The Pittsburgh Gazette,

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

MONDAY, MAY 8, 1865.

IDENTITY OF PROTECTION AND LOYALTY.

The history of this country for the past forty years establishes the fact that the policy of the protection of the manufacturing industry of the country was always advocated and supported by the men who never threatened the integrity of the Union, and who, when it was assailed by armed treason, stood up as one man in its defense. There was not a traitor among them. On the other hand, that policy met its bitterest and fiercest opposition from the men who, for thirty years, were perpetually threatening the dismemberment of the Union, and who finally carried their threats into execution.

We do not say by any means that all the opponents of the protective policy were disloyal men. Far from it. But this we do say, that in that opposition they were acting in concert with the men who have been plotting treason and secession for more than thirty years, and who have done all that bad men could do to render those plots effective.

In 1824 the country first adopted the protective policy, and so marked was the effect upon its prosperity, that protection became exceedingly popular wherever free labor found employment and free men were not compelled to work. In 1828 the law was amended, making the protection of American manufactures against foreign competition still more effective. Things went on very well from that time until the latter part of 1832, when South Carolina, under the lead of JOHN C. CALHOUN, attempted to nullify the laws of Congress, and, as a sovereign and independent State, regulate its own foreign commerce. All the cotton States sympathized with South Carolina in her opposition to the tariff, although they did not proceed to any overt acts of resistance. Some of our statesmen, Mr. CLAY among the number, became greatly alarmed. General JACKSON, who was then President, held have settled CALHOUN and his nullification very summarily; but Mr. CLAY, tremingly alive to the safety and peace of the country, and the integrity of the Union, proposed a *compromise*, which, after an earnest opposition on the part of Mr. WEBSTER, and other Northern statesmen, was adopted. This compromise was an abandonment of the protective policy, a sacrifice of the "American System," as Mr. CLAY delighted to call it, to appease that monster which nothing could ever propitiate, and which, from that unfortunate day until it stabbed the throat of the nation in deadly conflict, grew rapidly in strength and arrogance.

In 1842, under the pressure of great financial distress and universal prostration, the country made one more effort to restore its prosperity by a return to the only policy under which it ever did or could prosper, namely, the protective tariff of 1842 was passed, and the effect its friends expected. The prosperity of the country did revive; but it only four years until the slave power, under the lead of President POLK and Robert J. WALKER, restored the opposite policy. Since then there have been some amendments, which, with the gold of California, and latterly with the feverish impetus imparted by a state of war, and the incidental protection arising from a depreciated currency, have kept the country active and prosperous. It is true that the abandonment of protection has caused the loss of the greater part of the gold that our mines produced; yet it served to avert, the disasters which, but for it, would have long since fallen upon the country.

But our object is to recall to mind the fact that opposition to protection has always come from the men who have played the part of traitors, while the supporters of the protective policy, even when crushed to earth by the policy imposed upon them by the party through their influence, have ever been a firm in defense of the Union. To this proposition there is probably not even an individual exception. Did the advocates of protection ever threaten to break up the Union if their favorite policy was not carried out? Never, never. Did the supporters of free trade threaten to nullify, to secede, to fall back upon their own sovereignty when they could not have things as they wished them? Always—this was their weapon; by this they conquered, and by its they ruled. So clear is this fact in history, ever since the tariff became a national question, that loyalty, patriotism and protection have been identical and almost convertible terms; while treason and free trade are and ever have been inseparable one from the other. Treasonable efforts were the most potential arguments which the opposers of the protective policy ever resorted. Now, treason being dead, cut, dead and buried, with its twin brother Slavery, shall we preserve their fatal offspring alive?

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

New York papers are discussing the efficacy of conferring the right of suffrage upon the freedmen of the South. The *Herald* says:

After order and stability are restored in the South, the Southern people shall see fit to permit the freedmen to a participation in the elective franchise, it may be wise and just for them to do so. But this is a matter which they are the exclusive judges. The question of State policy it is one of the first magnitude. We are of opinion that the next generation of negroes will either have the suffrage or perturb the State. If the white population of the South were as small in proportion as that of the Northern States, the question might be decided either way without peril to the public tranquillity. In most Northern States it has been decided, finally, and there is nothing on the face of it to show that one mode of deciding it is not as good as another. In some of the Western States we have universal negro suffrage; in others, negro suffrage with a property qualification; in others, no negro suffrage at all. Our negro population is so significant that all these methods are safely and perfectly safe. But in some of the Southern States, the negroes approximate in numbers to the whites. We do not see that in such States, the colored population, when possessing freedom and the elements of education, can be permanently excluded from the elective franchise.

The *Herald* remarks:

The exclusion of free negroes from the exercise of suffrage is a necessity of negro slavery, but where slavery does not exist there is no such necessity. Give the emancipated negroes of the rebel States, then, in the construction of those States, the right to go along with the whites. There need be no fear that this concession will lead to any social equality. Negroes vote in New York, and yet in New York there is no approach to negro social equality. Society will take care of itself in this matter, as it does in everything else affecting its peace and harmony.

ADMMATION was received in Burlington, on the 28th ult., that the Rebel sympathizers in Canada were preparing for an raid on the frontier towns of that The Federal and State militia are on the alert, and are fully prepared to repel any invasion. Guards have been placed on the steamers on Lake Champlain, and troops have been ordered to the exposed frontier towns.

THE STATUS OF PAROLED REBELS.

We coincide in the following views of the Chicago *Tribune* upon this very important question, and contend that not only the leaders of the rebel armies who now enjoy the protection of the parole, but all the men who were thus formally surrendered, shall for the time being, be held in law as alien enemies, incapable of exercising the rights of citizenship, *or interfering in any way with either national or State politics.* After they shall have yielded a quiet and peaceful submission to that condition for a time, let the door be opened for their return to citizenship, by forswearing the confederacy and supreme allegiance to States, and by taking an oath, framed expressly for them, of allegiance to the national government. The *Tribune* remarks:

They are either citizens of the United States or alien enemies, surrendered on parole and permitted to reside in the country. If they are the latter then they are not citizens and can only become so by Executive pardon or by Act of Congress prescribing the conditions upon which they may be naturalized. If they claim the status of citizens they must accept that condition subject to their liability to be punished as citizens for treason, which is defined by the Constitution to be levying war against the United States. If to save their necks from this halter they claim to be treated as prisoners of war, then they are alien enemies. The laws of nations and usages of war recognize no such contradiction as that men can be citizens of a government, entitled to vote at its elections and at the same time prisoners of war, exempt from punishment by that government. The privileges and responsibilities of citizenship can not be divorced. The position of both officers and men of the rebel armies is therefore that of alien enemies—denitizenized by their own act and only capable of becoming citizens by the act of the government.

If this be, as we believe, the sound legal view of Grant's terms to Lee, which have been adopted as the basis of the surrenders of Johnston, Kirby Smith and Dick Taylor, it will be seen that their mildness in no way interferes with the object sought, which was a complete disarming of the rebel power. Gen. Grant did not tell them to stop fighting and go to voting—to stack arms and settle the war at the ballot box. No such thing. When they were disarmed of the bayonet they remained as destitute of the ballot as if they had been French or Mexican soldiers, who had made honorable warfare upon us, invaded our territory, been compelled to surrender and then permitted to remain in the country. Had the rebel soldiers, when surrendered, had any other country they would have been sent there. But having none they are permitted to remain; but this does not change the fact that the very point upon which they save their necks from the halter excludes them from the suffrage.

Desolation.

The Southern Rebellion is dead, after having caused the death of a large share of the Southern people. Persons who have recently passed through the accessible portion of the Atlantic States describe a frightful scarcity of able-bodied males. A few old men; a few cripples; not many boys able to shoulder a musket, with a sad abundance of widows and orphans, ill-clad, coarsely and scantily fed, woe-begone, hopeless—such is the wreck left behind by the fugitive chiefs of the Slaveholders' Confederacy. Since the capture of Jerusalem by Titus, there has been no such utter ruin. In many places, a dumb stupor appears to have fall away over what are left of the Whites, so that they seem to have no thought and no care for the future.

Of course there is much bitterness and vengeful hate still cherished by the dupes of Secession; many believing that the North made causeless war on the South and crushed it by brute strength in the wantonness of conscious power. But, though hate remains, and may impel to isolated acts of crime, there is no thought of further warfare. The subjugation is felt to be complete.

The Government will soon, we trust, be ready to speak comforting, reassuring words to the great body of the Southern people; but meantime the planting season is swiftly passing unimproved. The negroes, with a justifiable fear of guerrillas and of reenslavement, desert the plantations and rush into the idle, famishing cities, leaving tillage uncattempted; for the Whites have little force, less heart, small aptitude for labor, and are destitute of seed, implements, animals—in short, everything. And there is great danger that the season of vegetation will pass unimproved, and leave large sections of the South exposed next Winter to the horrors of actual famine.

Would it not be well, in view of this peril, if an order or proclamation should issue from Washington, exhorting the people of the South to plant and sow to the extent of their ability, under an assurance that, come what may, every one shall be guaranteed the fruit of his labor? Let the most flagrant traitor plant, with a certainty that his family may harvest and eat, even though his land should be confiscated and he driven into exile; let the freedman plant any field he may find abandoned, with an assurance that the crop shall be his own, even though the land reverts to its former owner. So much it seems to us wise to guarantee, in order to avert from wide regions the perils of actual starvation.—*New York Tribune.*

The Sultana.

A Memphis correspondent makes the following observations about the ill-fated Sultana:

She was very fast, and by reason of her superior capacity in making steam, was, until the advent of the new Magenis, enabled to compete with the fastest boat afloat. The cause ascribed for this accident is leaky boilers. This of itself is quite insufficient, as this is not uncommon. It must be understood that all of the Mississippi steamers are propelled by high pressure engines, one hundred and thirty pounds to the square inch being quite a common pressure, while thirty is a fair rate on the ocean. An investigation has been ordered into the affair. It will be observed that the explosion occurred early in the morning, and soon after leaving port. Most of the accidents to boilers have the same coincidence. The custom of the chief engineer is to retire for the night, leaving his deputy to pump water and raise steam on starting. Forty-five miles after leaving the wharf, or about the length of time necessary to heat the boiler to a white heat, and to exhaust the unreplenished water, the strain burst its iron bonds, and sent its heedless perpetrator and all his huddled fellow-passengers into the air. The pressure of the war necessities have rendered many of the legal inspections and rules practically dead letters, and the surprise has often been expressed that accidents were not more frequent on the Mississippi. The wild, reckless character of the west leads to frequent racing, and a steamboat race on the Mississippi is a fearful thing. Instances are recorded where the barrels of pork have been rolled up from the hold to be consumed in the furnaces to add to the fierceness of the fuel. At times, the whole frame of the frail craft may be seen to quiver with the direct pressure of the steam upon the piston. These or more challenges and races are recorded within the past month. Now that peace is again to bless our land, the present occasion is fitting to enforce the laws which may render steamboat travel less perilous than the running of rebel batteries.

Taking the Responsibility.

When President Johnson brought before his Cabinet Sherman's shabby peace "memorandum," he is reported to have said: "Gentlemen, the *proposition is not debatable*, and I only submit it to ask you how it is to be set aside." This has the ring of the true Jacksonian metal. Buchanan *counseled* and such professional statesmen would not thus promptly have called the previous question and cut off idle discussion. Johnson thereby proved himself a true exponent of public sentiment. He did what every loyal citizen did with the wretched "memoranda"—killed it, and only wanted advice about giving it a speedy burial.

REPORTS prevailed in St. Louis on the 28th ult., that a force of from 6,000 to 12,000 Rebels, comprising remnants of Jeff. Thompson's and Joe Shelby's brigades, were at Pocahontas, Ark., preparing to invade Missouri. A large number of people were leaving the South-west parts of the State in consequence. Three regiments have been sent down the river. The reports are undoubtedly exaggerated.

FAST DAY.—The *Jewish Record* says that President Johnson, in the re issue of his fast day proclamation, has hit upon a day "malapropos so far as the Jews are concerned—that day, the 1st of June, being the festival of Shevuous"—whatever that may be.

CAUTIOUS ON DISTRESSED IN DUBUQUE.

We learn from the Dubuque *Times*, that Mr. Pressury, the revenue agent at Buffalo, has seized the distilleries of Rhemberg & Co., and Jaeger & Co., and the vinegar factory of A. Schodde, together with the liquor stores of the former firm, and of Woodworth & Co., at Dubuque, and they are now all in the possession of the Government. The examinations made by Mr. Pressury of the concerns seized, show a liability to the Government of $750,000. The seizures of distilleries, it is well understood, are not confined to those named. The Government is shutting them up and investigating their affairs all over the United States, with a determination to put a stop to the illicit manufacture of high wines.

AMONG the various arrivals at Fortress Monroe from Richmond, Va., on the 25th ult., was that of the paroled Rebel General Pickett, who murdered in cold blood the 28 Loyal North Carolinians. He was dressed in a full suit of Rebel gray, and sauntered in and out of the Fortress, inspecting the guns and its various works with as much nonchalance as if he had been a Union officer of distinguished merit.

AUTHENTIC reports say that Jeff. Davis was at Charlotte, N. C., as late as the 23d ult. It is therefore highly probable that his route to the Mississippi has been cut off by Wilson, who was in possession of Macon as early as the 20th inst. It is now stated that he has but $300,000 in specie with him.

ANXIETY is again expressed in San Francisco, Cal., lest the Rebel pirate Shenandoah may make a descent upon our treasure steamers. It is supposed she left Australia about March 15, and would reach the Pacific coast by the end of May.

VIRGINIA at present is overrun with desperadoes. Roving bands of paroled prisoners, guerrilla thieves, and the like, are preying mercilessly upon the quiet residents, who entreat the War Department for protection.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE UNION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE will meet at the office of the Chairman, No. 116 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, May 13th, 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M. A full attendance is requested.

A. M. BROWN, Chairman.
ALEX. HILANDS, Secretary. may8

COUNTY UNION CONVENTION.—The loyal men of Allegheny county, comprising the Union party, are requested to assemble at the places of holding elections in their Wards, Boroughs, Townships and Precincts respectively, on SATURDAY, JCNE 3d, 1865, and elect delegates to represent each district aforesaid in a UNION CONVENTION, to be held in the Court House, in Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, June 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a Union ticket and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The election of delegates in the Wards and Boroughs shall be by ballot, between the hours of two and seven o'clock P. M., and in the Townships between the hours of four and six o'clock P. M.

By order of the Union Executive Committee,

A. M. BROWN, Chairman.
ALEX. HILANDS, D. O'NEIL, } Secretaries. ap24

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOLD AND SILVER COUPONS.—Highest market rate paid by S. JONES & CO., Bankers, corner Fourth and Wood streets.

SHINGLES.—Extra No. 1 Sawed and Sawed Shingles, for sale by JAMES McBRIER, Lumber Dealer, 171 Sandusky street, near Ohio street, Allegheny city. my8:2t

DIVIDEND.—OFFICE ALLEGHENY & PITTSBURG OIL CO., 148½ South Fourth Street. A dividend, of TWO PER CENT. has been declared on the Stock of this Company, payable on and after the 15th instant, clear of State Tax. Transfer Books closed from the 8th inst.

WM. S. LANE, Treasurer.

U. S. 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES.

S. JONES & CO., BANKERS,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STS.,

have ready for delivery all denominations. my8:2d

CHECK LOST.—A CHECK DRAWN by J. D. DRAVO, NO. 19, Payable to W. FWING, or bearer, for SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS, on the Peoples' National Bank. The finder will please return to NO. 34 DIAMOND, as payment has been stopped. J. D. DRAVO.

SUNDRIES.
300 bbls choice brands Family Flour;
182 do Peach Blow Potatoes;
20 do White Beans, prime;
20 do Prime Dried Apples;
300 bbls Prime White Beans in sacks;
40 do Timothy Seed;
35 boxes Fresh Roll Butter,
10 pails Fresh Packed do;
25 boxes Western Reserve Cheese;
20 barrels Fresh Eggs, to arrive;
For sale by DOUTTLE & BECK, 69 and 70 Water street.

TRACING CLOTH AND ROLL DRAWING PAPER, FOR SALE BY DAVIS, CLARKE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 52 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.—THE AVERY MANSION on the Second Bank, Allegheny city. Lot 125 feet by about 200 feet.

A COTTAGE on Coal Hill, late the residence of E. R. A. Wilson. Lot about 2 acres.

HOUSE on Fourth street. Lot 27 feet front by 85 deep, late the residence of Rev. W. A. Simpson.

HOUSE on Third street, formerly known as the *Gazette* Building. Lot 22 feet by 85 feet.

COTTAGE at Evergreen, formerly residence of Dr. Marks. Lot 2 acres.

HOUSE on Third street; two story brick, below Ferry street. Lot about 41 feet front.

BUILDING LOTS and manufacturing sites on the Monongahela River, within the city districts.

SITES FOR COUNTRY SEATS from ½ to 3 acres, in Pitt Township, fronting Soho street, City, Perrysville plank road.

TWO LOTS on Congress street, near Pennsylvania Avenue, and TWO LOTS on Marshall street.

THIRTEEN LOTS on Liberty street, Allegheny city, and ONE LOT on the Pennsylvania Canal, opposite the Avery Mansion.

LARGE LOT ON DUQUESNE WAY, 120 feet front by 150 feet deep to Fayette street, having thereon a factory and dwelling house. Enquire of WM. M. SHAW, 139 Fourth street.

SUNDRIES.
100 bbls Madison City Mills Family Flour;
50 do Extra Superfine;
100 do Prime White Beans;
10 do Prime Hominy;
10 do Dried Apples;
10 do Fresh Roll Butter;
10 do Eggs;
15 do Choice Sorghum Syrup;
80 do Pickled Cucumbers;
2,000 pounds Country Sacks Hams;
500 bush Prime Fresh Blow Potatoes;
200 do California Reds do;
100 New Oil Barrels;
In store and for sale by
PETZER & ARMSTRONG, corner Market and First streets.

SUNDRIES ON CONSIGNMENT.
200 bbls Prime Peach Blow Potatoes;
70 do White Beans;
3 do Extra Pickles;
10 do No. 1 Extra Large Mackerel;
10 half bbls No. 2 Mackerel;
10 bbls Champion Herring;
80 do and half bbs Smoking Tobacco,
10 kegs Lebanon Herring;
70 boxes W. R. Cheese;
20,000 Fine Segars;
10 boxes Extra Butter;
2 bbls Rye Flour;
10 sacks Buckwheat Flour;
6 bbls Oats;
6 kegs Apple Butter;
for sale by BALSLEY & VAN GORDER, my8 No. 70 Liberty street.

FOR SALE.—A FARM CONTAINING 100 ACRES, situated in Snowden township, eight miles from the city and one mile from the Brownsville Plank Road. Eighty acres cleared; balance good timber; fine orchard; good log house; barn of logs and frame. The farm is well watered by never-failing springs, and under a high state of cultivation. For further particulars enquire on the premises of JACOB FLOWERS, my8:4t&w1w Proprietor.

PENN STREET RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Two lots of ground, each 24 feet front; large three story brick house with two story back building; well painted and papered and in good order; hall, thirteen rooms and connected cellars; gas and water fixtures, stable, carriage house, etc. Immediate possession. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 51 Market street.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY.
TREASURER'S OFFICE, May 5th, 1865.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL persons liable to State Mercantile License in the City of Allegheny, that said License is required to be paid forthwith. Persons so assessed will please comply with this notice without delay.
my8:4t&w1w D. MAUPERSON, City Treasurer.

POTATOES! POTATOES!—Received this day from Lake Shore,
1 car load choice Seedling Mercers;
1 do Jackson Whites;
50 barrels Bush'ers (extras);
800 do Peach Blows.
Now in store and for sale by
my8 L. H. VOIGT & CO., No. 101 Market St.

SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAPS.—I have for the past four years used SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP, and consider it superior to any other I have ever used, either for the toilet or for shaving. A. W. DUNLAP, ap19:2t Fourth Street Shaving Saloon.

PEACHES.—Dried Peaches received this day,
5 bbls halves;
10 do quarters; for sale by
my8 L. H. VOIGT & CO.

FOUND—A LADIES' PORTMONAIE, containing a few dollars and an article of jewelry. Can be had by enclosing description to P. O. Box 296 and paying for advertising. J. P. KEELER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MONSTER COMBINATION OF ZOOLOGICAL AND EQUESTRIAN ATTRACTIONS.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S Mammoth Menagerie, from 539 and 541 Broadway, New York, combined with THAYER & NOYES' Great United States Circus, will exhibit at ALLEGHENY CITY, OR DIAMOND, OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, MAY 15, 16, and 17, 1865. POSITIVELY FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

Both companies exhibiting in one tent for one admission fee.

Thayer & Noyes' United States Circus includes the greatest force of talented Riders, Gymnasts, Gliowers, Acrobats, Equilibrists, Voltigeurs, &c., on the country, with a stud of Performing Horses, Ponies and Mules, incomparably superior to any other that can be produced on this side of the Atlantic.

Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie comprises the most splendid collection of Living Wild Beasts and Rare and Curious Birds from every quarter of the globe that has visited this city for many years, including among other prominent features, the world-renowned War Elephant, Hannibal a Dromedary Bactrian Camel, the first one that has been seen in America for forty years; the first and only Himalaya White Bear ever brought to this country; a pair of Poonah Sloth Bears, the first ever exhibited here; Two White Zebras, together with Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Hyenas, Bears, Lamas, and an infinite variety of other new specimens of the animal kingdom, forming the grandest exposition of animated nature ever presented to the American people.

The performance will include every imaginable variety of Dashing Horsemanship and Classic Olympic Games, introducing new and startling acts never before given in this city. At each entertainment Mr. O. W. Noyes will introduce his famous trick horse GREY EAGLE Jr., the finest specimen of equine beauty in America; also his celebrated Performing Monkey Signor Vinco, the feats of which are comical beyond description. A pupil of the great Van Amburgh will enter the dens of Lions, Tigers and Leopards. Each entertainment will commence with a grand Oriental Cavalcade, and coincide with the laughable performance of Dr. Thayer's Comic Mules, Uncle Sam and Dick.

Seats, 75 cents. THAYER and REYNOLDS, Unwns.

Doors open at 1½ and 7½ P. M.

Admission to the entire monster combination, 50 cents. Children under 12, 25 cents. my5:6td

MONONGAHELA WATER COMPANY Preferred Stock.

The undersigned Committee of the Birmingham Water Works will receive subscriptions for PREFERRED STOCK, to the amount of $50,000, on WEDNESDAY, MAY 10th, between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock, at the office of BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO., corner of Wood and Second streets.

This Stock will bear interest at the rate of 7 per cent. from the date it is paid in, and until a larger dividend can be declared from the earnings of the Company.

There are about 1,700 of common stock taken, and mostly expended in the construction of the Reservoir, the laying and laying of the main pipes, the building of machinery, &c., and the company having obtained authority to issue $ 2,000 in Preferred Stock, the above amount of $50,000 of this Preferred Stock will be offered at the time and place mentioned.

JOHN P. PEARS, H. P. JONES, MARK W. WATSON, } Committee. my8:2td

LESLIE'S Illustrated News FOR MAY 13th, CONTAINS

Portrait of Sergeant Boston Corbett; the Killing of Booth, the Assassin; the President's Funeral Car, containing the remains of Fresh lent Lincoln; Interior View of the President's Funeral Car, Containing the Coffin and Guard of Honor. Escape of Booth, the Assassin, from the rear of Ford's Theatre.

Funeral Scenes in President Lincoln; the Catafalque passing up Broadway New York, etc. The scene of the famous negotiations between Gens. Sherman and Johnson.

Views of the coffin containing the remains of President Lincoln from the Door leading to the President's Box at Ford's Theatre; Mr. Lincoln carried from the Theatre to Mr. Petersen's House; Booth's Stable in the rear of Ford's Theatre, etc., etc.

A Large Supply Received AND FOR SALE AT THE USUAL PRICE, BY JOHN P. HUNT, 89 FIFTH ST., MASONIC HALL.

THE MUSICAL FRIEND.—A choice selection of Music, selected with great care from the compositions of Mendelssohn, Donizetti, Meyerbeer, Bellelli, Kreutzer, Schumann, Bellini, Haydel, Abt, Verdi, Wallace, Schubert, Burgmuller, Beyer, Cramer, Blumenthal, Gounod, Mozart, and other distinguished composers, consisting of songs, Variations, Waltzes, Polkas, Four hand Pieces, &c., &c., in all comprising about one hundred of the best compositions of the above named eminent authors.

Price, full gilt, $4; cloth, (neatly bound,) $3; plain, $2.50. Mailed to any address on receipt of the price. Published by HENRY TOLMAN & CO., my8:2td 591 Washington street.

PENN INSTITUTE FOR BOYS, ON BATCOOK STREET, PITTSBURGH.—Several vacancy pupils having been dismissed, a few additional ones of proper character will be received. Application need be made only for those who are disposed to be students and of gentlemanly deportment.

The subscriber having had several years experience as Professor of Languages in the Ohio University, and afterwards in Jefferson College, Pa., proposes to give a special attention to CLASSICAL STUDENTS.

A. WILLIAMS, Principal.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS for said County, May Term, 1865. No. 110. Libel in Divorce.

Mahala Hathaway by her next best friend William Whitesides vs. William Hathaway. No. 46, December Term, 1864.

Libel in Divorce from the Bonds of Matrimony.

To William Hathaway, the respondent above named, you are hereby notified to be and appear before the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny Co., at a Court to be held in the City of Pittsburgh, in said county, on the FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1865, (the 5th day of June, 1865,) to answer the complaint of Mary Frances Hathaway, in the above case.

my4:td&w3w JOHN H. STEWART, Sheriff.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Situated near to the Allegheny City line in Duquesne Borough of the County of Allegheny, on the Butler Plank Road, and extending back 120 feet to the Troy Hill Road, on which is a FINE LARGE BRICK DWELLING, nearly new, containing hall and ten rooms, nicely arranged, large covered Porch in front, and cellar under whole house. The Lot is covered with Ornamental Trees and Shrubbery, Fruit Trees, Grapes, and fine Garden; Spring of excellent water.

Apply to B. McLAIN & CO., my8 103 Fourth street.

WASHINGTON STREET.—All persons interested are notified that the Commissioners, appointed to view and assess damages for the opening of Washington street, from Fourth Ward, Allegheny, from North street to East Lane, will meet on the premises, on TUESDAY, May 16, 1865, at 1 o'clock A. M., to fulfill the duties of their appointment.

JAMES KIDNEY, WILLIAM M. LWORTH, S. M. HARTMAN.

NOTICE.—The purchasers of the PROPRIETARY COMPANY will meet on MONDAY, the 15th day of May, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of SPANG, CHALFANT & CO., Water street, in the City of Pittsburgh, to organize and elect a President and Six Directors to serve until the first Monday of May, 1866.

NATHANIEL HOLMES, JOHN W. CHALFANT, JAMES C. SPANG.

INSURE YOUR UMBRELLA BY PURCHASING FOOTE'S PATENT UMBRELLA LOCK STAND. Price from $1 00 and upwards. For sale by E. P. CARPENTER, mh22:tf No. 81 Fifth Street.

SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAPS.—I have been using SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP for over five years, and can say without hesitation that it is superior to any other that I have ever used for Toilet and Shaving purposes. JOHN H. CATLIN, Shaving Saloon, No. 59 Diamond, Allegheny City. apo:tf

THIRD ARRIVAL OF CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, PERAMBULATORS. Assortment now complete in every style and price, wholesale and retail, at J. G. LAUER'S, my4 No. 101 Market St.

SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAPS.—I have for the last ten years used SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP, and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best Soap I have ever used for washing the skin or for shaving. F. J. HALL, ap19:2t Fourth Street Shaving Saloon.

CAST STEEL TEETH, for Sulky, Hay and Grain Rakes, of any shape required. Also Hay and Grain Rakes manufactured by G. COLEN, fed4:3aw3m Marion Avenue, Allegheny.

NEW PARLOR PAPERS TO ARRIVE this week at No. 107 Market street. JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO. ap28

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

OIL LANDS AT AGRICULTURAL PRICES.

A Tract of 500 Acres of Oil Territory, situate on Decker's Creek, near Morgantown, West Virginia, within a few miles of the River and B. & O. Railroad, abounding in COAL, IRON ORE, LIMESTONE, AND BURNING SPRINGS, will be sold at a bargain, if applied for soon.

There are OIL WELLS, being bored in the immediate vicinity, with good prospects of an early success. No property in the market offers better prospects to enterprising Oil Companies.

Will be Sold in Fee. Title Indisputable.

S. S. BRYAN, Broker, my4 No. 59 FOURTH STREET.

SOLD BY AGENTS ONLY.

LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Presenting his early history, political career and speeches, in and out of Congress; also a general view of his policy as President of the United States, with his Messages, Proclamations, Letters, etc., and a concise history of the War.

BY JOSEPH H. BARRETT, Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

The work is now printed in 12mo., pp. 518, but to be reproduced in an 8vo., enlarged to about 700 pages embellished with the best portrait published, and numerous illustrations. One Vol., 8vo., cloth. Price $2 50.

PART I.—Contains Mr. Lincoln's early Life and Political History.

PART II.—Embodies the events of the first three years of his Administration.

PART III.—Will contain the history of the last year of his Administration, and the particulars of his tragic and lamented demise.

MOORE, WILSTACH & BALDWIN, PUBLISHERS, 25 West Fourth St., Cincinnati.

N. B.—W. A. B. publish in 12mo, on plate paper, 11 by 16 inches, the most recent, accurate and perfectly engraved PORTRAIT OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN in the market. Himself, family and friends pronounced it the finest likeness that has been preserved. Retail price, 50 cents.

Agents wanted everywhere for Book and Portrait, who should apply to Header Office, 124 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 1 to 4 o'clock. my4:4w MORRIS E. WARD, Manager.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIPS.—The firm of KLOSMANN & PHIPPS, "Iron City Forge," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, either party to use the firm's name in settlement. ANDREW KLOSMANN, HENRY PHIPPS, JR. PITTSBURGH, May 1, 1865.

THE CYCLOPS IRON COMPANY has this day been dissolved. Thos. N. Miller, former President, will attend to all unsettled business.

THOS. N. MILLER, ANDREW GARNEGIE, PIPER & SHIPLER, J. G. MATTHEWS, Members of the Cyclops Iron Company. my4:3td

GENERAL NOTICE. THE IRON CITY FORGE, AND Cyclops Iron Company, have this day been consolidated, and a new Company formed, under the general manufacturing law of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, $200,000. The name and style of the new company to be UNION IRON MILLS.

ANDREW CARNEGIE, President Union Iron Mills. THOMAS M. CARNEGIE, Vice President. ANDREW KLOSMAN, Treasurer and General Superintendent. my4:3td

CHOICE GREENHOUSE AND BEDDING PLANTS IN GREAT VARIETY, At the Oakland Greenhouses. JNO. R. & A. MURDOCH, (Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.)

Oakland and East Liberty Street Cars run to the Greenhouses fifteen minutes. my4:2w&w1m

DRUM & SLACK, have on hand a large assortment of MOWING MACHINES, HORSE RAKES, Straw Cutters, Scythes and Hay Rakes, AT No. 28 and 30 OHIO STREET, my4 ALLEGHENY.

IN THE MATTER of the application of the Roman Catholic St. Michael's Benedictine Society of Birmingham, ALLEGHENY COUNTY. No. 110, June term.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of an order of said Court of Common Pleas of said county, made this 2d day of April A. D. 1865, that application has been made to said Court for an Alteration and Amendment of the charter of the above Corporation; and as a sufficient reason to the contrary is shown, the same will be granted at the second term of said Court. JACOB H. WALTER, ap29:4td Prothonotary.

AVOID THE DUST AND SMOKE. BROWNE'S METALLIC WEATHER STRIPS AND Window Bands. These invaluable strips in summer totally exclude dust and rain from doors and windows. Save your carpets and household goods from rotten air; annoyance of stages, car bells and rattling sashes.

The above strips will be completely fitted up by WHITE & ALEXANDER, No. 169 and 171 Leacock street, Allegheny City, the above firm having the exclusive right in Allegheny County. ap19:2md

THE DALTON FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING KNITTING MACHINE, The simplest and most effective Knitting Machine ever invented. Instructions free. Call and see them in operation, or send for circulars and sample. E. P. CARPENTER, GENERAL AGENT, 81 FIFTH ST. mh22:tf Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.—BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAPITAL STOCK of the NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, will be opened at the Rooms of the Board of Trade, in the City of Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 22d of May, at 8 o'clock A. M., and kept open as required by the act of incorporation.

W. S. LYON, R. FLOWER, W. H. NIMICK, A. BRADLEY, J. H. ROSENBERGER, J. H. JONES, SPRINGER HARBAUGH, } Commissioners. ap29:2d

STEEL & BAILEY, STOCK BROKERS, WILKINS HALL. Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of stocks:

RATES OF COMMISSION:

Oil Stocks selling at 62 and under, ¼ per cent.
do. do. 62 and up to 213, ⅛ do.
do. do. 213 do. 300, 15/32 ⅜ share
do. do. 300 and over, ¼ cent ⅜ share. ap11

NEW DRIED GERMAN PEARS, Lemon Muscatel Raisins, New Silver Leaf Figs, Fresh Fruits in Cans and Jars, of all kinds, put up in the best style. Also, Brancy, Fruits, Sauce, Pickles, Jellies and Syrups, at the People's Candy Store, No. 112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City. my4:1md

ELECTION NOTICE.—AN ELECTION for President and Eight Directors of the ALLEGHENY GAS COMPANY will be held at their office, on MONDAY, May 8, 1865. my1:td JAS. MARSHALL, President.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

Seven-Thirty Loan,

These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1863, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent GOLD BEARING BONDS,

These bonds are worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its *exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. more*, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a			$50 note.
Two cents	"	"	$100 "
Ten "	"	"	$500 "
20 "	"	"	$1000 "
$1			$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress remain in the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium; as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that the citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking this loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
Second " " "
Third " " "
Fourth " " "
Citizen's " " "
Farm'rs & Manuf'rs National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa
Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce, "
Iron City " "
Tradesmans " "
Farmer's Deposit " "
Mechanics " "
Union " "
Allegheny " "
Peoples' " "
German " "
First " of Allegheny.
feb28:3mdawtf

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN THUS SPEAKS OF THE Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, Which should be considered by those who desire to purchase the BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

We are having a great many inquiries for Sewing Machines from various parts of the country, and as we can not conveniently reply to them all by mail, we have thought it proper to state our opinion in regard to them in this public manner. We have used Wilson's patent, manufactured by the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, and we can say in regard to it, that it is without rival. It is simple, not easily put out of order, and