The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Of Montgomery county.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
COL. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Of Cambria county.

UNION COUNTY TICKET

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, of Allegheny.

FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.

FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, JR., of Liberty Township.

FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
MANS S. BEHMAN, McCandless Township
ALFRED SLACK, of Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFER, Upper St. Clair.
J. P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANES, Shaler Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
JONATHAN NEELY of Lower St. Clair Tp

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
B. L. McCULLEY, of Birmingham.

FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR
MOSES CRESS of Chartiers Township.

ARMING THE SOUTHERN MILITIA.

We do not like the policy which the President has adopted in Mississippi of arming the Militia of that state to preserve order locally, with a view to the total withdrawal of the National forces therefrom.

Gov. SHARKEY, originally urged the "young men of the State of Mississippi, who have so distinguished themselves for gallantry" under the rebel banner, and who have recently laid down their arms, to form military companies, one of cavalry and one of infantry in each county, to maintain order in the state, the chief object being to get rid of the colored troops by substituting these recently disarmed rebels in their place.

Gen. SLOCUM resisted and prohibited the enforcement of this scheme of Gov. SHARKEY, stating clearly and doubtless truly, that the only class in this State needing a military force to keep it in order, consisted of these young men who had so distinguished themselves" in the rebel service. The breaches of order, says Gen SLOCUM, consists mainly in the "murdering of freedmen, and in outrages upon Northern men and Government couriers," at the hands of these late rebels just surrendered by FORREST and DICK TAYLOR. To suppress these disorders, Gov. SHARKEY selects the class who commit them.

In the face of the facts presented by Gen SLOCUM, the President has set aside his order annulling that of Gov. SHARKEY, thus permitting the Governor's plan to be put in operation. As there are 69 counties in Mississippi, this is equivalent to raising and equipping an army of 15,000 men, every man of which is hostile to the Union and the government. It is in effect re-arming that portion of the rebel army which was raised in Mississippi.

The pursuance of a similar policy throughout the South would end in raising a standing army of from 150,000 to 200,000 secessionists, under whose sway the negro race would soon be exterminated or re-enslaved.

We cannot think it possible that the President took into consideration the results that must inevitably flow from following out this policy The idea of the President, that "the people must be trusted with their government," is correct, if properly carried out; but he seems to forget that the freedmen of the South are now an integral part of "the people," and that Gov. SHARKEY's scheme not only excludes them from all share in "their government," but puts into the hands of a minority of the people the right and the power to oppress and destroy the majority.

If the white people of the South are to be considered as exclusively "the people" then we dissent *in toto* from the President's idea that the [white] people *must* be trusted with their "government." They are not fit to enjoy any such trust. Every day demonstrates this to be true. They need years upon years of tutelage and submission to fit them for that trust. Men taken red-handed with treason and rebellion, with their hearts embittered against the freedmen, by four years of strife, are in no way qualified for a trust that requires qualities not one of which they possess. As well might a city, after quelling a formidable riot, put into the hands of the rioters the preservation of its future peace.

Condemning their own Candidate.

The New York Democratic Convention passed the following, among its other resolutions:

"That as the first fruits of this triumph the people demand the subordination of the military to the civil rule, the restitution of the authority of the courts, and the recognition of the equality of the States; that we regard all efforts, either by prolonging the military rule, or by denying the right of representation to the States, in order to compel them to adopt negro equality or negro suffrage as an element of their Constitutions, as tending to delay and prevent the pacification of the country, and to subvert the principles of the Government, and endanger the liberties of the people."

The same convention, almost simultaneously with the passage of this resolution, nominated Maj. Gen. Slocum for Secretary of State; and Maj. Gen. Slocum was at that moment fresh from an earnest and determined effort to subordinate the civil to military rule in Mississippi. He believes and he says that in such a state as Mississippi, the military power is supreme and the civil power subordinate to it; he revokes the order of Gov. Sharkey, forbids their enforcement, and substitutes his own in their stead. He is, in fact, what the Democracy call a "military tyrant" and one who sincerely believes in that iron handed rule which, this democratic convention asserts, "subverts the principles of the government and endangers the liberties of the people."

And yet they nominated him! With the newspapers full of the record of his military "tyranny," they denounce him in the resolution we have quoted, as an enemy to the government, and then place him at the head of the Democratic ticket. To denounce a man and nominate him for a high office in the same breath, is one of the strange things we know in the history of politics. None but a Democratic Convention could have been guilty of thus instantaneously giving the lie to its own professions.

We wish the party much joy of their nominee! The *Tribune* says he was the Republican treasurer of Onondaga county when the war broke out; and it is very certain, from the view he takes of things in Mississippi, that he has not turned Democrat since then.

CONSISTENT.—The Doylestown *Democrat*, owned and edited by Colonel DAVIS, the Democratic candidate for Auditor General, has an editorial in defence of the infamous Captain Wirz, who starved and murdered our prisoners at Andersonville. It asserts that the Military Commission before which he is on trial is a usurpation of power, and that the prisoner has not been fairly dealt with.

NEGRO INSURRECTIONS.

We have looked in vain for any item of news, even the slightest, to give confirmation to the report sent to Washington from Virginia that there was danger of a negro insurrection in that State. Not a single fact has transpired to justify such a report, or to warrant a belief in any quarter that the negroes entertained any such purpose.

The report probably originated among the ex-slaveholders, who construe the existence of a determined spirit among the negroes not to be imposed upon, to be incipient insurrection. With them, any assertion of manhood on the part of the negro, is equivalent to open revolt; and if, as we trust they have, the freedmen of Virginia have shown the proper pluck in resisting the efforts of their late masters to practically re-enslave them, it is not to be wondered at that some half crazy loons should stand aghast and cry out "Insurrection" Under slave rule, if a slave resisted so slight a thing as a slap on the cheek, it was thought *prima facie* evidence of the existence of a conspiracy to rebel; and now when not one of them will allow themselves to be chastised or defrauded, the evidence of "insurrection" must, to the minds of the woman-whipping chivalry, be conclusive.

Our only wonder is that the head of the Freedmen's Bureau permitted himself to be drawn into the trap set for him by these men who are determined that the negro shall not be free. He has, it seems, authorized the revival of that infamous slave institution, the Patrol—the very thing the ex-slave masters wanted. The Patrol was, with them, one of the most powerful instruments of oppression. As long as it was in force, no negro was safe out of his house after dark; and under its re-establishment it will be made the means of inflicting every possible cruelty upon the freedmen. The laborer on his way from one plantation to another, after his day's work, to see wife or children, will be arrested, imprisoned, and punished as only slave drivers know how to punish, and thousands of pretexts will be conjured up for arresting by the patrol any one who, by asserting his independence, becomes obnoxious to the late ruling class.

We object to this whole system of treating the negro as a speciality, and dealing with him as a dangerous element in society. All he wants is to be let alone. Give him a fair chance and he will take care of himself. All he wants is protection against those who have been his oppressors, and security in the enjoyment of his freedom. He is not to be treated as a babe, or a child, but as a man, with all the rights and privileges of a man, and with all the duties of a man upon him. The whites of the South have got to learn this lesson, sooner or later, and the sooner the better. The Freedmen's Bureau can very properly give its attention to imparting this lesson to them, and it will then secure itself from the disgrace of establishing patrols and relapsing into the other barbarities of slavery.

THE LEADERS LED.

In their unanimous appeal for the pardon of JEFF. DAVIS, the members of the Mississippi Constitutional Convention coolly assume, in behalf of their constituents, the guilt of inaugurating the rebellion. They say:

"When a war of sections began, inaugurated not so much by the action or appeals of individuals, as by the general uprising and enthusiasm of the masses, he was chosen with extraordinary unanimity, because he was known to be honest, sincere and prudent, to preside over the States in revolt. He was the representative of the sentiment of the people of the States. His acts were those of the great body of the people. We respectfully and earnestly ask that our sins, the sins of the millions for whom, and with whom he acted, may not be visited upon his head."

These men must be well assured of their exemption from the penalties of treason, or they would not so readily criminate themselves in exculpating DAVIS. A wholesome sense of their personal liability would deter them from gratuitously adding the guilt of their leaders to their own, by such a palpable perversion of historical truth. Men who have been instigating secession for thirty years are represented as being forced into the position of rebel leaders by the spontaneous action of the people, and this absurd averment is gravely made as a plea for their pardon.

FOREIGN CAPITAL COMING.—There can be no stronger evidence of the confidence felt by Europeans in the stability of our institutions and the sound commercial condition of our country, than is presented by the late arrival of a large body of prominent English and Continental capitalists. They come here partly to look after former investments, but also to explore new fields of enterprise. So important a movement of the kind which they seem about to inaugurate has not previously occurred. They foresee the approach of an era of unwonted prosperity, and are hastening to participate in its benefits. The croakers who talk of national bankruptcy as the result of our heavy taxation, may learn a lesson from these foreigners who are so ready to invest their capital where it shall be subject to the same taxes.

SOCIAL LIFE AT THE SOUTH.—A North Carolina correspondent of the New York *Times* says that throughout the South social privileges are not very generously extended toward a "Yankee," no matter what his principles may be. The women of the South, as in every other section, control social matters, and fix the *status* of all applicants for admission into their circles; and they incline to exclude Northerners. The other day I overheard one say to another: "JULIA, do you know what FANNIE has done? She has married a Yankee." "Well," said JULIA, "I always thought she was a frail creature." And so it goes, the leaders denounce those who countenance the Yankees, and therefore a Northerner meets with but little success in his advances toward sociability.

FREE SUFFRAGE PAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.—Report has it that a negro suffrage paper will soon be started in North Carolina, either at Newbern or Raleigh. With about three hundred and fifty thousand Freedmen in the State, who are learning to read very rapidly, the projectors of this scheme ought to be successful financially and we trust they will also succeed politically. If the three hundred and fifty thousand blacks of North Carolina learn to read and write and become intelligent men, they cannot long be deprived of their political rights.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY.—The President in conversing recently with a New Orleans journalist, referred to his policy, and said that those who imagined him hostile to negro suffrage were mistaken. He urged this gentleman to advocate liberal views in Louisiana. "Why," he said, "cannot you people settle this thing without allowing it to bother me? Why cannot you do as Massachusetts does? If a negro can read the Constitution and write his own name, let him vote. There are not five hundred in Louisiana who can answer that test; but it will be doing justice all around, and stopping Northern clamor."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

OUR OR THEIR OWN MOURNS.—The St. Louis *Dispatch*, a "Conservative" sheet, is forced to bear witness to the beneficial results of the emancipation which it opposed. Comparing the present with the former condition of Missouri, it says:

"The papers from almost every town in the State, speak in earnest and emphasized terms of the tide of prosperity now setting in upon them. Before the war, numbers of thrifty towns were dying from simple inanition. Many of their stores and dwelling houses were empty, no new buildings were being erected, the trade of many of them was on the decrease, and it was thought they were about ready to be finished and fenced in."

STATE POLITICS.

THE Union party of Bradford county, has nominated the following ticket:

For State Senator, Hon. Geo Landon, of Bradford county; for President Judge, Hon F. B. Streeter, of Susquehanna county; for Representatives, Lorenzo Grinnel, of Wells, and G. Wayne Kinney, of Sheshequin; for Treasurer, J. Perry Van Fleet; for Commissioner, Stern McKee; for District Attorney, William T. Davies; for Auditor, George W. Elliot; for County Surveyor, James J. Newell.

The nominee for State Senator, Mr. Landon, was a member of the Senate in 1860, and at the election for Congressmen in 1864 was a candidate, but failed in his election by a rupture in his own party.

In Wyoming county the Union ticket is as follows:

Senator, Bradley Wakeman, (subject to decision of Senatorial Conference;) Representative, Peter M. Osterhout, (subject to decision of Representative Conference;) Commissioner, Calvin D. Yost; District Attorney, A. F. Ely; Auditor, Orrin E. Vaughn.

The counties composing the Senatorial district of Susquehanna, Bradford and Wyoming have now each made a nomination for Senators, Susquehanna presenting the name of the old Senator, Mr. Turrell, Bradford that of a former Senator, Mr. Landon, and Susquehanna that of Mr. Osterhout, a member of the House, from Wyoming county, last session.

The following are the Union candidates for Potter county:

For Additional Law Judge, Hon. H W. Williams, of Tioga, subject to the decision of the Conferees; for Senator, Hon. A. G. Olmsted, of Potter, subject to the decision of the Conferees; for Assembly, John S. Mann, of Potter, and Dr. Wm. T. Humphrey, of Tioga; for Sheriff, Lieut. W. W. Brown; for Commissioner, C. P. Kilbourne; for Auditor, I. C. Thompson; for Coroner, Dr. W. C. Blakeslee.

Hon. A. G. Olmsted, the candidate for Senator presented by Potter, was speaker of the last House.

The following is the ticket nominated by the Union men of Clearfield county:

For Senator, Col. John Irvin, Curwensville Borough, (subject to concurrence of Conferees,) for Assembly, Lt. Thomas Liddell, Clearfield Borough, (subject to concurrence of Conferees;) for Prothonotary, Lt. Lewis B. Carlile; for Register and Recorder, Private Thomas Williams; for Treasurer, Capt. J. Elliott Kratzer; for Commissioner, Horace Patchin; for Auditor, Thomas W. Moore.

The following is the Union ticket in Clinton county:

Senator, James Chatham, Clinton county, subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conferees; Representative, Sergt. Thomas F. Dornblazer, Clinton county, subject to the decision of the Representative Conferees; District Attorney, Henry T. Harvey; County Commissioner, Robert Irwin; County Treasurer, John McGinter; County Auditor, Lieutenant Wm. Hayes; County Surveyor, Francis A. Platt.

STATE NEWS.

A SAD accident resulting in the death of Mr. Darius Trout, of Elizabeth Furnace Blair county, occurred on Saturday a week near that place. The deceased had been in Altoona, and had left, on his return home, about six o'clock in the evening. He was found dead opposite Mr. Henry Boyle's house, lying close to the track, with both arms badly crushed, his jaw broken, and a deep gash on the side of his face. It is supposed that he was sitting or lying on his back, and was either asleep or did not notice the approaching train. Mr. Trout was 32 years of age, and leaves a wife and three small children to mourn his untimely and shocking death.

MRS. BURGER, of Beaver county, an old lady of eighty years, was arrested week before last on a charge of assault and battery on Mrs. White. She hails from Hanover township, and walked the distance (about twenty miles) into Beaver to attend Court. She is so feeble that she cannot stand without the use of a cane, yet it is proper to say evinces an unconquerable spirit that will brook no opposition. The grand jury ignored the bill, and let the old lady depart in peace.

THE Meadville *Republican* of Saturday says. On Tuesday evening last, a man named F. W. Hydron was found dead in his bed-room, in the house of Mr. I. Myers, where he boarded, suspended by a silk handkerchief to the bed-post. A jury was called, which returned a verdict, "That the said W. F. Hydron, in a state of insanity, killed himself, broke his neck by hanging himself."

A RASCAL disguised as an old woman, visited a trimming store in Harrisburg last Wednesday, and purchased from a young girl, the only person in attendance, several dollars-worth of goods which were paid for with a twenty dollar counterfeit bill, the girl giving eleven dollars good money in change. The police were soon after him, but did not arrest him.

A RUMOR prevails in the Centre Judicial District, that the President Judge thereof, Hon. Samuel Linn, will shortly resign for the purpose of accepting the appointment of State Reporter to the Supreme Court. Such a resignation would be a serious loss to the people of that Judicial District, as Judge Linn is one of the ablest men on the bench in the State.

Two barns were burned in Lancaster county, the night of the 3d inst., belonging to Moses Rogers, the other on the 30th inst., belonging to George H. Rider. Both contained large quantities of wheat, oats, hay, etc., all of which was consumed. They were supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

THE brakemen on the Lehigh Valley railroad were on a strike last week. The cars stopped running for one day. Discharged soldiers enough were soon found to man the brakes, and things were all right next morning.

WORKMEN are busy cleansing and making the West Branch Canal ready for the water, which is promised in a couple of weeks. Below Northumberland boats are running briskly.

THE only son of Mr. J. W. Hill, editor of the Indiana *American*, was scalded so severely on Wednesday last that he died the next day.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE Sisters of Mercy, says the Cincinnati *Gazette*, who own the large building on Third street, which has been used by the Government as a military prison during the last four years, are going to repair it, and fit it up as a night refuge for females who may be in the city in destitute circumstances and without a place to go to. The Sisters propose holding a fair in the last week in October, for the purpose of raising funds. They design, also, that the building be used during the day as an infant school for boys.

A BURGLAR in St. Louis, a few nights since, entered a house, and after rifling a young lady's bureau of her valuables, was about to depart, when the sight of the lady as she lay quietly sleeping, with the moonlight streaming over her sweet face, so aroused his sentiments and gallantry that he determined to give her a parting kiss. The operation aroused her, and with a scream she caught the fellow by the coat and held on until assistance came and fastened the rascal.

AN interesting trial took place in Ravenna, Ohio, last week, under the Ohio liquor law. A returned soldier named GREEN, while in a state of intoxication, was robbed of one hundred and two dollars by some unknown persons. His wife brought suit for damages against the saloon-keeper who sold him the liquor, and obtained a verdict in her favor of one hundred and forty dollars.

IT is an unprecedented fact, we believe, and one that it sounds strangely to hear in these days of political removals and changes, that the Postmaster of the town of Stratham, New Hampshire, has held his office for sixty-three years, having been appointed during the administration of John Adams. "Rotation in office" does not seem to be the doctrine of Stratham.

THE project for a ship canal from Lake Huron to Ontario, by way of Lake Simcoe, is again before the Canadian government. The canal would be sixty miles in length, and the estimated cost is $22,179,000. The saving in distance between Chicago and the sea would be about two hundred miles.

THE official journals of Russia not being able to support the accusations against the Police, of having occasioned the incendiary fires in Lithuania, have now charged the Jews with being the authors of those disasters, for the purpose defrauding the offices in which the buildings were insured.

[illegible] business in New England. The Fall River *News* says: "The business men of New England are beginning to understand the situation, and counting with good reason, upon a golden harvest in the immediate future. The whole population of the South, black and white, are destitute of almost every article of comfort and convenience, and the only question for the North to consider is, whether we or England shall supply the want. With regard to the ability of the South to pay, there is every reason to believe that but little difficulty will be experienced in this respect.

There is an immense quantity of cotton all over the South, that will find its way to market as soon as railroads are in running order. Besides, money can, and will, be raised upon real estate for business purposes. Our manufacturers are resolved to make hay while the sun shines, and therefore they are lengthening their business cords and strengthening their commercial stakes. The Lowell *News* says the manufacturing companies of that city are increasing their production of goods as fast as the additional help necessary to do so can be obtained

In some instances messengers have been despatched to Canada and distant portions of the various New England States to procure operatives. The efforts of these men have been partially successful, although there is an actual scarcity of experienced operatives who are willing to vacate new fields of labor opened since the commencement of the war to resume their old positions in the factories. New beginners in considerable numbers, are coming into the city every week.

"We understand that some of our own manufacturing companies have an agent, or agents, in Scotland, for the purpose of securing first-class help."

Ingratitude Illustrated.

In Iowa, where negro suffrage is at issue between the parties, it is reported that on of 1,000 negroes in that State, 750 volunteered for the war, while out of 40,000 Copperheads but 17 enlisted; and for this, as well as the fact that 750 negro enlistments enabled 750 Copperheads to stay at home and vote, say nothing about saving the lives of two hundred of them, it is argued that the said Copperheads are very ungrateful in opposing universal suffrage. It certainly looks that way from such a stand point of facts. Did 100,000 Union men owe their lives to 100,000 negro soldiers, it would be a strong reason why they and the whole party should advocate negro suffrage.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

A BOLD CHILD.—In New York, a few days ago, Bridget Mack, a little girl twelve years of age, escaped from the Toombs, where she had been confined on a charge of larceny—in her flight boldly leaping from the room of the "ten days" prison to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. On her commitment to the Toombs, about ten days ago, the girl was placed in that portion of the prison known as the "Magdalen." She forced open the damper over the grate used for heating this room, entered the chimney and climbed to the roof; thence she leaped to the roof of the main prison, and thence down a distance of ten feet to the roof of the "ten day's" prison, fronting on Franklin street. Reaching the west end of the roof, the girl leaped over the wall, which is thirty feet from the ground, and landed on the grass plat beneath, escaping without injury. Bridget was missed later in the day, and was rearrested at a house in Jackson street, where her parents reside. She was taken to the Toombs and recommitted for trial.

LAST Wednesday, as the steamer Palestine was coming down the Ohio river, a short distance above Paducah, a difficulty occurred between the clerk and a negro waiter. The clerk knocked the negro down. On landing at Paducah the negro made a complaint to Colonel York, commanding the post, who ordered the clerk arrested. On the approach of the guard, the boat attempted to get away, backing out and breaking her lines. The guard fired several shots, three of which hit the pilot at the wheel, who, though not fatally wounded, was compelled to leave his post. The guard continued firing until another pilot went to the wheel and landed the boat. The clerk was fined fifty dollars and then released, and the boat permitted to proceed.

PUBLIC NOTICES

MRS. SMART'S SELECT SCHOOL, No. 19 ISABELLA STREET, Allegheny, near Pa. Clair street Bridge.

I am forming a class of young ladies to whom I will give instruction in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, history, Geography, and Orthography. Composition will receive especial attention in order that my pupils may become good letter writers. Terms, $4 per month. Common English Branches, $1.50 per month; Primary class $1.00 per month.

N. B.—All kinds of Ornamental Needle Work taught, either with or without studies, as per arrangement. Evening classes twice a week.

sep4:2t,1t,8t,tf R. E SMART, Principal.

STOCKHOLDERS TAKE NOTICE.—A special Meeting of the Stockholders of the R. SOIL COMPANY will be held at their office, No. 4 Hand street, on

Saturday, September 9th,

at half past one o'clock. The object of the meeting is to increase the capital Stock of said Company. By order of the Board of Directors.

sep 2t ROBT WRAY, JR., Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—There will be a Meeting of the Stockholders of the COPELAND PARK OIL COMPANY held at their office, No. 19 St. Clair street, on

Saturday 9th Inst. at 2 o'clock p. m.

By order of the President,

sep2t JOHN B. McQUISTON, Secretary.

RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, TROY, N. Y.—THE FORTY-SECOND ANNUAL SESSION of this well known SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND NATURAL SCIENCE, will commence SEPTEMBER 13TH, 1865. The NEW ANNUAL REGISTER of 1865, giving full information, may be obtained by addressing

PROF. CHARLES DROWNE, Director.
aug28:2m5t Troy, New York.

MILITARY COLLEGE,

ALLENTOWN, PA.

With Chartered Privileges and Superior Advantages for the English, Classical, Commercial and Military Education. re-opens SEPTEMBER 5th. For Circulars, call at GRAFF, HOUSE & CO'S, Pittsburgh, or address

REV. M. L. HOFFORD, M. D.,
aug18:4m6d President.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

APPLES, 100 bbls Choice Apples. Just received and for sale by PETZER & ARMSTRONG, sep11 corner Market and First Sts.

LADIES AND MISSES GAITERS AT J. W. CARNAHAN'S Only Boot and Shoe Store, corner of Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh. sep8

MINERS WANTED.—Five practical Coal Coppers Miners wanted. None but men of experience, and who can present testimonials of good character and reliability, need apply. Enquire at 128 WEBSTER STREET. sep9:2d

EATING SALOON FOR SALE, WITH STOCK AND FIXTURES, In basement of 60 LIBERTY STREET.

BOOTS OF THEIR OWN MAKE CANBe had at the PHILADELPHIA BOOT AND SHOE STORE, corner of Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh. sep8

NOTICE—TO BUILDERS.—Proposals for the BUILDINGS FOR THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS will be received up to Wednesday, the 13th inst., At the Office of the Company, No. 41 Market street (up stairs), where Plans and Specifications may be seen.

Bids may be for the whole work, or for the different descriptions of work separately.

sep8:w P. E. MILLER, Secretary.

FOR SALE, A PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, On one of the Principal Streets of Pittsburgh, FURNISHED, and COMPLETE SET OF INSTRUMENTS. For particulars address PHOTOGRAPH, Gazette office, Pittsburgh, Pa. sep8:tw

SOILED GOODS BELOW COST AT J. W. CARNAHAN'S Boot and Shoe Store corner of Market street and the Diamond, Pittsburgh. sep8

TREES, VINES AND PLANTS. A large and very select stock of FRUIT and ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, GRAPE VINES and GREENHOUSE PLANTS. BOUQUETS and CUT FLOWERS to order. Send for a catalogue, or call and examine our stock.

JOHN R. A. A. MURDOCH, Pittsburgh Nursery and Diamond Greenhouse. aug28:3m

SANITARY PROCLAMATION.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 8th, 1865.

The owners and occupants of property within the city limits are notified that they are required to keep the gutters in front of their premises clean, and all enclosed premises free from malarious matter. And in view of the prevailing alarm occasioned by the presence of the Cholera westward, I hereby give notice that the ordinances will be strictly enforced. And I shall rely upon all good citizens to give notice, either at the Mayor's office or at the Board of Health, of any infractions of the law, to the end that the proper sanitary measures may be enforced.

JAMES LOWRY, Jr., Mayor.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals for the grading of Roberts Street, will be received at the office of the undersigned, in the Market Building, until the 18th day of September, 1865. CHARLES REIGHSPEARE, Recording Regulator.

sep11

LOST.—ON SABBATH DAY, NEAR the Rev. Coleman's Church, Birmingham, and the middle of Monongahela Borough,

A PAIR OF GOLD SPECTACLES.

The finder will be liberally rewarded and receive the thanks of the owner, by leaving them at the GAZETTE OFFICE, or at the office of Lyon, Shorb & Co's Rolling Mill.

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, Allegheny, September 11, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have made the assessment for the cost and expense of the grading, paving and setting with curbstones, of Pike street from Canal street to O'Hara street. The same can be seen at my office in the Market Building, until September 21st, 1865, after which day it will be handed over to the City Treasurer.

CHARLES REIGHSPEARE, Recording Regulator.

sep11

MARSEILLES QUILTS,

HONEY COMB QUITLS.

FOR SALE AT REDUCED PRICES, BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

sep11 25 FIFTH STREET.

THE splendid residence of the subscriber is offered for sale, situated at Oakland, on Craft avenue, within three minutes walk of the Oakland passenger railway, making it very accessible to the city. The house is furnished throughout in the very best style, including all the modern improvements. No pains nor expense has been spared in making it an elegant home. The grounds are handsomely laid out, containing five acres, with the choicest variety of fruit trees, small fruits, shrubbery and flowers, with a walled-nine brick stable, with carriage-house and outhouses combined, and two wells of good water, large cistern and large reservoir of soft water, which supplies the house with hot and cold water. The above is worthy of the attention of any one wishing a desirable home in a good neighborhood. For further particulars, enquire on the premises, or of

CHARLES S BISSELL,
sep9 2w No 235 Liberty street.

BOYS' DRESS AND SCHOOL SUITS.

A new lot of choice goods

For Fall Wear.

JUST RECEIVED BY

GRAY & LOGAN,

sep11 47 St. Clair Street.

JUST RECEIVED, A large assortment of

PLUMBERS' MATERIALS,

Iron and Copper Bath Tubs and Boilers, Closets, Sinks, Basins, Cast Iron Pipe and Bands. BRASS WORK for water, gas and steam fittings, Sole Agents for Knowles & Sibley's Patent Steam Pumps, Highly approved for their economy in fuel, easy and durable action, and great evaporative powers.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., 187 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ARMY BOOTS, REAL GENUINE KIP LEATHER. CUSTOM-MADE HAND-SEWED, Three Dollars a Pair, at RUTLEDGE AND'S AUCTION HOUSE, 65 Fifth Street.

All goods at Cost, to make room for improvements. sep8

INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons concerned, that the Annual List, for the Twenty-third District, Pennsylvania, has been placed in my hands by the Assessor, and that I will be found in my office, No. 27 WATER STREET, Allegheny, from THIS DATE to the 5TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, for the purpose of receiving said Taxes on Incomes, Licenses, Carriages, Silver Plate, &c.

Also, I will attend in person, or by Deputy, at the Borough of Tarentum, at the Hotel of Susan Brown, on THURSDAY, the 21st of September, from ten o'clock a. m., until four o'clock p. m., and at the Borough of Sewickley, at the Store of Samuel Gaston, on MONDAY EVENING, the 18th inst., from seven to nine o'clock.

Payments must be made, in all cases, in United States Legal Tender, or National Bank Notes.

If not paid within the required time, the penalties of the law will be enforced.

DAVID N. WHITE, Collector 22d District, Penna.

sep5:wdaw

NOTICE.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, to view and assess the damages, &c., in the extension of the following named streets in the Borough of Manchester, viz: Manhattan street, from Franklin street to the line of the City of Allegheny, at Western Avenue; Charlters street, from Fayette street to the line of the city of Allegheny, at Western Avenue; Franklin street, from Charlters street to Fulton street, in said Borough.

Public notice is hereby given, that the Viewers will meet on the ground, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of September, at which time and place parties in interest will please attend, if they should think proper.

JOHN E. PARKE,
R. H. KNOX,
JOHN M. LIVINGSTON,
WM. B. ROSS,
D. L. PATTERSON,
JOSEPH ALLEN,
JOSEPH CHADWICK,
Viewers.

sep8:td.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, September 1, 1865.

TO DELINQUENT TAX PAYERS OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.—Notice is hereby given to all persons who have not paid their Taxes, Rates, Levies or Assessments to the said city of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, and if the same be not paid on or before the first day of October next, then five per cent. will be added to, and made payable thereon, and that if the same be not paid on or before the first day of November next following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons, commanding each of them to levy for said Taxes, with all costs and charges accrued thereon, of any goods and chattels of the delinquents, wherever found, and to make sale thereof after advertisement, as in cases of distress for rent.

D. MACFERRON, City Treasurer.

sep11tw

NOTICE.

We have the Sole Agency for Pittsburgh, of the UNITED STATES PIN COMPANY; Also, Adamantine and Swan Bill Hook and bye Company.

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND JOBBERS can buy the above goods by the case, (that saving freight and expenses, at New York Prices, by calling at

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.

sep6

BANK, INSURANCE AND OTHER STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of the Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 Smithfield street, upon the Exchange, (adjacent at the rear of the room immediately from Fifth street, in addition to usual entrance from first floor sales room), the following valuable stocks:

20 shares	Fourth National Bank;	
37 "	N. B. M.	
25 "	Eureka Insurance Co;	
200 "	Franklin and Candy Coal & Oil Co;	
1000 "	Muskingum Oil Spring Petroleum Company.	

A. McILWAINE, Auct'r.

sep9

O. PELQUEST, MODEL MAKER, NO. 21 WYLIE STREET, MAKES TO ORDER GEAR CUTTING AND MODELS FOR NEW INVENTIONS.

BLANK MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, At J. L. READ'S, No. 73 FOURTH STREET.

sep4

HAVING REMOVED TO NO. 32 FOURTH STREET, I have opened a splendid assortment of the latest styles in BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, PLUMES, FANCY GOODS, &c. and am now prepared to wait upon my customers, and all others who may favor me with a call.

MRS. M. H. WRIGHTER.

sep4:tf

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF NEW GOODS! Merinos, Wool Delaines, Coburgs, Shawls. 25 to 50 per cent UNDER LAST YEAR'S PRICES We invite attention to our new stock now opening. BATES & BELL, sep11 21 FIFTH STREET.

SCHOOL BOOKS A large and complete assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, COPY BOOKS, SLATES, DRAWING CARDS, ETC., ETC., ETC., Are offered at the very lowest prices, to the public, and to wholesale buyers by JOHN P. HUNT, sep9 56 FIFTH ST., MASONIC HALL.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY offer for sale 1,500 bdls. Crown Wrapping Paper. 1,000 bdls. Medium do. light. 1,000 bdls. Medium do heavy. 2,000 bdls. D. C. and D. M. do. They have also on hand are constantly receiving from their Mills, MANILLA PAPER of all weights and sizes, HARDWARE PAPER of all weights and sizes, PRINTS, DRY and SATURATED ROOFING, &c., &c. All quantities and sizes of PAPER MADE TO ORDER at the shortest notice, to suit customers. WANTED, 1,000 TONS OF GOOD MIXED RAGS. WAREHOUSE: 62 THIRD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. sep8tf

DRUM & BLACK, have on hand a large assortment of MOWING MACHINES, HORSE RAKES, Straw Cutters, Scythes and Hay Rakes, AT No. 28 and 30 OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY sep4

STEEL & BAILEY, STOCK BROKERS WILKINS HALL. The Bankers and Brokers Board having adopted the following RATES OF COMMISSION: we will be governed thereby from this date: Stocks selling at $6 and under, 2 cents per share. do. do. $6 and up to $25, 1 per cent. do. do. $32 do. $100, 50 ¢ share. do. do. $100 and over, ¼ of 1 per cent. sep11

ISAAC CHAIG'S OUTLET SAW MILL, AND BARGE YARD. Craig Street, Allegheny. sep11tf

HEWITT'S POLYTRICUM FOR THE HAIR, is acknowledged by all who have used it to be A No. 1. Try it ye doubters and be convinced. For sale by all druggists. jy18:tf

GENERAL DRAUGHTING OFFICE AND PATENT AGENCY No. 13 ST. CLAIR STREET, near Suspension Bridge. H. P. GERGENREIN, Civil Engineer. Residence No. 14 Hay street. jy6

BLESECK & BRO., Engine Builders and Machinists, Manufacturers of Bleseck's Patent Balance Valves for Steam Engines, Oil Engines, Brewers' Machinery, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, &c. Repairs and Fire Stress, Pittsburgh, Pa. Repairing and putting up Machinery promptly attended to. aug28

MONONGAHELA SAVING COMPANY, September 1, 1865. THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Monongahela river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock, which will be paid to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, or the attorneys in fact of Holmes and Sons, on and after the 11th inst. N. HOLMES, Treasurer. sep6:tu

COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, At HUBLEY'S, No. 63 Federal street, Allegheny. sep7

J. SCHOONMAKER, Pittsburgh White Lead Works, PURE WHITE LEAD, BLUE LEAD, GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTING OIL BARRELS. No. 63 WOOD STREET.

OIL LEASES, OIL LEASES can be had on the most favorable terms a lease of four or five acres, on Whitely Creek, near the Bowling well (6 barrels) struck last week by the Standard Oil Company, of Pittsburgh. Apply to STEEL & BAILEY, Wilkins Hall.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE CINCINNATI AND PITTSBURGH OIL AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, will be held at LAFAYETTE HALL, corner of Fourth and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, (entrance on Fourth street,) on WEDNESDAY, 13th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. CHAS. E. FOSDICK, Secretary. sep2:td

TAILORS WISHING TO RECIEVE INSTRUCTIONS IN THE ART OF Cutting Men's and Boys' Garments, BY ACTUAL MEASUREMENT, which do well by calling on J. U. ALERT, Jr., 4 McGRATTY'S Clothing Store, Southwest corner Ohio st. and Diamond, Allegheny City. sep1:td,eod1m

WALL PAPER.—New patterns, at reduced prices, in great variety of styles, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth. aug28 JOS. B. HUGHES & BRO

APPLES, 20 BBLS. CHOICE APPLES, Just received