The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1865.

TENNESSEE.

The Washington *Chronicle*, referring to the bill before the Tennessee Legislature to establish an infamous Black Code in that State, nearly as severe upon the freed blacks as the slave laws were upon the slaves, says:

"We have strongly advocated the cause of the reorganized States, and plead for their right to recognition, and, as their well-wishers, we must plainly say to the Legislature and people of Tennessee that, if they engraft this black code upon their statute law they will infallibly be disappointed in the expectation of resuming the independent functions of a State of the Union during the next two years. The Congress-elect will be more exacting than its predecessor on this question, and will be more nearly a unit in sentiment."

The men who call themselves "loyal" in the lately seceded States, and claim our sympathy as "Union" men, will do well to heed this warning. Their States are not yet in the Union, or at least they are not yet entitled to the privileges of States, and Congress will refuse to admit them to those privileges as long as they refuse or neglect to do full justice to the black man. The loyal States—the States that have *always* been loyal—have this power in their hands and will keep it. Congress is bound to "guarantee" to each State a republican form of government; and that State is not republican, either in form or substance, which denies to one half of its citizens the rights which belong to them as men.

The disposition manifested by such "Union" men as Mr. HOLDEN, of North Carolina, so well commented upon by our correspondent yesterday, is the prevailing one throughout the South. It is to keep power in the hands of the hitherto dominant and lately rebellious race, and to deny all political rights to those who have been the only truly loyal men in the dark hours of the country's struggle. They recognise the abolition of Slavery as an accomplished fact, and submit to it; but they are determined to throw all possible objects in the way of the emancipated blacks. They cannot keep them slaves, but they can at least make them serfs. And all this is to be done under the cloak of intense devotion to the "Union."

Mr. HOLDEN is willing to take hold of the blacks and elevate them from a state of "barbarism" to a state of "civilization." With all the "civilization" of the masters, they became rebels and worse than barbarians in their cruelty; and with all the "barbarism" of the blacks they remained loyal and humane in the midst of wide spread treason. Judging from results, one might very reasonably be led to esteem the "barbarism" as better than the "civilization" of the South.

We tell Mr. HOLDEN and his pro-slavery colleagues that the blacks are not one whit more barbarous than their late masters. "Like master like man." Both classes need a great deal of elevation, but the whites need it as much as the blacks, and Mr. HOLDEN as much as any. The blacks are just what the white men made them, as to civilization; in loyalty and humanity they have shown themselves better than their teachers. In no respect could they well be worse.

The first step towards elevating the black man of the South is to him justice. Give him his rights. Treat him as a man, and confer on him the political privileges of a man. He can never be elevated by keeping him down, nor raised up by trampling upon him. To put him in a proscribed class, and make him subject to severe special laws will never improve his condition. He is a man, and when he is treated *as* a man his elevation will follow as a matter of course. It may be slow, but it will be sure.

It is time that the people of the North should impress it upon their representatives to take a firm stand upon this question. Let the members of the next Congress go to Washington with the determination that no one of the revolted States shall be readmitted to the privileges of Congress until it has wiped out all Slave-Codes and Black Laws, and conferred full citizenship alone upon the men who alone stood by the Union, as a class, during the late war. When this stand is taken, we shall soon find Tennessee taking the back track and refusing to follow the lead of men, who, under the specious guise of "Unionists," conceal the bitter venom of secessionists.

THE CESSION OF SONORA.

Although the agent of MAXIMILIAN in New York denies that the Mexican State of Sonora has been ceded to France; yet it is still positively affirmed in other quarters entitled to credence that it is so—that is to say, that MAXIMILIAN has conveyed to NAPOLEON "all his right, title, interest and claim," as the lawyers say, in and to that fine piece of territory. The adverse claim of the Republic of Mexico to the same territory is another matter, and must be settled in another court.

Sonora is a compact district, lying on the eastern shore of the Gulf of California, and is bounded on the North by the territory of the United States, part of which is also the Southern line of the State of California. It is a mountainous region with many fine valleys, and is reported to be very rich in mines of precious metals. Fierce tribes of hostile Indians have pretty successfully disputed its possession with the sluggish and non-enterprising people of Mexico, so that it is still has been but little cultivated, neither have its mineral treasures have been developed. The time for both, however, has arrived; for those Indians, who have so far played the part of dog in the manger, will very soon witness an irruption of French soldiers or Yankee *immigrants*, or both, and be compelled to give place.

It is a curious fact that while Anglo-Saxon colonies are existing and flourishing in every part of the globe, stretching from the Arctic to the Antarctic circle, and that there has hardly been a single failure the French have never succeeded in planting a single colony which could be called a success—not one. They had colonies in Canada, in every part of the valley of Mississippi and of the Ohio, reaching from the head of the Allegheny river to the delta of the Mississippi; but they have all died out. Hardly a trace even of the language remains. Algeria, LOUIS PHILIPPE's pet enterprise, which cost a vast amount of blood and treasure, is a failure. Nothing but national pride keeps it as an appendage of the empire, and even that seems likely to give way. At this moment NAPOLEON is there to see what can be done, with and about it. It is an elephant on his hands which he can neither keep nor give away.

This being the law of events—but why is it so no man can tell—we may keep perfectly cool about NAPOLEON's success in Sonora, even if he has bought it or stole it. He and his people can do nothing with it. If they have it, judging from their measure of success elsewhere for more than a century past. He can for a while—provided there are not too many Yankee immigrants—do as the Indians have done, play the part of the dog in the manger. But if it is as rich as people say it is, he will not be suffered to do so very long.

THE TRUE GROUND.

General GILMORE, in assuming the proclamations of the Rebel Governors of South Carolina, Florida, and Georgia, takes occasion to say "that the restoration of peace and order cannot be entrusted to rebels and traitors, and that the persons who incited the war and carried it on will not be allowed to assemble at the call of their accomplices to again usurp the authority and franchises of the people."

These are true words, every one of them. As soon as the Rebellion was defunct there was a remarkable alacrity on the part of the discomfited traitors to begin the work of reconstruction and get things started again in their own way. Modesty is not a failing of theirs. They fancy they were born to rule, and a return to the Union is only a change of dynasty to them, involving no change of authority in *their* ballwicks.

It was time to undeceive these gentlemen, and General GILLMORE has done it effectually. There is to be a reconstruction, but *they* are to have no part in it; and we trust that the government will adopt General GILLMORE's language and declare emphatically that "*the restoration of peace and order cannot be entrusted to rebels and traitors.*" That is the first and most essential plank in the platform of re-construction.

Wholesale Exodus from Canada—The Population Fleeing to the United States.

That a wholesale emigration from Canada, says the Montreal *Transcript*, to the neighboring States has set in, is painfully evident from the reports that reach us from all parts of the country. Nearly every exchange that comes to hand tells of the rapid decrease of population in their respective localities, and all sorts of conjectures are indulged in as to the cause of the exodus. The cause is, we think, obvious enough—scarcity of money, and consequent inability to afford employment to the people.

There is a wide field in Canada for productive labor, but the capital is wanting, and a general stagnation is the consequence. There is, of course, capital in the country; but, unfortunately, it is mostly in the hands of men who are destitute of the spirit of enterprise. As we have already said, however, there are good prospects of a favorable change. The country is at present "under a cloud;" but there is good reason to hope that the coming Fall will witness a great change for the better.

The crops, to the failure of which in past years is due in a great measure the general depression, everywhere give promise of an abundant yield; and if the hopes of a bountiful harvest this year are realized, the country will begin to recover its former prosperity, and many of those whom the present "hard times" have driven away will no doubt find it to their advantage to return to the Province. Meanwhile, the fact should be impressed upon our people that, gloomy as things here are at present, emigrants will fall to better their condition by going to the United States, where labor is already super-abundant, and the prospects for the future are by no means encouraging.

The Death of Wilkes Booth.

The London *Daily News* says:

"The wretched miscreant, whose hand has spread mourning over a continent, and turned even hostility into sympathy for his victim, has perished in a manner that is perhaps the fittest penalty of his crime. Other assassins have invested their deeds with a glow of heroism. By setting their own lives frankly against the lives they smote, and daring vengeance in the name of justice. But Wilkes Booth was a cowardly villian, who crept secretly to strike the enemy in the back, and thought to secure his own safety by a prepared flight. So it is best that he should not have the dignity of dying by the hands of justice, but, hunted like vermin to his lair, be put out of life by the pistol of a common soldier. It is best for the world that as speedily as possible it should be enabled to cease thinking of a nature so deformed, which has drawn to itself notoriety by a crime so inhuman."

A DETERMINED BOUNTY-JUMPER ORDERED FOR EXECUTION.—Major General Cadwallader has appointed Friday, the 9th of June, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 2 P. M. for the execution of Edward Rathbone, who was charged with desertion, and was tried and convicted by a military court martial sitting at Harrisburg. Rathbone was drafted on the 12th of August, 1863, in the Fourteenth Congressional District. He reported on the 22d of August, and received a furlough to pay his commutation. He then deserted. He was arrested on the 7th of May 1864, confined in Camp Curtin, and deserted. He was again arrested in October, 1864, and escaped from a constable through a car window. He was arrested again March 2, 1865, and held for service by the board of enrollment. After the trial by court-martial he was sentenced to be shot, and the Commanding General approved the sentence.

DICK TURNER, THE RUNAWAY JAILOR.—The Richmond correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* says: "Dick Turner, whose escape from Libby I noticed several days ago, has not been captured yet. It is generally supposed by persons whose imaginations are fruitful, that Turner has been summarily disposed of by the authorities for his many acts of cruelty to Union prisoners while he was one of the heartless and brutal keepers of Libby. He may yet be captured and dealt with as his crimes merit. There are many officers and soldiers who were confined under him in rebel times, who have experienced his barbarity, who declare they will shoot him at the first sight."

THE FATE OF JERSEY.—A letter says: I had occasion to take a run over the C. & A. R. R. again, and suffered so much from the sand and dust that I made a little calculation, from which I calculated that Jersey, in the course of time will disappear. Thus: Each passenger carries away with him, say one-half pound of dust; three hundred passengers to a train, ten trains both ways, three hundred and sixty-five days to the year, making two thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven tons and a half in ten years. Jersey is doomed. No wonder they charge $3 00 a head tax for passing over their sacred sands—*golden* sands. They daily sell their country.

RESTORED.—The Rev. Dr. Cracraft, who was inhibited from preaching in Grace Church, Galesburg, by Bishop Whitehouse, has been restored to his parish, and recommenced his ministerial labors yesterday. The Doctor had inculcated loyalty to the Government, in a series of lectures to young men. In doing this he had incurred the displeasure of the Bishop, who it will be remembered opened the treason-talking Democratic Convention at Chicago, with prayer. The Democracy and the Confederacy having failed, the Bishop graciously permits the Doctor to officiate in his parish again. Magnanimous, very!—*Peoria Transcript.*

THE heat in Paris is already intense. A correspondent writes thus: "We are now in the third week of our premature summer, and the thermometer ranges as high as 90 and 95 degrees in the shade in the hottest portions of the day. Such a month of April is not on record for more than a century. Croakers predict a return of winter, and even snow and frost in the month of May. Meanwhile the excessive beauty of the weather contributed not a little to render the races of the Bois de Boulogne unusually attractive on Easter Monday and the following Sunday.

REUNION OF THE CHURCHES.—Letters from some of the most influential bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church at the South, convey the intimation that at the next meeting of the general (triennial) Convention in September next, they anticipate no difficulty in the way of a fraternal reunion with their brethren of the northern dioceses. They are but too happy to return to the old order of things.

EMILE DE GIRARDIN declares that the Emperor Napoleon has been convinced that his scheme of the colonization of Algeria is a failure, and that he has gone thither to formally give back the country to the Algerines. Other reports say he makes the journey to try the efficacy of certain hot baths in Algeria.

THE Albany iron works have issued notice that it has become necessary to close the works, until the standard of wages is materially reduced, as the unsettled market and low prices for manufactured articles do not warrant paying present prices. These works employ six hundred men.

A Case of Conscience.—The Lancaster *Journal* says:

A gentleman of this city lately returned $5 15 to Assessor $15,000 as his income for the past year. The fossil remains of a conscience, once sensitive, but latterly seared as with a hot iron by long and successful traffic, began to disturb his slumbers with uneasy twinges, and he yesterday handed up the Assessor, and went $15,000 better on his original estimate.

MR. TOLTMIN SMITH has made the discovery that in 1838 linen paper was used in England. The quality is apparently an imitation of the texture of vellum. Mr. Smith, who has carefully examined the paper under a microscope, believes he has found out the secret of its manufacture. It is as durable as vellum, and after five hundred years of very bad treatment has proved itself equally valuable for the preservation of public records.

A PAPER is in circulation for signatures among the business circles of New York, all the subscribers to which agree to give at least one disabled, honorably discharged soldier or sailor employment as general messenger in some light capacity, where the work has heretofore been performed by able-bodied men. Postmaster Kelly has recently appointed a large number of disabled soldiers to easy positions in the New York Postoffice.

A SUDDEN panic fell upon the worshippers on Easter day in a large church at Lisbon. An enormous spider was suddenly seen to descend to an ancient web that is said to have existed for many years. The creature was so formidable that the women began to scream, and a scene of general terror and excitement followed. When captured, it was found to be, with legs extended, nearly five feet long, and weighed six pounds.

THE bark Leonidas, about to sail from San Francisco for Arizona with four hundred Mexican "emigrants" on board and 283 cases of dreams, has been detained by the Custom authorities there until communication can be had with Washington. The "emigrants" are mostly Americans.

THE rebel authorities have frequently predicted their occupation of Washington. The execution that punishes to wait upon the fulfilment of their prophecy, is not in the least to be lamented, although it did not form a part of the vision of the traitorous seers.

A VESSEL passed through the Dutch Gap Canal on Sunday. This work did no good during the war, but it will prove valuable in peace.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

☞ THE WOMENS' LOYAL LEAGUE will meet at the usual monthly meeting, in the upper room of CITY HALL on TUESDAY NEXT, at 3 o'clock.

☞ COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.—The loyal men of Allegheny county, comprising the Union party, are requested to assemble at the places of holding elections in their Wards, Boroughs, Townships and Precincts respectively, to represent each district aforesaid in a UNION CONVENTION, to be held in the Court House, in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of nominating a Union ticket and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The election of delegates in the Wards and Boroughs shall be by ballot, between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M., and in the Townships between the hours of four and six o'clock P. M.

By order of the Union Executive Committee,

ALEX. RHARDS, } Secretaries.
E. O'NEIL, }

a24td

☞ NOTICE TO ALL DELINQUENT CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED UNDER ANY LAW OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Notice is hereby given to all companies incorporated by or under any law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and organized at any time prior to the first Monday of November, 1864, that they have failed to make report to the Auditor General, under the act approved April 32, 1864, that they are required to report to the Auditor General, forthwith, as follows, viz:

In case a dividend has been declared the Treasurer will report, under oath, the amount of capital paid in, the date, amount and rate per cent. of each dividend during the year ending the first Monday of November, 1864, and any previous year or years in which the Company may have had an existence; and in case no dividend has been declared as above, and, then an appraisement of the cash value of the capital stock, as it existed between the first and fifteenth days of November, must be made by the President, or Treasurer, and a majority of the Directors, under oath. When an appraisement is made, the report should state at what time the Company was organized.

In addition to the above report, under the act of April 32, 1864, companies not paying a tax on tonnage are required to make a separate report, under oath of the Treasurer, of the amounts of net earnings or income received during the period from April 30 to November 1, 1864, in accordance with the second section of the act, approved April 32, 1864.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED BY OTHER STATES and doing business in this Commonwealth, are notified that they are made subject to the tax on net earnings or income under the 21 section of the act of April 32, 1864, and are required to report to the Auditor General the amount of such net earnings or income received between the 30th of April and the 1st of November, 1864.

All delinquent Companies incorporated by or under any law of the State of Pennsylvania will be afforded reasonable time in which to make the several reports required by law and no counter claim or plea of limitation will be entertained to prevent the forfeiture of the charter, under the 32 proviso of the 2d section of April 30, 1861, which is in the following words:

"*Provided further*, That any corporation which has failed to make return to the Commonwealth, as required by the act of April 21, A. D. 1858 entitled "An act for the better security to the Commonwealth in the payment of taxes due by incorporated companies," may make such return within thirty days after the passage of this act, any law to the contrary notwithstanding; and all delinquent companies failing or refusing to make full return and payment to the State, as required by the several laws of this Commonwealth in relation thereto, shall have all their rights or privileges declared forfeited by proclamation from the Governor."

ISAAC SHARNER,
Auditor General.
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.

HARRISBURG, May 19, 1865. my19:tmd

☞ NOTICE.—AT A MEETING OF THE COMMISSIONERS of the NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY held this day at the Board of Trade Rooms in Pittsburgh, Pa., it was

Resolved, That this meeting adjourn to meet at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE in this city, on SATURDAY, JUNE 15th, 1865, at 9 o'clock A. M., when will be opened for subscription to the Capital Stock of said Company, in accordance with the Act of Incorporation.

SPRINGER HARBAUGH, B. F. JONES, Chairman.
PITTSBURGH, May 22d, 1865. my22:td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAPLE SUGAR.—Received this day, Maple Sugar, from Forest county, 20 bbls Prime Maple Sugar. For sale by

my26 T. H. VOIGT & CO.

WE HAVE THIS DAY REMOVED IRON WORKS to No. 220 LIBERTY STREET.

my25:3w ZUG & CO.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

10 boxes Messina Oranges;
10 do do Lemons;
50 bags Potatoes;
20 bbls Cornmeal, Pittsburg.

Just received and for sale at 220 Liberty street.

my26 PUTTER, AIKEN & SHEPARD.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.

TIN, COPPER, AND
SHEET IRON WARE.

A full line of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, for sale by

GEORGE W. HUBLEY,
66 Federal street, Allegheny City.

mr25

SINGLE LADIES AND GENTS.—MISS JENNY LORINI, the wonder of all Europe, has located in Detroit, and is prepared to send to any person in the United States of their future husband or wife. For one 25 cents and red stamp, giving age, color of eyes and hair, to Drawer 63, Detroit, Michigan; and you will receive the picture by return mail. For 25 cents extra she will send the name and address of your future partner.

my26:2s and nwF

A GENUS OF THE AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA.—Premiums falling due in the vicinity of Pittsburgh, are made payable at this agency, and the undersigned will take pleasure in giving full information in regard to the Company, and will wait upon any person at the residence, who may desire to be insured in the above old established Company.

ISAAC WHITTIER, Agent,
my24:2td No 82 Diamond street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a meeting of the holders of the CREEG OIL COMPANY will be held at the PEOPLES EXCHANGE, Fourth street on TUESDAY, June 13th, 1865, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of organizing said Company under the General Mining Laws of Pennsylvania, electing officers, &c.

T. S. MAPLE, Secretary pro tem.
PITTSBURGH, May 22d, 1865. my24:2wd

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer, and Inlets on Pennsylvania Avenue and Try street, will be received at the office of the undersigned in the Market Building, until SATURDAY, May 27th, 1865.

For further particulars apply to

CHARLES REICHENBACH,
Recording Regulator.

my26:27t

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Proposals for the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curbstone, of Tannehill Lane and Kaiser's Alley, in the 7th Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, will be received at the office of the undersigned in the Market Building, until SATURDAY, May 27th.

CHARLES REICHENBACH,
Recording Regulator.

my26:27t

☞ MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK,
MANCHESTER, PA., May 15, 1865.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Bank, out of the profits of the last six months, clear of Government Tax, payable on the 15th inst. to the Stockholders.

THOS. B. UPDIKE, Cashier.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE FIFTH LIST of Licenses, filed in the Clerk's Office, up to May 8th, 1865:

Wm. Charlton, other goods, 7th ward, Pittsburgh. The above will be presented for hearing, on the 2d day of JUNE, 1865.

my24:3td W. M. HERRON, Clerk.

NOTICE.—Persons holding BONDS OR WARRANTS of the Borough of Manchester that have become due, are requested to present them at once, at the TREASURER'S OFFICE, for payment.

my24:3td THOS. B. UPDIKE, Treasurer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.—GOLD LOCKET, with the likeness of retired celebrities, between Pleasureville Railroad and Penn street, or in the Citizens' Passenger Railway car that left the Station on Tuesday night at about 9½ o'clock. The finder will be fairly rewarded by leaving it at No. 120 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh, Pa. my22:3wd

LACE POINTS AND CIRCULARS,
SILK SACQUES AND CIRCULARS.
my26 BATES & BELL, 24 Fifth St.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR RENT OR FOR SALE, with immediate possession. 12 acres of land, with a large Dwelling House, well arranged, having three parlors, large parlor, barn, wash house, &c. A brick stable, two cisterns, shrubbery, &c. &c. Situate near the Observatory.

my16 R. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market St.

SKIRT BOARDS,
Meat Boards, Pastry Boards,
Wash Benches, Clothes Racks,
Clothes Wringers, Soap Cups,
Tubs, Buckets and Brushes,
with everything in the line, for sale by

GEO. W. HUBLEY,
my26:1td 66 Federal s reet, Allegheny city.

TABLE LINENS,
SHIRTING LINENS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
BOYS' WEAR
my26 BATES & BELL, 24 Fifth St.

OFFICE OF THE
CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, May 24th, 1865.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until NEW BRIDGE across Tannehill's Run, on the Northern Turnpike, in Patton Township.

Also, for putting in a NEW SIDE and repairing the Bridge across Peter's Creek, in Jefferson Township, on the lands of Andrew Pierce.

Particulars and specifications may be known on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners,
HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

my24:3t&wF

FOR SALE.—FARM.—THE FARM OF land, situate in Hampton Township, Allegheny county, twelve miles from the City of Pittsburgh, known as the "Strutt Farm," containing two hundred acres, more or less, is offered for sale. The farm is favorably situated, near eligible roads, well watered; about one hundred acres cleared; with two log dwelling houses and other improvements.

The land is of a good quality, and from the location is very desirable for farmier purposes. Churches, schools, &c., in the immediate neighborhood.

For terms and other particulars, enquire of
MARSHALL & BROWN,
Attorney's for Moses Bratt's heirs.

my25:6tdnow

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

26 FIFTH STREET,

offer for sale

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT
OF
Summer Dress Goods,
AT LOW PRICES.

my26:3td

MURRAY
OIL COMPANY.

W. P. MURRAY, President.
W. M. DAY, Secretary and Treasurer.

The Company owns in fee simple a farm containing eighty-seven acres and forty-five perches, located on Hevert Run (a tributary to Oberry Run,) and Oil Creek, Venango County, Pa.

Twenty-eight leases have already been made to responsible parties, among whom will be found the names of some of the oldest and most successful operators on Oil Creek.

The entire tract will accommodate from 130 to 160 wells. This farm is surrounded by four of the most celebrated oil producing farms on Oil Creek and Oberry Run, and is in close proximity to the "Reed" and "Mountain" Wells, and about one mile from the Walnut Bend Well.

The Company offers a limited number of shares at the subscription price,

SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER SHARE.

Maps of the property, together with all information regarding the property and organization of the Company can be obtained at the office of

STEEL & BAILEY, Agents,
my24:1t WILKINS HALL.

FELL'S
WRITING FLUID,
The Best Ink Made.

ARNOLD'S WRITING AND COPYING INKS.

Boss Bros., Maynard & Noyes, and Davids' Black, Blue and Carmine Inks

IN LARGE OR SMALL QUANTITIES.

Stationery of All Kinds.

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,
my26:1t 39 FIFTH STREET.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, U. S. A.,
(Corner Penn street and Garrison alley,)
PITTSBURGH, PA., May 20, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 M. WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of May, 1865, for the supplying and delivering at this post at such times and in such quantities as the undersigned may require, 500 cords Hard Wood, of good and merchantable quality, subject to inspection, for (6) six months or such less time as the Commissary General may direct.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guaranty for the execution of a contract, in case the bids be accepted, and good and sufficient security for the due performance thereof.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, which, when made by a firm, must sign all the parties thereof, and if not made in conformity to the requirements they will not be considered.

Bidders are to be present when the bids are opened and the right to reject all of which is reserved.

Blank forms of bids and guaranties may be procured on application at this office, personally, by letter, or telegraph, which must be enclosed to, or addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Proposals for Wood."

GEORGE U. MURPHY,
my25:3td Captain and U. S. Vols.

DESIRABLE GOODS

AT LOW PRICES.

Immense stock of

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters,

FOR LADIES, GENTS AND CHILDREN.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
DOMESTIC GOODS, &c.,

at private sale, cheap, at

McCLELLAND'S AUCTION HOUSE,
59 Fifth Street.
my26

IN MEMORIAM.

THE FUNERAL OBSEQUIES
OF THE LATE
Rev. Elisha P. Swift, D.D.
ADDRESSES BY
Rev. J. S. Wilson, D.D., Rv. H. W. Jacobus, D.D.,
AND
SERMONS OF REV. D. W. HOWARD, D.D.,

Pamphlet, 80 pages, 40 cents. Just received by WM. G. JOHNSTON & CO., DAVIS, CLARKE & CO., EVANS & MOLINTON, J. T. SEMPLE and at the PRESBYTERIAN BOOK ROOMS.

my26:3td

HEMAPANAKA.
[BLOOD CURE.]

A most remarkable article and positive cure for SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, DYSPEPSIA, ITCH and all diseases of the Skin. It needs but a trial to prove its virtues. The full receipt given when desired. Sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON,
my26 corner Smith field and 6th sts.

SUNDRIES.

200 bbls choice brands Family Flour;
250 bush Oats;
200 " " White Beans;
20 do Dried Apples;
20 do Timothy Seed;
100 boxes Farmer W. R. Cheese;
50 bbls Potatoes;
50 sacks do;

In store and for sale by

DOOLITTLE & PEOE,
my24 89 and 90 Water street.

HADLY & BOCKERHOUSEN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Furniture and Chairs,
160 FEDERAL STREET,
my24:6tdnow ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE VERY BEST.

BRADBURY, NEW YORK,

Schomacker & Co., Philadelphia,

PIANOS,

AND

S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S

American Organs,

WITH PATENT TREMOLO ATTACHMENT.

All Warranted for Five Years.

They excel all others in brilliancy, sweetness of tone and finish. A new lot just received at reduced prices.

WAMELINK & BARR,
my26 No. 13 ST. CLAIR STREET.

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AN ORDINANCE appointing Appraisers in the re-grading of Fifth and Bates streets.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same*, That John Scott, of the 8th Ward; James R. McClelland, of the Third Ward, and Aaron Floyd, of the Second Ward of the city, be and they are hereby appointed Appraisers under the 10th Section of the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act, Concerning Streets and Levees in the City of Pittsburgh," Approved January 6th, 1864, to appraise the damages to be sustained by any property holders, by the lowering of the grades of certain portions of Fifth street and Ross street, as fixed and established by ordinance passed May 18, 1865, and to assess the said damages upon the properties that may be benefitted thereby.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH MCMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

my26:2t

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FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING
KNITTING MACHINE,

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200 do Ribbed do;
1,000 do Hams and Shoulders.

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my26 corner Market and First streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES

7-30 LOAN.

THIRD SERIES

$200,000,000.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned, the General Subscription Agent for the sale of United States Securities, offers to the public the third series of the Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent interest per annum, known as the

7-30 LOAN.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that date in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent

GOLD BEARING BONDS,

These Bonds are now worth a handsome premium and are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, *from State, County and Municipal taxation, which adds* according to the rate levied upon other property attached to each note, which may be cut out and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest at 7 30 per cent. amounts to

One cent	per day on a	$50	note.
Two cents	" "	$100	"
Ten "	" "	$500	"
20 "	" "	$1000	"
$1		$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions.

The Notes of the Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent., instead of 7 3 10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest in currency up to July 15th, at the time when they subscribe.

The delivery of the notes of this third series of the Seven-Thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date.

The single change made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency interest of the higher rate.

The return to specie payments in the event of which only will the option to pay interest in Gold be available, of course will reduce and equalize prices that purchases made with six per cent. in gold will be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent in currency. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN THE MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and its superior advantages make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People,

Less than $230,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within two months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other loans.

In order that the citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the Loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, to whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Second " " "
Third " " "
Fourth " " "
Citizen's " " "
Fair's & Mech'rs National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce, "
Iron City " " "
Tradesmens " " "
Farmer's Deposit " " "
Mechanics " " "
Union " " "
Allegheny " " "
Peoples' " " "
German " " "
Exchange " " "
First " of Allegheny, "
Second " " "
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LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—We, the subscribers, have this day entered into a limited partnership agreeably to the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved March 21, 1836, and do hereby certify:

1. That the name and style under which said Partnership is to be conducted, is "PHILIP WEISENBERGER."

2. That the general nature of the business in tended to be transacted, is the business of Refining Carbon or Mineral Oil upon certain premises situate on the Allegheny River in Pitt township, Allegheny county, and State of Pennsylvania.

3. That the general partners are PHILIP WEISENBERGER, whose place of residence is the borough of Lawrenceville, Allegheny county and State of Pennsylvania, and JOHN WEILER, whose place of residence is the borough, county and State aforesaid; and the Special Partners a NICHOLAS J. BIGLEY, whose place of residence is Lower St. Clair township, in the county and State aforesaid, and JAMES O'CONNER, whose place of residence is the Fourth Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, in the county and State aforesaid.

4. That the amount of capital which each special partner has contributed to the common stock is as follows, viz: said Nicholas J. Bigley has contributed Ten Thousand Dollars in cash, and said James O'Conner has so contributed Ten Thousand Dollars in cash.

5. That the period at which said Partnership is to commence is the FIRST DAY OF APRIL A. D. 1865, and the period at which it is to terminate is the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1868, unless said Partnership shall be sooner terminated by ten days notice in writing of his election so to dissolve said Partnership, which each of said parties shall have the right to give his co-partners thereupon, and after public notice of such dissolution shall have been filed and recorded and published, in accordance with the provisions of the 9th section of the Act of Assembly March 21, 1836, said Partnership shall be dissolved.

PHILIP WEISENBERGER,
JOHN WEILER,
JAMES O'CONNER, } General Partners.
J. J. BIGLEY, } Special Partners.

apr15wd

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AN ORDINANCE authorizing the construction of a Public Sewer on Pennsylvania Avenue and Try street.

SEC. 1. Be it remembered, that the Recording Register be, and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a public sewer with the necessary inlets, from the lowest of Second street along Pennsylvania Avenue to Try street, and along Try street to Fourth street, and to contract,