THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY NOTICES.

$5,00 a Pair
For grey blankets, at Shellaby & Barclay's.

62½ Cents
For Rob Roy flannels, at Shellaby & Barclay's.

25 Cents
For muslins and prints, at Shellaby & Barclay's.

Only Three Minutes Walk
From the new market house, 112 Federal street, where the public are invited to call and examine my stock of choice candies, taffies, fruits, &c.
N. B. I will only be found in the Market House on Tuesday and Friday mornings, and at 112 Federal street, Saturday evenings.
no3:1w GEO. BRAYEN.

French Merinoes,
The Largest and Cheapest Stock in the City. Remember, on the North East corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Dry Goods
At either Wholesale or Retail, at less than they can be purchased elsewhere. Remember, on the North-East corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Blankets & Flannels
White and Colored, at Less than the Regular Market rates, on the North East corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Silks at all Prices.
Silks at low prices.
Silks of all designs.
Silks of all colors.
Silks of all grades.
These goods were purchased at low prices for cash, in job lots, and are now being closed out at very low prices at Bates & Bell's, No. 21 Fifth street. Country merchants, call early.

An Old Saying.
Economy is wealth. This may be practiced in many ways, but none so much at the present time as in the purchase of Goods. We would say, in this connection, to those of our readers, go to the Great Emporium, 55 and 57, Fifth street, and see the immense stock of Goods, embracing Blankets, Flannels, Cassimeres, Muslins, Prints, Delaines, Shawls, Horse Covers, Shirts and Drawers. Also, a very Large Stock of Boots, Shoes, and Gums, suitable for the season, and all ages of mankind. Once more we say, call on Tom. McClelland, at 55 and 57 Fifth street and see the bargains.

Mr. Shellaby.
Partner of the well known House of Shellaby & Barclay, No's 74 and 76, Market street, has returned home again from New York and Philadelphia, with a large and very cheap stock of new dry goods. This present purchase far exceeds any that has been made for some months past; for instance, they will sell you a good dark print for 25 per yard, plaid black print for 25 cents, good unbleached muslin for 25 cents, blue and black barred French flannels for 62½ cents, a very heavy pair of all wool grey blankets for $5,00, together with shawls for ladies, misses and children. White country and eastern blankets, flannels, coverlets' marseilles, quilts, or anything else you may want in the dry goods line, this firm will furnish at the lowest cash prices. Remember, they are still in the Old Bee Hive Stand.

A Immense Emigration.
An immense emigration will pour down into the Southern States with the restoration of peace. Thousands of southern refugees, from all the towns and cities of the North, will return home; thousands of northern soldiers will move in the same direction, and settle in the closest bonds of union, among their southern brethren; and, in obedience to the laws of demand and supply, thousands of northern farmers, mechanics, and laborers, will swell the mighty volume for the re-peopling and re-building the waste places of the Sunny South. In anticipation of this grand diversion of the tide of emigration, and from the increasing demands upon them the proprietors of Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters are putting up additional thousands of boxes of their universally popular tonic and alterative.
We have the testimony of soldiers, sailors, travelers, trappers, miners, emigrants, refugees, farmers and planters, North and South, "as cloud of witnesses," that as a safe and reliable remedial agent, and as a protection against all the complaints incident to exposure, privations, changes of climate, diet, water and habits of life, Hoofland's Bitters, used as directed, are worth their weight in gold. North or South.—*Communicated.*
It is also proper to state that the Bitters are sold exclusively in glass, and never, under any circumstances by the gallon or the barrel. Impostors and imitators are abroad, and the only safeguard that the public has against them is to see that the Bitters they buy have the engraved label and note of hand of Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, and our proprietary stamp over the cork of the bottle.

Fall and Winter Goods.
It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the superb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Weier Merchant Tailor, No. 126 Federal street, Allegheny. His stock embraces some of the rarest and most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vesting ever brought to this western market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready-made Pants, Coats, Vests and Overcoats will also be found at his establishment. Persons in want of anything in the clothing line should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

New Oyster Depot.
A new broom always sweeps clean, but this is an old broom with a new handle. Messrs. Buck & McLaughlin, have opened at No. 21 St. Clair street, corner of the alley, and also in the Diamond market, a splendid stock of oysters, in cans, buckets or shell, which they will serve up to their friends in the most approved style. Mr. McLaughlin is an old caterer to the public, and is well known as one of the most accomplished *culsiniers* in the city. They also have on hand a splendid lot of fruits, both canned and tropical. Give them a call, and test their merits.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,
Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate, of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's, near the Water Works, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 73 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

A Speck of Danger.
The minutest black spot on the enamel of a tooth is an evidence that decay's erasing finger has touched it. Quickly interpose the Sozodont as a safeguard, or the tooth is gone and not only that one, but perhaps half a dozen. Be assured that nothing but Sozodont will either effectually prevent or arrest dental disease.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop.
Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line, at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
WILLIAM FORREST.

Allegheny Library--Public Notice.
The hall of the Allegheny Library Association will be opened to the public on Friday evening, Nov. 3d, at 7½ o'clock. All interested in the success of this valuable institution are earnestly requested to be present.
A. LEDGATE, Secretary.

Now is the Time.
Those who buy their ladies furs soon, will save money. Wm. Fleming, 129 Wood street, has the largest and finest assortment ever offered for sale in this city, and he is now selling at from 10 to 15 per cent. less than they can be bought at any other House in the city.

Just Opened.
Our new clothing House, at 63 Fifth street, where we offer $20,00 worth of clothing regardless of cost, at Oak Hall oct. 3-tf.

C. Sill, Dentist, 246 Penn Street,
Attends promptly to all business in his profession. 1y.

The Titusville *Herald* says: Mr. O. E. Tiffany, the agent of the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad Company, had his pants stolen from his room on Sunday evening, with the keys of the Company's safe in one of the pockets. Yesterday morning it was discovered that the robbers had entered the Company's office, and, using the key to open the safe, had extracted about $1,000 in money. The robbers escaped. The pants were found on a stump near Tiffany's house.

Mr. Samuel Miller, of Lebanon county, has originated from seed two or three grapes which are taking high rank among grape culturists. One of them, the "Martha," which he sold to the distinguished pomologist, Knox, for $500, will take rank among the best of late spot grapes.

PITHOLE has a police force of last.

LETTER FROM ITALY.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

FLORENCE, October 15th, 1865.

We are now within a week of the period fixed for the general elections, and within a month of the meeting of the new Legislature—the latter being the latest moment to which I propose prolonging my stay here, in order to give your readers some account of the installation and physiognomy of the second Italian Parliament. I have purposely refrained hitherto from saying much respecting the probable result of the elections, because the time was evidently not yet ripe for such predictions, and data were wanting on which to found them. Now, however, the case is different, and the electoral movement has assumed a form and vivacity which enables even a stranger, who is looking on, to appreciate it with more confidence. Still, however, I must in a great measure confine myself to general conclusions. To do otherwise, indeed, or enter into minute details, would be to carry little information to American or even European readers. There are, as yet, but very few Italian statesman, legislators, or politicians whose names are of world-wide repute, and it would serve little purpose for me to mention those of a hundred candidates, whose designation would convey no meaning save to a local ear.

I shall begin, then, by simply saying, first, that the universal impression now is, that the opinions and chances of the moderate liberal party in Italy, and their candidates, are completely in the ascendant. The *aequitur* to this statement of course, is that the ultra-liberals, radicals or "party of action *coute que coute*, and at all risks, as well as the reactionary and clerical party, or *peri* (blacks) as they are called, are in a decided minority. But of these two, the last mentioned is supposed to have the better chance to be likely to succeed in placing several representatives among the Electoral College of the South of Italy and Sicily. In Piedmont and Lombardy, they will be altogether repudiated, nor do I think they will attempt to run a candidate even in Tuscany, though that is less certain. The result seems to be that this party cannot hope to form more than a small section of the new Chamber.

The expectations of the ultra-liberals are based chiefly upon the revival of the Provincial jealousies which existed to a certain degree after the death of Cavour, and the partial disorganization of the great moderate party of which he was the founder and the soul, and also upon the stimulus given to those same feelings by the subsequent charge of capitol. This and other circumstances will give the "reds," as they are called in con-tradistinction to the "blacks," a better chance in the old Northern Provinces, and especially in Naples, where jealousy burns with Southern fire. The most notable example, however, of the success of this party may possibly be at Turin, where M. Boitero, editor of the radical *Gazetta del Popolo*, is a favorite candidate, with advocate Feraris and the Marquis de Rosa, of pretty nearly the same color, and, as some say, with Garribaldi himself, though it is not thought the old hero will accept the nomination. Cicognini, editor of the *Diritto*, the organ of the Ultras here in Florence, is also spoken of for Turin. The celebrated "red" orator Brofferio is very certain of re-election at Drone.

The most important step of the Moderates is that which they have taken this very day, in Fiorence. The committee of their chief representative body, the "Liberal Association of Florence," has just published its list of candidates for the new capitol, accompanied by an address of most excellent tone. Both the choice of men and the language used, are, I think, all that can be desired. The committee "recognizes with the greatest satisfaction, the development of political life throughout the country, and the action and serious interest taken by the people in the coming election." All it proceeds to do is to testify the wishes and action of the Moderate party in Florence, and seek to secure its success; and on these grounds it proposes as its first two candidates, Baron Ricasoli and Commander Perruzis. The first named is one of Italy's world-wide celebrities, and therefore needs no comment of mine. The second is known best as having signed the Convention of September, with France, an act which sufficiently denotes his policy. But it is the third nomination and its motives which reflect the highest credit upon the Florentine Committee. Their eyes, they say, had naturally been turned for representatives upon men of their own State and city. But "a device had been employed by many of the electors that Florence, in the ensuing election, should pay a testimony of fraternity and sympathy to *Piedmont* by the choice of one of the illustrious political men of that Province to represent her in Parliament." Not only did the Committee itself at once rally to this truly national and patriotic desire, but, to his great honor, the Marquis Garzoni, who was to have had the third nomination, at once also withdrew his claims and gave in his adhesion to the proposal. In consequence of this wise and politic determination of the Moderate party, the well-known Piedmontese commander, Bancompagne, the extraordinary commissioner sent by Victor Emanuel to negotiate the annexation of Tuscany, has been named as the candidate of the Moderate party for the representation of the Capitol. The Piedmontese must be as hard of heart as their own mountains, if they do not melt at this most delicate and well-judged act of courtesy on the part of their Tuscan countrymen.

STATE NEWS.

A MAN in Reading, a member of several lodges, is in the habit of serving late at night on committees. On Thursday night of last week, his labors had a confusing effect on his mental operations. At a very early hour in the morning he put a six shooter under his pillow and illumined his bed chamber dimly with gas, as a precaution against burglars. During the proceeding day his wife hung up on a nail, directly opposite the foot of the bed in the sleeping apartment, a pair of pants, a coat and a hat. His slumbers were disturbed. He heard something and sure enough saw a burglar at the foot of the bed. He called three times, to know his business there, and then fired two shots at the burglar, when his wife commenced screaming "murder." All the rest of the inmates of the house rushed into the room, and he presently realized that he had fired a bullet each through the tail of his coat and seat of his breeches hanging on a peg against the wall at the foot of his bed. MORAL—It would be better not to stay out too late serving on committees, &c.

AN interesting matter was before the Register's Court of Lebanon, last week, in the hearing of an appeal from the appraisement of the Cornwall Ore Hills. A number of witnesses—experienced iron men—were examined, and agreed in fixing the valuation at $500,000.

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says the Lochle. Iron Works of that City, recently put in operation, is now making the best quality of railroad iron ever manufactured in this country. Gen. Cameron and G. D. Coleman, Esq., are largely interested in these works.

THE man Darrow, examined on the charge of highway robbery, at Pleasantville, on Saturday, was bound over for appearance at the next Quarter Sessions in the sum of $5,000, which not being able to procure, he was committed to jail at Titusville.

A MATCH HUNT took place in Steuben township, Crawford county, a few days since. Two parties, of eight or ten men on each side, in the course of a three days hunt, bagged nearly 1000 squirrels and other small game.

The Norristown *Herald* estimates that the amount of money invested in worthless oil companies by residents of that town, is from one hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand dollars.

GOV. CURTIN and suite arrived in Erie city last evening, and took rooms at Brown's Hotel. They are on their way to Girard to attend the inauguration of the monument.—*Dispatch of Monday.*

GREEN apples are selling in Philadelphia at eighteen dollars per barrel, cranberries at fifteen dollars per barrel, and chestnuts at eight dollars per ditto.

A PARTY of Engineers left Erie last Tuesday, for the purpose of surveying the new railroad to the oil country, which is to run from Erie to Milltown.

A PARTY of English "capitalists" have lately been in Lebanon, looking for a location for the establishment of a steel manufactory.

Two railroad passengers were relieved of their wallets at Meadville, on Saturday—one of $300, and the other less.

THE Juniata *Sentinel* has passed into new hands, and is now edited and published by H. H. Wilson, Esq.

A LITERARY Society lately organized in Lebanon is succeeding beyond expectation.

Trial of Lieut. Col. Marston—Military Department Change—Revenue Receipts.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The *Times'* Washington dispatch says: The naval court martial for the trial of Lieutenant Colonel Ward Marston, of the United States Marine corps, was commenced yesterday afternoon.

By order of the Secretary of War the State of Wisconsin has been taken from the military department of Missouri and added to the department of Ohio.

The receipts of the Internal Revenue yesterday amounted to $3,500,635; the receipts of Customs yesterday amounted to $10,000,000 in gold.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Ten hundred and seventy-five bales cotton passed for St. Louis, six hundred and seventy-five for Cincinnati, two hundred and ninety for Evansville, and two hundred for Cairo.

LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

EXTENSIVE COTTON SWINDLING.

The New York Street Cleaning Commission.

AFFAIRS IN NORTHERN ALABAMA.

From Mexico and the West Indies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Times* states that Col. Crook has ferreted out the system of cotton thieving of huge proportions by which the government has been badly swindled, and certain assistant treasury agents have pocketed large sums of money. A Rev. Mr. Coover has been arrested as one of the principal agents in the fraud. Cotton burners are very plenty, and several fires of that description lately have destroyed much of that description of property.

The musical strike was only partially successful. Three or four of the theatres being without orchestras, supplied their places with piano, vocal and melodeon music.

The Street Cleaning Commission met at City Hall to-day, to consider charges against the street cleaning contractors. The Police Board if desirable, would aid with such proofs as could be offered of the truth of the charges. Mr. Vanderpool presented an answer to the charges, and it was decided to instruct the contractors to make particular answers to each. The Police Board adjourned until eleven o'clock A. M. Monday.

Northern Alabama is full of patriotism and American flags are seen on many houses, but the southern portion of the State, including Mobile, is not so patriotic, they having suffered heavily from investments in rebel currency, &c.

Horrible outrages have lately been committed near Florence. Several persons have been burned to death by robbers in search of valuables.

The latest Mexican advices confirm the appointments of Magruder and Maury in the colonization bureau. The Mexican *Times* congratulates the Imperial Government upon these appointments, and urges emigration from the United States. Maximilian's agents of colonization have been appointed in several of the Southern States. Magruder's salary is $3,000, and contingencies $2,500.

Intelligence is received by way of Havana in relation to the negro insurrection in Jamacia, states that the disorders began in the district of St. Thomas, where martial law has been declared. The leader of the insurrection is named Paul Boyle. The Government has offered two thousand dollars for his arrest. Two Spanish war vessels, the Santo Lucia and Andolilna, had left Santiago on the 19th ult., to protect the Spanish citizens in Jamacia, and offer aid to the authorities in suppressing the revolt.

The *World's* Havana correspondent of the 27th says: An attack upon the railroad at Tertja, Mexico, was made by a party of guerrillas. The trains were detained and the passengers taken some miles from the station, where the Spanish, Mexican, German and American travelers were released, and the French, civil and military, were detained. No doubt they have been shot, probably Counterfeit Maximilian. The American passengers, not identified with the politics of the country are unmolested.

Intelligence has been received from Vera Cruz to the 23d of October.

The Emperor Maximilian has established the provisional capitals, of which are Vera Cruz, Achihuia and Mazatlin.

The advices from Mexico contain reports of various skirmishes at different points, between the Imperialists and Juarists, but no battle of real importance has taken place.

THE CASE OF WIRZ.

Bad Treatment of Freedmen in Maryland.

BEECHER AND THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY.

Our Relations with England.

LETTERS FROM SOUTHERN POSTMASTERS.

FAREWELL GREETING TO MR. ORTON.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Times'* special says: The papers in the case of Wirz were yesterday evening placed in the hands of the President, for his approval or disapproval of the findings and judgment of the Military Commission. Up to the present moment it is not known that the President has disposed of the case.

The *World's* special says: The great pressure of public business on the President has prevented him from doing anything in the Wirz case. The brief of his record made by the Judge Advocate General has not even been laid before the Executive.

Letters were received at the Freedmen's Bureau this morning complaining of the treatment of the freedmen in Anne Arundel county, Maryland. Every effort will be made for the abatement of these complaints.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher had an interview with the President yesterday and again this morning. He is now more than ever pleased with the President's policy.

A special cabinet meeting was held at noon. There is little or no doubt but that the Adams-Russell correspondence of the Alabama piracy are under consideration, and the reply of Mr. Seward to Earl Russell read at the meeting and duly considered, though in some quarters it is decided that the dispatch to Minister Adams went out on to-day's steamer.

The *Tribune's* special, dated Washington Nov. 1 says: The Government has received from Charleston, South Carolina, a quantity of letters written in the spring of 1861 by the more honest postmasters, containing money and postage stamps, but all seized at that city by the Confederates. The stamps being useless to them they were allowed to terminate, the Government has also received $7,400 for postage due from Charleston before the war.

Ex-Commissioner Orton received the farewell greetings of the clerks of the Internal Revenue Bureau, and left for New York last night.

Commissioner Rollins, who returned last evening, assumed his new duties to-day.

Sixty-one millions certificates of indebtedness were passed at the Treasury yesterday to the credit of the various purchasing quartermasters throughout the country to liquidate the outstanding claims of Government contractors.

THE $50 COUNTERFEIT GREENBACK.

Veteran Reserve Corps Muster Out Rolls.

ANOTHER—TRIAL FOR CRUELTY TO PRISONERS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A special to the *Herald*, dated Washington, Nov. 1, says the fifty dollar counterfeit greenback is such a successful piece of workmanship, that about a dozen copies of it have been passed over the counters at the treasury. The veteran treasurer, General Spinner acknowledged himself puzzled to distinguish the good from the bad in this case.

Captain Woodruff, of the veteran Reserve Corps, has been charged with making out the rolls, and Major Lamotte is to muster out those veterans who wish it, as soon as the rolls are made out. Two or three days will elapse before the men of the Veteran Reserve Corps in this department will have an opportunity to vote on the question.

The case of Capt. Pettit, the Alexandria jailor, charged with cruelty to prisoners, will come up before a Military Commission, to-morrow. Evidence will be adduced to prove Pettit guilty of outrages but little inferior to those at Andersonville, bearing on the destruction of life at the latter place. He was a Veteran Reserve Captain, and was arrested by order of the Secretary of War, for inhumanity towards citizens of Alexandria as well as Union soldiers.

BRITISH TROOPS FOR CANADA.

Anticipated Fenian Demonstration.

MONTREAL MOURNING FOR LORD PALMERSTON.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A special to the *Times* from Montreal on Thursday, Nov. 2d, says: I understand that five regiments of British troops will be here very soon on their way to Upper Canada, to guard against a possible Fenian demonstration in that province. Steamers are in readiness down the river to transport these troops.

The City of Montreal is in mourning for the death of Lord Palmerston, and also for the sale of Counsellor Ayhamenault, who was killed on the steamer St. John. There will be a great funeral to-morrow.

Atlanta, Ga.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Times'* Atlanta correspondent represents that city as speedily recovering from its ruins, and business and enterprise active.

ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE.

MR. McPHERSON'S POSITION.

Naval Court Martial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The leading journal have recently published a statement of the law governing the Clerk of the House of Representatives in making up the roll for the organization of the next House, who construes that law so as to preclude him from placing on the rolls, any names of Representative elect from the lately rebellious States.

This statement they have incorrectly attributed to the Clerk himself. It was written by Mr. Whitelow, Librarian of the House, for a western journal with which he is connected, but there are sufficient reasons for believing that he faithfully and exactly states the view of the law on which the Clerk will act.

It may therefore be considered as settled that in the organization of the House no members elect from the lately insurrectionary States will participate after the organization. Their cases will come up on the presentation of their credentials, and will doubtless be referred in due course to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. McPherson, himself, however, has published nothing on the subject and is not likely to volunteer a printed explanation of his intended course, in advance.

In the Senate the organization was effected at the extraordinary session, following the inauguration, and consequently the claims of the Senators elect from the lately rebellious States, were duly considered by that body, on the presentation of their respective credentials.

The Farragut Naval Court Martial met again to-day, when Col. Marston, of the marine corps, charged with misappropriating a large sum of money placed in his hands for new recruits, to which charge he yesterday pleaded guilty, submitted a written statement in extenuation of the offense. The Court was cleared for deliberation upon a verdict. The next case to be taken up will be that of Commodore Craven, charged with violating one of the articles of war, in not engaging the rebel ram Stonewall in the port of Ferral.

Provisional Governor Parsons, of Alabama, had another interview with the President to-day. One object of his visit is said to be the abolishment of the Freedmen's Bureau, on the ground that it has caused much trouble in the Southern States.

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF NATIONAL DEBT

Reduction of the Debt and Currency.

TOTAL AMOUNT $2,740,854 758.88.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Secretary McCulloch to-day promulgated the statement of the public debt as it appears from the books of the Treasurer's returns and requisitions in the department, on the 31st of October, 1865. The recapitulation shows the following: Debt bearing interest in coin, $1,161,137,691.80; Debt bearing interest in lawful money, $1,191,819,757.46; Debt on which interest has ceased, $1,373,930.09; Debt bearing no interest, $386,533,359 51; total amount outstanding, $2,740,854,758 86. The total interest is $138,933,076 59, of which $67,670,340.00 is in coin, and $75,287,728,001 is in lawful money. The legal tender notes in circulation is as follows: Five per cent. notes, $35,626 901 00, U. S. Notes, old issue, $3,029,070.00; U. S. Notes, new issue, $637,708,460 00; Compound Interest Notes, $173,012,141 00; total, $833,689 000. In Currency, $33,800,591.54; total, $868 833,578 60. Fractional Currency, $250,005,469.00.

A contrast of this October statement with that for September shows a reduction of the public debt of $4,000,000, and also a reduction of legal tenders of over $3,000,000. This October statement there is also a new feature, namely the amount outstanding in 5 20 bonds. Exchanges under the act of March 34, 1865, are nearly $200,000,000. These are payable after five and redeemable in twenty years from November 1st, 1865, at six per cent. interest in coin. The temporary loan four per cent. is $61,728 at due prior to ult. at $313,007, and at six per cent. $67,185,306. Certificates of Indebtedness bearing six per cent. interest, $355,905,000.

Finance and Trade in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—This morning the stock market was less buoyant, probably from the prevailing disposition among the bulls to realize profits. The transactions on all the leading railroads were large at the morning board, but coming principally from the sellers' side. There was generally a decline on prices varying from one-half to four and and a quarter per cent.

At the last board, the market was stronger, with continued good demand. Prices were generally better, and the bull interest was in the ascendency, Erie has been largely over sold, hence the sudden rise. There was considerable excitement on Prairie du Chien, and stock sold at 83½. After board, the market was firmer on the street.

The following were the closing prices at 4:30 P. M.: New York Central, 103¾@101; Erie, 92½@93¾; Hudson, 107½@107¾; Reading, 115¾@115½; Michigan Southern, 73½@73¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 80¾@80½; Cleveland and Toledo, 102@104¼; Rock Island, 109 @109¼; Prairie du Chien, 82@83½; North Western 33¾@34; North Western preferred, 66?.@66¾.

Gold is up to 146½@146¾. The heavy demand still for custom duties has strengthened the premium.

The *Commercial* says: It is understood that the English capitalists before sailing yesterday, signed preliminary papers for the perpetual lease of the Morris and Essex and Catawissa railroads to the Atlantic and Great Western Company, the latter company to build one hundred and eighty miles of the new road, so as to complete the connection of the other railroads with their own and also to lay extra rail on the Morris and Essex and Catawissa roads. The arrangement, we believe is not final, and there is reason for question whether it is intended to be so, or merely to facilitate the making of advantageous terms with the Erie company.

The money market was more active to-day, in consequence of increased speculation at the stock exchange. The demand was readily met at 7 per cent, and brokers found no difficulty at the legal rate. There is a full demand for discounts, and commercial paper does not pass any more freely than before. The rates are 7@12 per cent.

From Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 2.—The annual celebration of the order of Odd Fellows took place to-day. A procession with music at its head, marched through the city. An address was delivered by Rev. J. B. Ferguson. A large delegation of the order arrived from Louisville and other cities. The festivities concluded with a levee and ball at the Masonic Temple.

The counsel in the cases of Dick McGann, held as a prisoner of war at Knoxville concluded their arguments to-day in the Circuit Court in favor of a writ of habeas corpus being granted him.

Cotton has advanced one and a half cent over the quotations of yesterday, closing active at forty-six and one half and forty-seven. A lot offered at forty-eight and taken. Six hundred and forty-five bales were received, and four hundred and seventy-three shipped.

The river is at a stand.

From Northern Mexico.

NEW YORK, November 2.—By the arrival yesterday of General Aguirra, military commander of the State of Coahuhila, for the republic of Mexico, we learn that General Escoveda was in Cohuhila, about 200 miles west of Matamoras, on the 20th and 25th of September last, with his forces scattered all over that State and New Leon, acting entirely on the defensive, and only harassing the French by bushwhacking.

Gen. Aguirra states that Cosal and Corda Leon and others were more than one hundred miles from Matamoras, and were waiting the return of Gen. Coragull with means and implements of war. He asserts that the reported defeat of the Liberals at Matamoras is untrue. He says that the whole mass of the Mexican population will rise and exterminate the French as soon as they can get arms and ammunition, and that President Juarez is in no danger.

The Missouri Legislature.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—The adjourned session of the Missouri Legislature convened at Jefferson City to-day. No quorum being present in the Senate, that body adjourned till to-morrow. The House organized with Col. Jameson, speaker pro tem., in the chair, but adjourned without transacting any business.

Walter Lovelace, the regular Speaker of the House, having been appointed Judge of the Supreme Court by Gov. Fletcher, a vacancy exists, but it is not decided whether the House will elect a new Speaker, or call Col. Jameson to preside during the session.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A special to the *Tribune*, from Havana, says: The slave trade in Cuba is very flourishing.

Efforts are being made by Arguelles, to induce the President of the United States to interfere in his behalf.

The Captain General of Cuba, Mr. Dominego Rodias, is to be removed on the 15th inst. This is anticipated with great satisfaction by the inhabitants.

NATIONAL BANK STATEMENT.

Treaties with Indian Tribes

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S FAMILY.

The Difficulty with England.

H. W. BEECHER AND THE PRESIDENT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Post's* Washington special says: The quarterly report of Freeman Clark shows loans and discounts of the national banks to be four hundred and eighty-five millions of dollars. The circulation was one hundred and seventy-one millions. Individual deposits, four hundred and ninety-four millions. Circulation of State banks about sixty millions.

The *Herald's* special says: A letter has been received at the Indian Bureau from Fort Smith, dated October 10th. It states that while most favorable treaties have been consummated with several of the prominent tribes of that section, the council of all the Indians of Dacotah will necessarily have to be delayed until May or June next, owing to the lateness of the season, which is devoted to a grand hunt. All the tribes are represented as being anxious to treat with the Government Commissioners.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says: A number of colored men of Norfolk, Va., have combined and purchased a farm of one thousand acres for $10,000 on Currituck Sound, twenty miles from Norfolk. They expect to cut it up into forty farms of twenty-five acres each. The National Freedmen's Savings Bank already has deposits exceeding to a quarter of a million of dollars, and as the Government pays off the colored troops; the amount grows rapidly.

The *Times'* special says: Judge Patterson, of Tennessee, United States Senator elect from that State, and his wife, daughter of President Johnson, the lady who does the honors at the White House, and their son, with Franklin Johnson, about fourteen years of age, the youngest son of the President, left on Monday night for Vermont, where it is intended to place the boys in a University. The distinguished party were in a special goverement car attached to the regular through train from Washington to New York.

A special Cabinet meeting was held at noon to-day. All of the members were present. There is little or no doubt that the Adams-Russell correspondence of the Alabama piracies were under consideration, and that the reply of Mr. Seward to Earl Russell was read at the meeting and was duly considered, though in some quarters it is declared that the dispatch to Minister Adams went out on to-day's steamer.

The *Post's* Washington special says: Rev. Henry Ward Beecher had an interview yesterday with the President. Mr. Johnson was very frank in his statement of his purposes and convictions. He declared that no State lately in rebellion ought to be permitted to reserve to itself any rights in the Union till they shall adopted the constitutional amendment, and provided to extend slavery to the freedmen.

A special to the *World* says: Orders were issued from the War Department under date of Oct. 28th to remit the unreported portion of sentences of a number of enlisted men and others tried by Court Martial upon various charges, to be imprisoned for a term of years.

From New York—Trotting Match—The Fenian Senate—Fires.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—At the trotting match on the Fashion Course yesterday, G. Johnson named "Billy," and A. Patterson named "Brown Mare." The match was for $5,000, mile heats. "Brown Mare" won three heats. Time, 2:48¾, 2:49 and 2:51. Stonewall Jackson and Lady Jane were also matched, for $500; mile heats, best three in five. Stonewall was awarded the race, the mare having run during the race.

The Fenian headquarters in this city is the scene of much business. Every one is working in good earnest.

A fire occurred this noon on the corner of Beaver and New streets, in a large building occupied by Reidinger & Co., liquor dealers, and Read & Rondey, provision dealers. The damage is unknown yet, but must be heavy.

The Crystal Oil Works in Brooklyn were burned this morning.

New York Chamber of Commerce on Contraction of the Currency.

NEW YORK, November 2.—The Chamber of Commerce held a monthly meeting this afternoon. Resolutions were adopted approving of the sentiments expressed by the Secretary of the Treasury in his speech at Fort Wayne, as well as his recent action in funding $50,000,000 in legal tender notes, thus giving assurance of a determination to exert his influence and authority in favor of an early return to specie payments; also expressing, emphatically, a conviction of the necessity of prompt but cautious movents in the direction of contraction of the currency and therefore entering in advance, an emphatic protest against every effort that may be made in Congress, at the approaching session, to increase the National bank currency beyond 300 millions authorized, or the issue of a single dollar more of paper money in any form. Also, that copies of resolutions be forwarded to the President and Secretary of the Treasury.

Tobacco Dealers' Convention—Important Naval Orders.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—A call has been made for a National Convention of the tobacco dealers to meet on the 22d of November, for arranging for securing legislation concerning their interests.

Col. John O. Mahony, president of the Fenians, denies that he ever made statements to the correspondent of the London *Times*, as the latter alleges. There is much activity at the Fenian Headquarters in this city.

The *Herald* says: Orders supplementary to one advertised in the Navy Department, signed by the Secretary of the Navy, directing all our iron clad vessels now lying idle to be put in order and get ready for sea at the earliest practicable period.

Pigeon Shooting Match at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Nov. 2.—A pigeon shooting match between R. Newell, of this city, and John Taylor, of Jersey City, commenced at Syracuse to-day. There was some misunderstanding at first about traps, but the shooting at one hundred single birds begins at one o'clock. The weather is drizzly. Shooting at double birds to-morrow.

Registry Laws of Maryland Sustained.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—The Court of Appeals of the State of Maryland, has sustained the constitutionality of the registry law of the State, and also of the consistency of the provisions in the constitution of the State with the constitution of the United States.

Passengers of the Steamer Republic Safe.

CHARLESTON, N. Y., 2.—A boat in charge of the first officer of the steamer Republic, arrived here safe this morning with twelve passengers. The boat in charge of a passenger of the Republic, arrived at Hilton Head with twenty-four passengers, all well.

BY LAST NIGHT'S MAILS.

In his speech at the inauguration of the Soldiers' Monument at Girard last Wednesday, Gov. CURTIN took occasion to express himself strongly against interference in Mexican affairs. We quote.

"Let us never have another war—let us not seek a war with foreign countries, let us consider it (if in no other way) as a question of dollars and cents. Let us pray night and morning that our statesmen may not draw us into another war. We have lost men enough—there are enough widows and orphans already in the land. We have expended money enough. What have we to do with Maximilian? I am of the opinion that if we let the Mexicans alone they will be strong enough in the end to drive the bogus Emperor into the Gulf themselves. They are millions strong; they are reasonably warlike, and formidable in many respects. They will not have an Emperor forced on them without their consent, and I can tell you with all frankness that the change in their government from a republic to a monarchy is just as much a result of the rebellion as the battle of Gettysburgh! The French Emperor would have never dared to meddle with the affairs of any nation on this side the ocean if we had not been engaged in an exhausting war, on which he believed and hoped, without doubt, that we would fail. But his expectations are, or will be disappointed. But we can go into no more wars, and when I say that, I think I speak the sentiments of every man before me who has been in the military service."

The Galveston (Texas) *News* learns that the news of Secretary Seward's complicity with the British Government against the order of the Fenian Brotherhood, has aroused such indignation that the Irish adopted citizens of the South will move an address to President Johnson for his dismissal from the Cabinet.

Rev. FATHER FENAN was consecrated Bishop of Nashville, at the Catholic Cathedral, in St. Louis, on Wednesday, Archbishop Kenrick, Bishop Duggan, of Chicago, Bishop Jancker, of Alton, Bishop Meiere, of Kansas, and several priests officiated.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS has signified his consent to accept the nomination for Governor, Joe Brown positively refuses to run, and Chas. Jenkins, may decline. Georgia would go unanimously for Stephens.

Two notorious guerrilla, one named Berry, with a party of nineteen men, is operating in the vicinity of Carrollton, Ky.

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