The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1865.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, of Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Fifth Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, Jr., of Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
HANS R. HEREON, McClandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, of Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFER, Upper St. Clair.
J. P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DAVIS, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, of Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
R. L. McCULLEY, of Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES GRESS, of Chartiers Township.

MEXICO.

The report given by the *World's* Washington special, that our government will not permit another French, Austrian, or any other foreign soldier to enter Mexico in the service of MAXIMILIAN, without a determined protest, is probably a good deal sensational; but that a strong force of our troops—said to be a hundred thousand—is concentrated in Texas, partly with a view to bring that refractory State to order, and partly to act as a corps of observation upon what may be done on the other side of the Rio Grande, is, we think, evidence that our Government feels the necessity for being ready for whatever may happen.

It is not so certain, as was supposed a few weeks ago, that MAXIMILIAN contemplated abdication and a return to his old Austrian possessions. It may, however, come to that before long, although at present the fortunes of the Republicans are by no means auspicious. JUAREZ has no financial resources and no government sufficiently stable or promising to warrant an issue of bonds with any hope of success; and unless the weight of the United States can be thrown into his scale, we see not how he can succeed against the better organized power of the usurper. Guerrilla warfare may impoverish the country still more, and keep it in a state of anarchy; but it cannot wrest the government out of the hands of its present possessor.

Yet the turbulent elements which are rolling down towards the Rio Grande from this country, urged on as they are by thousands of quiet capitalists, who see sources of wealth in the rich mines of the Northern Mexican States, preclude the probability, if not the possibility of long continued peace in that quarter; and when the fray does begin, it will be but the Texan drama of 1832-'35 re-enacted on a larger scale. From that day forward Mexico will pass from the rule of the Latin to that of the Anglo-Saxon race, and NAPOLEON, if living, will see the Utopianism of his scheme of rejuvenating the Latin race in that country.

WEALTH OF THE 22D DISTRICT.

During the past fiscal year the taxes paid on the regular monthly returns of manufactures in this district produced an aggregate of about $8,800,000. This covered the same period during which the incomes we have just published were accumulated, the tax on which, together with the annual tax on carriages, watches, pianos, &c., amounted in the aggregate to $1,281,155

To which add tax on manufactures, before mentioned $3,800,000

Total $5,021,155

Showing an aggregate of over five millions of dollars paid into the national treasury by this one district during the fiscal year ending June 1st, 1865. A few years ago the people thought themselves terribly burdened because they had some two millions of tax assessed upon the whole State; but now the people of one-twenty-fourth part of the State pay more than double that sum in addition, without any sensible diminution of their comfort and prosperity. It will depend, however, upon the action of Congress upon the laws regulating foreign commerce whether this rate can be maintained. Let past experience, rather than future experiments, be its guide in this matter.

"NEW COMERS AND OLD CITIZENS."

The once familiar face of the New Orleans *Picayune* appears again among our exchanges. It is a goodly double sheet of very readable matter. Its leading article, under the above head, is a welcome to northerners who are engaged in business in that city, at the same time it deprecates their engaging in politics; fearing, doubtless, that if they did, the supremacy would pass from the class which once held it, into the hands of the more energetic "new comers" who have superseded them in their business concerns. But this is just what is needed universally in the South. The introduction of new men and new principles, which, with the aid of the liberated population, if they are allowed the privilege, will redeem that whole people from the errors and prejudices that led them into treason and civil war.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—Laying the cable will not commence so soon as was lately announced. The London correspondent of the New York *Herald* says:

"It is not yet definitely settled when the Great Eastern will leave Valentia. She will certainly not start until everything is complete and ready. But from indications I am confident that that condition will be reached in a couple of weeks, and that about the 15th of July she will reach Valentia Bay, and on the 18th leave the coast of Ireland and steam towards the west. It will not be many days from that date, I am assured. Her speed across will be about six knots an hour, or as near that as possible. So the voyage will be somewhat protracted. About the 4th of August you may hear of the arrival of the ship at Heart's Content Bay, if all goes well.

MISS CLARA BERTON, daughter of Judge Barton, of Worcester, Mass., who has obtained national repute by publishing a list of missing soldiers, and by her heroic deeds to the wounded in battles, and even under fire, left Washington city on Friday, on a government vessel, with a party, for the purpose of enclosing the area of ground at Andersonville where so many federal prisoners perished from want or exposure, and of putting up headboards at their graves. She conceives that she has a suitable list of the deceased, and has accordingly obtained seventeen thousand headboards for the purpose. This design will require a long period of hard toil for its accomplishment.

AN INFECTED PARCEL SENT TO PRESIDENT JOHNSON.—We heard recently of a young officer whose brother had fallen a victim to yellow fever last year at Newbern, and who remarked on his own narrow escape but four days before. His uncle and himself were appointed to open a parcel sent to President Johnson. It came professedly from San Francisco, but had never been put up in the United States. His uncle was made quite unwell by handling it, and he became convinced it was an infected parcel and sent it to the smallpox hospital to be examined after being disinfected.—*Ledger.*

THE preparation for the great National Horse Show, which takes place at Springfield, Ill., from the 21st to the 26th of August next, is progressing rapidly. The building is intended to accommodate 35,000 people. It will probably be the means of collecting, from all parts of the United States, the finest display of house-flesh ever seen at a single point.

THE GOLDEN CIRCLE.

The President of the K. G. C. who has been in custody for two years past, and is now confined at Fort Warren, issues the following order to that organization. It is accompanied by a voluminous defence of the Society and himself, against certain alleged calumnies, but their treasonable character is apparent in his own words. No better *expose* could be desired. The mere fact that their headquarters are established in a British Province, with provision for their removal to another foreign locality, reveals their anti-national designs. Their next move will most likely be to form a closer combination with the still rebellious portion of the population of the South, to thwart the measures of a government which they failed to destroy:

EXECUTIVE GENERAL ORDER, No. 10-7-18.—Whereas, by General Order No. 7-6-15, the chiefs of the several departments of the Golden Circle were required to suspend all operations of their several departments until further orders, forwarding their papers and material to the headquarters of the Circle, together with such moneys as belonged to the custody of the Treasurer; and,

Whereas, During this long suspension, a terrible civil war has raged within the limits of the United States between the Federal Government on the one side and certain of the southern States confederated on the other side, and which said civil war has terminated by the vindication of the national authority and the reduction of the rebellious States to lawful obedience; and,

Whereas, Much abuse has been heaped on the Golden Circle as an institution—much hard and bitterly acrimonious feeling has been engendered, and may not be as speedily eradicated as we all wish, and since Latinism has triumphed over Saxonism in Mexico, as a consequence of the war, and the fate of Mexico being thus left to the force and policy of the French and American Governments and their national aiders and abettors; it is ordered:

1. That the order No. 7-6-15 remain in force, and the suspension of the labors of the several departments of the Golden Circle be continued till July 1, 1870, when the executive officers of the several departments, and the legitimate members of the Congress of the Order will assemble in Washington City, D. C., and with open doors proceed to the disposal of such business as may be brought before them.

2. Immediately on the termination of the session of said congress, it will be assembled at the chosen locality, to publicly lay the corner-stone of the Saxon University, and to ratify the appointment of the Board of Trustees and Faculty of the same.

3. All members of the Military Department are hereby released from their allegiance to the order, and from all obligations of secrecy pertaining to the same.

4. To render the archives of the orders perfect as possible, one of the secretaries of the order will be stationed permanently at Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, to whom may be mailed for classification, statements in reference to the occurences of the war and American Society between the 1st day of January, 1858, and the 1st day of June, 1865. The following subjects may be reported, the following name of letter, together with his post office address, *whether a member of the order of the Golden Circle or not*, being given in every case. No answers to letters of inquiry will be made, as the object is to collect and not scatter information until the events of the past seven years shall be fully and fairly chronicled and made ready for circulation by the publishing committee.

All facts throwing light on the causes which led to the war—political caucuses and associations of the two sections, including acts of the Kansas and Missouri difficulties: the "K. G. C., wide-awakes," and other associations North and South, and their acts—all acts of the Loyal Leagues and Vigilance Committees, campaigns and battles of both armies; individual heroism, all violations of the rules of civilized warfare; all cruelties to prisoners in both sections; all outrages perpetrated on women, children and old and helpless persons of either section; all arbitrary arrests, military trials and convictions; all violations of paroles; all plots, schemes, and unlawful expedients resorted to by the soldiers or governments of the belligerents respectively; all desertions and unusual cruelties practiced by either party; all speculating schemes on the people of either section; all acts of retaliation; all acts of outrage and imposition on soldiers' wives and children, North or South, and every other good or reprehensible act done by either party, and which can be proven beyond a question. With each report, the writer will give the names of witnesses and their post office address, that their statements may be verified.

5. Charles Templeton is assigned to the duties of depository, and all reports will be mailed to him at Halifax, Nova Scotia. In case of a war between the United States and Great Britain, then the said Templeton will remove the reports to the Danish Island of St Thomas, West Indies, and he will notify the American public through the press of such removal.

6. Under no circumstances will any of these reports be made public until verified and their use has been authorized by the Congress of the Order, and by the Publishing Committee. As history is valuable only in it is truthful, all mere opinions of those reporting facts may be withheld. Saxon civilization has all to gain and nothing to lose in knowing its own faults, and hence the extension of this invitation to *all men of all parties*, of whatever section who have suffered or been in any way benefitted by this convulsion in our social and political life.

7. Desiring to rest from the long and weary service I have given to the Order of the Golden Circle, I shall retire to the pursuits of private life, and so remain quietly until the assembling of the next Congress of the order in 1870, and in view of the uncertainty of life, my lawful successor in case of my demise will see that these orders are strictly obeyed in letter and in spirit. For the fidelity and kindness borne me by the order I return my grateful acknowledgements, and believing and praying for the final triumph of Saxon Liberty over Latin Monarchism on this Continent, I beseech you and each of you to revere God, obey the laws, love your neighbors, and remain ever faithful to your principles.

GEO. W. L. BICKLEY, M. D.,
President of the Golden Circle.
FORT WARREN, Mass., July 8, 1865.

Kentucky Politics.

A political contest of universal interest and significance is being waged at this moment in Kentucky, which, though apparently local in its character, is entitled to a wider interest than is accorded to it. An election for members of Congress and members of the State Legislature is to be held in August, and the Kentuckians, always famous for the zeal and energy with which they conduct their political struggles, even when no great question is involved, are carrying on this one with unaccustomed spirit and warmth. The only question involved in it is this. Shall the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery be adopted? This question, it will be recollected, came up before the Kentucky Legislature, last winter, and was decided in the negative. But the friends of the amendment were not discouraged.—Beaten on the first field, they immediately prepared to renew the combat on another and broader one. They have appealed from the decision of the Legislature to the people, entreating them to elect a majority to the next Legislature, pledged in favor of the amendment, so that it may be ratified without further dispute, and the State disenthralled from an institution which, in its present condition and status, is preeminently a curse, because it is a progenitor of interminable discord.

The fight is carried on with remarkable spirit and ability, and with a dignity and courtesy that mark even the fiercest discussions. The Louisville *Journal*, Governor Bramlette, Hon. George H. Yeaman, Gen. Rousseau and Hon. Green Clay Smith are the leading champions of the amendment. Governor Bramlette is not a candidate for any office, but he is throwing the weight of his large personal and political influence into the scale in favor of the proposition.

Next year Trinity Church will have property worth at least $25,000,000, and a rent-roll of magnificent proportions. It seems that in 1866 the ninety-nine year leases given by the pre-revolutionary corporators of Trinity Church to John Jacob Astor will expire, and an immense amount of property in the lower part of the city will be in the market for improvement. Many of the Astor leases paid only seventy cents per lot on property which now rents all the way from five hundred to two thousand five hundred dollars per house and lot.

John Covode in Louisiana.

It has been already announced in the *Evening Post* that Mr. John Covode, of Pennsylvania, has been spending some time in Louisiana; and it has been supposed that he visited that State at the instance of the President. His object was to obtain information on the actual condition of affairs. He has paid especial attention to the subject of the colored population, and being a man of decided opinions; expresses himself without equivocation. He is said to have declared that "he had visited the freedmen on the plantations of Louisiana, and was satisfied that if they continued under the political control of the whites their condition will be worse than before." He addressed an assemblage of advocates of universal suffrage of loyal men at New Orleans some days since, declaring his views of the subject. They differ widely from those expressed by Governor Wells. After a brief introduction of the subject, he said:

"Gentlemen, you will not, of course, expect a speech from me. But I have a few words to say to encourage you in your efforts. I know the sentiments of Congress, and I feel perfectly sure that, until the people of Louisiana will adopt the policy advocated here to-night, no representatives from your state will ever be admitted on the floor of Congress. You may find obstacles in your way. You may be betrayed. But, stand firm, gentlemen, and the loyal people of the nation will be with you.

"I am glad that I came here. I came to be posted, through personal observation, on the state of affairs. I have seen the freedmen on the plantations. I am now going back to Washington, to report my views on the best policy for the government to follow. My view is that all loyal men ought to vote. My view, I repeat, is, that the struggle should not prove to have been for naught. The disfranchised colored man will be in a worse condition than before.

"I advise you to continue in your policy. I will not detain you any longer; but, without further remark, I will say to you that you are on the right track."

These declarations were received with renewed applause. Mr. Covode is frank and outspoken, and by no means given to talking unadvisedly. He might have cited the experience of the freedmen of the British West Indies, where the political power, ever since emancipation, has been in the hands of the planters, and has been steadily exercised to oppress and discourage the colored men. His high position with the President and the administration entitle his opinions to consideration; and there is good reason to hope that his mission to Louisiana will operate to the development of a policy of reorganization which will secure to loyal men and freedmen all the advantages which the war has placed at their command.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

News Items.

SUGAR CROP OF LOUISIANA.—The accounts from the sugar districts of the State, as far as learned from, are more favorable than was anticipated, and estimates are now being formed of a crop this season of not less than 30,000 hogsheads, against only 11,200 last year. The largest sugar crop ever raised in the State reached 444,000 hogsheads.

THE famous vessel Alexandra, intended for a blockade-runner, has been turned into a river boat, and now plies between London and Gravesend. She is a novelty on the Thames, as she is the only boat that has cabins upon deck, in the American style.

THE miners' strike at the mines in the vicinity of Youngstown, Pennsylvania, after lasting over two months, has finally come to an end, and the work has been resumed at the rate of wages proposed by the proprietors in April last.

As one of the signs of the times that are coming for Southern people and Southern trade, the Augusta (Georgia) *Chronicle* alludes to the fact that the business men of that city are building a number of steamers for the Savannah trade.

THE military commission which lately tried the assassination conspirators has not been dissolved. It is said to be the design to order Jefferson Davis to an early day for trial before the same tribunal.

The Galveston *Bulletin* says that nearly all the more conspicuous rebel leaders and functionaries in Texas have skedaddled.

A TELEGRAPH line is proposed from San Francisco, southward, through Mexico, to the principal South American cities.

GENERAL B. F. BUTLER will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor of Massachusetts.

NINETEEN Japanese youths have arrived in England to be educated as physicians, engineers, &c.

JOHN MORRISSEY's income for the last year was $50,700, mostly from gambling.

THE largest income in Chicago, for 1864, was that of J. V. Farwell, $152,119

OREGON yielded eight millions of gold last year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. J. L. McKEE,
(Late with Prof. L. Oldshue,)
confines his attention entirely to the practice of medicine, and will promptly attend to all calls in his profession, day and night.
OFFICE: No 71 SEVENTH STREET,
jy13:2mdwas Pittsburgh, Pa.

STRAYED.—FROM THE PREMISES of the subscriber, in Shousetown, on the 2d of June ult.,
A RED AND WHITE SPOTTED COW,
having had the left leg bone broken some time since, and has strong marks of the injury yet. Any person giving notice of her whereabouts through the Shousetown Postoffice, will be suitably rewarded.
jy13:3tdw O. D. GARDNER.

TRIMMINGS, FANCY DRY GOODS, &c.—FRIDAY MORNING, July 14th, at 10 o'clock, and afternoon at 2 o'clock, will be sold at Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, opposite the Postoffice, a large and superior stock, comprising men and boys', balmorals, Misses' kip balmorals, Ladies' slid boots, children's, misses' and women's enameled shoes, men and youths' brogans, Ladies' c-mentle slippers, boys' sewed calf boots, Oxford ties, calf bootees. The attention of the trade is invited to this sale.
jy13 A. McILWAINE, Auctr.

ON CONSIGNMENT.
10 bbls Delaware Dried Peaches, cheap.
10 half bbls Shad-mess Herring,
50 kegs Lard;
75 bbls Beans;
100 bushels Dried Apples;
200 do do Peaches;
25 boxes Prime Goshen Cheese;
20 do common W. R. do;
10 bbls No 2 Mackerel;
10 do Sorghum Molasses;
25 boxes Prime Tallow Candles;
50 bush Damaged Hominy. For sale by
GRAFF & REITER,
jy13 No. 116 Liberty street.

ESTRAY.—TAKEN UP ON MONDAY
A SMALL BROWN DARK MARE,
with a white star on her forehead. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges, otherwise she will be sold on SATURDAY, the 15th inst., at 2 o'clock, at Aikens' Livery Stable, on Fourth street.
jy12:3td SAMUEL LONG, Chief of Police.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 12, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS (addressed to the Committee on City Property) will be received at this office until THURSDAY, 20th inst., inclusive, for painting, graining and varnishing the wood work of the main floor of the City Hall in similar style with the Controller's Office.
By direction of Councils,
jy12:3td R. R. FRANCIS, City Controller.

TRINITY COLLEGE, HARTFORD, CONN.—The Christmas Term begins
THURSDAY, AUGUST 31st.
Candidates for examination examined the day previous. For further information about the College, its scholarships, &c., apply to
jy11:6w2aw J. R. KERFOOT, President.

SILVER GLOSS STARCH.—Kingsford's best, put up in five pound boxes or in one pound papers for family use, always on hand and for sale wholesale or retail, at the Family Grocery Store of
jy12 JOHN A. RENSHAW,
corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FRESH LOBSTER AND SALMON.—Put up in one and two pound cans, hermetically sealed; also Spiced and Fresh Oysters, for sale by the dozen or single can at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy12 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FOR RENT—A STORE ROOM on Wylie street in good location, with counter, shelving, etc.; will be leased to April 1st, 1866.
S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 61 Market St.

GROCERY STORE AND DWELLING HOUSE—In Allegheny City for sale: Two-story frame house and lot of ground. Apply to
jy12 S. CUTHBERT & SONS 61 Market St.

NEATS FOOT OIL—Can always be procured at the CENTRAL DRUG STORE, corner Ohio and Federal streets, in the Market House, Allegheny.
jy10 :2d20

BAMBOO FISHING POLES—Just received and for sale by
jy8 JAMES BOWN, 138 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SILK AND CLOTH
MANTLES,
Novelties in
DRESS GOODS.
BATES & BELL,
jy12:3td 81 FIFTH ST.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, 23D DISTRICT PA., No 65 Water street, Allegheny, JULY 10th, 1865.
ASSESSOR'S NOTICE—NOTICE IS hereby given to all persons interested, that an appeal will be held at the office of the Assessor of U. S. Taxes, No 65 Water street, Allegheny, on the 3d, 4th and 5th DAYS OF AUGUST, for that portion of the twenty-third collection district of Pennsylvania, composed of that part of the county of Allegheny lying north of the Allegheny and Ohio Rivers, at which time and place the annual list and proceeding of the Assistant Assessors for said county will be open to the inspection of all parties interested, and appeals heard and determined, relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations made by the said Assistant Assessors.
N. B.—All appeals must be made in writing and specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall, moreover, state the ground or principle of error complained of.
SAMUEL MARKS,
jy12:6td Assessor 23d District, Penna.

THE GREAT
PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE
of new and desirable
Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,
WILL BE CONTINUED ON
THURSDAY & FRIDAY EVENINGS,
AT 8 O'CLOCK, AT
McCLELLAND'S AUCTION,
55 Fifth Street,
☞ Look out for bargains. jy13

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 208 acres in Fairfield township, Westmoreland County, Penna.
Also, a Farm of 200 acres in Fairfield township Westmoreland county, Pa.
Also, a very valuable farm of 234 acres, near the town of Sellyer, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., and about one and a half miles from the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are a large brick house, spring house, smoke house, a large frame stable, a large frame barn 48 x 80, water saw mill, a large apple orchard, with other fruit trees. It is underlaid with coal, a vein of fire brick clay, and about one hundred acres of No. 1 white oak timber. Possession given immediately.
Also six lots, with a large brick house. A fine residence in the borough of Ligonier. Will be sold cheap.
Also 16 acres of land, with a large flouring mill, adjoining same place.
Also 350 acres of land, adjoining same place.
Also, the best farm on the Monongahela River, about one mile from McKeesport, Allegheny Co., Pa., containing about 145 acres. The improvements are a frame house and barn, corn crib and wagon shed, with other outbuildings. A large apple orchard of between 400 and 500 trees; 50 quince trees, 50 pear trees, and 450 peach trees.
Also, a Farm of 240 acres, near the town of Ligonier, Westmoreland county, Pa., very cheap.
Also, A Large Hotel at Blairsville Intersect, on the Pennsylvania Railroad. The buildings are good and well arranged for a hotel and store. This property will be sold at a great bargain.
For further particulars inquire of
Also a very beautiful Farm of 182 acres, situated in West Wheatfield Township, Indiana Co., Pa., near the town of Washington, about four miles from the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are two large frame dwelling houses, two frame barns, a large store room, and fine young apple orchard. The fencing is good; very convenient to churches, schools, mills, and a very beautiful location. This property I will sell very cheap and on easy terms.
Also, the Moodie Farm in Elizabeth Township, Allegheny Co., Pa., containing about 130 acres, situated about three miles east of the borough of Elizabeth. The improvements are a large brick cottage house with nine well finished rooms; a beautiful lawn in front, surrounded by ornamental trees; a No. 1 barn, with many other buildings; good fencing, 10 acres of the very best White Oak timber. It is the best quality of limestone land, and is all under aid with coal.
G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
jy12 No. 184 Fourth street.

AN ORDINANCE amending the ordinance entitled, "Water, Chapter 17th, Page 96, City Code."
SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That the first section of the ordinance entitled, "Water, Chapter 17, Page 96, City Code," be amended to read as follows, to wit: After the words "he shall," in the fifth line from the top, insert the words "have power to employ the engineers, firemen and laborers. It shall also be the duty of the Superintendent to have the engines, pumps, and engine houses kept in good order. He shall instruct the engineer to keep an accurate account of all fuel which may be delivered to the works, the daily consumption of the same, and report in writing quarterly (or oftener if required by the Committee) an accurate statement of the running time of the works, which shall also be recorded in a book kept for that purpose, together with a statement of the average daily consumption of water of the preceding quarter."
SEC. 2. That the salary of the Superintendent of the Water Works shall be and is hereby fixed at eighteen hundred dollars.
SEC. 3. That the salary of the Engineer be fixed at one thousand two hundred dollars per annum.
SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may be altered or supplied by the provisions of the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law, this the sixth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
JAMES MARSHALL,
Pres't. of Select Council.
SIMON DRUM,
Pres't. of Common Council.
Attest:
D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.
M. McGONNIGLE,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy12:3td

RESOLUTION TO OPEN TWO STREETS.
Resolved, by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That a street be and is hereby opened 40 feet wide, one from the junction of Fleming and Fairmount streets, east about 600 feet, and one from the junction of Fountain and Fleming streets, about 620 feet, according to the plans and specifications accompanying the petition of Henderson and others, and that James Graham, John Brown, Jr., and John Dyer, Sr., freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D., 1861, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.
Ordained and enacted into a law, this the sixth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
JAMES MARSHALL,
Pres't. of Select Council.
SIMON DRUM,
Pres't. of Common Council.
Attest:
D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.
M. McGONNIGLE,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy12:3td

RESOLUTION TO OPEN a street along the site of the Canal.
Resolved, by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That a street be and is hereby opened along the site of the Pennsylvania Canal, commencing at the junction of Craig and Robeson streets, thence along the line of said canal to Sycamore street, near the eastern line of the city, a distance of about four thousand seven hundred feet, and that James Rieney, Alexander Hilands and T. H. Nevin, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D., 1861, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.
Ordained and enacted into a law this, the sixth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
JAMES MARSHALL,
Pres't. of Select Council.
SIMON DRUM,
Pres't. of Common Council.
Attest:
D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.
M. McGONNIGLE,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy12:3td

FOR
THE GOLD REGIONS OF IDAHO!
I shall leave Pittsburgh, in a few weeks, for DENVER CITY, IDAHO. Persons wishing to go to Idaho, will and one of the best opportunities ever offered for a
PLEASANT TRIP
TO THE
GOLD REGIONS.
Good Spring (Covered) Wagons
and tents for camping out. Everything will be in complete order. A few more passengers will be taken for
$125, INCLUDING BOARD.
Apply at once to
G. WASHINGTON BROWN,
at the office of Messrs. Phelps, Park & Co., No. 6 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or address P. S. Box 420, Allegheny City, Pa.
jy11:2w2d

WASHING MACHINES,
WASH TUBS,
WASH BOARDS,
IRONING TABLES,
SKIRT BOARDS,
LAUNDRY STOVES,
and every useful articles required about the wash house, at
GEORGE W. HUBLEY'S,
63 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.
jy11:2w1.eod

CURTIS & HARVEY'S DIAMOND GRAIN POWDER, just received and for sale by
jy8 JAMES BOWN, 138 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OIL STRIKE.
GREATEST BARGAIN YET OFFERED!
600 Acres of Oil Land,
IN
WEST VIRGINIA,
FOR $13,000, CASH!
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AN ORDINANCE regulating turnouts and switches in the city of Allegheny.
SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That the Controller in connection with, and with the consent of the Committee on Streets, is hereby authorized to grant a license in writing to any person or company owning or occupying property upon any street, avenue or alley through which any railroad entering or passing through the city may be laid to attach turnouts, bolting tracks or switches to the main tracks thereof, the consent of the Railroad Company being first obtained, said turnouts, bolting tracks or switches to be laid down in such manner as to conform to the established height and level of the street, avenue or alley in which they may be placed; such license shall be subject to the provisions of this and other ordinances which may hereafter be enacted relative to railroads, turnouts or other fixtures in the city of Allegheny, *Provided*, such license shall not be granted for a longer term than one year nor for a less period than six months. *And provided further*, that no turnout, bolting track, switch, or other fixture, shall be permitted to extend beyond the property owned or occupied by the person or company applying therefor and situated and fronting on the line of the street, avenue or alley, on which the railroad is constructed with which said turnout, bolting track, switch or other fixture, which may be constructed with which said turnout, bolting track, switch or other fixture is to connect; *And Provided also*, that this section shall not be construed to conflict in any manner with the right of any Railroad Company to regulate and control any turnout, bolting track, switch or other fixture which may be constructed or laid down in pursuance hereof.
SEC. 2. That it shall and may be lawful for the Committee on Streets, from time to time, to establish and put in force such regulations and restrictions in relation to such turnouts, bolting tracks or switches, their construction and materials, and the repairing thereof, as to the said committee shall seem proper and fit; and no turnout, bolting track, switch or other fixture shall be attached to any railroad or laid on any street, avenue or alley, or be considered as repaired unless the same shall conform in every particular to the rules and regulations so adopted.
SEC. 3. That all such turnouts, bolting tracks, switches or other fixtures, shall be laid down or repaired under the direction of the said Committee on Streets, together with the Street Commissioner, and if any person or company shall construct, lay down or repair any turnout, bolting tracks, switch or other fixture, contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, or of any ordinance which may be hereafter enacted, or of any regulation adopted by the Committee on Streets, the person or company so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of seventy-five dollars, the same to be recovered summarily upon conviction, and in addition thereto such turnout, bolting track switch or other fixture shall be forthwith removed.
SEC. 4. That if any turnout, bolting track, switch, turning platform, or other fixture shall be out of repair, and the owner or person having charge thereof shall refuse or neglect to repair or put the same in good order after five days notice from the Street Commissioner, the same shall be taken up and removed under the direction of the Committee or Street Commissioner, and the owner or person having charge of such turnouts, bolting track, switch, turning platform or other fixture shall also forfeit and pay the sum of seventy-five dollars and all necessary expenses incident to the removal of the same to be recovered as aforesaid, *Provided*, That the turnout, bolting track, or turning platform or other fixture after being so removed shall not be replaced unless by permission or license of the Controller of the city and Committee on Streets, nor until all the expenses of such removal shall be first paid.
SEC. 5. That the person or company to whom a license may be granted, as hereinafter provided, shall, before obtaining the same, pay the Treasurer, for the use of the city, the sum of seventy-five dollars.
SEC. 6. That it shall not be lawful for any person or company to obstruct any street, avenue, or alley in the city by loading or unloading, placing, keeping, or cause to be placed or kept, any car or other vehicle, or any part of any turnout, bolting track or switch; but all or other vehicles must be loaded or unloaded, placed or stopped on the ground owned or occupied by the person or company having such license. Any person or company violating the provisions of this section shall be liable to the penalty of five dollars for every such violation, the same to be recovered in the manner hereinbefore mentioned.
Ordained and enacted into a law this the sixth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
JAMES MARSHALL,
Pres't. of Select Council.
SIMON DRUM,
Pres't. of Common Council.
Attest:
D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.
M. McGONNIGLE,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy12:2td

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Patterson's Alley.
SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Patterson's Alley, an alley running midway between Allegheny Avenue and Stanton street, from Kelsons street north, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.
SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Alley respectively, in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.
SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.
SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law, this the sixth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
JAMES MARSHALL,
Pres't. of Select Council.
SIMON DRUM,
Pres't. of Common Council.
Attest:
D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.
M. McGONNIGLE,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy12:3td

AN ORDINANCE to authorize the Grading and Paving of Martin street.
SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Martin street, from School street to Gorry street, in the First ward, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.
SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said street respectively, in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.
SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.
SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
Ordained and enacted into a law, this the sixth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.
JAMES MARSHALL,
Pres't. of Select Council.
SIMON DRUM,
Pres't. of Common Council.
Attest:
D. MACFERRON,
Clerk of Select Council.
M. McGONNIGLE,
Clerk of Common Council.
jy12:3td

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