The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1865.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, of Allegheny.

FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LANDERS, Fitt Township.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, Esq., of Liberty Township.

FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.

FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. W. MIKER, North Fayette Township.
JAMES R. HERRON, McCandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, of Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFER, Upper St. Clair.
J. F. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANES, Shaler Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, of Lower St. Clair Tp.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
E. L. McQUILLEY, of Birmingham.

FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CRESS, of Quarters Township.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.

A State Convention will be held at Harrisburg, on THURSDAY, THE 17TH AUGUST, 1865, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purpose of putting in nomination a State Ticket to be supported by the friends of the Union at the coming October election.

The earnest and zealous labors of a loyal people secured the great victory in 1864, and made the war, which our enemies denounced as a failure, a glorious success in 1865.

Our flag has been maintained—our enemies defeated—our Government preserved, and peace re-established. Let every friend who aided to take result, take measures to be represented in that Convention. We must see to it that the fruits of our success are not lost to the Nation.

Business of vast importance will be presented for consideration, and every district in the State should be represented.

By order of the Union Central Committee.

SIMON CAMERON, Chairman.

A. W. BENEDICT, } Secretaries.
WM. FORNEY, }

DIVERSIFIED INDUSTRY.

The late revenue returns disclose the fact that the manufactures of Philadelphia, for the year ending June '65, amounted to an aggregate of one hundred and seventy millions of dollars. Philadelphia stands first among the manufacturing cities of the Union; yet there is no one particular branch for which it is specially noted unless it be locomotive engines. Its industry is more diversified than that of any other of our cities, and it is to this, more than anything else, that it owes its marvellous growth and prosperity.

While Philadelphia rivalled and even excelled New York as a commercial city, and while it had regular lines of first class Liverpool ships and a large East and West India trade, it did not advance in wealth and population with anything like the rapidity it has since. It then numbered from one hundred to two hundred thousand inhabitants; but since it succumbed commercially to New York—say thirty years ago—the population has increased to 650,000. It still retains considerable commerce; but even this it owes more to its vast productive industry than to the enterprise of its merchants.

Although Philadelphia has some two hundred thousand less population than New York, it has more dwellings and covers more ground, and there is probably not one-tenth part of the squalid misery in the former as in the latter. These superior circumstances are attributable to the fact that they are a better employed people; and the employments of great numbers of them are of such a character as to require high grades of skill and intelligence—just such men as will not be satisfied with anything but comfortable homes.

The population of Philadelphia is not a vast congregation of spinners and weavers like those of Manchester, nor of cutlers like those of Sheffield, nor of shoemakers like those of Lynn, but are divided into almost every department of skilled and unskilled industry from the rudest to the most elegant and refined. This is what gives to that great yet quiet and pleasant city its beautiful symmetry, its unexampled comfort, its rapid growth, and its wonderful prosperity. This it is which rolls up such aggregates as that we mentioned at the beginning. The manufactures of Philadelphia go much to enrich the nation, while the commerce of New York, to which some other people wish all other interests to bend, impoverishes it.

Now, while we think it probable that Pittsburgh and its surroundings could make an equally good pro rata exhibit of the products of industry, it must be confessed that we are far behind in point of diversity. There are hundreds of things which enter largely into the every day uses of our people, especially such as are mainly composed of iron, steel and brass, which could be manufactured here to great advantage—things which are either not made here at all, or if made, on so small a scale as not to be worth talking about. We are speaking mainly of what are in themselves *little things*; but which, owing to the large quantities used, are great things. For example, why are not *wood screws* and horse-shoe nails made here? And with our abundant iron and steel, why cannot carpenters' tools of all kinds be made here as well as anywhere else in the world? And so of cutlery of all kinds.

It has been thought strange that a great railroad centre like this, with every desirable facility already existing, there should be no locomotives made. But this want, we are happy to state, is about to be supplied. Messrs. STEWART, CARNEGIE and others have purchased a large lot of ground in Manchester, on which they are about to erect extensive works for this purpose. Another Pittsburgh company are erecting an extensive car factory at Rochester, so that, so far as rolling stock for railroads is concerned, we shall soon be all right. But in the smaller and finer forms into which our abundant *raw materials* might be worked up there is still great room for expansion. Every new branch of business started in a community like this adds something to every other, something to the value of real estate, and something to the general growth and prosperity. And it is a fact, that the nicer the skill required the more likely is the artisan to be a valuable accession to our general society. It is time, therefore, that the large accumulated capital of Pittsburgh were turned into channels of finer manufacturing industry.

If it be objected that our people cannot compete with those of Europe in such things, all that we have to say is that they can compete in those which the people of Philadelphia and New England can prosecute successfully. Three things only are required—capital, energy, skill. The two first are here already, and they, if properly directed, will bring the third.

In a recent speech on the hustings at Sheffield, Roebuck declared that the United States of America had, in times past, manifested so arrogant a disposition, and had insulted England whenever insult could be offered, that, when the war broke out, he said: "I will, so far as I am concerned, aid and assist in breaking up that powerful Union into communities that will be less powerful and better behaved."

THE EULOGY on PRESIDENT LINCOLN, delivered in London, by Vitto & Co., at the instance of Capt. EDWARD W. H. SCHMIDT, in order to supply the English public with a copy of that admirable production.

A QUEER ARGUMENT.

The New-York *Journal of Commerce*, in an article opposing protection, makes use of the following novel argument, which effectually knocks in the head the plain argument relied upon by free traders, namely, that protection operates to the sole advantage of the manufacturer at the expense of everybody else, especially the farmers.

"We defy any one to show the least benefit that accrues *to our manufacturers* of the workmen they employ, in consequence of protection. Every dollar increase through protection in the price of commodities they procure, is compensated by at least from one dollar and a half to two dollars increase in the price of all things they consume, individually and employ in their manufactories. Had the free traders full understood this *they would long since have ceased to cry out that the people are taxed for the benefit of the manufacturers.*"

Whatever may be said of the absurdity of this logic as used against the policy of protection, it must be admitted that there is more truth in this little paragraph than we generally find on that side of the question; for it is true that when our manufacturing industry is well protected the manufacturers have to pay more for their flour and marketing and many other things than they would have to do were there no protection; and it is equally true that the system of revenue laws which protects the manufacturer directly, protects the farmer indirectly, to quite as great a degree. While the specific proportions of profit and loss spoken of by the *Journal of Commerce*, are monstrously extravagant, the general argument is correct, for it is true that the manufacturer receives no undue and disproportionate benefit from protection. We commend it, therefore, to the special attention of the farmers as establishing the fact that they are quite as much interested in the maintenance of a wholesome protective policy as are the manufacturers.

Preserving Fruits.

The following description of the mode of putting up fruit by the Oneida Community, is copied from their organ, the *Circular*:

"The fruit is first suitably prepared by hulling, assorting, of paring and cutting, as the case demands; and, in most instances, is immediately placed in clean glass bottles, filling them full; and when such fruit as peaches, pears, quinces, &c., are cut in large pieces, it is best to take some pains to crowd the fruit into the bottle—otherwise the heating process will not leave the bottle properly filled with fruit.

"Next prepare a syrup of melted refined or white sugar, and pour into the bottles by the following rule: Allow six ounces of sugar to one quart of fruit, or melt ten pounds of sugar in one gallon of water, and give one-half pint of the syrup thus produced to one quart bottle of fruit. This rule is adapted to the strawberry, cherry, peach, and other similar fruits. More acid fruits, like the currant, require a greater proportion of sugar. Sugar, for a few years, and especially the present season, has been so high that the temptation has been for those who put up fruit for sale to make the proportion of sugar much less than the above rule requires, and some parties have acknowledged that they had reduced the quantity of sugar to three ounces for one quart of fruit. Fruit put up air-tight will, of course, keep just as well without sugar as with it, but it is thought much better to heat the fruit in syrup, rather than to heat it in water and supply sugar as it is used for the table.

"The filled bottles are then placed in a steaming-box—best when made throughout of wood—the bottles rest on a false bottom of narrow slats, covering the steam-pipe—cold water is then let into the box until the bottles are two-thirds covered; the fruit is then gradually heated to the boiling point by letting steam into the water, through a pipe leading from the engine-room in another portion of the building. It requires from fifty-five to sixty minutes to properly heat or cook most kinds of fruit. They are commonly allowed to boil five minutes, but in some instances are taken out of the steam-box before they reach the boiling point.

"Corks are made sufficiently flexible by steaming them twenty minutes with the fruit. They should be large enough to fill the neck of the bottle tightly, and require some force to crowd them in. Formerly one cork, as procured of dealers, was made to stop two bottles, but it is now considered better to use a whole cork for each bottle.

"Until last year the community used for sealing wax a compound of the following proportions: 1 lb. of rosin, 1½ oz. tallow, ¾ oz. beeswax; but common bottle wax has proved to be found to answer quite as well, and is much cheaper. It is prepared by first being boiled a few minutes, and then heated every time a batch of fruit is to be sealed.

"The fruit being sufficiently heated, the corks steamed, and the boat-pitch ready, the bottles are taken successively to a table and quickly corked. The corks may be forced in by a blow from a mallet, or best by a small lever arrangement, or best by such a machine as that used here, and in other fruit establishments, which, worked by hand and foot, performs this operation easily and rapidly. The portion of cork remaining above the bottle is pared off with a sharp knife, and left in convex form.

"Some fruit preservers, at this stage, pack their fruit away, laying the bottles down on the side and trusting to the cork, thus kept moist, to exclude the air, and sealing the bottles when they fill orders for the market, and when they are less hurried; but the Community have always sealed their fruit immediately after it is corked, which is done by dipping the mouth of the bottle in the melted sealing wax, so as to cover the bulb. Then transfer it to a basin of cold water, dipping to the same depth, to cool the wax. If the dipping is carried below the bulb or rim at the mouth of the bottle, there is danger of cracking the glass. Now examine the sealed ware to see if the wax has formed blisters. If there are blisters, rub them away with the finger, using a little tallow or oil to prevent sticking. It was formerly thought necessary to repeat the dipping operation in wax and water, but it is now only done when the first dipping leaves the cork imperfectly covered.

"The operation is now completed, and the fruit ready to be packed away on shelves or in chests, in a cool, dry cellar. If placed on shelves, a cloth should be hung before them to exclude the light. In a few days after packing away, inspect the bottles to see if any show signs of fermentation, which may be detected by a foamy appearance of the fruit. If this observed in any bottle, it denotes either a crack in the glass, or that the sealing was imperfect. The bottle should be opened and examined, the contents scalded, and the process of sealing repeated as before. In some cases during the season, a little vegetable mould may be seen to gather on the surface of the fruit in the bottles, but this is not to be regarded as it can be readily separated on opening the bottles, leaving the mass of fruit uninjured."

THE army having been reduced below 200,000 men, it is now the intention of the Government to reduce it to as low a number as 100,000; and having got it to that standard, it is not impossible that further diminutions will take place. The only point, indeed where reductions are not constantly going on, is in Sheridan's Division. There, the forces increase each week.—*Army and Navy Journal.*

ST. LOUIS advices report a high stage of water in all the Western rivers, the Mississippi and Missouri on the rampage, with much devastation accomplished and more threatened. Bridges have been carried away on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, and trains are shut off, awaiting repairs of damages.

MR. FULLER, a very worthy resident of Madison county Tenn., says that the cotton has almost all been got out of the country. There is a probability that the next crop will be very good, as there has been much planted, and it looks well. The negroes work satisfactorily.

GENERAL BEAUREGARD is expected to arrive at New York in the course of a few days with a view to his departure for Europe. It is supposed he will tender his services to the French army.

ALL the extensive property belonging to Mr. Louis D. Crenshaw, of Richmond, which had been seized for confiscation, has been restored to his possession, by order of the District Attorney.

PRINCE NAPOLEON is going to Kamschatka, on a scientific expedition.

THE FUTURE OF GEORGIA.—A private letter received in Philadelphia from a gentleman in Savannah says he is strongly of opinion that a few years will disclose a wonderful and profitable change in the condition, both temporal and spiritual, of that part of the country. Georgia resources are but beginning to be developed; not the three-hundredth part of her soil has been tilled. She has the finest yellow pine timber in the country. Her mineral wealth is hardly touched. Iron and bituminous coal abound; copper lead, silver and gold are found. War has done much towards breaking up the supineness of a large portion of the people. Good farmers can make two or three crops off the same land the same season, with less labor than it costs to produce one in the North. Land is bought at from $5 to $25 per acre, and large tracts at lower prices. White marble, of fine quality, is abundant; slate equal to that of Wales. Many of Sherman's army, while in Georgia expressed a determination to return and settle in it.

A BROKE METHOD WITH FREE TRADE.—Free trade and tariff is, in fact, only a question of work and wages; for free trade forces us to compete with the pauper labor of Europe—while a judicious protective tariff brings those laborers to us, shelters, feeds, clothes and educates them, as they can never be sheltered, fed, clothed and educated where they are, and converts them and their posterity from paupers into good citizens and valuable members of society.

Free trade carries the farmer's grain across the ocean, and takes the price of transportation out of his pocket, while a judicious protective tariff takes his wheat, his corn, his oats, and every other thing that he raises but cannot send away, sells them to the manufacturer at his own door, and puts the price of transportation into his pocket.—*Detroit Tribune.*

ARMIES OF THE SOUTH.—The great mistake of the day, in my opinion, is the haste to grant pardon to those so late in arms against us, and who have not yet cooled enough to see the folly of ceasing cursing the victors, "the damned Yankees." No one who has had the chance to feel the sentiment of the South, as we have, has failed to observe that the strongest motive that tempts these people to take the oath and establish a provisional government is the desire to have the State out of our control, and to get us removed from their sight. They say they are not conquered, only overpowered. They hate the North still as ever, and are only sorry that their cause did not succeed.—*Wilmington Cor. N. Y. Tribune.*

ARIZONA SALT.—The San Francisco *Mining Press* says: "We have seen samples of rock salt from the salt mountains, located some sixty miles above El Dorado Canon, up the Colorado. The salt is in large beautifully transparent crystals, and is probably of the finest quantity attainable on this ocean. These mountains are said to be a perfect mass of beautifully crystalized salt, and are a great curiosity and wonder to all travelers who have visited them. One of them is within six miles of the river and the other is about ninety miles distant. The packers chop it out of the mass with axes."

THE family of Judge Ould, late rebel commissioner of exchange, who have been boarding at Carlisle Springs, left the other day in quite a huff. The cause of the offence was that on the 4th inst., Mr. Woods, the proprietor of the Springs, had his house decorated with quites display of National flags; and since then, at various times, the bunting has been floating from the house top. This has been a constant source of annoyance to the family.

AN EXCITING controversy is now pending at Chicago relative to the final disposition of the funds of the recent Sanitary Fair. A strong feeling exists in the community in favor of the appropriation of all the money raised by the Fair to the erection of a permanent Soldier's Home, where all sick, crippled, or otherwise disabled veterans of the war, from the Western States, may be properly taken care of.

ADVICES from the Red River of the North distinctly reiterate the former charge that British traders in British settlements openly supply hostile bands of Indians with arms and ammunition, to prey on our frontiers. The act is confessed by the guilty parties who say they do it to protect themselves. It is as bad to arm a red skin as to build a pirate, and the Johnny Bulls have done both.

INTENSE interest is excited throughout Indiana pending the decision of the Supreme Court of that State on the validity of the act legalizing the issuing of County bonds for bounties. At least ten millions are involved. It is mostly in the hands of speculators. Judges Cowan, Biddle and Bickneil, Circuit Judges, have granted injunctions against the bonds.

THE Chattanooga *Gazette* says: "Every building in Atlanta, no matter how insignificant, has been rented by some one who has goods to sell, until there is not an eligible building left vacant. Great numbers of two story brick houses, built of the remains of the business portion of the city, which was destroyed by Sherman, are going up in all directions."

SEVERAL of the machinists who recently left the works of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, in this city, and others, are preparing to go to Europe with Mr. Winans, of Baltimore, for the purpose of going into the machine shops of the Russian government.—*Cumberland (Md.) Tel.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUY
SUMMER GOODS.
BATES & BELL'S,
21 Fifth street.
jy31

TAXPAYERS OF THE FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.
TAKE NOTICE
That the BOUNTY TAX of said Ward, assessed on the persons and property, in accordance with the Act of Assembly at its last session, is now due and payable to me, No. 60 WASHINGTON ST.
ROBERT ROLE.
jy28:6t

A NEW THING.
Mason & Hughes' Patent Pocket Book.
Very neat and desirable; all in one piece; no danger of tearing, or coming apart. For sale, wholesale and retail, at
J. G. LAUERS'
Variety and Toy Store,
jy31 161 Market street.

TO MILLERS.—WE HAVE SEVERAL pieces of
Du Four & Co.'s Celebrated Anchor Bolting Cloths,
for sale at less than New York prices.
J. S. LIGGETT & CO.,
jes:6t City Mills, Liberty Street.

TRINITY COLLEGE, HARTFORD, CONN.—The Christmas Term begins
THURSDAY, AUGUST 31st.
Candidates for examination examined the day previous. For further information about the College, its scholarships, &c., apply to
J. B. KERFOOT, President.
jy18:3w2aw

FISH.—
25 barrels new No. 2 Large Mackerel;
10 half bbls. do do;
25 do No. 1 do;
25 do No. 2 do;
30 kits No. 2 do;
50 do No. 1 do;
100 half bbls. Lake Herring, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.
jy22

OIL CLOTHS! OIL CLOTHS!—For Floors, Tables, Counters, Stairs, Windows, &c., of all widths and patterns. A large stock on hand and for sale at reduced prices, at the Oil Cloth Depot of
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
jy21

BAKER'S CHOCOLATE AND COCOA.
A full assortment of Baker's prepared Chocolate, prepared Cocoa and Breakfast Cocoa, also, Sweet French Chocolate and Homœopathic Cocoa, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy20 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGERS at reduced prices, the best wringer in use and warranted to give satisfaction. Call and see them at the India Rubber Depot, Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.
jy21

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather and India Rubber Belting; also, Packing, Hose, Gaskets, Lace Leather and Rivets of the best quality. A full stock always on hand at Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street, by
J. & H. PHILLIPS.
jy21

OIL.—
125 barrels No. 2 Lard Oil;
150 do pure Dunk Creek Lubricating, in store and for sale,
JAMES DALZELL & SON,
jy21 68 and 70 Water street.

INDIA RUBBER AND OILED CLOTHING.—A full supply always on hand, and for sale, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot of
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
jy21 Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

WINDOW SHADES, of all styles and sizes. Also, Trimmings, &c. Always on hand, and for sale by
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
jy21 Nos. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

CHEESE! CHEESE! CHEESE!
100 boxes Hamburg;
50 " W. R. In store and for sale by
BALSLEY & VAN GORDER,
jy8 201 Liberty street.

2,000 PIGS SOFT GALENA LEAD, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
The Stockholders of the WEST VIRGINIA BARREL OIL COMPANY are requested to meet at the office of Robert Way, Jr., No. 4 Hand st., ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1865, at four o'clock p. m. Business of importance will be brought before the meeting.
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.
FOR SALE.
63 BARRELS CLARION OIL.
Whitewell Well, 41 gravity, 135 fire test; a pure lubricator; needs no refining for either burning or lubricating. Inquire of J. K. BARBOUR & CO., No. 1 Duquesne Way.
GUTHRIE & SILL.

PROCLAMATION.
TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.
The owners of Dogs within the city of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that all Dogs hereafter permitted to go at large, without being properly muzzled, will be taken up and destroyed, in accordance with Ordinance in Chapter 34, Sections 41, 42 and 43 of the City Digest of Ordinances.
JAMES LOWRY, Jr., Mayor.
Pittsburgh, July 31, 1865.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT MULES.
DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., August 1, 1865.
163 Government Mules will be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, August 3, 1865, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Fair Grounds, Penn st. Mules sold singly.
Terms—CASH, United States Currency.
O. CROSS,
Lieut. Col. and Deputy Q. M. G.

STRAY COW.
Strayed from No. 10 East Common, Allegheny, July 28th, a BRINDLE COW, with white spot near each hank, five years old.
Any information in regard to her left with the subscribers, will be liberally rewarded.
HEAD & METZGAR,
jy28:3tdaw 229 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

BARGAINS.
SUMMER GOODS.
Call at
BATES & BELL'S,
jy21 21 Fifth street.

BOAT YARD FOR SALE.—AD JOURNED ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—We will expose for sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, August 1st, 1865, at 10 o'clock a. m., the undivided half of Five Acres, in the town of California, Washington co., Pa., on which is erected a Steam Saw Mill and Fixtures for Building Steam boats, known as the "California Boat Yard," the facilities of which are equal to any on the Monongahela river. For further particulars inquire of D. Chess, East Birmingham.
D. CHESS,
JEANNETTE STERLING,
jy21:3tdaw Executors of M. Sterling, dec'd.

CAMP CHAIRS,
CAMP STOOLS,
Every style and variety, just received from manufacturer, at the House Furnishing Store of
GEO. W. HURLEY,
aug No. 63 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW GOODS,
Wholesale and Retail.
BATES & BELL.
21 FIFTH STREET.
aug

BARON LIEBIG'S
NUTRITIVE FOOD,
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
For making a pleasant and highly nutritious Soup or Gruel for children deprived of the mother's milk, and invalids of all ages.
☞ Full directions on each package.
For sale at the CENTRAL DRUG STORE, corner of Ohio and Federal streets, in the Market House, Allegheny.
GEORGE A. KELLY.
jy21:4tdaw

COME ONE, COME ALL!
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING
STORE.
Nos. 13 and 15 St. Clair St.
The attention of the public is called to the large and extensive stock of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS: just opened at the above-mentioned place, which I am now offering at great bargains. Any one in want of the above Goods, will find it to their advantage to give me a call, and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. They can find the largest and best selected stock of Fine White Shirts, extra sizes, Negligee Shirts, Woven, Cotton and Linen Thread Undershirts and Drawers, Scarfs, Neck Ties, Socks, Suspenders, Butterflies, and everything pertaining to the Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, in the city.
Remember the place, 13 and 15 St. Clair street.
SAMUEL LEVIN.
N. B. A large stock of Hats, Caps, Gray's Cotton, Lockwood's, Universal, Byron Enameled and Massa sil.
jy21:3tdaw

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, 2D DISTRICT PA., No. 60 Water street, Allegheny, JULY 12th, 1865.
NOTICE IS hereby given to all persons interested, that an appeal will be held at the office of the Assessor of U. S. Taxes, No. 60 Water street, Allegheny, on the 3d, 4th and 5th DAYS OF AUGUST, for that portion of the twenty-third collection district of Allegheny, composed of that part of the county of Allegheny lying north of the Allegheny and Ohio Rivers, at which time and place the annual list and proceeding of the Assistant Assessors for said county will be open to the inspection of all parties interested, and appeals heard and determined, relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations made by the said Assistant Assessors.
N. B.—All appeals must be made in writing, and specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall, moreover, state the ground or principle of error complained of."
SAMUEL MARKS,
jy19:6tdd Assessor 23d District, Penna.

GROCERIES.
225 bags prime and choice Rio Coffee;
25 packets Old Government Java Coffee;
175 half chests Green and Black Tea;
20 bags prime Rice;
25 bbls. choice P. R. Sugar;
50 do. prime Cuba do.;
150 bbls. Refined do.;
200 do. Syrups, choice brands;
50 do. Cuba Molasses, cheap;
10 tierces Clarifiers Molasses;
100 boxes Congress Tobacco, 5s and 10s;
50 bbls. Smoking do.
Arriving and in store. For sale by
BAIRD & PATTON,
jy25 Nos. 119 and 121 Second st., Pittsburgh.

ON CONSIGNMENT.
10 bbls Delaware Dried Peaches, cheap.
10 half bbls Lake Herring,
10 kegs Lard;
75 bbls Mess Pork;
100 bushels Dried Apples;
200 " Onions;
20 boxes Prime Goshen Cheese;
50 do. common W. R. do;
10 bbls No 2 Mackerel;
15 do Sorghum Molasses;
25 boxes Prime Tallow Candles;
50 half bbls Prime Smoking Tobacco;
50 half bbls Damaged Hominy. For sale by
GRAFF & REITER,
jy13 No. 216 Liberty street.

SUNDRIES.
100 bbls Extra Flour, "Empire Mills,"
60 " Extra Flour;
15 " Cut and Dry Tobacco;
10 " Vinegar;
18 " Herring;
600 " Extra No. 1 Salt;
20 " Beans;
10 " Fine Hominy;
low by JAMES DALZELL & SON,
jy8 68 and 70 Water street.

300 BBLS CHOICE BRANDS FAMILY FLOUR;
3,000 bush Oats;
1,000 bush Ear Corn;
4 cars Baled Hay;
1 car Peach Blow Potatoes;
3 bbls Butter, in cloths;
50 barrels Green Apples;
In store and for sale by
PATTERSON, AMMON & CO.,
Nos. 120 and 122 Penn St., Scott's new building.

CIGARS,
10,000 Washington;
10,000 Henry Clay;
50,000 Nabajas;
20,000 Espanola;
20,000 Tilodos;
40,000 Cervanteo. For sale by
BALSLEY & VAN GORDER,
jy8 201 Liberty street.

S. C. BREAKFAST BACON.—JUST received from Cincinnati, another supply of Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon. For sale by the piece, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy20 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

CONSIGNMENTS.
25 boxes Fresh Peaches;
20 do Hamburg Grapes;
50 do Cream Cheese;
Just received and for sale at 120 Liberty street.
jy16 POTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD.

SCROLL CRACKERS—Fresh from the bakery; also, Boston and Graham Crackers, just received and for sale by the barrel or at retail, by
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy20 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

CHEESE.—100 boxes Hamburg;
50 do Goshen;
50 do W. R., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.
jy22

FLOUR! FLOUR!
60 bbls Low Grade Wheat Flour;
10 " Rye Flour. For sale cheap, by
L. H. VOIGT & CO.
jy17

PICKLES! PICKLES! PICKLES!—50 bbls Extra No. 1, Superior Brand, for sale by
BALSLEY & VAN GORDER,
jy8 201 Liberty street.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT.—40 half bbls No. 1 and 2 Mackerel, now in store and for sale cheap, by
L. H. VOIGT & CO.

LARD OIL.—10 bbls. No. 2, on Steamer Spear, to arrive. For sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO
jy27

LUBRICATING OIL.—For sale by
HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS.

NEW
ASSORTMENTS
AT
Bates & Bell's.

Cherry and White Flannels;
Blue and do do;
Pink and do do;
Plain Opera do;
Stakes do;
Welsh do;
Homespun do;
2¼ Wide Shaker do;
2¼ Wide Red do;
Grey, Red and White do.

MERINOES,
A HANDSOME STOCK,
NEW SHADES.

COBURGS,
IN ALL COLORS,
For 60 cents, sold at 75

LINEN DAMASKS,
From 62 cents a yard.

LINEN TABLE CLOTHS.
Red Bordered Linen Damask;
do do Cloths;
do do Stair Crash;
do do Toilet Damask;
do do Towels;
do do Napkins;
Figured French Damask;
do German do;
Striped English Diaper;

Embroidered Curtains,
Nottingham Curtains,
New Delaines,
New Armurers,
New Prints,
New Chintzes,
New Cassimeres.

NEW GOODS,
Wholesale and Retail.
BATES & BELL.
21 FIFTH STREET.
aug

ONLY 15 CENTS.
COMPLETE YOUR VOLUMES!
Back numbers of
HARPER'S MAGAZINES,
ATLANTIC MONTHLY,
GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.
PETERSON.
LESLIE'S MONTHLY.
ARTHUR'S.
DEMOREST.
And All Other Magazines
ONLY 15 CENTS.
ONLY 15 CENTS.
ONLY 15 CENTS.
Come early, before they are all gone, at
PITTOCK'S,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
jy21

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—PROPOSALS are invited and will be received by the Committee on Streets of the city of Allegheny, until WEDNESDAY, the 2d of August next, for the Grading and Paving of Martin street, from Ursig to School street, to either with the necessary curbstone and sidewalk. Also for the Grading and Paving of Race alley, from Hutchison street to Rose alley, in the Fourth Ward. Also for the Grading of Patterson alley, in the First Ward, running north from Robeson street. Also for the repairing of the sewer at Hand Street Bridge, together with the rip rap gutter down to the river. Payments will be made to the contractors as fast as the money is collected of the property holders. Proposals to be sealed and left with R. H. FRANCIS, Controller, or A. HOBSON, Street Commissioner, or JOHN WRIGHT, Chairman of Committee.
jy27:1t

STEEL & BAILEY, STOCK BROKERS,
WILKINS HALL.
The Bankers and Brokers Board having adopted the following
RATES OF COMMISSION
we will be governed thereby from this date:
Stocks selling at $2 and under, 5 cents per share.
do do $2 and up to $25, 1 per cent.
do do $25 do do $100, ⅛ ⅌ share.
do do $100 and over, ¼ of 1 per cent.
jy11

ALEX. AIKEN,
UNDERTAKER,
No. 163 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, DRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriage furnished. REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D.D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller Esq.
jy19

TYPE METAL.
FOR SALE.
Inquire at the
GAZETTE OFFICE.
jy18:4tdaw

NEW GROCERY—The undersigned has opened an
ENTIRELY NEW STOCK
of fresh and WELL SELECTED GROCERIES in their NEW STORE. In addition to other novelties, they would call attention to their stock of Eastern BRASS BOUND CEDAR WARE.
SCOTT & SMITH,
jy20:1ywaw corner Liberty and Ferry streets.

GENERAL
Draughting Office and Patent Agency,
No. 13 ST. CLAIR STREET, near Suspension Bridge.
H. P. GENGEMBRE, Civil Engineer.
Residence No. 14 Hay street.
jes

83 MARKET STREET.
J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,
DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES.
Sewed, Nailed and Pegged Boots, Shoes and Balmorals, for Ladies, Misses, Boys, Youths, Misses and Children.
Fresh additions are made every week to our Stock, and "Small Profits and Quick Returns" is our system of selling. Prompt and careful attention given to orders.
jy21:3mdaw

LEAD
PIPE AND SHEET LEAD.
LEAD PIPE of all sizes and thicknesses.
SHEET LEAD, of any thickness on hand and made to order, by
ALEXANDER GORDON, Agent,
Commission Merchant, No. 102 Second street.
jel3:2md

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY, July 20, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS (addressed to the Committee on Streets) will be received at this office, until THURSDAY, August 3, 1865, inclusive, for furnishing Castiron Gutters for the East side of Federal street, where it crosses Ohio Street, similar to the one on the West side.
By direction of City Councils.
R. H. FRANCIS, Controller.
jy20:3td

FOR SALE.
ONE FIVE YEAR OLD MARE,
Paces under saddle; trots in harness. Inquire
No. 235 LIBERTY STREET.
jy18:2t JORDAN, HOLLISTER & CO.

OIL LEASES.
OIL LEASES
can be had on the most favorable terms a lot of four or five acres, on Whitely Creek, near the flowing well (6 barrels) struck last week by the Standard Oil Company, of Pittsburgh. Apply to parties intending to make a contract.
STEEL & BAILEY, Wilkins Hall.
jy22

FOR SALE.—500,000 SHINGLES.
500,000 SHAVED PINE SHINGLES
FOR SALE.
W. BOOTHE,
jel:tf 128 Liberty Street, near St. Clair.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE OLD STAND
OF
Eaton, Macrum & Co.
Received this day
AT
EATON'S,
NO. 17 FIFTH STREET,
FULL LINES OF
Jaconet Edgings,
Jaconet Insertings,
Jaconet Flouncings,
Hamburg Flouncings,
Swiss Edgings,
Swiss Insertings,
French Cambric Bands,
Linity Bands,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Infants' Embroidered Waists,
Black Thread Edgings, all widths,
Guipure Laces and Edgings, all widths,
Black and White Thread Lace Barbs,
Val. Edgings and Insertings,
Royal Frilling, (something new,)
Maltese Collars,
Point Lace Collars,
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
Real Lace Handkerchiefs,
Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Thread Lace Veils,
Crape Veils,
Mask Veils, (fancy borders,)
Marie Stuart Nets,
Invisible Nets,
Waterfall Nets, etc., etc.
A splendid assortment of Bonnet Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons, Neck Ribbons, Sash Ties, Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Cords, Bugle Trimmings, etc., etc.
Black Silk Braids, all widths.
500 dozen LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
Superior quality, at from 12½ to 25 cts. each.
All the latest styles of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
☞ Liberal inducements offered to the wholesale trade.
F. H. EATON,
jy24:6t 17 FIFTH STREET.

THE
LEGAL JOURNAL,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
REPORTER.
NO. 1—VOL. 1. NEW SERIES,
Has the
DECISION OF JUDGE AGNEW,
on the
BOUNTY TAX LAW,
Speer vs. The School Directors, Burgess and Council of Blairsville.
Together with the
DISSENTING OPINION OF
JUDGE THOMPSON.
TERMS.....$3 00 per annum.
JOHN P. HUNT, Publisher,
jy29 69 FIFTH ST., MASONIC HALL.

JAMES BOWN,
MANUFACTURER OF
IMPROVED BORING TOOLS,
FOR
Sinking Oil, Salt and Other Wells
No. 136 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Tools warranted made of the very best SLIGO AND LOW MOOR IRON.
WELL BORERS
Furnished at
Lowest Cash Prices.
with such articles as are necessary to conduct operations, viz:
ANVILS,
BELLOWS,
VISES,
GAGES,
HAMMERS,
SHOVELS,
PICKS,
AXES,
HATCHETS,
SAWS,
SQUARES,
CHISELS,
WRENCHES,
BITS,
LEVELS,
NAILS, &c.
Rope, Leather and Gum Belting,
all of which I have constantly in store.
jy12:3mdis

MURRAY
OIL COMPANY.
W. P. MURRAY, President.
J. H. LYDAY, Secretary and Treasurer.
The Company owns in fee simple a farm containing eighty-seven acres and forty-five perches, located on Brevort Run (a tributary to Cherry Run,) and lying between Cherry Run and Oil Creek.
Twenty-eight leases have already been made to responsible parties, among whom will be found the names of some of the oldest and most successful *operators* on the Creek.
The entire tract will accommodate from 125 to 150 wells. This farm is surrounded by four of the best producing farms on Oil Creek and Cherry Run, and is in close proximity to the "Reed" and "Mountain" Wells, and about one mile from the Walnut Bend Well.
The Company offers a limited number of shares at the subscription price of
SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER SHARE.
Maps of the property, together with all information regarding the property and organization of the Company can be obtained at the office of
STEEL & BAILEY, Agents,
my24:tf WILKINS HALL.

THE
VULCAN COAL YARD,
ROBERT DALZELL.
Office adjoining Machine Shop of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.
Best Youghiogheny Family Coal and Nut Coal
ALWAYS ON H