Control of the Contro

Bronzed and battered and covered with sears,
Dressed in their faded uniform,
Litting alone is standard of stars.
They bors the standard of stars.
Under the cloudless arch of brand series.
Under the cloudless arch of brand series.
Their friumphant feet
Keep step with the drum,
Loudly shouting they come.

Loudy abouting they come.

Line a river the saluan sweeps by.

Stretching many league away

Reyond the true per league away

That 's moist with teasure gor you

These are the men who have long it and bledy

Aye, and ruffered so long in or stead.

Like scintillent stags

Their glorious scars,

With patriot fiame,

Light the pathway of fame.

They have charged in the face of the fee Through hot campests of shot and shell, When the war cloud ware hanging low And the red rain to ware hanging low And the red rain to the set of fire, Leaping through sharp they been the per-upation of the set of the set of the set With the bansers they been. Through the jubilant air, Giving beek to the sky. The stare blazing high.

They have marched through the swamps of the

South
And forded treacherous streams,
And forded treacherous streams,
They have looked down the cannon's mouth
By the light of its sulphur gleams,
When the sky rings like a funeral bell
Over their commades that brayely sall
On field and redoubt,
And were mustered out;
And were mustered out;
Go the red field of flery strifte
God mustered them into cternal life.

MARRIED:

HRAZZLTON—HoUURDY—On Tuesday svensing, June 18th, 1665; by Rev. W. D. Howard, D.D.; EDWARD HRAZELTON, Jr., and MAGGIE M.; daughter of John McDurdy, Eaq., all of this city.

DIED

ROBINSON—In St. Louis, on Sunday, June-11th Capt. JAMES J. ROBINSON, of the Mortis-ern Line peaker itemmer Muscatine.

The funeral will take place from the testidence of, his brother-in-iaw, John Matthews, Brownstown, runs APIRASON; at two O'clock, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family, are invited to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RETURNED SOLDIERS.—ESPECIAL

HEATELTON.

The Pittsburgh Exsette. VERY LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATIONS. RECONSTRUCTION IN MISSISSIPPI SEDER BUARKRY PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR

TRAPE BASTELSTIONS IN TRANSPORMEN REMOVES. WASHINGTON, June 13, 1865.

By the President of the United States of America: A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The fourth section of the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States declares that the United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a republi-can form of government, and shall pro-tost each of them against invasion and domestic vicience; and Warrens, the Fresident of the United States is, by the Constitution, Com-mander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy as well as chief civil executive officer of the United States, and is bound by a solemn oath, faithfully to execute the office of President of the United States, and to take care that the laws be faithfully executed; and Whereas, the rebellion which has been waged by a portion of the people of the Falled States against the property constituted authorities of the Geverament thereof in

eather states against the property constituted authorities of the Gevernment thereof in the meet violent and revolting form, but whose organized and armed forces have new, been almost entirely overcome, has in its revolutionary powers deprived the people of the State of Missishipp of all civil Government; and Whereas, it becomes necessary and proper to carright and enforce the obligations of the United States to the people of Missishipp, in securing them in the enjoyment of a Republican form of Government—now, therefore, in checking them in the enjoyment of a Republican form of Government—now, therefore, in checking the in the purpose of enabling the loyal people of ead State to organize a State government, whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquellity restored; and loyal citizens philosoft in all their rights of line, liberty and property. I. Andrew Johnson, President of the United States and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, do hereby appoint William L. Sharkry, of the State of Mississippi, whose duty it shall be at the earliest practicable period, to preserbe each rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for convening

in characty, of the State of Mississippi, Provisional Governor of the State of Mississippi, whose duty is shall be at the earliest practicable period, to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be accessively and proper for convening a convention, composed of delegates to be chosen by that purent of the people who are loyal, and no others, for the purpose of allaying and amending the Constitution thereof, and with the authority to exercise within the limits of said State all the powers to enable such loyal people of the State of Mississippi to restors said State all the powers to enable such loyal people of the State of Mississippi to restors said State to its constitutional relations to the Federal Government, and to present such a crymblem form, of State government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States, and therefore its people to protection by the United States against lavasits, incurrections and domestic violence, and provide that in any election that may be held hereafter for choosing delegates to any State Convention as aforesaid, no early State Convention as aforesaid, no person shall be elegible as a member of such conveation unless he shall have previously taken the oeth of amoust, as set forth is the President's proclamation of May 25th, A. D., 1855, and is a voter, qualified as prescribed by the constitution and laws of the State of Mississippi in force immediately before the shall one rule of the federal, Shiom have rightfully exercised from the origin of the Government to the present the equalification of electors, and the slate, and very the people of the several States composing the Federal, Shiom have rightfully exercised from the origin of the military commanders of the spectrument, and all officers and persons in the military independent of State government as herein authorized.

"Force," That the Secretary States proceed to put in force all laws of the United States, the put in force all laws of the United States, the put in force all laws of the United States, t

tares, ead collectors of customs, and of internal customs, and of internal customs, and of internal customs are extended in the Treasury Department as are extended in the treasury of the United States within the geographical limits afores aid, in making appointments, the preference shall be diven to consider leave transcriptions. States within the geographical limits aforesaid, in making appointments, the preference shall be given to qualified loyal persons, residing within the districts where their respective duties are to be performed; butif sultable residents of districts shall not be found, then persons residing in other States or districts shall be appointed.

Fourth, That the Postmaster General proceed to establish postoffices and postroutes, and put into execution the postal laws of the United States within said State, giving to loyal residents the preference of appointment, but if suitable residents are not found, then appoint agents able residents are not found, then appoint agents

able residents are not found, then appoint agents dec., from other States.

Figh.—That the District Judge for the Judicial District in which Mississippi is included, proceed to hold courts within, the said State, in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress, and the Attorney General will instruct the proper officers to ilbel and bring to judgment, confiscation and sale of property subject to confiscation and sale of property subject to confiscation, and enforce the administration of justice within said State in all matters within the cognizance and jurisdiction of Foderal Courts.

Sizil.—That the Secretary of the Navy take possession of all the public property belonging to the Navy Tepartment, withis said geographical limits, and put in operation all acts of Congress in relation to Naval affairs having application to said State. said State.

Securit—That the Secretary of the Interior put
In farce the laws relative to the Interior Depart-ment applicable to the geographical limits afore-

haid.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the scal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at—the city of Washington this thirteenth (13) day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight bundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-ninth.

ANDREW JOHNSON

Andrew Johnson.

WM. H. Saward,
Secretary of State. (Signed)
(By the President:)

By the President of the United States of America A PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS, By my Proclamation of the 29th of April, 1865, all restrictions upon internal, do mestic and commercial intercourse, with certain exceptions therein set forth, were removed i such parts of the States of Tenneases, Virginia, such parts of the States of Tenneases. Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Misalssippi, and so much of Louisians as less east of the Mississippi river, as whall be embraced within the lines of the bational military occupation; and Whereas, by my proclamation of the 32d of May, 1803, for reasons therein given, it was declared that certain ports of the United States which had been previously closed against foreign commerce, should, with specified exceptions, be reopened to such commerce on and sign commerce, should, with specified exceptions, be reopened to such commerce on and after the lat of July sext, subject to the law of Sittes, and in pursuance of such regulations as might be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury; and Whereas, I am assisfactorily informed that dangerous combinations against the laws of the United States so. longer exist within the Stat's of Transasce, that the insurrection heretofore existing within said State has been suppressed; that within the boundaries thereof the authority of the United States as have been duly commissioned, are in the andisturbed exercise of their officiar of the United States as have been duly commissioned, are in the andisturbed exercise of their official functions—now, therefore, be it known that I, Awnew Jonnson, President of the United States, do hereby declare that all restrictions upon internal, domestic and constrained. known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby declare that all restrictions upon internal, domestic and coastwise intercourse and trade, adomestic and coastwise intercourse and trade, adomestic and coastwise intercourse and trade and upon the removal of products of States heredofere declared in insurrection, receiving and excepting only those relating to contraband of war, as hereinafter recited; and also those which relate to the restoration of the rights of the United States to property purchased in the territory of the United States east of the Mississippi river, are hereby sunnilled, and I do hereby directives. spiny, herefolius imposed in the territory of the United States sais of the Missasippi river, are hereby annulled, and I do hereby direct that they be forthwith removed; and that on an dafter the 11st day of July next, all restrictions upon foreign commerce with said ports, with the compiler safer and be removed; that the commerce of said States shall be removed; that the commerce of said States shall be removed; that the commerce of said States shall be removed on the case that the commerce of said States shall be used under the supervision of regularly appointed officers of the castoms shall receive any experred and abandance property that may be turned over to them sanders the law, by the military or naval forces of the United States, and dispose of such property as shall be directed by the Secretary of the United States, and dispose of such property as shall be directed by the Secretary of the United States, and dispose of such property as shall be directed by the Secretary of the United States, and dispose of such property as shall be directed by the Secretary of the United States, and dispose of such property as shall be directed by the Secretary of the

bend of war, are excepted from the effect of this proclamation: Arms, ammunition and all the articles from which sumunition is made, and gray uniforms and cloth. And I hereby also proclaim and declare that the insurrection, so far as it relates to end within the State of Tennessee; and the inhabitrate of sail State of Tennessee; and the inhabitrate of sail State of Tennessee; and the inhabitrate of sail State of Tennessee; and their recently adopted constitution and reorganization and occupied by them is suppressed, and therefore, also, that all disabilities and disqualifications attaching to said State of the inhabitants thereof, consequent upon any proclamations issued by virtue of the 5th, section of an act entitled. "An act further to provide for the collection of duties on imports, and for other purposes approved the 13th, day of July 1861," see removed, but nothing herein similated shall be considered or construed as in any wise changing or impairing any of the senalties and forfeitures for treason heretofore incurred, under laws of the United States or any of the provisions, restrictions or disabilities set forth in my proclamation, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1865, or as impairing the excepting regulations for the suspension of the habeas corpus, and the exceptes of military law in cases where it shall be necessary for the general public sainty and wilder, during the cristing insurection; nor shall this proclamation affect or in any way impair any laws heretofore passed by Contrary, all such laws and proclamation affect or in any way impair any laws heretofore passed by Contrary, all such laws and proclamation affect or in any way impair any laws heretofore passed by Contrary, all such laws and proclamation affect or in any way impair any laws heretofore passed by Contrary, all such laws and proclamation affect or in any way impair any laws heretofore passed by Contrary, all such laws and proclamation affect or in any way impair any laws heretofore passed by Contrary, all such laws and proclamatio

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE

CANADIAN CONFERENCE NOT TERMINATED. BEPORTED MEXICAN REINFORCEMENTS UNTRUE, The Foreign Markets. SANDY HOOE, June 13.—The steamship Scotin, from Liverpool, June 3d, via Queenstown on the

4th, passed this point. Her sovices are two days Ain, passed this point.

Attraction of the Princess of Wales was delivered of a baby on the 3d inst.

The reported success of the Canadian delega-tion is incorrect. The conference has not ter-rainated. minated.

It is denied authoritatively that France is about to send reinforcements to Maximillian.

New Your, June 12.—The steamer Scotia arrived up af 3:30 this afternoon.

Favilament adjourned on the 2nd for the holimeet_adjourned on the 2nd for the holldays.

The Globe denies that Melvin had an interview with Frealdent Johnson, as reported by French with President Johnson, as reported by French
papers. It says he was unable to open even informal relations with either the President or
say member of his Cabinet.
The Frenc' government had prohibited the
two-sons subscriptions to present Mrs. Lincoln
with a medal. The police in the Provinces had,
selzed the subscriptions.
Napoleon was averaged. Napoleon was expected to return atout the

swant's insurrection and domestic violence, and corotide that in any election that may be held hereafter for choosing delegates to any Siste Convention as afresaid, no person shall be enough the same the convention unless he shall have previously taken the cash of amnest, as set forth in the President's proclamation of May 25th, A. D., 1855, and is a woter, qualified as prescribed by the constitution and laws of the Siste of Missisippi in fore immediately before the 9th of January, A. D., 1851, the data of the so-called obligance of secession, and the said convention, when constitution and laws of the Siste of Missisippi in fore and the continuous of the present to held office under and by the Constitution and laws of the Siste, a power the people of the several Sistes, a power the people of the several Sistes, a power time, and I do hereby direct—

Forderal. Find hereby direct—

Forderal. This is military commanders of the spartment, and all officers and persons in the military and naval service, and sais! the said Provisional Government is better the military and naval service, and they are enjoined to abstain from in any way hisdering, impediate, or discouraging the holding recommanders of the Scook, That the Secretary of Siste Dreartment, and all officers and persons in the military and naval service, and they are enjoined to abstain from in any way hisdering, impediate, or discouraging the holding is secretally as a service of the 10th state that an alliance had been signed between Brazil, Uragay and services were like Argentines Expublics. No their forces were into the constitution and laws of the Siste of Times that such a service of the 10th state that an alliance had been signed between Brazil, Uragay and its a worter. The tempolity was a the secondary to the constitution and the specific of the secondary way. Including the server and the continuous of the secondary way hisdering impediate, or discouraging the tempolity of the Torotion and the secondary the secondary way hisdering impediately the secon

bbl cheaper. Wheat is in very little request, as decline of 2d per 100 lbs. Inflain corn very much depressed, owing to the prospect of early supplies from America, and the quotations are 66% lower. Yellow 37 506@20 6cd.

B. Gordon & Co., and others, report beef in demard at firm prices, especially for fine qualities. Pork 2s 6d lower, but no buyers. Bacon in small request at easier rates. 181/676%.
Liverpool, June 3.—Saturday Night,—Corre

Liverpoot, June 3.—Salurday Night,—COTTON-Bales to-day 6.000 bales, market dull and de clined half-penny. Sales to speculators and ex porters 2,000 bales. Breadstuffs—Dull. Frovisions—Quiet. Pro duce—Quiet and steady. duce—Quiet and steady.

Lovnox, June 3.—Consols closed at \$13.

American securities, U. 8. 5-20's, \$53, \$66. Il.

linois Central, 75@73'y. Eric R. R. shares,

482(\$493'y.

Lovnox, June 4.—There is no important political news.

Pans, June 4.—The Bourse closed quiet as

67f for reates. LONDON,

LATE ADVICES FROM MEXICO The Liberals Gaining Ground SEVERAL VICTORIES WON Gwin's Sonora Project Completed. MAXIMALIAN AND THE "STONEWALL,

NEW YORK, June 13.-The Post's Vers Crus correspondent says: The Emperor is still on a pleasure trip through the country. Everything s at a stand still in the capital awaiting his re The Liberals have gained more ground during the last month than they have lost during he lest year. the cast year.

General Negrete still holds Monterey, Saltille and all the country between those cities and the coast.

The attack on Matamoras falled, owing to the threatening positions taken by the ribels at Brownsville, when the Liberals approached Matamoral Company of the Compan moras.

The whole State of Tamarilipas, with the exception of Tampico and Matamoras, is in the hands of the Liberals.

In the State of Mischotin the Count De Partier has been badly beaten by the Liberal troops under Gen. Ferniles. has been bodly beaten by the Liberal troops un-der Gen. Regules.

In the States of Tobasco and Chipas not a FreeChhan nor Imperialist is to be found.

The veteran General Alverez still holts un-polluted his State of Guerrers.

Noarly the whole coast south of Vera Cronz remains in the undisputed possession of the Juarists. remains in the undisputed possession of the Juarista.

The French despair of pacifying the country unless 50,000 more French troops are sent.

Dr. Gwin has arranged his Sonera project. It only awaits Maximilian's signature. He goes as Director General of Emigration to the States of Sonera, Chibushua, Durango and Tamantipas; 8,000 French toops go with him to protect the emigrants, and to fortify the frontier against the infursions of the dreaded Yankees.

The French Admirat has gone to persuade Maximilian to purchase the Sionewall, at Havana.

The Conspiracy Trials. WASHINGTON, June 13.—Court adjourned for two hours in order to allow a medical examina tion of the alleged insanity of Payne, as vouched for by his comeol.

Dr. James G. Hill, of this city, testified that he had examined the prisoner Payne, whose mind he said, seemed to be very inert; witness thought his intellect of a very low order. He could not discover any algas of insanity.

A commission was appointed to further examino into Payne's alleged insanity.

The prosecution in the compiracy trial has these or examined. inc into Payne's alleged insanity.

The prosecution in the conspiracy trial has three or four wincesses to examine; defence has closed and only swalts the report of the medical survey, as to the sileged insanity of Payne.

Amoult's father was permitted an interriew with his son to-day, the former freely shedding tears.

Gold. Naw YORK, June 18.—Gold moderately active; the speculative demand is rather from, which combined with fall purchase for exports, has produced still further advance in quotations. The price spened at 141%, ran up to 143%, then down again 141%.

EVERING.—Gold closed 143%.

to a Literatura con developaration de la constantina della constan

THE CREVASSE NEAR AEW ORLEANS, GEN. GRANT'S RETURN TO WASHINGTON, Suffering in North Carolina-Botts in Washington, Retel Officials Escaped. Reconstruction Meeting at Mobile, AFFAIRS IN ALABAMA QUIET. Vex d New Orleans Mayaralty Question CLARKE AND THE MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE. COTTON SUPPLY AND MARKET

CAIRO, June 13.—New Orleans advices of the eighth state that the crowsee, eight miles above Caroliton, which threatened serious damage has been closed, but another in the same vicinity is reported imminent.

A special from Mobile to the Trace states: A reconstruction meeting was held in that city on the 6th, which saked for a Provisional Gover-

A reconstruction necting was held in that city on the 6th, which saked for a Provisional Governor and permission to take steps to get back into the Union.

Affairs in the interior of Alabama are quict and hopeful. Soldiers are at home chilivating their farms, and business is reviving.

The Mayoralty of New Orleans continues to be a verex question. Col. Quincy exhibited no disposition to vacate the office. It is rumored that Camby would refer the whole subject to Washington.

Clarks, rebel Governor of Mississippi, has issued a proclamation ordering the Sheriffs of the several counties to hold elections on the 19th of June, to elect delegates to a Convention—to be held at Jackson on the 3d of July. Secan is aders openly boast that by this movement of Clarks and the Legislature, they have obtained the reorganization of the State, and annesty for the past.

The supply of cotton offering in leans is scan with but little inquiry. Good Ordinary, Sc; Low Middling, 356,350. Cubs Suger, 64%c. Cubs Molasses, 55.

The stemer Adam Jacobs from Memphis had 164 bales of cotton for St. Louis.

The Memphrs cotton market is dull and nom-nat.

HILITARY GOVERNOES OF SOUTHERN STATES. Application for Soldiers' Discharge, PROVISIONAL GOVERNOB OF ALABAMA

Revised Report of Sherman's Campaign. THE APPOINTMENT OF GOVERNOR OF COLORADO NEW YORK, June 13.—The Times' tous pecial says: A strong feeling is finding expression among many leading men here in favor of the policy of appointing military Governors for some of the extreme southern States, such as South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Ala-bems and Mississippi, and of keeping these States under military control until the people cations, and the labor status of freedmen proper-iy adjusted with their late masters. The efforts of the delegations from these quarters are not meeting with much encouragement. There are several prominent Generals, with fine executive ability and cool heads, who can now be sent to cettle the disturbance of the affairs of these

cettle the disturbance of the affairs of those States.

The Herald's special has the following: Notwithstanding the order of the Fresident, discharging all prisoners of war below the rank of Major, large numbers of applications are daily made to him for such discharges. All parties should understand that the applications are unnecessary and useless. Very large numbers of applications are made to the President for the discharge of soldlers whose term of service does not expire until after Sept. 30th. Such applications ahould be made to the Secretary-of-War_And such as are ecceived by the President are at once referred to him for such action as he shall deem proper in the premises.

The Fresident has finally determined to appoint Judge Parsons as Provisional Governors will be determined upon at the Cabinet meeting to-morrow. emors will be determined upon at the Cabinet meeting to-morrow.

General Sherman has revised and corrected figure as the cabinet in the control of the operations in North and South in Seport of his operations in North and South Department in its amended form.

All of Sheridan's (cavalry are remaining in this vicinity, and will be under the sommand of Maj. Gen. Crook.

It is understood that Gen. Slough has been appointed Governor of Colorado in place of Mr. Evans. Gen. Slough received his first milliary commission from Col. Gilpin, first Governor of this territory.

ADVICES FROM NORTH CAROLINA. Gov. Holden Entered Upon His Duties

PROCLAMATION SOON TO BE ISSUED. NEW YORK, June 13 .- The Herald's Raleigh, N. C.) correspondent of the 8th, says: Gover or Holden to-day took possession of the Governor's room at the Capitol, and entered on the ormal discharge of the duties devolving upon him as the Provisional Executive of the State. He has already made the following appointments: C. R. Thomas, Secretary of State; Jonathen Worth, State Treasurer; J. S. Cannon, A. D. C., with reak of Colonel.

His proclamation is soon to be issued, but from an article published in a paper lately under his control, and from the known character of the new governor, many important features can be foretold. A convention will undoubtedly be suggested, and hopes are entertained that the State may be represented in Congress. A severation is to be made of the acts of the legislature which met during the rebellion. Those referring to the so-called Confederate government are to be declared void, and those referring to State and domestic matters only, such as the appointment of magistrates who have been solemnizing marriages, are to be retaired as far as possible. General Schofield has issued an order calling upon all officers and soldiers in his command to assist the executive in the discharge of his duties. than Worth, State Treasurer; J. S. Cannon, A. D. C., with rank of Colonel.

Applications for pardon under the terms of the President's Amnesty Proclamation, are al-ready quite numerous. BETURN OF THE MONITORS AND IBON-CLADS. Attentions from the Spanish Authorities.

VISIT TO THE STEAMER STONEWALL.

Surrender of the Rebel Maury WASHINGTON, June 18. - Admiral Gordon, command of the Iron-Clad and Monitor Squad ron, reports to the Navy Department the return of the Iron-Clad and Monitor Squadron to Fortress Monroe. He details the uttentions received from the Spanish authorities at Havana. The Captain General visited the Monitora, contrav to usage. Our officers visited the Stonewall, and Admiral Gordon says that vessel would have easily fallen into our hands in an engagement; that she is far inferior to our Mondanoc. He speaks in high terms of this vessel, saying she steamed along with the Susquehanna, giving no trouble or anxiety. While at Havana the Admiral received a letter from the rebei Manry, formerly of our Navy, who says, following the example of his native State, Virginia, he tenders his surrender on the terms of Grant and Lee. He was when he wrote at sea, but if he ever found himself within the United States, he would give himself up, meantime conducting himself as if on parole. on, reports to the Navy Department the retu-

OVERLAND PARTY TO CALIFORNIA. Their Arrival at Salt Lake. SALT LAKE, Jone 12. Speaker Colfax and party arrived yesterday, being eight days from Denver. They were delayed by Indian hostilitics. The Indians attacked a Mormon train a orth Platte Crossing, in sight of them, and a North Platte Crossing, in sight of them, and at Eagle Creek Station a few hours after they passed, and killed or wounded all the stock tempers and soldiers. The City Council and citizens met the party two mice from this city. W. H. Hooper, in a welcoming speech, tendered the hospitalities of the city.

Mr. Colfax replies by predicting a brilliant future for, Utah. If her people prove true to the Union and obedient to the laws.

To night a meeting of 3,000 people was adversed by Speeker Colfax, Lieutenant Governor Cross, of Illinois, and A. D. Richardson. The party will remain until next Konday, General Conner has sent out troops to stop the Indian depredations, and will keep the mail route open.

Acting Assistant Secretary. WASHINGTON, Juse 13.—In consequence of the continued indisposition of Mr. Frederick W. Seward, Clarence A. Seward, of New York, has been appointed by the President, Acting Assistant Secretary of State.

Paymaster General and Sharpers.

THE GETTYSBURG MONUMENT. More Colorade Appointments Made. Move Contracte Appointments matter.

New York, June 12.—The Times Washington special says: Gen. Grant is expected to return to that city on Thursday of this week. His trip is short, but it is just as he expected to make it.

The Paymaster-General, in order to head off sharpers who have been swinding the officers and soldiers, has issued an order to head off sharpers who have been swinding the officers and soldiers, has issued an order that an Assistant Paymaster shall not recognize third parties in the payment of soldier's claims; but in all cases where money is due for services, the party to whem it is to be paid, shall make application in porses.

The preparations far laying the corner-stone of the monument at Gettysburg are almost complete. Major General Howard will deliver the address. Colonel D. G. Halpine (Miles O'Reilly,) will read an original poem. Major General Geary will act as Chief Marshal.

Several new appointments are bein genede in confices for Colorado Territory. Chas. W. Holly and Gale, of New York, have just been appointed Associate Justices of the Seprema Court.

PREPARATIONS FOR JEFF, DAVIS' TRIAL THE REBEL GOVERNORS. Indictment Against John Mitchell, NEW YORK, June 13.—The World's Washing-

ton special says: The June term of the Circuit. Court of this district commences one week from to-day. It is now quite certain that it will not end without the trial of Jeff. Davis, on the inend without the trial of Jeff. Davis, on the in-dictment already found. At all syenis, prepa-rations for his trial are going forward, whether with the approval of the government or not, is unknown. It is known to have been defiately determined not to try him by Military Commisdetermined not to try him by Military Commission.

Since the release of Gov. Brown of Georgia no
prominent official has been imprisoned. Gov.
Watts of Alabama has been released, and Ex-Gov.
Smith of Virginia, who has delivered himself up
is also allowed to go on parole. Letcher and
Vance are still in the Old Capitol, but it is rumored they will soon be out on parole.

The Republican of this ovening announces
that John Mitchell, late of Richmond Kraminer,
is about to be indicted for treason in Judge Underwood's Court.

advices from savannah Revival of Business in Charleston.

THE BURNT DISTRICT TO BE REBUILT. New York, June 13.—The steamer Fulton ings Savannah dates of the 9th, and Charleson and Port Royal of the 10th. Among her on and fore Royal of the form. Among ner passengers are Major General Grover and staff. The Savannah Herall has the following: The 26th Massachusetts battalion of Volunteers, and the 37th Pennsylvania Volunteers arrived here on

the 6th.

The Charleston Courier gives a gratifying account of the revival of business there. Every day at least half a dozen new stores are opened. J. says the burned district will be rebuilt.

A correspondent of the Fort Royal New South claims that the deep water of its harbor, its readiness of access, the salubrious climate and fartility of soil, render it the place of all others indicated by nature for a great commercial city. All that it needs is a short space of railroad to connect it with the main line.

GENS, CROOK AND MOWER. Bids for Furnishing Flour, GEN. TERRY HALLECK'S SUCCESSOR.

NEW York, June IS.—The Tribune's Washington special says, Maj. Gen. Crook has returned from a twenty days' absence and reflered Gen. Lavies, commanding the cavalry corps.

Maj. Gen. Mower, late commander of the 20th corps, has received thirty days leave of absence, at the expiration of which he will report to Gen. Sheridan for duty in his department. Maj. De Grasee and Capis. O'Reilly and Christensen, of his personal staff, accompany him.

Bids for furnishing the Subsistance Department with eight thousand barrels of flour were opened on Saturday. Those ranging from \$8.40 to 88.20. those ranging from \$8,40 to \$8.75 Maj. Gen. Alfred H. Terry has left for Richmond to succeed Gen. Halleck.

Treaty between the United States and Treaty between the United States and Honduras.

Washington, June 13.—The treaty between the United States and the republic of Horduras is efficiently proclaimed. It provides for the perpetual amity and a reciprocal freedom of commerce, and navigation. The Honduras government is to open negotiation with the various governments with which it may have relations, for the separate recognition of the perpetual neutrality, and for the protection of the contemplated Horduras Inter Gecamic Railroad, from the Atlantic to the Pacific oceans. Horduras sgrees that the right of way or transit over such route shall be at all times open and free to the government and citizens of the United States for all lawful purposes whatever; and under consideration of these concessions the United States engages in conjunction with Honduras to protect the same from interruption, educate, or injust confiscation, from whatever quarter the attempt may proceed, so long as the spirit and intention of this article on the subject shall be preserved.

New York Stock and Money Matters. New York Stock and Money Matters.

Naw York, June 13.—The bouyant feeling of the stock market of yesterday is well sustained to-day, though there was less activity at the Stock Exchange. This morning prices were steady, and after the board broke up there was an increased demand. In the afternoon there was a firm feeding, with fast transactions. The number of outside speculators is increasing. Governmen a srequiethnut show an improvement over yesterday's quotations; State bonds quiet and firm; Coal and miscellaneous stocks steady and generally higher; Railroad boads were in demand and generally firm; Bank stocks rather better. The gold market was quite animated and prices (cli to 140%, on the rumor that the Government restrictions on cotton, were about to be removed. The market railled to 142%, when the Scotia's advices were made public, announcing a fall in 5 20's on the other side.

Fire in Louisville-Murderers Hanged-Sherman's Army.

Louisville, June 13.—Ridshight—A Serious fire is progressing on the premises of R. A. Robinson & Co., involving one of the largest stocks of wholesaie drugs west of the Alighenies. Probably the total loss is from one to two hundred thousand dollars.

Marshal Stewart, a guerrilla, and Lowis Colored, the murderer of McGrath, at Shelbyville, were executed here at the mulitary prison today. herman's Army. lay.

The rumors that the Pederal soldiers have The rumors that the rederal souters have been committing improprieties at the water works are officially denied. Perfect order appears to be kept among the vast number of Sherman's troops, which are in the vicinity of our city. Preparations are making to give them a barbecue on the 4th proximo.

From North Carolina. From North Carolina.

New Your, June 13.—The Tribune's correspondent at Raleigh, June 5th, says: The President's amnesty proclamation had been published and was well received. The Progress editorially itels much rejoiced at the proclamation, as it removes aristocracy from power.

The colored people are disappointed at not receiving the right of suffrage.

Governor Heiden is giving daily receptions to leval people, and consulting on the best means of reconstruction.

Collision-Soldiers Killed. Collision—Soldiers Killed.
Washinston, June 12.—As the 3:30 train from Baltimore was approaching Washington this afternoon at a point two miles distant from this city, it came into collision with the train leaving with soldiers, en route for home. The result was the death of two of them and the injury of twenty-cight, a number of them probably faisily. The sufferers were at once removed to Hongia's Hospital. Missouri-Adoption of the New Consti-NEW YORK, June 13.—A special to the Tribuse, dated St. Louis, June 12, ears the new Censtitution is adopted. Official and semi-official returns from seventy-four counties, with the soldiers wole from Little Rock, give 843 majority in favor of railfication. The vote to come in is favorable.

Major General Terry to Succeed Hallec NEW YORK, June 13:—The Tribune's Wash-ngton special says: Gen. Alfred H. Terry has cone to Richmond to take Halleck's position. The Seven Thirty Lean. Puriametriia, June 13.—The subscriptions to-day to the 7-50 loan, amounted to \$2,056,500.

Washington—Retel Officials Escaped.

Maw York, June 13.—The Post's Washington special has information of great suffering among the people of North Carolina for want of food and clothing.

The Commercial Advertiser's Washington special says: A delegation, headed by John Minor Botts, from Virginia, arrived here to day to consult with the President on the condition of that State.

The Question of Reconstruction New York, June 13.—A special from Wash-ington on the 18th, says: The Cabinet is in session today, having, it is supposed, the quos-tion of reconstruction before it.

Freedmen's Saving Bank in Richmond. New YORK, June 13.—The Tribuna's Richmond letter says: A Branch Freedmen's Savings and Trust Company has been established in that The Suez Canal.

French capital and enterprise are carrying out the project of the Suez canal. In 1854 M. De Lesseps, the originator and conductor of the undertaking, obtained a firman from Mahammed Sald, then Viceror of Egypt, which autherized him to form a company under the title of "The Universal Suez Maratime Canal Company," for the purpose of monature that the content of the purpose of monature that the content of the purpose of monature that the content of the purpose of monature that the purpose of The Sucz Canal.

Universal Sizes Maratime Canal Company," for the purpose of reopening that ancient canal; or, should it be deemed more advisable, of cutting an entirely new canal directly through the 1sth-mus. The latter was the scheme determined on,

the purpose of reopening the lancient canal; or, should it be deemed more advisable, of cutting an entirely new canal directly through the lishman. The latter was the scheme determined on, and for ten years the indefatigable Frenchman has persevered in his work, despite the opposition and intrigues of England, until now the canal is so far complete that vessels of thirty tons burden can navigate it from sea to sea.

To whines the partial success of his enterprise, and to convince the world of its feasibility, M, de Lesseps invited the nations and commercial associations of Europe and the United Biastes to send representatives to Egypti. The invitation was generally accepted, and on the 5th of April eight gentlemen assembled at Alexandria, and proceeded to inspect the stupendons undertaking. From Alexandria the company journeyed to Port Said, the inlet of the waters of the Mediterranean, whence they sailed up the canal to Sucz.

The canal is about one hundred English miles in length, and when finished will have a width at the water-line of three hundred and thirty feet, with a depth which will enable the largest vessels to pass through it. As each terminus there will be a light house, a basin several hundred metres square, and jettices projecting into these. The northern light-house, basin and jettics are already almost completed. A vast number of native laborers are constantly employed in the work of excavation and embanking, aided by dredges and other machines commonly used by modern engineers in hydralic operations. M. De Lesseps is confident that the canal will be finished by the list of July, 1869, and the delegates are unanimonaly of the opinion that its completion is a mere question of time and morey. Hence, we may coacided that the practicability of the enterprise is no longer doubtful, and that within a very few years this new commercial highway will be thrown open to the traders of the world. The benefits of this great undertaking cannot be over-estimated. The canal will shorten by nearly one-half the

The Bermude At an early period of the late war, when we set store upon the sympathy and moral support of all friendly people, and especially of our Eng-lash cousins, the press held up in its proper light he base conduct of the inhabitants of Bermuda, who were then doing their feeble uttermost to injure us, and in a hundred ways to aid the ene-The course of the inhabitants of that island was the more remarkable as their material interets had been for years connected with the North-

my. The course of the inhabitants of that island was the more remarkable as their material interests had been for years connected with the Northern States, while with the Southern they had had comparatively little intercorrso. The city of New York had furnished a field for the employment of their honest young men. Here was found a market for all their agricultural products, and from here they received, in exchange, their supplies of cattle, of breadstuffs and such other merchandies as they have never been able to produce for themselves.

As the war went on it was easy to preceive that these islanders had sundered the inselves entirely from the North and sold thems ives chapply to the rebels. They opened their harbors to the business of blockade-running, and the towns of St. George's and Hamilton became in reality, Confederate ports—vast entrepots of rebel supplies, not only munitions of war, but of clothing and provisions, of which, at first, an enormous quantity was drawn from rebel agents and sympathizers in this city. First vessels in the service of the rebels were welcome to their shores, and pirate officers, like Mafit, of the Forits, and Braine, of Cheespeakefand Roanake notoriety, were the lions of the relect society of the place. Time has brought about its revenges, and the Bormuda people are paying the penalty of their avaricious perversity and maliguity, in a manner, from the frightful effects of which they will not seen recover. Last year positiential disease chalked out of their blockade-runners, and swept scores of the inhabitants to destruction. The majority of the merchants who engaged in the business of supplying the rebels, inding the trade marvellously profitable, invested not only their gains, but, under the spir of avarice, their brivate means in copartnership with the notorious Liverpool houses engaged in the sense and dissipation. Numbers of the roung men of the place have degenerated into confirmed soits and drain profitable in the collapse of the robulion.

The St. Louis Democrat of Wedn

Vote in Missouri on the New Constitution

Vote in hissouri on the New Constitution.

The St. Louis Democrat of Wednesday has the following return of the vote in St. Louis on the new constitution: In favor, 4,256, opposed, 9,550. Charles P. Johnston, Radical, is elected to the Legislature, receiving 9,032 votes.

The Democrat insists that disloyal men and robels perjured themselves by thousands, to be embled to cast a vote against the constitution; and also charges that the Federal office holders gave their influence against it. The papers does not give the result, but declares as follows out give the result, but declares as follows to give the result, but declares as follows, and has so declared by ratifying the new constitution.

"Returns from the interior are yet meagro, but unless all our information is grossly unreliable, the majority in this city and county will be castly overcome. The soldiers seemed to sever come, almost to a wee, in favor of the new constitution, and their vote will be large, and when returned will be counted and not rejected, as was the case when the Conservatives and Copperheads were in power at Jefferson City."

perheads were in power at Jefferson City."

A RECENT decision of the Supreme Court of California, on the constitutionality of the legal tender act of Congress, settles a question which has been vehemently disputed in that State. The Court neld in the test-case of Lick against Faulkner, that the act was an exercise of sovereign authority within the scope of the powers granted by the Constitution; and that, if Congress has the power to make coined gold and allyer alegal tender in the payment of debts, it has an equal right to declare that Treasury notes, tsaued on the credit of the United States, shall also be received as a legal tender. ted States, shall also be received as a legal ten-der.

Durane our war for independance, Holland showed us airong sympathy and lent us maierial sid. She has now displayed again the same good feeling, by being the first of, European powers to rescuid the recognition or regel builtgerent rights a recognition which the precedent of England and France led, and virtually compelled her and the minor European powers to make.

CITY AND SUBURBAN, Meeting of Allegheny Councils.

ing Pine alley, by trestle work, as they are about to erect a coal yard in the Second ward, near the railroad depot, and find it necessary to cross said alley is order to connect their yard with the railroad. Referred to Street Committee, with Power to act.

Mr. Hopkins presented a petition for the open ing of — street, which was referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. B. Elddis presented a petition from the Western Union Telegraph Company, asking privilege to crect new poles along South Common. The prayer of the petitioners was granted, Mr. McBrier presented a report of the Water Committee, setting forth that, the salary of the Engineer of the Water Works had been letting the blank at the beginning of the year, and onlering a resolution to fill the blank by inserting \$1,650. Report accepted and resolution adopted.

The minority report of the Water Committee (laid over at the last meeting) was then taken up, and the resolutions, as adopted by Common Council were concurred in, with the exception of the one fixing the salary of the Engerintendents at \$3,000 per annum, which was amended by fixing the salary of the Engerintendents at \$3,000 per annum.

In Common Council—Procent Measur. Benney, Beillein, English, Falhanber, Hanna, Patterson, McDonald, McNeill, Miller, Robb, W. Smith, J. B. Smith and President Drum.

The business of the previous meeting of the Select Councils which had not been reached, was taken up and concurred in.

Mr. Patterson presented a petition for the grading and paving of Avry street, with an ordinance authorizing the same, which was adopted.

Mr. Hanna offered a resolution instructing the Market Committee to introduce gas and water into the Diamond Weigh-house. Adopted.

Mr. Wh. Smith offered a resolution providing for the employment of two disabled soldiers as watchmen at the reservoir on Troy hill—one during the day and the others a light. Referred to the Water Committee.

Mr. Patterson nubmitted is report of the Warf. Neugher & Co. for the iremoval of the surplus sit on the Rait Common t

Central Board of Education.

dent.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The monthly reports of the Principals of the High and Colored Schools, and of the Secretary, were read and ordered to be received and illed. The following named gentlemen were nominsted and elected Colectors for their respective wards, for the ensuing school year, Andrew P. Thompson, Fourth ward, Thomas Neoly, Eighth ward; John S. Normine, Ninth ward.

On motion of Mr. Biush, a vacation of the City Schools was authorized, from Friday evening, June 20th, until Monday, September 4th.

On motion, adjourned.

Three Colored Boys Drowned. One white boy named Wheeler, and three colored inds. were out in a boat on the Kanawha on Thursday last, when by some means the boat Wheeler, being a good swimmer was upebt. Wheeler, being a good swimmer, struck off for shore, but remembering that the others could not swim, he went back to the boat and got twomther the boys to it, putting one across it and the other holding on to one end; he then attempted to low the boat ashore. The boys being considerably strangled and alarmed, gooloose from the boat and around young Wheeler's neck, taking him to the bottom several times, lie dinally succeeded, however, in breaking loose from them, and started again for the shore, but was so much exhausted, it is very doubtful if he could have reached it but for the timely assistance of a soldier, who plunged is and saved his life. The colored boys were drowned.

The Late Accident on the Railroad. Alderman Donaldson held an inquest yesterday morning on the body of the unknown man who was killed at Courtney's station on Sunday who was killed at Courney's station on bunday night by being run over by a train while walking on the track. The investigation failed to elleit any knowledge of the name or residence of the deceased. Dr. Campbell, from Dixmont Hospi-tal, testified that he had seen deceased wander-ing about in the neighborhood of Dixmont, and tal, testified that he had seen deceased wandering about in the neighborhood of Dixmont, and supposed at the time that he had come from the City Farm, from his appearance and dress. The Jury rendered a vertiet of accidental death, exculpating the railroad company and its employees from any biame in the matter. The body was buried yesterday afternoon in Hilldale Comstery.

Concert Hall.

A Lad Drowned in the Allegheny.

Suicide. Suichte.

A Mr. McCacheny, a tailor, residing in Plainfield, West Pennsboro' township, Cumberland country committed suicide on Monday, the 5th inst. The suicide accomplished his tragic aby attaching his silk utckerchief to the beam of a heavy seewing machine, which was standing

An adjourned meeting of the Councils was held on Tuesday evening. In Selecti Present, Messrs, Atwell, Hopkins, Irwin, Miller, McBrier, S. Riddle, George R. Riddle, Thomas, and President Marshall. Middle, Thomas, and President Marshall.

Mr. McBrier presented a petition from Mesers.

Armstrong & Co., asking the privilege of crossing Pine alley, by trestle work, as they are about to erect a coal yard in the Second ward, near the railroad depot, and find it necessary to crossadd alley in order to connect shall ward with the

The Canal Nuisance.

The Grand Jury yesterday made a special presentment to the Court of Quarter Sessions, de-claring the canal bed in Allegheny a public nnisance, and asking the Court to make such order as would enable them to prepare an indictment against the parties having control of the canal. While this action was being taken, Mr. Hobson, the Street Commissioner of Alle-Mr. Hobson, the Street Commissioner of Allogheny, had a force of men employed in drawing the stagmant water from the canal bed, under direction of the Pennsylvania Raliroad Company, whe have control of the canal, and who will drifty all the expenses. The work will be continued until the nuisance is entirely abated, and the citizens will, in a short time, have no ground of complaint. The evil is one which required an immediate remedy, and the prompt section of the rallmad company will be warmly approved by the people residing along the canal bed, and will, at the same time, obviate the necessity of legal proceedings.

The Central Board of Education met on Tuesday evening, June 13th, 1863. Present—Mesers.
Brush, Duncan, Lowe, Marshall, McAnley, Nobbs, Sergeant, Singerly, and Negley, Presi

to-morrow evening. This afternoon the Sup-intendents will pay a visit to the Insane Hospi at Dixmont. Trains will leave at 2 and 6 o'clo at Dixmont. Trains will leave at 3 and 6 o'clock

Preparing for the Fourth.—At the meeting of citizeas last evening ai Wilkins' Hall, his
Honer, Mayor Lowry suggested, that as a genral movement had been insugurated in many
of the cities, towns and willages, for the purpose
of devising measures to bring about a general
celebration of the coming Fourth of July, it
would be proper that our citizens should make
some move in that direction. He merely whate
to bring it up at the meeting that something
might be done. A motion was made by a gentlemna present, which was carried, proposing
that the Mayor call a public meeting to make
arrangements for a public celebration of the National Holiday.

Pittsburgh Theatre. The Martinnetti Fam-Prittsburgh Theatre.—The Martinnetti Famiry continue to attract large audlences at the Theatre. To-light will be produced "The Maids of Erin," by the theatre company, after which a series of principal groupings by the Martinetti troupe. The performance will conclude by the comic pantomine entited "Vol an Vent; or, a Night of Adventure." During the piece Phillip Martinnetti will introduce his celebrated scenade, playing different instruments at the same time. Harness and Iron Safe,—will be sold this morning in connection with the Furniture &c., at McClelland's Auction, 55 Fifth street, several setts of New Harness, and Iron Safe, Deskis, &c. Always on Hand.—Fresh Dates, Figs, Frunes, Raisins, Currants, Canned Fruits, Pure Pine Ap-ple Candy and Tailles of various kinds at 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. GEO. BEAVIN, Furniture, Carpets &c. at Auction.—Will be sold this (Wednesday) morning at 10 e'clock at McClelland's 55 Fifth street, Furniture, Car pets, Silver Ware, Cutlery &c.

The London Quarterly, for April, has been ceelved and is for sale by W. A. Gilidan form 5. Fifth Street. This is quite an interesting number.

Horses, Wagons, &c.—See advertisement sale next Friday at Red Lion Hotel Yard.
T. A. Moclelland, Auct'r.

The Memory of the Maid of Orleans,

Another immense crowd greeted the elegant series of pictures representing the last hours of our beloved Chief Magistrate, Abraham Linour beloved Chief Magistrate, Abraham Lincoln. The public with one accord pronounce
this to be the most genuine specimen of artistle
skill ever presented in Pittsburgh. The glowing
cloquence of Mr. Rufus Somerby thrills tho
ardience as they listen to his masterly delineations of this richly colored painting. Every
scene is replete with interest, and from the rising of the curtian to the closing scone, the vast
andience listens with breathless interest. This
attensom at three o'clock a rand matine will
be given, on which occasion chillian will be adbe given, on which occasion children will be ad-mitted for fifteen cents each. Those who wish to avoid the rush in the evening should visit matinee this afternoon.

The city of Orleans, France, has just celebrated the four hundred and thirty-fith antiversary of its deliverance by Joan of Arc. The time-honored selemnity, says a correspondent, is one of the great festivities of the Orleanians, as the marvellous story itself is one of the most interceing pages of its history, and on this occasion only all distinctions of class or party are laid of the great feativities of the Orleavians, as the marveilous story itself is one of the most intercating pages of its history, and on this occasion only all distinctions of class or party are laid aside. On the eve of the festival the municipal body of Orleans (whose predecessors, in 1429, had done good service that Sunday morning whon Suffolk, disconcerted by repeated losses, resolved to raise the siege) marched to the stately cathedral to deposit the banner of the Maid, which is preserved in the Town-house. The whole body of the c'ergy attended the ceramony, while ly mus were chanted by hundreds of voles. The banner was blessed and received by the Oshop, and the church, covered with lags and displaying the arms of the towns which assisted Orleans during its struggle against the English and the Dryundlans, was magnificatly illuminated.

On the following day the Prefect of the department, the maglistracy, the clerky of the city and of the adjoining towns and villages, the troops of the garrison, the municipal councils of the neighboring communes, the medallists of St. Helena, the corporations of the working classes, assembled in the cathedral to hear the panegyric on Joan of Are delivered by the Abbe Bougaud. The procession, in going to and roturning from the church, traversed the streets of the city, which tradition sany Joan rode through in full armor, bearing the reared towner, the day the conveyed a supply of provisions from Blols to the famished defenders of Orleans, and visited the ruins of the for of the Tourelles, where she was wounded by an English arrow. Yesterday morning, about eight or nine o'clock, a boy named Joseph Franc, about ten years of age, was drowned in the Allegheny river, at the foot of Darragh street, Allegheny, below the Saspension Bridge. It appears that he had observed a boy fishing from a barge and stepped up behind him and leaving over the barge, began paddling in the water with a couple of pieces of bards, when he accidentally fell overboard. The body was recovered about one o'clock, and taken to the house of a cousin of the ideceased, on Darragh street, where he had been boarding. The mother of the deceased is dead, and the father in Philadel phia. A dispatch has been forwarded to the letter, informing him of the deatt of his son. Alderman Donladson called a jury, and a veidlet was rendered in accordance with the facts. f Darragh street, Allegheny, below the Suspen-

of a heavy sewing machine, which was standing upon a table in his shop, the end of the nocker-chief reaching to within a faw inches of the floor. Spreading a buffalo robe on the floor beath the noose, he slipped the latter over his head, and laid himself caimly down to his last sleep. Despondency at the abscence of a san in the flots regiment, in connection with intemperate habits, was the cause of this gloomy misanthrophe, this ending his life. Tourelles, where she was wounded by an English arrow.

JRFF, DAVIS OF OLD.—An American missionary in Southern India writes to the New York Independent:

"To evjoy his present dilemma you should have heard him talk some twenty years ago—as I used to in Mississpin—of the "divine institution," and she certainty that all the Middle and Western States would join the South and revive the "institution," themselves, if Southern statesmen would only ascert their rights at the peril of disunion. Jeff, is the Cataline of the whole conspiracy."

The yearly meeting of the Hicksite Priends, lately in seasion in New York, have sent a deputation to Washington, for a personal Interview with the President; and submit to him a minute of the meeting requesting the President and heads of departments to use all diligence and delify to so ordering affairs at the South that an equal and impartial right of frauchies shall be secured to all the loyal inhabitants of the several States. Fourth of July in Heaver.—The citizens of Beaver and vicinity propose giving all the returned soldiers of Beaver county a dinner on the Fourth of July. The management of the affair is in good ands and will no donbt prove piace in the Fair Ground, adjoining its borough, where ample preparation will be made for all who choose to come.

A Destrable Engagement

A Desirable Emprovement.—The Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chlesge Railway. Company, in response to a suggestion from the Chry Councils of Allecheny, have commenced the construction of a tunnel under their roadway at the head of lichocca street. This is a very desirable improvement, and will be mutually beneatiat to the citizens and the company.

Arrival of Gen. Grant—Meeting at the City

Hall—The Reception at the Depot.

It having been announced that Gen. Grant
would arrive in the city at two o'clock last
night, from Cierciand, to proceed East without

Litting aleft the standard of stars

They bore through the battle storm. stopping, a meeting was called at the request of his Honor Mayor Lowry, at Wilkins Hall, at 71% o'clock last evening to take action to accord the General a fitting reception. The meeting was organised by calling Hos. James L. Graham to the chair, and the appointment of the repor-

was organized by calling Hoa, James L. Graham to the chair, and the appointment of the reportors present as Secretaries.

A Committee of Reception was appointed, with instructions to tender to General Grant the hospitalities of the city, and also, if possible, to induce him to remain loyer in the city one day. The Committee were also authorized to procure a brass band to be in waiting at the dayor. The following genitenen compose the Committee: Hon. James Lowry, Ron. John Morrison, Hon. Themas Williams, Hoh. J. K. Moorehead, Hon. J. I. Graham, S. F. Yon Bonnhorst, William Philips, Jacob H. Walter, John M. Killen, Wm. Hersh, J. M. D. Crossan, F. L. Follansbee, Richard Ferry, Samuel Riddle, Jas Blackmore, C. D. Brigham, Capitain Tomiliason, and James Young.

The train conveying General Grant was delayed on the road, and did not arrive until halfpast three o'clock. A band of music greeted its srivial. The General stopped off the Western train, and immediately took paesage on the Eastern train which was jying in readineas for him at the depot. A large number of chizens, who had been awaiting the arrival of the distinguished visitor, crowded sround-to get a view of him, and the Reception Committee waited on him in the car. The train left in about ten minutes, and all communication with the General was abrupity terminated.

Boy Drowned in the Monongahela. About half-past one o'clock yesterday, a lad named Frank Gillilau, about fifteen years of names fram? Gillian, about fifteen years of age, was drowned in the Monongahels river, at the foot of Market street. He was employed at McMillan's Job Printing Office, and had been at McMillan's Job Printing Office, and had been at work in the forenco. After dinner; he and a son of Mr. McMillan, named Robert, of about the same age, started to the river to take a swim. They got on the steamer Abloon, and young McMillan, who was an expert swimmer, dived from the steamboat, while the deceased got on the wheel and let himself down in the water. Another lad swam around the wheel, and the deceased attempted to do the same, but being no swimmer, at once lost control of himself and began struggling for his life. Young McMillan scized him and bore had a put the deceased clung to him so tenaciously that he began to sink, but finally extricated himself, and quit his hold of the drowning boy. The latter again rose further down the stream, but the lad McMillan was afraid to make another effort to save him, fearing he would be drowned himself. An alarm was given on abore, and a board procured, but before it could be beginned to his aid, the boy Gillian sank for the last time. The body was recovered about three o'clock, and taken to the reflecace of the parents in the Ninth ward. The family are from Carliele, having moved: to this city last April. Alderman Donaldson-empanelied a jury and a verdict of accidental death was rendered. age, was drowned in the Monangabela wim

ingoments have been made so that you can got good, servicerble, neat and stylish Boot or Sho AT NEARLY HALF PRICE. Laying of the Corner Stone of the National An informal meeting of the members of Coancils was held last night for the purpose of con-AZ THAT sidering upon an invitation extended by the com sidering upon an invitation extended by the committee of arrangements on the laying of the corner stone of the Soldiers' National Gemetry at Gettyaburg, to be present at the ceremony. James M'Anley, Esq., President of the Select Council, was, on motion, called to the chair, and Mr. Samuel Morrow sppointed Secretary, Mr. Morrow moved that the invitation by accepted, and that the Councilis attend the ceremony in a body. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Phillips, it was resolved that all members of Councils who can attend the dedication, be requested to register their names at the Mayor's Office on or before next Tuesday evening. Great Boot and Shoe House,

CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE West Side of Fifth Street.

ening. No other business being brought up, the meet ABOVE WOOD STREWS. Meeting of Surperintendents. F SHOW YOUR DISCHARGE The convention of Superintendents of the vari-us Lunatic Asylums in the United States and the anadas, met at the Monongahela House yeste o insure the proper reduction. It is an acknowl edged fact that we sell better goods for less money

than is asked for Rubbish by down-town skos calers, and will give you a sure guarantee tha you will not be taken in or charged exorbitant prices for anything in the Boot and Sace line if you will call at No. 60 FIFTH STREET

> HOIOE GREENHOUSE AND BEDDING PLANTS IN GREAT VARIETY

> > At the Oakland Greenhouses JNO. R. & A. MURDOCH. (Successors to John Murdoch, Er.)

Cakland and East Liberty Street the Greenhouses fifteen minutes.

my4:5wdawFmaz O CONTRACTORS. The President and Directors of the Cherry Rua and Pit Hole Branch Railroad of the iC. L. and L. Company will receive, until June 20th.

SEALED PROPOSALS For building a railroad from Rouseville to Oil Creek, through the town of Plummer, to the Me-Aboy Oherry Run Lands; distance from fore whole work complete, the Company to furnish the iron. Special complete, the Company to furnish the iron. Special complete, the Company to furnish the iron. Special conflict of Hamilton E. Towie, Engineer, Oil City, Pripozals to be directed to the undersigned, at Pittsburgh, Pa., care of Lioye & Black.

J. R. MOABOY, GEORGE BLACK!

Jot Steed&start JAS. I. BENNETT. FISH OF ALL KINDS.-1865.

SH OF ALL KINDB.—1805,

25 bbls Potomac Herring;

10 balves Lake do;

26 do White Fish;

10 barrels No. I hackverl;

11 barrels No. I hackverl;

12 barrels No. I hackverl;

13 barrels No. I hackverl;

14 balves do.

15 bits of do.

16 bits of do.

17 boursels No. 3 Hackverl;

26 balves (do. do.;

26 balves (do. do.;

27 barrels No. 3 Hackverl;

28 barrels No. 3 Hackverl;

29 barrels No. 3 Hackverl;

20 balves (do. do.;

21 barrels No. do.;

22 kits do. do.;

23 kits do. do.;

24 balves do.

25 kits do.

26 barrels Now Alevivo;

26 balves do.

27 barrels Now Alevivo;

28 barrels Now Alevivo;

29 barrels Now Alevivo;

21 barrels Now Alevivo;

22 barrels Now Alevivo;

23 barrels Now Alevivo;

24 balves do.

25 barrels Now Alevivo;

26 barrels Now Alevivo;

27 barrels Now Alevivo;

28 barrels Now Alevivo;

29 barrels Now Alevivo;

20 barrels Now Alevivo;

20 barrels Now Alevivo;

20 barrels Now Alevivo;

22 barrels Now Alevivo;

24 barrels Now Alevivo;

25 barrels Now Alevivo;

26 barrels Now Alevivo;

27 barrels Now Alevivo;

28 barrels Now Alevivo;

29 barrels Now Alevivo;

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20 barrels Now Alevivo;

21 barrels Now Alevivo;

22 barrels Now Alevivo;

23 barrels Now Alevivo;

24 barrels Now Alevivo;

25 barrels Now Alevivo;

26 barrels Now Alevivo;

27 barrels Now Alevivo;

28 barrels Now Alevivo;

29 barrels Now Alevivo;

20 barrels Now Alevivo;

21 barr SAAC CRAIG'S

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One TAYLOR DOUBLE CYLINDER—bed 72:
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156 min 12 do;
150 min 2 In store and to JAMES

69 and 70

CHERSE! OHERSE!

100 boxes New W.E. Chhoes;

50 do New Hamburg Obsess;

50 do New Hamburg Obsess;

50 do Ratory do.

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Robendalecement—200 pps trest
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