The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1866.

APOLOGETIC.—Owing to the circular form of our press and forms, it is not in our power to *turn our rules* and put our paper "into mourning," as it is termed. We regret this, but cannot help it.

THE LESSON OF THE HOUR.

A few days since, under the exhilaration of the news of Lee's surrender, our people jumped to the conclusion that the Rebellion was over, that Slavery was utterly dead, that Peace was about to spread her wings over us, and that the true way was to be merciful in the hour of victory, and welcome back the rebels as returning prodigals. But, while the President, as the representative of the people, was in the very act of stretching out to the South the hand of welcome, the fell spirit of Slavery, which we had fondly thought extinct, springs into a new life and plunges the dagger of the assassin into his heart.

It was a fearful way in which to teach this nation a needed lesson; but probably it would have been too blind to learn it in any other way. That lesson has now been taught us by an overruling Providence, and we learn by it that Slavery is *not* dead. It was slavery aimed that blow at the life of the President, and he is not a true man who does not vow that he will give himself no rest until Slavery and the spirit of Slavery are thoroughly rooted out of this land.

There are many people who lay the flattering unction to their souls that slavery can be extinguished whilst those who have been its life can be left behind to become our friends and brethren; but we are not of them. Three years ago we made up our minds that there was no safety to this nation short of the entire elimination of the elements which have grown up with slavery and from which it drew its sustenance. The theory sounded harsh then, and it sounds harsh now to many ears; but the slaughter of the President has convinced the great mass of the nation that it will never do to abolish slavery and leave the cursed spirit of slavery untouched. The latter must be uprooted, and it must be uprooted thoroughly.

Assassination is the child of Slavery. No northern man ever thinks of assassination as a remedy either for private or public wrongs. None but a secessionist could have conceived such a revolting crime. The spirit of slavery prompted it, and by this one heaven-daring act has provoked the nation to its extirpation, as slavery itself, by hitting its hand against the government, provoked its own destruction.

On the 14th of April 1861 the south, in compelling the evacuation of Fort Sumter, forced this nation into a war which has resulted in the practical, if not legal, abolition of slavery. On the 14th of April, 1865, in carrying out a murderous conspiracy born of a similar madness, the south has provoked a second war which must result in confiscation and severity of punishment, perhaps in extermination.

There are some who talk of "tempering justice with mercy" in dealing with the rebels. Mercy! What mercy did *they* ever show to us? Did they show mercy to the Union prisoners that fell into their hands whom they butchered by the tens of thousands? Did they ever treat any one of our people with kindness, or ever show any kindly spirit towards their prosecuting the war? Was mercy any element in the assassination of slavery? When they murdered wives from husbands and children from parents, when they applied the scourge, the branding iron and the manacle, did *they* think of mercy? Did they show mercy in compassing the murder of LINCOLN, whilst he was in the very act of extending mercy to them? No. Mercy has no place in the Southern heart; and the measure they have meted to others shall be meted to them again.

The lesson which the hour teaches us is that of firmness. There must be no further thought of mercy to rebels and traitors. There must be no more pandering to Southern prejudice, no more concessions to southern pride. The South has provoked its doom, and it cannot be averted. We must wipe out every vestige of Slavery, wherever, or in whatever shape it exists. We must teach the rebellious people of the South that there is nothing for them but submission or expatriation—that there is no door open through which they can come back and be as they were before. If they choose to fight on until they are wiped out, so be it; if they choose to submit, let them do it with a full understanding of what is to follow—the halter to all who have earned it, and disfranchisement to all who have followed them.

MISSION OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The awful tragedy of Friday night, which cast a deeper gloom over this nation than any event in its history, naturally causes our thoughts to run back over the period, brief but wonderfully eventful, since he whose tragic death we so deely deplore was first called from his quiet home to guide the destinies of his country.

Little did we imagine, when we cast our votes for him in 1860, to what awful duties and responsibilities, and to what agonizing anxieties we were calling him. But before the day for assuming those duties and trials arrived, the dreadful storm through which he has so well guided the ship of State was rising dark and fierce all along the Southern horizon. State after State darted from its orbit, and assumed a hostile attitude, and the Union seemed to be dissolving into its original elements. Treason, ready armed, bitter and defiant, unfurled its banner and called him to the conflict.

A civil war was and he saw, too, to what a condition of confusion and weakness combined treason and imbecility had reduced the Government. But calmly, quietly, humbly, in the strength of the Lord his God, he went forward on the great mission to which he was called. Feeling that the work before him was beyond all unaided human wisdom and strength, in a few simple words, but surpassingly eloquent because so simple, he begged the prayers of his humble neighbors who had accompanied him to the train. Those words that led millions of hearts, and evoked more earnest, believing prayer than ever went up to the Eternal Throne for one man. Men felt assured that this was GOD'S MAN, and that success was certain, as Mr. LINCOLN said it would be with God's Blessing. The faith so feelingly confessed on that occasion was long and sorely tried; but it never failed; and those prayers which he invoked continued to ascend in an ever-increasing volume during those four terrible years from closets, from firesides, from churches, from soldiers' tents, from the cabins of slaves, from America, from Europe, from continents and islands, wherever there were hearts that loved God and Liberty and Truth.

And he did succeed. His course was ever onward, onward, step after step. We often, in our impatience, chided his slowness, and afterwards confessed that he was fast enough. Some of us blamed his conservatism, and, anon, admitted that that too was right. Slavery, the great monster evil and the soul of the rebellion, was not suddenly nor rashly assailed. Had LINCOLN struck the blow when FELTON wished to do so, he would have wrecked the Union, but left the monster alive. Slowly and painfully the war was doing the work. The fire which slavery had kindled to destroy the government was slowly but surely consuming it. This LINCOLN with a sagacity beyond that of a mere statesman saw, and patiently bided his time.

At length the hour came, and the bolt which struck the fetters from the limbs of millions sped. It was soon enough, for it shook the country to its foundation. It was not too soon; for it was a grand success. Men thought until that moment that the country was in advance of the President; but it required weeks and months for a majority of the people to come up with him.

The war, terrible and sanguinary, went on. Half-hearted or false-hearted leaders were dismissed, and better men put in their places. Decisive victories began to crown the arms of the Union, and the people began to feel that if they would save the nation they must utterly abolish that abominable thing which had occasioned all our trouble.

In June, 1864, the friends of Freedom and the Union met in Convention in Baltimore and not only renominated ABRAHAM LINCOLN, but resolved to abolish slavery totally and at once by a constitutional amendment. From that moment Heaven blessed our arms with signal successes. In November following the people ratified that great resolve by the election of LINCOLN to a second term. Thenceforward our armies marched from victory to victory without a single reverse, until SHERMAN had made his triumphant and unopposed march through Georgia and both the Carolinas, and then Richmond fell and LEE surrendered to the indomitable GRANT.

"With His blessing success is certain," said our lamented President when he entered upon his great mission; and his eye grew not dim, nor was his natural force abated, until he saw the fulfilment of his prediction. Like MOSES, he had his work to do, and he did it gloriously, exhibiting throughout all his labors and trials, a meek, humble, gentle, yet heroic spirit. Like MOSES, he led his people as far as God intended that he should lead them. Each saw his people victorious and safe; to each it was given to see the dawn of a glorious future; but to neither was it given to do all the work that was to be done. To MOSES it was given to bless his people before he departed, saying "The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath are the everlasting arms; and he shall thrust out the enemy from before thee; and shall say, *Destroy them. Israel then shall dwell in safety alone;* the fountain of JACOB shall be upon a land of corn and wine, also his heavens shall drop down dew. Happy art thou, O ISRAEL; who is like unto thee, O people saved by the LORD, the shield of thy help, and who is the sword of thy excellency! and thine enemies shall be found liars unto thee; and thou shalt tread upon their high places." MOSES uttered these words in his hour of triumph; and then was called to give place to another—not to a better man, but to one better adapted to the stern work yet unaccomplished. *His* mission was fulfilled; *he* had finished the work that was given him to do, and for which he was so eminently fitted. Another kind of work, requiring other and different qualifications, now lay before the nation. Have we not here a key to unlock the strange and mysterious Providence which has just occurred, and thrown our nation into tears? The great mission of ABRAHAM LINCOLN has been fully and gloriously accomplished.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

GOD has placed the destinies of the nation in ANDREW JOHNSON'S hands at a perilous time for himself and the country. We do not wonder that he accepted the trust with trembling hands, for the stern task before him might well appal even *his* stout heart; but he did not shrink from it; and as he accepted it with an humble expression of his firm trust in God, we may look forward with confidence to the future, assured that he will take no step backwards, and do nothing that will imperil the high interests committed to him.

We have all faith in ANDREW JOHNSON. He has been tried in the hour that most fiercely tried men's souls, and has not been found wanting. When every Senator from the South turned traitor, he, only, proved true. He stood like ADDIEL, "faithful among the faithless." In the session of the Senate of 1860-1, treason was epidemic among the Southern members. One after another dropped away from the cause of the Union, until none were left but ANDREW JOHNSON. But he was not content to stand firm, merely, in that trying hour, when FOOTE, and BELL, and NICHOLSON, and nearly every other leading Tennessean drifted away, for we find that he hurled indignant denunciations at the traitors, invoked the curses of heaven upon their guilty heads, and threatened them with what they so richly deserve now as then, and what we hope he will give them, the halter.

The firmness, the unflattering moral courage, the sublime devotion to the cause of the country which he then manifested, have characterized his life since. He has been the staunch friend of the President since his first inauguration, has favored throughout the most vigorous prosecution of the war, has given his nights and days to the task of driving the rebels from Tennessee, was among the first to see that slavery must perish with the rebellion, and among the strongest in urging radical measures for its extinction. He has been a personal sufferer by the rebellion, and brings to his new position, not only a living faith in radical measures for the restoration of a lasting peace, but an intense sympathy with his fellow-sufferers, the never-flinching Union men of the South, and a secret conviction that the men who have brought and have kept up this war, deserve and ought to receive the heartiest punishment that can be inflicted upon them. He believes not only in emancipation but in confiscation, and, above all, in hanging.

Those who have known ANDREW JOHNSON longest love him most. He has won for himself, from those who have been associated with him, the most ardent attachment. He will win, in like manner upon the country. There need be no fears entertained of him. He is the man we need in this new emergency. The demands of justice will not be sacrificed by him to the sentimental claims of mercy that have been set up in behalf of the greatest criminals this country ever saw. Let us leave the cause of the nation in his hands, in the confident assurance that he will execute his duties faithfully and meet, without shrinking, the heavy responsibilities of his position.

"SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS."—The assassin who flourished his dagger on the stage of Ford's theatre and theatrically quoted this motto, upon the shield of Virginia, imagined that in killing Mr. LINCOLN he had put an end to tyranny. He was right, in one sense, but not as he dreamed. The blow which took LINCOLN'S life away has nerved the arm of the nation for a last but telling blow at the life of slavery, and the tyrants who have had their heels upon the necks of liberty will perish with it, as well as all the oppressions and corruptions that have grown out of it.

[illegible]

General WEITZEL was [illegible] of command in Richmond a moment [illegible] soon. His base toadying to the paternal spirit of caste which yet controls the rebels, even in that conquered city, as shown in removing a colored guard from Mrs. LEE'S door because she thought it an insult to have negroes mounting guard over her, and his refusal to review his brave colored troops at the same time as the white troops, lest the citizens of Richmond should be offended, was bad enough; but his granting safe conduct to leading rebels, and re-convening the rebel legislature of Virginia, thus directly recognizing a traitorous government, was beyond all endurance. We do not know who Gen. WEITZEL is, or where he comes from; but we do know that he has disgraced the nation by his exhibitions of flunkeyism and servility. He himself is too base to be disgraced.

If the rebels had taken Washington would they have consulted Mrs. Lincoln's feelings as to the kind of guard to be placed over her, or taken the sensibilities of the people of Washington into account in arranging their military reviews? Not they. Nor would they have thought of convening Congress, or granting safe conduct to Wendell Phillips or Ben Wade.

It is sickening to see this spirit of flunkeyism betraying itself the moment our armies enter the enemy's capital. Surely we had been humiliated enough by it before the war broke out to be saved from all show of it now. Let us be thankful that the one man capable of it has been sent away and that the safe conduct to traitors has been revoked; and let us hope that the brave negroes whom WEITZEL sent to Petersburg to please the unsubdued Rebels of Richmond will be recalled, and posted on duty without regard to what the people of that city may think. At any rate let the army and its commanders understand that this thing cannot be repeated with safety. There must be no more of it. It is no part of the duty of the government or the army to conciliate the rebels or give any consideration to their feelings. The sooner the Rebels learn that we are under no obligations to consider either their likes or dislikes, the better. Politeness, kindness, concession and conciliation are all thrown away upon them, and only serve to make them believe that they are, after all, our masters, instead of our subjects.

The Martyr President.

The vilest crime that history records—except one, which the Christian world is now commemorating—was committed last night at Washington. Abraham Lincoln, the twice chosen President of the United States, was shot at Ford's Theatre, about ten o'clock, and after lingering in a state of insensibility through the night, he expired at twenty two minutes past seven oclock this morning.

In a time of overwhelming sorrow, and before recovering from the awful shock of this calamitous event, it is not easy to put one's thoughts upon paper. The revulsion from the supreme happiness over victory and the assurance of peace, to the grief for the death of the man who was a chief agent in giving us both victory and peace, is enough to unsettle all minds. The fiendish nature of the crime almost prevents one from appreciating the magnitude of the calamity it brings upon the nation. The tumult of indignation, sorrow, alarm, and apprehension must difficultly all for considering calmly the possible consequences of the event. But the God who preserved Abraham Lincoln until he saw his work done, and until he had received the thanks of a grateful people, will still protect this nation, and guide and direct those to whose hands the great trust is now delivered, and there need be no fear, though there be unspeakable sorrow.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

The Martyrdom of Abraham Lincoln.

The hour of Victory is also the hour of National Sorrow. And this National Sorrow is so mingled with a great Wrath that we are unable to say which feeling predominates as we take the pen in our hand to tell our fellow citizens the heavy blow which has fallen on the Nation.

We say this unhesitatingly. Abraham Lincoln is, at the present moment, dying the death of a martyr for that country to which he, for a second time, on the Fourth of last March, pledged his fealty. Unswerving in the path which his conscience told him was the right one—singularly honest and faithful to the fortunes and unity of that country of which he had a second time become the chosen and highest servant—he has perished a victim martyr to our unity.—*Phil. Press.*

THE history of America furnishes no precedent for the horrible tragedy enacted in Washington last night. Rome, under the emperors, was a nation filled with the horror of regicides and massacres in contests for the supremacy. But in modern generations of the world furnish no parallel to the record of last night's deed. The consequences of the act will be fearful. The selection of the time and the place, a city drunken with the wine of glad news, a theatre thronged with the joyous, rejoicing multitude, the arrangements for the escape of the murderer, all proved the concerted nature of the plot which has so fearfully succeeded. The tragedy has stricken away the last tie that bound us to the South. The last lingering trace of pity for the rebels has been crushed from our hearts, and the nation now will never rest until atonement free and full, and retribution fearful and uncompromising, is visited upon the men who were the authors of the diabolical crime.—*Phil. News.*

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUSTPONED—THE FIRST ANNUAL BALL of the Niagara Steam Fire Engine and Hose Company, which was to have taken place at Concert Hall, THIS EVENING, has been POSTPONED UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, in consequence of the death of President Lincoln. ap17.1t

SUBSCRIBERS TO THE STOCK of the EXTON CREEK OIL BASIN OIL & MINING CO. are requested to call and pay their subscriptions at the office of W. M. McCLUTCHEON, President of the Company, 186 Liberty street. By order of the Board of Directors. ap12wd WM. McCLUTCHEON, President.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

6,000 BUSHELS OATS;
2,000 bush Ear Corn;
1 car load Peach Blow Potatoes;
156 barrels Green Apples;
1 barrel Prime Apple Butter;
In store and for sale by PATTERSON, AMMON & CO., Nos. 350 and 352 Penn St., Scott's new building.

BEAUTIFUL LOCATION FOR A SUBURBAN RESIDENCE—Eight acres of choice land for sale, having Forest Shade Trees. Situate between Oakland and East Liberty, easy of access by Passenger Railway, fronting on the Squirrel Hill Road; bounded by property of Mrs. McFarland, John F. Hamm, Esq., Mr. Murry and others. Apply to ap14 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 61 Market St.

FISH.
100 half bbls Lake Herring;
50 do White Fish;
25 do Lake Salmon;
25 do Lake Trout. For sale by ap15 J. B. CANFIELD.

FRENCH PAPERHANGINGS—FIRST IMPORTATION.—A small lot of Papers and Borders, just received. Gold being down, the price is not high. For sale by ap14 W. P. MARSHALL.

BUTTER.
4 half bbls Roll Butter;
10 boxes do;
25 kegs Packed do. For sale by ap15 J. P. CANFIELD.

LARD.—20 kegs Prime Lard, received and for sale by PETZER & ARMSTRONG, ap13 corner Market and first streets.

NOTICE TO IRON DEALERS.—15 tons Horse Shoe Iron in store, for sale low, to close the consignment. ap14 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

VALUABLE TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.—Two and a half miles from Hillside Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. ap14 S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 61 Market St.

HOMINY.—10 bbls choice Flint received and for sale by PETZER & ARMSTRONG, ap12 corner Market and First streets.

CHEESE.
100 boxes W. R. Cheese;
100 do Hamburg. For sale by ap15 J. B. CANFIELD.

BEANS.—25 bbls Prime White Beans, for sale by ap15 J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AMERICAN NAIL AND NAIL MACHINE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Capital.....$200,000.
6,000 SHARES, PAR VALUE $50.

President—HENRY THOMAS.
Treasurer—JOHN W. HALL.
Directors—HENRY THOMAS, Harrisburg; JOHN W. HALL, Harrisburg; G. A. WALMORE, Philadelphia; R. G. RISMAN, Baltimore; HENRY GILBERT, Harrisburg.
Bankers—ADAMS & LEVIS, Philadelphia.

The Subscription Book for the capital stock of this Company is now open at the Banking House of ADAMS & LEVIS, No. 305 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Persons wishing to make a profitable investment are respectfully invited to call on Messrs. ADAMS & LEVIS, who will give them further information, and will show them the Machines, now running and making nails.

The advantages we claim for our machines over any others in use are:

That they produce a more perfect nail, with a better head, and fewer imperfect nails.

That they effect a saving of not less than fifty per cent in the grinding of knives and dies.

And the machines being *self-feeding*, they effect a saving of from fifty to seventy-five per cent. in the labor of cutting of nails.

Parties feeling an interest and desiring to subscribe will please call and examine for themselves. apl7 e1

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VACANT LOTS IN THE EIGHTH WARD PITTSBURGH.—The undersigned, by order of the Orphan's Court, of Allegheny county, as guardian of the minor children of David Greer, dec'd, will offer at Public Sale, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, May 5th, 1865, at 3 o'clock P. M., the following vacant lots in the Eighth ward, City of Pittsburgh, viz: 2 lots on the corner of Magee and Forbes streets, 20 by 62 feet, being lots Nos 17 and 18 in said Greer's plan, recorded in Plan Book vol 1 page 173; 1 lot on Locust street, 25 by 156 feet, being lot No. 48 in said plan; 19 lots on Maria street, 20 by 81½ feet, being lots nr 92 to 100, and lot to 112 in said plan; 6 lots on Vickroy street, 25 by 81½ feet, being Nos. 120 to 124 in said plan; and 3 lots on the corner of Magee and Bluff streets, 20 by 100 feet, being Nos. 147, 148 and 149 in said plan; making altogether 35 lots. Some of these lots are very desirable as building sites, and others are very valuable for stone quarries. They will be sold separately or all together, and on easy terms of payment. J. W. F. WHITE, 106 Fifth st.

R. H. LECKY,
MANUFACTURER OF OIL TOOLS,
AND ALL THE FIXTURES USED IN
Sinking Oil and Salt Wells.
Particular attention is invited to his late improvements in JARS and JOINTS, which are offered as the best in the world. They are all made expressly for these tools. These tools are made to STANDARD SIZES, so that the Pins and Sockets of any one will agree with and fit those of any other set of his manufacture, bearing the same number. STEAM ENGINES and Machine Work made to order at his Shop, on OHIO STREET, near the corner of Beaver street, Allegheny City. Post-office box 17.
SAMSON POST IRONS, &c. No trouble to show goods. apl3dtamd

HALL'S SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days.
Dr. CAVANAGH'S INFALLIBLE PILE SALVE will cure the most obstinate case.
Dr. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, will cure Liver Complaint permanently.
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, for the cure of all Lung Affections.
THE LOMBARDIAN HAIR DRESSING, will restore Hair to its original color.
PALMER'S COSMETIC LOTION, will remove Pimples, Blotches, &c., from the skin.
LUBIN'S FLORILINE, for beautifying, preserving the hair.
Kept constantly on hand at the CENTRAL DRUG STORE, in the Market House, Allegheny. ap11 GEO. A. KELLY.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
PLUMBERS,
Gas and Steam Fitters.
DEALERS IN
BRASS WORK, PUMPS, TURIN-, and every variety of LEAD PIPE
WATER, GAS OR STEAM.
ap10

PROCLAMATION.—BY VIRTUE OF a resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils at their meeting on the 6th inst., I hereby give notice that an election in the 1st and 2d precincts of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, will be held on TUESDAY, the 25th day of the present month, to supply the place made vacant in the Common Council, by the death of Phillip Kelly. The qualified electors of said ward (1st and 2d precincts) will hereby take notice, that an election will be held on the day stated, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock, at the usual place of holding elections in the 2d precinct has been changed, the election will now be held at the School House on Chadwick street.
JOHN MORRISON, Mayor.
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 14, 1865.

EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, April 8th, 1865.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN IN ACCORDANCE with the Act of Assembly, entitled an Act enabling the Banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the Laws of the United States" that the Stockholders of the EXCHANGE BANK OF PITTSBURGH, at a general meeting this day, have voted in favor of becoming such an association, and that the consent of the owners of more than two-thirds of the shares has been obtained, as required by the laws of the United States.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
ap12-2td

STEEL & BAILEY, STOCK BROKERS, WILKINS HALL.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of stocks!

RATES OF COMMISSION:
On Stocks selling at $2 and under, 1½ per cent.
do. do. $2 and up to $12, 1 do.
do. do. $12 do. $50, 12 cts $ share
do. do. $50 and over, ½ of 1 per cent.
ap11

REMOVAL.—DAV. CRAWFORD, Commission Merchant in Pig Metals, Blooms, &c., has removed his office from No. 123 WATER ST. to CORNER OF WOOD and FIRST STREETS, over Peoples' National Bank. The Iron Commercial business carried on in all its branches. Cash advances made. Consignments solicited. ap7 Refers to the Iron Manufacturers of this city.

KNABE'S PIANOS,
PRINCE'S MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
the best in the world. For sale only by CHARLOTTE BLUME, ap15 43 Fifth street, Sole Agent.

STEAM DYEING AND SCOURING.
Having purchased the interest of Mr. John Elber, deceased, in the establishment at No. 69 Diamond Alley, I am prepared to accommodate the public in all the branches of the above named business, with neatness and dispatch. JOHN SMITH.
ap12wd

GENTLEMEN DESIRING BOARD, INGIN a
FIRST CLASS HOUSE,
can be accommodated either by the day or week, by calling at ap12wd No. 78 SECOND STREET.

REMOVAL.—We have this day removed from No. 6 Wood Street to No. 350 and 352 Penn Street, Scott's new building, opposite the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Freight Depot.
PATTERSON, AMMON & CO.
PITTSBURGH April 8th, 1865 ap12

EWING, WOOLSLAIR, REIMER & CO.
Real Estate Agency,
and dealers in OIL AND COAL LANDS in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Virginia.
Office No. 257 (2d floor) LIBERTY STREET, ap12md PITTSBURGH, PA.

NOTICE.
THE AUGUSTA OIL COMPANY
having sold its interest, have, by mutual consent, dissolved said Company from this date, April 8, 1865. Unfinished business will be settled at No. 63 WATER STREET. ap12wd.

FANCY GOODS,
BASKETS CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
in every variety, cheap at
J. G. LANER'S,
ap10 No. 101 Market St.

PETROLEUM.—100 barrels Crude for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
THUS SPEAKS OF THE
Wheeler & Wilson
Sewing Machine,
Which should be considered by those who desire to purchase the
BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.
We are having a great many inquiries for Sewing Machines from various parts of the country, and as we can not conveniently reply to them all by mail, we have thought it proper to state our opinion in regard to them in this public manner. We have used Wilson's patent, manufactured by the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, and we can say in regard to it, that it is without rival. It is simple, not easily put out of order, and, in point of effectiveness and finish, no other machine stands ahead of it. We state this much in regard to the excellent machine upon our own responsibility.
This Company have made and sold during the last three months, 10,625 machines, and are now producing and selling 150 per day. They vary in price from $60 to $150, the medium priced ones sell best. In their business there is over 1,000,000 invested, and they keep 1,000 men regularly employed manufacturing machines. The system pursued is the same as that adopted in the manufacture of arms; every piece is made to a gauge, and consequently the parts of any machine may be transposed with those of another machine of the same size; or should an accident occur, the broken part can immediately be replaced on application at the office.
Salesroom No. 27 Fifth St., Pittsburgh mh28tf

DEATH OF THE PRESIDENT.
NEAT AND APPROPRIATE
Mourning Badges,
TO COMMEMORATE THE
DEATH OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN,
With Portrait of the President,
FOR SALE AT
JOHN P. HUNT'S,
ap15 59 FIFTH STREET.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, Pa., No. 86 in Partition, No. 5 April Term, 1865.
James Denniston vs. Andrew Denniston; Trevanion M. Berlin and Jane M., his wife, late Jane M. Denniston, daughter of said Andrew; George Flading and Lydia, his wife, late Lydia Denniston, and daughter of said Andrew; George O. Denniston, son of said Andrew; James Atwell Denniston, son of said Andrew; Nancy E., daughter of said Andrew; Andrew J. Denniston, a minor son of said Andrew; Calvin L. Denniston, a minor son of said Andrew; Samuel Denniston, a minor son of said Andrew; Samuel Richards and Christiana Richards, late Christiana Denniston; George D. Richards, Martin L. Richards and Samuel J. Richards, sons of said Christiana Richards; Andrew Cousely and Nancy Jane, his wife, late Nancy Jane Richards, and daughter of said Christiana Richards; Susana Richards, widow of John M. Richards, dec'd, who was a son of said Christiana Richards; Catharine H. Denniston, Washington Kaufman and Nancy M., his wife, late Nancy M. Denniston; George D., William H., John A. and Samuel L. Kaufman, sons of said Nancy M. Kaufman; and Kate R., Nancy E., and Ella F., daughters of said Nancy M. Kaufman, all of whom, except said George D., are minors, and of whose estate Benjamin O. Bosworth, of Allegheny county is guardian; and William H., Joseph F. and John H. Denniston, sons of said James Denniston, component, of whom John H. is a minor, Defendants. Bill in Partition.
Be it remembered that on the 11th day of April, 1865, it is ordered by the Court that notice be given of the substance of said Bill, once a week for six successive weeks in the Pittsburgh *Gazette*, to all persons upon whom actual service cannot be given, according to law, by reason of their residing out of the counties of Allegheny and Mercer, Pennsylvania, and also by mailing to each of them a printed copy of said notice, directed to their present place of abode, when known, or to their last place of residence four weeks before the hearing in this case.
Pursuant to said rule said defendants are required to take notice that said Bill has been filed, praying the Court to make partition, among said parties, of all the Real Estate of said George Denniston, dec'd, being a piece of land in and adjoining East Liberty, Allegheny county, containing 14 acres, 1 rood, 5 hundred perches, a lot on Penn street Pittsburgh and a lot in Mercer, Mercer County; to which Bill the proportions to which it is claimed, each of said parties is entitled, under the laws will of George Denniston, are set forth; and that a subpœna has been issued in said case, returnable to the FIRST MONDAY OF APRIL next, commanding each of said defendants then to appear in said Court to answer the premises aforesaid, and the interrogatories annexed to said Bill, and to stand and abide the order and decree of said Court thereon.
JOHN H. STEWART, Sheriff.
E. BRADFORD TODD, No. 144 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.
GEO. F. GILLMORE, Pittsburgh.
Counsel for Complainant.
ap15-2w

ACCOUNT OF THE BOROUGH OF MONONGAHELA CITY, From April 7th, 1864, to April 7th, 1865:

Isaac Kelly, Collector:	
To amount Duplicate.....	$612 73
To Additional Tax.....	3 15
Cr.	$615 88
Jas. Kelly paid Treasurer.....	$546 29
Exonerations.....	4 00
Per centage.....	26 45
	$576 74
Dr.	$615 88
John D. Richards, Treasurer:	
To amount from former Treasurer.....	$ 50 16
" " " Isaac Kelly, Collector.	576 84
" Vehicle License.....	6 00
	$633 00
Cr.	
By amount paid.....	$ 63 14
" Per centage.....	14 24
" Balance in Treasury.....	557 50
	$633 00

JAMES McDOWELL, JAS. N. FRENCH, Auditors.
ap14md

GREAT REDUCTION
in price of
CARPETS.
Desiring to afford the public
An opportunity of purchasing goods at
POPULAR PRICES
Corresponding with the
Decline in Gold,
And the impending tumble
In Merchandise generally,
We have this day
Marked down prices,
Throughout our entire stock,
And offer the largest
And most complete assortment
Of new and choice patterns,
Brussels,
Velvets,
Two and Three Ply Ingrain,
Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c.,
At a reduction of
Twenty-five to Thirty-three and one-third per cent.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 FIFTH STREET,
Next door to Custom House and P. O.
mh21

PORTSMOUTH SIX CORD
SOFT FINISH
American Spool Cotton.
ALSO,
AMORY'S ENAMELED SPOOL COTTON
These threads are warranted of superior quality and guaranteed to measure 200 yards in length. Can be had in all colors and numbers.
Manufactured by the PORTSMOUTH STEAM FACTORY, and for sale by the trade generally.
CHARLES AMORY & CO.,
SELLING AGENTS,
56 Murray street, New York; 100 Devonshire street, Boston; 205 Church street, Philadelphia.
mh27 2moeod

IN THE MATTER of the account of S. J. in the Orphans' Court of Cuthbert, executor of Allegheny Co., No. 55, Nancy Burnside, dec'd, March Term, 1845.
And now, to wit, April 5th, 1865, Wm. G. Hawkins, Jr., Esq., is appointed Auditor to hear and determine the exceptions thereto and to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the accountant to and among the parties entitled to the same. BY THE COURT.
From the Record: WM. A. HERRON, Clerk.
The Auditor above named will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, at his office, Grant street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, April 29th, A. D. 1865 at 2 o'clock P. M.
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Auditor.
ap15-6tdaw

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Elisha P. Swift, D.D., dec'd, late of Allegheny City, Allegheny county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate are notified to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. ELLIOTT E. SWIFT, Adm'r.
ap8-6tdaw

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES
7-30 LOAN.
BY authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the
Seven-Thirty Loan,
These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into
U. S. 5-20 Six Per Cent
GOLD BEARING BONDS,
These bonds are worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its *exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. more*, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.
The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a			$50 note.
Two cents	"	"	" $100 "
Ten	"	"	" $500 "
20	"	"	" $1000 "
$1			$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is
THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET
now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the
Great Popular Loan of the People.
Less than $200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress remain in the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.
In order that the citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.
JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank, Pittsburgh.
Second " "
Third " "
Fourth " "
Citizen's " "
Farm'r & Mech'rs National Bank, Pittsburgh, Pa
Pittsburgh National Bank of Commerce,
Iron City " "
Tradesmans " "
Farmer's Deposit " "
Mechanics " "
Union " "
Allegheny " "
Peoples' " "
German " "
First " of Allegheny.
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THE GREAT PURIFIER.
HEMAPANAKA.
Since the introduction of medicine, the origin of disease has perhaps been the subject of more serious and scientific consideration by the most learned of the profession than any other connected with the laws of the Great Creator; not a few have contended that all diseases have their origin in the stomach; others that the solids of the body; others again, and by far the greatest number, contend and reason that the BLOOD itself is the very fountain of life—that if it becomes impure, then disease in its worst forms—Scrofula, Cancer, Ulcers, &c., appear. And indeed, experience is treating this class of diseases by *purifying* the blood and thereby effecting their eradication and cure, prove this to be the correct theory: acting upon which theory, the medicine now known as HEMAPANAKA, was composed and introduced into practice, producing the most gratifying results.
We need not enumerate such a mastery over SCROFULA, ULCERATIONS, PIMPLES on THE FACE, TETTER, SALT RHEUM, LIVER COMPLAINT, LOSS OF APPETITE, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, GENERAL DEBILITY, &c., &c., &c.
as to give, from the time it is first taken, encouragement to the patient, by making both seen and felt, the good it is about to accomplish. It was thought best to put it up in bottles at 50c. and $1.00 each,—as many persons are disposed to try an article but are often deterred at the expense,—so the trial here can be made at a moderate outlay, and satisfy the purchaser that the article is what it is claimed for it to be, viz: the greatest BLOOD OVER ever brought before the people. Delicate Females will find in it the medicine they need.
That the public may form some idea of its peculiar curative merits, we subjoin a list of the principal articles of which it is composed, with a short description of the uses and adaptation of each, taken from the highest authority known to medical science.

HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA
Is used with a beneficial effect in cases of Rheumatism, Scrofulous Affections, Cutaneous Diseases and other depraved conditions of health.

DANDELION
Is tonic, diuretic, and aperient. It has a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when languid, to secretion. It has been much used in Germany in diseases of the digestive organs.

IODIDE POTASSIUM.
There are few diseases in which it has not proved beneficial; it is used in Scrofulous Affections with great benefit; it has also been used with much success in treatment for Inflammation of the Eye. It generally increases the appetite and flesh.

LAVENDER FLOWERS
Are aromatic, tonic, and highly invigorating in cases of Nervous Debility.

WINTER GREEN
Is especially valuable in cases of Scrofula and Rheumatism.

CHAMOMILE FLOWERS
Are advantageously used in cases of Enfeebled Digestion, but are especially applicable to cases of General Debility with weak appetite.

MEZEREON BARK.
It acts favorably as an alterative in Chronic Affections, Chronic Rheumatism and obstinate Diseases of the Skin.
* * * * * * *
The balance of the formula is withheld as a protection against fraud.
For sale by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
COR. SMITHFIELD & FOURTH STS.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Ask your intelligent Physician his opinion of the above receipe. de1-3moeod.

HEWITT'S
POLYTRICUM
FOR THE HAIR.
The best and cheapest HAIR DRESSING AND RESTORATIVE in the market. Prep