ESTABLISHED IN

The Wittsburgh Guzette.

CITY NOTICES. mes and Lots in Allegheny at Auction river, will be sold by A. Leggate, Auctioner, or injuries, July 27, at 10 o'clock. They are in goo rider, each containing six rooms, and are very de tribule realdences.

we would Call the Attention

If our readure to the advertisement of J. H. Borand Boot and Shoe dealer. He has furt received
has w stock of summer Boots, Shoes and Galters
and will sell then tower than they can be bought
or alsowhere. Give him a call and you will save

Carpenter Jobbing Shop. Having returned cites an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobling in the carpenter line, at the old stand Virgin Alley, between Smithfield streat and Cherry

Pickling time is approaching, and the desire for ure Vinegar is increasing. We would suggest aders to provide themselves with the pur to our readers to provine inclusive produce perfect article. It is healthler, and will produce perfect article. The Fore Wine Vinegar is the very

old prices. Some of the finest cloths, castimores and restings are included in his stock, which he is ared to make up to order, on short notice, in nent of furnishing goods and ready-

shoes of Every Description.

Balmorals, Congress Gaiters and Shoes, at M. Clelland's Austion Emporium, Masonic Hall Bull

Congress Galters, closing out cheap, at McClel-and's Auction Emporium, Masonic Hall Building.

Large and Elegant Variety Of Children's Piata and Fancy Shoes, at McClel-land's Auction House, 65 Vifth street. Ladies and Children's Cotton Hoslery,

Photograph Albums.

Atlantic, Godey, Harper, for August, at Pittock's, opposite the Post THE COLLECTION OF INTERNAL BEVENUE.

press teems with crude articles on the assess in numberless cases gross errors are made in

furnishing arguments for those who would gladly overthrow it, and even repudiate the public debt, which the tax is levied to sustain.

I was corry to see in your editorial columns on Wednesday morning a statement calculated to irritate the public mind, and to do great injustice to reverue officers. You say "that at present more than one half the amount levied, alips through the fingers of the Collectors!" and again you speak of "enormous loss of revenue, which has been the result of inefficient collection of the taxes."

It is probable that you did not mean exactly what your language implies, but that you referred to assessing as well as collecting. But it any case the statement is grossly erromeous.

the Compironer of the Treasury, and the other with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Thus he is charged on the books of two Buren's with the total amount of the list, and he must pay the money or be exonerated. Exonerations are very difficult to obtain, and a none are obtained without a rigid scrutiny of the Department, fortified by certificates and affidavits. The concrations in the District harpot amounted to one-twentieth of one per cent., and I do not believe they amount to one quarter of one-per cent., anywhere. Is it right, then, to speak of "more than one-half of the amount levied slipping through the fingers of the Collectors" or of the "conmons losses owing to inefficient collection!".

"enormous losses owing to incelled collection!"

There is no doubt that the revenue has been greatly increased by the increased experience of assessors, and as the machinery comes more and more into working order, it will be next to impossible for any one to escape his duty to the Government; but this will not altogether account for the increase of the receipts from year to year. Congress has been steadily increasing the tax; and the country has been greatly prosperous. One great cause of the increase for the year ending 50th of June last; was that incomes paid a taxof eight per cent, whereas in the year pravious they only paid three per cent.

*Zour statement in relation to distilled epirits must also be taken with caution. Tou take the census for a basis, which is hardly a proper datum, to go by, and you conclude that "ninetenths of the tax is lost by illicit distillation, smuggling, and corrupt and unfathral conduct of revenue officials." Truly, a doleful account; if there was any just foundation for the information.

GOV. PEHRY, OF SOUTH CARULINA. VERY LATEST NEWS | RECONSTRUCTION IN VIRGINIA. INTERESTING CEREMONIES AT HARVARD COLLEGE. McDonneil's New Map of Allegheny City. Of all the prominent men of South Carolina B. F. PERRY was chosen for Provisional Gov ernor as probably the least exception able on the score of fidelity to the Union. Yet his late speech, delivered before he had heard of his ap pointmer t, at Greenville, S. C., which is just published, shows that in the Union he feels very much like a fish out of water. It is a strang nixture of new sentiments of loyalty with the nbred spirit of fealty to the South. He begins:

inbred spirit of fealty to the South. He begins:

"Mr. Chairman: This public meeting of the citizens of Greenville is one of deep humiliation and sorrow. A cruel and bloody war has swept over the Bouthern States. One hundred ambifulty thousand of our bravest and most gallant men have failer on the fields of battle. The land is silled with mouraing widows and orphans. There is scarcely a house in which there has not been weeping for some loved one lost. Three thousand millions of dollars have been spent by the Bouthern States in carrying on this war. And now we are called upon to give up four millions of collars more. Our country has been raveged and desolated. Our cities, towns and villages are smouldering ruins. Conquering armies occupy the country. The Confederacy has failen, and we have been deprived of all civil government and political rights."

ing an important office under the United State

different strain :
"How different, Mr. Chalrman, in tone, spiri whiles Davis, corner of Beaver and Shedhold eirosts, Manchester.

Thomas W. Parry,
Practical State Hoofer, and Dealer in American Stagilias, ear the water Works, Pittaburgh, Pass Residence, No. 75 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water profes. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Bemember,
The place to get a good Black Silk for one dollar and twenty-five cents per yard, a good White Mar.

The place to get a good Black Silk for one dollar Prints, for twenty-five cents, a full line of Pink, Blue and Burf and Chambray Glaghams, Chinz, Organdies, &c., is on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets, in the store formerly occupied by Mr. Burchfeld, now by C. Hanson Love Bro.

"House, Target and blue and pair and pair was rent with the wild and rapturous applause. I repeated to will be will ask then filled with the worst forebodings as to the future. I thought I foress was gone, and my voice was poweriess to stay the agent and the voice of the provided country. But my political influence was gone, and my voice was poweriess to stay the agent and the voice of the provided country. But my political influence was gone, and my voice was poweriess to stay the agent and the voice of the provided country. But my political influence was gone, and my voice was poweriess to stay the agent and the voice of my fellow-cilizens."

"House, I saw that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the citizens of Greenville, just the character, was that meeting of the intile and character, was that meeting character, was that meeting character, was that me

the angry and excited feelings of my fellow-chi-zens."
In this connection he acknowledges that 'the leading politicians of the South were anxionally writing for come plausible pretext for asceding from the American Union. The election of President Lincoln President of the United States President Lincoin President of the Outco clates by a sectional party at the North, was regarded as a favorable opportunity for accomplishing their long cherished purpose. We were told, after this event, that there was no longer any afety in the Union for slavery or our constitutional rights."

He asks why it was they failed, and answers : He asks why it was they falled, and answers:
"She southern people are an impulsive, enthnclastic people, but they want the energy and
perseverance of the North." I said to my friends
at the beginning of the war, that my greatest
apprehension was, that our soldiers would get
tired of the war and quit it. I did not believe
it possible to hold in subjection eight millions of
people, excitered over such an immease territory
as composed the Southern States, if they were
disported to make any and every sacrifice, as the
Duich Republic did in their war of independence.
But, sir, the great cause of our fallure was that But, sir, the great cause of our failure was that

diegiance:
"Mr. Chairman, I will here frankly say, as I "Mr. Chairman, I will here frankly say, as I have often said during the past four years, that there was not a man in the United States who more deeply regretted the secession of the southern states han I did at the beginning of the revolution; and there is not now in the southern states any one who feels more bitterly the humiliation and degradation of going back into the Union than I do. Still, I know that we shall be more interpresses and harmy in the Union than

to hims. for its failure. They were unwilling to make those sacrifices which were essential to its success. Many who were most promisent in the movement never did anything for it after the war commenced. Instead of seeking their proper position, in front of the battle, they sought "bomb proofs" for themselves and their sons. There were other's who got into "soft places and official positions," where they could speculate and make fortupes or government tands.

the army."

Governor PERRY next shows a disposition to worship the rising sun, and casts an unworthy sinr upon Mr. Lincoln:

"It has been said, and repeated all over the Southern States, that the South has sustained a Southern States, that the Suith has sustained a great loss in the death of President Lincolu. I do not think so. President Johnson is a much abler and firmer man than Lincoln was. He is

do not think so. President Johnson is a much abler and firmer man than Lincoln was. He is in every way more acceptable to the South. In the first place he is a Southern man, and Lincoln was as whig and republican. President Johnson was a slaveholder, well acquainted with the institution, and know what is proper to be done in the great change which is taking place. President Lincoln was wholly unacquainted with alarery and Southern institutions. President Johnson is a man of iron will and nerve, like Andrew Jackson, and will adhere to his principles and political faith.

"On the other hand, President Lincoln showed himself to be nothing more than clay in the hands of the potter, ready to change his measures and principles at the bidding of his party. President Johnson has filled all the highest and most honorable offices in the State of Tennessee, with great ability and satisfaction to the people. There is no state or blot on his private character. The ablest speech ever delivered in the Senate of its United States, on the isane between the North and South, was made by President Johnson. He voted for Breckinridge in the Presidential cancers of 1860. Judging, then, from his antecedents, the South should have every hope and confidence in him."

The following defence and eulogy of traitors, from the least to the greatest is, most remarkable as emapsting from one to whom the President has intrusted such vast Interests. If he is not an out and out robel, the man who speaks is this way is at least too vascilating to be worthy of the trust:

"Treson may be committed against the State."

in this way is at least too vascilating to be worthy of the trust:

"Treason may be committed against the State of South Garolina as well as against the United States. After South Carolina left the Union all her citizens sures liable, as traitors, in the State courts, what took sides with the United States courts and took sides with the States courts, for taking sides with the States courts, for taking sides with the State, then all were traitors and liable to be executed as traitors, whether they fought for or served the one or the other government. This would, indeed, be a most cruel and lamentable condition. Death was their portion, act as they might. To stand non-trait they fould not, and to choose octween the State and the United States was death. Surely a principle so monstructs as all sour cannot be

State and the United States was death. Surely a principle so monstrues and about cannot be enforced. There were thousands and hundreds of thousands in the Southern States who deeply regretted the secresion of their States, but after the State had secuded felt that their first allegiance was due the State.

"But, Mr. Chairman, the secession of elevan or twelve sovereign States, composing one-half of the territory of the United States, was something more than a rebellion. It was legitimate ware be-

emuggling, and corrupt and unfaithful condants of two fields. If there was any just foundation for the large and the property of the United States, was complishing the state of the third interest the Reymond for the large and the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Reymond for the Indeed for the Reymond for the Rey

BY TELEGRAPH. COUNTERFEITING GOVERNMENT HONEY

Arrest of Jim Brown's Gang. BESTORING POSTAL PACILITIES SOUTH. Increased Applications for Pensions OUR FRENCH MINISTER AND MEXICO. The Governorship of Idaho Territory

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT The Pennsylvania Marshal Appo ntees. BETTEN OF SECRETARY SEWARD AND PARTY OVER TWO HUNDRED PARDON APPLICATIONS.

Washington Muly 21 .- Hon, Edward Jordan Solicitor of the Treasury, has since the appointment of Mr. Risley as assistant Solicitor, mad rrangements to give increased vigor to the asures pertaining to the prevention of frau and depredations on the revenue. The Bolicitor being also entrusted by law with the duty of suppressing the counterfeiting of Government paness. This gentieman has recently returned from Ohlo, having been successful in breaking up Jim Brown's gang of counterfeiters and seguilt.
There is a fund at the disposal of the Solicitor

guilt.

There is a fund at the disposal of the Solicitor, out of which rewards are promptly paid for such information as will lead to the superession of frauds and punishment of the persons engaged in them.

The Postmaster General has arranged compensation and other preliminaries for renumlog the transportation of the Southern mails at the earliest practicable period, and is gradually restoring the service in those States.

Several of the heads of Departments are now busy looking over the lists of Federal officers whose commissions are about to expire. Re-appointments are already numerous as compared with the entire number. New appointments will, it is supposed, be comparatively few.

Applications for pensions increased during June last twenty-five per cent. over the previous month. Over thirteen or fourteen millions of dollars are required for such payment during the present fixed year.

Mr. Bigelow, our minister at Paris, so soon as he saw the version which had been given by Mr. Roulle, the Secretary of Statein-France, to a conversation which had previously taken place between Mr. Bigelow and M. Drouyn de L'Huys, minister for Foreign Affairs, concerning Mexico, addressed a note to that gentleman denying the statements made by Mr. Roulle.

M. Drouyn de l'Huys answerget admitting Mr. Bigelow's statement to be correct, and the statement of Roulie incorrect. The correspondence has been long time received af the State Department, and in due time will be submitted to Cergress.

has been long thes received as the state Directions, and in due time will be submitted to Cengress.

The announcement made some time since that W. H. Wallace, late delegate from Idaho, had been appointed Governor of that territory, was, we understand, incorrect. Caleb Lyon will continue to be Governor.

The following appointments were made to day by the President: Charles G. Elford, Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Third District of South Carolina; James C. Alken, Marshal for the District of Dishware; Peier Cellmaker, Marshal for the Esstern District of Pennsylvania; David E. Jackson, Marshal of the District of Wisconsin; Washington Bonifant, Marshal of the District of Marshal of the District of Wastern Vulgilia; Henry D. Barrows, Marshal of the District of California; Earl Bill, Marshal of the Bouthern District of Coling Robert B. Caranhan, District Attorney of Western Pennsylvania; Lander Holmes, District Attorney of Washington Territory.

Lander Holmes, District Attorney of Washington Territory.

The Berctary of State, accompanied by his son, Frederick Beward, and his wife, and Major Wilson, of the United States army, returned this morning from their trip to Point Lockout, much beteffee by their excursion.

The health of Frederick Beward is rapidly improving. He will leave Washington next week for Cape May.

Over two hundred applications for pardon were filed to-day in the office of the Attorney General, and pardons were granted to about sixty applicants, all belonging to the twenty thousand dollar class. Among the latter is J. E Pray, to merly Becretary of State of Tennessee.

Carlstopner 190e, or danaturia, Va., Sentenced by the Military Commission to imprison, ment in Clinton prison, New York, was to-day pardoned by the President.

Licentenant Colonel William E. Mulford, of the retel army, formerly of Iodiana, is permitted by the President to leave the United States, never to

THE REBEL COUNISSARY DEPARTMENT-B ROURCES AT THE WAR'S COMMENCEMENT. HOW THE REBEL FORCES WERE FED.

REPELLION PROLONGED BY NORTHERN VILLIANIES. New York, July 21 .- The Herald publishes the report made to the rebel Congress of the working of the rebel Commissary Department. This report gives a view of the resources of the Confederacy at the commencement of the war, and of the difficulties encountered by the

the Confederacy at the commencement of the war, and of the difficulties encountered by the rebel Government in the progress of the struggle in the matter of feeding its forces. It shows it was utterly impossible for the rebel states to produce supplies enough to sustain the rebel armics, and that they nover did so.

It also shows that many attempts were made to feed those armics by meats that ran the blockade, which were all crippled by the stupidity of Jeff Davis and his associates.

This report makes some very remarkable disclosures of the operations of men so our side of the lines.

It shows that there were on our side in 1863 a great many men ready to furnish the rebels with all the necessary army supplies, and that these men had sufficient influence with our Government to be able to get their boat loads of stores through the lines, and to voade all watchfulness of the Treasury Department and military commanders at Memphis, New Orleans and other points. They did business on so large a scale that they could contract at once to deliver at once thirty thousand hogsheads of bacon, thousands of sacks of sait and four for the army, coffee in abundance, and all-other necessary stores. Contracts were made between northern men and the southern government for the supply of the southern armies, and Lee's army was fed in that way to a great extent until earliy in 1803.

Jeff. Davis was opposed to the plan at the start, in the belief that withholding the cotton would compel a recognition of the Confederacy at an early day. The Report discloses the impotence, in many points of the rebel government, and the errors and weaknesses of Davis. It discloses also the fact that the rebellion was kept and was prolonged by the villanies carried on from our side of the lines.

The President's Interview with the

CONFISCATED PROPERTY IN RICHMOND Undeveloped Resources of the South STATEMENT IN REGARD TO PARDONS GRANTED South Carolina Delegation

THE ELECTION IN RICHMONI Collector of Customs at Rochester. The Maltreatment of Union Prisoners

NEW YORK, July 21 .- The Herald's Washingn special says : In an interview between Adjt. of opinions upon this subject of reconstruction in the State of Virginia, which were adverse to vernor Pierpont and his policy; nevertheles the assistance he might require in the discharge of his important duties, and he had no doubt that the Governor would not only justify the confidence of the Executive, but likewise that

called to rule.

An effort is being made to induce the Fresident to suspend the process issued under the Confiscation Law against the property of late rebels in Richmond until the owners can have an opportunity te obtain action upon their applications for pardons. The effect of recent operations under this act in Richmond is said to have been to completely suspend the efforts.

plications for pardons. The effect of recent operations under this act in Richmond is said to have been to completely suspend the efforts which were making to rebuild the burnt district, and have excited the greatest consternation among the property holders, who thought that they were to be relieved from a liability to confiscation of their property.

Reports from Northerners, now traveling in the Southern States, relative to the undoveloped wealth presented on every hand in those States, are continually received. The following extract from a letter received at the Land Office from Arkansas, is but a fair sample of confident expressions in this regard:

"The mineral resources of this State are enormous. Coal, lead, sliver and gold, are all represented liberally, and abundance of petrolemis undoubted. Results will soon be developed that will astonish all. Hitherto this wealth has been hidden under a cloud."

The statements as to pardons granted from day to day are not strictly correct. The names published are those of persons whose cases have passed through the Attorney General's office and their papers prepared, but a large proportion of them are to be acted upon by the President. They will eventually receive absolution, but they are not yet out of the woods. The President. The Boath Carolina delegation are still here, concluding arrangements for the reconstruction of that State. Governor Perry has prepared and for warded to his State a proclamation calling a convention to revise the constitution. Delegates are to be elected on the first Monday, and the

for warded to his State a proclamation calling a convention to revise the constitution. Delegates are to be elected on the first Monday, and the convention will meet on the third Monday of November next.

The Herald's Richmond correspondent says: The election in Richmond on Therday last resulted in the success of the candidates denominated secresionists, who are not suspected of any great love for, or loyalty to, the National Government. The voting is said to have been defented, especially by paroled soldiers of Lee's army. It may be added that the election of today has been controlled by such men as composed the call sent to President Johnson to budge him to withdraw and nullify the \$50,000 exemption in his memorable proclamation. dRee him to withdraw and nullify the \$20,000 exemption in his memoratile proclamation. The Tribune's Washington special says: The statement in the Tribune some days ago, that Jeff. Davis would probably be tried by a military commission receives confirmation daily. A prominent Senator asserts that it has been positively determined to try the arch traitor by a Military Commission. Wim. H. Crannel has been appointed Collector of Customs at Rechester.

Wm. H. Crannel has been appointed Collector of Customs at Rochester.

The object of the last visit here of John Minor Botts has transpired. He came for the parpose of obtaining the pardon of his former partner, Franklin Stearns, of Richmood, which was ranned by the President to-day. Mr. Stearns, it will be remembered, was with Botts largely engaged in tobacco speciation at the beginning of the war, from which they realized a handsome fortune. fortune,
Major J. Osbow, of the Judge Advocate Gencral's office, has lately returned from a visit to
the Southern prisons, where he has been collecting evidence, with a view of bringing to justice

he war.

Captain Wirese, late commandant of the Anpresenville union, has been accessed and is now
odged in the old Capitol prison. Other parties
of the same lik, "against whom charges have
seen preferred, will soon be arrested and their
overal cases duly investigated.

A Times special says: No official information A Times special says: No official information has been received by our authorities announcing a decline in the health of Mr. Davis.

The World's special says: Judge Advocate General Holt has gone to the White Mountains, and it is thought that Geo. Grant will make a similar trip soon.

All of the Cavairy Corps attached to the District of Washington have been mustered out of service, the last regiment taking its departure to-day.

The Russian Telegraph Expedition.

SAM FRANCISCO, July 14.—The barque Golden Gate, the flag-thip of the Russian telegraph expedition, and the steamer G. S. Wright, with Col. Bulkiey, commander of the expedition, his staff and a number of employees, sailed on the staff and a number of employees, sailed on the 12th for the Gulf of Anndier and the shores of Behring's Straits. The land force of the expedition comprises about 1,500 men. Three other vresels are attached to the service—the barqua Palmetto, which recently sailed from Nanamo with coal, the schooner Milton Badger now loading at Nanamo, and the barqua Clara Bell, now enroute from New York to Stilka direct. The feet is under the command of Capt. C. W. Scammon, of the Revenue service. The vessels can carry from two to six guns each. The Clara Bell carries a cable to be laid across Behring's Straits, and a small steamer for river expiorations. Col. Builkiey, himself, will examine the best crossing place to Asia. It is four hundred miles wide, with an island in the middle. The land force is to go once on the whole ine from Newminster to near the mouth of the die. The land lorce is to go once on the wants into from Newminister to near the mouth of the Autoor river, a distance of four thousand miles. The chip A jullia, which sunk in this harbor with the monitor Camanche, and was afterwards raised and put afloat, ran ashore a few miles below. The steamer Merrimac gave her relief. Subscriptions to the Seven-Thirty Loan.

Subscriptions to the Seven-Thirty Loan.
PHILADRIPHA, July 21.—Jsy Cooke reports the subscriptions to the 7-39 loan to-day is 86,975,100, including the following: First National Bank of Boston, \$300,000; First National Bank of Norfolk, \$100,000; Second National Bank of St. Louns, \$111,000; Second National Bank of St. Louns, \$111,000; First National Bank of St. Albans, \$120,000; First National Bank of Stringfield, \$200,000; First National Bank of Stringfield, \$200,000; First National Bank of Stringfield, \$300,000 Central National Bank of Cloreland, \$30,000 Gentral National Bank of Cloreland, \$30,000 Gentral National Bank of Cloreland, \$30,000 Gentral National Bank of Cloreland, \$100,000; Commercial National Bank of Cloreland, \$100,000; New York National Bank, N. Y., \$20,000; Commonwealth National Bank, New York, \$300,000; First National Bank, New York, \$300,000; First National Bank of Marboro, Mass., \$300,000; National Bank of Virginia, Richmond, \$20,000; Leather Maunfacturers' Bank, N. Y., \$10,000; F. O. French, Boston, 230,000. The individual subscriptions oumbered 2,541.

From California-Evasion of the Revenue Marysville.

SAF Francisco, July 11.—The Custom House anthorities have selzed large quantities of champaign, tobacco and oplum for an evasion of the revenue laws.

Another invoice of one hundred and twenty, tons of copper ore has been received from Arisona. Marysville. zona.

A fire at Marysville to-day caused the instant death of two men, fatal injuries to several others and lesser injuries to many more. The property destroyed is valued at \$50,000.

Brig Lest-Officers and Crew Drowned Provincers and Crew Drowned.
Provincers, B. L. July 21.—Capt. Potter. of
the bark "A No. 1.?" of Providence, writes
that the bark was struck by a cyclone on April
30th, while on a voyage from Akyab for Falmouth, England, and went down with all on
byard, except the captain and two seamen, who
were six days on a raft, when they were picked
up by a British vessel, and landed at Balavia,
Thirteen officers and crew were drowned.

Billiard Match at Montreal. Mowrant, July 31.—A billiard match took place here last night, between C. Dion, and R. E. Wilmarth, champions of Massachusetts, for a purse of two hundred dollars. Dion scored 1500 points, average, 1285; his largest run was 109 points. Wilmarth scored 1573 points, averaging 1177; his highest run was 90 points, . Dion won by 138 points—time four hours and forty minutes.

Hallitara Match at Montreal.

Facilities.—Gerge, son of Captain Adam Pree, of Wellsville, in attempting to jump on a height train, while passing through that place, and we firm over and instantly killed, six cars and we run over and instantly killed, six cars and train while passing over his body. Another boy was killed at Industry on the same day, by the same train, under similar circumstances.

Commemoration of Her Sons' Patriotism. DISTINCTISHED INVITED CORSTS PRESENT.

New York, July 21 .- Interesting ceremonies, took place at Harvard' College to-day in commemoration of the patriotism of her sons. Harvard 'contributed four hundred and nine ty-five of ther graduates to uphold the standard f the country, of whom ninety-six were either

killed in battle or died from the effects of wounds or diseases. The number in attendance at the and.

A large number of invited guests were present,
among others including Ms., Gen. Meade and
staf, Maj. Gen. Marcy, Msi. Gen. Barlow, Msj.
Gen. Hayes, Brig. Gen. Enates, Brig. Gen. Alvord, Brig. Gen. W. F. Bartlett, Brig. Gen.
Bargent, Brig. Gen. Cogswell, Bvt. Msj. Gen.
Devins, Gol. Bavage, 120th New York cavairy,
and Col. J. W. Higginson. Gov. Andrews and
staff were also present. and Col. J. W. Higginson. Gov. Andrews and staff were also present.

The main features of the commemoration were a procession from Gore Hall to the First Church, where an eloquent and touching oration was delivered by Rev. Dr. Putman. There was a banquet under a canvass tent on the College Ground, at which plates were laid for nearly 1,400 guests. Hon, Charles G. Loring presided at the banquet.

Stock and Money Matters in New York.

New York, July 21.—This morning there was more firmness and animation in the Stock Market. There was an active demand for all the leading shares, with a sharp rise in most of them. There was a slight falling off in railway shares on the street at the one o'colec call, but the market was all wrong again at the second board, and prices were about up to the highest poirt of the morning. New York Central and the North Western shares were the only weak stocks at the last board. The market for railways was strong, sithough business was generally tight throughout the call.

Governments are less active. There is no foreign demand of moment, and the disposition to sell appears to predominate. Frivate holders followed, which had a depressing effect upon prices. Miscellaneous shares were more animated and there was a general improvement in prices, and quiet was marked in some cases.

Gold is quiet. All efforts of the buils to make cash gold scarce are unsuccessful, and it can be borrowed without premium. There is more demand for money.

Emigration Desired in North Carolina. Stock and Money Matters in New York.

Emigration Desired in North Carolina.

Vessels Sold at Auction.

Boston, July 21.—The following U. S. vessels at the Portamouth Navy Yard were sold at anction yesterday: The United States steamer Wamputta, 270 tons, built in New York in 1854, the prepeller sold for \$14,500; the steamer Dawn, 559 tons, built in New York in 1856, the propelior was bid in at \$24,500—she cost the government \$35,000; the steamer Arkansas, 753 tons, cost \$95,000, and sold for \$40,100; the bark Reobeck, 455 tons, built in New York in 1856, cost \$20,000, sold for \$14,000; the bark Ohan Allen, 556 tons, built in 1855 at East Boston, sold for \$20,000, she cost \$27,500; the schooner Henry James, 300 tons, built to Long Island in 1854, sold for \$10,000, the purchasers were eastern parties.

Canadian Annexation.

Canadian Annexation.

New York, July 21.—The Herald says: A petition to the Governor General of Canada is being circulated for signatures in Montreal and other Canadian towns praying that an investigation may be had regarding the statements made at the Detroit Commercial Convention by Mr. Potter, the United States Conrul General, and reports to the effect that that gentleman has during his residence in Canada, been engaged in secret efforts to bring about the annexation of that Province to the United States.

Mr. Potter stated at the Commercial Convention as an argument in favor of abrugating the Reciprocity Treaty, that within two years from its discontinuance, the Canadians will be applying for admission into the Union.

The Gold Market. NEW YORK, July 21.—Gold is quiet. The bulls are struggling hard to buy up the supply

The Cable Across the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The Cable Across the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

New York, July 21.—The beautiful steam
yacht, Clara Charty, has been kindly placed, by
its owner. Mr. L. W. Jerome, at the sorvice of
Mr. Everett, Engineer of the New York and
New Foundland Telegraph company, and will
sell to morrow for Ascays Bay. It is expected
that the yacht will reach that place in account of
sell the present cable across the Gulf of
St. Lawrence before the arrival of the Great
Eastern with the wostern tornicins of it. Adiantic cable. This accomplished the telegraph
lines of the country will at once be intain from
the extreme castern to the western shores of
this continent.

Schouper, Run, into and Sunk.

Schooner Run Into and Sunk.

Boston, July 31.—The United States steamer Huntsrille, from New York, arrived here to-day. She reports that on the 11th she fell in with the schooner Juno. C. Baxter, of Unionville, New Jersey, from Philadelphia with coal for Boston, sunk on the Horse Shoe Shoals in five fathoms of water. All the hands were lashed in the fore rieging. She succeeded in taking them all off saitly and brought them to this port. The schooner had been run into by an unknown between and the caratin and a seamen were barque, and the captain and a seamen were

Strikers' Places Supplied. BUFFALO, July 21.—The Elevators have mostly supplied the places of the hands who lately struck, and are going on with the work as

Governor Brough's Illness. Adjournment of Connecticut Legislature. HARTFORD, July 31.—The Connecticut Legis-store, after a session of eleven weeks, adjourned trie die this morning.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Appalling Death of a Woman from intemperance.

Early resterday morning, the husband of Mrs. Ellen Wright, residing at No. 446 Penn street, was horrided on awaking and finding his wife sitting up in bed, with her head drooping down, and perfectly lifeless. He had gone home at ten o'clock on the previous evening and found at ten o'clock on the previous ovening and found ber eleghing, and it was not known precisely at what hour she died. Mrs. Wright has latterly been leading a very intemperate life. There was a cut behind the left ear of the deceased, which was supposed by Dr. Gallaher to have been caused by her falling while in a fit, but which was not sufficient to cause death. The jury rendered a verdict of death from intemperative. The deceased was thirty-two years of agh. She leaves two children, the eldest about nilps years of age.

The Late Attempted Outrage. Neillie Burns, one of the parties to the outragous assault on Mrs. Catharine M'Intyre, some weeks since, had a hearing before Mayor Butler wicks aince, had a hearing before Mayor Butler yesterday afternoon. Mrs. M'Intyro testified that on the exening in question, between the highest of twelve and one o'clock at night, defendant, in company with James Ordiley and James Donahue, came up to her, and after some conversation, stepped up and caught her by the throat. She struggled with them, and in the sellue received a blow in the face, which black-med her eye. No evidence was elicited as to any attempt to outrago her person, and it is probable the case will take the shape of an assault and pattery. Burns was held to bail in the sum of eight hundred dollars to answer at court, and in default was committed.

This fine map is now nearly ready to be delivered to subscribers. No labor has been spared by the publisher to secure perfect accuracy in detail; and now, after more than two years time devoted to the work, he is about to present a perfect map of the entire city. The original out-lots are plotted and numbered from the city depots, bridges, streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, etc., are carefully marked. Every lot in the city is shown, and the size, shape and position of every building accurately located from actur survey. All public buildings, such as churche school-houses, city buildings, etc., are shown in a distinctive character, with the title of each,

a distinctive character, with the title of each, as are also all manufacturing establishments. The map will be found of great ntillity to property owners as a document of reference, and will form a neat ornament to the hall or ilbary, as it will be fulled for each as it will be fulled for each as it will be fulled in eigant style. It will also contain a business directory of subscribers, classifying the different branches of business. The space on the margin designed for business cards is nearly all occupied, and those wishing to avail themselves of this method of advertising abould cail upon the publisher af once, as he will soon leave for Philadelphia to have the additional names and cards inserted, and the work put. to press. The map will be colored and varnished, backed with muslis, mounted or rollers, and delivered to subscribers at the low price of fives dollars per copy.

In reference to the accuracy of the work, we may state that it has received the unqualified endorsement of Wim McHendry, Esq., the Recording Regulator of the city, who says: "I can state that the work is very accurately constructed, and fully delineates all thodetails of the city. If ire recise any other city maps, it has, in my judgment, no equal as a map for general reference."

A Heinous Outrage.

The Canton, O., Republican gives the details of one of those revolting outrages which we are of late one of the city maps, it has, in my judgment, no equal as a map for general reference."

A Heinous Outrage.

The Canton, O., Republican gives the details of one of those revolting outrages which we are of late so often called upon to chronicle. On Priday of last week, about twellight, a young and highly respectable girl, sixteen or seventeen years of age, named Grant, started from her home, about three-fourths of a mile from Mount in the control of the city was of the control of the city maps, it has, in my judgment, no equal as a map for general reference."

A Heinous Outrage.

The Canton, O., Republican gives the details of one of those re

The miserable wretch, who is a married man and the father of three children, then went leisurely to his home, leaving his victim biecding and a ill insensible by the roadside. A neighboring farmer happening along, discovered her and convered her to her home, where after several hours she was restored to consciousness, and related the facts to her mother, who communicated them tr the authorities and Hannah was arrested, placed under \$1,000 boinds and brought to Canton. It was with difficulty Hannah was averd from being lynched by the excited people. Oil Operations on Cherry Run. is mainly held in this city. The Hughes and McLaughliu well (being Lesse No. 4 of the Cur-

Passed Through.

More Escaped Prisoners.

Coup de Solici.-A man named Leonard. living in East Liberty, was sunstruck near the Central Depot yesterday afternoon. He had been we king in the city, and was endeavoring to get

Singular Effects of Lightning.—There is now in Reading a sailor, who was struck by lightning on one of the West Lidia Islands, who is lame in one leg, blind in one eye, entirely speechless, and not a hair on his head, arms or any part of his body to be seen—all from the effects of the stroke. He had proviously a long and strong beard, which entirely disappeared.

Adjourned.—The Senstorial Conferees of the Armstrong, Builer and Lawrence District, after taking about fifty ballots for, a candidate for Senstor, adjourned without being able to make a choice. They will meet again on the 3rd of August.

school-houses; city buildings, ctc., are shown in a distinctive chiracter, with the title of each, as are also all manufacturing establishments. The map will be found of great utility to property owners as a document of reference, and will form a neat ornament to the hall or library, as it will be finished in elegant style. It will also contain a business directory of subscribers, classifying the different branches of business. The space on the margin designed for business cards is nearly all occupied, and those wishing to avail themselves of this method of advertising should call upon the publisher at once, as he will soon leave for Philadelphia to have the additional names and cards inserted, and the work put. to press. The map will be colored and varnished, backed with mushs, mounted or rollers, and delivered to subscribers at the low price of five dollars per copy.

In reference to the accuracy of the work, we may state that it has received the unqualified endorsement of Wm. McHendry, Esq., the Recording Regulator of the city, who says: "I can state that the work is very accurately constructed, and fully delineates all thodetails of the city. It far excels any other city map I have ever seen published." Is sace Morley, Esq., for a number of years Regulator of the city, asys of this map: "I can centidently say that, for fulness and accuracy of detail, made from actual survey and free use of the city maps, it has, in my judgment, no equal as a map for general reference."

Fmigration Desired in North Carolina.

New York, July 31.—North Carolina is making active exertions to secure emigration to her territory. Col. J. M. Heck and Kemp, of Battle, are at the 8t. Nicholas Hotel for the parpose of opening offices in the North to furnish information and encourage emigration. They say the people of North Carolina are anxious to have the Btate filled with northern settlers, and desire to have their resources fully developed. The feeling is very strong in favor of the new system of labor, and a large majority express gladness at the abolition of slavery. They offer for sale large quantilities of land, gold, mon and it is for sale large quantilities of land, gold, mon and the father of three children, then went leisarsly to his home, leaving his victim bleeding and a large majority express.

We have some reliable information in regard the operations of the Pittsburgh and Cherry Run Oil Company, the Stock of which tan tract) has yielded three hundred barrels of oil in the ten days ending on Monday night last, and is now yielding forty barrels per day, with

a stendy daily increase. This well had been previously tested, by pumping for two weeks, previously fested, by pumping for two weeks, without any good result. At length the oil began to collect, and it has generally increased until the present capacity has been attained. The Cherry Run and Pittsburgh Company own one-cighth of this well. They have one-cighth interest in another well, on the Cogle lease, to the above, which yields about forty barrels per day. The Tarr farm well is also yielding handsomely. The two wells on Allender run, owned eatirely by this company, are now down over four hundred and twenty feet each, and will be completed in a few days; the indications are said to be excellent. In addition to the above, the company have given outcleven leases, on three of which opperations have already commenced. The interests of the company are being vigorously prosecuted in every department.

one thousand men, under command of Col. W. 2. Sawart, passed through the city yesterday morning, en route for Chicago, to be mustered out. They were handsomely entertained at City Hall After all had partaken of refreshments Rev. J. B. Stewart, of Cincinnati, who made a

Rev. J. B. Stewart, of Cincinnati, who made a brief speech to the mea. Col. Barelay, of Armstrody county, being present, was introduced and unde some appropriate remarks. Col. Betwart then stepped upon the stand, and after paying a neat compliment to our citizens and the Sublistence Committee, for the bountful repeat always tendered to regiments passing through, he proposed three cheers, which were given with much vim and earnestness. The regiment took the next departing train homeward.

On Tuesday night or Wednesday morning twenty-four persons escaped from the military prison at Wheeling—five of whom were Confed-

erates, and the remainder Federals serving our seateness.

It is not known how the prisoners managed to gain admission into the prison yard. For this part of the affair the guards on duty at the time of the escape are blamed with culpable neglect of duty. They have all been placed underarrest, and the charges preferred against them will soon be investigated. There were six rebels in the prison and only one "Johnny" left remaining. The fact that the mes had escaped was not known until Wednesday moraling, when the guard relief came around.

we king in the city, and was endeavoring to got on the accommandation train to resure to his bome, when he foll down as stated. A policemen had him conveyed to the Maynr's office about four o'clock. Dr. Goo. L. McCook was summoned, and after some slight treat sent the man gave evidence of returning consciousness it was feared he would die during the afternoon, but is is thought he is now out of danger. His friends arrived about eight o'clock, and had him conveyed in a carriage to his home.

coveyed in a carriage to his home.

Military Affest.—A man named Alexander, late a Lieutenant of Co. A., Fifth "Heavies," was arrested on Thursday evening by a Government detective for a very serious offense. It appears that some time since he, while in the regiment, was entrusted with a considerable amount of money to be delivered to persons in this city. Instead of distributing it, he went on a drunk with the money. Besides this he overstayed his leave of absence, and after being sent to his regiment under guard, managed to escape while awaiting trial. Now that he is again arrested, he will fare badly in the hands of a military court martial.

The Bilustrels will give their last lay this evening at the Pittsburgh Theatre, and depart for the East. The enterprising managers, Messers, Duprez and Green, have aflorded our citizens a splendid fund of amusement for two weeks, and they have been liberally patronized, as they deserved to be. The performances this evening will be fully up to their regular standard, and a grand gala night may be expected, inasmuch as Faturday night is everybody's "crealing out."

The Proposed Regatta.—Subscriptions to the proposed regatta fund are coming in pretty fast. The project meets with the favor of our citizens generally. When a smillent sum is raised a meeting of the subscribers will be held and preliminaries effected.

August.

Liberty Street M. E. Cherch. J. B. Stowart of Cincinnasti, will preach in this church, corner of Liberty and Hay streets, to morrow at 10½ o'clock. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. W. A. Davidson, in the evening, at a quarter before

Godey's Lady's Book.—The August number of this attractive monthly is out, and for sale by John W. Pittock, opposite the Post-DIED:

LUSTENBERGER-On Friday morning, July 21st, LGUIS O. LUSTENBERGER, in the 25th year of his age. Funeral will proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery, from the residence of his father in-law, Samuel Beynolds, Duquesne Borough, rmis (Saturday) arymnoor, at two o'clock. The friends of the family arg invited to attend.

RALLROADS.

Returning Trains arrive in Pittsburgh as follows

of passengers ann baggage with access processing tention.

Baltimore express will arrive with Philadelphia Express at 230 p. m. on Monday.

Express at 230 p. m. on Monday.

In the Gompany will indid themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding \$100.

W. H. BEOKWITH, Agent, At the Pennsylvania Central Ralivad Passenger Station, on Libertv and Grant streets.

PITTSBURGH, FT. FITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO
RAILWAY, AND OLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD,
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after May 18th, 1686, trains will rup as follows, viz.
Leaves For For For For

| Leave Allepheny. | New | Boches | New | Economy | Stenbe | Economy | Ville. | B.00 a. m. | 2.50 p. m. | 2.50 p. m. | 1.50 a. m. | 4.50 p. m. | 4.50 p. m. |

of a m. o.e.

O a f. B. R.—9.10 a m.

GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent
GEORGE PARKIN, Piccourgh, Pa Union Passenger Station, Phisourgh, Pa A. Q. GASSELBERR, Ticket Agent, Allerheav Chi-

mylks P. L. MYERS, General Troket Agent SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Un and after MONDAY, June 1, 1865, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

win leave the Depot, corner of Robs and water streets, an Gollows:

Leaves Arrivos at Pittaburgh. Pitt

A LLEGHENY VALOHANGE OF TIME—On and after MONDAY
May listh, 1884, the following arrangement of
will take effect.
MAIL TRAIN—Leaves Pittsburgh at 100 a m
arriving at Rittanning at 1000 a. m. Leaves Hit
tanning at 400 p. m., arrives at Pittsburgh at tanning at 4.00 p. m., arrive as extraording to 2.00 p. m., priving at Fittsburgh at 2.25 a. m. Leaves Pittsburgh at 2.25 a. m. Leaves Pittsburgh at 4.50 p. m., arriving at Kittanning at 2.50 p. m. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.—Leaves Soda Works at 5.30 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 7.45 a m. Leaves Pittsburgh at 2.00 p. m., arriving a Soda Works at 4.00 p. m., mv10 F. WRIGHT, Superintendant.

SHIPPING. FOREIGN EMIGRATION OFFI DE PITTSBUEGE, PENNA.

Passage from the "Old Country,

PRESINGE from the "Old Country.

The Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia (In the property of the property and failing at London energy for principles of Element, leaving Liverpool overy THUREDAY, and calling at London energy for that Presengers and their the property of the property o

CUNARD LINE-Steam from LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN \$10 in gold, or its equivalent in currency.

FROM NEW YORK, \$45 in currency

THOMASPRATTIGAN, Agence
Of Smithfold street, between 24 and 41.

Salls every week. Apply to

1786... NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. SUMMER GOODS OF EVERY VARIETY STYLE

Concert Hall Shoe Store.

LADIES English Lasting Congress Gailers BEST QUALITY, ONLY \$1,50.

Children's Shoes FROM 10 CENTS UPWARDS.

Gents' Fine French Calf Boots. CUSTOM MADE

At Greatly Reduced Prices COME TO DAY

For Bargains. No. 60 FIFTH STREET. TO ALL PERSONS

A GOOD BARGAIN 74 FIFTH STREET,

BOOK PUBLISHERS' PR**ESENTATION DEPOT** The Best of Bargains are Made.

BY PURCHASING A LCOK YOU RECEIVE A PRESENT FROM 50 CENTS TO \$500.

TORESH ARRIVAL OF Summer Boots, Shoes, Guiters and Balmorals, AT EORLAND'S. consisting of Men's Oalf Boots, only is per pair; do de Balmorals, Stron do do Congress Golsen, St. O. Laddes Prime Congress Golden, St. O. Laddes Prime Congress only St. Mileses and Children's Golden and Balmerals Boy's and Youth's do, do, tall of which will be sold at wholessle or retail, at lower rates than any other establishment. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, at

J. H. BORLAND'S. 8 MARKET STREET,

Assence's Office 210 District Page No 65 Water strict, Alleghery, July 12th, 1865.

SIGN ARTISTS & HOUSE PAINTERS. No. 60 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, : LETTERING OF ALLE KINDS executed promptly and with unsurpaired elegance.

HEAUTIFUL SHOW CARDS on enameled paper of all colors, and GLES GIGNS ON GLASS made to order and sent to sell parts of the country.

PIGTORIAL DESIGNS essented in a highly are

listic manner.
HOUSE PAINTING done with a regard to dustibility, harmony of color, sad neatness of finish.

All work at reasonable rates. mb6:19 OUTLET SAW MILL.

AND BARGE YARD. Craig Street, Allegheny. ON CONSIGNMENT

10 bbis Delaware Dired Peaches, cheap, to hair bbis Lake Burning, to hair bbis Lake Burning, to keep Lard;
76 bbis Beans;
100 bushels Dried Apples;
200 de Uats;
25 boxer Prime Gesten Ohesse;
25 boxer Prime Gesten Ohesse;
25 boxer Prime Bushrift;
16 do Sorghum Monasses;
25 boxes Prime Tailow Candles;
25 boxes Prime Tailow Candles;
25 boxes Prime Tailow Candles;
26 bush Damaged Highling. For sale by

[p13] (Raff Pa REITTEIN,
1913 (No. 110 Liberty street. PRIES.

> bbis Extra Flouri Empire Mills;

" Extra Flouri Empire Mills;

" Uni and Dry Tobacco;

" Vicegar;

" Herring:

Extra No. 1 Sti;

E Beans:

Fint Homint:

orgalion Juss mible Syrup—Iresh;

orea Corn Brooks;

" Whips. He store SUNDRIES.

" Whisps. It store and for sale BALSLEY & VAN GORDER, TRINITY COLLEGE, HARTFORD THURSDAY, AUGUST HAL Candidates for examination examined the day, sevious. For further information about the Oolete, its scholarships. As, schilly to jets with a V. B. K. S. SOUT, President. GRIGGS & BCOTT, IRON OTTY MATCH WORKS,
coner of Grant and Seventhe Street, Fisher,
ected
INTESH ARRIVAL OF FISH.
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H DESIT ARRIVAL OF FIRE.

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Received and for sale low 17

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RAIGS.

RAIGS.

10,000 Washington AIGS.
10,000 Washington
10,000 Henry Clay;
10,000 Mahajas;
10,000 Tabajas;
10,000 Tiloteo;
45,000 Gervanteo, Fre sale by
RALSLEY SYAN GORDER. OURTIS & HARVEY'S DIAMOND
GRAIN POWDER, June 1900 and for sale