The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1865.

THE POISONING CASE.

The jury, it will be seen, have found Mrs. GRINDER guilty of murder in the first degree, as was unavoidable, the evidence against her being overwhelming.

The details of this case present an instance of persistent devilishness never excelled in the criminal history of the world. Whilst reading them the mind is insensibly carried back to the darker ages, when poisoning was a favorite pastime for those who took pleasure in putting people out of the world; but in all the cases that recur to our memory we know not one that equals this in atrocity.

For this woman had no apparent motive for her crimes. It was not to punish, nor to inflict vengeance, nor to come into possession of property. She seems to have been actuated only by a fiendish delight in the suffering she inflicted, smoothing the way for her success by an artfully simulated interest in relieving the distress she caused, and seizing upon her opportunities as a volunteer nurse to make the work of her poison sure.

How many people she has sent to their last account will probably never be known. The list of her known victims is frightful enough in its extent to appall the keenest love of the horrible. Every man, woman, or child that came within her reach during the period covered by the legal examination that has taken place, seems to have been victimized by her, the one exception being her husband. When she selected a victim she first made him or her sick, by the administration of poison in food or drink, then proffered her kindly services as nurse, and then improved every opportunity by following up the poison, dose after dose, in tea, in coffee, in soup, in milk, or in any other possible way, all the while enjoying the torture inflicted, yet ever pressing herself into service as the kindest and most sympathetic of nurses. If any other nurse accidentally came in, and obstructed her operations by administering unpoisoned food or drink, she grew jealous and got them out of the way as soon as possible, generally with a dose of poison not quite sufficient to kill instantly. It seems to have been no part of her plan to kill any one outright, as that deprived her of the luxury of witnessing the tortures which accompany slow poisoning, and hence her doses were limited and intended to be cumulative. It is to this fact that many of her victims escaped with life, circumstances having intervened to put them beyond her reach before she had time, according to her plan, to complete their destruction.

Altogether it is a remarkable case, and will pass into history along with the other celebrated causes that have attracted attention from time to time.

GOV. HUMPHREYS.

We ask special attention to the following extract from the inaugural of Gov. HUMPHREYS, just elected Governor of Mississippi:

"To work, is the law of God; and is the only certain protection against the pauperism and crimes of both races. The negro is peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of the great staples of the South. He should be encouraged to engage at once in their production, by assurances of protection against his superior cupidity and injustice of his employer. He is free to choose his labor and to make his own bargain. But he should be required to choose some employment, that will insure the maintenance of himself and family. On the other hand, the employer must be assured that the labor contracted for will be specifically performed. The cultivation of the great staples of the South requires continuous labor from January to January. *The planter cannot venture upon their cultivation unless the laborer is compelled to comply with his contract; remaining and performing his proper amount of labor, day after day, and week after week, through the whole year; and if he attempts to escape he should be returned to his employer, and forced to work until the time for which he has contracted has expired.* By such a system of labor, the welfare and happiness of the African may be secured, the agricultural and commercial prosperity of the State sustained, and our homes again become the abode of prosperity."

There is no mistaking the purport of this. It is a plea for the forced system of labor—a serfdom under another name. The cotton planter, we are told, must be given the right to coerce his employees, and be entitled to their forced return if they should escape. Call you this "free labor?" Is this the way to raise the freedmen to the highest point of civilization? It is simply a system to enable the planter to raise as much cotton as possible by the compelled toil of his laborers. The Governor says he accepts emancipation in good faith, and that he is profoundly impressed with the responsibility of educating and elevating the colored race; but we turn with loathing from such hypocritical pretensions when we find that his controling idea is the culture of cotton, and not the culture of the freedmen. The old southern leaders cannot get away from the ideas of slavery. They have no proper conceptions of free labor, nor do they seem capable of adapting themselves to the changed condition of affairs. Better give them a little more time, and let their eyes get used to the light so suddenly let in upon them.

NOT SORRY.

The Mobile candidates for Congress are thus politically classified by the *Times* of that city: "The Hon. C. C. Langdon, an original Union man, but who rallied to the standard of his State, and stood by secession so long as anything of it was left. The Hon. T. M. Williams, also an original Union man, who stood out in the teeth of secession, even while it appeared successful; and, finally, Colonel S. B. Cleveland, a former democrat of the State Sovereignty School, who believed in secession, fought for it, and now submits, but says that he does not repent, and if the South has sinned, she has been mulcted in damages heavy enough to make up for her errors." Now mark the result, when it is reached, and see if this man who is frank enough to say he does not repent, is not chosen. In Virginia the men who persisted throughout in saying that they could not and would not take the test oath, led the poll wherever the issue was distinctly made.

SOUTHERN GOVERNORS.

It is a little singular that in the only elections for Governors that have yet taken place in the South the (white) people have decidedly preferred the men to the moderate rebels, and defeated the men presented with the endorsement that they would be acceptable at Washington. Judge FLANDERS was presented in this way in Mississippi, but he was defeated by HUMPHREYS, the officer fresh from the rebel ranks and chosen solely because of his services in the rebel army; and now we see that in South Carolina, where Mr. ORR was presented as a moderate and acceptable man, he is beaten by WADE HAMPTON, a rebel General and noted for his ultra secession feelings. And it will be so, we apprehend, in all the other States. The ultra secessionists will everywhere be forced into the front.

CONTRACTION AND THE CURRENCY.

This is to be one of the exciting issues in the coming Congress. Secretary McCulloch stands his ground firmly in favor of contraction, and announces that under no circumstances will he depart from his plans, but will push forward towards a redeemable currency, steadily contracting the amount; whilst the speculators and parties interested in an irredeemable and inflated currency declare they will appeal from him to Congress, and not only demand legislation against any further funding of legal tenders but urge an increase of the National Bank currency from three to five hundred millions.

It is but natural that every one who is interested in keeping up the prices of products and manufactures, and who stands prepared to profit by any advance in prices that a further inflation of the currency would produce, should be opposed to contraction and in favor of expanding the currency. But the great mass of the community are interested in just the other way, and to them a termina ion of the present feverish excitement, and wildness and uncertainty of prices, and a return to the normal condition of business affairs, is of the utmost importance.

It is not to be expected that the present expansion of the currency should continue indefinitely. Every body expects it to terminate at some time, but the parties most deeply interested in current speculations say—"Don't force a termination of it *now*. Any time hereafter will do; but let us first get out of our present ventures safely."

This would be a good argument if every one could get out of his commercial ventures a once, or by a given time; but they cannot, and will not, if they can. As long as the inflation continues, adventures will multiply instead of decrease; and as fast as one steps out safely, others will be tempted by his success to take his place. No time can be fixed that will not find some adventures at sea; and the contraction may therefore as well be commenced to-day as any day in the future.

As contraction is thus inevitable, it is the part of prudence and wisdom to prepare for it; and it is also the duty of government, while giving notice that it will go on, to carry it forward in such a way and in such a spirit as will prevent panic or revulsion. The commerce of the country stood up firmly under the heavy decline in gold; and as the contraction of the currency is much more subject to control than the price of gold, let us hope that, while it is pushed with firmness and decision, it will also be conducted in a wise temper and with no greater rapidity than is consistent with the general good.

CANNOT TAKE THE OATH.—In Governor PERRY's message to the South Carolina legislature he says "that an early day should be fixed for the election of members of Congress. Should those members elected be in Washington with their credentials, when the clerk calls the roll, they cannot be excluded any more than those from Massachusetts. *No man in South Carolina can take the test oath without perjury.* It is not the policy of the President to enforce this, and he believes it will not be the policy of Congress." Of course, Governor PERRY is not authorized to speak for the President, and he is hugely mistaken if the supposes that Congress will stultify itself in the way he suggests. If no man in South Carolina can take the test oath, let her stay out until she can raise a crop of men qualified to represent her.

BEGGARS ON HORSEBACK.—The *Commercial* quotes an expression which we applied to Gov. PIERPOINT, of Va., as to the folly of putting beggars on horseback, and tries to make its readers believe that we used it in reference to the President. The unfairness of the quotation is characteristic of the conductors of that sheet, who have very naturally a fellow feeling with beggars on horseback.

IT is believed that the expenses of the government for the ensuing year, interest and all, will not exceed $265,000,000, while the receipts are estimated at $365,000,000. This would enable us to extinguish one hundred millions of debt in a year.

The Late Episcopal Convention—Letter from Mr. F. R. Brunot—A Reply to Rev. Dr. Kerfoot.

To Rev. J. G. Kerfoot:

REV. AND DEAR SIR:—I have waited for several days since the publication of your letter in the newspapers, hoping that the gentleman to whom it was addressed, or some other clergyman, would publicly reply to its fallacies. I regret (and especially at this time, for reasons aside from the subject-matter,) that truth and justice compel me to controvert some erroneous impressions your letter is calculated to produce in regard to those who differ with you, and in regard to the Church which we claim to love equally with so distinguished a divine as yourself. With your personal claim of persistent loyalty during the war, no one can find fault, no one on the door of the convention called it in question, nor did the resolution against which you voted say, or infer, anything on that subject.

When you assert, as you do, that such an imputation was made, and that it was "untrue, unnecessary and unjust so to represent this as the point," I solemnly assert that it was *not so represented* by Rev. Dr. Vinton, the only member who was permitted by the majority to speak a word in favor of the resolutions, and that it was "ungenerous and unjust" for you to make such an assertion. For the truth of my allegation, I appeal to the phonographic reports.

You say further: "The point was simply this—Is it *right* to legislate here by way of political manifestations on such topics of civil policy, history and duty? We say it is *wrong and sinful*, as well as unwise and hurtful." The insinuation that the mover of the resolutions and those who approved of his motion, are men capable of proposing *any* action in the Church merely by way of "political manifestations," is unworthy, and you surely do them great injustice. For myself, as one of them, I may be permitted to hope that the slander was not intended. It is unpleasant to touch upon the personal aspects of your letter, and I gladly turn away from other similar points, believing that you could not have intended the construction which your words invite.

On the eighth day of the convention a message was received from the House of Bishops' stating that they had appointed a thanksgiving service "in consideration of the return of peace to the country and unity to the Church," and "affectionately requesting the House of Clerical and Lay Delegates to join with them," &c.

Hon. W. Hunt proposed the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That this House, recognizing with profound gratitude the goodness of Almighty God manifested in the *restoration of national peace and Union*, will cordially unite in the thanksgiving on Tuesday next."

You voted for this resolution.

On the ninth day Mr. Binney offered a further resolution, as follows:

"*Resolved*, That this House, in most cordially concurring, as it has done, in the resolution of the House of Bishops appointing a day of thanksgiving for the return of peace to the country and unity to the Church, most respectfully express to the House of Bishops its earnest desire that, in the religious services to be appointed for that day, *especially thanks be offered to Almighty God for the re-establishment of the national authority over our whole country, and for the removal of the great occasion of national dissension, and estrangement to which our late troubles are due.*"

You voted to lay this resolution on the table, and a motion being made for reconsideration you voted to keep it there. So far at the alleged sin of voting "such topics" into the Church, you are surely as guilty in voting for one as you could have been in voting for the other, or as I am in voting for both. In their *nature*, as proposing to thank God for great national or political blessings, they are the same. Mr. Washington Hunt, whose lead you followed, said, in regard to his resolution:

"When we returned thanks for peace, the House certainly returned thanks for all the blessings flowing from it, among which might be numerated the abolition of slavery. It that could really be considered a blessing."

If it is not political to thank God for the restoration of national peace and Union, it cannot be political in any wise to thank God for the restoration of peace, the restoration of the national authority by which the Union was restored," and the removal of the great cause of dissension. When you voted for one of these resolutions, and afterwards tell us in your letter you voted against the other *because* you deemed its introduction "wrong and sinful" you condemn yourself, and in doing so carry the suggestion to many minds that you must have had some other than the shallow excuse given.

In the Prayer Book is a Thanksgiving "for restoring public peace at home," by your liturgic name that it hath pleased Him to "appease the tumults which have been raised among us." You must pronounce it "sinful and wrong." Again, the thing which you condemn was not the preaching of the so-called politics in a congregation of the people on the Lord's day, but simply a proposition on a week day in a council of clergy and laity, assembled to do the secular as well as spiritual legislation of the Church. Even the sophisticated arguments of some of the clergy who, with inconsistent zeal for the peace of the Church, use the pulpit on the Lord's day to preach against preaching politics would not sell you in this case.

But, to change the ground, you do not think Mr. Binney's resolution wrong in itself, for in your letter you say:

"I do rejoice, from my soul, in the destruction of African slavery, and I praise God for this great mercy."

And, in another place:

"We loved our country and rejoiced in its triumph over the rebellion, and rejoiced in the overthrow of African slavery heartily and fully, and we praise God for these His great mercies."

These are noble words, and we rejoice in their utterance. I thank God that I may believe them to be the sentiments of a great majority of the Christian men and women of the church. But how can they be reconciled with a refusal to praise God for these, His mercies, in the public assemblies of His Church? Certainly such refusal can be justified on no manly or Christian ground; certainly, least of all, by the flimsy pretext that these great mercies are mere "political manifestations," of which it is "wrong and sinful" for the Church to speak! This surely could not have influenced your vote. There must have been some still other cause. I recur to your letter, and find the other cause there stated: "*There are some among us who cannot vote aye on these resolves.*" Why "embarrass" them? There are political questions, among us, too, who are not pleased with the restoration of the authority of the Government over the whole country, and the removal of the cause of national trouble! Is it possible that any Christian ministers could be so forgetful of their relation to the author of these great mercies as to permit such men to make faint the hearts and palsy the lips which of all others should swell with gratitude and pour it forth in praise? I could not have believed the monstrous proposition had not my eyes seen and my ears heard. I could not have believed it of you, sir, had not your pen written the confirmation.

In speaking of the politicians in the convention whose lead so many of the clergymen followed, I do not mean allusion to the delegates who came from the lately seceded States. They came to us, as I believe, with right hearts and in the line of conscious duty. I believe they were prepared to thank God, with us, for the return of peace, the restoration of the national authority, and the removal of the causes of dissension. Honored them for their manly and Christian promptitude in returning to the right way. They brought none of the swines' husks in their hands for us to eat. They had escaped, and returned, no doubt with thankful hearts. But they found among us those who were still subsisting at the discarded food. These raised the old mad dog cry of politics in the Church, and when such men as yourself joined in it, they would have been more than human if they did not follow. It seems to me you have done a mischief you cannot repair. God may put it into the hearts of our Southern brethren to come to the next convention ready to take the initiative in praising Him for the blessing of a good Government and the removal of the curse of slavery; otherwise we shall only have simulated quiet, not peace in the Church, under the tyranny of an overbearing majority.

I propose in another letter to show that "such topics" as you condemn as "sinful," are in exact accordance with the teachings, standards, and practice of the Church.

OCTOBER 28, 1865. FELIX R. BRUNOT.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

☞ AT A LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING, held by the colored citizens of Allegheny, in Avery Mission Church, on Friday evening, October 27th, for the purpose of co-operating with the Garrat League of Harrisburgh, in extending to the Eleven Regiments of Colored Soldiers which will arrive in that city on the 14th of November, a welcome by the colored regiments of Penna., the following persons were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions to aid in serving the colored soldiers of Allegheny county to Harrisburgh to partake of the reception, and to give all our soldiers who may be in that city on the occasion referred to, a POSTIO FEAST.

BENJAMIN F. PUPPERS, Chairman.
SETRAH V. W. ... Amanda J. Cook,
John Jenkins, Jr., Ellen A. Price,
Edward R. Parker, Mary E. Bruce,
Henry R. Williamson, Louisa Wesley,
G. J. Davis, Mary E. Jackson,
Sarah A. Neale, Harriet Johnson,
Jos. A. Roach, Harriet Crawford,
Kate M. Shirp.

The regiment will be interviewed by Gen. Gov. Gen. HOWARD, Hon. Charles Sumner, and other distinguished gentlemen are invited and will be present.

A joint meeting of citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will be held in AVERY MISSION CHURCH, on NEXT FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 3. The meeting will be addressed by Messrs. T. MORRIS CHESTER, of Harrisburg, Historian of Philadelphia and Nassau, of Hollidaysburg. A Collecting Committee for Pittsburgh will then be appointed. REV. JAMES HENRY, Pres't.
SAM'L A. NEALE, Sec'y. oct27-11

☞ STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.—OFFICE JONES' FERRY COMPANY.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 19th, 1865.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Jones' Ferry Company will take place on MONDAY, November 6, at 10 o'clock, at the OFFICE OF A. D. & B. M. SMITH, Water street, Pittsburgh, at which time and place an ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held.

oct20-td WM. M. HERSH, Secretary.

☞ A. F. & M.—THE MEMBERS OF ALLEGHENY LODGE, No. 54, of the American Protestant Association, are requested to attend a regular meeting, THIS (Monday) EVENING at their Hall, 72 federal street, Allegheny, as business after 1st of November, will be transacted.

SAM'L HASLINGS, Secretary.
JOHN MCDONALD, W. M. oct23-td

☞ NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R. Co. will be closed on SATURDAY, Nov. 4th, 1865, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and remain closed until after the Annual Election of Directors, to be held on the 4th day of December next.

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr.,
oct23-td Secretary and Treasurer.

☞ THE MAYORALTY.—JAMES DONALDSON, Alderman of the Fourth Ward, at the solicitation of friends, has consented to allow his name to be used in connection with the next Mayoralty, and will be a candidate subject to the direct vote of the people, in accordance with the recommendation of the last Republican Municipal Convention. oct25-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DESIRABLE LOCATION FOR COUNTRY SEAT OR SALE, situate on Squirrel Hill, four miles from the city, 4½ miles from Laughlin's stat on of the Connellsville Railroad; where can be had from Richards of one to five Acre Tracts of fine quality, in good condition; Barn and House and about 5 acres of Coal, with pit and carry opened.

Also, another Lot adjoining the same, containing 16 acres partly selectioned with oak.

For plot and other information, apply to
oct25 J. R. McCLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth st.

FOR SALE.

ONE NEW TUBULAR BOILER,

6 feet 3 inches diameter, 17 feet long, having three flues, eight inches diameter; 37 flues, 4 inches diameter, each 10 feet 8 inches diameter.

For further particulars call on the undersigned, at the corner of Pike and O'Hara streets.

MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO.
oct24-td

ON CONSIGNMENT AND FOR SALE,

2,000 bbls. Apples;
200 " Peachblow Potatoes;
100 " White Beans;
100 " Onions;
100 " Jersey Sweet Potatoes;
120 boxes Hamburg Cheese;
60 " Goshen do
20 bbls. Cranberries;
25 " Pickles, in salt;
12 half bbls. Pickles, for table;
40 do White Fish;
10 do Trout;
100 bushels Timothy Seed.

GRAFF & REITER,
oct27 No. 216 Liberty street.

DIARRHOEA.

Over 18,000 soldiers were cured of Diarrhœa and Dysentery last year by the use of DR. BRIGHLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE. Too fast to its being used so extensively in the Hospitals is proof of the efficacy of DR. BRIGHLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE for the cure of acute and chronic cases of Diarrhœa and Dysentery. This is the only preparation so vouched for and certain remedy for Cholera. Do not be without so valuable a medicine. Get a bottle of it directly. It is sold by all Druggists at 50 cents per bottle.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
oct24-td WHOLESALE AGENTS.

FOR SALE, A LOT OF GROUND, contiguous to Allegheny about TEN ACRES, situate in Ravenswood. This property is well suited for a Country Residence, being of easy access to the city by the Manchester Passenger Railway, or P. Ft. W. & C. R. R. Would be sold in one or two lots.

For terms, apply to
oct24-td W. & R. WALKER, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—

A TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, AND LOT, No. 94 Washington street, Pittsburgh, lot 22 feet 10 inches front and 32 feet deep; also, a two story FRAME HOUSE on Clay alley, Pittsburgh, lot 20 feet front and 57 feet deep. Inquire of

oct14-tmd No. 107 Smithfield street.

CHAMOIS SKINS, for cleaning silver, glass and plate, Plate Brushes, Walnut Baskets and a variety of Housekeeping Articles, for sale at the Family Grocery store of

GROVER & BAKER'S,
oct23 Corner Liberty and Wood streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOARDING WANTED

FOR GENTLEMAN AND WIFE,

In a respectable private family, in good neighborhood. Address P. O. Box 720.
oct20-td

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON, HANNIBAL, QUINCY, WAPAKONETA, SAW AND KEOKUK, DIRECT.—The steamer DELAWARE, R. W. HARTON, Master, leaves on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1st, 1865, good accommodations, for through passengers.

For freight or passage apply on board.
oct28

DWELLING IN ALLEGHENY

FOR SALE.

A comfortable well built two story BRICK DWELLING on Lincoln street, near Monroe street, containing SEVEN ROOMS and finished Garret; Range in Kitchen; Bath room with hot and cold water. Apply to

G. L. DAVIS, Notary Public,
No. 116 Federal st., Allegheny, up stairs.
oct20-tw4

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—LOTHARION WEST, deceased, late of the Borough of McKeesport, Allegheny county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment for the same and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present the same without delay to the subscribers.

PHOEBE WEST,
oct20-6tw JAS. HARRISON, Adm'rs.

LAWRENCE

County Bonds.

Persons holding the BONDS OF THE COUNTY OF LAWRENCE, Pennsylvania, issued for Railroad purposes are requested to send the undersigned a statement of the amount and numbers of the Bonds they hold, and the railroad to which they were issued, the object being to have concerted action in an amicable arrangement between the holders and the County of Lawrence.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
oct20-1w Wood street, corner of Third.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Tannehill Lane, Pasture Lane and Factory street, has been made, and can be seen at my office, in the Market Building, until the 20th day of October, 1865, on which day it will be handed over to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES I. REIBSPEARE,
Recording Regulator.
oct20-td

HOUSE IN ALLEGHENY.

I offer for sale a convenient and well located two story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, No. 187 Robinson street, Allegheny. Contains 8 rooms, beside finished attic. Gas and water in the house, bath room, range in kitchen.

For further description, apply to

S. S. BRYAN,
oct25 57 Fourth st. (Burke's Building.)

SCHOOL AND

Counting House Slates,

STATIONERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Check Books, Time Books,

BLANK BOOKS,

FOR SALE BY

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,

Stationers and Blank Book Makers,

oct26 39 FIFTH STREET.

CHEAP GOODS.

An immense stock of NEW GOODS at private sale day and evening, at

M'CLELLAND'S AUCTION EMPORIUM,

53 AND 57 FIFTH STREET.

BOOTS, SHOES, GUMS, DRY GOODS, BLANKETS, SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.
oct25

DWELLING HOUSE IN ALLEGHENY

FOR SALE.

A one and a half story frame Cottage House, containing two parlors, dining room, kitchen and four chambers, with water and gas, occupying a lot 62x124, highly cultivated and ornamented with shrubbery and shade trees.

The surroundings are pleasant, affording ample space for fresh air, and the outlook on the three rivers commanding an extensive and varied view.

For further information, apply to

S. S. BRYAN, Broker,
Fourth street, Burke's Building.

HUGH FITZPATRICK,

FIRST PREMIUM

GOLD PEN MANUFACTURER,

Philo Hall, cor. Third and Market sts.,

Second Story, entrance on Third street.

Gold Pens and Gold and Silver Pencil Cases, wholesale and retail.

Pens repaired. Persons having Pens to repair can send them by mail, and they will be promptly returned.
oct7-td

OIL REFINERIES,

MANUFACTORIES

AND DWELLINGS,

FITTED UP WITH

Water, Gas and Steam,

IN A SUPERIOR MANNER

Our facilities are unsurpassed, our stock of goods is large, and our workmen competent. We give personal supervision to all work entrusted to our care, and endeavor to give entire satisfaction.

BAILEY, FARBELL & CO.,
No. 167 Smithfield Street,
oct23 PITTSBURGH, PA.

PURE

GOLD!

The choicest stock of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY, ever brought to Allegheny City, can now be seen at the STORE of

T. H. KLAGES,

No. 98 Federal St.,

Where WATCHES of the best makers JEWELRY of the newest styles, CLOCKS of every description of best American and French makers.

PURE SILVER AND PLATED GOODS, such as Forks, Spoons and Hollow Ware, Bohemian and French China and glass VASES of choicest patterns; and all articles belonging to my art and business, which will be sold at a great REDUCTION! Fine Watch and Jewelry work carefully and speedily repaired. Highest price paid for Old Silver. Don't forget the place, 98 Federal street, Allegheny.
oct13-tf

IRON CITY COLLEGE,

Corner Penn and St. Clair Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The largest, cheapest and most successful

BUSINESS MAN'S COLLEGE

IN THE UNITED STATES.

Students enter and review at any time.

☞ Circulars, containing full information, sent free to any address, on application to the Principal.

JENKINS & SMITH,
sep30-tawdMawf PITTSBURGH, PA.

GROVER & BAKER'S

SEWING MACHINES

Have been awarded the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following Fairs for the year 1865:

First Premium for best Machine work at Penna. State Fair.
First Premium for best Machine work at New York State Fair.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Ohio State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Ohio State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Michigan State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Wisconsin State Fair.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Lawrence Co. Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine for general purposes, at Lawrence Co. Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Family Machine at Bucks Co. Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Bucks Co. Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Somerfield Fair, Ohio.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Palmyra Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Suffolk Co. Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Manufacturing and Family Machine at Schuyler Co. Fair, N. Y.
First Premium for best Machine for all purposes at Allegheny Co. Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Manufacturing Machine at Allegheny Co. Fair, Pa.
First Premium for best Machine work at Allegheny Co. Fair, Pa.

And wherever exhibited.

A. F. CHATONEY,
GENERAL AGENT,
oct7-tmdawm No. 18 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

SPLENDID RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—We offer for sale the residence of Dr. Dale, pleasantly situate on Stockton avenue, between Federal and Sandusky streets, North Commons, Allegheny City. The lot has a front on the avenue of 150 feet by 354 feet, to a 40 foot street. The house is built in the most substantial manner, and handsomely finished; hall and back building each three stories; two large parlors, dining room and kitchen on first floor. The house contains 18 rooms in all. Apply to SAUTBERT & SONS,
oct6 No. 81 Market street.

NEW DRIED PEACHES.—A few barrels now arriving. Just received and for sale by the pound, at the Family Grocery store of

JOHN A. RESSHAW,
oct6 corner of Liberty and Wood streets.

NEW ADVERTIEMENTS.

OFFICIAL.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The following is the *verbatim* report of the regularly appointed judges on Sewing Machines and inventions, at the Allegheny County Fair, 1865. The judges are thorough and practical men, well known in this community, being machinists and dealers in machinery, and their decision is worthy of consideration.

TO THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS—*Gentlemen*: We, whose names are annexed, appointed by you as judges on Class No. 36, render the following verdict, which is according to our best judgment, namely:

We award to E. T. Carpenter, No. 27 Fifth st., agent for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine, the first premium and diploma, for its simplicity and thoroughness of construction, and as the best machine for family and general purposes.

We award to Grover & Baker first premium and diploma, as the best machine for heavy work and embroidery.

GEO. KETZER, Chairman.
E. GILLIAN,
H. W. EWING,
D. F. JOHNSTON,
W. A. BABCOCK.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

MISS ANNA E. DICKINSON

WILL SPEAK AT

Lafayette Hall,

ON

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 2d.

Subject—HOME TRUTHS.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture 7½ o'clock. Single tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats 25 cents extra. Holders of season tickets will be at no extra expense for reserved seats. Seats may be secured at the Library Rooms on Wednesday, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M.

Tuesday, November 7, O. Oscanyan, the distinguished Orientalist, will lecture on Turkish Life and Manners.

THOMAS BAKEWELL, Jr.,
W. R. EDWARDS,
G. McCLINTOCK,
JAS. J. DONNELL,
G. L. CALDWELL,
R. C. ALBREE,
Lecture Committee.
oct27-td

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

23 FIFTH STREET,

Invite the attention of buyers to their very large stock of

FINE DRESS GOODS,

Which they will sell at reasonable prices. oc31

SALE OF GOVERNMENT BOATS AND BARGES AT AUCTION.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, October 11th, 1865.

The following named Boats and Barges will be sold at Public Auction, as follows:

AT LOUISVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, October 28TH, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the steamboats OHIO and T. D. HORNER.

Eight Model Barges, and
(36) Fifty-six Gunwale and other Barges lying at Louisville and New Albany, Ind.

AT EVANSVILLE, IND., TUESDAY, October 31st, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the steamboat LUE BAYES.

Six Model Barges;
Four Gunwale Barges, and
One Wharfboat, lying at that place.

ATUARIO, ILL., NOVEMBER 1st and 2d, at 10 A. M., the steamboat "G. S." one Wharfboat, and about eighty Model, Gunwale and other Barges, now lying at that place.

AT SAINT LOUIS, MO., SATURDAY, November 4th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the steamboats

AUTOCRAT,	IZETTA,
B. A. JANUARY,	NEBRASKA,
METROPOLITAN,	R. G. WOODS,
AD. HINES,	FAIRCHILD.

One Wrecking Barge—E. M. Ryland—complete.
Wharfboat Dearborne.
(80) Fifty Model Barges, and
(20) Twenty Gunwale and other Barges, Lying at Saint Louis.

The boats will be sold with all the furniture, rigging, and appurtenances thereunto belonging or appertaining, and such other vessels as Quartermaster Services will be removed as can at that full face value, in payment for all property sold; otherwise, terms cash.

By order of the Quartermaster General,

LEWIS H. PARSONS,
Brigadier General and Quartermaster.

SALE OF CONDEMNED GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

The following property will be sold at Public Auction, at GATLINSBURG, Boyd county, Kentucky, at the mouth of Big Sandy, as accounts arrive with orders from Department headquarters, viz:

17 Wagons,
40 Sets of Harness,
2 Ambulances, more or less,

and a lot of miscellaneous Quartermaster stores.

Also, 465 DAMAGED ARMY BLANKETS, and other damaged clothing and tentage.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., TUESDAY October 31st, 1865, and to be continued from day to day until all are sold.

RANDOLPH ROSS,
Capt. and A. Q. M.
oct20-td

COUGH NO MORE!

TRY

STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS

COUCH BALSAM.

DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. It is the only preparation known to cure Chronic Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption. It never fails to cure Whooping Cough and Croup. Try a bottle directly. It is prepared from honey. It is particularly recommended for the young and the old. Sold by all Druggists at 50 cents per bottle.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
oct13-td

GERMAN ACCORDEONS,

MUSICAL BOXES,

VIOLINS, BANJOS,

HARMONICAS, &c.

Wholesale and Retail,

AT

J. G. LAUER'S,

VARIETY AND TOY STORE,

No. 101 Market Street,

NEAR FIFTH.

oct25

NOTICE.

We have the Sole Agency for Pittsburgh, of the

UNITED STATES PIN COMPANY;

Also, Adamantine and Swan Bill Hook and Eye Company.

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND JOBBERS can buy the above goods by the case, (20 gross) *freight and expenses*, at New York Prices, by sailing at

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS,

MODES, RYBLE & CO.,

Manufacturers of
Black and Green Glassware, Druggists' Ware, Bottles, Demijohns, Carboys, &c.
Warehouse, No. 88 WATER STREET, BETWEEN SMITHFIELD AND GRANT STREETS,

PITTSBURGH PA.

We warrant our Wares to be superior to any manufactured West of the Mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description.

Orders promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to private molds.
aug19-y

PRODUCE CONSIGNMENTS—

400 bus. Iowa Red and Yellow Onions, raised from the seed this year;
100 bbls. prime Apples;
50 bbls. Jersey Sweet Potatoes;
1 car load Peach Blow Potatoes;
50 boxes Goshen Cheese;
30 boxes W. B. do;
50 bbls. White Beans;
16 bbls. Pickles;
50 doz. Can Peaches;
50 doz. Can Tomatoes and Blackberries.

POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD.

GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

WHAT THE PEOPLE WANT:

The STANDARD HISTORY OF THE WAR, complete in one large volume of over 1000 pages, splendidly illustrated with over 100 fine portraits of Generals, Battle Scenes, Maps and Diagrams. This work has no rival as a candid, full, complete, authentic and reliable history of the war. It contains reading matter equal to three large octavo volumes. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address JONES BROS. & CO.,
oct30-tmd Philadelphia, Pa.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the assessment for the Grading and curbing of Magee street, has been made and can be seen at my office, until the 25th day of October, 1865, after which day it will be handed over to the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES REQUSPARE,
Recording Regulator.
Pittsburgh, October 18, 1865. oct20-td

STEWART AND RICKETTS.—Information wanted of Mr. STEWART, clothing dealer, of Pittsburgh, Pa., on the banks of the Allegheny River, who married Miss RICKETTS. Twin lady and her brother, Elias Ricketts, of Ulster Bates, will hear something greatly to their advantage by addressing S. HESSLTON, 629 Broadway, New York. oct18 tf

WALL PAPERS, for Parlors, Dining Rooms, Halls and Chambers, in plain and decorative styles, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth.

JOS. E. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW HALL PAPERS.—Just received and for sale at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street.

JOS. E. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The following is the *verbatim* report of the regularly appointed judges on Sewing Machines and inventions, at the Allegheny County Fair, 1865. The judges are thorough and practical men, well known in this community, being machinists and dealers in machinery, and their decision is worthy of consideration.

To the President and Managers—*Gentlemen*: We, whose names are annexed, appointed by you as judges on Class No. 36, render the following verdict, which is according to our best judgment, namely:

"Best Sewing Machine for general purposes, to 'GROVER & BAKER, DOUBLE LOCK-STITCH.'

Best Sewing Machine for manufacturing purposes, to 'GROVER & BAKER.'

Best specimen of Machine Work, to 'GROVER & BAKER.'"

GEO. KETZER, Chairman.
E. GILLIAN,
H. W. EWING,
D. F. JOHNSTON,
W. A. BABCOCK.
oct28 1wd

THE GRINDER

POISONING CASE,

Complete in Pamphlet Form,

PRICE.....25 CENTS.

FOR SALE BY ALL ENTERPRISING NEWSMEN EVERYWHERE.

JOHN P. HUNT & CO., Publishers.

59 FIFTH STREET, Masonic Hall.

☞ Sent, post paid, on receipt of price.
oc27.

HUMBUGGERY PLAYED OUT!

A WASHING MACHINE

FOR $3 00!

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES,

AT THE

FURNISHING STORE;

No 68 Federal Street.

GEORGE W. HUBLEY.
oct6-1wd

NEW GOODS.

We have just received direct from the EASTERN MANUFACTURERS, a large and well selected stock of all the latest styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR

FALL AND WINTER WEAR,

MENS', LADIES' AND MISSES'

Gum and Felt Over Shoes.

Cheaper than any