The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY
THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1865.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, of Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, Jr., of Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. V. BOKER, North Fayette Township.
HANS S. HERRON, Richardson Township.
REED BLAIR, of Allegheny.
JOHN SHAFER, Upper St. Clair.
P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANKS, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN REDDY, of Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
H. T. MCCULLEY, of Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CHESS, of Chartiers Township.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

A State Convention will be held at Harrisburg, on THURSDAY, THE 17TH AUGUST, 1865, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of putting in nomination a State Ticket to be supported by the friends of the Union at the coming October election.

The harvest has been reaped by a loyal people assisted by the great victory in 1864, and made the way, which our enemies denounced as a failure, a glorious success in 1865.

Our flag has been maintained—our chosen Constitutional Government preserved, and peace re-established. Let every friend who aided in this result, take measures to be represented in that Convention. We must see to it that the fruits of our success are not lost to the Nation.

Business of vast importance will be presented for consideration, and every district in the State should be represented.

By order of the Union Central Committee.

SIMON CAMERON, Chairman.
A. W. BENEDICT, }
WM. FORNEY, } Secretaries.

THE GREAT ISSUE.

The Union State Convention will meet on the seventeenth of this month. Only about two weeks remain until it shall be determined whether the Republican party shall pronounce in favor of universal equal rights, or attempt to shift the responsibility of action on this momentous question to the future. We hope that there will be no such lack of decision in the action of that assemblage, yet we have our doubts, notwithstanding that many and influential voices have spoken out in unwavering accents in favor of a cause that until lately they hesitated to espouse. The risk is enough to keep us on our guard. But if the principle of equal rights be taken up and adopted there is no fear of the final result. United on such an issue we can carry Pennsylvania, and if so, the majority of the other States will assuredly follow. The significance of this State is the highest of any in the Union. It has not been filtered away by faction as in New York; it is not obnoxious to prejudice like New England. Like her own iron, she may become a magnet that shall draw other States upward to her own position.

And not only can we, but by every consideration of expediency and right we are obliged to do this—to restore the negroes to the full rights of citizenship.

Prudence demands it. The experience of the past ten weeks has shown that only in this way can we retain the benefits of the war, instead of having but a barren victory to boast of. The spirit of rebellion and of slavery yet lives, and lives in the presence of a power ready and able to successfully oppose it. Yet this power lies latent through our neglect. In the negro vote of the South there is an ample security against a relapse into rebellion, or the reestablishment of virtual slavery. The loyal people have but to speak the word and they shall evoke a power by which future rebellion may be held "as in a vice."

Consistency demands it. Hitherto our professed principles and our conduct have been at variance. While our words proclaim the equality of men, our acts belie them. While we exercise the dominion of privilege in Europe, we are a privileged class ourselves; none the less so, because we are the more numerous. Now there is an opportunity given us to remove this anomaly. Now for the first time, if we but will, we can exhibit to the world a perfect example of a Democratic government, a nation where no man has any political advantage over another, where all are comprised in one political system, under the same laws and possessed of the same rights. Is not this an achievement worth the sacrifice of one single prejudice?

Humanity demands it. Each day brings accounts of wrongs and outrage, committed by those whose rage against ourselves has been suppressed, only that it may break out more violently against a class who are powerless to resist these injuries; powerless because they are refused the means of redress, which, while it is their defence, will add to our own security. As they are now situated, they are amenable to laws which they had no part in making, which are made by those whose aims are to keep them weak, oppressed and degraded. This has hitherto been the course pursued by Southern legislators in enacting laws compelling the negro to remain in ignorance, and we have seen no evidence that they have changed their sentiments on this subject. By enfranchising the negro, we give him a safeguard against such iniquitous codes.

Gratitude demands it. We accepted their assistance in the war waged against us by their masters, and shall we remand them into a state of subjection little better than slavery? What a return for their faithful service and devoted loyalty! So long as we deny them equal rights, these services cannot be repaid, and we repudiate the debt. Let us acknowledge the obligation manfully, and no longer withhold that which is their due.

Justice demands it as an absolute right. This may seem too strong an assertion, but we challenge any one to show the opposite to be true. Upon what basis of right are we to establish the dominion of the whites, unless we deny the common humanity of the blacks. If we say by virtue of superior intelligence, the same rule will include thousands of our own race. We cannot claim this right as hereditary, for not one generation has passed, since both races enjoyed the prerogatives of citizens in every State but one. Our exclusive privileges arise from our power to have it so, and from this alone. We have made right of wrong, and custom has sanctioned the deed, until the principles which underlie our system of government have become unmeaning to the public mind. That all men are born equal has come to be regarded as a mere fancy, and not the plain statement of an absolute fact. It is for us to reassert these principles in their original force, and in so doing, to elevate a down-trodden class, to pay the obligation we have incurred by accepting their aid, and to establish a secure defence against seditious attempts in the lately rebellious States.

THE New York *Evening Post* says the public schools in that city have been in serious danger of being closed for want of money to carry them on. One million eight hundred thousand dollars was voted for their maintenance, but there was no money to pay it and the money could not be borrowed. The teachers are now suffering for the sum of $350,000 due them in February!

SUPERIOR IRON COMPANY.

We were very much interested and gratified yesterday in a visit to the new railroad iron works of this company on the north bank of the Ohio river, a short distance below Manchester, and about two miles below this city. The works consist of two smelting furnaces and an extensive rolling mill, for the sole purpose of manufacturing rails.

This is a joint stock company, with a capital of $500,000. JAMES I. BENNET is President, JOHN SCOTT, Treasurer, W. S. STEVENS, Manager of the Rolling Mill, and BENJAMIN CROWTHER Manager of the Furnaces. It is about one year since the company commenced building. One furnace has been in operation about six months, turning out an average of twenty-four tons of pig iron per day, and already they have hundreds of tons of metal on hand, either for sale or for stock for their rolling mill, which is nearly ready for operation. A second furnace of equal capacity, is nearly ready to go into blast, which will increase the product of pig metal to nearly fifty tons per day. Two other furnaces are in contemplation.

The furnace lot contains ten acres, and extends from the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to the Ohio river, giving to it an immediate connection with both river and railroad communication. The rolling mill lot contains twenty acres, on the lower end of which the company have erected numerous tenements for their workmen and their families. It, too, extends from the railroad to the river, and a branch railroad supplied with turn-tables, enables them to deliver ore, coal, coke, &c., directly at the several furnaces throughout both these extensive divisions of the establishment.

We were very much struck with the beautiful arrangement by which the gas from the smelting furnaces is made not only to heat the blast, but to pour powerful columns of flame under the steam boilers, thus rendering very little additional fuel necessary for that department of the works.

By the way, we may mention in this connection the interesting fact, that one-fifth of the fuel used for smelting consists of raw coal, obtained by means of a shaft one hundred feet deep, from a mine at Hulton, twelve miles up the Allegheny river. The coal appears to be of excellent quality, and, being remarkably free from sulphur, is well adapted to that purpose. The gas arising from this raw coal contributes powerfully to augment the escape heat and flame just spoken of, and indeed it is used also for giving light to the foundry and other parts of the works.

We believe that this is the only coal yet drawn in this county from any of these deep mines which are known to underlie all this section of country. At Steubenville coal is mined in the same way, and some suppose that this vein at Hulton is the same as that operated upon at Steubenville. It is not improbable that these deep mines will afford coal better adapted to the manufacture of iron than those nearer the surface of the earth. The coke used in these furnaces is manufactured at the company's own coal mines near Connellsville. It is of excellent quality.

The rolling mill is an extensive and substantial structure. We did not get its dimentions in feet, but when we state that it is to be of sufficient capacity to make fifty tons of rails per day of new material, besides re-rolling old rails on a large scale, some idea of its size may be formed. It will be ready to go into operation early in September.

The steam engines used in these works were made by CORLISS, of Providence, R. I. They are upright, very substantial, highly finished, and work admirably. But while we looked at them and admired them, we could not but think that Pittsburgh ought not to have to send to Providence for steam engines, unless it should be one or two, just by way of samples. All the other machinery was made here, and many of the simpler castings, particularly floor plates, are made by the company, in their own foundry on their furnace lot.

The ore used in these works is all brought from Lake Superior. Of its quality we need not speak. The quantity of that unrivalled ore now brought to this vicinity and other parts of this State is already very large and is rapidly increasing. Some furnaces to the northwest of us work it mixed with native ores; others pure. Here it is used almost if not quite exclusively. It is probable that this business of bringing these rich Upper Lake ores to the fuel in Western Pennsylvania will become permanent and grow to enormous magnitude.

THE RICHMOND ELECTION.

The Richmond *Whig* of Saturday publishes an order from General TERRY prohibiting the organization of the newly elected city government. The officer who notified the Council of this order said he was not at liberty to state the reasons for the action of the United States authorities. They were brief and simple, however, and would be made known through another channel. The Council acquiesced without remonstrance, and the *Whig* reports the proceedings without comment.

The reasons assigned in the order, as afterward published, for this action, were that in the election citizens who had served in the Union army were prevented from voting; the officers elected had been noted rebels, and the issue was distinctly made and avowed as being between men who had abetted the rebellion and those who had supported the government.

We observe that the work of confiscation is still going on.

Two hundred and fifty-four shares of the Petersburg Railroad stock were libelled. The vigorous action of the government seems to have thoroughly repressed the seditious spirit that was lately quite rampant in those parts.

The Gubernatorial Succession.

Although the Constitutional term of the present incumbent of the Gubernatorial chair of Pennsylvania will not expire until 1867, the people are already looking among the prominent men of the Commonwealth for a fit man to serve as a successor to the distinguished statesman now at the head of the affairs of the State. Some of our contemporaries have already placed the names of favorite statesmen at the head of their columns as the choice of the people of such localities for this high office. Other journals have indicated their preferences in allusions to other eminent men for the same position, and we now have prominently before the people, for the Gubernatorial succession, such men as Hon. J. K. Moreh ad, Hon. Morton M'Michael, Hon. W. W. Ketchum, Hon. John Covode, General Geary, General Herron, Colonel A. K. McClure and Hon. Francis Jordan. These gentlemen have all had more or less experience in public affairs; they are all men of the highest integrity and ability, while each, so far as his individual influence and service extended, exhibited the noblest devotion to the country during its struggles with the lately conquered rebellion. However distant the period for the election of a Governor, we are firmly convinced that either of the gentleman named in connection with the nomination could be triumphantly elected.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

THE Crops. In Indiana, Central and Southern Illinois, Northern Missouri, and Southern Iowa, the wheat, barley and oat crops have suffered serious injury; but in Northern Illinois and Iowa, and throughout the whole of Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, the extent of the damage done by the long rainy term is inconsiderable, being limited to the barley crop, which has been materially reduced and to some wheat fields in the low lands.—*Chicago Journal.*

The Resources of the Treasury.

The Secretary of the Treasury can hope for no aid from Congress before about the first of next February. What must he rely upon till then? The act of March 3d, 1863, authorized a loan of $200,000,000, of which there has been issued in ten-forty five per cent. bonds the amount of $172,770,900—leaving yet available the sum of $27,229,100, which may be issued at any rate of interest not exceeding six per cent in gold. Of five-twenty six per cent. bonds authorized by and adopted under the act of June 30th, 1864, there remains unissued the sum of $9,211,000. Of other bonds authorized by the act there remain $70,000,000, which may be issued either as a seven-thirty loan or as three years six per cent. compound interest notes. Of fractional currency authorized by the acts of July, 1862, and March, 1863, there remains about $20,000,000, which may be issued either in currency or some form of loan. Of the amount of temporary loan authorized by the act of July 11th, 1862, there remains at the Secretary's command about $58,000,000. Here is an aggregate of $184,440,900, which the Secretary may put out as a loan in some form or other without any action on the part of Congress. The internal revenue receipts are not as large as estimated, but the amount from this source from August 1st, 1865 to February 1st, 1866, cannot be less than $120,000,000, and may be even ten or fifteen millions more. The receipts from customs within that period will hardly be under forty five million of dollars and are likely to be something over that figure. The receipts from all miscellaneous sources in the same period will reach at least $14,000,000. Here is an aggregate of revenue of not less than $179,000,000—and in all cases I am taking the lowest estimates of any one who can be considered as an authority, while the estimates of good authority make the amount not less than $30,000,000. The amount of gold now in the Treasury is about $35,000,000, and of balances in the sub-treasuries to the credit of the Department about $30,000,000. Here is an aggregate of actual available means for the coming six months as follows: loan, $184,440,900; revenue from all sources, at least $179,000,000; cash on hand $65,000,000; being a total of $428,000,000. I must again add that not a few gentlemen in positions to knowingly judge of the revenue receipts during the period to the first of February put the amount at over $200,000,000 instead of $179,000,000, which figure I use. So this aggregate of $428,000,000 is an admitted as part of the capital with which the Treasury can be managed during the fall and winter, the authority to issue certificates of indebtedness without limit. Within a year the amount of this paper outstanding was over $250,000,000. It is now less than $140,000,000, and of course $100,000,000 can be issued without particular detriment to the market. Here there is a grand aggregate of over $500,000,000 which the Secretary of the Treasury can use between this date and the first of February next.—*Washington Correspondence Chicago Tribune.*

DISCOVERED AT POMPEII.—Letters from Naples describe a temple of Juno, just disinterred among the recent excavations at Pompeii. Three hundred skeletons were found crowded within the sanctuary, a propitiatory service having been in train the hour they were overwhelmed. The statue of the goddess with its attendant peacock, the tripod in front of the altar, the golden censer, the jewels on the person of the priestess, the rich vessels full of the sacred spoil of animal blood, are the main particulars dwelt on. The eyes of Juno were of the most vivid enamel, her arms and her whole person richly decorated with gold trinkets, her gaudy bird resplendent with a cluster of glittering gems. Articles in gold lay calcined within the censer, while gorgeous lamps and bronze ornaments strewed the tesselated pavement.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE father of Payne, the would-be murderer of Secretary Seward, resides on a plantation three miles from Lawrenceville, on the Petersburg and Georgia Railroad. He lost one son at the battle of Murfreesboro', another returned home maimed for life. Lewis was his only hope in his old age. He was a Baptist minister as has been stated.

THE Montreal *Herald* figures that it will cost $105,000,000 to carry on the proposed scheme of "confederation," ninety millions being swallowed upon military equipment, fortifications and other unproductive works.

IT is confidently said that the President has made Governor Wells, of Louisiana, Provisional Governor, so as to see that the full control of that State may be obtained, and rebels be prevented from holding office.

HON. DENIS STRONG, Union Senator from the Brooklyn (N. Y.) District, has sued the editor of the Brooklyn *Times* for defamation of character, in charging him with corrupt legislative practices.

S. MORGAN SMITH, a colored elocutionist of Philadelphia, is giving select "readings" from select authors among the fashionable sojourners of Cape May. He is highly popular.

IN portions of Kentucky, where rebel soldiers lately paroled congregate, efforts are openly made by those wretches to prevent Union men from speaking on the stump.

BOSTON has a little over 100,000 inhabitants. In 1860 the population was 177,840.

PRINCE HOHENLOHE, the young Hopeful of Italy, is seriously ill.

Paris capitalists are putting railways in Persia.

THE London *Owl* has suspended publication.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOB PRINTING.

The undersigned are now prepared to execute, in the neatest and most expeditious manner, JOB PRINTING of all kinds, including
PAPER BOOKS,
BILLS IN EQUITY,
LEGAL BLANKS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
CARDS, &c.

And all kinds of
BOOK AND FANCY JOB WORK.
GIVE US A TRIAL.
O'NEILL & ANDERSON.
Gazette Steam Job Office,
84 Fifth street.

au22:6td J. W. F. WHITE.....J. F. SLAGLE.
WHITE & SLAGLE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
No. 106 Fifth Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Will attend to all business in the line of their Profession, including THE COLLECTION OF CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

Mr. SLAGLE having been mustered out of the United States Service, will hereafter give attention to the business of the firm. au2:2f

BARON LIEBIG'S
NUTRITIVE FOOD,
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

For making a pleasant and highly nutritious Soup or Gruel, for children deprived of the mother's milk, and invalids of all ages.

☞ Full directions on each package.

For sale at the CENTRAL DRUG STORE, corner of Ohio and Federal streets, in the Market House, Allegheny.

GEORGE A. KELLY.
jy31:6md

STRAY COW.

Strayed from No. 19 East Common, Allegheny, July 20th, a BRINDLE COW, with white spot on her back, five years old.

Any information in regard to her left with the subscribers, will be liberally rewarded.

HEAD & METZGAR,
jy31:3tdaw 249 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

TAX PAYERS OF THE FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY,

TAKE NOTICE

That the BOUNTY TAX of said Ward, assessed on the persons and property of residents within the limits of the Borough at its last session, is now due and payable to me, No. 60 WASHINGTON ST.

ROBERT ROLL.
jy22:3t

FOR SALE.

62 BARRELS CLARION OIL.

Whitewell Well, 41 gravity, 125 fire test; a pure lubricator; needs no refining for either burning or lubricating. Inquire of J. K. BARCLAY & CO., No. — Duquesne Way.

au2:2t GUTHRIE & ELLIS.

INDIA RUBBER AND OILED CLOTH.

ING.—A full supply always on hand, and for sale, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot of
J. & H. PHILLIPS.
1y21 Nos. 56 and 58 St. Clair street.

LUBRICATING OIL.—For sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.
jy27

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

Owing to an obstruction on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, 8 miles from Pittsburgh, at Bryson & Preston's Forge, WE WILL NOT RECEIVE FREIGHT UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

A. J. SHANK,
Agent P. & C. R. R. Co.,
au2:3tdaw Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the WEST VIRGINIA BASIN OIL COMPANY are requested to meet at the office of Robert Wray, Jr., No. 4 Hand st., ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1865, at four o'clock p. m. Business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

au2:3td BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

FOR SALE.

ENGINE BOILER, FLY WHEEL, &c., complete, Suitable for a Saw, Grist, or small Rolling Mill, or any other business requiring a capacity of Forty or Fifty Horse Power. Apply at

au2:3tdf 60 SMITHFIELD STREET.

SPECIAL
INDUCEMENTS TO BUY
Silk and Lace Mantles.
BATES & BELL'S,
au2 81 Fifth street.

PROCLAMATION.

The owners of Dogs within the city of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that all Dogs hereafter permitted to go at large, without being properly muzzled, will be taken up and destroyed, in accordance with Ordinance in Charter 24, Sections 41, 42 and 43 of the City Digest of Ordinances.

JAMES LOWRY, Jr., Mayor.
Pittsburgh, July 31, 1865. au2:1w

BATES & BELL'S—
FOR
New Chintzes and Prints.
au2 81 FIFTH STREET.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between John Maffett and James Orr, under the name and style of MAFFETT & ORR, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1865. All persons having claims against said firm are requested to present the same for payment, and those indebted to said firm will settle with John Maffett, who is alone authorized to settle the affairs of said firm.

JOHN MAFFETT.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT MULES.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 1, 1865.

A Government Mule will be sold at Public Auction on THURSDAY, August 3, 1865, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Fair Grounds, Penn st. Rules sold singly.

Terms—CASH, United States Currency.

O. CROSS,
au2:2td Lieut. Col. and Deputy Q. M. G.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1865.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12th inst., for furnishing for Building a Bridge across Pinckety Creek, on the line between Allegheny and Venango counties, near Franklin. It will require a new wooden structure and new piers. Also the stone work to be raised.

Particulars will be furnished on application.

By direction of County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT,
au2:3tdaw Controller.

FINE FURNITURE, NO. 41 COLWELL STREET.—THURSDAY MORNING, August 3d, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the Building, No. 41 Colwell street, a few dozen above Fourth street, in Sixth Ward, a quantity of superior Furniture, in part as follows, viz: Parlor Suits, Brussels Carpets, Ingrain Carpets, Tete-a-Tete Sofas, Hall and Window Shades and Mantles, Walnut What Not, Rosewood Hat Rack, Walnut Dressing Bureaus, fine Walnut High Post Bedstead, Marble Top Table, Card Table, Window Shades, Parlor Chairs, Lounge, Sewing Stand, Wardrobe, Cot Bed, Rack, Kitchen Table, &c. Also, one Bath Tub.

A. McGILVAINE, Auctioneer.

SUMMER BLANKETS,

HONEY COMB QUILTS,

MARSEILLES QUILTS,

For sale by

WHITE ORR & CO.,
au2:1tdaw 75 FIFTH STREET.

GOVERNMENT SALE.—BEDDING, &c.—MONDAY MORNING, August 7th, at 10 o'clock, by order of Lieut. Col. Sheldon, U. S. A., will be sold, at the United States General Hospital, opposite Fair Grounds, Penn'a, the following Property, most of which is entirely new, and remainder but little used:

237 Cotton Sheets, 5 Linen Sheets;
23 Woolen Blankets, 23 Counterpanes;
23 Linen Mattress Cases, 19 Cotton do.;
200 Pillow Slips, 227 Bed Sacks;
228 Hair Mattresses, 14 Shuck Mattresses;
16 Iron Bedsteads, 4 Cotton Shirts;
28 Dressing Gowns, 192 Woolen Wrappers;
27 Pairs Pantaloons, 19 Pairs Slippers;
224 pairs Socks, 202 Oats;
14 Pairs Mens's Hand Tan-ets;
2 Canvas Blanket Cases, 4 Canvas Bed Covers;
13 Rubber Cushions, 1 Water Bed;
23 Sq. Muslin, 12 yds. Oil Cloth;
34 yds. All Wool Red Flannel.

Terms—CASH, Government Funds.

A. McGILVAINE, Auct'r.
au2

BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, August 1, 1865.

MEANS.

Loans, Bills, Discounts and U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness.....$1,343,836 34
U. S. Bonds.....250,000 00
Real Estate and Ground Rent.....23,764 83
Stocks and Miscellanies.....5,988 97
Due by other Banks.....20,281 80
Bank Notes, Checks & Trea. Notes.....245,799 00
Specie.....319,638 97
$2,702,616 05

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock.....$1,142,500 00
Profits and Earnings.....122,600 25
Dividends Unpaid and Susp. Acc't.....18,121 72
Due to other Banks.....1,479 73
Circulation.....22,091 00
Deposits.....1,239,763 99
$2,702,616 05

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed, this 1st day of August, 1865, before me.

S. SMITH, Notary Public.
au2:1d

NEW GROCERY.—The undersigned has opened an

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

of fresh and WELL SELECTED GROCERIES in their NEW STORE. In addition to other noticies, they would call attention to their stock of Eastern BRASS BOUND CEDAR WARE.

SCOTT & SMITH,
jy20 1y&w corner Liberty and Ferry streets.

A NEW THING.

Mesen & Hughes' Patent Pocket Book.

Very neat and desirable; all in one piece; no danger of tearing, or coming apart. For sale, wholesale and retail, at
J. G. MAUER'S
Variety and Toy Store,
jy21 121 Market street.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY, July 20, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS (addressed to the undersigned at this office) will be received at this office, until THURSDAY, August 3, 1865, inclusive, for furnishing Cast-iron Gutters for the East side of Federal Street, where it crosses Ohio Street, similar to the one on the West side.

By direction of City Councils.

E. B. FRANCIS, Controller.
jy22:3td

FOR SALE.

ONE FIVE YEAR OLD MARE,

Paces under saddle; trots in harness. Inquire at
No. 82 LIBERTY STREET,
JORDAN, HOLLISTER & CO.

OIL LEASES.

OIL LEASES

can be had on the most favorable terms, a lots of four or five acres, on Whitely Creek, near the flowing well of 60 barrels' struck last week by the Standard Oil Company, of Pittsburgh. Apply to
STEEL & BAILEY, Wilkins Hall.
jy20

OIL CLOTHS! OIL CLOTHS!—For Floors, Tables, Counters, Stairs, Winds vs, &c., of all widths and patterns. A large stock on hand and for sale at reduced prices, at the Oil Cloth Depot of
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
jy21 Nos. 56 and 58 St. Clair street.

BAKER'S CHOCOLATE AND COCOA.—A full assortment of Baker's prepared Chocolate, prepared Cocoa and Broma; also, Sweet Vanilla Chocolate and Homœopathic Cocoa, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy26 corner Liberty and Wood streets.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGERS, at reduced prices, the best wringer in use; all warranted to give satisfaction. Call and see them at the India Rubber Depot, Nos. 56 and 58 St. Clair street.
jy21 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

BELTING!—BELTING!—Leather and Gum Rubber Belting; also, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, Lace Leather and Rivets of the best quality. A full stock always on hand at Nos. 56 and 58 St. Clair street, by
J. & H. PHILLIPS.
jy21

OIL.

75 barrels No. 2 Lard Oil;
150 do. pure Duck Creek Lubricating, in store and for sale by
JAMES DALZELL & SON,
jy21 69 and 70 Water street.

BASE BALLS AND BATS for sale by
JAMES BOWEN, 138 Wood street.
jy8

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

Those entitled to Professional Examination will meet in the Third Ward, Allegheny, August 7th, at 9 o'clock a. m. Applicants for School in the following districts will meet as follows:

Aug. 8—Indiana and Shaerpsburg, at Sharpsburg.
Aug. 9—Chartiers and Union, at Hodgen's school.
Aug. 10—Shaler, at Stewartstown.
Aug. 11—McKeesport and Versailles, at McKeesport.
Aug. 12—Elizabeth township and Elizabeth borough, at Elizabeth.
Aug. 14—South Fayette and Upper St. Clair, at Bridgeville.
Aug. 15—North Fayette, at Noblestown.
Aug. 16—Robinson, at School No. 1.
Aug. 21—Snowden, at School No. 1
Aug. 22—Jefferson, at Torrence's school house.
Aug. 23—Mifflin, at Lebanon.
Aug. 25—Tarentum, East Deer and Fawn, at Tarentum.
Aug. 26—Harrison, at Natrona.
Aug. 28—Penn, at Hamon Church.
Aug. 29—Plum, at Tarentum.
Sept. 1—Finley, at Clinton.
Sept. 2—Moon, at School No. 4.
Sept. 4—Hampton and McCandless, at School No. 4, in Hampton.
Sept. 6—West Deer and Richland, at Bakerstown.
Sept. 8—Pine and Marshall, Pinkerton's school house.
Sept. 9—Franklin and Ross, at Perrysville.
Sept. 13—Patton, at Turtle Creek.

The examinations will commence at 9 o'clock a. m. Teachers coming at 9½ o'clock will not be admitted to the examination. Applicants will be examined only in the districts where they apply for schools, and will not be admitted as spectators at any examinations until they themselves have been examined. Private examinations are absolutely refused. Applicants will provide themselves with a stamped envelope, bearing their address, and inclosing their last year's certificate; also, 3 cts next to raise stamp.

A. T. DOEHNERT,
au2:3t County Superintendent.

AN ORDINANCE relating to the Landing of Oil, &c., on the City Wharves, &c.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this ordinance, all petroleum, carbon oil, coal oil, benzole, benzine or naphtha, landed or placed upon the wharves of the city of Pittsburgh, in barrels or other packages, shall pay to the city wharfage at the rate of two cents per barrel for the first three days, or seventy-two hours; five cents per barrel for the fourth twenty-four hours, and ten cents per barrel for the fifth twenty-four hours which the said barrels or packages may remain on said wharves: *Provided, however,* That under no circumstances shall it be lawful to keep any such barrels or packages upon said wharves for a greater length of time than five days from the time the same may be landed: *And provided further,* that such barrels or packages shall not be placed or kept within seventy feet of the line of lots fronting upon the rivers Monongahela and Allegheny, or within one hundred feet of the bridges over said rivers.

Sec. 2. That all empty barrels or packages which may have been used in containing petroleum, coal oil, carbon oil, benzine, benzole or naphtha, shall be subject to the same wharfage and restrictions as the barrels or packages mentioned in the first section of this ordinance.

Sec. 3. That any person or persons placing any such barrels or packages, whether filled or empty, on any part of said wharves, not authorized by this ordinance, or permitting said barrels or packages to remain on said wharves, or any part thereof, for a longer period than five days, shall forfeit and pay a fine of fifty dollars for every such offense, and the like penalty for every day such violation of the provisions of this ordinance shall continue, to be collected by an action of debt before the Mayor, as in other cases of penalties, for the use of the city.

Sec. 4. That it is hereby made the imperative duty of the Wharfmasters to see that this ordinance is faithfully observed, and if they or either of them shall neglect any violation of any of the provisions herein contained, and do not immediately take the necessary steps to enforce the ordinance, then in such case the Wharfmaster so offending, or failing to perform his duty, shall be subject to a fine of fifty dollars, to be collected as other fines are recoverable.

Sec. 5. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, or supplied herein, are and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law the 31st day of July, 1865.

WM. E. BROWN,
President pro tem. of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

Approved August 1st, 1865.

THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.
au2:2td

PETROLEUM PUBLICATIONS.

I.
THE OIL REGIONS OF PENNSYLVANIA, with map and charts; 8vo. Cloth, $2 00.

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☞ Sent by return post on receipt of price.
au2

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the grading, paving and curbing Price street, from Pennsylvania avenue to Colwell street.

Sect. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That the Recording Regulator is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Price street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance of Councils, passed August 31, A. D. 1857, and an Act of Assembly, approved January 6, 1858, and that any ordinance, or part of ordinance, conflicting with the passage of this ordinance, at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of July, A. D. 1865.

WM. E. BROWN,
President pro tem. of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.
au2:3t5

GROCERIES.

223 bags prime and choice Rio Coffee;
25 packets Old Government Java Coffee;
175 half chests Green and Black Teas;
1000 bbls White Rice;
25 hhds. choice P. R. Sugar;
80 do. prime Cuba do.;
150 bbls. Refined do.;
200 do. Syrups, choice brands;
50 do. do. Cuba Molasses, cheap;
10 barrels Plantagua Molasses;
100 boxes Congress Tobacco, 6s and 10s;
50 bbls. Smoking do.

Arriving and in store. For sale by
LITTLE, BAILEY & PATTON,
jy22 Nos. 113 and 115 Second st. Pittsburgh.

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FOR SALE.

Inquire at the
GAZETTE OFFICE.
jy18:6tdaw

FOR SALE.—500,000 SHINGLES.
500,000 SHAVED PINE SHINGLES
FOR SALE.
W. BOOTHE,
jy24:2f 122 Liberty Street, near St. Clair.

GENERAL
Draughting Office and Patent Agency,
No. 18 ST. CLAIR STREET, near Suspension Bridge.
H. P. GENGENBRE, Civil Engineer.
Residence No. 14 Hay street. jy8

83 MARKET STREET.
J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,
DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES.
Serge, Valise and Patent Boots, Shoes and Balmorals, for Ladies, Gents, Boys, Youths, Misses and Children.
Fresh additions are made every week to our Stock, and "Small Profits and Quick Returns" is our system of selling. Prompt and careful attention given to orders. jy22:3mdaw

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PIPE AND SHEET LEAD,
LEAD PIPE of all sizes and thicknesses.
SHEET LEAD of any thickness on hand and made to order, by
ALEXANDER GORDON, Agent,
Commission Merchant, No. 102 Second street.
jy18:2md

TO MILLERS.—WE HAVE SEVERAL pieces of
Du Four & Co.'s Celebrated Anchor Belting Cloths,
for sale at less than New York prices.
J. C. LIGHTY & CO.,
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HADLY & ROCKERSHOUSEN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Furniture and Chairs
No. 160 FEDERAL STREET,
jy18:3md ALLEGHENY CITY

GRIGGS & SCOTT,
IRON CITY MATCH WORKS,
corner of Grant and Seventh streets, Pittsburgh.
jy22:3

LARD OIL.—10 bbls. No. 2, on Steamer Spear, to arrive. For sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
jy27

TALLOW OIL.—20 barrels on Steamer Spear, to arrive. For sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
jy27

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OF
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NO. 17 FIFTH STREET,

FULL LINES OF
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Jaconet Insertings,
Jaconet Allovers,
Hamburg Flouncings,
Swiss Edgings,
Swiss Insertings,

French Cambric Bands,
Linsey Bands,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Infants' Embroidered Waists,
Black Thread Edgings, all widths,
Guipure Laces and Edgings, all widths,

Black and White Thread Lace Barbs,
Val. Edgings and Insertings,
Royal Frilling, (something new,)
Maltese Collars,
Point Lace Collars,
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Hemstitched Handkerchiefs,
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A splendid assortment of Bonnet Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons, Neck Ribbons, Scarfs, Ties, Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Cords, Dress Trimmings, etc., etc.,

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500 dozen LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
Superior quality, at from 12½ to 25 cts. each.

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☞ Liberal inducements offered to the wholesale trade.

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The attention of the public is called to the large and extensive stock of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, just opened at the above-mentioned place, which I am now offering at great bargains. Any one in want of the above Goods will find it to their interest to give me a call, and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find the largest and best selected stock of Fine White Shirts, extra sizes