The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1865.

ROBINSON, McLEAN & CO.,

Bankers & Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth St., Pittsburgh.

Deposits received in PAR FUNDS and CURRENCY.

Collections made in all parts of the United States.

Buy and sell at market rates:

U. S. 6 per cent. 1881, Bonds;
U. S. 5-20 do.;
U. S. 5 per cent. 10-40 do.;
U. S. 6 per cent. Certificates Indebtedness;
New U. S. 7-30 Treasury Notes.

They also BUY and SELL ON COMMISSION at the New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Boards, all kinds of Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, &c., &c. ja25

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

BROKER'S AND BANKERS' BOARD.

(CORRECTED BY ROBINSON, McLEAN & CO.)

THURSDAY, February 2, 1865.

	Offd.	Sales	Askd.
Connellsville, Co's	60,00	—	62,50
Steubenville Coal's Scrip	—	—	25,00
Allegheny Gas Co	—	—	37,25
Monongahela Navigation	—	—	46,00
Connellsville	11,25	—	12,50
do Interest	12,00	—	12,50
Steubenville	—	—	8,00
Exchange Bank	75,00	—	80,00
Citizen's Bank	—	—	95,00
Merchant's	—	—	90,00
Manchester Savings	—	—	90,00
Diamond	8,25	—	84,00
Columbian Oil Co	—	—	—
Warren & Venango	—	—	—
Pittsburgh & Philadelphia	1,15	—	—
Oil Creek & Cherry Run	4,00	—	—
Cherry Run and Bloodsdale	95	—	—
Tack, Fetterman	2,85	—	—
Ritchie	—	—	1,12
Columbian	—	—	2,30
Cherry Run Continental	2,00	—	2,25
P. & O.	—	—	4,75
Cone Mill Mining Co	—	—	1,25

Gold is quoted firm to-day, in spite of the persistent efforts to crowd it below 200. Gold opened in New York at 203, and has raised scarcely one per cent. during the day.

Governments are not so much in demand, and have a downward tendency. European orders have fallen off materially during the past thirty days.

The stock market continues weak, and with rare exceptions, quite in favor of the buyer. We could learn of no operations in Bank or Insurance stocks during the day. Railroad shares are heavy with additional sales of Connellsville at 11¾ to 12¼ for the interest bearing stock. Allegheny Valley Railroad offered at 63¾. No bids.

We learn of sales of Columbia Oil at 80½ and 81; 84.00 was quite freely bid for Oil Creek and Cherry Run. Sales of Cherry Run and Pittsburgh's at 1,50. Fraxton offered at 4¾. No buyers.

There was again a full attendance at the Peoples' Stock Exchange this evening, and the transactions were large, although hardly up to those of last evening. Cherry Run and Pit Hole sold to the extent of 2000 shares at from 3¾@3¾ and Cherry Run Central brought 2,05. Tarr, Story and Cherry Run seems to be the most popular stock at present, 2000 shares changing hands at from 1,08 to 1,08¾—1,09 @1,10 asked at the close. There is, also, considerable inquiry for Oil Creek and Cherry Run, with sales at from 4,05 to 4,20. Ritchie continues to drag and the tendency is toward lower rates. Cherry Run and Pittsburgh was offered at 1,50, but the best offer that could be drawn out was 1,40. A request for 50 shares of the National Refining and Storing Company, (first instalment paid in,) was sold at $37. Fuller Reserve brought 1,05; Ross, 1,72½; and Horsenack 65. Five-Twenties were offered at 1,09¾—1,09¾ bid. 93 was offered for Tort Wayne Railroad Stock, and Steubenville was offered at 8,00. 114 was offered for Third National Bank; 70 for Bank of Pittsburgh, 71 asked; and Allegheny Gas was offered at 37,50. Banner (oil) was offered at 85—80 bid; Caldwell, 7,00—8,25 bid; Central Basin, 1,00—1,05 bid; Oil Basin, 1,00—2,2 bid; Cherry Run and Blood, 1,80—1,90 bid; Columbia, 81,00—82 bid; Culbertson's Run, 1,80—1,92 bid; Dalzell, 3—4,50 bid; Eldorado, 1,80—1,09 bid; Federal, 1,10—96 bid; Fleming and Blood, 2,25 —3,15 & 3,40; McAboy, 1,00—80 bid; Ohio Valley, 1,65—1,85 bid, Oil City and Pittsburgh, 1,50—1,75 bid; Paxton, 2,25—1,60 bid; Tack Petroleum of New York, 3,25—3,35 bid; Union Lubrin 82—95 bid.

Sales of

1000 shares	Cherry Run Central		2,05
10 0	Cherry Run & Pit-Hole		93½
500	"	"	93¾
1000	"	"	93¾
500	Keller Farm	"	2,02
500	Oil Creek & Cherry Run	"	4,05
400	"	"	4,30
100	Phillips	"	1,00
350	Pittsburgh & New York	"	1,00
450	Ritchie	"	1,05
100	Tarr, Story & Cherry Run	"	1,07
1450	"	"	93½
100	Horsenack	"	1,65
500	Ross	"	1,72½

We are reliably informed that the Directors of the Homestead Oil Co., at a meeting the other day, made all the necessary arrangements for developing their territory with renewed energy.

The annual report of the California shows that the total revenue of the Federal Government on the Pacific coast for the past year was about nine millions of dollars; the excess of disbursements about six hundred and forty-five thousand dollars. The import duties collected amounted to about six millions of dollars in gold. The total coinage received at the mint was $4,000,000.

The entire product of gold and silver for all the Pacific mines was about fifty-five millions of dollars.

Less than ten years ago it was doubtful if a hundred thousand dollars were, at any time in circulation in the country contiguous to Oil Creek. Now, it is not an uncommon thing in the same neighborhood for a million of dollars to change hands in a single week. That sterile out-of-the-way, unattractive district has become the scene of gigantic speculations. Fortune seekers from all parts of America and Europe are attracted to this quarter. The gold of California and Australia no longer tempts them with its glitter. The war with its mighty events and its various issues, fails to attract more than a passing notice from the eager adventurers in pursuit of obstinate wealth. On every train of cars you see them crowding, rushing, to the land of derricks. From railway termini they scatter, some on rickety coaches and wagons, some on rickety horses and possibly on their own rickety le s, in search of some spot where the greasy substance may allower down upon them untold millions. In this rush and scramble we need not wonder if many come out poorer than they go in. Most of them "going it blind." Hundreds of sharp adventurers from the great cities, who fancy themselves familiar with all the business wisdom of the times, will wake up some fine morning to the chilling fact that they have been "taken in and done for" by the unsoph sticted denizens of oildom, who know nothing of the mysteries and tricks of the monied men of Gotham and other noted cities where country verdancy is often so amusing. This oil fever cannot always last. Of course the owners of positive wells will continue to make money. But the hundreds who are gambling in oil territory, who go about "leasing," getting "refusals," and all that, cannot all make fortunes, even if we admit that the fools are not all dead. Gambling go il, or rather in fertility where oil is found, whirled, or exists only in imagination, has become a mania; and very many who are now building city castles in the air, will see them end in smoke, just as the oil did in the days when the Seneca sat the river on fire.

The following table shows the exports (exclusive of specie) from New York to foreign ports, for the week ending January 30, and since the beginning of the year:

	1863.	1864.	1865.
For the week	$2,321,972	$3,177,542	$5,416,660
Prev. reported	10,388,320	10,015,630	14,900,512
Since January 1	$13,751,318	$13,197,172	$20,317,172

The exports of domestic produce for the week include 128 bbls. pot ashes, 23 bbls. pearl ashes, 39,099 bbls. wheat flour, 4,828 bushels corn meal, 4,821 bushels oats, 11,252 bushels corn, 1,350 bushels peas, 6,209 pkgs candles, 1,363 bales cotton, 2,271 bales hay, 326 bales hops, 70 bbls. rosin, 23 bbls. spirits turpentine, 32 bbls. tar, 5 bbls pitch, 410 galls. whale oil, 23 galls. sperm oil, 1,488 galls. land oil, 2,013 galls. linseed o l, 3,111 bbls. pork, 1,226 bbls. and 148 tierces beef, 702,852 lbs cut meats, 473,-680 lbs. butter, 476,317 lbs. cheese, 1,793,045 lbs. lard, 2,831 bbls rice, 341,729 lbs. tallow, 189,145 galls. petroleum, 1,231 hhds. and 1,482 other pkgs crude tobacco, 45,062 lbs. manufactured tobacco.

Massachusetts has 17,301 business houses, with a capital of $208,856,000, and New York has 30,332 business houses, with a capital of $1,077,201,033.

The Boston, Newport and New York Steamboat Company has earned a profit of $775,000, on a capital stock of $650,00, in the last eighteen months, which is at the rate of 79 per cent. per annum. The capital stock is to be increased to $1,000,000.

New Orleans Market, Jan. 21.

Sugar and Molasses—The receipts the morning comprise 64 hhds sugar, and 422 bbls. and 142 half barrels molasses. The sugar and half bbls of the molasses are from the lower coast, the balance of the molasses from the upper coast. The disposition to purchase, previously noticed, still prevails, and, notwithstanding the weather, which is very inclement, the sales embrace 60 hhds sugar, at the following prices: 22½c for fully fair, and 23½@24c per pound for yellow clarified, and 200 bar Havana sugar to the Government, terms withheld. Of molasses, the Government, terms withheld. 175 bbls sold at 90c per gallon for prime, 1,11 for good new, and 1,25 per gallon for strictly prime. No receipts had not also landed when the above sales were made.

Western Produce—A steamer arrived from the upper coast last night. She had no flour and only a small quantity of produce, save for the Government. Rainy weather has interrupted outdoor business to-day, and the only sales we have to report are 200 barrels fine extra flour at $12 per bbl, and 250 sacks Louisville corn at $1,35 per bush.

Although the receipts of flour have materially fallen off, the supply is sufficient for the wants of our trade, which is altogether local. The stock, however, is held much more firmly, owing to the increased probability of light receipts, and higher prices are asked. Bacon is in light supply, and so is grain. The market is bare of pork and lard. Baling stuff has been more in request during the week, even at advanced prices, owing to anticipated wants of soldiers in Cotton in the interior.

DAILY REVIEW OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

THURSDAY, Feb. 2 1865.

Dullness and general stagnation still reign supreme in commercial circles, and what is still worse there is no indication of any immediate improvement. The demand for the leading commodities still continues very light, being restricted to the immediate wants of consumers, while prices have undergone no material change.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm with a steady demand at $2,10 for Red from wagon, and $2,15@2,20 for White. Barley is still quoted dull at $1,00 for Spring, and $1,60 for Fall. Oats more active but unchanged; small sales from store at 90 cents. Corn is in fair demand, with sales at $1,30@1,35.

FLOUR—Is dull and neglected and nominally unchanged; small sales of Extra Family from store at $10,50@11—mostly at $10,50@10,75. Buckwheat Flour remains as last quoted.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is selling at 21@21½ for Shoulders; 23½ for Sides; and 24@24½ for Hams. Lard is quoted at 23½@24 for steamed, and 24½ for kettle rendered. No sales of Mess Pork or Bulk Meats.

HAY—Steady with sales of 15 loads from scales at $40@45 per ton, and 1 car baled at $35.

SEEDS—Small sales of Flaxseed at $2,20@2,25. But little inquiry for Timothy or Clover, and there is scarcely enough doing to establish quotations.

BUTTER.—Prime Roll butter is selling at 45 cts on small lot of choice bringing 48. Receipts continue light.

EGGS—Sales at 26 cts.

DRIED FRUIT—Quiet and unchanged; small sales of Apples at 13@14 cents, and Peaches at 30.

HOMINY—Sales at $12,50@12,60 per bbl.

CHEESE—Sales of prime Western Reserve at 22, and 23 for Hamburg.

CENTRAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

EAST LIBERTY, Feb. 2, 1865.

CATTLE—There was scarcely anything done in Cattle until yesterday and to-day, and the transactions, consequently, are comparatively light, and mostly of an unimportant character. The receipts were unusually light, owing to the western roads being occupied in the transportation of troops, but notwithstanding the supply was light, the market was almost entirely devoid of buoyancy and animation, although quite compared with last week, have undergone no important change. The Philadelphia market being pretty well glutted on Monday, produced a very light shipping demand for that point, but advices from New York on Tuesday reporting a very short supply and higher rates, caused a slight reaction in the general feeling here, and, as we have already stated, there was a very fair demand yesterday and to-day. Really good cattle sold at from $8,75 to $9 per cwt., gross, and extra may be quoted 25 to 50 cts per cwt higher. Good government stock—and nothing else will suit for that purpose now—were in good demand, and Messrs. Myers & Bro. report having purchased some 210 head at prie s ranging from 8½ to $9, the latter figure only for nice heavy steers. Inferior and common stock continues dull and neglected, and holders, in order to effect sales, are compelled to accept low figures.

The total shipments East of Cattle were 1733 head, 700 of which were for Philadelphia, and 1033 for Baltimore. The following is a full report of all the leading sales:

Holmes & Pfeifer sold 17 head of fairish Indiana steers, averaging 1150 lbs. at 7¾c.

Myers & Bro. bought 210 head of good government stock—mostly nice heavy steers—at prices ranging from 8½ to 9 cts.

Powers sold to Kirk 20 head of cows, weighing 17,250 lbs, at 6cts.

Carter sold to Huff 19 head of fairish Western stock at 7½c.

Phillips sold to Crawford & Cameron 17 head weighing 17,950 lbs at 8½c.

Wilson sold to Kirk 20 head of commonish stock weighing 20,250 lbs at 6¾c.

Boyd sold to New 41 head of small steers, weighing 28,725 lbs at 8½c.

Bell sold to Hasbrouser 17 head of common, weighing 18,150 lbs, at 6½c.

Kerwin sold to Wernitz 35 head of medium Western stock weighing 38,425 lbs, at 7.

Crocket sold to Frank 18 head of inferior stock, weighing 18,400 lbs, at 5½c.

Funk sold to Wentz 16 head of common cows and steers, weighing 15,250 lbs at 5½c.

G. H. Welsh bought 75 head of fairish Illinois steers, averaging 1150 lbs at 8½c, delivered in Philadelphia.

C. C. Hine sold to Myers & Bro. 15 head of good Western steers, averaging 1200 lbs, at 9c.

W. J. Lafferty & Co. bought 80 head of Penns. stock—at the Allegheny Yards—at prices ranging from 7½@8½c.

SHEEP—There is no falling off in the demand for this grade of stock as yet, and, notwithstanding the receipts have been quite large, the market ruled quite buoyant and firm and prices have again advanced—sales having been made as from the 1st to the latter figure, however, for a lot of extra, averaging 146 lbs each. The demand is confined entirely to shippers, a streak down to the Philadelphia and Philadelphia markets is looked for next week, in consequence of the large receipts during this week, the trade having been shipped to these two points. The following sales were reported:

Myers & Bro. bought 550 head averaging from 100 to 105 lbs, at prices ranging from 9 to 10 cents, gross.

Julius Yoter sold 176 head to Deitrich, averaging 75 lbs at 8½ cts; and 56 head to Cornelius & Co, averaging 105 lbs, at 10½ cents. This was the best lot of sheep that has been offered in this market for a long time; the sheep were chosen by Mr. Yoter in Columbiana county, Ohio.

Frankenstine & Bright bought 118 head averaging 80 lbs, at 9 cts; and 100 averaging 81 lbs, at 8½c; lot head averaging 83, at 9 cts; 98 averaging 98, at 8½.

Joseph Quinn sold 230 head averaging 90 lbs, at 8½c; and 60 lbs at 91 cents, delivered in Philadelphia.

Zen Phillips sold 180 head averaging 84 lbs at 8½c.

HOGS—The market has been unusually quiet during the past week, the only sale reported being 100 head—sold by Kinsman to Hasbrouser—averaging 220 lbs at 12½ cents. Shippers have ceased buying owing to the fact that they cannot get cars for the transportation of hogs, and with a fair supply it may be said, there is no demand, the market rules exceedingly dull, and, as compared with last week, prices have declined, ranging from 12 to 13 cents, the latter figure only for strictly prime. The total shipment for the week foot up only 2,262 head, as follows: 2,162 for New York, and 297 for Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

THURSDAY, Feb 2, 1865.

It is scarcely necessary to say that the Petroleum business is dull, as we are perfectly satisfied that all who are in any degree acquainted with the trade are well aware of this fact. There appears to be no demand for Crude from any quarter whatever; and this, when taken in connection with the fact that the stock is almost entirely exhausted, puts the market in such a condition that it is simply impossible to give quotations. Refined is not much better than crude in this respect. There is not, nor has there been for some weeks, the slightest inquiry for Refined for export, and the stock for sale is very limited. Prime Naphtha is also very scarce, and there is more demand. Sales of 600 barrels new Yellow at 45c; 200 barrels do at 44c; 200 barrels Straw at 43c; 200 barrels Prime Naphtha at 45c; 200 barrels Prime Water White at 45c; 200 barrels Prime Straw at 43c; 200 barrels Prime Yellow at 44