The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1865.

THE OLD VIRUS.

The pro-slavery democrats of the North dare not show, openly, their sympathy with the conspirators now on trial for compassing the assassination of the late President; but they render them all the aid possible by assailing the tribunal ordered for their trial and vilifying the government for the manner in which it is proving their guilt. The democratic newspapers are straining the lavish abuse, which, a few weeks ago, they heaped upon the sainted LINCOLN, upon President JOHNSON, and Secretary STANTON for daring to bring the assassins to justice in this way, and democratic judges are travelling out of the way in charging grand juries against the "Star Chamber" at Washington. True, it is the *manner* of the trial, rather than the trial itself to which they seem to object; but it is plain to be seen that they are much more excited by the certainty of speedy justice overtaking the criminals than alarmed at any dangers likely to result from their trial by a military tribunal.

Judge Bond, of Baltimore, and Judge Peckham, of Albany, N. Y., have both lately charged the grand juries at the opening of the courts presided over by them, that the trial of persons for crimes by other tribunals than the civil courts is in itself a criminal offense, and highly dangerous to the vested rights of the people; and we presume that other democratic judges will follow in their wake. It is the only way they have of showing that they are still animated by the venomous spirit of slavery, and still sympathize with the defeated slaveholders. They profess a great love for the right of "Trial by jury," and imagine they are forming a new and popular rallying cry; but it will be found that they are in favor of "trial by jury" in *this* case, only because trial by a jury made up of the semi-secessionists of Washington City would afford to the assassins a chance of escape not now open to them.

Both Judge Bond and Judge Peckham were on the bench when the fugitive slave law was in operation. Where, then, was their devotion to the right of "trial by jury?" Under that law men and women were arrested in the Northern States without the formality of civil process; denied the privileges of bail; hustled before a court composed of one individual, and he generally chosen under circumstances making him inimical to the prisoner; condemned upon *ex parte* testimony, and, without the benefit of a jury, and sentenced to life-long imprisonment, with no chance of appeal. The crime alleged against these victims of arbitrary power was not that of unprovoked and deliberate murder; not midnight cabal and conspiracy; not treasonable combination to destroy the Government. On the contrary, they were peaceful, orderly, well-behaved, simple-minded persons, who interfered with nobody's rights or business, and were content to take a very low place on the social ladder, and enjoy an exceedingly limited share of favor or protection from society. Their guilt was alleged to consist in the fact that they did not own themselves; that they had dared to convey their bodies beyond the reach of men who worked them without wages, whipped them without justification, wronged them without punishment, who separated them from their wives, outraged their daughters, and sold their children from them in a distant and horrible servility.

Where, then, was the voice of of Peckham? and where the indignation of Bond? Did these men cry out against this oppression, denounce these star Chamber tribunals, an I demand the right of trial by jury for the victims of this oppressive and unjust law? Not they! On the contrary they justified it all. They were on the side of the oppressor, then, and thought it all right to set law, and justice, and vested rights at defiance, so long as the interests of slavery were promoted thereby. But it is all wrong to try an assassin by a jury of military men instead of a jury of sympathizers. It is "usurpation" and "an outrage upon our liberties" to compel a white man to submit to arbitrary proceedings, but perfectly right to hustle "niggers" before an arbitrary Commissioner and send them back to life-long slavery at ten dollars a head.

THE POLICY OF ENGLAND.

There are intimations that a strong and concerted movement is to be made by the capitalists and manufacturers of England to break down the American tariff system, so that they may have a very large trade with this country, and do the greator part of our work for us, taking in exchange as much of our raw material as they need, gold from our mines included. They will want some flour, and corn, and pork, and beef, to supply what deficiency they may happen to have, and at prices which, after paying freight and commissions, will leave the American producer a very moderate return for his labor, and they will not hesitate to take all our gold. Of that they never have so large a supply but what they are willing to take more.

How the American people are to supply the revenue which they are bound to supply as no part of their care; neither is it their business to see that our people are profitably employed. All they know or care to know, is, that free trade is the policy that suits them, and enables them to pocket large dividends on their investments.

How that policy will suit the interests of this country is not their business, but ours; but we may be very sure that the country will be flooded with eloquent sophistry, setting forth the beauties of free trade, and the blessings and benefits of commerce.

Well, if the American people suffer themselves to be cajoled in that way by a set of men who did all in their power to disrupt their Union, and, by fitting out piratical cruisers, sweep their commerce from the great highway of the world, be it so. The hard lessons of the school of experience will have to be learned once more.

Chief Justice Chase on Negro Suffrage

At the Congregational Reunion in New York, Mr. Tilton read the following extract from a letter received from Chief Justice Chase:

"I would like to say to the Christians who shall assemble at your reunion, an earnest word on the present great national duty of granting to the freedmen of the South the right of self projection by the ballot.

* * * My last communication on this subject with the good President whom we have lost was on the morning of the black day, and I duly say he was heaver right on this subject, according to my views of right, on that last day of his life, then on any other day before. Our new President I have the happiness to say, is a man whose democracy is as broad as the democracy of the Declaration of Independence."

SLAVERY NOT DEAD.

There is very good reason for rejoicing in the fact that Slavery is practically extinct; but they err greatly who fancy that the elements of Slavery have therefore been exterminated. The Washington *Chronicle* well says:

When loyal men say that slavery is dead, they mean no more than to assert with emphasis that the people have willed its death. They do not mean to declare that, as a question of fact, the institution has ceased to exist; nor that the spirit of slaveholding is extinct. For nothing could be further from the fact. It is not yet dead in the Northern States. It still commands organs and advocates on soil which has been free from its blight for generations; and it crops out from beneath the din and smoke of battle on the blood-stained fields, and from behind the battered walls of Southern fortresses. The commanders of the United States forces have issued general orders declaring that the emancipation proclamation will be enforced, and that every negro within their several departments is at liberty to come and go as he pleases; and while there is a general acquiescence in these orders, the people, or at least their old political leaders, have not given up all hope of resuscitating the institution. They bend before the storm while it rages, but there is a mental reservation as to the future.

As an evidence of the correctness of this view, we append an extract from the Richmond *Times* which has sprung from the ashes of some one of the rebel organs which perished with the "Confederacy." The *Times* says:

"The theory that President Johnson has enunciated, and to which he has pledged his Administration, is that a State cannot go out of the Union; that the States of the South are neither colonies nor conquered provinces, but that they are *States* under the Constitution; that we are one Union still. *With this view of the question the States of the South remain as they were; not a single State has been destroyed, and whatever rights belonged to them under the Constitution still adhere, the fundamental law of the land being the grand regulator. Whatever additional amendment may hereafter be made to the Constitution of course is an independent question.*

The meaning of this is plain. It means that slavery still has a Constitutional and legal existence in Virginia, and that the F. F. V's intend to insist upon its retention. Whenever they talk of "Constitutional rights," they simply mean slavery; and we warn the people of the North against the danger of letting this spirit get too strong a developement. The unregenerated slave drivers of the South cannot be taught too soon not only that we intend to consider slavery extinct, but that we intend to insist that all manifestations of its spirit shall be crushed out, and that the attempt to revive the old reign of terror will be summarily put down. If this lesson is not impressed upon them at once it will soon be a task of difficult accomplishment. Better crush the viper's head while it is under our feet, than suffer it to crawl away and struggle into a new lease of life.

A Chicago Merchant and his Daughters Arrested for Disloyalty.

The Chicago *Journal* reports the arrest of H. H. Forsyth, a prominent grain merchant of Chicago, and his two daughters, on a charge of disloyalty. It says: "On Tuesday evening a detachment of military and police visited the residence of H. H. Forsyth, No. 353 Huron street, for the purpose of arresting that gentleman and other members of his family. It is said that complaints had been made to General B. J. Sweet, commandant of this post, by prominent citizens, that on the day following the assassination of President Lincoln, a gray flag, bordered with green, was displayed from one of the windows of Mr. Forsyth's residence, and that a picture of Booth, the assassin, surrounded with a laurel wreath, was hung up in the parlor. It is also said that owing to the frequency of these complaints, and to avert the threatened destruction of the house, General Sweet ordered the arrest of the inmates and the seizure of the picture. Upon entering the house Mr. Forsyth was found to be too unwell to be removed, but his two daughters were taken to Camp Douglas. The picture could not be found. The young ladies were not detained by General Sweet, and returned to this city. It is reported that the arrest of Mr. Forsyth is only postponed until his recovery.

"Friends of the parties accused, while admitting their indiscretion on the general issue, deny that any flag of rebel gray was exhibited, as charged, and aver that it was a grey window-curtain with a blue gimp border that was hung out of the window for the purpose of freeing it from moths. They also deny that Booth's portrait was exhibited as complained of."

Excitement in Liverpool.

On the arrival of the steamer Etna at Liverpool on the 28th ultimo, a tremendous excitement was caused in the city by a report that the small pox, the yellow fever and the Wilkes Booth were all on board the steamer. The following account is given of the affair:

The Etna, which left New York on the evening of the 15th, has been most anxiously looked for all day. She did not near the Dock until after noon, but when the steadiest steamers, containing the newspaper correspondents and other persons interested in her dispatches, went out to meet the steamer, they were forbidden to come on board, as there were cases of small-pox and yellow fever which rendered intercourse dangerous. Dr. Trench, the medical officer of the Liverpool corporation was apprised of the circumstances, and the necessary measures were taken to fumigate the mail bags and miscellaneous baggage. A report having been circulated, that Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, was on board the Etna, and that a private dispatch to this effect had been telegraphed from Queenstown, caused a great deal of excitement and speculation, which the presence of a posse of police constables on the landing stage tended to increase. Large numbers of people collected on the stage to await the landing of some officials from the steamer. During the afternoon a report, which was current on the Liverpool Exchange, that a portion of New York had been burnt down, increased the prevailing excitement, but was not generally credited.

Meeting of the Teachers' National Institute in the City of Harrisburg.

We learn from Mr. B. P. Bates, Deputy Superintendent of the Common Schools of Pennsylvania, that the Executive Committee of the National Teachers' Association have decided to hold their next annual sessions the third week in August, in the city of Harrisburg. The committee has chosen this central and easily accessible locality in the hope that every State in the Union will be well represented. The grave questions which the settlement of our National difficulties will be likely to open for deliberation, will doubtless render this one of the most important meetings of the association ever held. In addition, too, of course, the all important question of education in a region just redeemed from rebellion and slavery, where the spread of intelligence, heretofore, was restricted, will be thoroughly examined, and discussed in a manner to promote the efforts of the Government to restore that substantial peace and order in that section which can only be promoted by the spread of intelligence among the masses of the people.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

SENATOR STOKES, in a letter addressed to some colored citizens of North Carolina, who asked his advice, tells them that he sees little chance of peace or tranquility in any rebel State unless the right of suffrage is recognized, without distinction of color. It is a mistake that persons with white skins are the only citizens. He goes on to say:

As you do me the honor to ask me the proper stand for you to make, I have no hesitation in replying, that you must insist on all the rights and privileges of citizens. They belong to you. They are yours; and whoever undertakes to rob you of them, is a usurper and an imposter. Of course, you will take part in any primary meetings for political organization, open to citizens generally, and will not miss any opportunity to show your loyalty and fidelity.

A LADY correspondent begs us to suggest that Mr. Davis should be compelled to wear the usual costume of women during the period of his imprisonment. He wrongs, she declares, could wish him a severer punishment. She adds that if he were compelled to rise in that dress one hour every day, as fast as when he was baptized, it would probably be the death of him.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

PUBLIC NOTICES.

COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.—The loyal men of Allegheny county, comprising the Union party, are requested to assemble at the places of holding elections in their Wards, Boroughs, Townships and Precincts respectively, on SATURDAY, June 3, 1865, and elect delegates to represent each district aforesaid in a UNION CONVENTION, to be held in the Court-House, in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a Union ticket and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The election of delegates in the Wards and Boroughs shall be by ballot, between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M., and in the Townships between the hours of four and six o'clock P. M.

By order of the Union Executive Committee.

A. M. BROWN, Chairman.

ALEX. HOLLANDS, } Secretaries.
E. O'NEIL. } my22

NOTICE TO ALL DELINQUENT CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED UNDER ANY LAW OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Notice is hereby given to all companies incorporated by or under any law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and organized at any time prior to the first Monday of November, 1864, that have failed to make report to the Auditor General under the Act approved April 30, 1864, that they are required to report to the Auditor General forthwith, as follows, viz:

In case a dividend has been declared the Treasurer will report, under oath, the amount of capital paid in, the date, amount and rate per cent. of each dividend during the year ending the first Monday of November, 1864, and any previous year or years in which the Company may have had no statement; and in case no dividend has been declared as aforesaid, then an appraisement of the cash value of the capital stock, as it existed between the first and fifteenth days of November, must be made by the President, or Treasurer, and a majority of the Directors, under oath. When an appraisement is made, the report should state at what time the Company was organized.

In addition to the above report, under the act of April 21, 1862, companies not paying a tax on loans are required to make a separate report, under oath of the Treasurer, of the amounts of net earnings or income received during the period from April 30 to November 1, 1864, in accordance with the second section of the act, approved April 30, 1863.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED BY OTHER STATES and "doing business in this Commonwealth," are published that they are made subject to the tax on net earnings or income under the 2d section of the act of April 30, 1864, and are required to report to the Auditor General the amount of such net earnings or income received between the 30th of April and the 1st of November, 1864.

All delinquent Companies incorporated by or under any law of the State of Pennsylvania will be afforded a reasonable time in which to make the several reports required by law and above enumerated; but continued neglect or refusal will subject them to *forfeiture of charter*, under the 3d proviso of the 2d section of April 30, 1864, which is in the following words:

"*Provided further*, That any corporation which has failed to make returns to the Commonwealth as required by the act of the 21st of April, A. D. 1862, entitled 'An act for the better securing to the Commonwealth the payment of taxes by the several joint companies' may make such return within sixty days after the passage of this act, anything in the contrary notwithstanding; and all delinquent companies failing or refusing to make full returns and payment to the State, as required by the several laws of the Commonwealth in relation thereto, shall have all their rights or privileges declared forfeited by proclamation from the Governor."

ISAAC SLENKER,
Auditor General.
W. H. KEMBLE,
State Treasurer.
HARRISBURG, May 16, 1865. my18:tdsw

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—THE SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH CONGREGATION will hereafter hold their church services in MASONIC HALL on Fifth street. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, every LORD'S DAY at 10:30 and 7:30. Sunday School at 2 o'clock P. M. Strangers and the public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY.—SERVICES IN MASONIC HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING. The public are cordially invited to attend. my20:2td

SENT FREE.—A PAMPHLET OF Immense importance to the old and young, married and single of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the agency, A. A. BERDILOR & CO., Box 74, Boston Post Office. my20:1t:dawF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—THERE WILL BE A meeting of the JOURNEYMEN TAILORS of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, on MONDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, at WHISTON'S, Smithfield street. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. my19:2td

WANTED.

SITUATION.

AS FOREMAN or MANAGER. One that fully understands the management of men; has had considerable experience in the iron business. Address J. H. B., Allegheny Post Office. my19:1wd

MERCANTILE LICENSES.

The State Mercantile Licenses

are now due and payable at the CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, No. 119 Fourth street.

my18:4d WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer.

FOR SALE.—COAL WORKS.—In the Third Pool, about two miles above Lock No. 2, containing 100 acres of excellent Coal, with a Pit Wagon, and 1,000 feet in front on the Railroad, also, having ten acres of surface fronting on the river, on which are erected a Dwelling House and a store house. The water fronting said property is of sufficient depth at all seasons for loading and harboring boats.

Apply to Messrs. Coal adjoin the above, which no doubt can be purchased. For terms, apply to

my17:2wd No. 99 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.

COLWELL STREET PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A well built dwelling house, pleasantly situated on Colwell street, one door from Fifth Avenue, side Price street. Hall, 2 parlors, dining room, kitchen, cellar, 3 large chambers, finished attic, gas fixtures, etc.; a good spring in the cellar, with drain to the street. Lot 24 feet front by 120 deep. Possession in one month or weeks. Apply at

my20 S. GUTHBERT & SONS, 81 Market St.

THE U. S. GRANT BURNER, WHICH is sold with the PERFECTUAL LAMP CHIMNEY, is recommended by all who have used it as superior, almost every respect to any burner ever before manufactured. A recent improvement has added to it a genuine of Amber (or Smith's Ferry) oil. A patent appendage on the wick-tube improves the shape of the flame and saves trouble in trimming. We moreover warrant that no burner, delivered from our establishment, No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET, after May 18, 1865, will, with proper care, smoke, or under any circumstances, use of inferior oil, or under any circumstances, *light down* at the spur wheels and "blow," or become worn so as to require repairs within other burners. Those burners we supply bear the name of U. S. GRANT, and each burner will set any of the common sized lamps. It is of a very substantial make. We will send, we warrant it for TWO YEARS. If every body was honest and reasonably careful, it would be safe to warrant it for twenty years.

T. S. BLAKE,
No. 2 St. Clair street, (second door from bridge)
my20:1t Pittsburgh, Pa.

PERMANENTLY LOCATED.

DR. SCHOFIELD,
55 Fifth Street.

BOOK PUBLISHERS' PRESENTATION DEPOT,

No. 74 Fifth Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,

A VALUABLE PRESENT

WORTH FROM

Fifty cents to $500

GIVEN WITH

EACH BOOK OR ALBUM SOLD,

This is the largest and most liberal conducted

ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD

ALL WANTING

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
FAMILY BIBLES,
POCKET BIBLES,
PRAYER BOOKS,
POETICAL WORKS,
JUVENILE BOOKS,

AND A VALUABLE PRESENT,

SHOULD CALL AT THE

Book Publishers Presentation Depot,

74 FIFTH STREET,

Opposite the Post Office,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUES. my19

FRESH EGGS.—21 bbls Fresh Eggs in store and for sale by

my J. H. FORST & CO., 57 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable property on Butler street, for business, etc. Possess on given on time. For further information, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of

G. S. BATES,
my20 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

CHEAP LAWRENCEVILLE LOTS.—Building lots ranging from $225, $275, and $450, one-third cash, balance in two, three and four years, is now offered for sale. They are beautifully situated, and title good. For further information apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of

G. S. BATES,
my20 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

VARNISHES.

Pale Coach Body;
No. 2 Furniture Turpentine;
No. 1 do. Benzine;
No. 2 do. do.;

of superior quality and low, by

my16 J. SCHOONMAKER'S, 63 Wood St.

THE FAMOUS SMITH FERRY OIL REGION.—I have for sale between 8 and 9 acres of good Boring Oil Territory, located at this place, Beaver county, 32 miles from Pittsburgh, fronting on the Ohio River, which will be sold on liberal terms, if applied for soon. For further information apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of

G. S. BATES,
my20 Butler street, Lawrenceville, Pa.

FOR SALE.

A GROCERY STORE,

WITH STOCK AND FIXTURES, doing a good business. Possession given immediately. For further particulars inquire at No. 42 WAYNE STREET. my20:3td

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS for the construction of a Public Sewer, and Inlets on Pennsylvania Avenue and 21st street, will be received at the office of the undersigned in the Market Building, until SATURDAY, May 27th, 1865.

For further particulars apply to

CHARLES REICHSPFARR,
my20:2t Recording Regulator.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS for the Grading, Paving and Setting with Curbstones, of Tannehill Lane and Keating's Alley, in the 7th Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, will be received at the office of the undersigned in the Market Building, until SATURDAY, May 27th.

CHARLES REICHSPFARR,
my20:2t Recording Regulator.

HEMAPANAKA.

BLOOD CURE.

A most remarkable article and positive cure for SCROFULA, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, DYSPEPSIA, ITCH and all diseases of the Skin. It needs but a trial to prove its virtues. The full recipe given when desired. Sold by

SIMON JOHNSTON,
corner Smithfield and 4th sts.
my20

AN ORDINANCE increasing the number of Night Policemen.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same*, That from and after the passage of this ordinance the number of Night Policemen shall be and is hereby increased to fifty-five, with five Lieutenants and one Captain.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 18th day of May, 1865.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: R. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

JAMES STEEL,
President of Common Council.

Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.
my20:2t

NEW BOOKS.

Graver Thoughts of a Country Parson, second series. $2 50.

Annual of Scientific Discovery for 1865. $1 75.

Napoleon's Cæsar—in French. $1 50.

Methods of Insruction; or, J. P. Wickersham, Principal of Penn. State Normal School. $1 75.

The Culture of the Observing Faculties, by Warren Burton. 90 cts.

Life in Heaven; by author of Meet for Heaven &c. $1 25.

Cousin Alice; a memoir of Alice B. Haven. $1 75.

The Changed Cross—a new and beautiful edition; gilt. $1 50.

One from Precious Mines; gilt. $1 50.

The Believer's Refuge—meditations on Christ and Heaven. $1 50.

O, Mother I ear Jerusalem! The old hymn, its origin and genealogy; edited by Wm. C. Prime. Gilt. $1 50.

Christian's Mistake; by author of John Halifax. $1 50.

Hulbard's and Homes; by Marion Harland. $1 75

DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
my20 No. 82 Wood street.

AT HALF PRICE.

Books & Albums.

JOHN P. HUNT,

69 FIFTH STREET, MASONIC HALL,

Is Selling Off About 5,000 Copies

OF MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS AND ALBUMS,

AT

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Many of them at ONE-HALF the Publisher's prices.

EVERY

Variety, Style and Price.

LADIES AND MISSES

Congress, Lace and Balmoral Gaiters,

AT

McCLELLAND'S AUCTION HOUSE.

my20 55 Fifth Street.

DESIRABLE TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.—The undersigned, having laid out in town lots the old Sawmill Farm in the Borough of West Middletown, will offer the same at public sale, on the premises, on the

2d day of June, 1865,

These lots are situated in a flourishing town on the south bank of the Monongahela river, in which there are three Blast Furnaces, two Grist Mills, Churches, Schools, etc. There is an oil well in the borough and a handsome show of oil. There is a surface show of oil on the Sawmill land. The Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad passes through said land.

Persons wanting to purchase at private sale can do so by calling on me at Morrow, Pennsylvania.

M. S. SNYDER.
my18:tsJune

NOTICE.—BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAPITAL STOCK of the NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, will be opened at the House of the Subscriber, in the City of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 22d day of May, 1865, at 9 o'clock A. M., and kept open as required by the act of incorporation.

H. LEE,
H. F. JONES,
W. E. NIMICK,
A. BRADY,
J. H. SHOENBERGER,
T. M. ZIMMERMAN,
SPRINGER HARBAUGH,
Commissioners.
my18:td

WELCOME.—WALLACE & JONES' SELF-OPERATING SPRING TOOTH HAY RAKE.—WELCOME.—It is the best rake made. Its superiority over all other May Rakes, consists:

First—In its being a self-operator. The horse draws and depresses the teeth, on that the over-draw and depression of the teeth, on that the over-draw is nothing to do but ride, drive and throw it over in gear. In the road the teeth are raised and lowered at pleasure, and is available as a Grain Raker, raking two sheaves in width at a time, thereby dispensing with all hand raking.

Second—It is so arranged that the driver, by the weight of his body can hold the teeth down to the ground as firm as he wishes, and by this means can rake in heavy as well as the lightest grass, and scatter his windrows where he pleases. All stirring and labor is dispensed with and performed by the horse and rake.

Third—Its simplicity will recommend it to all.

For sale wholesale or retail by the subscribers, at the LIBERTY STREET AGRICULTURAL WORKS, Rochester, Pa., and Pittsburgh Agricultural Works, Pittsburgh.

WALLACE & JONES.
my17:1wdaMay7

DYSPEPSIA AND FITS.—A CURE FOR these distressing complaints is now made known in a Treatise on Forty-eight pages, containing a Prescription—simple and Native Herbs—by means of which the writer was restored to perfect health after suffering for many years with the severest form of both. Any person who has Fits or Dyspepsia, and desires a copy of the Prescription, will receive the same by return mail, free of charge, by addressing, with stamp, naming this paper, and giving their address plainly, SETH T. FOWLE, 182 Second street, Jersey city, N. J.

my20:1wd

JULY COUPONS BOUGHT BY

THOMPSON, BELL & CO.,
my19:tsd 84 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

COTTON.

STOCKINGS, GLOVES, SILK MITTS,

COTTON AND LISLE THREAD GAUNTLETS,

in endless variety and at manufacturers' prices, for sale by

J. G. LAUBE & CO., 101 Market street.
my16

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Duff's College.

FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOUNDED IN 1840,

AND

INCORPORATED BY LEGISLATIVE CHARTER.

THE ONLY INSTITUTION,

Of the kind, IN THE UNION, conducted by a practical BUSINESS MAN. Our highest commercial authorities, East and West, pronounce his systems of Book-Keeping unequalled; comprehending every department of business, and yet so skillfully condensed that the attendants masters the whole in six or eight weeks. It consists of

Stock Books,

Closed once with a loss and twice with a gain; exhibiting, by three different methods, the true state of old to new Books.

Partnership Books,

Conducted by three different methods, exhibiting the transfer of old to new Books, with the introduction of a new partner; also practically illustrating the

Private Ledger,

By means of which the results of the business are kept of the general books, for the use of the partners only, the settlement of Partnership Books by

Single Entry,

With six practical illustrations, exhibiting the Books required by Double Entry. A concise rule for rectifying

Deranged Double-Entry Books,

With six specifications. The gain or loss found, and the Books correctly re-opened. The learner is also exercised in

Opening Books,

From eight specifications, including special conditions not often met with in business. Also, a series of exercises in

Closing Books,

From new and peculiar specifications. The learner also writes about eighty

Business Forms

Of Promissory Notes, Judgment Notes, Drafts, Orders, Bills of Exchange, Accounts, Invoices, &c., &c. Also, a series of

Business Letters,

Which, with the business forms, are all connected with his course of Book-Keeping, making it a regular course of business practice, with a course of twenty-five

Lectures upon Book-Keeping.

The Senior Principal, explaining all the business forms recorded in the text. Also, twelve

Lectures on Business Subjects.

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OHIO RIVER BRIDGE.—Notice is given, that on MONDAY, THE 8D DAY OF MAY, 1865, the Holidays Cove Railroad Company will, under the authority of its charter from the Legislature of Virginia, and under the Act of Congress, erecting the Railway Bridge at Steubenville a lawful structure, commence the construction of the channel span of said Bridge; and for this purpose, it will be necessary temporally to obstruct three hundred feet designed as a channel way.

Attention of persons engaged in navigation, is called to the provisions of the second section of the Act of Congress: "The officers and crews of all vessels and boats navigating said river are required to use such boats navigating said river are required to regulate the use of their said vessels and boats, and of any piece or chimneys, belonging thereto, and of any fires or furnaces within the structure, so as not to interfere with the elevation, construction and use of said Bridge."

All persons are also notified that the span next west of the channel span is erected at an elevation of 66 feet below low water, and there is a water way of 400 feet between the piers.

All persons are notified further that the bridge is constructed according to the draw, and that all the regulations of the Act of Congress have been complied with by the company.

The erection of the channel span will be proceeded with as rapidly as possible and due notice will be given as to the time when the obstruction will be removed.

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