WANTS.

WANTED—To drill from

TWO TO FOUR WELLS,

By practical drillers. Address, mh13tf&d "DRILLER," GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—A good OIL REFINER to go to Philadelphia, and take charge of a small works. Apply, for four days, to

W. P. LOGAN,
No. 1 St. Clair street.

WANTED—A SECOND STORY ROOM, with board for man and wife in a respectable private family. References exchanged. Address, "S—B," BOX 176, mh13tf Pittsburgh Post Office.

FOR SALE—OR RENT.

FOR SALE—OIL TERRITORY.—Capitalists wishing to invest, can learn of an excellent opportunity by addressing R. B. H., s. Va. Price, $25,000. mh13tf Location opposite Parkersburg.

FOR SALE.—$800 will purchase a neat Cottage House, good stable, pump, large garden, with two acres of ground. Well suited for a physician, as a large practice is already established. Situated in Snowden Tp., on Peter's Creek. Apply to E. McLAIN & CO. [mh11]

FOR SALE.—That splendid mansion on the Second Bank, Allegheny City, late the residence of Rev. Charles Avery, dec'd. Also beautiful building lots fronting on the Canal and Library street. Enquire of WM. M. SHINN, mh8]tf&d 161 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.—A first rate second hand UPRIGHT ENGINE, with boiler and all in good order. Cylinder 5½ diameter, by 18 inch stroke. Will be sold cheap if applied for immediately. It is the size for oil wells. Enquire at my shop, corner Beaver street and Gay alley, Allegheny city, where it can be seen.

R. H. LECKY.

FOR SALE.

GOOD THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE,

No 83 Cory street, Allegheny, containing seven rooms.

Enquire on premises, "GLEEK," 26 Pennsylvania. mh13-3td

FOR SALE—THE BANK EXCHANGE on Third street, suitable for a hotel, a large boarding house, manufactory, or warehouse, opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh, being forty (40) feet on Third street, running half way through to Second street. Will be sold at a bargain by applying to S. CUNNINGHAM & SONS, Market street, or S. McCLEAN, Jr., at the banking house of Robinson, McClean & Co., 75 Fourth street. mh8

FOR SALE.

FOUR FINE DWELLING HOUSES,

of seven and eight rooms; cold and hot water, and gas, bath room, in good repair. Situate on Montgomery Avenue, North Commons, between Federal and Sandusky street, Allegheny. Enquire of JAMES MILLER, corner of Sandusky street and Montgomery Avenue. mh11wood

FOR SALE.

Two Brick Houses,

One of Four and the other of Six Rooms; No. 8 Scott and No. 145 Elm street, 6th ward.

For further particulars enquire of

ISAAC STEWART,
mh8tf At Phelps, Park & Co.'s, Manchester.

FOR SALE—FOURTH WARD ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY.—We are authorized to sell the lot situated on the east side of Goodrich street, at its intersection with the Pennsylvania Canal, in the Fourth Ward, Allegheny City, on which there are four brick houses, two of which are three story, containing five rooms each, and two are two story, containing four rooms each. Will be sold cheap or traded for good oil stock.

JOS. STEEL & BAILEY, Wilkins Hall.

FOR SALE.—Near Cottage House of eight rooms, with a large and well improved lot of land, fronting on South Avenue and running through to Rebecca street, Allegheny, on line of street cars; gas and water in the house; fruit trees of choice and shrubbery in abundance. A most desirable location, within five minutes of business, and yet almost in the country.

Possession given at any time. For terms and particulars address, SOUTH AVENUE, at our Post Office, or enquire at the GAZETTE OFFICE. mh8tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—One acre on the Ohio River, two minutes walk from Sewickley. House of six rooms and good basement, ice house, wash house, carriage house and stables. Fruit trees and small fruits in abundance. Price $6,000.

Five thousand more in Manchester, Pittsburgh, one mile from Allegheny. Cottage house, with basement and seven rooms; 1 acre of grapes in bearing; the balance in apples, peaches, cherries, plums, and a variety of small fruits. Enquire of J. T. SAMPLE, Real Estate Broker, mh8 No. 1 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN ALLEGHENY CITY.—The undersigned offer for sale the property where Mrs. FORD now lives, on Pastures lane, Allegheny, adjoining the property of John Taggart. It has a front of about 200 feet on Pastures lane and extends back about 600 feet. It is a part of John Clifton's plan of Mount Hall, of record in Plan Book vol. 1, page 14, and embraces 39 lots of 25 feet each, being lots numbered 6 to 21. It has a comfortable frame house, and the grounds are planted with good fruit trees, &c. It is finely shaded and a desirable building site. Improved as a whole, it would make a delightful residence. It is offered for sale as a whole, or in small size lots to suit purchasers, and the terms of payment will be made easy. Possession can be given on the first of April next.

W. W. P. WHITE,
mh14tf 108 Fifth st.

FOR SALE.

THAT DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE

Known as MOUNT HOPE, at Woods Run, (now occupied by Mr. Wm. F. Eccles) the former residence of Wm. Lecky, deceased. Brick House of 11 rooms and cellar, well and cistern; large barn, &c.; fruit trees of all kinds, grapes, &c. FIFTEEN acres of land, embracing a fine quarry site, splendid views of the Ohio River, Railways, Manchester, Sligo; at the terminus of the Manchester Street Railway and Woods' Run Station Plts. Ft. W. & C. R. R.; only 15 minutes ride by the latter from Federal st. Station. Further particulars and terms may be had of the undersigned or any day from 7 to 8 o'clock, at his machine shop, or Wheeler st., opposite our Orphan Asylum, Allegheny City, or at the premises, at his house at Woods' Run.

ROBERT H. LECKY.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON THE EIGHTH WARD.—The undersigned as Guardian of the children of David Greer, dec'd, offer for sale the following vacant lots in the Eighth ward, City of Pittsburgh, viz: 2 lots on the corner of Main and Forbes streets, 20 by 87 feet, being lots Nos. 17 and 18 in said Greer's plan, recorded in Deed Book, vol. 270, p. 152; 1 lot on Forbes street, 20 by 81½ feet, being lot No. 48 in said plan; 19 lots on Main street, 20 by 81½ feet, being lots 83 to 100, and lot No. 118 in said plan; 2 lots on Tussey street, 20 by 81½ feet, being Nos. 129 to 136 in said plan, and 2 lots on the corner of Negley and Rush streets, 20 by 120 feet, being Nos. 147, 148 and 149 in said plan; making altogether 26 lots. Some of these lots are very valuable building sites, and others are very valuable for stone quarries. They will be sold separately or all together, and on easy terms of payment.

J. W. WHITE,
ja16tf 108 Fifth st.

FOR SALE.—VERNER STATION.—TAVERN AND BUSINESS STAND.—A tavern and business stand, situate at the above Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, ten miles from the city, is now offered for sale. The tavern and store are frame, containing 11 rooms, 2 large cellars, stabling for six horses, with other outbuildings, and small out lot of [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
FIFTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.
LESSEE AND MANAGER..... WM. HENDERSON.

The Great Moral Temperance Drama.

TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.

TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.

THIS EVENING, will be presented the Great Moral Temperance Drama in four acts, from Arthur's popular story, entitled

TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.

With a powerful cast.

To conclude with

MR. AND MRS. PETER WHITE.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE.
FEDERAL STREET, NEAR ST. CLAIR.
W. D. SMYTHE..... Lessee and Manager.
COMMENCE at 8 O'CLOCK.

Brilliant success of the beautiful

MDLLE. MARIETTA RAVEL.

First week of the following well-known artistes,

Mrs. FRANK DREW,
Miss LOUISE ELLMORE,
Mr. BEN. WHEELER,
LA BELLE JENNIE.

Great hit of

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.

Johnny Hart..... as ..... Topsy.
First time of the laughable farce of

OUR GAL.

Mrs. Drew..... as ..... Caroline Morton.

CONCERT HALL.

THE FIRST GRAND CONCERT

By the N. Y. Jewelers' Association,

will commence at the above Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, March 13th, and be continued every evening during the week. Some of the best talent in the country is engaged, and a fine programme will be presented.

The Depot, 52 Fifth street, is open for the sale of tickets, and distribution of presents.

Doors open at half past seven; concert will commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

J. W. ELIAS, Manager.

ENGLISH OPERA AT MASONIC HALL!

Directors.....Messrs. Campbell & Castle.
Manager.....Mr. Frank Rivers.
Stage Manager.....Mr. J. M. Weston.
Musical Conductor.....Prof. W. G. Dietrich.

LAST WEEK OF

Campbell & Castle's English Opera Troupe,

MISS FANNY STOCKTON,

Prima Donna Soprano; Miss Georgie Fowler, Contralto; Mr. William Castle, Primo Tenore; Mr. S. C. Campbell, Primo Baritone; Mr Edward Seguin, Baritone, together with a full chorus and powerful orchestra.

TUESDAY EVENING, March 14, 1865, will be performed for the first time here, the new and splendid Grand Opera, in three Acts, composed by M. W. Balfe, Esq., author of the "Bohemian Girl," &c., and entitled the

ROSE OF CASTILLE.

Don Sebastin, Prince of Castile, distinguished as Manuel a Mulateer, Mr. Wm. Castle; Don Pedro, Mr. S. C. Campbell; Don Florist, Don Sabini, Conspirators, Mr. E. Seguin, Mr. Walter Birch; Pablo, Master of Pesado, Mr. W. W. Staats; Guzman, Gentleman in Waiting; Mr. Oliver; Elvira, Queen of Castile, distinguished as Jaquita, Peasant Girl—the Rose of Castile—Miss Fanny Stockton; Donna Carmen, a favorite Maid of Honor, disguised as Pequita, a Peasant Boy, Miss Georgie Fowler; Donna Beatrice, the Governess, Mrs. Besley. Lords, Ladies, Peasants, &c., by the Chorus, Corps de Ballet, and numerous auxiliaries.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—To accommodate all classes, seats to a portion of the Hall will be FIFTY CENTS. Reserved Seats $1.

Reserved Seats can be secured without extra charge at the Music Store of C. C. Mellor, No. 85 Wood street. Doors open at 7 o'clock. The overture will commence at a quarter before 8 o'clock. Books of the Opera for sale at the door.

mh13wd W. H. HOUGH, Business Agent.

PIANOS, MUSIC, &c.

NONE CAN COMPARE WITH THE

Chickering Pianos

FOR

Power and Sweetness of Tone,
Promptitude of Touch,
Durability of Construction,
and Elegance of Finish.

OVER 28,000 PIANOS HAVE BEEN MADE

And Sold by This Firm.

Thalberg, Gottschalk, Wehli, Hoffman, Barstai, Dressel, &c., &c.,

Say they are the Best.

☞ New lot just received.

CHARLES C. MELLOR,
No. 85 Wood street,
mh11 Sole Agent for Chickering & Sons.

PIANOS AND AMERICAN ORGANS,

BRADBURY, New York.
SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia,
and BOARDMAN & GRAY,

PIANOS,

S. D. & H. W. Smiths' American Organ,

WITH PATENT TREMOLO ATTACHEMENT.

Just received a new lot of the above celebrated instruments, together with

GOOD CHEAP PIANOS

from other manufactures. All warranted for five years.

WAMELINK & BARR,
mh10 No. 19 ST. CLAIR STREET.

THE PUBLIC AND PROFESSION are respectfully invited to call and inspect the large and splendid assortment of the

CELEBRATED KNABE PIANOS

now on hand. Each Piano guaranteed for eight years. CHARLOTTE BLUME.
45 Fifth street.

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Raine's Brother Pianos, and Grape & Kindts Pianos; also Palmer's Automatic Organs. mh11

HOFFMAN, HORNE & CO.,
58 FIFTH STREET,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Decker's Pianos.
☞ Best Pianos in America. mh10

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

NEW

CARPETS

AT POPULAR PRICES.

Wilton and Velvet;
Best Ten and Three Ply Ingrain.
Wall Sconces and Oil Cloths, from 2 to 24 feet Wide.
Muslin, Paper, Holland and Venitian Window Shades.

We are just opening our SPRING STOCK, comprising the newest and choicest Patterns in the market, at a

REDUCTION IN PRICE

OF

Seventy-five cents to $1 per Yard,

from prices of last year.

Any goods sold that fail to give satisfaction will be taken back and the money refunded.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 FIFTH STREET,
mh1 Next door to Custom House and P. O.

ENTERPRISE MILLS.

ATWOOD, RALSTON & CO.,

Manufacturers and Commission Merchants,

CARPETINGS,

Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c.

No. 619 CHESTNUT STREET,

ja23-3m PHILADELPHIA.

DIVIDENDS.

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY,
March 11, 1865.

THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Monongahela River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, which will be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the Banking House of W. Holmes & Sons, on and after the 13th inst.

mh11wd W. HOLMES, President.

PITTSBURGH, March 4, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend No. 10, of TWELVE (12) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable on WEDNESDAY, the 15th inst.

mh8wd R. WESTERVELT, Secretary.

LINCOLN OIL AND MINING COMPANY.—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, on and after the 15th inst., at their office, No. 4 Hand street.

mh11th ROBERT WEAY, Jr., Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL for the rapid cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other expectorant is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten. We can only assure the public that its quality is carefully kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all that it has ever done.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent persons have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of our remedies, but since these will not permit the insertion of them. The agents below named furnish gratis our American Almanac in which they are given; with also full directions of the complaints they cure.

Those who require an alterative medicine to purify the blood will find AYER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA a remedy to use. Try it once, and you will know its value.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT CIRCULAR SAWS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Muley, Cross Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, such as Sheet Cast Steel; Extra Relined REAPER AND MOWER KNIVES, &c., &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Saw Works, Petrolithing, Gumming and Straightening Circular Saws; Repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. mh8-3m

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

Copper Mill and Smelting Works,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' & BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPALTER SOLDER, Tin, Copper, and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, &c.

Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 80 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

my28-1yd&wT.

☞ WM. BARNHILL, & CO.,

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. CHIMNEYS, BRIGHEN, TEE IRONS, SMOKE PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, BOILER PLATE PUNCHING, SUGAR PANS, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS. Repairing done on the shortest notice.

GEORGE REITER..... W. D. SHELER..... J. F. HOLLAND

☞ LA BELLE STEEL WORKS.

REITER & CO.,

(Successors to REITER, HARTMAN & CO.,)

Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; SPRING, PLOW AND SHOVEL STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROWBARS, &c.

Works, FIRST WARD, Allegheny. Post Office address, PITTSBURGH. jan19

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO., (successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)

Washington Works,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH, Manufacturers of BOLT AND NUT MACHINERY, STEAM ENGINES, LAST ENGINES, MILL GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, SCREW PROPELLERS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Sole agents for ROBERTS PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

☞ TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman having been cured of NERVOUS DEBILITY, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular practice and ineffectual treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to make known to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, free, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to DR. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, New York. mh8-3m&d&wT

☞ JOHN COCHRAN & SON, Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND SAFE DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., No. 115 SECOND and 86 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, Pittsburgh. Warehouse, No. 3 Wall street, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. au2

☞ DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.—PULMONARY AND THROAT DISEASES.—new and reliable treatment—its reports of the Doctor's success in the United States and Europe, sent free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia.

mh28-1y

☞ HENRY H. COLLINS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, and wholesale dealer in CHEESE, BUTTER, NEEDS, FISH, and produce generally, No. 4 WOOD STREET Pittsburgh. 8ot

DISSOLUTIONS, &c.

HAVING DISPOSED OF MY NURSERIES AND GREENHOUSES to my sons I cheerfully recommend them to my friends and customers. They are authorized to settle all outstanding accounts. JOHN MURDOCH.

JOHN MURDOCH, Jr.,
PITTSBURGH NURSERY, March, 1865.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

(Successors to John Murdoch, Jr.,)

NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Offer for sale 150,000 first class Apple Trees of fifty varieties, at $18 00 per 100. Also a very large stock of—

PEAR, (standard and dwarf.)
CHERRY,
PLUM,
PEACH,
DWARF APPLE,
ORNAMENTAL TREES,
Shrubs, Evergreens, Greenhouse and Bedding Plants.

☞ Dealers and Landscape Gardeners supplied at reduced rates. mh7-3apld

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of CRUMPTON & CO., for the manufacture of Silver Pearl and other Soaps, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

SAMUEL M. KIER,
JOHN O. CRUMPTON
JOHN FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 5th, 1864.

WM. KENNEDY..... S. M. KIER

WM. KENNEDY & CO.,

(Successors to CRUMPTON & CO.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

Silver Pearl and Superior Rosin Soaps,

207 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

de17-1yd

COPARTNERSHIP.

We have associated with us in the flour, grain and general produce business, JAMES JOHNSON and JOHN SCHLAIN, partners in dating FEBRUARY 1st, under the name of Patterson, Ammon & Co. W. D. PATTERSON,
fe8-6t ADAM AMMON.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—We have associated JAMES E. BREADING & RUSSELL DALZELL & CO., Venango Iron Works.
FEBRUARY 14th, 1865. fe15-1m

BOOKS, ALBUMS, &c

A NEW BOOK BY M. GUIZOT.

Meditations on the Essence of Christianity and on the Religious Questions of the day..... $1,75

Lange's Commentary on Matthew, critical, homiletical and doctrinal..... 4,50

Nast's Commentary on Matthew and Mark, critical, homiletical and doctrinal..... 4,50

Life and Epistles of St. Paul, by Conybeare & Howson..... 7,50

The Colorslist, with an introduction, by H.E. Dawson..... 2,75

The Origin and History of the English Language and the Early Literature that it Embodies, by G. P. Marsh..... 4,50

Lectures on the English Language, by G.P. Marsh..... 4,50

From Eden to Bethabara, by J. F. Newman, D.D., with Map and Engravings; a good accompaniment for the Land and the Book..... 1,75

Lessons for Every Sunday in the Year. 2 series. Altered from the Allegorical.....

Neander's Planting and Training of the Churches by the Apostles.....

J. L. READ,
fe9 75 Fourth Street.

NEW BOOKS.—SMITH'S HISTORY OF THE WORLD, from the earliest records to the present time; vol. 1st; ancient. Price $3 50.

Elliott's Commentary on Pastoral Epistles $2 50.

Martineau's History of England; 2 vols. $6 00.

The Patriots Speaker. $2 50.

The American Boy's Book. New edition. $2 50.

The Art of Sugar Boiling: A Book for Confectioners. $2 00.

Practical Work Shop Companion: for Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Plate Workers. $1 50.

Tables Showing the Weight of Different Lengths of Round, Square, and Flat Bar Iron, Steel, &c. 50 cents.

Josephus. 4 vols; new edition. $6 00.

Tracy's Principles of Social Science; new edition; 2 vols. $3 00.

Muller's Science of Language. 2d vol. $2 50.

do. do. do. 1st vol. $2 00.

Autobiography of Dr. Lyman Beecher. 2 vols. $2 50.

The Jubilad. $1 50.

DAVIS, CLARKE & CO.,
52 Wood street.

J. G. LANER,

No. 101 Market Street,

Wholesale and Retail dealer in every variety of FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, TOYS, BASKETS, &c., &c. mh8

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 14, 1865.

GAZETTE ADVERTISING RATES.

STANDING MATTER.

Space	Daily 1 insert.	Daily 3 days	Daily 1 week	3 times a week. 1 week	3 times a week. 2 weeks	Once a week 1 month	Once a week 3 months
One inch	$ 75	$ 2 00	$ 3	$	$	$ 6	$ 15
Two inches	1 25	3 00	5			10	25
Three inches	1 50	4 25	7			14	35
Four inches	2 00	5 50	9			18	45
One column	6 00	16 00	25	15	25	50	125
Two inches	1 25	3 00	5	3 00	4 00	8 00	20 00
Three inches	1 50	4 25	7	3 75	5 00	10 00	25 00
Four inches	2 00	5 50	9	4 50	6 00	12 00	30 00
One column	6 00	16 00	25	8 00	12 00	24 00	60 00
Two inches	10 00	28 00	45	10 50	15 00	30 00	75 00
One Year	30 00	85 00	135	45 00	60 00	120 00	300 00

Business Notices inserted in the Local Column one time each week, $1 per line. Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents each insertion. All larger advertisements in exact proportion.

For one square, or space of one inch in length, one time each week, $1. Each subsequent insertion, 50 cents.

	Daily 1 week	Daily 1 month	3 times a week. 1 month	3 times a week. 3 months	Weekly 1 month	Weekly 3 months
One inch	$ 2 50	$ 8 00	$ 6 00	$ 15 00	$ 4 00	$ 10 00
Two inches	4 50	15 00	11 00	30 00	8 00	20 00
Three inches	6 50	20 00	15 00	40 00	12 00	30 00
Four inches	8 50	25 00	20 00	50 00	16 00	40 00

Special Notices, before Marriages and Deaths..... $ 50
Marriages and Deaths..... 75
Steamboat and Railroad Excursions, per trip..... 2 00
Excursions to Administration Picnics..... 2 75
Sales of Horses, under five years old..... 1 50
Do. in Local columns..... 25

Governor Curtin and the Mode of Determining Quotas—Opinion of the Attorney General.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, Feb. 2, 1865.—

In reply to your letter of the 28th of January, you ask my opinion on the legal points presented in the letter of Governor A. G. Curtin, to you, of date the 25th of January.

Governor Curtin's letter is in relation to the construction of the Act of Congress, approved 3d of March, 1865, commonly called the Enrollment Act. He insists—

1st. That the words "period of service," since the commencement of the rebellion, as used in the 13th section of the Act, do not require the President, in assigning the quotas to the several States, to take into consideration the whole term of enlistment of the volunteer and militia man; and

2d. That that part of the Act of the 3d of March, 1863, which makes the period of service an element in the calculation necessary to determine the number of men due from a State, district, county, or town, has been repealed by the 3d section of the Act amendatory of the Enrollment Act, approved 24th of February, 1864.

It will be more convenient to consider these questions in the reverse order, inasmuch as if it shall be found that the 2d repeal has been made, as contended for, the first point made by the Governor need not be considered.

The great objects of the Enrollment Act are:

1st. To declare who shall constitute the national forces; and

2d. To organize a plan by which the national forces can be made available.

Subordinate to the purpose of raising and organizing the national forces, the plan adopted by Congress shows a desire that the draft upon the industrial population of the several States, and the communities thereof, should be equalized as nearly as practicable.

By the 4th section of the Act of the 3d of March, 1863, the United States is divided into districts, in each of which the District of Columbia shall constitute one, each Territory of the United States shall constitute one or more, as the President shall direct, and each Congressional District of the respective States, as fixed by a law of the State next preceding the enrollment, shall constitute one. The 5th section provides, that there shall be a Board of Enrollment in each District, by the 5th section, it is provided, that if the Board of Enrollment shall deem it necessary, a District may be divided into two, and, with the assent of the Secretary of War, into any greater number of sub-divisions.

By this last section, it is made the duty of the President, in assigning to the several districts the number of men to be furnished therefrom, to take into consideration the number of volunteers and militia furnished by and from the several States and districts, or parts of districts, as fixed by the 4th section, and the period of their service since the commencement of the present rebellion; and shall so make said assignments as to equalize the numbers among the Districts of the several States, considering and allowing for the numbers already furnished as aforesaid, and the time of their service.

It is evident, from the face of this act, that the several States and Districts are furnished a number of volunteers and militia, and for periods of service. The first duty of the President was to have the national forces enrolled; his next duty was to ascertain what number of volunteers and militia had been furnished from the several States, and the periods of their service since the commencement of the present rebellion; and then, from what Districts in the several States they came, that he might equalize the numbers among the districts of the several States, considering and allowing for the numbers already furnished, and the time of their service. Under the act of the 3d March, 1863, he had no right and power to cut up a District into counties, townships, precincts or wards, in order to equalize the draft therein. The authority given in the 6th section to sub-divide a District was for the purpose of facilitating or expediting the enrollment, and with no reference to equalization. It might, and doubtless did happen in many districts, that one subdivided portion of a District, as a county, township or ward, had furnished greatly more than the number due therefrom, whilst other parts of the same District, equally well defined, had furnished few or none. Hereby making a draft upon the District necessary; and by the 6th of the Act, it was not in the power of the President to make the draft otherwise than equal over the whole District. There was unjust and oppressive. In order to correct this flagrant inequality and injustice, Congress, by the 3d section of the Act of 24th of February, 1864, and which is an amendment of the Act of 3d March, 1863, declared that the quota of each ward of a city, town, township, precinct or election district, or of a county, where the county is not divided into wards, towns, townships, precincts, or election districts, shall be, as nearly as possible, in proportion to the number of men resident therein liable to military service, taking into account as far as practicable, the number which has been previously furnished therefrom.

It is earnestly insisted, and most ingeniously argued, that this 3d section of the amended Act repeals so much of the 13th section of the Act of the 3d of March, 1863, as makes it the duty of the President to take into consideration the period of service of the volunteers and militia from the several States. The argument in favor of the repeal rests wholly upon the words of the amendatory Act—"the number which has been previously furnished therefrom." It is insisted that "number," as here used, means an arithmetical count. I cannot so understand it.

The Act of the 3d March, 1863, had prescribed a mode by which the number of men due from the several States, and the Districts of the several States, should be ascertained; and that mode required, not a simple count, but a consideration of the period of service of men previously furnished. Congress used the word *number* in the 3d section of the amendatory Act, understanding that the mode of count prescribed in the original Act would be preserved.

There are many collateral evidences upon the face of the amendatory Act which show that it was not the intention of Congress to change the mode of count prescribed in the original act.

The amended Act does not undertake to say how the quota of a State or District is to be ascertained. In ascertaining what number is due from a State or District the President must pursue the mode prescribed in the 13th section of the original Act—he must take into consideration the period of service; and yet, under the construction insisted upon, when he comes to equalize the Districts, as authorized to do by the amended act, in the Districts, he must be controlled by simple numbers. It cannot be that Congress intended one mode of count for the States and Districts, and a different and wholly inconsistent one for the sub-divisions of Districts. Inextricable confusion would result.

From the language used in various parts of the amendatory act, it is evident that Congress did not intend to disturb the mode of count prescribed in the original act. For instance, in the 5th section of the amendatory act, it is said that the town, ward, or township, shall be credited by his services, and in the 7th section, "the period for which he shall have been enlisted," and "the period for which he shall have been drafted," all going to show that time of service was held to be an element in the count.

Nor do I think of the argument in favor of the repeal is aided by the language of the 1st section of the act, entitled "An act further to regulate and provide for the calling out of the national forces," approved 4th of July, 1864. The act says, that "any such volunteer, or in case of draft, as hereinafter provided, any substitute shall be credited to the town," &c. Congress meant that the credit should be given according to the mode of count prescribed in the act of 3d March, 1863.

The whole purpose of the 2d section of the amendatory act was to enable the President to equalize the draft in the several districts, and not to have one mode of count in ascertaining the quotas of the several states and districts, and another mode for equalizing the districts. Besides, it is hardly to be considered that Congress would thus incidentally strike from so important a subject a feature so prominent and equitable.

I am, therefore, of the opinion that the mode of ascertaining and assigning to States and districts their respective quotas, as prescribed in the 13th section of the act of the 3d March, 1863, is not repealed, and that the same mode must be pursued in equalizing the draft among the subdivisions of each district.

Next comes the question, what is the mode of count prescribed in the 13th section of the act of March 3d, 1863?

It is very plain that Congress regarded that a consideration of the period of service would change the rule from a merely numerical count. Some regiments were in the service for three years, others for one year, and others for nine months. Congress had fixed various periods of service, and drafts and discretions or fractions of fractions, had furnished men for these periods of service. Now how is the credit to be given?

Before proceeding to answer the question, it may be proper to state, that it is insisted that the words "period of time" and "time of service," as used in the 13th section of the act of March 3d 1863, mean something different from *term of service*. It seems to me that the phrases mean one and the same thing. When the word *term* is used in reference to time, it is, according to the lexicographers, very nearly the synonym of *period*. The differences between them, if any, is but uncertain and shadowy to believe that Congress meant by the use of one, something different from what is understood by the other. But if the words *period* and *term*, both occur in other parts of the acts now under consideration, and in the 13th section of the act of 1863, the term of service is spoken of, and the term of enlistment, whilst in the 7th section of the amended act, it is the period for which he shall have enlisted, and the period for which he shall have been drafted. Thus it will be perceived that upon the very face of these acts, Congress has used these words as meaning the same thing. It happens, too, in the act, that neither word may be used and yet the same idea is intended, as in the 8th section of the amended act, where the assignment is shall be credited by his services." Regarding, then, "period of service," and "term of service," as meaning the same thing, any argument predicated upon a difference must be disregarded. And thus we are brought back to the question, how is the credit to be given? Must the credit be for the time of actual service, or the period of enlistment.

I think that Congress intended by the words "period of service," to give credit for the time of his enlistment. When a man enlists in the service of the Government for one, two, or three years, his services are due to the Government for that period, and during that period his services are withdrawn from the industrial pursuits of life. The act speaks as though there was a certain and fixed period for the services of each man, and yet, if any period or time is taken, other than the term of enlistment, by some system of averages, or guesses, a rule must be fixed. To do so would violate the certainty contemplated by the act.

I am, therefore, of the opinion that the President must, under the act, give credit by the whole period or term for which the man enlisted.

Whether this is the rule which should have been adopted by Congress, whether it does not operate unequally, and whether it is exactly just or not, are questions that cannot now be considered. It is familiar to all that special cases of hardship will occur by the application of any general rule, nevertheless the law, as written, must be pursued and enforced. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES SPEED,
Attorney General.

To the President.

Amended Enrollment Law.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S OFFICER,
Washington, D. C., March 8, 1865.

Circular No. 5.—The following act of Congress is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

"*An Act to amend the several Acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes.*

* * * * * * *

SECTION XIII. *And be it further enacted*, That where any revised enrollment in any Congressional or draft district has been obtained, or made, prior to any actual drawing of names from the enrollment lists, the quota of such district may be adjusted and apportioned to such revised enrollment instead of being applied to or based upon the enrollment as it may have stood before the revision.

SECTION XIV. *And be it further enacted*, That hereafter any person who has been enrolled in the militia or naval service, whether as volunteers, substitutes, representatives, or other wise, shall be credited to the State, and to the ward, township, precinct, or other enrollment sub-district, where such persons belong by actual residence, (if such persons have an actual residence within the United States,) and where such persons were or shall be enrolled, (if liable to enrollment,) and it is hereby made the duty of the Provost Marshal General to make such rules and give such instructions to the several Provost Marshals, Boards of Enrollment, and Mustering Officers, as shall be necessary for the faithful enforcement of the provisions of this section, to the end that fair and just credit shall be given to every section of the country: *Provided*, That in any call for troops hereafter no county, township, ward, precinct, or election district, shall have credit except for men actually furnished on said call, or the preceding call, by said county, town, township, ward, precinct, or election district, and mustered into the military service on said call.

SECTION XV. *And be it further enacted*, That in computing quotas hereafter credit shall be given to the several States, districts and sub districts, for all men furnished from them, respectively, and not heretofore credited, during the present rebellion, for any period of service of not less than three months, calculating the number of days for which such service was furnished, and reducing the same to years: *Provided*, That such credits shall not be applied to the call for additional troops made by the President on the nineteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

SECTION XVI. *And be it further enacted*, That persons who have become [illegible] entered, drafted, under the provisions of the several acts to which this is an amendment, for the term of one year, and who have actually furnished, or may actually furnish, acceptable substitutes (not liable to draft) for the term of three years, shall be exempt from military duty during the time for which such substitutes shall not be liable to draft, not exceeding the term of three years; and such substitutes shall have been mustered into the service, anything in the act of February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECTION XVII. *And be it further enacted*, That any recruiting agent, substitute broker, or other person who, for pay or profit, shall enlist, or cause to be enlisted, as a volunteer or substitute, any insane person, or convict, or person under indictment for a felony, or who is held to bail to answer for a felony, or person in a condition of intoxication, or a deserter from the military or naval service, or any minor between the ages of sixteen and eighteen years, without the consent of his parents or guardian, or any minor under the age of sixteen years, knowing him to be either of these classes, shall, in either case before mentioned