞ COFFINS of every description. GRAPE, GLOVES and FURNISHING FOR FUNERALS. ☞ FIRE, HEARSE and OAR RIAGES furnished. 17W8M

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